

# THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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## RESUMES A STATE OF WAR

ALL NIGHT BATTLE IN PETROGRAD—GERMAN TROOPS REFUSE TO GO WEST.

London, Feb. 17.—A Russian government wireless dispatch received here gives a message from Leon Trotsky to the German government, dated February 17. It asks whether the statement received to the effect that General Hoffman on February 18 declared that a state of war would be resumed at noon the 18th between Germany and Russia was correct, "because it seems a provocative act to give only two days' notice instead of seven as stipulated in the armistice agreement."

### In Battle at Petrograd.

Petrograd, Feb. 18.—In an all-night battle during which jewelry stores in the capital were pillaged and marauding soldiers about 100 persons were killed. Forty thousand German and Austrian prisoners, who were freed by the councils of workmen's and soldiers' delegates in smaller Russian towns, now are in Petrograd homeless and in danger of starvation as a result of the riots.

### German Troops Refuse to Go West.

Petrograd, Feb. 17.—German soldiers at Grodno and Kovno, according to a report received here from Moscow, have refused to obey a command to move to the French front. The troops have entrenched themselves under the protection of their own artillery and have defeated a detachment of loyal force which the German staff sent to punish them.

### Germany Has Terminated Armistice With Russia.

Amsterdam, Feb. 17.—An official statement issued by the German imperial government states that the Petrograd government by its conduct has denounced the armistice which had been in existence on the Russian front. This denunciation is regarded as having occurred February 17.

In conformity therewith, the official statement says, the German government must, after a lapse of seven days, give notice of the termination as provided for under the treaty and reserve a free hand in every direction.

### AMERICAN TROOPS IN BATTLE IN THREE SECTORS.

American troops in France now are in battle on three sectors—on the front line east of St. Mihiel and on the French in Champagne and on one of the most famous battlefields in the world, where ruined villages and the devastated country generally tell the tale of hard fought battles when the Germans pushed forward their line and ultimately were driven back by the French.

And everywhere the Americans are proving themselves fighters of the highest caliber, winning encomiums from high French officers for their business-like methods of warfare and especially their skill in the use of artillery. Already the men are veterans, for nothing the Germans have in stock remains to be shown them except a great mass attack. Thus far everything that has been tried by the enemy against them has been discounted, and in some instances doubly discounted.

### American Batteries Assist in the Attack.

Paris, Feb. 16.—American batteries took part in the artillery bombardment in connection with the French raid in the Champagne yesterday, it is announced officially. Effective assistance was given by the American gunners.

This is the first mention of American batteries on the Champagne front.

### American Casualties.

Washington, Feb. 16.—General Pershing advised the war department today that four American infantrymen have been killed in action, one slightly wounded and two are missing. Two men were killed February 8, one on February 9 and one on February 14. Twelve deaths from natural causes were also reported.

## RUSSIA SPLITS WITH GERMANY

POLAND EMBITTERED BY RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN STATE OF REVOLT.

Germany has suddenly found herself involved in a maze of difficulties on the eastern front and in danger of losing all the large benefits she was calmly preparing to release from her peace with the Ukraine and Bolshevik withdrawal of Russia from the war.

Poland, that land which so frequently in the course of history has proved a thorn in the side of military conquerors, is threatening to constitute herself the rock on which the German hope of peace and gainful expansion in the east may be shattered. Embittered by the tearing off of a strip of their territory to be given the Ukraine for breaking away from the Bolsheviks and signing a peace with the central powers, the Poles are in what appears to be virtually a state of revolt.

### With Their Own Weapons.

Even the very weapon which Germany and Austria were at such pains to forge in the hope of deriving military benefit—the Polish army—bids fair to be turned against them. Reports in the German newspapers, which express dismay and alarm over the Polish situation, indicate that the Polish legions, now an effective military force, are on the side of the prevalent Polish sentiment of bitterness against the central powers. The situation has grown so serious that the military are patrolling the streets in Warsaw.

### Austria-Hungary's Position.

Austria-Hungary is particularly involved in the difficulties because of the prominent part which is expected she would play in the future government of Poland. The Polish elements and those sympathizing with them in the Dual Monarchy are up in arms over the situation and further internal troubles are threatened.

Turning to the north, it already has been reported that Germany purposes resuming military operations against northern Russia and this report gains color by the announcement that the commissions representing the central powers at Petrograd have left the Russian capital and passed within the German military lines. The probable German purpose to attack the Bolsheviks is also indicated in a Vienna dispatch declaring that if Germany decided to resume military operations against Russia, "the attitude of Austria" would not be influenced thereby.

This would seem to mean that Austria intends to leave Germany to fight the battle alone in north Russia. Whether she hopes to keep up connections with the Petrograd government meanwhile is not clear, but a Sofia dispatch declares that Bulgaria is doing that very thing, having "resumed diplomatic relations with Russia." However, all the central powers are in agreement over the situation, it is declared.

### German Forces Attack Bolsheviks.

Amsterdam, Feb. 16.—German forces are already being concentrated in Ukraine to attack the Bolsheviks, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Tjid, and declarations looking to the active prosecution of the war against the Bolsheviks in north Russia also will be made at Berlin next week.

The German authorities are anxious regarding the fate of German prisoners in North Russia, whom the Bolsheviks are holding as hostages, and who, Berlin dispatches say, may be killed if the Bolsheviks are driven to desperation. Germany has already served notice on the Bolshevik authorities that she will enforce reprisals if the German prisoners are harmed.

Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, has notified Berlin that Austrian troops must not be used against Russia to support any policy which Austria-Hungary has not approved, but only for purposes of self-defense against marauding bands.

### Wholesale Butchery Threatened.

Amsterdam, Feb. 16.—The Bolsheviks are making wholesale arrests of Germans in Russia, and holding them as hostages, according to a Riga dispatch received by way of Berlin. Three hundred Germans and many pro-German Estonians at Porpat, have been arrested and transferred

## PLUCKY LITTLE RUMANIA

HAS IGNORED GERMANY'S ULTIMATUM AND WILL "SURVIVE OR PERISH" WITH ALLIES.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Rumania has ignored Germany's twenty-four-hour ultimatum "to conclude immediate peace." According to a message flashed by wireless from Jassy to Saloniki, and relayed by cable today to Dr. Constantiu Angelasca, Rumanian minister here, Rumania has "disdainfully ignored" Germany's threat, and "will survive or perish with the allied cause." With teuton divisions on one side, the Bolsheviks on the other, and many miles away from a friendly force, King Ferdinand's plucky nation is fighting harder today than ever before, according to official dispatches received here today.

Rumanian troops, the cable stated, have crossed the river Pruth, and now occupy the entire Russian province of Bessarabia, which recently declared its independence. Bolshevik troops have been defeated in several pitched battles and have withdrawn from the province, which is now being ruled by a provisional government. Rumanian intervention came after Bessarabia had appealed for assistance to check the ravages of Russian troops, which were pillaging the country and destroying military supplies. One force of 300,000 Russians, formerly under command of General Thiermarchoff, has been driven across the Dniester, where it was disbanded by the Ukrainians, the dispatch declared. Bessarabia has become a Rumanian protectorate, with the approval of Ukraine.

### AMERICANS TAKE PART IN IMPORTANT RAID.

Grand Headquarters of the French Army in France, Feb. 15.—The American artillery took a brilliant part in an important French raid yesterday between Tahure and the Butte du Mesnil in the Champagne, participating in the preparatory bombardment and the ensuing barrage fire while the operation was being successfully executed.

The action was extremely interesting and the result most satisfactory. The assaulting troops brought back 160 prisoners and established themselves in German positions to a depth of three-quarters of a mile along a front of nearly a mile.

The task of the assaulting forces was to attack and take the German salient dipping into the French position. It was a difficult operation owing to the nature of the ground, which formed a basin-like depression, into which the Germans could pour the fire of their concentrated guns on the surrounding heights.

The artillery preparation lasted six hours, and with the aid of aviators, it was ascertained that the enemy's defensive positions which were remarkably strong, had been broken up to a large extent. At 4.15 in the afternoon the order was given to the infantry units to go over the top. Every man had been instructed fully regarding the objectives to be attained.

Just before this, a steady rain began to make the chalky earth like a skating rink. The troops, however, advanced with determination although they were obliged occasionally to arrest their progress owing to machine gun positions having escaped the attention of the French and American gunners.

With the help of the courageous grenadiers these positions were stormed and destroyed and their occupants were either killed or captured. By 5.15 o'clock rockets announced that all of the objectives had been gained.

The American gunners, with their French comrades, extended their range, putting up an effective barrage to prevent counter attacks, which, however, did not come, the Germans having been completely disconcerted.

To Kronstadt. All the food in the Porpat district has been confiscated and it is almost impossible to feed the German women and children.

The lives of those arrested as well as Germans and German supporters who have not yet been arrested are hourly in great danger, adds the dispatch, as the Bolsheviks threaten wholesale butchery. The Bolsheviks have officially declared the Baltic nobility outlaws.

## DID NOT START AS PROMISED

FRIDAY WAS THE DAY SET FOR THE GERMAN OFFENSIVE—FAILED TO MATERIALIZE.

Friday, the date set by influential German newspapers for the starting of the much advertised German offensive, has passed, and no aggression on the part of the enemy materialized. On the contrary, both the British and French armies delivered at widely separate points on the western front smashes at the German line. These attacks, although they were merely in the nature of raids, were successfully carried out and resulted in the capture of prisoners and the infliction of casualties on the enemy.

The Canadians on the famous Lens sector kept up their raiding operations against the Germans, again entering trenches and bringing back prisoners. Near Courcy the French undertook successfully a similar maneuver which bore fruit in the bagging of a number of Germans.

In the Butte du Mesnil region of Champagne, where the French, aided by American batteries, executed a brilliant stroke earlier in the week, a lively artillery duel was in progress at last accounts, with the Americans, in all probability, participating. Likewise, near Verdun and in the Woerpe, reciprocal bombardments of a violent character, are in progress.

Along that sector of the front east of St. Mihiel where an American force is holding the line quiet is prevailing for the time being, owing to the inclement weather and the morass which has formed as a result of heavy rain. The Germans in front of the Americans are busily engaged in repairing trenches and constructing new dugouts to replace those which have been shattered recently by the accurate aim of the American guns.

Over the entire front the aerial activity continues intense, with both the entente and German airmen endeavoring to locate opposing positions or to spy out troop concentrations. French aviators again have carried out a brilliant foray into Germany, attacking with bombs numerous towns of military importance, notably Metz, the famous fortress which lies some 20 miles north of the American sector in Lorraine. Large quantities of explosives were dropped, and conflagrations were observed.

The British again have hit the Turk line in Palestine a hard blow. Northeast of Jerusalem they have penetrated Turkish positions to a depth of two miles on a front of six miles.

Sneaking into the strait of Dover, German torpedo boat destroyers early Friday morning made another of their sudden attacks on small British craft, sinking eight of them—seven drifters and one trawler. Having carried out their work of destruction the Germans beat a hasty retreat to the north before British naval forces could engage them.

Late German newspapers assert that there are indications that peace negotiations between the central powers and Rumania are in prospect. It is assumed by some of these newspapers that Rumanian delegates already have reached a given point where they will discuss with representatives of the central powers details for the conference.

Although reports of the conference at the imperial German headquarters between Emperor William and the military and political leaders have indicated the probability of further fighting between the teutonic allies and the Russians, the Bolshevik government's withdrawal from the war has been reiterated by Leon Trotsky, the foreign minister. A wireless communication from Petrograd says Trotsky informed the all-Russian workmen's and soldiers' councils that Russia's withdrawal was a real one and that all agreements with her former allies had been vitiated. The councils approved Trotsky's policy.

### Attempt to Gas Americans.

With the American Army in France, Feb. 16.—The Germans opposed to the Americans early today made an unsuccessful bombardment with gas shells. German airplanes in large numbers also were driven off by the American machines and anti-aircraft batteries.

## TO FACE A FIRING SQUAD

BOLO PASHA, THE TRAITOR, SENTENCED TO DEATH BY A FRENCH COURT MARTIAL.

Paris, Feb. 14.—Bolo Pasha has been sentenced to death. The court martial which condemned Bolo Pasha to death deliberated for only 15 minutes.

Darius Porchere, an accountant, who was a co-defendant was sentenced to three years imprisonment. Filippo Cavalline, another co-defendant who is under arrest in Italy, was sentenced to death, although he is not within the court's jurisdiction.

Paul Bolo Pasha's court martial was one of the first of the so-called cases of "intelligence with the enemy," and came up for trial before the third court martial of Paris on February 4.

### Some of the Charges.

Bolo Pasha was charged with having capitalized the company that bought the Paris newspaper Le Journal with money obtained from the Germans.

Bolo Pasha was an instrument of German propaganda, one of the first to find exposure in the French investigations of 1917, and his name has come to be used as typifying the entire system of "Boloism," by which Germany strove to break down the French morale and instill a desire for peace by spreading the idea that Germany could not be beaten and that it would be well to make the best terms possible with her as soon as they could be arranged.

### Money to Corrupt Press.

It had been charged that Germany, in attempting to bribe French statesmen and leaders and to influence French opinion by subsidizing newspapers in France or founding new publications to disseminate the spirit of pacifism or defeat, devoted a sum of money in the neighborhood of 10,000,000 francs. Bolo himself was said to have had the use of a fund of more than \$1,500,000 to be used in attempting to corrupt the French press.

Darius Porchere, a co-defendant with Bolo Pasha, who was sentenced to three years imprisonment, is a business agent who was charged with receiving correspondence relating to the affair as an intermediary of Bolo Pasha.

### Italian Confederate.

Filippo Cavalline, who was judged by default and sentenced to death, is a former member of the Italian chamber of deputies. He was charged with having introduced Bolo Pasha to Abbas Hilmi, the former Khedive of Egypt, and with having facilitated the negotiations.

Bolo Pasha's activities were of peculiar interest to Americans because it was charged that of the funds at his disposal \$1,683,000 was transferred to the Deutsche Bank, in Berlin, to France by way of New York. It was as a result of the discovery of his manipulation of this fund through five New York banking houses that the New York state attorney general was able to obtain information which was forwarded to M. Jusserand, the French ambassador at Washington, and which brought about Bolo's arrest in Paris.

## SCORES OF CHILDREN BURNED IN ORPHANAGE FIRE.

Montreal, Feb. 14.—The west wing of the Grey Nunnery, in this city, occupied partly by returned wounded soldiers and partly by orphan children was destroyed by fire tonight.

There are unconfirmed reports that thirty or forty children have lost their lives. All the soldiers are believed to have escaped. The bodies of twenty infants already have been recovered from the ruins of the west wing and the Nunnery was destroyed. It is feared as many more perished.

### Aviator Falls More Than a Mile.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 15.—Lieutenant C. B. Hightower, of Staples, Texas, aviation section, signal corps, caught in a tail spin at an altitude of 6,000 feet today, fell more than a mile into a bit of open ground on the municipal golf links. He alighted unhurt. His miraculous escape was due to self-control. He was able to straighten out his machine before it had fallen to earth and thus reduced velocity of the plunge.

## WHITSETT INSTITUTE BURNS

FIRE SUNDAY MORNING REDUCED MAIN BUILDING TO ASHES, CAUSING LOSS OF \$20,000.

Fire early Sunday morning destroyed the main building of Whitsett Institute, causing a loss estimated by President W. T. Whitsett at from \$15,000 to \$20,000. The origin of the fire is not known, but there is no reason for believing that it came from any stove or flue in the building, as there had been no fire kept up in the buildings on Saturday or Saturday night. Absolutely no part of the furniture was saved, and the library of more than 2,000 volumes was burned.

The destruction was about the most complete imaginable. The rock pillars on which the building stood, and the large chimney were all that remained. Every bit of timber was turned into ashes. Along with the building went the wood house, a large structure on the east side of the main building. Perhaps 10 cords of dry wood which were piled up along the rear of the building were destroyed. Dr. Whitsett carried \$5,000 insurance on the building and \$1,000 only on the furnishings. He figures that one-fourth to one-third of the actual loss is covered by the insurance policies.

The building was of wood. The roof was shingled, and the structure burned rapidly. There was virtually nothing which could be done to retard the flames, wherefore nothing was done by those who assembled but witness the rapid destruction. Although the height of the fire was shortly after 3.30 o'clock yesterday morning, a large crowd of people assembled from the town and the farms nearby.

What will be done had not been decided yesterday. Dr. Whitsett said he disliked very much the idea of breaking up in mid-term. He has a senior class of about 15 who would also dislike to leave without their diplomas. Some of the students yesterday volunteered their sentiments against going home to Dr. Whitsett and Prof. J. H. Joyner. They were looking about to see what recourse they had. Buildings adequate to house the student body appeared lacking.

A call was issued last night by Dr. Whitsett for a meeting of students and faculty to be held today, when some decision will be reached about the future.

## CHINESE SOLDIERS ON FRENCH FRONT.

New York, Feb. 16.—Forty thousand Chinese engineers, comprising forty battalions, will be at the front in France by June, said Lieutenant Colonel Tchew, when speaking today of what may be expected from China in the war. Possible transportation difficulties may delay the arrival of the engineers, he added.

An interesting prediction made by Colonel Tchew, who has just returned from studying conditions in France, was that many regiments of Chinese infantry, armed by the allies with modern weapons, may be fighting on the western front before long. He said thirty thousand Chinese civilians are now employed in French munition factories and 120,000 in road construction work.

### Must Have a Just Peace.

Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 16.—In an address to soldiers at Camp Pike former President W. H. Taft said that peace now, even though it be made on the basis of the restoration of the status quo without indemnities and with no annexations, would be a "failure to achieve the great purposes for which America and her associates in the war are fighting."

He said a victorious result is necessary to give security. He said that when the war is won the United States will be heard as to peace terms.

### "The United States will insist on a just peace, not one of material conquest. It is a moral victory the world should win."

### More Germans For Hot Springs.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Interred Germans numbering 200 are on their way from Ellis Island to Hot Springs today. They will be added to the 2,000 already in North Carolina.



**PNEUMONIA**

left me with a frightful cough and very weak. I had spells when I could hardly breathe or speak for 10 to 20 minutes. My doctor could not help me, but I was completely cured by

**DR. KING'S**  
**Now Discovery**  
2424 N. W. 2nd, Miami, FL  
COLUMBIA-CLAY CO. INC. PROPRIETORS

Mr. Cicero Hudson, of the Glenwood section, was in town Tuesday and reported that Ammy Revel, a colored man living on Mr. John W. Wood's farm, killed a pig about 12 months old a few days ago that weighed 400 pounds. This pig was of the Red Jersey stock and was raised in the stock law territory. It is no trouble to raise good hogs when the proper efforts are put forth by the farmers.—Smithfield Herald.

et my hand and affixed by official seal  
at Raleigh, this 21st day of January  
D. 1918

**DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY**  
**Will Surely Stop That Cough.**

**203 East Sycamore Street,                      Opposite Central Market.**

## The Largest Hardware Store of the Carolinas.



## FREE EXCHANGE OF FOOD WITH MEXICO.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Negotiations for a free interchange of foodstuffs and other products by the United States and Mexico begun here are to be concluded at Mexico City. Unable to enter into an agreement, Rafael Nieto, the Mexican commissioner, will leave this week for Mexico, accompanied by Ambassador Fletcher, to permit President Carranza personally to participate in the conference.

Secretary Lansing professed satisfaction today at the progress already made, and it is believed at the state department that since Mexico will be the chief beneficiary of any agreement, Carranza will not interpose any insurmountable obstacle in the way of an adjustment of the problems that have arisen out of the embargo imposed by the United States on foodstuffs and certain other supplies. With Mr. Fletcher will go George McCarty, a Mexico City banker, who was called to Washington to aid the food administration in handling its problems.

**Had Only Limited Power.**  
Some disappointment was manifested here when it became evident that Mr. Nieto would have to refer questions at issue to his government. It was understood when the negotiations began that he and Ambassador Bonillas were empowered to enter into an agreement.

Mexico's economic condition is bad and must become worse unless a loosening of the embargo on foodstuffs and gold is effected. A large part of the Mexican population is actually in want because of a scarcity of food, especially corn.

Most of the questions involved in an agreement effecting a larger movement of food into Mexico have been agreed upon. The United States has not insisted upon the appointment of a food administrator—a position once considered—but will insist on the sincerity of the Mexican government to see that no improper use of the food is made and that it will not fall into the hands of profiteers.

**Binder Twine.**  
The conferences over the importation of twine to the United States have resulted in an understanding that unless annulled by the Mexico City negotiations will result in a low price to the American makers of binder twine. Mexico also is expected to facilitate the exportation of some products to the United States by a modification of the various duties that have so increased the cost of production and marketing.

The point on which debate is anticipated is that of the gold supply. A plan for the stabilization of exchange has been suggested by the United States government as the basis for an agreement under which Mexico and her business men may have more metallic reserve.

## New Stock Farm at Whitsett.

Whitsett, Feb. 16.—J. C. Stewart, of this city, who recently purchased the Whitsett farm in Guilford county, is arranging to develop a stock farm. It consists of 522 acres, admirably adapted to the purpose for which it is to be devoted. A million feet of timber is now being cut by Mr. Stewart, he having secured a mill on the place since the consummation of the purchase.

Mr. Stewart says he is preparing a herd of 75 cattle at once, and expects to confine his farm to the Southern beef breed. "The government is urging an increase in the meat supply, and I am advised by several experts who have looked over the tract that it is an ideal stock farm suggesting both swine and cattle," said Mr. Stewart.

## Is Goat Meat Eatable?

Washington, Feb. 16.—Food administration officials today were confronted with the question of whether goat flesh may be served on meatless days. Proprietors of barbecue stands in Arizona appealed for the privilege of serving this substitute for beef, mutton and pork. They explained that the European country now gets its meat from goats for food or other purposes and that neither the army nor the navy uses the animals except as mascots.

The food administration is pondering the question.

## Wire Nail in Cow's Heart.

Gaffney, Feb. 15.—Recently Col. T. B. Butler, of Gaffney, lost a very valuable cow and the veterinary being unable to tell the cause of her death dissected the body and found in the very center of the heart a wire nail two inches in length.

Owing to the position of the nail it is evident that it had for many months been slowly working its way into the animal's heart, and the wonder is that she lived so long with a wire sticking into the most vital organ which her body contained.

## AMERICAN GUNNERS GET A SUBMARINE.

An Atlantic Port, Feb. 15.—United States naval gunners aboard an American steamship which arrived at an Atlantic port today added another sinking to their bag of Hun U-boats a few weeks ago when they sent to the bottom a huge submarine which was trailing in their wake, preparing to send home a torpedo.

It is the second these men have sent to the bottom within a few months. On a previous occasion they were doing duty on a fast mail steamship out of New York when two submarines attacked it while in the barred zone. They tried for both and got one. For this work all were rewarded. Their latest victim was accounted for on January 18 while in the Mediterranean sea. At the time the vessel was bound for Baltimore and was making all speed possible. The look-out sighted a periscope just above the waves in the wake left by the American steamship.

As it was uncomfortably close the "jackies" let go with a shell. It kicked up the water near the submarine and the periscope disappeared immediately. Intent upon its prey, however, the U-boat came to the surface. The jackies were waiting and greeted it with a hail of shells from both the fore and aft guns.

Again the shells from the six-inch guns were close and once more the U-boat went under. On its second trip to the surface in an endeavor to fire a torpedo a first volley got the range for the jackies. Five shots were fired and two took effect. The submarine went down stern high in the air.

## THO' BELOW ZERO, BOY "BEATS" WAY TO EXIST.

Denver, Col. Feb. 16.—Fred Law, twenty-three, of the Vancouver, Wash., is seeking to emulate the feats of his distinguished namesake, Miss Ruth Law, the aviatrix, and has enlisted here in the aviation section. The perils of the upper air will have no terrors for young Law, after his experiences in reaching Denver from Putnam, Wash.

Being without funds, Law "beat his way" on the top of a passenger coach over 1,000 miles in order to get to the recruiting station here. He made the trip in sixty-seven hours, with the temperature ranging from 12 to 36 degrees below zero at different points en route.

## Can Buy Flour in Smaller Quantities.

Raleigh, Feb. 16.—North Carolina householders and retail merchants will welcome the announcement that the milling division of the food administration has issued a new ruling which will allow the packing and sale of 12 pound bags of flour. The use of 12 pound bags was prohibited several weeks ago before the recent combination sale order was dreamed of. It has been found desirable now to have smaller packages.

## A Monster Hog.

Shelby, Feb. 15.—John C. Hamrick, one of the most substantial farmers of Cleveland county, has perhaps won the distinction of raising the largest hog ever raised in North Carolina. He killed a fine porker last week which netted 701 pounds. A year ago he killed one which netted 663 pounds and one two years ago which weighed in the same notch when dressed.

## Engineers Run Tanks.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Locomotive engineers are volunteering for tank service in France. At the request of Secretary Baker names of four hundred locomotive engineers, willing to risk their lives to roll the big caterpillars across No Man's Land were furnished by W. S. Stone, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, it was declared today before the federal wage commission.

## Sullivan Left Small Estate.

John L. Sullivan, the world's best-known prize-fighter, died intestate. His estate, estimated to be worth but \$5,000 will go to his sister, Mrs. Annie Lennon, of Roxbury, from whose home he was buried. Sullivan refused his attorney, Clarence W. Rowley, who urged him to make a will a few days prior to his death. Many requests have been received for Sullivan's personal belongings as mementos.

## Prices Increase 75 Per Cent.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Average wholesale prices have increased 75 per cent since the world war began, according to a review made public today by the bureau of labor statistics.

## Earthquake in China.

Amoy, China, Feb. 16.—A severe earthquake here today destroyed many buildings and damaged scores of others. No fatalities have been reported as yet.

## THE HEN AND PULLETS ORDER MADE PLAIN.

Raleigh, Feb. 16.—There has been considerable confusion as a result of the published order of the food administration affecting the trade in live and freshly dressed hens and pullets. According to State Food Administrator Henry A. Page this order does not affect local trade in North Carolina, since it applies only to licensed dealers, principally the cold storage concerns.

Every owner of a flock of poultry is being urged as a patriotic duty to refrain from selling for slaughter any hens or pullets. Every hen that is sold before the 1st of May will represent a food loss to the nation of an average of not less than 30 eggs. If the average number of hens and pullets usually sold from February 1 to May 1 is sold this year it will cause an aggregate loss of 150,000,000 eggs. The value of these eggs is 80 per cent to 100 per cent of the actual value of the hens. The program being urged by the food administration and the department of agriculture will not entail a loss to the farmer but an actual gain.

The co-operation of all consumers of poultry products is also requested. They are asked to forego the use of fowls on their table during the next few weeks except male stock.

## Immense Hoard of Cheese.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—Immense quantities of cheese held in cold storage in this country have been ordered by the food administration to be put on the market by June 1, when the new cheese-making season begins.

The department of agriculture says that on January 1 sixty-nine million pounds of cheese was in storage houses reporting to the government, and it is estimated a large quantity is not so reported. This is 50 per cent more than was held a year ago.

## Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

## APPLICATION FOR PARDON OF JOHN SELLARS.

Application will be made to the Governor of North Carolina for the pardon of John Sellars, convicted in the Municipal court of the city of Greensboro, N. C., of the 23rd day of January, 1918, for the crime of assault and battery with a deadly weapon and sentenced to 12 months on the county roads. All persons opposed to the granting of said pardon are invited to forward their protests to the Governor without delay. This February 9, 1918. JOHN SELLARS.

## ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administratrix of the estate of J. M. Haller, deceased, before M. W. Gant, clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 14th day of February, 1919, or this notice will be filed in bar of their recovery. All persons notified to make immediate payment. This February 11, 1918. ADRY M. HALLER, Admrx. of J. M. Haller, Deceased.

## NOTICE.

By virtue of an order to me directed by the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., in a special proceeding entitled J. E. Cartland and others against Murray M. White and others, I will, on Monday, February 25, 1918,

at 12 o'clock noon, sell at the court house door in Guilford county, N. C., the following described lot for cash, the following described lot of land situated in Guilford county, N. C., in Gilmer township, beginning at the northeast intersection of Asheboro and East Bragg streets, and running thence north along the east margin of Asheboro street 87 feet to a stake or stone; thence about east nearly parallel with East Bragg street 137 1-2 feet to a stake or stone; thence nearly south parallel with Asheboro street 110 feet to a stake or stone in the north margin of East Bragg street; thence about west along the north margin of East Bragg street 137 1-2 feet to the point of beginning, being the same lot of land conveyed to Mary E. Cartland by J. E. Cartland, commissioner, by deed dated April the 9th, 1902, and recorded in book 140, at page 88, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, save and except a strip of land off the eastern portion thereof 55 feet wide fronting on East Bragg street. This January 22, 1918. N. L. EURE, Commissioner.

## Wood's Seeds For 1919

The patriotic duty of farmers and gardeners everywhere is to increase crop and food production. Intensive farming and gardening, and the liberal use of fertilizers, together with proper rotation of crops, so as to increase and improve the fertility and productivity of the land, are all vital and necessary considerations at the present time.

Wood's Descriptive Catalog For 1918 gives the fullest and most up-to-date information in regard to all

**Farm and Garden Seeds** And tells about the best crops to grow, both for profit and home use. Write for Catalog and prices of Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, or any Farm Seeds Required.

Catalog Mailed Free On Request. T. W. WOOD & SONS, SEEDSMEN, Richmond, Va.

## DISTRESSING EYESIGHT HEADACHES



Medical investigation proves that 75 per cent of headaches are directly due to eye strain. Eye strain can be relieved by correctly focused and fitted glasses.

If you have the headache We have the Glasses

**H. A. Schiffman, OPTOMETRIST and OPTICIAN.**

225 1-2 S. Elm St., Greensboro, N. C. Over Patterson's Grocery Store.

## Schiffman Jewelry Co.

306 S. Elm Street.

Jewelry of Every Kind!

ALL UP-TO-DATE.

Elegant Assortment of Goods Adapted for Wedding and Birthday Presents.

## LUMBER

If you have Lumber for Sale, or want to Buy Lumber, communicate with

**J. S. Moore & Co.**

Phone 404.

Greensboro L. & T. Co. Bldg.

**D. J. F. KERNODLE DENTIST**

Suits 203 and 204 McAdoo Building Over Still's Drug Store. Phone—Office 1646; Residence 1647. Greensboro, N. C.

**THOMAS C. HOYLE ATTORNEY-AT-LAW**

Wright Building Greensboro, N. C.

## NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court, Van G. Borum vs.

Mabel Q. Borum. The defendant, Mabel Q. Borum, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county by the plaintiff to obtain an absolute divorce and the said defendant will further and the said defendant is required to appear at the term of the said Superior court of said county to be held on Monday, March 11, 1918, at the court house in said county, in Greensboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint. This February 11, 1918. M. W. GANT, C. S. C. THOMAS S. BEALL, Atty.

## FOLEY-KIDNEY PILLS

FOR RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

# SALE OF TOBACCO CANVAS

Supply Your Need Now, or You will Pay Much Higher Prices.

## 2,000 YARDS

36-in, 5 l-2c value FOR 43-4c.

On sale in Bargain Basement.

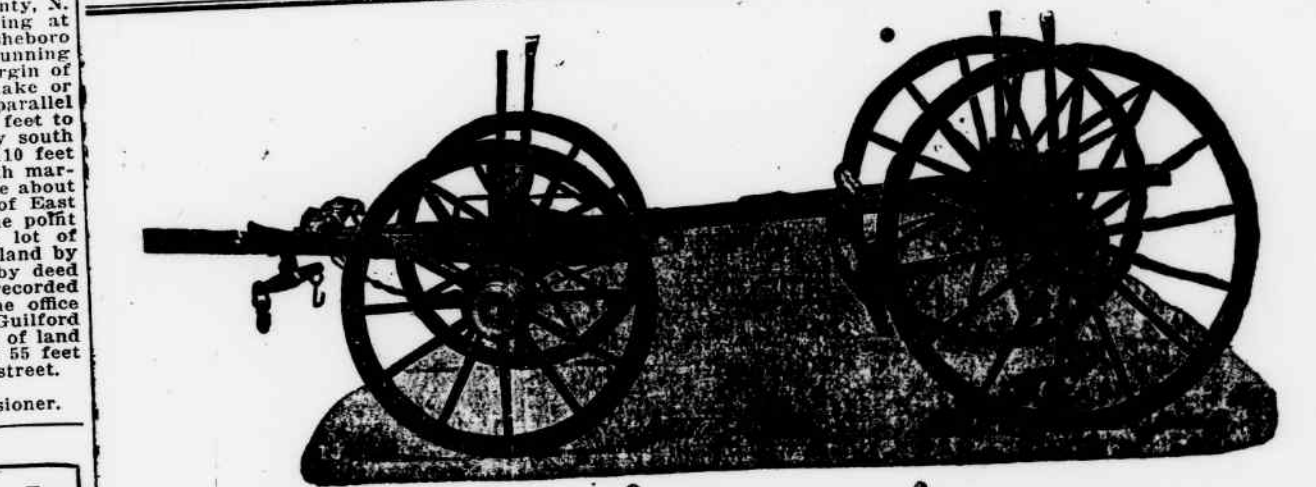
# Meyer's

DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO N. C.

Greensboro, N. C., on Thursday, the 28th day of February, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M., and answer or demur to the petition filed in said proceeding, or the petitioners will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said petition. This January 26, 1918. M. W. GANT, C. S. C. CLIFFORD FRAZIER, Attorney for Petitioners.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**  
Having qualified as administrator of the estate of C. D. Scoggins, deceased, before M. W. Gant, clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 10th day of January, 1919, or this notice will be filed in bar of their recovery. All persons due and owing said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment. This January 9, 1918. L. C. SCOGGINS, Admr.

The defendants above named to-wit, Belle Freeze and her husband, whose name is unknown to petitioners, will name is unknown to petitioners, and Joe Freeze, unmarried, will take notice that a special proceeding entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county for the purpose of selling real estate for division and that they are interested parties to such proceeding. And said defendants will further take notice that the undersigned clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, at his office in



We are glad to inform our customers that we are in position to furnish you any of the "NISSEN" WAGONS. We have sold the J. I. Nissen Wagons for years. Now we can furnish you the Geo. E. Nissen Wagons too.

We can also furnish you the Celebrated Nissen Spring Wagon. Tell us your wagon troubles—we can help you.

**Townsend Buggy Company.**



## GREENSBORO PATRIOT

ESTABLISHED 1884.

Published Every Monday and Thursday  
by W. L. Underwood.OFFICE—113 1-3 North Elm street,  
second floor of the Beville building.  
Telephone No. 273.

## SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

Payable in Advance.

FIVE YEARS ..... \$1.00  
ONE YEAR ..... .50  
SIX MONTHS ..... .25

Entered at the postoffice in Greensboro, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

FEBRUARY 18, 1917.—PAGE 8.



## FOOD THE VITAL NEED.

Our allies in the war against Prussianism have borne the brunt of the battle for three and one-half years. They have poured their best energy and life into the conflict without stopping to ask if the benefits accruing to humanity would fall to the United States or themselves. We were slow to sense our part in the conflict, slow to come to the understanding that the entente powers were fighting for our future as well as their own, very truthfully says the Salt Lake Herald-Republican.

They will continue to bear the heavy burden of war, for the best we can hope to do is to supply that balance of strength which will turn their efforts into victory. The United States is famed for its energy and its ability to get things done, but we are novices in war. As a result it is plain to us that we must have years of preparation if we hope to establish organizations in Europe of the same proportions as those of our allies.

We are not to discount the force of our arms, but at the same time we must not be forgetful of the service our allies have rendered us. They were protecting our interest in civilization long before we sensed the dangers. Humanity was imperiled before we went to war and we owe our allies recognition for having fought our fight. They gave their strength to our cause and since we began to prepare for the struggle they have shared their possessions with us. They loaned us ships and equipment for our army in France.

They offer everything for civilization, without regard to the division of benefits among civilized nations. We must meet our allies in the same spirit; we must give unparingly of our wealth and resources. Nations have pooled their lives, their wealth and their resources that civilization may live. They are not operating on a stock basis. Every nation must do its utmost or fail in its duty. We must grasp this realization and back it with action.

Food is the vital need of our allies in the critical hour. We must share our stores with them in the same generous spirit in which they shared their strength. The American people are willing to help in any conservation program undertaken by the food administration. They are anxious to do their part, but many of them fail to comprehend the value of individual service. They observe the edicts of the food administrator in the cafes and on the dining cars, but in the homes they fail to meet the demands. They are thoughtless and become lax in their duty, as they gain the impression that the small saving they might effect in the home counts for naught.

The United States must share its food with her allies on a fifty-fifty basis. If our allies suffer for food we must suffer with them. They are fighting for us; we are fighting for

them. Because we are geographically far removed from the scene of action is no reason why we should force additional burdens on them. They suffer war burdens we know nothing of and the least we can do is share our food with them. It is not enough to send them our surplus, because we have not met them on a fair and square basis until we accept their sufferings as our own.

Food administration orders must be observed not only in the cafes but in the homes. Everyone is to sense the importance of saving food for the sake of victory. The commercial value of the thrift is of little consideration, but it is important that the savings effected by food economy go to the savers. When public eating places are required by the food administration to reduce their portions, the public which makes the actual sacrifice should receive the benefit. Food administration can be made unpopular if restaurants are permitted to charge as much for reduced portions as they did for normal orders. The American people will suffer to feed their comrades across the seas, but we must make certain that the spirit is not commercialized by unscrupulous profiteers.

## ALL AMERICANS CAN SERVE.

Every man, woman and child in this country, who wants to serve the country, can serve it and serve it in a very simple and effective way. Secretary McAdoo says. That service is to lend your money to the government. Every 25 cents loaned to the government is a help at this time and practically every man, woman and child by making some trifling sacrifice, some denial of a pleasure, or giving up some indulgence, can render the government that support.

Every 25 cents will do something to help a wounded American soldier, wounded fighting for the American people and American liberty. Every cent loaned the government contributes something for the safety and strength and success of our soldiers and sailors, equipping them, maintaining them, clothing them, feeding them, and giving them artillery and ammunition and all things needed for their efficiency and triumph.

The secretary of the treasury says this question is before every American—"Are you willing to help the fighting men of our nation, and in helping them to help yourselves? Are you willing in helping them and helping yourselves to make liberty supreme throughout the world and to make the atrocities, the infamous and unspeakable crimes against civilization committed by Germany impossible forever in the future?"

## THE GOVERNMENT AND THE FARMER.

In his message of January 31 to the farmers of America, President Wilson points out the great governmental agencies and instrumentalities in the field of agriculture.

Our department of agriculture, he states, is the greatest practical and scientific organization in the world and its total annual budget of four to six million dollars has been increased during the last four years more than 72 per cent. Its staff numbers 18,000 and includes many highly trained experts. The agricultural colleges and experiment stations of the country have a total endowment of plant equipment of \$172,000,000 and an annual income of more than \$35,000,000. Ten thousand two hundred and seventy-one teachers with 125,000 students, together with a vast number receiving instruction at their homes, evidence what is being done in the way of agricultural training, and to these may be added the 255 men and women working under the Smith-Lever act.

The banking legislation of the last two or three years, the president shows, has given the farmers access to the great lendable capital of the country and through the federal reserve banking system and the farm loan banking system farmers can obtain the credit, both short and long term, to which they are entitled and which it is imperatively necessary should be extended to them to enable them to perform adequately the

tasks the country now requires of them.

The president touches on another aspect of the relations between the farmers and the nation—"The toll, the intelligence, the energy, the foresight, the self-sacrifice, and devotion of the farmers of America will, I believe, bring to a triumphant conclusion this great war."

## LIKE BELGIUM, RUSSIA SERVED A PURPOSE.

Russia has withdrawn definitely from the war, although there is no signed treaty of peace. Poor Russia! She has lost five millions of her men; her people are war-weary, hungry, without stable leadership. Let us not be too harsh on the people whose earlier prowess, at least, saved Paris from invasion and, by her mighty blows in the east, helped the French to win at Verdun. Germany has the Bolsheviks in its grasp. Trotsky's bombast is empty vaporings, and Lenin's anarchistic outcries decide to put a quietus on his mouthings. As for Petrograd and Moscow, the Maximalists may continue to control them for the time being—they will presently hang themselves. Meanwhile, the Germans occupy the rich industrial centers, Poland, Lithuania, Courland and the chief ports. Now they are at liberty by treaty with Ukraine to tap that prolific agricultural region. Just how much of produce and foodstuffs the new state can deliver to the Germans at this time is not intimated. Possibly, her granaries still retain a surplus, but it is unlikely, in view of the many demands upon them from all adjoining quarters. True, the unsigned pact, the demobilization of the Russian army permits the wholesale withdrawal of the German divisions for effective use on the western front, but that is where the war must be won or lost, anyway. Russia, like Belgium, has served a purpose—to prepare for the greater contest. Now, it is America that must be the savior, and President Wilson has stated in vigorous English the purpose for the United States: "Our resources are in part mobilized now, and we shall not pause until they are mobilized in their entirety. Our whole struggle will be put into this war of emancipation, whatever the difficulties." There speaks the spirit of America!—Richmond Journal.

## Irish Potato Acreage.

Barring unforeseen conditions out of the ordinary the Irish potato acreage in this section—that is, the Mount Olive and Aalypso communities combined—will be considerably increased this year. Some of the local potato growers (we are not in a position to state just how many) raised seed potatoes last fall, and in addition to these, there have already been shipped here from Northern seed raisers about a carload of approximately 300 barrels each—about 1,000 barrels more than is usually planted, and there are still several carloads yet to be received, if transportation facilities will permit.—Mount Olive Tribune.

S. L. Gilmer has gone to New York on business.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

Pursuant to the powers vested in the undersigned by virtue of a certain mortgage deed in the sum of Three Hundred (\$300) dollars, executed by George H. Mitchell and wife, Lucy Case Mitchell, and E. A. Adkins on the 8th day of October, 1914, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county in book 176, page 176, the undersigned will expose for sale at public auction at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C.,

Saturday, March 16, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, or soon thereafter, the following described tract or parcel of land in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, to-wit: In Guilford township, bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of East and Julian streets; running west 194 feet to a stake; thence south 165 feet to an alley; thence north 165 feet to East street; thence north 165 feet to the first station, being the same land conveyed to grantor by W. E. Shade and wife by deed recorded in book 265, page 318.

Terms of sale: Cash. This February 13, 1915.

THERESA COOKE, Mortgagee.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having duly qualified as administrator of the estate of J. A. Apple, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, duly proven, on or before the 20th day of January, 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

G. W. APPLE, Adm'r., of J. A. Apple, Deceased. Reidsville, N. C. R. D. No. 2. IRA R. HUMPHREYS, Atty.

## EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having this day qualified as executor of the last will and testament of E. D. Morgan, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment thereof to the undersigned, duly proven, on or before the 4th day of January, 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

This January 4, 1915. A. G. MORGAN, Executor of the last will and testament of E. D. Morgan, deceased. SPENCER B. ADAMS, Atty.

## SCHOOL BOND ELECTION.

## Fentress Special Tax School District.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners signed by one-fourth of the freeholders of the Fentress Township Special Tax School District asking that an election be held to ascertain the will of the people within the said special tax school district whether bonds to an amount of Thirty-nine thousand Dollars (\$39,000) shall be issued and sold to pay the said bonds at maturity, as provided in Chapter 480 Public Local Laws of North Carolina, session 1913, as amended by the acts of the General Assembly in session 1917, and entitled: "An act to authorize any school district in Guilford county to issue bonds for permanent improvement to school buildings and furnishing the same with suitable equipment," and the petition having been endorsed by the County Board of Education of Guilford county, a new registration is hereby ordered for the said election, and the election is ordered to be held at the Pleasant Garden school building on Saturday, March 30, 1915.

W. B. Hardin is hereby appointed registrar and Sam P. Rankin and John W. Foust are appointed poll holders for the said election. In accordance with the said act those favoring the issuance and sale of the said bonds and the tax herein provided shall vote a ballot on which shall be written or printed the words "For School Bonds," and those opposed shall vote a ballot on which shall be written or printed the words "Against School Bonds."

It is further ordered that the registration books for said election shall be open from Thursday, February 21, 1915, to Saturday, March 16, 1915. By order of the Board of County Commissioners this 5th day of February, 1915.

W. C. BOREN, Chairman Board of County Commissioners.

## NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

State of North Carolina, Guilford County, in the Superior Court, Before the Clerk.

J. B. Minor, Administrator of G. W. Ward, Deceased,

vs. Sallie Caroline Ward, widow, Newton Ward and wife, Fannie Ward, Matt Ellet and her husband, M. W. Ellet, Joe Ward, Bessie Bolton and her husband, Robert Bolton, Ollie Harris and her husband, Jim Harris, Tom Ward and wife, Florence Ward, Mamie Ward, Elden Ward, Carrie Ward, infant and her guardian ad litem, K. H. Wharton. The defendants above named, Joe Ward, Matt Ellet and Elden Ward will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county for the purpose of selling certain real estate situate in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, for the purpose of creating a fund to pay debts and claims against said estate, and that said defendants are proper parties to such action; that the said defendant will take further notice that they are required to appear before the Honorable M. W. Gant, clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, at his office in the court house in the city of Greensboro, N. C., at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 5th day of February, 1915, and then and there to answer or demur to the petition in this action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said petition. This January 24, 1915. 8-14.

M. W. GANT, C. S. C. CLIFFORD FRAZIER, Attorney for Plaintiff.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power vested in the undersigned by virtue of a certain mortgage deed in the sum of \$1,000.00, executed by J. L. Leath and his wife, Lizzie Leath, to J. H. Summers under date of the 4th day of December, 1915, recorded in book 281, page 22, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, to secure the payment of a certain note, which note and mortgage were duly transferred and assigned for a valuable consideration to the undersigned assignee, and default having been made in the payment of the said note and interest thereon, the undersigned will on

Wednesday, March 4, 1915,

at 12 o'clock M., at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C., offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash the following described tract of land situate in Guilford township, Guilford county, N. C., and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southern margin of East Market street or Hillsboro road, said point being 100 feet westward from the northwest corner of Browning's chapel lot and running thence westward with the southern margin of said East Market street or Hillsboro road 100 feet to a stake; thence southwardly parallel with the said church lot line 150 feet to a stake; thence eastwardly parallel with the said East Market street or Hillsboro road 100 feet to a stake; thence northwardly parallel with second line 150 feet to the point of beginning. Being the land conveyed to said J. L. Leath by W. E. Holly and wife.

This February 4, 1915.

J. H. SUMMERS, Mortgagee. A. SCHIFFMAN, Assignee.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Albert Leele, deceased, 288, page 176, clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 11th day of February, 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons due and owing said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment.

This February 9, 1915.

J. H. PEELE, Administrator with Will Annexed. Glastonbury, Conn.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Stick makes a quart of finest washing blue. It's all blue—saves the cost of usual blues and boxes.

For Sale at all Grocers. Standard, McDowell & Co., 200 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia.

5¢

## APPLES! APPLES!

With good Cold Storage in Greensboro and White Oak, there is no reason why every Farmer in Guilford should not have APPLES the year round. The cost is nominal, results almost perfect.

We are now using Apples put in last September and not one per cent are spoiled. Just think what this means to the Farmers to have Apples the year round. Trim up your trees, spray and plant enough not only to supply yourself, but your home market also.

We have the FINEST LOT OF LATE APPLE TREES that we have ever grown and it will be years before you can buy them as cheap as you can now.

John A. Young & Sons.

## FOR SALE

21½ acre farm, good house, 8 miles northeast of Greensboro, \$2,000.

35 acres, no buildings, 7 miles southwest, at \$30 an acre.

110 acres, nice old home, 8 miles southwest, at \$4,400—easy terms.

Three houses and lots in the city of Greensboro to sell on easy terms or exchange for farms.

BROWN REAL ESTATE CO.,

103 East Market Street.

## Telephones on

## Farms at

## Low

## Rates

## If there is no telephone on your farm

## write for our Free Booklet telling how you

## may get Service at 50 cents per month

## and up.

## A postal will do!

## Address:-

## Farmers' Line Department.

## SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE

## AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

## CALLED HER FAMILY

## TO HER BEDSIDE

## Six Years Ago, Thinking She Might Die, Says Texas Lady, But Now

## She Is a Well, Strong Woman and Praises Cardui For

## Her Recovery.

## Royce City, Tex.—Mrs. Mary Kil-

## man, of this place, says: "After the

## birth of my little girl...my side com-

## menced to hurt me. I had to go back

## to bed. We called the doctor. He

## treated me...but I got no better. I

## got worse and worse until the misery

## was unbearable...I was in bed for

## three months and suffered such agony

## that I was just drawn up in a knot...

## I told my husband if he would get

## me a bottle of Cardui I would try it...

## I commenced taking it, however, that

## evening I called my family about

## me...for I knew I could not last

## many days unless I had a change for

the better. That was six years ago and I am still here and am a well, strong woman, and I owe my life to Cardui. I had only taken half the bottle when I began to feel better. The misery in my side got less... I continued right on taking the Cardui until I had taken three bottles and I did not need any more for I was well and never felt better in my life... I have never had any trouble from that day to this."

Do you suffer from headache, backache, pains in sides, or other discomforts, each month? Or do you feel weak, nervous and fagged-out? If so, give Cardui, the woman's tonic, a trial.

J. T.

## DR. J. W. TAYLOR

## Justice &amp; Broadhurst

## LAWYERS

## Federal and State Court Practitioners. Offices in Superior Building.

## DR. J. E. WYCHE

## DENTIST

## GREENSBORO POWER PLANT, Greensboro, N. C. Telephone 24.

## DR. L. G. COBLE

## DENTIST

## Rooms 204-205, Broadway Arcade, Greensboro, N. C. Phone 204.



# SAFEGUARD

YOUR SECURITIES

BY RENTING

one of.

Our Safety Deposit Boxes.

Burglar and Fire Proof.

## Greensboro Loan & Trust Company

J. W. FRY, President.

W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer.

W. M. RIDENHOUR, Ass't Treas.

J. S. COX, Vice-Pres't.

## NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

### McLEANSVILLE.

Miss Mabel Whittington, who is teaching the school at Brown's school house, visited her parents and Mrs. J. D. Whittington, last day.

The McLeansville Junior Order of United American Mechanics, known as the Buffalo Council 490, celebrated its first anniversary last Friday night. The order is in fine condition and promises to do much good.

There is talk of having a man to preach a sermon for the good of the church. Dr. W. C. Wicker, of Elon College, will probably be the man.

Rev. J. E. Underwood, of Raleigh, responded to a message that his son, J. Underwood, was in a critical condition, made a hurried trip to be his bedside, but by the time he here he had rallied and found much better.

While here he went to Mt. Pleasant and preached a very excellent sermon. His text was Isaiah, 19 chapter, 21 verse. He had his congregation still bound for one hour and made a great impression on his hearers.

Among those who will have to pay some taxes are R. R. Fryar and W. Wyrick, two of the most successful farmers in Jefferson township.

We notice that there has been a passed that after February 23 can't sell hens. We wonder if it will last very long, or if it just goes to the laying season or will it throughout the war.

We presume that we can sell frying chickens and eggs. (See article headed "The Hen and Pullet Order Made" on another page.—Editor.)

There are several farmers who would be glad to see cold weather enough for them to kill their flocks. There are a lot of hogs to kill this community.

### CROSS ROADS.

The health of the community is improving.

Among the visitors at J. W. Levins' Sunday evening were Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Whitesell and children, Miss Lizzie Tesh and Lillie Levens, Miss Russell Tesh and Fillmore Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Whitesell and daughter spent Sunday at Mr. John Ringers.

Mrs. W. T. Riggins spent Saturday evening at J. W. Levins'.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Neese and children spent Sunday night at Mrs. Neese's home, Mrs. Coble.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Andrew recently visited at Mr. J. W. Andrew's.

There will be a box party and an entertainment at Cross Roads Friday night, February 22. Every body cordially invited.

Among the visitors at Mr. J. S. Levins' Sunday evening were: Mr. and Mrs. Murphy Ingold, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Shoffner, Mr. and Mrs. N. Tesh, Messrs. John Burnside and Gene Andrew, Misses Susan Andrew and Clara Levens and Mr. Charles Garner.

Mr. John C. Foust died early Wednesday morning at St. Leo's hospital following a long illness, aged 66 years, six months and five days. Mr. Foust will be missed in the home as well as in the community. He leaves a granddaughter, Miss Lucile Stewart, three sisters, Mrs. Mary Shoffner, Mrs. M. A. Reitzel and Mrs. Starr and a host of other relatives and friends. Rev. Klinger conducted the funeral. The body was to rest in the Mt. Hope burying

## THE PATRIOT'S BUSY FRIENDS

—The Southern Real Estate Company, as mortgagee, will sell some West Lee street property at public auction on Saturday, February 16, at the court house door. See notice elsewhere.

—Theresa Cooke, as mortgagee, will sell some valuable city real estate at public auction on Saturday, March 16, at the court house to the highest bidder. See notice in another column.

—Better get a supply of plant bed canvas now—you will pay more for it later. The Meyer's store has just put on sale two thousand yards of 36-inch, 5 1-2 cent value for 4 3-4 cents. You'll find it in the bargain basement, where many other good bargains can be secured. See ad. on the third page of today's Patriot.

—Every farmer in Guilford can and should have a good supply of apples all the year round. Mr. John A. Young is now using apples put in last September and they are fine. In his ad. on the fourth page today Mr. Young tells how easy this can be done and at what little expense. Read what he says and follow his good advice.

—There's dollars in butter fat if you get it cheaply from milk. One of the best ways to do this is to use a genuine Davis Swing Churn. The Southside Hardware Company has just put on sale a fresh shipment of these popular churns, as well as the Dazy, the Barrel and the old-fashioned dasher churn. See their new churn ad. on the eighth page.

—Our good friend, Mr. D. R. Huffine, is going to give somebody a chance to get some good cattle at their own price on Tuesday, February 26. On that date he will sell at public auction at his place ten miles northeast of Greensboro, one good mule, one young registered Guernsey bull, about 30 cows, some of which will become fresh this spring, and a lot of farming implements and tools. The sale will begin at 10 o'clock in the morning and continue until all are sold. Mr. Huffine would be pleased to have you attend and pick up some of the good bargains that will be offered. See his announcement on the seventh page today.

—The farm labor shortage is assuming startling proportion in nearly every section of the country—particularly in the South, and some means must be produced to relieve the situation if we expect to do our part in winning the war. Statistics show that to date more than 207,000 men have been called from the farms into military service, with thousands more to go. Nothing could have been more fortunate than the fact that the tractor was developed and made practical just at this time when they are so badly needed. In the matter of educating the farmers to the use of the tractor great progress is being made, and today thousands of tractors are doing the work once done by the horse. It was one of the leading agricultural experts in this country who once said that plowing is the most important, as well as the least understood and most imperfectly performed operation connected with the growing of a crop. The man on the farm knows a good job when he sees it, but to be able to do good plowing is quite another thing. With a good tractor, such as the "Avery" and "Mogul," more work and at a less cost can be done in a season than by the horse drawn implements. Then, again, the tractor will not only do your plowing, but will do any kind of farm work that calls for power. This is a very important matter, and every farmer in Guilford and adjoining counties should call at Mr. M. G. Newell's farm machinery building, 323 South Davis street, and see the great "Mogul" and "Avery" tractors and learn how cheap and easy they are to operate. They cost no more than a good team of horses, and any one can operate them. Mr. Newell has a 12-year-old son who has been successfully operating an Avery tractor for more than twelve months. In many parts of the country where manpower is scarce, the women are operating them. It costs you nothing to investigate, and if you will carefully read Mr. Newell's illustrated tractor page in The Patriot today and then call on him you will gain much valuable information on the production of huge crops at a minimum cost, when the power is furnished by a good tractor. Mr. Newell has four car loads of "Avery" and "Mogul" tractors now on the floor and ready for your inspection. Don't delay, but go at once and secure your tractor in time to do your spring plowing.

—Percy Groome, of Camp Jackson, spent Sunday at Groometown with relatives.

Mrs. J. A. Spence has returned to Asheboro after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Boren.

Mrs. J. C. Doggett, of Summerfield, underwent an operation at St. Leo's hospital Saturday.

C. Harold Andrews, who recently went from here to Jacksonville, Fla., is spending a few days with his family at Pomona.

Dr. C. Alphonso Smith has returned to the Naval Academy, at Annapolis, Md., after a visit to his mother, Mrs. J. Henry Smith.

Mrs. A. R. Hines, who entered the Long hospital a week ago for treatment, continues quite ill. She has not yet had an operation.

Mrs. E. N. Z. Ellis, of Richmond, spent the week-end as the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Clymer, at the Masonic Home.

Aubrey L. Brooks went to Greenville, S. C., yesterday and spoke to the North Carolina men at Camp Sevier. He made the regular Sunday afternoon address.

Friends of Enoch L. Stamey will be interested to learn that he has been promoted to sergeant in company C-113th machine gun battalion at Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C.

Mrs. C. W. Smith, Miss Mary Wilson, of Park avenue, and Miss Lettie Dick, of Fifth avenue, went to Camp Johnson, Jacksonville, Fla., to visit Herman Wilson and K. C. Benbow for the week-end.

S. S. McFarland and Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Renn have been spending a few days on a visit to their mother, Mrs. McFarland, at Guilford College. Mr. McFarland left Saturday for Atlanta, Ga., to enter the service of the United States army.

Charles R. Lewis, who for the past 14 years has been pressman for the Harrison Printing Company, left Saturday for Richmond, Va., where he will make his future home, having become associated with the Garrett & Massey Company, of that city.

Frank Cameron Jordan left Sunday for San Francisco, where he will sail on the 28th for Mazatlan, Mexico, to assume his duties as vice consul for the United States. Mr. Jordan was recently appointed. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Jordan, of this city.

Thomas Lee Hicks, of this city, has been notified of his appointment as auditor in the internal revenue bureau at Washington. Commissioner Roper notified him by telegraph and asked him to report for duty as early as possible. Mr. Hicks' new position will entail his living in Washington.

Miss Lelia Hampton arrived last night from Durham and will become associated with the Greensboro schools again after an absence of several years. She is a sister of Mrs. C. L. Shuping, of Greensboro, and the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Hampton, who moved from this city to Chapel Hill several years ago.

—The McLeansville local No. 1123 has decided to call a meeting next Saturday afternoon, February 23, at 2 o'clock.

Every member is urged to be present for this is the time we want to make up our fertilizer order for tobacco and corn, and ever one that needs fertilizer for this year's crops will make no mistake in coming to our call meeting. There are two new members to initiate. Hoping to see every member present.

Your fraternally,  
D. A. MONTGOMERY.

## AND NOW THEY ARE COOKING TOBACCO TO MAKE IT BETTER

For a good many years The American Tobacco Company have been conducting a series of experiments having as their object the improvement of smoking tobaccos.

And it is interesting to know that one of the greatest of their discoveries was one of the simplest, and that was, that cooking or toasting tobacco improved it in every way, just as cooking most foods improves them.

They took a real Burley tobacco, grown in this country; toasted it as you would toast bread; moistened it to replace the natural moisture driven off by toasting; made it into cigarettes, called them "LUCKY STRIKE, the toasted cigarette," and offered them to the public.

The result has been the greatest demand ever created for any tobacco product in a similar length of time.

The change produced by toasting is not only most wholesome, but the flavor is greatly improved, just as cooking improves meat, for example.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

Pursuant to the powers vested in the undersigned by virtue of a certain mortgage deed in the sum of Four Hundred Ninety (\$490) dollars, executed by F. S. Stedman and wife, Ila May Stedman, on the 27th day of January, 1912, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county, in book 244, page 534, the undersigned will expose for sale at public auction at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on

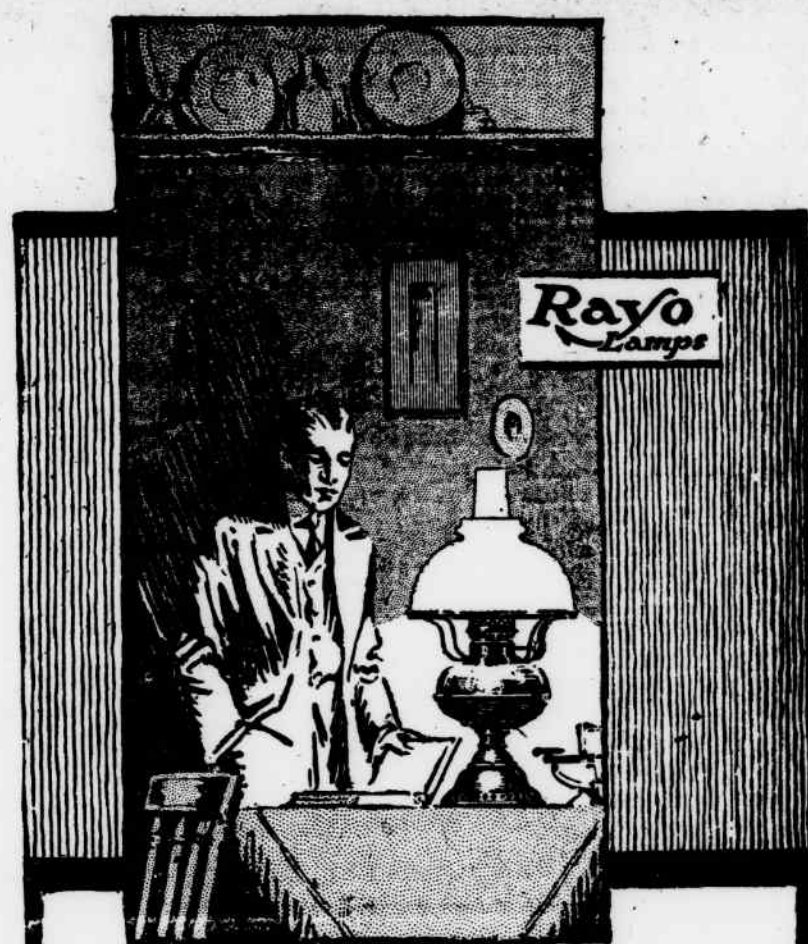
Saturday, March 16, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, or soon thereafter, the following described tract or parcel of land in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, in Morehead township, adjoining the lands of William Jennings, and others, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stake, William Jennings' southeast corner on the north side of West Lee street, and running nearly north with Jennings' line to a stake in the said railroad company's line; thence nearly east with the railroad company's line 50 feet to a stake; thence nearly south parallel with first line to a stake on the north margin of West Lee street; thence nearly west along said street 50 feet to the beginning, same being lot No. 7 in section 12 of the Silver Run Park plat as made by F. A. Pearce.

Terms of sale: Cash.  
This February 13, 1918.  
SOUTHERN REAL ESTATE COMPANY, Mortgagee.

## FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR BACKACHE, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER



## Enjoy the Soft Light of Rayo

Why put up with a flickering, flaring, smoking old lamp when you can buy a Rayo?

RAYO LAMPS give a steady light that is easy on the eyes. You remove neither the chimney nor the shade to light them—as convenient as gas. Artistic in design, they have no cheap filigree ornaments that make cleaning a long job.

Your dealer will be glad to demonstrate Rayo Lamps. Ask for them by name.

Aladdin Security Oil is the kerosene of quality for lamps, stoves and heaters.

## STANDARD OIL COMPANY

(New Jersey)  
Washington, D. C. BALTIMORE MD. Charlotte, N. C.  
Norfolk, Va. Charleston, W. Va.  
Richmond, Va. Charleston, S. C.

## Hardly a Drugstore in the Land That Does Not Sell This Remedy

On the Market Half a Century.

When you are in perfect health, and are enjoying a strong and vigorous vitality, it is then that your blood is free from all impurities.

You should be very careful and give heed to the slightest indication of impure blood. A sluggish circulation is often indicated by an impaired

appetite, a feeling of lassitude and a general weakening of the system. It is then that you should promptly take a few bottles of S. S. S., the great blood purifier and strengthener. It will cleanse the blood thoroughly and build up and strengthen the whole system. S. S. S. is sold by all druggists. Valuable information about the blood supply can be had free by writing to the Swift Specific Co., 24 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

## Bedtime, Sonny

No chance of a chill if you have a Perfection Oil Heater to warm up the room while you undress him. You'll find a hundred uses for the Perfection. It's light and easily carried; sturdy, dependable, safe. It's economical too—especially with the present price of coal and gas. Eight hours glowing warmth on a gallon of kerosene.

Now used in over 8,000,000 homes.

Best results obtained with Aladdin Security Oil.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

(New Jersey)  
Washington, D. C. BALTIMORE MD. Charlotte, N. C.  
Norfolk, Va. Charleston, W. Va.  
Richmond, Va. Charleston, S. C.



Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA



# The Tractor on the Farm!

## A SOLUTION OF THE LABOR PROBLEM!

### TRACTOR IS NATION'S SALVATION.

Millions upon millions of acres of untilled land, yet the world cries for food. The production of food requires land, men and power. The world has an abundance of the first, but there is a rapidly decreasing supply of men and horses. Every day the situation grows more acute and alarming.

There can be but one solution. We must have a substitute for men and horses. The tractor is our only salvation.

Not only will the tractor replace men and horses, but, with present-day development, will perform greater service at less cost.

An average day's plowing for one man and a three-horse team is about two to two and a half acres. With one small tractor pulling two plow bottoms and one man eight to ten acres a day is not impossible. The tractor will accomplish as much as three men and nine horses.

Statistics show a horse demands about one-third of what is produced to sustain itself. The produce required for all the horses in the United States is sufficient to maintain about one-third or more of this country's population.

With these facts before us, what thinking person can ask, "Why the tractor?"

### NO KIND OF WORK A TRACTOR CANNOT DO.

There is no power required in raising a grain crop that a tractor cannot supply. After preparing the seed bed, the tractor will pull the drill to put the crop in, the power-cultivator, the binder or header to harvest it, the separator to thresh it, the wagons to haul it and drive the elevator to unload it.

Probably there is no kind of work for which the tractor has been found more satisfactory, outside of plowing, than for harvesting. The grain must be cut quick when it is just ripe and it is then about the hottest time of the year. It's a wonderful satisfaction to cut your grain with a tractor for it doesn't have to stop to rest, eat or even sleep as do horses. A tractor saves your grain after you raise it.

### CAN HANDLE CORN CROP ENTIRELY.

It is possible to handle your corn crop entirely with motor power if you wish. You can pull a lister with planting attachments and plant your corn. Then cultivate your crop with an Avery Two-Row Motor Cultivator. In the fall you can pull a corn binder or a corn picker with your tractor and harvest your corn crop. After harvesting you can belt up your tractor to a silage cutter, shredder, sheller or feed grinder and get your corn crop ready to feed in any way you wish, or ready for market. If you wish to market it you can also haul it with your tractor.

It was not thought at first that a tractor could do so much in handling the corn crop but it has been found that it is of almost if not equally as much value in handling the corn crop as the grain crop. It is this fact which is now causing corn belt farmers everywhere, who at first hesitated about using tractor power, to become strong advocates of tractor farming and to buy tractors in large numbers.

### MARYLAND SOLVES LABOR PROBLEM.

In an attempt to solve the labor problem in the state of Maryland and to insure an increase in the wheat acreage, the state council of defense has purchased four tractors to be used in preparing land for wheat by plowing, harrowing, etc. The routing of the tractors is in the hands of the county agents. The farmers' applications are listed and itineraries for the tractors are made out accordingly.

Charges for the use of the tractors are based on the absolute cost of operation. The results thus far have proven entirely satisfactory. Plans are already under way to continue the use of the tractors in the preparation of land for spring crops.

In addition to meeting an emergency, the use of the tractors has resulted in the purchase of a number of them by individual farmers and groups of farmers.

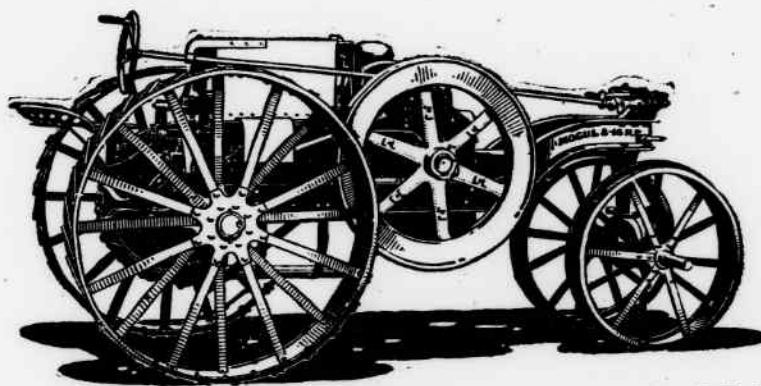
**The Avery and Mogul Tractors are Easy to Operate, and Costs No More Than Good Team of Horses.**

### The Scarcity of Farm Labor Becoming Serious

Thousands of our young men have been drafted, others have volunteered in the service of the government in the various departments and others are yet to go.

The problem of how to meet this deficiency of man power on the farm is one that must be met in some way, for America is being called upon to feed a good part of the world during the duration of the war. What are our farmers going to do? We must substitute some other power for man power, or a great shortage in all crops will result.

There is but one logical answer: We must use Tractors and other labor-saving farming implements to produce the crops that are being demanded to feed the multitudes that are solely dependent upon the farmers of the United States.



THE "MOGUL" TRACTOR, 8-16 to 12-25 H. P.

The majority of tractors are being purchased for the purpose of assisting in solving the problem of hired help and to have more power available at the busy seasons without having so many horses to feed during the entire year. There are many farm operations where one man with a tractor can do the work of three or four men and several horses. In order to do this, however, the work must be planned so that the tractor will do all of the heavy work about the farm, leaving the lighter operations which the tractor cannot do economically for the horses.

Many farmers are now fighting this way: "I have got to get the work done. Can't get the help. With a tractor I can prepare four times as much land in a day as with a team of horses." In this way the tractor is claiming the attention of farmers, and where it does the work expected it will be a big factor toward keeping up production.

The advantages of a farm tractor at such a time may be considered in four ways:

- First—To assist in solving the labor problems.
- Second—To reduce cost of operation.
- Third—To increase acreage farmed with same equipment.
- Fourth—To increase the yield.

At first men bought tractors principally for plowing. Now they are used for all kinds of work. A tractor is a general all-year-around machine. In the spring you can plow, disc corn stalks, disc and harrow, drill, and pack your ground. In the summer you can harvest, thresh, make hay and do road work. In the fall you can cut silage, plow and shred corn. In the winter you can shell, saw, grind feed, do hauling and other work.



The "Avery" Tractor—the Farmer's Favorite—5-10 to 12-25 H. P.

Reports from men who are using Avery Tractors in all parts of the country tell about the bigger crops they are now able to raise with tractor power. One Avery Tractor owner writes: "I put in 165 acres of wheat, which made 10 bushels per acre over any wheat where the ground was prepared by horses." Another man writes: "When I threshed my wheat this fall it made twelve bushels per acre more than where horses were used." Another letter reads: "I see the tractor is the only way to do the heavy farm work, as horses cannot do the same amount of work at this cost and at the same time getting it done at the right time and in the right way." Here's another: "I am able to do my work earlier, better and in the way it should be done." Another report says: "It does the heavy work on the farm, goes down after the new soil and does a good job on a hot day." These sample cases from many similar reports show clearly that you can raise bigger crops with the tractor than with horses or mules by being able to do your work at the right time and in the right way.

### TRACTOR A GREAT BOON.

One of the developments of the war that will prove of the greatest benefit to the human race is the introduction of the farm tractor; it will revolutionize farming all over the world, says Samuel Neeley, an engineer, of Chicago. The farm tractor was in an experimental stage before the war began, but it was not until the emergency demands of the war made speeding up on the farm imperative that the wonderful advantages of the farm tractor became apparent to everyone. Last fall, in one of the western towns, exhibitions of farm tractors attracted crowds so great that a town of comparatively small population grew into a large-sized city almost overnight.

In a few years I predict farming in this country and all over the world will be dependent upon the tractor, and largely increased yields of agricultural products will result, with a consequent decreased cost in living.

As with other inventions of American origin, the farm tractor is finding its greatest development in other nations; recently the farmers of South America have been giving a great deal of attention to this method of farming and the result is that the sales of tractors for farm use in that country have greatly increased.

Europe in the next few years will do nearly all its farm work by means of tractors.

### ALL ROUND TRACTOR.

It would be almost impossible to list all the general kinds of farm work that are being done with tractors. They are all-round traction and belt power machines and can be used for supplying almost every kind of power required on the farm.

You can use a tractor for pulling a manure spreader, pulling stumps, moving houses, stretching fence wire, sawing wood, pulling a tile machine, well drilling and almost anything else you have to do.

Most men who buy tractors find after they have them that they use them for many more kinds of work than they at first intended when they bought. And they also learn that the extra power they have is of great advantage to them in doing their work.

### POWER WHEN NEEDED.

You must plow to get a crop and then you must plow again whether you get a crop or not. In recent years we have also learned that the depth and time of plowing have a great deal to do with the size of the yield.

Plowing takes more power than any other kind of farm work. It was always hard to do it with horses. It is harder than ever now that we want to plow deeper and at exactly the right time.

A tractor gives a man power to plow deep and to plow quick; power that isn't stopped by hard ground, hot weather or flies; power that will run day and night; necessary; and power in a concentrated form so that one man can do as much work as two or more men with horses. And with Avery "Light-Weight" Tractors you can also disc, harrow, roll, pulverize and do all the work of preparing your seed bed.

### QUIT KNITTING TO RUN TRACTOR.

Leaving to other women such distasteful feminine employments as knitting and making bandages, Mrs. M. A. Young, Minneapolis, Minn., became conversant with the rustic "tank," and made innumerable successful drives on her farm in Chouteau, Mont. She found, she says, that she could do such work as plowing, discing, harrowing and seeding as well as any man. Moreover, she believes other women could be as successful in this strenuous occupation.

"Women of other countries have taken a hold and are doing their part, so why shouldn't the women of this country?" Mrs. Young commented. "It is not hard work—no more so than running one's own automobile."

**Mr. Newell has a Boy Twelve Years Old who will Guarantee to Operate any of the Mogul or Avery Tractors.**

Four Car Loads AVERY and MOGUL TRACTORS on the Floor

# M. G. NEWELL COMPANY

DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE "AVERY" AND "MOGUL" TRACTORS,  
323 South Davie Street, Greensboro, North Carolina.



# AUCTION SALE OF CATTLE AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS!

I will sell at my place, 10 miles Northeast of Greensboro, on  
**Tuesday, February 26th, at 10 o'clock A. M.,**

One Good Mule, 9 to 10 years old, weighing 1,000 to 1,100 pounds, will work anywhere; one second-hand McCormick Reaper, Cuttaway Harrow and other Farming Tools; 25 or 30 head of half-bred Hersford cattle, mostly young--some 1-2 and some 3-4 bred; some good Cows that will be fresh this spring; one Registered Guernsey Bull, three years old, and other things used on the farm. If it is raining the sale will be postponed to a later date.

**D. R. HUFFINE, Greensboro, N. C., Route 1.**

## THE FARMERS ARE BENEFITED

ADVISED TO MARKET ALL SURPLUS CORN AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE.

Greensboro, Feb. 16.—The farmers of North Carolina will be benefited to the extent of several hundred thousand dollars as a result of the recent action of the food administration forbidding the sale of wheat flour except in combination with an equal quantity of corn substitutes in the opinion of food administration officials. It is stated that North Carolina farmers are today receiving a higher price for their corn than those of any other state in the union. From the standpoint of the farm, the new order of the food administration does three things, according to State Administrator Henry P. Pate. These three things are:

1. It gives the farmer an additional money crop because it increases the demand for and the price of corn.  
 2. The development of the corn mill industry in North Carolina will give all consumers of corn meal a North Carolina product which is much superior to the corn meal which is customarily imported into the state. This is a distinct advantage both to the farmer and to the consumer.  
 3. By establishing a market for North Carolina dollars heretofore sent out of the state for corn, it keeps the money in the state because when the market for corn is established North Carolina farmers will grow corn to sell.

The high price being paid for corn in North Carolina at the present time, averaging close to \$2 per bushel, is due to weather conditions which have made it impossible for North Carolina farmers to haul corn to their local markets and especially to the railway situation which has prevented the importation of corn from the Middle West. Both of these conditions are disappearing and there is little doubt but that the price of corn in North Carolina will drop within the next few weeks to the Chicago price plus freight. Inasmuch as March and May corn in Chicago is less than \$1.20 a bushel it is not likely that prices delivered in North Carolina a few weeks hence will be more than \$1.40 to \$1.50 per bushel. For this reason it will be to the advantage of farmers who have a surplus of corn to market it just as quickly as possible.

## Main Load of Tobacco For the Soldiers.

And the applause of several thousand people, Durham's first train load of manufactured products pulled out of the Durham freight yards bound for "Somewhere in France." The train, composed of 30 cars of a famous brand of smoking tobacco, is the first of a large government order for the American expeditionary forces.

Mayor W. E. Newsom delivered a patriotic address to a great throng that gathered at the station to witness the departure of the smoking tobacco for the American soldiers in France.

## Where Cain Went.

A boy at a recent examination in Scripture was asked where Cain went after he killed Abel. He replied that he went to bed. The teacher wanted to know how he made that out. He said, "It's in the chapter, sir, that Cain, after he had killed Abel, went to the land of

## GERMANY DISTRUSTS THE BOLSHIEVSKI LEADERS.

Unofficial dispatches still indicate that in German and Austrian official circles there is very considerable distrust of the Bolshievski leaders in Russia, and that preparations even are in the making for stemming a surprise maneuver on the east front. One Bavarian newspaper asserts that the final conference between the Bolshievski and German and Austrian peace delegates at Brest-Litovsk ended in a violent rupture which bore all the seeds of a future conflict.

**Austria Hungary For Peace.**  
 In a manifesto to his subjects dealing with the peace effected with the Ukraine, the Austrian emperor reiterates his desire for an early general peace.

"In common with my hard tried peoples," says the emperor, "I trust that after the first conclusion of peace, which is so gratifying an event for us, a general peace soon will be granted suffering humanity."

## On the Battle Fronts.

On the battle front in France the fighting activity between the British and French and the Germans has assumed somewhat violent proportions on at least two sectors. With the forces of Field Marshal Haig and General Petain the aggressors. Probably the heaviest encounter was in the Champagne region where, aided by American batteries, which gave the French "very effective support," the French have captured and organized German trenches southwest of the Butte du Mesnil. The German official communication admits the loss of this ground.

North of Lens, the famous coal mining region, the British and Germans again have met in a sharp encounter, but no details of it have yet come through. The artillery activity continues heavy on numerous sectors from Flanders to the Swiss border.

## American Artillery in Action.

The mention of American artillery as being engaged with the French against the Germans in the Champagne is the first indications that United States forces were in the battle line elsewhere than east of St. Mihiel, which is miles distant from the Champagne front. The presumption is that the American artillerymen are in training with the French preparatory to joining the comrades in their own sector.

## Mrs. Hen Doing Her Part.

E. A. Morrison, writing in the Statesville Landmark, says:

I see that Mr. Bass and Uncle Sidney have sent in their reports of by-products. Now big 4-C wants to let the readers of the Landmark know what little he is doing to help "Win the War."

From 40 S. C. Red hens and pullets the past season, I have sold eggs for hatching, \$100.40; baby chicks sold, \$39.10; hens and pullets, 59¢ for \$175; cockerels, 31¢ \$134; cockerels on hand, \$75; winnings at poultry shows, cash, \$37.50. Total, \$561.

Mr. Bass and Uncle Sidney, came again. Miss Hen is surely going to help "Win this war."

## Eighty-Two Known Dead.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Eighty-two names of known dead among the American soldiers who were on board the torpedoed liner Tuscania were received by cable tonight at the war department.

**CASTORIA FOR CHILDREN**

## POPE WELCOMES WILSON'S LATEST MESSAGE.

Rome, Feb. 15.—Pope Benedict welcomes President Wilson's latest address to the enemy and the world "as nourishing the peace seed, which is already sprouting," it was learned in vatican circles today.

Vatican circles believe the responsibility now has been put squarely up to Germany to answer the president. The pope is confidently expecting early replies, especially from Austrian Foreign Minister Czernin.

## Pressing Central Powers.

Rome, Feb. 15.—Pope Benedict is reported to be pressing the central powers, especially the Austrian and Bavarian rulers, for an "honest and unselfish consideration of President Wilson's speech."

## A \$7,000 Poultry Plant.

With a view of demonstrating to her neighbors and other friends in Forsyth county as to what can be done in poultry production, Mrs. R. J. Reynolds is having one of the most modern poultry plants in the South built on her farm just west of Winston-Salem. It will cost \$7,000 or more. The main building will be 300 feet long and will contain breeding, poultry tender's and egg laying houses.

## ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administratrix of the estate of B. E. Jones, deceased, before M. W. Gant, clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 3rd day of January, 1919, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons due and owing said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment.

This Jan. 3, 1918.  
 MRS. NANNIE E. JONES,  
 Executrix of B. E. Jones, dec'd.

## NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

State of North Carolina,  
 Department of State.

To All to Whom These Presents May Come:—

Whereas it appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings of the voluntary dissolution of the partnership of B. E. Jones, deceased, in my office, that the Gate City Grocery Company, a corporation of this state, whose principal office is situated at 100 North Main street, in the city of Greensboro, county of Guilford, state of North Carolina (A. D. Beckham being the agent therein and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served), has complied with the requirements of Chapter 21, Revision of 1905, entitled "Corporations," preliminary to the issuance of this (Certificate of Dissolution). Now, Therefore, I, J. Bryan Grimes, secretary of state of the state of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the said corporation did, on the 21st day of January, 1918, file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all the stockholders thereof, which said consent and the record of the proceedings and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

In testimony whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal at Raleigh, this 21st day of January, A. D. 1918.  
 J. BRYAN GRIMES,  
 Secretary of State.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

North Carolina, Guilford County. Having qualified as executor of the estate of Grover C. Ashmore, deceased, of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at its office in Greensboro, N. C., on or before the 26th day of January, 1919, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This January 26, 1918.  
 SOUTHERN LIFE AND TRUST CO.,  
 Executor of Grover C. Ashmore.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

North Carolina, Guilford County. Having qualified as the administrator of the estate of Sarah C. Robbins, deceased, late of Guilford county, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the deceased to exhibit same to the undersigned at his office in Greensboro, N. C., or to his attorney, Thomas C. Hoyle, at his office in Greensboro, N. C., on or before the 6th day of February, 1919, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons due and owing said estate will please make immediate payment.

This February 6, 1918.  
 J. B. MINOR, Admr.,  
 of Sarah C. Robbins, Deceased.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

Pursuant to the powers vested in the undersigned by virtue of a certain mortgage deed executed by D. E. Morgan and L. M. Morgan to George W. Bowman, on the 13th day of January, 1913, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county, in book 279, page 263, the undersigned will expose for sale at public auction at Colfax, N. C., on

Thursday, February 28, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, or soon thereafter, a certain tract or parcel of land in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, in Deep River township, adjoining the lands of B. F. Stack, Mattie M. Gibbons, V. L. Gray and others and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a black oak, running east 12 poles to a stone; thence south 55 degrees east 24 poles to a stone; thence south 30 degrees west 28 poles to a stone; thence south 15 degrees west 34 poles to a stone; thence west 4 poles to a stone; thence south 45 degrees west 12 poles to a stone; thence south 36 degrees west 24 poles to a stone; thence south 5 degrees west 16 poles to a stone; thence north 79 degrees west 20 poles to a stone; thence north 8 poles 15 poles to a stone; thence west 28 poles to a stone; thence north 85 1-6 poles to the beginning corner, containing 41 acres and 147 poles more or less.

This January 28, 1918.  
 GEO. W. BOWMAN, Mortgagee.  
 W. E. BOWMAN, Administrator.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

Pursuant to the powers vested in the undersigned by virtue of a certain mortgage deed in the sum of Two Hundred (\$200.00) dollars, executed by John Graves and wife, Cassie Graves, to M. Elizabeth Donnell on the 22nd day of January, 1907, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county, in book 193, page 147, the undersigned will expose for sale at public auction at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on

Monday, February 18, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, or soon thereafter, a certain tract or parcel of land in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, in Glimmer township, adjoining the lands of Sevier and others and bounded as follows:

Beginning at S. Sevier's southwest corner, church lot, on the east side of High street, running thence east with Sevier's line, 165 feet to an iron stake; thence south parallel with High street, 50 feet to a stake; thence west parallel with first line, 165 feet to High street; thence with High street, 50 feet to the point of beginning same being lot No. 2, block 4, plan of Dean property.

Terms of sale—Cash.  
 This January 15, 1918.  
 MRS. KATHLEEN DONNELL CULBERTSON, Mortgagee.  
 JAMES REID THOMAS, Assignee.

## NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County. In the Superior Court, Before the Clerk J. B. Ogburn, Executor of Robert H. Gourley, Deceased, et al., vs.

Luther Gourley.

The above named defendant will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county for the purpose of selling certain lands formerly belonging to the late Robert H. Gourley, for the purpose of creating assets with which to pay debts and for partition, and the said defendant, Luther Gourley, will further take notice that he is required to appear before the clerk of the Superior court of the county of Guilford at his office in Greensboro, N. C., on the 9th day of February, 1918, and answer or demur to the petition in said action or the petitioners will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said petition.

This February 8, 1918.  
 M. W. GANT, C. S. C.  
 COOKE & FENTRESS, Attys.

## NOTICE.

I will sell to the highest bidder, at the court house door in Greensboro, N. C., on

Saturday, February 23, 1918,

at 12 o'clock M., a tract of land containing 87 acres, more or less, in the southern part of Sumner township, adjoining the lands of G. W. Hodgkin, John W. Bros., J. R. Hodgkin heirs, and is bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stone in Russell creek south of William Reynolds' corner; thence down the creek about 93 rods to a stake; thence north 22 poles to a stake on Jabez Hodgkin's line; thence east with Hodgkin and Woods' line 99 poles to a stone, an original stake; thence south 39 poles to a corner; thence south 39 poles to a stake; thence south to Reynolds' corner and continued 18 poles to the first station. This land has about 25 acres in timber, a double log house, a log barn and other out buildings; has a good well of water. The farm has plenty of spring water.

This January 23, 1918.  
 JAMES H. DAVIS,  
 Exr. of John Hodgkin, Deceased.

## ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administratrix of the estates of Fannie Price and M. W. Gant, deceased, before M. W. Gant, clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estates to present them to the undersigned on or before the 24th day of January, 1919, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons due and owing said estates are hereby notified to make immediate payment.

This January 24, 1918.  
 MRS. BLANCHE CARR, Admx.

## LAST CALL FOR TAXES!

I will attend in person or be represented by Deputy at the following places, on the dates named below, from 11 to 2 o'clock, to receive the State and County Taxes for 1917:

Merry Oaks,.....	Friday,	March 1st
Brown Summit,.....	Friday,	" 1st
McLeansville,.....	Saturday,	" 2d
Summerfield,.....	Saturday,	" 2d
Hillsdale,.....	Monday,	" 4th
Whitsett,.....	Monday,	" 4th
Tabernacle,.....	Tuesday,	" 5th
Summer's Mill,.....	Tuesday,	" 5th
Pleasant Garden,.....	Wednesday,	" 6th
Colfax,.....	Thursday,	" 7th
Gibsonville,.....	Friday,	" 8th
Concord School House,.....	Saturday,	" 11th
Stokesdale,.....	Monday,	" 12th
Oak Ridge,.....	Tuesday,	" 12th
Jamestown,.....	Wednesday,	" 13th
Guilford College,.....	Thursday,	" 14th
Bennett's Store,.....	Friday,	" 15th

**RATE OF TAXATION:** State, 23 2-3c; Pensions, 4c; County, 19c; Road, 25c; School, 20c; Court House Bonds, 5c.

This is positively the last round that will be made for these Taxes, and it is very important that all tax payers pay up in full, as they shall be compelled to advertise and sell property for unpaid taxes after March 15th.

Please do not ask me to hold your taxes for a later date, as I cannot do so.

The Taxes for High Point township are payable to J. E. WAGNER, Deputy Sheriff, at his office in High Point, N. C.

**D. B. STAFFORD,**  
 Sheriff Guilford County.

HAVE YOU EVER USED

# CAS TAR

FOR DIPPING

Shingles and Fence Posts?

You should try this as a WOOD PRESERVER. Buy a Barrel so you will have it handy when YOU NEED IT.

**N. C. Public Service Co.**  
 Phone 330 and 331



## LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

## MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

## Funeral of Mr. Sandlin.

The funeral of Samuel Sandlin, who committed suicide Wednesday night, was held at his home at Proximity Friday afternoon. Interment was in the Proximity burying ground.

## Should Cut Wood.

State Fuel Administrator McAllister urges as a patriotic duty the cutting of fire wood for home use and for sale next winter. The price will be high enough to make sale of wood profitable, he thinks.

## Hearing Again Postponed.

The hearing in the case of S. M. Maddox, charged with violating the Harrison anti-narcotic law, was postponed Friday for another week. The case is pending before U. S. Commissioner D. H. Collins.

## Many Attend Banquet.

The father and son banquet at the T. M. C. A. Thursday night was largely attended. Stanley A. Harris, the speaker, charmed his hearers. The musical program was fine, including a program by an orchestra, a quartet, and a solo by Don Falk.

## Campaign Goes Well.

Thrill stamps to the amount of \$100,000 have been sold in Greensboro. The city's share is \$350,000. Col. F. P. Hobgood, Jr., who has charge of the campaign believes that he will succeed during 1918 in selling the desired sum.

## Speaks at Pleasant Garden.

Capt. David Fallon spoke Saturday night at Pleasant Garden in the interest of the thrill stamp, and delighted his audience. He was introduced by Clifford Frazier, of this city. Captain Fallon is described as British and French and is an officer of courage and distinction.

## Eggs Much Cheaper.

One of the most pleasing reductions in food prices on the local market of the past 10 days has been that of eggs. The price dropped rapidly from 70 cents a dozen to just half that amount, according to some reports, although they sell for 40 cents and upwards in a number of places. The lowest prices quoted were 35 cents.

## Jacobs-Grantham.

Miss Bertha Jacobs was married to Carson H. Grantham Thursday at noon at the home of Rev. Charles F. Myers, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. They left immediately for Florida to spend the honeymoon. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jacobs. Mr. Grantham is president of the Southside Hardware Company and a well known business man.

## Carried Back to Camp.

A non-commissioned officer from Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala., was here Saturday and carried back Thomas H. Dehne and Frank Conns, who were arrested here Monday night for desertion. Dehne and Conns stated that they were stationed at Camp Lee, at Petersburg, Va., but their story proved untrue when investigation was made.

## This is Farmers Week.

The negro Agricultural and Technical College will hold its annual state farmers' week from February 22 through the 22nd. Negro farmers from all parts of the state will be present for the purpose of getting new ideas on farming from specialists of the United States department of agriculture, the state department and the faculty of the college.

## Hearing is Postponed.

The trial of Vincent Shiley, the young man from Mt. Airy, who is charged with a crime against a girl at Washington, D. C., under 16 years of age, was not held Thursday before United States Commissioner D. H. Collins, as set. The defendant was in court with counsel, but the district attorney, W. C. Hammer, asked by telegraph for the continuance of the case to give him time to get witnesses here from Washington. The case was set for February 23.

## Prof. D. T. Gray Speaks.

That hogs can be raised profitably in this state only as a grazing animal was the declaration of Prof. Dan T. Gray, of the state extension service, at the farmers meeting here Saturday. He said that hogs should not be grown on corn alone. The meeting re-elected Ed Benbow president for another year. E. H. Anderson, demonstration agent, was relieved of the work of secretary-treasurer, and a new man will be elected to this place.

## To Be Called First.

The first 19 men secured for the army in the examination of white registrants in Greensboro are: Robert Kirkman, Bascom T. Baynes, Charles C. Patterson, Alfred I. Cox, Lonnie Poole, Albert L. Purcell, James F. Mobley, Joe M. Davidson, Troy Darnell, Rassie Amos Maness, Wister Routh, Avery L. Jarvis, Fred M. Phipps, Andrew Cabbie Haynes, Benjamin H. Williams, Ralph H. Munday, James E. Bush, Alfred A. Williams, Herbert Bridgers.

## Officer Will Recover.

Mrs. H. B. Cousins returned Friday from Wilson, to which place she was called on account of the critical illness of her brother, Police Officer I. H. Herndon, who was badly wounded by Jim Reed, a Baltimore negro, whom he attempted to arrest for transporting liquor into Wilson from Baltimore. Reed was seriously wounded by the officer, who succeeded in placing him in jail. Mr. Herndon is beginning to show improvement and when Mrs. Cousins left his bedside he seemed to be in a fair way to make a complete recovery.

## Thief Gets 15 Cents.

The thief who stole the pocketbook belonging to Miss Emma King, of the faculty of the State Normal College, Saturday afternoon, only secured 15 cents in cash. A check for \$100 and a visiting card were also in the pocketbook, but these were found to be unmoistened when the purse was picked up in a vacant lot at the corner of West Washington and South Greene street. The pocketbook was taken by some unknown person while Miss King was in the Brown-Bell Company's store.

## Merchants to Meet.

John A. Green, former president of the National Retail Merchants' Association, is to be the speaker on the occasion of the annual meeting of the Greensboro Retail Merchants' Association February 21. The speech will be at night, and probably in the Odd Fellows hall. The association postponed the annual meeting in order to make the date conform to the time that Mr. Green was able to come here. He is recognized as an authority in the problems of the retail dealer, hence the deep interest in his coming.

## Miss Rankin Coming.

Miss Jeannette Rankin, congresswoman of Montana, will spend Washington's birthday in Greensboro as the guest of the State Normal College. Miss Rankin will deliver a public address, beginning at 8.30 o'clock that night in the auditorium of the college. On account of the limited room, and the fact that the large student body nearly fills it, only 225 others can be admitted. The college will issue 225 tickets, and these will be given away through the Greensboro Equal Suffrage League, of which Miss Louise Alexander is president.

## Death of Miss Couch.

Miss Laura A. Couch died Friday morning at the home of her niece, Mrs. E. Lee Edwards, a mile east of Guilford station. She was 80 years old and a native of the Jamestown community. She was a member of Hickory Grove church. Pneumonia caused her death after a two months illness. She is survived by two brothers, who make their home in Missouri, and two sisters, one of them living in Kansas, and the other, Mrs. Lee Cummings, making her home at Guilford College. The funeral was held Saturday afternoon at the Friends' church at Guilford College. Interment following in the church burying ground. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Roberts.

## Death of Mr. Cummings.

William E. Cummings died Friday night at his home near Guilford College, following an illness of two days with pneumonia. He was 84 years old and was well known in the country. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Mary A. Cummings, three daughters, two sons, three sisters and two brothers. His daughters are Mrs. E. N. Hodgkin, of Guilford College; Mrs. S. T. Cude, of Winston-Salem, and Mrs. S. D. Dillon, of Guilford College. The sons of C. C. Cummings and J. W. Cummings, both of Guilford College. The sisters are Mrs. Ann Frazier and Mrs. Governor Frazier, of Randolph county, and Mrs. Emily Wilson, of Greensboro; L. C. Cummings, of Guilford College, and James Cummings, of this city, are brothers of the deceased. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon from the church at Guilford College by Rev. W. M. Robins, of Winston-Salem, and Rev. Edgar Williams, of Guilford College. Interment was in the burying ground at Guilford College. The pall-bearers were N. M. Knight, J. M. Brown, C. O. Stuart, John Stuart and B. J. Blair.

## FRIDAY THRIFT DAY—COURT TO ADJOURN.

To release the lawyers and other speakers for next Friday—Thrift Day—Judge Adams has kindly consented to adjourn court for that day, and Mr. Foust, chairman of the Guilford war savings stamp committee, has arranged for prominent speakers to address every school in the county on Friday.

Everybody is cordially invited and urged to be present at their respective school houses and hear these addresses.

## Killed at Pomona.

Stephen Reid, a 60-year-old negro, was killed Friday afternoon on the Southern track at the Pomona yard. He was an employee of the company, having worked for years cleaning up the yard at Pomona. The coroner investigated the death and decided that it was accidental. Reid came to Greensboro years ago from Brown Summit. He lived near the scene of his employment and "bached" it, not having a family. It was apparent that he was endeavoring to get some fire wood from a car on the siding when he was thrown beneath the wheels and killed.

## Death of J. L. Smith.

Mr. Joseph Luther Smith, aged 48 years, died at a local sanatorium Friday morning following a long illness. He is survived by his widow, two sisters, Mrs. J. W. Brady and Mrs. M. R. Buie, of Greensboro, and two brothers, George A. Smith, of Maxton, N. C., and James P. Smith, of Brooklyn, N. Y. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Smith, are living and reside in Greensboro. Before coming to this city the family lived at Maxton, of which place the deceased was a native. Funeral services were held Saturday afternoon at the home of Mrs. M. R. Buie, by Rev. A. W. Plyler. Interment was in Greene Hill cemetery.

## Hurt in Collision.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Nolan, and Mrs. Nolan's mother, Mrs. Annie M. Shelton, are in the hospital suffering from injuries sustained in an accident last night when their automobile, driven by Mr. Nolan, struck a street car on the eastern side of Summit avenue railroad crossing. The condition of Mr. Nolan is the most serious of the three. His kneecap was fractured and he received other injuries of minor importance. Both he and Mrs. Nolan have cuts over the eye. Mrs. Shelton's injuries were not as serious as those of Mr. and Mrs. Nolan, but she was shocked badly in addition to receiving injuries to different parts of her body.

## Had a Fine Year.

Reports submitted to the directors and stockholders of the Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Company Thursday morning showed that \$16,400,000 in paid for business was done by the company in 1917, making the total amount of insurance in force at the close of business January 31, \$62,414,222. Of the business done in 1917, North Carolina contributed \$6,701,335. The past year was the best in the history of the company. All of the old officers and directors of the company were re-elected. George A. Grimsley is president; C. C. Taylor, secretary; C. W. Gold, treasurer; Julian Price, vice president and agency director; Dr. J. P. Turner, medical director.

## The Faithful Horse and Mule.

Before the war the passing of the horse and mule was freely predicted. Automobiles and auto-trucks would take their place, it was said. But on the battle fronts it has been found that modern invention is not a satisfactory substitute for our old friends. A correspondent writing from France notes a point where motor transportation ceases, and beyond which only the faithful horse and mule may operate. That point usually may be found about six miles back of the front line trenches. Across that stretch of danger land every gun must be hauled by horses; every shell, every cartridge, every ounce of food must be carried by horse or mule. War has restored to the horse his old work as a pack animal, not only in the Italian Alps, but on every fighting front in Europe.—Richmond Journal.

## Deserved a Pardon.

On one occasion Gov. "Dick" Oglesby went down to Joliet to inspect the state prison and in one of the cells he found a very ugly man. "How did you get in here?" asked Oglesby. "Abduction," was the reply. "I tried to run off with a girl, and they caught me." "I'll pardon you as soon as I get back to Springfield," said the governor. "I don't see how you could expect to get a wife in any other way."

## PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of 500 cents a week for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

**WANTED—DELIVERED DURING** February and March, in Greensboro, six or eight cords oak logs, cut 30" for open fire place. If you can furnish this, address W. D. Meyer.

**FOR SALE—FIVE-YEAR-OLD** mare, sound and good worker. Gone to war and don't need her. Apply to S. W. Cobb, Gibsonville, N. C., Route 1. Virgil Cobb.

**WANTED—GOOD SECOND-HAND** one-horse wagon and buggy. Must be a bargain. Mrs. W. S. Dick, McLeansville, N. C. Phone 8204.

## SALE OF MULES

The County will sell at Public Auction on

Monday, March 4th

At 12 o'clock,  
Noon,  
8 or 10 MULES,

At the County Hitching Lot, on N. Greene Street. Terms of sale Cash.

Board of Commissioners,  
W. C. BOREN,  
Chairman.

## THORAXCO,

THE SORE THROAT

Preparation of Mint Antiseptic

## MELOLA

Used in Place of Calomel.

For Sale at

Conyers' Drug Store,

The "Parco" Store.

RALPH J. SYKES, Manager

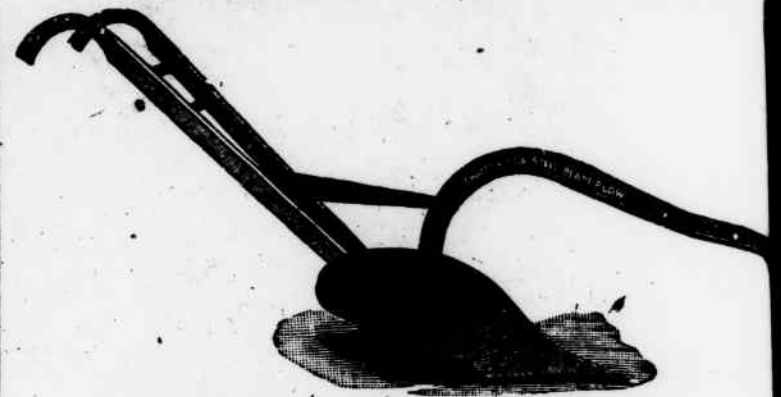
CHAS. A. HINES,

Attorney-at-Law,

Office in Wright Building

2 E. Elm Street Opp. Court House

## HERE IS THE



## PLOW

THAT DOES THE BUSINESS.

LET US SHOW YOU.

Greensboro Hardware Co.

221 South Elm Street

Phones 457-458

## TWO POWERFUL AGENCIES

## THE "KELLY" TRUCK,

AND THE

## "Sandusky" Tractor,

"The Little Fellow with the Big Pull."

Have bought Largely of both for 1913.

The price of the "Sandusky" Tractor

Advanced \$250 Jan. 1st.

LET ME HAVE YOU ORDER NOW.

E. F. CRAVEN, 327 S. Davie St.  
Greensboro, N. C.

## We Have Customers

For a small farm of 25 to 30 acres, with buildings, 4 to 5 miles from Greensboro.

50 to 80 acre farm, with buildings, not over seven miles from Greensboro.

300 to 400 acres on good road west of Greensboro.

If you have any of the above described places for sale, communicate with us.

## Guilford Insurance &amp; Realty Co.

O. L. GRUBBS, President. A. K. MOORE, Sec'y-Treas.

Phone 312. 109 East Market St.

## BUTTER FAT IS VALUABLE

Get all of It from Your Milk.

BUY A GENUINE

## Davis Swing Churn,

Easy to Operate, Easy to Clean,  
Perfectly Sanitary.

We also have the DAZY CHURN, the BARREL CHURN and the old fashioned Dasher Churn.

If It's Churns we have It.

## ALL SEASONABLE HARDWARE.

## Southside Hardware Co.

523-525 SOUTH ELM ST.