

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY

GREENSBORO, N. C., MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1916.

VOL. 95—NO. 82

MR. HEFLIN CHARMS HEARERS

DELIVERS BRILLIANT SPEECH FOR DEMOCRACY AND MAKES COMPARISON OF RECORDS.

A more brilliant, entertaining and convincing political speech has not been heard in Greensboro in many years than the one delivered here Friday night by Hon. J. Thomas Hefflin, Democratic representative in Congress from the fifth district of Alabama. It was a masterful presentation of the record of the Democratic administration and a clear portrayal of the weakness of the Republican case in the present campaign.

Mr. Hefflin was greeted by a crowd that filled the Grand opera house, where the speaking took place. He was introduced by Mr. Charles A. Hines, chairman of the county Democratic executive committee. The Elton Collins brass band furnished music for the meeting.

In beginning his speech Mr. Hefflin referred to the pleasure he experienced in being in the home town of Congressman Stedman, for whom he expressed the highest esteem and admiration. He referred in complimentary terms to Maj. Stedman's influence and fine record in Congress and expressed the hope that the people of the fifth district would re-elect him by an increased majority. The audience approved this sentiment by hearty applause.

In eloquent and forceful language, Mr. Hefflin reviewed the record of achievement of the Democratic administration under the guidance of President Wilson. He referred to the federal reserve bank law, which has taken the control of the country's finances from Wall street and made it possible for the money lords to bring on a panic; the rural credits act, the greatest piece of legislation ever attempted for the benefit of the farmers; and other laws passed by congress in the interest of the massed of the classes. The administration has stood firmly for human rights, holding to the principle that, if a man is cared for, property will take care of itself.

Mr. Hefflin commended the Adamson eight-hour law, which averted a nationwide railroad strike and saved the country from incalculable loss and suffering. He declared that President Wilson's action in taking the threatened strike off the coast was the wisest thing any man had done in the White House since Andrew Jackson defied the power of the bankers protected by the national bank law.

In comparing Roosevelt and Wilson, Mr. Hefflin said Roosevelt had deceived himself with the cry, "Down with the bosses," while Wilson has ordered himself to remove the conditions that make the bosses. Mr. Hefflin spoke of the leadership of the Republican party as crooks, politicians and burglars, and in 1904 he found working with the party which he denounced so bitterly.

Mr. Hefflin paid some attention to the anti-unioning and tactless attitude of the Republican candidates for president and predicted that the people would repudiate those who had been the issues he is attacking in the campaign.

WILSON'S APPROACH?

Washington, Oct. 1.—A fisherman in the Chesapeake Bay, near Watch Point, on the Long Island Sound, reported that he had seen a large submarine in the direction of the bay. The submarine was expected to arrive in the bay in a few days. It was then 25 miles from New London and showed a bright white light. These lights, according to the observer, were the same as had been told by Captain Rockwood of the tug Westley, who reported that the German submarine which was sighted some days ago had been ordered to look.

The submarine was unaccompanied and displayed no flag. The observer, who appeared to be familiar with the appearance of American submarines which have their base at New London, said that she was of a different type from any he had seen. The boat was about two miles off shore and was going at a moderate rate of speed. The sea was very choppy.

HON. LESLIE M. SHAW MAKES CAMPAIGN SPEECH HERE.

Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, ex-governor of Iowa, ex-secretary of the United States treasury and at present affiliated with a group of prominent New York financiers, made a Republican campaign speech in the Grand opera house Thursday night. The crowd was not large, there being probably about a third as many people present as heard Congressman Hefflin in the same auditorium Friday night, but the speaker was given close attention. Mr. Shaw is a man of superior ability and is well acquainted with the arts and tricks of the campaign orator. His speech was witty and clever and greatly pleased his Republican hearers. The Democrats in the audience could not fail to note the sophistry of his argument.

Mr. Shaw is a Republican of the old school who professes to believe that his party possesses all the political virtues and that no good can come from Democracy. Throughout his speech he praised the Republicans and ridiculed the Democrats. He was unwilling to give the Democratic administration credit for anything that had resulted or promised to result in good to the country and seemed to consider President Wilson a weak, incompetent sort of person whose re-election would be a reflection on the intelligence of the American people.

According to Mr. Shaw's specious reasoning, the prosperity that abounds throughout the country at the present time is not real, for the Republican party alone is able to provide genuine prosperity. The real thing in the way of prosperity may be expected when the Republicans are restored to power and another high tariff law enacted for the further enrichment of the trusts and other partners of the Republican party.

The speaker criticized the policy of the Democratic party in looking out for the interests of the masses, the consumers, and boasted that the Republican party's chief concern is in caring for the producers, the producers referred to evidently being the beneficiaries of a protective tariff.

While in the city Mr. Shaw was entertained by Mr. G. S. Bradshaw, who also introduced him at the speaking. The two gentlemen have been friends for several years and Mr. Bradshaw has represented Mr. Shaw and his business associates in important litigation.

GIRL TRIES TO COMMIT SUICIDE WITH ACID.

Spray, Sept. 29.—What came perilously near being a successful attempt at suicide was undertaken by a girl less than 14 years old who lives with J. R. Ray, her stepfather, about two miles from town. She was found by some member of the family in an unconscious and utterly paralyzed condition in the home. Immediately two local physicians were summoned. They at once decided it to be a case of paralysis but the stepfather observing that a bottle of carbolic acid had been moved, suggested that the girl might have either purposely or unwittingly taken this poison.

Thereupon the physicians made an examination to find it true. She is doing as well as could be expected now and will recover. Her father some years ago took the same route when he had become tired of life.

Sympathetic Strike Dwindles.

New York, Sept. 30.—While labor leaders were casting about today for means to restore the confidence of the striking carmen, the general sympathetic strike gradually dwindled in importance and strength. More than 6,000 brewery workers, who constituted one-half of the sympathetic workers who left their labors Wednesday, returned to their employment today. This leaves the sympathetic strike with but approximately 6,200 supporters.

Major Guthrie Unconscious.

Durham, Sept. 30.—Lying in an unconscious condition at his home in this city, Major W. A. Guthrie, for 49 years a member of the Durham Bar Association, and prominent corporation lawyer, is in a critical condition as the result of an attack of paralysis. Major Guthrie suffered the stroke Friday morning, and was found unconscious. Physicians express little hope for his recovery.

CAMPAIGN SHOWS NEW LIFE

REPUBLICANS HAD TO TROT OUT ROOSEVELT TO TRY TO STEM TIDE TOWARDS DEMOCRATS.

Washington, Oct. 1.—The presidential campaign is taking on new life in every section of the country. President Wilson has opened up his heavy batteries on Candidate Hughes. The Republicans have had to trot out Colonel Roosevelt to try to stem the tide toward the Democrats in the Middle Western states. Former President Taft is to make up with the man who scuttled his ambition in 1912. Every available Republican is being roped into service to fight Mr. Wilson. Wall Street, with its hoards of ill-gotten wealth, is opening up its coffers to the Republican leaders for the campaign against the Democratic chieftain.

With the election but five weeks off, it looks like Mr. Wilson would win.

Four states, Indiana, New York, Illinois and Ohio will be centered on by the political workers from this time on. President Wilson's friends think that he will get New York, Indiana and Ohio if not Illinois.

"That Woodrow Wilson will carry New York by a good plurality over Hughes is predicted by every Democratic leader of the empire state," said the Democratic national committee, today.

"The closest co-operation exists between the Democratic national committee, the up-state and New York city Democratic leaders and the representatives of the large body of independent and Progressive voters who will vote for Wilson."

FEDERAL FARM LOAN BOARD HAS RETURNED.

Washington, Sept. 29.—The federal farm loan board returned today from a trip which began August 21 at Augusta, Maine. In all, the board conducted twenty-seven hearings.

These hearings were largely attended by actual farmers and representatives of farm organizations, by representatives of agricultural colleges in the various states, by bankers, business men, and county agents or farm experts operating under the Smith-Lever extension act.

The keenest interest in the federal farm loan act was manifested by farmers and every class of people in the communities visited. The law was universally approved by farmers, business men and bankers, who assured the board of their co-operation.

In a statement issued tonight the board said: "The board will proceed as quickly as possible with hearings in the Atlantic coast, Southern and Southwestern states, of which due announcement will be made in the near future. Meanwhile stenographic reports of the hearings and the briefs which have been submitted to the board will be carefully digested. Until that time no indication can be given as to the boundaries of the farm loan districts or the location of the banks. It is expected, however, that the federal land banks will be organized and opened for business in January, 1917."

J. H. SOUTHGATE, OF DURHAM, DEAD.

Durham, Sept. 29.—James H. Southgate, Durham's first citizen, a distinguished son of North Carolina and a national figure, died this afternoon at 1 o'clock of apoplexy. He expired at "Southgate's Cabin"—a rural retreat one mile northwest of University Station—and the fore-shadowing of his death was written in the agony of a few hours illness for which he summoned his only sister, Mrs. T. D. Jones, of Durham, to his bedside. The brief telegraphic announcement of his death came with such shocking suddenness that friends were prone to wait verification. He attended the duties of his office yesterday with customary vigor and boarded the 5.08 train for University Station when the day's work had ended.

The career of James Haywood Southgate is but a recital of the best of Durham's life from its infancy to the city's industrial magnitude of today. He has been identified with the philanthropic and industrial undertakings that are enduring. The firm name, J. Southgate & Son, that is emblazoned on a Main street building dates its beginning with 1876.

SENDS SCATCHING MESSAGE

DECLARES HE WOULD FEEL DEEPLY MORTIFIED TO HAVE O'LEARY VOTE FOR HIM.

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 29.—President Wilson made it plain tonight that he wants no "disloyal" American to vote for him. He expressed indignation over a telegram from Jeremiah A. O'Leary, of New York, president of the American Truth Society, accusing him of being pro-British and saying he had failed to obtain compliance with American rights.

The president sent Mr. O'Leary a short telegram, which officials indicated Mr. Wilson had desired to put in stronger language. His message follows: "Your telegram received. I would feel deeply mortified to have you or anybody like you vote for me. Since you have access to many disloyal Americans and I have not, I will ask you to convey this message to them."

Mr. O'Leary's telegram, given out by the president, follows:

"Again we greet you with a popular disapproval of your pro-British policies. Last year from the 23rd New York congressional district and now from your own state and from the voters of your own party, Senator Martine won because the voters of New Jersey do not want any trucking to the British empire nor do they approve of dictatorship over Congress.

"Your foreign policies, your failure to secure compliance with all American rights, your leniency with the British empire, your approval of war loans, the ammunition traffic are issues in this campaign. Do you know that William S. Bennett, a Republican congressman, ran in the Democratic primaries in the twenty-third New York congressional district and polled 36 per cent of the Democratic vote against his regular Democratic opponent? Anglo-manics and British interest may control newspapers, but they don't control votes. The people may be readers, but they are not followers of the newspapers.

"When, sir, will you respond to these evidences of popular disapproval of your policies by action. The Martine election and Bennett vote prove you have lost support amongst Democrats.

"Every vote for Martine was a vote against you, as was every Democratic vote that went for Bennett in the Democratic primaries in the twenty-third congressional district."

The president's attitude toward the campaign and towards some issues of the country were made known here today, an authoritative summary of his campaign plan being as follows:

The president will adhere strictly to his determination not to enter into personalities or into a political controversy with Charles E. Hughes. All the speeches he will make away from Shadow Lawn will be delivered before nonpartisan organizations and will be devoted entirely to a discussion of public questions. By inference they will have a political effect.

His speeches here, however, will be more political in tone. Tomorrow he will tell why he thinks young men should vote the Democratic ticket.

At present American voters are entitled to know, he believes, what the Republicans would do at present in Mexico, what attitude they would take about belligerent nations in Europe, whether they would repeal the federal reserve act, the tariff law, the rural credits act, the tariff commission bill, the eight-hour law for railroad employees, the child labor law and other legislative acts of the Democrats.

The president believes that satisfactory settlements of pending international questions can only be em-barrased by partisan discussions of them, and for this reason, is not expected to reply directly to the challenge issued by Mr. Hughes that he deny or confirm the charge that John Lind went to Mexico with orders to oust Gen. Huerta. On this subject Mr. Wilson takes the position that Huerta was ousted, that the Democratic administration opposed him constantly and that, therefore no reply is necessary.

The president received word today that John M. Parker, Progressive candidate for vice president, plans to make speeches in opposition to Mr. Hughes. At first administration officials said the president himself had

SENATOR CLARKE, OF ARKANSAS, DEAD.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 1.—Senator James P. Clarke, of Arkansas, president pro tempore of the United States senate, died at his home here at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Senator Clarke suffered a stroke of apoplexy Friday and never regained consciousness. News of his death came as a shock, as it was not generally known until today that his condition was serious.

Senator Clarke was born in Yazoo City, Miss., August 18, 1854. He was educated in the schools of his native state and in 1878 graduated from the law department of the University of Virginia. He began the practice of law in Helena, Ark., in 1879; he served several terms in the Arkansas legislature, and later was elected attorney general of the state and governor. In 1903 he was elected United States senator and re-elected last year for his third term. His present term as United States senator would not have expired until March 4, 1921.

REPUBLICANS AID DEMOCRATS TO ANSWER CHARGES.

Washington, Oct. 1.—United States Senators Robert M. LaFollette, of Wisconsin, and Albert E. Cummins, of Iowa, both Republicans, have furnished the sensation of the campaign by joining in the general bombardment of Candidate Hughes. In no uncertain terms, Senator LaFollette denounces the Hughes charge that the eight-hour law for railway trainmen was a "force bill." In a signed statement Senator Cummins has attributed utter falseness and partisan unfairness to the recent Republican attacks upon the child labor law. Thus two more issues which Candidate Hughes has attempted to raise are riddled and from within his own political camp.

Lets Big Contract For Street Work.

High Point, Sept. 29.—The contract for the street work was let last night to Lassiter & Co., after a session of the city council that lasted until midnight. There were a large number of bidders which made the meeting a very strenuous one. The successful bidders have their home office at Oxford. They did most of the streets of Greensboro and are well recommended.

The city council will meet Monday night for the purpose of laying off the city into districts after which the street work will begin. It is thought that Main street will be given first attention. A large force will be engaged and most of the Main street work can be completed by January 1.

Loan of \$50,000,000 to Paris.

New York, Sept. 29.—Paris is borrowing money for the first time outside of France. A \$50,000,000 loan has been arranged for the city here through Kuhn, Loeb & Co., it was announced today. The loan will take the form of five-year 6 per cent bonds, which will be offered the public by the banking firm next week. The city of Paris will use the funds provided by the bond issue, to increase hospital facilities, build orphan asylums, care for widows of soldiers and to maintain the unemployed.

Mr. Porter C. Troxler, of Greensboro Route 2, favored The Patriot with a call Friday.

heard from Mr. Parker, but later it was stated that this was a mistake and that a letter announcing his intention had been sent by Mr. Parker to Bainbridge Colby, of New York.

Mr. Parker Against Hughes. New Orleans, Sept. 29.—John M. Parker, Progressive vice presidential nominee, said here today that he had written Bainbridge Colby, a New York Progressive leader, stating that he was willing to be used "in whatever way appeared best," and that when he went to New York he would speak against the candidacy of Charles E. Hughes.

"Of course that would be in favor of Mr. Wilson," said Mr. Parker, "but I will speak as a Progressive and not as an affirmative supporter of the Democratic nominee."

Mr. Parker reiterated that he preferred Mr. Wilson over Mr. Hughes but he said he did not expect to speak under the auspices of the Democratic campaign committee.

DRIVES THE RUMANIANS OUT

SUFFERED HEAVY LOSSES AND ARE FLEEING IN DISORDER FROM MOUNTAINS.

London, October 1.—Troops of the central powers, under the command of General Von Falkenhayn, former chief of the German general staff, have gained a decisive victory over the Rumanian invaders of Central Transylvania. The Rumanians were crushed between two forces in a battle which raged for three days. After suffering heavy losses, the invaders are reported fleeing in disorder into the mountains.

The defeat of the Rumanians was brought about by a strategic move virtually impossible on the western battle front. General Von Falkenhayn divided his forces of Germans and Austro-Hungarians. While one body engaged the invaders around Hermannstadt, the other encircled the Rumanians and seized Rotherthurn Pass, in the mountains 15 miles southeast of Hermannstadt and one of the first points gained by the Rumanians in their advance.

Both forces then pressed in upon the Rumanians, composed of sections of the first Rumanian army. Bavarian troops holding Rotherthurn checked an advance by the second Rumanian army, which attempted to come to the air of its surrounded compatriots. Berlin reports that a large amount of booty was taken, as well as prisoners.

In western Transylvania the Rumanians also suffered a repulse. Their attack in the region of Szekely Vovarhely was checked and a German attack in the same section resulted in the capture of 600 prisoners.

Fighting continues on the Somme front, but with little change in the positions of the combatants. The Germans continue their counter attacks around Thiepval. Further south the French have made an advance north of Rancourt, driving their wedge in the German lines there. Berlin reports the repulse of British attacks on this front.

During September the British in their advance on the Somme front lost almost 120,000 officers and men. This is at the rate of 3,800 a day, but falls below the daily human cost for August. Since the offensive began, figures published in London show that the British have lost approximately 300,000 men in their efforts to break the German defenses.

The Overseas News Agency, a semi-official news bureau in Berlin, announces that it is stated on "competent authority" that Germany has reached a new decision concerning submarine warfare. The statement from the news agency minimizes the articles appearing in German newspapers regarding American aviators serving with the entente allies and declares that the German government does not consider such acts as breaches of neutrality.

ESCAPED U. S. CONVICT ARRESTED IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 29.—After a search by federal secret service agents which has extended over the entire country William Knobloch, who escaped from the federal penitentiary at Atlanta on August 29 with "Lieutenant" Robert Fay, convicted bomb plotter, was arrested here tonight. He professed ignorance of the present whereabouts of Fay and declared they had no outside assistance in making their escape.

Knobloch had been trailed for three days by secret service men in the hope that he might communicate with Fay but he failed to do so. Knobloch told the special agents of the department of justice who arrested him that he and Fay were in hiding in the vicinity of the penitentiary for eight days after they escaped. They then separated and Knobloch worked his way North, paying his way by obtaining odd jobs, as an automobile mechanic.

Knobloch was convicted in Baltimore for using the mails to defraud and was sent to Atlanta in May of this year to serve a term of 18 months.

At the penitentiary Fay and Knobloch escaped by use of forged passes on the pretense they had been directed to repair a defective electric wire outside the walls.

Mr. G. E. Gilliam, of Altamaw, was a welcome visitor at The Patriot office Thursday evening.

Your Fall Clothes

Are you giving them a serious thought? We have, and are ready to fit you in Neat, Nobby Styles at Reasonable Prices, regardless of the Great cry of high prices. Men's Suits, Young Men's Suits and Boys' Suits. Select Your Fall Underwear Now.

SAVOY SHIRTS \$1.50.

BOYDEN SHOES \$6.50

CRAWFORD & REES



DOG REMEDIES

We have a specific remedy for every disease of the Dog, such as Mange, Black Tongue, Distemper, Worms, Constipation, Diarrhoea and all other Dog Troubles.

GARDNER'S
Drug Store,

Special Values in FARM LAND

47 acres, new five-room house, 10 miles north, for \$1,750.

75 acres, 4 miles southwest, on sand clay road, new dwelling, \$3,250.

40 acres, 1 mile from macadam road, 9 miles northwest, good dwelling and out-buildings, \$2,000.

83 acres, 9 miles southwest, fair dwelling, new barn, good land, \$2,075.

Brown Real Estate Co.
103 East Market Street.

THE FOX TYPEWRITER

not only runs lighter but it runs longer, as it's many operators testify. A trial convinces.

We have some good secondhand Underwoods at prices that will interest you.

BARKER BROS.
GENERAL OFFICE SUPPLIES
Telephone 88. Opposite Bijou.

Dr. Daniel Dees Dr. Ralph Dees
Dr. Rigdon Dees.

DOCTORS DEES
General Surgery and Diseases of Women.

McAdoo Office Building—Next to Postoffice.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

GEORGE B. ROBERSON, M.D.
Practice of
MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Office McAdoo Building—Next to Postoffice—Rooms 205-206.
Phones: Residence, 296; Office, 1081

WHY HE'LL VOTE FOR WILSON

FORD SAYS HE IS SUPPORTING HIM BECAUSE WALL STREET IS AGAINST HIM.

Washington, Sept. 29.—The statement of Henry Ford, the automobile manufacturer, giving his reasons for supporting President Wilson in preference to the Republican candidate, caused much comment here. Mr. Ford called a spade a spade.

Mr. Ford said: "To begin with I'm supporting Wilson because Wall Street is supporting the other man, or, rather, because Wall Street is against Wilson.

"I'm for Wilson because he is 'on to' the interests—the 'unseen hands' that seek to control government—and is holding them off. That he is 'on to' them and is holding them off is proved by his refusal to rush into war with Mexico, sacrificing the lives of thousands of young Americans to save the dollars that Wall Street has invested in Mexico on a gamble.

"For this one reason alone the nation is under an obligation to return Wilson to the White House.

"But for purely business reasons, which may appeal more directly to many men, the welfare of the country demands Wilson's re-election. The Republicans are raising a great roar about the eight-hour law and how it will hamper business.

"I say—and I speak from experience, not from guess work—that the eight-hour law will help business.

"The employers of the country should be as enthusiastically behind Wilson in his advocacy of the eight-hour day as the workers, and they would be if they knew their business. For employers who are hostile to the eight-hour day do not know their business.

"We have had the eight-hour day in force in the Ford factory for three years, and we have made more money each succeeding year under it. It has proved its own merit.

"Republicans are arguing that when the war ends all our prosperity will cease—unless we have a Republican in the White House.

"I deny first that war is responsible for the present prosperity. The Ford company has not taken a dollar of war contracts—has refused them time after time—and yet our business has grown constantly and we are now 200,000 cars behind orders.

"The business of the United States today has a momentum that no man or group of men can stop.

"As for the tariff, which Republicans insist must be revised to help save our property after the war, I want to say that the tariff is nothing but a hothouse remedy. It may make business sprout for a little while, but its effect is artificial and it can never produce a hardy, permanent business plant.

"If we cannot compete on even terms with any country on earth, then we ought to quit. There is absolutely no necessity for hard times. There is enough in this world to do for everybody, and this country always will find enough to do if the interests and Wall Street will keep hands off and not rob the many to enrich the few.

"I believe the president hit the nail on the head in a recent speech when he said:

"The relations of capital and labor must be regarded as a human relationship of men with men. Labor must be regarded as part of the general partnership of energy which is going to make for the success of business men and business enterprises."

"When we get somewhere near that basis the real causes of hard times will disappear. And I believe that Wilson as president will do more to bring an approach to those conditions than Hughes.

"I know Hughes. Teddy and Wall Street are behind him.

"I'm a Republican, but I'm for Wilson. I'm a Republican for the same reason I have ears—I was born that way. But I'm for Wilson because I believe he can do more to enhance the prosperity and insure the peace of this nation than any other candidate. Any one who does not want peace, and who wants to gamble with prosperity, should vote against him."

Apple Tree Changes Character of Its Crop.

Summit, Sept. 29.—J. W. Church, of Summit, Wilkes county, has a nice Virginia Beauty apple tree that has for the past years borne crops of nice Virginia Beauty apples true to color and fine flavor. This year it has changed its crop from Virginia Beauties to Buckingham apples. As true to color and flavor as before to the type of Virginia Beauties.

Mr. Church is desirous that Summit fruit raisers explain the cause of its changing coats.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

ONLY ONE SUCH FLOOD IN CENTURY.

Washington, Sept. 29.—The United States weather bureau thinks that another flood like the one that came to North Carolina last July will hardly happen again in a century.

The flood is attributed to the unusual combination of two tropical cyclones close together, one from the Alabama route and the other from the South Carolina coast.

"Tropical cyclones," concludes the weather bureau report, "do not, as a rule, synchronize as did these two and in that fact we would base our belief that a repetition of the storms of July, 1916, is not probable more than once in a century if not for a longer time."

The estimated property loss by the bureau in the flooded area is \$20,474,085, including:

Tangible property, buildings, roads, bridges, culverts, etc., \$4,917,574.

Live stock and movable farm property, \$811,513.

Suspension of business, loss of wages, \$1,938,870.

Railroads, \$1,200,000.

The Catawba, July 17, crested at a stage of 45.5 feet at Mt. Holly. That stage was 22.5 feet above the previous high water mark.

"The gradient of the Catawba is steep," says the report, "its profile showing a fall of about 23.25 feet in the 200 miles between the headwaters and Camden, S. C."

In the weather report it is stated: "It is a fact that in no other part of the United States are the forces of landscape sculpturing so active and effective as in the South Atlantic States, mainly because those regions more than others are subject to heavy precipitation and consequently frequent floods. Nowhere in the United States, so far as known to the writer, are the streams subject to such frequent and marked changes in volume and in the degree to which they are loaded as in those which have their source in the Southern Appalachians."

The report stated that in sections of the Blue Ridge range the run-off of water was 80 to 90 per cent of the precipitation.

WILSON'S CAMPAIGN OF LETTER WRITING OPENS.

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 29.—In a message opening his campaign of letter writing President Wilson declared that "the question is about to be determined—whether we shall keep the nation upon its present terms of peace and good will with the world or turn to radical changes of policy which may alter the whole aspect of the nation's life."

The president wrote the letter to Miss Leona L. Larrabee, president of the Women's Democratic Club of Portland, Oregon, thanking her for work being done in his behalf by the organization.

"I cannot help having the feeling," said the president's letter, "that the intelligent women of Oregon need no suggestion or intimation from me as to what are the real issues of the present campaign or the real concern that women must have with those issues. As a very sincere advocate of the extension of the suffrage to women, it seems to me a very great disservice to the cause that partisan use should be made of it, particularly at a time so critical as this, when the question is about to be determined whether we shall keep the nation upon its present terms of peace and good will with the world or return to radical changes of policy which may alter the whole aspect of the nation's life."

In another letter, sent to Howard S. Williams, of Jackson, Miss., expressing regret that he cannot attend the annual convention of the Young Men's Business Clubs of America at Jackson, on October 10, the president declared that the future business development of the country rests in an unusually and peculiar degree at present in the hands of young business men.

The president made it clear again tonight that he has no intention of making a campaign tour.

Headgear in War.

The German army was equipped with steel helmets long before the war was begun. After the conflict was well under way the French discovered that the percentage of head wounds sustained by their soldiers was much greater than the percentage in the German army. The French adopted the steel helmet.

The British followed suit, and now even the slow moving Russians have equipped a small part of their forces with the best form of protection against head wounds. After Russia comes the United States with an announcement through the war department that steel helmets for American soldiers are being "considered."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

ABNORMAL GROWTH OF CHEMICAL SUPPLY.

New York, Sept. 29.—A dye census containing information about 8,000 dyestuffs, said to be the first publication of its kind distributed in any country, was made public here at the National Exposition of Chemical Industries by Dr. Thomas H. Norton, dye expert of the federal bureau of foreign and domestic commerce.

More than 37,500 items of dye imports under 5,670 heads, which have come from Germany, Switzerland, England and France, appear in the census list, obtained by Dr. Norton's staff through co-operation with the secretary of the treasury. Dr. Norton said in one year the United States imported 25,700 tons of artificial dyes of which 22,000 tons came from Germany, while today nearly all this is being obtained in this country from coal tar products. General distribution of the census will begin in about two weeks it was said.

The abnormal growth of the chemical industry in the United States, which is now reputed to be second to the steel industry, was illustrated in one case by J. F. Schoellkopf, Jr., of Buffalo, who said at a meeting of the American Chemical Society that before the war his firm made 3,000,000 pounds of dyestuffs a year, while 30,000,000 pounds a year are now being turned out.

A resolution directing the society to ascertain if American manufacturers could not supply the bureau of printing and engraving at Washington with the dyes which it is still contracting for in Germany was adopted.

Burglars Take Many Firearms.

North Wilkesboro, Sept. 29.—The Jenkins Hardware Store here was broken into last night and about 10 revolvers, 25 or 30 knives, two breech-loading and one automatic shot gun and a Remington rifle stolen, and much ammunition.

Gentle—But Sure.

Biliousness, sick headache, sour stomach, gas, bloating, constipation, dyspepsia—all these distressing consequences of retaining a mass of undigested and fermenting food in the stomach are avoided if the bowels are kept open and regular. Foley Cathartic Tablets are first aid to good health. Do not gripe. Conyers' Drug Store.

Prescription Service!

When You Send Your Prescriptions to
Conyers & Sykes' Drug Store
To be Filled you can leave your doubts behind. Only the the Purest Drugs are Carefully Compounded by Experienced Prescription men just as Your Doctor would have them. When you come to Greensboro be sure to pay this Drug Store a visit.

CONYERS & SYKES, Druggists
Near Greensboro National Bank.

OUR CREED:—HONEST PRICES; LIVING VALUES.

STOVES and RANGES

Are you going to purchase a NEW COOK STOVE this Fall? If you are, don't fail to see our line before deciding which to buy. We handle the old reliable Philipps & Buttrick line, which have stood the test for 60 years. Every Stove or Range guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

Ranges priced from \$27.50 to \$48.00. Stoves from \$8.50 and up. Prices include complete set of ware.

Our Strictly Cash basis enables us to offer you the same saving in Stoves as other lines for the home.

MORRISON - NEESE FURNITURE CO.,

Next door to Beall Hardware Co. 120 W. Market Street

L. M. Ammen & Co.

Funeral Directors and Embalmers
Two Licensed Embalmers and Lady Assistant

At the service of the public day and night. All work done by experts and at reasonable prices.

Our Hearses are equipped with Ammen's Patented Automatic Safety Hearses Pins.

An up-to-date Picture Framing department in connection with our Undertaking business.

607 SOUTH ELM STREET
Phones—Day 483; Night 1521

Dr. J. E. WYCHE
DENTIST

SECOND FLOOR FISHER BLDG.
Phones: Office, 29; Residence 22.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS

There may be thousands in it for you. Perspective and Mechanical Drawings for Patent Office approval.

Patterns made in wood or metal.

All business transactions confidential. Advice given free.

L. M. AMMEN
607 South Elm St.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Green Hides 16c Lb.

I want to buy beef cattle, veals, fresh milk cows. Highest prices paid.

J. C. OLIVE,
Phone 713 City Market

GET IT AT ODELL'S—QUALITY FIRST

Prepare Now For Cold Weather

By purchasing a STOVE that you can rely on to give heat when cold winds blow. You can rest comfortably when you know your Stoves will keep the family warm.

Purchase a HEATING STOVE and not a Coal and Wood Eater. Our line of

Columbia Air-Tight Wood Heaters,

Open Franklins, Etc.,

Are now on Display. We are prepared to supply you with anything from a Sheet Iron Heater to a Hard Coal Base Burner for \$60.00.

ODELL HARDWARE CO.

The Largest Hardware Store of the Carolinas

... principles, the free
... however, has been
... in its inco-
... considerations and
..."

Even the man who dodges responsibility all his life has to go to

and the finest hearse in the county bore his remains to the last resting place. While not the wealthiest man in No. 3 township, he was the largest land owner, possessing over 600

Go in, cotton! We can see the maiden of next spring sighing because she has nothing to wear except a silk or satin dress, when she wants a nice cotton dress, oh

ground of adultery, and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the term of Superior court to be held in said county on the second Monday in October, 1916, at the court house in Greensboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said action.

This September 8, 1916. 76-82.

GARLAND DANIEL, Secretary, Greensboro, N. C.

Used it Eleven Years.
I have used a remedy that for many years has given relief from coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. Mr. James Hertz, Allen Mills, Pa., writes: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar for the past eleven years and I would not be without it." It promptly relieves hoarseness, tickling throat and wheezy breathing. Consult your Drug Store.

GREENSBORO PATRIOT

ESTABLISHED 1821.

Published Every Monday and Thursday by W. I. Underwood.

OFFICE—118 1-2 North Elm street, second floor of the Beville building. Telephone No. 273.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.
Payable in Advance.

ONE YEAR \$1.50
SIX MONTHS .75
FOUR MONTHS .50

Entered at the postoffice in Greensboro, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1916.



WHAT WOULD HUGHES DO?

Mr. Hughes is prolific in his criticism of the official acts of Mr. Wilson, but he steadfastly refuses to tell the people what he would have done had he been in the president's place. Perhaps he doesn't know. At any rate, efforts to find out how the Republican candidate would have met the many trying situations that have confronted the chief executive may as well be abandoned. It is more important to learn, if possible, what Mr. Hughes would do if he should be elected president, and in an effort to obtain this information for the public, the Springfield Republican has put the following searching questions to the Republican candidate:

1. What will you do, Mr. Hughes, concerning the railroad situation? Have you any program for dealing with labor disputes in interstate commerce? Do you intend to demand the repeal of the Adamson eight-hour law?
2. What will you do, Mr. Hughes, about the federal income and inheritance taxes, in case your party undertakes to revise the tariff upward?
3. What will you do, Mr. Hughes, about the federal reserve banking system? Do you intend to support an effort in the interests of the New York banks and financiers to transform the system into a central bank such as the late Senator Aldrich stood for?
4. What will you do, Mr. Hughes, about the seamen's act and the new federal shipping board?
5. What will you do, Mr. Hughes, about universal compulsory military service, which was boldly advocated by Mr. Bacon in his canvass for the Republican senatorial nomination in New York? Will you stand for it, or not?
6. What will you do, Mr. Hughes, about the labor injunction clauses of the Clayton act? Will you demand their modification or repeal?
7. What will you do, Mr. Hughes, about China and dollar diplomacy and Japanese "penetration" into the Chinese empire? Will you fight Japan if the Japanese undertake to establish an Asiatic Monroe doctrine in this hemisphere?
8. What will you do, Mr. Hughes, about Mexico? Do you intend to use the army to possess the country, as the United States possessed Cuba, the Philippines and Haiti, and establish a permanent or even temporary overlordship over the whole Mexican people?
9. What will you do, Mr. Hughes, about the European war? Will you demand from Germany an immediate and a full disavowal for the sinking of the Lusitania? Or will you demand from Great Britain the immediate cessation of illegal acts connected with the blockade, the blacklist and the mail censorship? Or will you insist on an American embargo upon munition shipments to the en-

tente powers? Or will you protest against the continued German occupation of Belgium?

In spite of all the talk he has indulged in during the campaign, Mr. Hughes has said nothing to show how he would answer these questions in the event he should become president of the United States. Yet they are important questions relating to vital affairs of government. The people have a right to know where to place Mr. Hughes with reference to them, and if he does not know what he would do, the people are still entitled to know that.

THE PROPER SELECTION OF SEED CORN IN THE FIELD.

Autumn is the time to prepare for a profitable corn crop the following season. At corn-ripening time, drop all other business and select an abundance of seed corn. The process is too important to be conducted incidentally while husking. When selecting seed corn, give the process your entire attention. Get the very best that is to be had and preserve it well, and your increased yields will return you more profit than any other work you can do on your farm.

In thirteen years' investigations conducted upon Scioto river bottom soil near Piketon, Ohio, with Woodburn white dent, U. S. selection 77, the yield was raised from an average of 63 bushels of dry shelled corn from 1901 to 1907 to an average of 75 bushels from 1907 to 1913. The principal influence producing this increase in yield was the selection and the care of seed corn.

The only proper way to select seed corn is from the stalks standing where they grew, as soon as ripe and before the first hard freeze. As soon as the crop ripens, go through the field with seed-picking bags, and husk the ears from the stalks that have produced the most corn without having any special advantages, such as space, moisture, or fertility. Avoid the large ears on stalks standing singly with an unusual amount of space around them. Preference should be given the plants that have produced most heavily in competition with a full stand of less productive plants. In all localities the inherent tendency of the plant to produce heavily of sound, dry, shelled corn is of most importance. Late maturing plants with ears which are heavy because of an excessive amount of sap should be ignored. Sapiness greatly increases the weight and is likely to destroy the quality. In the central and southern states, all other things being equal, short, thick stalks are preferable. Short stalks are not so easily blown down and permit quicker planting. Thick stalks are so easily broken down and in general are more productive than slender ones. The tendency for corn to produce suckers is hereditary. Other things being equal, seed should be taken from stalks that have no suckers.

The same day seed corn is gathered the husked ears should be put in a dry place, where there is free circulation of air, and placed in such a manner that the ears do not touch each other. This is the only safe procedure. Good seed is repeatedly ruined because it is thought to be already dry enough when gathered and that the precaution mentioned above is unnecessary. Many farmers believe that their autumns are so dry that such care is superfluous. Seed corn in every locality gathered at ripening time will be benefited by drying as suggested. If left in the husk long after ripening, it may sprout or mildew, wet weather or become infested with weevils. The vitality of seed is often reduced by leaving it in a sack or in a pile for even a day after gathering. During warm weather, with some moisture in the cobs and kernels, the ears heat or mildew in a remarkably short time. The best possible treatment immediately after gathering is to string the ears. Ordinarily the best place to hang strings of ears is in an open shed or loft. Wire racks are more convenient, and in the end cheaper, than binder twine. Such racks may be made from electrically welded lawn fencing. The cutting of the fencing into seed-corn racks is done without any waste.—Extension Farm News.

Hosiery Mills Increase Wages.

Durham, Sept. 30.—Seven and a half per cent increase in salaries for more than three thousand employees of mills in Durham, High Point, Goldsboro, Carrboro and Mebane will be given by the Durham Hosiery Mills according to notices that have been ordered posted in each plant of the company.

The present weekly payroll of the company is over \$16,000 and the increase will amount to more than \$2,000 weekly. Announcement of the additional pay was voluntary on the part of the company, employees say.

"What Would You Have Done? The People Have A Right To Know"



—Dayton News.

Gathering Apples.

The fall of the year is here and it is a show to see them gather apples in the large orchards. A visit recently to the orchard of the Granite City Orchard Company, near this city, was well worth the time. It would pay any farmer in this section to take a few hours off and go to this large orchard and see what modern methods will do in the way of fruit growing. Large trees there by the hundred are loaded with as fine fruit as ever grows anywhere. A force of men and boys are now gathering and packing at the rate of 75 barrels a day, while a force of women are canning and drying the fruit that is not in condition to pack and keep. It is estimated that this orchard has more than four thousand bushels and most of this is fruit that will bring a fancy price when put on the market. —Mt. Airy News.

All Men Comrades.

The trenches of Europe, filled with men who realize every moment of the day that their lives are at stake, have brought about a closer brotherhood of man than anything else for generations. The men come to depend on each other to a marked degree, and the willingness to help and aid is always apparent. The priest doing little kindnesses for a soldier is by no means infrequent at the front.

Highest Cash Price Paid FOR GREEN HIDES.

Highest cash prices paid for Rubber, Metals, Bones, Rags and Bags.

J. C. CLARK,

125 Lewis Street Phone 798

CHAS. A. HINES, Attorney-at-Law,

Office in Wright Building

N. Elm Street Opp. Court House

Dr. W. P. Reaves, M.

Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Office and Pharmacy—McAdoo Building, Next to Postoffice.

NOTICE OF SUMMONS AND WARRANT OF ATTACHMENT.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court, September 25th Term, 1916.

M. W. Sterne and Geo. D. Sterne, trading as Washington Steam Bakery Company

vs. Bay State Milling Company.

The defendant, the Bay State Milling Company, in the above entitled action, will take notice that on the 14th day of September, 1916, summons in the defendant, the Bay State Milling Company, by M. W. Gant, clerk of Superior court of Guilford county, North Carolina, the plaintiffs claiming the sum of \$1,745.00 due them on account of the failure of said defendant to deliver three carloads of flour, which summons is returnable to the term of Superior court of Guilford county, to be held in Greensboro, North Carolina, beginning on November 6, 1916. The defendant will also take notice that a warrant of attachment was issued against the defendant, the Bay State Milling Company, on the 14th day of September, 1916, against the property of said defendant, which warrant is returnable to the term of Superior court for Guilford county, beginning the 6th day of November, 1916, at the time and place named for the return of the summons, when and where the defendant, the Bay State Milling Company, is required to appear to answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiffs, or the relief demanded will be granted. This Sept. 26, 1916. 82-88 M. W. GANT, C. S. C.

Wigg—"Even athletes are subject to the ills that flesh is heir to." Wagg—"Yes, many a ball player gets a kink in his arm from throwing bouquets at himself."

Today And A Generation Hence

The flight of time makes us think of the future. The baby of today reflects



There is in "Mother's Friend" the direct and immediate help that all expectant mothers require. Used by their own hand, guided by their own minds, they learn at once the blessed relief from morning sickness resulting from undue stretching. They experience daily calm and nightly rest. It is indeed "Mother's Friend." Get a bottle today of any druggist. Then write Bradford Regulator Co., 410 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for one of the most entertaining and valuable little books ever presented. It is worth writing for.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., made by M. W. Gant, the clerk thereof, and the same having been duly approved by his honor G. S. Ferguson, judge holding the courts in said county, in a special proceeding, therein pending, entitled: In the matter of J. P. Sterne, plaintiff, guardian of Lottie Bartley, a person of unsound mind, ex parte, the undersigned guardian will, on Monday the 2nd day of October, 1916, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the court house door in Greensboro, Guilford county, N. C., offer for sale to the highest bidder for one-half cash, balance in six months, deferred payments to bear six per cent interest from date of sale; and title retained till all the purchase money is paid, two certain tracts of land, lying and being in Sumner township and Guilford county, N. C., and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

First tract: Lying and being near the "Freeman Mill" road on the waters of Deep river and adjoining the lands of Will Osborn, Daniel Osborn and Albert Saterlight and bounded as follows: Beginning at a post oak running thence north fifty-six poles to a black jack; thence west five and one-half poles to a dogwood; thence north forty-three poles to a hickory and one-half pole to the old line; thence along said line west fifty-five and one-half poles to a stone; thence along said line south one hundred poles to a hickory; thence east sixty-two poles to the first station; and containing forty acres, more or less.

Second tract:—On the waters of Hickory creek, adjoining the lands of Wesley Saterlight, John Marsh and Rufus Marsh, beginning at a stone, the old Henry Saterlight corner, running west forty-four and one-half poles along the old Thomas Denson line to a stake, the old Jeremiah Reynolds corner; thence north sixty poles to the old Henry Saterlight line; thence east forty-four and one-half poles to the old Almer Saterlight line; thence south to the beginning, containing twenty acres, more or less. The same being the lands conveyed by deed from William Chapel and wife to John Bartley, and recorded in book 272, at page 3; the second described tract was conveyed by deed from Robert Bartley to John Bartley; see book 272, at page 5. This is very fine land and well timbered in oak, pine, poplar and hickory. A survey will be made of this land and a map thereof made; which map will be on exhibition on the day of sale. This August 19, 1916. J. F. STEVENS, Guardian of Lottie Bartley. Adams & Adams, Attorneys.

PNEUMONIA

left me with a frightful cough and very weak. I had spells when I could hardly breathe or speak for 10 to 20 minutes. My doctor could not help me, but I was completely cured by

DR. KING'S New Discovery

Mrs. J. E. Cox, Joliet, Ill.

SHOES WILL BE HIGHER

But for the present we can still offer you the following: Men's Endicott-Johnson Work Shoes, tan and black, at \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50. Men's Gun Metal Shoes, \$2.25, \$2.85, \$3 and \$3.50. Men's Elkin home-made whole stock Shoes at \$3. We now have the Elkin Shoes in all sizes from small children's size 8 to men's size 11. Better buy all you need now—later in the season Elkin Shoes will be hard to get at any price.

Women's Work Shoes, \$2, \$2.25, \$2.35 and \$2.50. Women's Gun Metal Shoes, \$2, \$2.25, \$2.75. Women's Vici Kid Shoes, \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50 and up. Full line of the popular and reliable Walton Shoes for small children, girls, boys and women at a very small advance over last season's prices.

Winter Underwear is also going to be higher. Better let us supply you now at last year's prices.

THACKER & BROCKMANN

PURELY S.S.S. FOR THE BLOOD VEGETABLE

An Historical Fact

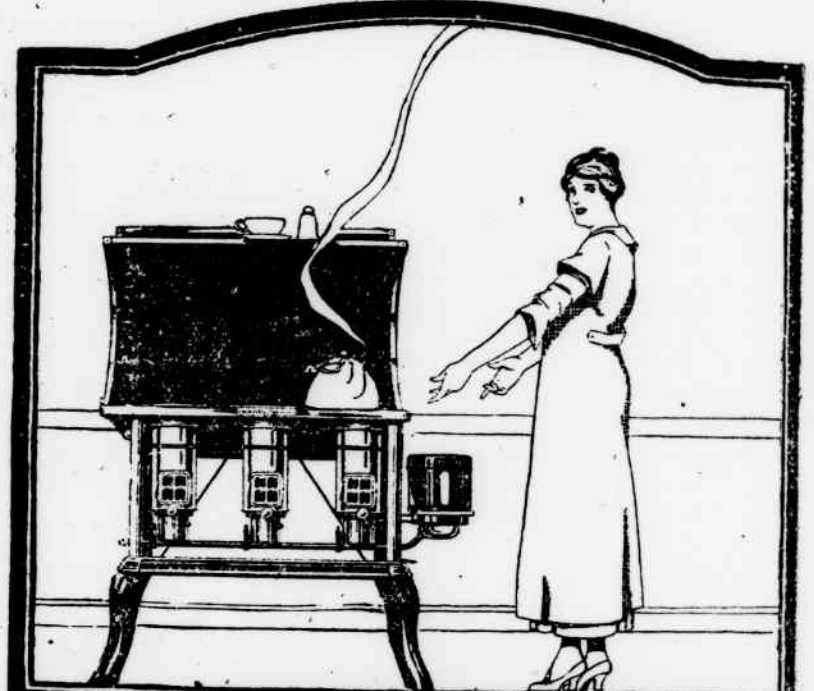
Even before the days of our Forefathers, extracts from the same kind of roots, herbs and barks, now used in compounding the ingredients for S. S. S., were well known and extensively used among the Indians.

Science and modern methods have only changed the Indian way of handling the materials, the essential features are still in evidence in S. S. S.—Nature's Greatest Blood Purifier—and a natural sequence of the Indians favorite medicine.

GET THE GENUINE S. S. S. AT YOUR DRUGGIST.

S.S.S. Co. Atlanta, Georgia

USED FOR 50 YEARS SUCCESSFULLY



NEW PERFECTION

"I Bought Kitchen Comfort

from my dealer when I bought a New Perfection Oil Cook Stove."

Ask your dealer to tell you why the New Perfection Oil Cook Stove assures clean, even heat and lasting satisfaction.

He'll tell you that the long blue chimney gives a perfect draft and the proper distribution of heat. That "New Perfection" means gas stove comfort with kerosene oil—no more coal, wood or ashes.

Fuel cost—only 2 cents a meal for 6 people.

Saves your time and strength.

Turns on and off like gas.

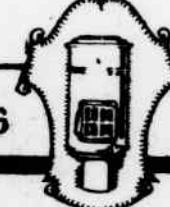
New Perfections are made in many styles and sizes. Ask your dealer to show them to you.

Look for The Long Blue Chimney

Use Aladdin Security Oil to obtain the best results in Oil Stoves, Heaters and Lamps

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

Washington, D. C. (New Jersey) BALTIMORE Charlotte, N. C.
Norfolk, Va. MD. Charleston, W. Va.
Richmond, Va. Charleston, S. C.



"IT'S THE LONG BLUE CHIMNEY"

Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

MR. HUGHES AND THE RAILROAD STRIKE.

Now that the railroad strike has been averted by the prompt and resolute action of President Wilson and the Democratic Congress, Candidate Hughes is criticizing the president for the way it was done.

Mr. Hughes' hindsight of course, it operates always according to this rule: Whatever the president does is wrong and should have been done differently.

For months the stormy cloud of the threatened strike hung over the country. For two or three weeks the situation was acute. Every possible means of preventing the strike was attempted and failed—until the president and Congress took the situation in hand.

During all that time Mr. Hughes had not a word to say. Not a syllable of advice was allowed to trickle through his lips. He was repeatedly challenged, by important newspapers, to state in advance of the event what he thought ought to be done—what, if he were president, he would do. But Mr. Hughes kept the silence of the grave—until the administration had acted and the country was saved from a great calamity.

Now that the danger is past Mr. Hughes is talking. He thinks "the principle of arbitration" should have been "preserved." He is in tears of grief and anger because it was not. But, even as a hindsight seer, he offers no suggestion as to how two things could have been accomplished at the same time: avert the strike, and compel arbitration on one side that absolutely refused to arbitrate when there was no way to compel it.

Had Mr. Hughes' advice—which he carefully refrained from giving to a waiting country till after the danger was past—had his advice been followed the strike would have come as surely as the sun will rise in the morning.

Then, in that event, Mr. Hughes would also have criticized. He would have been even more harsh than he is now. He would have called on heaven to witness that a firm and resolute man in the president's chair, could have averted the strike, kept the country out of an ocean of loss and suffering—and after that was accomplished would have provided for the future, including the establishment of the principle of arbitration.

In a word, if Wilson had not done what Mr. Hughes would have desired afterwards, always afterwards, that it was precisely what he should have done.

It is easy and safe to be a critic. It is hard work, under the burden of a mountain of responsibility, to be a president.—Omaha World-Herald.

CHANCELLOR OF GERMANY MAKES BITTER SPEECH.

Berlin, Sept. 29.—In an extended speech on the occasion of the opening of the Reichstag here today Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg reviewed the military situation confronting Germany and referred to England as "our most egoistic, our most bitter and our most tenacious enemy," according to the semi-official report of the Overseas News Agency.

"A German statesman who would refrain from using against this enemy every proper means of warfare would be up to shorten the war deservingly to be hanged," is one of the statements attributed to the chancellor.

The chancellor began by reviewing at length the entry of Rumania into the war and said that the Russian offensive this spring had made President Bratiano believe he saw the inevitable doom of the central powers.

"Accordingly," the speaker said, "he decided to obtain a share when the robbery of the dead body began."

"Since the beginning of the world war, Rumania has followed a policy of policy, depending upon the general war situation. Rumania's military participation will prove as mistaken as her political capitulation to her former friends, which already has been proved to have been wrong. They must have hoped earnestly that Rumania's participation in the war would cause the defection of Bulgaria and Turkey, but Turkey and Bulgaria are not the same as Rumania and Italy. Firm and inviolate stands their faithfulness as allies, and they have won glorious victories in Dobruja."

Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg then reviewed the military situation.

TRYING TO RAISE THE STANDARD OF FOWLS.

Troutman, Sept. 30.—H. E. Cain, a poultryman of considerable note, starts on the fair circuit next week with his string of fine Barred Rocks. He will go first to the Gastonia show. Mr. Cain is a Philadelphian, and since coming here he has done more to unify and standardize the poultry industry than any one man who ever tackled the proposition.

His plan is to make of Iredell county a Rock center where this variety can be had by the carload. So far he has refused to sell any eggs except to the poultry club boys and girls. To these he sells eggs at a very nominal sum. His mode of procedure is to let the eggs out to the neighboring farmers and instead of charging a fixed price he receives as his remuneration two or three chicks from the raiser.

By this means he has succeeded in placing innumerable fowls of the finest strain all over the county. He has been at this now about three years and already a preponderating per cent of the ordinary fowls sold on the market show the impress of Cain's breeding and when it gets to the place where the merchant can separate and grade the fowls, letting a few coops of barred uniform in color and weighing 20 pounds the dozen, then the real benefit will accrue to the producer.

Co-operation community breeding, uniformity, and merit are the points Mr. Cain harps on.

Paid Claim After 64 Years.

After 64 years the government has paid \$205.02 due to the estate of John Howard Payne, who wrote "Home, Sweet Home," for services as United States consul at Tunis. He died there in April, 1852. The fact that the payment was made is disclosed in the annual report of Edward D. Hearne, auditor of the treasury.

The money was paid to a collateral descendant of Payne, whose name is not given in Auditor Hearne's report. Mr. Hearne said that the record showing to whom the money was paid was not available.

The failure of the government to compensate the estate of John Howard Payne until after 64 years, was not due to any fault on its part. Payne was a bachelor and no collateral heirs came forward to claim the salary due him. "There was no red tape," said Auditor Hearne in his report. "On the consul's death no money due him could be paid except to a person qualified with authority to receive it. During all these 64 years no one was found to whom the money could be paid."

The Nation's Seed Bed.

A contented rural population is not only the measure of our nation's strength, an assurance of its peace when there should be peace, and a resource of courage when peace would be cowardice, but it is the nursery of the great leaders who have made this country what it is. Washington was born and lived in the country. Jefferson was a farmer. Henry Clay rode his horse to the mill through the slashes. Webster dreamed amid solitude of Marshfield. Lincoln was a rail splitter. Our own Ben Hill walked between the handles of the plow. Brown peddled barefoot the product of his patch. Stephens found immortality under the trees of his country home. Toombs and Cobb and Calhoun were country gentlemen, and, afar from cities' maddening strife, established that greatness that is the heritage of their people.

The cities produce very few leaders. Almost every great man in our history formed his character in the leisure and deliberation of our village and country life, and drew his strength from the drugs of the earth even as a child draws his from his mother's breasts.—Henry W. Grady.

End of War Not in Sight.

Both wicked and harmful are the statements hysterically circulated and ignorantly spoken to the effect that Germany will have to surrender soon. There never was a more foolish estimate of the position of affairs. It shows gross ignorance of Germany's strength, resources and determination, and no realization of the fact that the only peace conditions that can be imposed upon her are such that none but a beaten and humbled enemy could accept. Not the Hindenburg, nor the Roumanian sensation justify the ridiculous outcry that Germany is tottering.

The least harm such statements do is to cause the submerged and almost negligible pacifists here to raise their heads a little. But they are harmful to us in the war. They may be interpreted wrongly abroad. There are long, long months of arduous war to face before Germany will accept the terms that must be enforced.—London Globe.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Make the Most of Prosperity.

Every man should keep fit these days and make the most of his opportunities. No man can work his best handicapped with disordered kidneys and bladder, aching back, swollen joints, stiff muscles or rheumatic pains. Foley Kidney Pills pay for themselves a hundred times over in health improvement. Conyers' Drug Store.

SHOW FARMERS HOW TO USE PRINTERS INK.

The Oregon farmer can swell his annual receipts by using good printing and by occasional advertising in the weeklies of his country, says D. W. Morton, dean of the new school of commerce of the University of Oregon.

A farm letter head should carry the name of the farm, the name of the owner, the location of the farm, and perhaps a small picture of some feature of the place, says Dean Morton, who regards the farmer as a business man with a substantial investment upon which he should make every effort to pay interest.

"It gives a farmer a certain business standing if he has a neat letter head of good grade, and it improves the value of his farm to have a name and something of an individuality," he said. "There is some initial expense in having a picture taken and a cut made, but the publisher of the nearest country paper will attend to the details and afterward will do the printing reasonably."

"If the farmer raises high-class animals, his letter heads may contain a picture of a prize animal with its record; or if he has a stock farm a picture of a bunch of stock; or if he has the best house or barn in the neighborhood, a picture of that; or a picture of a grove or a stream is usually effective on stationery. There are few Oregon farms not worth naming, and few that do not provide something worthy a permanent picture."

"Advertising rates are very low in Oregon country papers, and a farmer at a cost from 10 to 50 cents may often sell a horse, a second-hand machine, or some other thing about the place he does not need by putting a small advertisement in his weekly paper."

"A farmer's advertisement should of course conform to the best advertising standards; it should be very definite and absolutely truthful."—Progressive Farmer.

Standard Oil Hits High Mark.

New York, Sept. 29.—"John D. Rockefeller, billionaire," is the way the oil king could have his cards engraved today, and everyone in Wall Street would accept it as a fact. When Standard Oil of New Jersey stock hit counter value of the stock of Standard Oil, as it existed before the government dissolved it as a naughty trust, up to \$2,014 a share. This \$2,014 represents the added values of each fraction of stock in subsidiary concerns, to which each share of the old Standard of New Jersey was entitled. John D. Rockefeller owns 247,692 shares with a par value of \$24,769,200. The value of these holdings at the time of the dissolution was \$167,194,100. The value today, with yesterday's closing quotations as the basis, is \$498,869,028.44, or nearly half a billion. This, with Rockefeller's holding in various banks, railroads, enormous blocks of national, state and municipal bonds, brings his total up to the billion mark.

DOES NOT WANT HIS PICTURE ON BUTTON.

New York, Sept. 29.—Colonel Roosevelt made written protest to Chairman Wilcox, of the Republican national committee, today against:

1.—The circulation of his portrait along with those of Charles E. Hughes and W. H. Taft on a campaign button.

2.—Advertising the Union League Club reception to Mr. Hughes next Tuesday as one arranged for a reconciliation between Roosevelt and Taft.

Upon receipt of the message Chairman Wilcox disclaimed all responsibility for the Hughes-Taft-Roosevelt button or the Taft-Roosevelt "kiss-and-make-up" program.

The chairman was so disturbed that he privately tried to have the Union League reception called off rather than have trouble.

Law Crazy.

We are law crazy. In the last five years our national and state law-making bodies have passed 62,550 laws, forgetting perhaps that God Almighty has made a very fair success out of His universe with only ten. This country, the greatest business organization in the world, permits 55 different systems of book-keeping in Washington and fewer than 50 of the 422 members of Congress before the present one ever looked a payroll in the face.—Edward Trefz in Leslie's.

Easier to Stop Now.

It is easier to check a bronchial cough now than later. Coughs grow worse the longer they continue. Foley's Honey and Tar stops tickling in throat, allays inflammation and irritation, restores sore and discharging membranes to healthy condition, opens congested air passages, and affords longed for relief. Conyers' Drug Store.

ADEQUATE PREPARATION FOR FOREIGN TRADE.

Washington, Sept. 30.—In view of the conditions that are expected to prevail in the foreign trade of the United States after the European war the Southern Commercial Congress at its next meeting will devote a special session to the importance and significance of adequate preparation for foreign trade. The meetings of the congress will be held in Norfolk, Va., December 11-14.

"Preparation for Foreign Service" will be the title of the special session over which will preside Dr. Glen Levin Swiggett, the assistant secretary general of the Second Pan-American Scientific Congress, a man generally acquainted with the subjects that will be under consideration.

Leading specialists, well known for their interest in this question and the positions they occupy, have been invited to present papers which will comprehensively discuss the questions from the standpoint of government, schools and colleges, trade associations, publicity, manufacturing, exporting, inland and ocean transportation and banking.

Her Dying Request Heeded.

Selden S. Deemer, steel manufacturer, and Mrs. Deemer have announced that in compliance with a request made by their daughter, Miss Charlotte L. Deemer, a short time before her death, in February, 1908, their estate, Belleaire, at New Castle, will be converted into a home for children.

The estate will be devised to trustees, who will assume charge of it when it is converted into a home.

The mansion contains 42 rooms, and is surrounded by spacious lawns. The original cost of the building was \$90,000.—Philadelphia North American.

Don't bank too strongly on a sure thing. Many a pointer proves to be a disappointment.

Cut This Out—It is Worth Money.

Don't miss this. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for cough, colds and croup. Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Conyers' Drug Store.

Democratic Speaking!

The Democratic Legislative and County Candidates will speak at the following times, places and hours:

Whitsett, Friday, October 6th, at 4 p. m.

Gibsonville, Friday, October 6th, at 7.30 p. m.

Summers' Mill, Saturday, October 7th, at 3 p. m.

McLeansville, Saturday, October 7th, 7.30 p. m.

Other Appointments will be announced later.

All or a part of the following candidates will be present:

Senate, A. M. Scales,
House, W. A. Bowman, C. G. Wright and Carter Dalton.
Sheriff, D. B. Stafford,
Register of Deeds, W. H. Rankin.
Treasurer, G. H. McKinney,
Coroner, G. L. Stansbury.
Commissioners, W. C. Jones, W. C. Boren.

CHARLES A. HINES,
Chairman Guilford Co. Dem. Ex. Com.

Auction Sale

303 ACRES

FINE FARM LANDS

Thursday, Oct. 5th.

Owned by the Brown Real Estate Company, known as the Old Iron Works Place, located one and a half miles north from Friendship station, and about two miles northwest from Guilford College, half mile of good free school and in close proximity to good churches, on public road from Friendship to Oak Ridge. Cut into eight tracts from 25 to 50 acres. This is considered one of the best tobacco farms in this section, and especially adapted to small grain and grasses; would make an ideal stock farm, being well watered; has one main dwelling and three tenement houses, good barn and outhouses. A large percentage of this farm is enclosed with good wire fence. Any one interested will be shown over the farm at any time. Possession given the purchaser at once.

The Brown Real Estate Company will guarantee title, acreage and square deal in every respect.

Terms: 10 per cent Cash, 25 per cent January 1st, 1917,
BALANCE 6, 12 and 18 Months.

Also One Lot of Farm Implements,
Consisting of Reapers, Mowers, Disc Harrows, Plows, Rakes, and Other Smaller Implements. Terms can be Arranged.

Many Free Attractions. Ladies Especially Invited.
Brass Band in Attendance.

Sale Conducted by the Star Realty & Auction Company,
J. H. PHILPOT, MANAGER, Greensboro, N. C.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

September Building Record.

During the month of September the city building inspector issued permits for new buildings and improvements to old buildings estimated to cost \$22,212. Nine permits were issued, all of them being for residences.

Wedding Invitations.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Starr have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Lily John Starr, and Mr. Alexander Masters, the ceremony to take place in Centenary Methodist church Tuesday evening, October 10.

Cranford-Hatch Wedding.

Mr. Charles F. Cranford, of High Point, and Miss Ora Pearl Hatch, of Liberty, were married here Saturday evening. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock by Rev. Dr. P. H. Fleming at the home of Mrs. J. A. Boggs, on Randolph avenue.

Senator Simmons Coming.

Senator F. M. Simmons has accepted an invitation extended by the county Democratic executive committee to speak in Greensboro during the progress of the campaign, the date to be announced later. Ex-Governor Glenn will also speak here and probably at some other place in the county.

Recovering From Illness.

Judge James E. Boyd, who has been confined to his room in a hotel in Asheville for a week or more by an attack of rheumatism, is not improving as rapidly as had been hoped. He was taken ill while presiding over a special term of court in Asheville and is under the care of a physician and a nurse.

Municipal Court Record.

During the past month 94 cases were tried in the Municipal court and convictions were recorded in 76 cases. Twenty-two of the cases were brought on charges of retailing and the remainder were for assaults, larceny, drunkenness, violations of the traffic ordinance and other minor infractions of the law.

Boren-Jones Wedding.

Invitations have been issued to the marriage of Mr. Charles Kemp Boren, a son of Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Boren, of Pomona, and Miss Sallie Gilmer Jones, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Jones, of High Point. The wedding will take place in Wesley Memorial church, High Point, Wednesday evening, October 18.

Mr. Combs Returns.

Mr. W. M. Combs, formerly manager of the savings department of the Greensboro Loan and Trust Company, has returned from Saranac Lake, N. Y., to which place he went over a year ago for the benefit of his health. His friends will be glad to know that he was greatly benefited by his stay at the well known health resort.

Many Were Vaccinated.

The city health department vaccinated 1,222 persons during September, an average of 47 for each working day of the month. This is the largest number of vaccinations ever made by the health department in a month. The great majority of the September vaccinations, 1,936, were against smallpox, the remaining 186 being against typhoid fever.

Died on Visit to Son.

Mr. John L. Gover, of Somerset, Ky., died Thursday afternoon at the home of his son, Mr. Frank Gover, on McGee street. He came to Greensboro about two months ago on a visit to his son and became ill about five weeks ago. The deceased was 77 years old and is survived by five sons and five daughters. The body was carried to Mr. Gover's home in Kentucky for interment.

To Balance Terra Cotta Plant.

Plans have been perfected for the building of an addition to the factory of the Pomona Terra Cotta Company that will represent an expenditure of \$50,000 and add considerably to the output of the plant. The new structure will be 175 feet long, 112 feet wide and three stories high. The company will also build a number of new dwellings to accommodate the additional laborers that will be employed in the enlarged plant. Four new kilns will also be built. The enlarged facilities will enable the company to turn out ten or twelve carloads of terra cotta products every day.

The Pomona Terra Cotta Company is one of the largest and most successful concerns of the kind in the country. Its products are distributed from Maryland to Florida and from the Atlantic coast to the Mississippi river.

Judge Duls Dead.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J. Stone left this morning for Charlotte, where they were called by the death of Mrs. Stone's brother, Judge Charles H. Duls. Judge Duls had been ill for the past two or three years, his illness causing him to resign from the Superior court bench soon after his appointment to that office by Governor Craig. He was 55 years of age and is survived by his widow and five children.

Gen. Carr to Address Veterans.

Gen. Julian S. Carr, of Durham, has accepted an invitation to address the Confederate veterans at the Central Carolina fair Wednesday, October 11. The speaking will take place in the grand stand at 10.30 o'clock, and the management extends an invitation to all veterans within reach of Greensboro to be present. All veterans wearing the cross of honor will be admitted to the fair grounds on this occasion free of charge.

Opening of County Campaign.

The Democratic county candidates will formally open their campaign Friday of this week, when they will fill an appointment at Whitsett at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. They will speak in Gibsonville at 7.30 in the evening. The candidates will be at Summers' mill, in Washington township, at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon and at McLeansville Saturday evening at 7.30 o'clock. The remainder of the appointments for the county canvass will be made during the present week.

Officers to Watch Speeders.

Automobile speeders on the Greensboro-High Point road have been having a rather free and easy time of it for the past two weeks, due to the fact that the deputy sheriffs who had been patrolling the road at intervals have been busy attending court, but it is announced that their vigilance is to be resumed. The speed law is violated on this road at all hours of the day and night, and while the officers do not hope to put a stop to it, they do expect to see to it that many of the speeders pay the penalty for violating the law.

For Violating Game Law.

J. E. Mills and two sons, Aaron and Waco Mills, were given a hearing Saturday before Justice of the Peace Collins on the charge of violating the state game laws by capturing live opossums in the closed season. They were arrested Friday afternoon by Game Warden John Weatherly and Deputy Sheriff Joe Phipps, who found two opossums confined in a coop at the Mills home west of the city. The defendants were taxed with the costs. The open season for opossums in Guilford county extends from October 1 to February 1.

Invited to Keep Away.

A. N. Goings and Thomas R. Hairfield, of Ridgeway, Va., were given a hearing before Squire Collins Friday on the charge of operating an automobile without a state license number. They were found guilty and fined \$6 each and costs. In addition, the magistrate imposed a sentence of 30 days on the county roads, which was suspended on condition that they would keep away from Guilford county. When arrested it was thought the Ridgeway men had brought a load of liquor of Greensboro, and while the officers have not changed their opinion, they were unable to furnish the proof.

Founder's Day at Normal College.

Founder's day will be observed at the State Normal and Industrial College Thursday, the day marking the beginning of the twenty-fifth year of the life of the institution. The exercises will take place at 11 o'clock in the morning and the principal addresses will be delivered by Dr. J. Y. Hays, state superintendent of public instruction. On Wednesday evening Judge J. D. Murphy, of Asheville, a member of the board of directors of the college, will make an address on the life and services of the late T. B. Bailey, of Mocksville. Mr. Bailey was a director of the college for years and one of the institution's strongest friends.

Sunday School Conventions.

Prior to the meeting of the county Sunday school convention, which is to be held at the Friends church in this city on Saturday, October 28, township conventions will be held as follows: Sunday, October 8—Fentress township, at Bethlehem church; Sumner township, at Center church; Jamestown township, at Mitchell's Grove church; Center Grove township, at Center church; Monroe township, at Lee's chapel. Sunday, October 15—Madison township, at Friendship church; Rock Creek township, at Gibsonville. Sunday, October 22—Friendship township, at Hickory Grove church; Deep River township, at Colfax; Bruce township, at Summerfield.

Special Committee Continued.

Prior to adjourning the criminal term of Superior court Thursday, Judge Webb issued an order continuing the special committee appointed by Judge Cline from the grand jury at the June term to investigate the condition of the convict camps of the county. It will be recalled that a report of this committee was submitted at the recent term of court and printed in The Patriot of September 21. That Judge Webb thought well of the committee's work is shown by the fact that he continued it. Mr. John N. Wilson, the county attorney, requested the court on behalf of the county commissioners that the committee be continued, saying the commissioners believed it desirable that the convict camps have the closest and most intelligent supervision possible. The following gentlemen constitute the special committee: Messrs. Charles H. Ireland, J. R. Ross, R. L. Small, E. Sternberger, S. S. Higgins and W. A. Branson.

Death of Dr. Wesley Coble.

Dr. Wesley Coble, of Pleasant Garden, who had been seriously ill for several weeks, died Thursday morning. He was one of Guilford county's oldest and best known citizens and was held in the highest esteem by all who knew him. Dr. Coble was 84 years old and a native of Alabama county. Early in life he began the practice of medicine in his native county, but later located at Pleasant Garden, where he spent the remainder of his days. In 1860 he was married to Miss Sallie E. Fentress and to them were born four children, who are: Mr. Henry L. Coble and Mrs. E. R. Tucker, of Pleasant Garden; Mrs. J. Henry Phipps, of Greensboro, and Mrs. Charles H. Russell, of Jonesboro.

Dr. Coble lived a life of service to humanity and exerted a wide and lasting influence for good. He was a man of progressive ideas and was always interested in those things that were calculated to benefit his community. He was a strong friend of education and was deeply interested in religious matters. For many years he had been a member of Tabernacle Methodist Protestant church.

The funeral was held Friday afternoon at the Pleasant Garden Methodist church, followed by interment in the church burying ground. Rev. C. F. Sherrill and Rev. T. M. Johnson conducted the services, which were attended by a large crowd of people who knew and esteemed the dead man.

Negro Created Disturbance in Store.

Louise Yates, a negro about 25 years of age, is in St. Leo's hospital suffering from a serious wound inflicted on his head Thursday afternoon, when he was struck by a baseball bat in the hands of Mr. E. P. Grantham, a salesman in the Southside Hardware Company's store. It seems that the negro went into the store in an ugly humor and started an argument with Mr. Grantham over a trivial matter. The salesman attempted to get the negro to leave the store, but Yates was persistent and returned to the argument after having started toward the door once or twice. Finally he advanced upon Mr. Grantham, who seized a baseball bat and struck the negro over the head. Yates was carried to the hospital for surgical attention and Mr. Grantham went before Squire Collins and reported the matter. The magistrate issued a warrant charging Mr. Grantham with an assault and required him to give bond in the sum of \$1,000 for his appearance at a preliminary hearing, which cannot be held until there is a change in the negro's condition.

Yates has an unsavory reputation with the police officers. He has been arrested on numerous occasions for various offences and only a short time ago was in court on a charge of disorderly conduct. The officers say most of his troubles have been traceable to liquor. It is said that Yates was drinking when he went into the store and raised the disturbance with Mr. Grantham.

THE GOOD COUNTRY PEOPLE.

As well as those in the city have learned Barnes sells furniture cheaper than others, consequently his place is like a bee hive and they are always busy, but will treat you nicely and thank you for your patronage. He is the man that wants the dollar wusser than the wussiest.

W. N. BARNES,
The Furniture Man,
103 South Davie. Phone 1817

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator with the will annexed of Nancy M. Bowman, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 20th day of September, 1917, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This September 21, 1916. 80-90
A. SCHIFFMAN,
Admr. of Nancy M. Bowman.

PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

WE GIVE YOU A CORDIAL INVITATION to visit us during fair week and satisfy yourself that here is where you get "better shoes for less money." Fordham-Brown Shoe Company. 81-2t.

VISITORS TO THE FAIR NEXT week will find a nice line of men's and boys' winter suits, hats, shirts, sweaters, overcoats and underwear at Johnson, Hinkle & Co.'s, 516 South Elm street.

PORK WANTED.—WE ARE PAYING highest market price for pork. Mason & Brooks, Greensboro. Phone 822.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF THE popular Elkin and Jamestown shoes—no better made for the price. Drop in and see them. Johnson, Hinkle & Co., 516 South Elm street.

WINTER IS HERE. YOU NEED heavier apparel. We have it in clothing, shoes, hats, underwear, etc. Let us serve you. Johnson, Hinkle & Co., 516 South Elm street.

WANTED—TO BUY GOOD BEEF and veal on foot. Call or write Mason & Brooks, Greensboro. Phone 822.

JOHNSON, HINKLE & CO. CAN FIT you out in good comfortable winter clothing, shoes and underwear. 516 South Elm street.

FOR SALE—90-ACRE FARM FOUR miles east of Greensboro. O. M. Fogleman, Greensboro Route 6.

POST CARD PHOTOGRAPHS 60 cents dozen. Cook's studio, South Greensboro. 82-3t

TAKE YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS TO CONYERS' DRUG STORE.

When You Want Them FILLED Promptly and Accurately BY Registered Pharmacists.

EVERYTHING In the Drug Line—Pure and Fresh.

Conyers' Drug Store, RALPH J. SYKES, Manager (Near Passenger Station)

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR BACKACHE, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

This is the Plow That Does the Work to Perfection



We know that you want the best Plow that money will buy and we have the Plow you are looking for—

THE CHATTANOOGA
A fair trial will convince you that this Plow gives service and satisfaction. Let us show it to you.

Greensboro Hardware Co.
221 South Elm Street Phones 457-458

The Farmers' Warehouse HAD GOOD BREAKS

All Last Week, the Averages Being Very Satisfactory to the Sellers.

Look over the prices below, which your neighbors and friends secured at the Old Reliable Farmers' Warehouse, and bring your next load here, where you will receive every courtesy and accommodation from our polite and efficient force:

J. J. Everett—256 pounds at \$28.174 at \$17.50, 16 at \$13.50; average, \$23.29.	J. F. Jessup—100 pounds at \$28.50 at \$31; average, \$26.14.
C. F. Mark—70 pounds at \$27.26 at \$21.50, 80 at \$20.50, 20 at \$14.75; average, \$22.36.	W. H. Crutchfield—96 pounds at \$12.25, 148 at \$24.25, 187 at \$30; average, \$24.03.
D. C. Long—66 pounds at \$25.24 at \$32.124 at \$17.50; average, \$21.43.	Smith & Waynick—176 pounds at \$29.222 pounds at \$19.162 pounds at \$11.75; average, \$18.44.
J. W. Staley—68 pounds at \$27.50 at \$30, 24 at \$25.110 at \$15; average, \$26.13.	Richmond & Clapp—12 pounds at \$20.76 at \$29.96 at \$24.50, 120 at \$19.50; average, \$23.47.
J. G. Parrish—42 pounds at \$13.64 at \$23.50, 32 at \$28.18 at \$19.50, 18 at \$25.32 at \$9.58 at \$19.28 at \$24.50; average, \$20.	T. M. Gerringer—28 pounds at \$21.32 at \$30.100 at \$27.152 at \$21.50; average, \$24.09.
O. E. May—50 pounds at \$20.50. 46 at \$30, 20 at \$31.110 at \$28.80 at \$23.14 at \$14; average, \$25.45.	Lacy Smith—22 pounds at \$23.176 at \$24.50, 110 at \$15; average, \$21.43.
A. A. Florence—64 pounds at \$30.134 at \$20; average, \$23.23.	James Whiteley—100 pounds at \$19.50, 36 at \$20.134 at \$27.162 at \$15.50; average, \$20.37.
T. F. Doggett—80 pounds at \$12.75, 104 at \$22.50, 174 at \$22.50, average, \$20.32.	Huffines & William—124 pounds at \$16.50, 96 at \$24.50, 80 at \$28.22 at \$45.38 at \$30.132 at \$28.120 at \$21.50; average, \$24.32.
C. E. Everett—246 pounds at \$25.126 at \$15.50; average, \$21.78.	R. M. Huffines—42 pounds at \$16.50, 24 at \$20.50, 18 at \$24.50, 40 at \$23.50 at \$18; average, \$20.

J. H. WHITT
Owner and Proprietor
Farmers' Warehouse
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Roofing, Roofing, Roofing

We have a good supply of Rubber Roofing which we bought before the last advances and we can fill your order, giving you benefit of our advance buying.

Old Dominion Roofing, 1 Ply, \$1.25 Per Square	" " " 2 Ply, 1.50 " "
" " " 3 Ply, 1.75 " "	Watkins Rubber Roofing, 2 Ply, 2.00 " "
" " " 3 Ply, 2.25 " "	

We also have Galvanized V. C. Roofing and Galvanized Shingles. See us for prices.

Southside Hardware Co.
523-525 SOUTH ELM ST.