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MURDER TRIAL NEARING END

STATE OF J. A. TERRY WILL BE IN HANDS OF THE JURY LATE THIS AFTERNOON.

The case charging J. A. Terry with the murder of John R. Stewart, which was taken up in Superior court Thursday morning, will probably reach the jury late this afternoon. The taking of testimony was concluded about 12 o'clock Saturday and when court adjourned late in the afternoon three of the eight spectators of counsel had been made. Solicitor Hoyer and Judge R. C. Strickland had addressed the jury for the defense and Mr. A. B. Kimball and Judge W. P. Bynum for the state. Mr. Sapp will make the last speech for the defense and Judge Bynum will close the argument for the state.

The defense has staked its all upon the plea of insanity, making no effort to controvert any of the testimony offered by the state as to the facts of the murder. The prisoner's widow and son testified that Terry had been in poor health and unsound mentally for some time.

Dr. Albert Anderson, superintendent of the state hospital for the insane at Raleigh, who was brought here as an expert for the defense, testified that Terry was suffering from involuntarily melancholia and was subject to delusions. Dr. Anderson made a splendid witness for the defense until turned over to the state cross examination. Under a grueling cross examination by Judge Strickland, he finally admitted that he had been misinformed as to the history of Terry's case, his opinion as to the prisoner's sanity would not be accurate.

The state proved by two physicians and a number of people who have known Terry well for a long while that the prisoner had never been suspected of insanity. Dr. C. S. Gilmer, Terry's family physician, and Dr. W. M. Jones, the county health officer, who has attended Terry in jail, testified that they had observed no symptoms of insanity about the prisoner.

Others who testified to the same effect included M. D. Caffey, the jailer; Eli Brewer, J. D. Whitt, George H. H. Starr, Robert Dick, Buck Welker, Charles Welker, Deputy Sheriff H. S. Andrew, G. H. Lynch, J. L. Holt, D. C. Jones, J. R. Jones, Robert Starr, James F. Starr, M. G. Bevil, C. R. Bevil, Hugh Jackson, C. B. Gresham, H. M. Coble, W. H. Holt, Charles Elmore, S. V. Ziglar, M. W. Gant, Henry Stewart, Deputy Sheriff Joe Phipps, Sheriff D. B. Stafford and Squire D. H. Collins.

WOMAN INDICTED AS WHOLESALE POISONER.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 22.—Mrs. Amy E. Archer Gilligan, charged with poisoning five inmates of her home for elderly people at Windsor, was indicted for first degree murder on five counts by the grand jury late today. Mrs. Gilligan pleaded not guilty and was remanded to the county jail without bond for her appearance at the December term of the Superior court. The state alleged that Mrs. Gilligan poisoned the following persons: Mrs. Maude Lynch, of Lakeville, on February 21, 1916; Franklyn R. Andrews, of Cheshire, on May 30, 1914; Charles A. Smith, of Waterbury, on April 9, 1914; Michael W. Gilligan, second husband of the accused, on February 20, 1914, and Miss Alice Gowdy, of Hartford, December 9, 1914.

Mrs. Gilligan was arrested May last specifically charged with the murder of Mr. Andrews, whose body had been secretly exhumed. Since that time four other bodies have been exhumed and the state alleges that evidence of a powerful poison was found in all the bodies. All the deaths occurred at the Archer home. Most of the inmates were admitted to the home the state claims, after contracts had been signed providing for the care upon payment of \$1,000.

8120 Pearls in Oysters.

Shenandoah, Pa., Sept. 23.—O. F. Schneider found two pearls while eating oysters in a restaurant today. A local jeweler put their value at \$60 each.

BUSINESS WILL MEET COMPETITION AFTER WAR.

New York, Sept. 23.—American business men, aided by the federal reserve bank system, will be able successfully to withstand the shock of European competition after the war, is the opinion of Charles Hamlin, former governor of the federal reserve board. His views were expressed at the annual dinner of the Institute of Accountants here. He said in part:

"I estimate that the wealth of the United States has increased during the last two years by \$40,000,000,000. Bank deposits have increased between \$6,000,000,000 and \$7,000,000,000, and the stock of gold has increased more than \$700,000,000. Since the first of the year the importations of gold have amounted to \$460,000,000.

"No nation in the world has ever enjoyed the prosperity that this country now enjoys."

Mr. Hamlin said he felt that this time was one in which American business men ought to be conservative in order to prepare for the inevitable reaction. Commending the federal reserve system, he said that in the future no business man who deserves credit will fail to get it. "Never again will this country see a collapse of credit such as we have often seen in the past," he declared.

"Never again will there be a currency famine such as we experienced in 1907. I am convinced, from a careful review of the situation, that the great prosperity of today is only a forerunner of the greater prosperity of the future."

SPIRIT OF MILITARISM DEcriED BY PRESIDENT.

New York, Sept. 23.—A letter from President Wilson declaring that the spirit and principle of militarism was "abominable" to him was made public here today by "the student pacifists," an organization which is arranging an anti-militarist demonstration on September 30, in opposition to the new state legislation requiring military training in public schools.

The president, after declining an invitation to speak, wrote:

"There need be no misunderstanding as to my position. I have again and again made it as plain as language can make it. I am in favor of adequate defense and no more. The whole spirit and principle of militarism is abominable to me, and I do not think that anything that has been done has been done in the militaristic spirit. It has, on the contrary, been conceived and carried out with the single purpose of rendering the country safe against external dangers."

MILITARY PARADE TWENTY MILES LONG.

Soldiers of the union from the North, South and West marched side by side at El Paso Thursday in the greatest military review since the federal army tramped down Pennsylvania avenue in Washington at the close of the Civil war. Nearly 30,000 national guardsmen from seven states and five regiments of regulars swept through the streets for eight hours. The line of march was twenty miles long.

A score of bands played rattling quick steps as the long line of dusty khaki-clad soldiers rolled by in a seemingly never ending stream. Tens of thousands of spectators cheered them impartially as they played Yankee Doodle and Dixie. Veterans of the various sections watched the browned ranks with glistening eyes.

PEOPLE OF NATION RALLY TO THE CAUSE.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the Democratic national committee, thinks that the people of the nation are rallying to the support of President Wilson, and he will be swept in by an overwhelming majority at the polls in November.

"Evidences are multiplying that the justice and strength of Woodrow Wilson's cause before the people of the United States," said he in a letter to a member of the administration today, "will be approved by an overwhelming vote."

Mr. McCormick points out indications of Democratic gains. He sees signs of zeal and effective work everywhere.

KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

RIDE ENDS FATALITY FOR HILLIARD SHORT—SIDNA ALLEN SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Hilliard Short, a young man of this city, died early yesterday morning in the hospital in High Point as the result of injuries received in an automobile accident a few hours earlier. He and a companion, Sidna Allen, who has been engaged for some time in the automobile business in Thomasville, left Greensboro for Thomasville about 1 o'clock yesterday morning. When within about a mile of the corporate limits of Thomasville the automobile overturned, crushing both young men beneath the weight of the machine. They were discovered about 4 o'clock and rushed to the High Point hospital, both young men being in an unconscious condition. Short died about 10 o'clock without regaining consciousness.

After being carried to the hospital Allen was in a semi-conscious condition at times, but was unable to give a connected account of the accident. The physicians state that, while his injuries are of a serious nature, he has a fair chance of recovery.

The body of Short was brought to the city yesterday afternoon and carried to the home of his adopted mother, Mrs. Hattie Short, on Joyner street. The funeral was held from the home this afternoon at 2 o'clock, followed by interment in the burying ground at Holt's chapel, east of the city.

The dead young man was 23 years old and for some time had been employed in the mechanical department of the Daily News. Young Allen is about the same age. He is a native of Winston-Salem and resided in Greensboro prior to going to Thomasville.

FIRST PAYMENT TO DEPENDENT FAMILIES.

Washington, Sept. 22.—First payments by the government out of the fund of \$2,000,000 appropriated by Congress for relief of dependent families of national guardsmen were made by the war department today.

Applications of twelve soldiers for payment of \$50 a month to their families "or as much thereof as the secretary of war may deem necessary" were received.

All the twelve applications came from North Carolina, Wisconsin and Illinois troops, with one or two from regular soldiers.

Captain P. L. Smith, assistant depot quartermaster, will decide what part of the \$50 a month should be paid and will send checks out tonight. The first payment will be for the period from June 19, when the men responded to the president's call to August 31. Monthly payments will be made thereafter.

The names of the people helped were not given out.

BREMEN EXPECTED WITH LARGE CARGO.

New London, Conn., Sept. 23.—The German submarine merchantman, which is expected here, is the Bremen, about which there has been so much mystery. Instead of her being in the hands of the British, as has been reported, or at the bottom of the Atlantic, she is on her way here with a larger cargo than the Deutschland brought from Germany to Baltimore.

The Bremen was due here on Tuesday, according to a reckoning of time in which she might have made the passage from Helligoland under favorable weather conditions and by taking the shortest course. This she might be considered three days overdue. But it is supposed that her commander is taking a roundabout route to avoid steamship lines. A constant watch is being kept for her.

It is known here that all talk of her making Baltimore or another port than New London has been pure conjecture.

Judge Orders Young Private Released.

Wilson, Sept. 23.—Judge H. G. Connor, of the Federal court, on last Wednesday issued an order declaring the contract of enlistment under which Raymond Ward, of the Tarboro military company was enrolled as a federal soldier, as invalid, and directed that the young man, who is under age and who is held at Camp Glenn, be delivered into the custody of his father.

WINSTON BOY KILLED IN WAR

DARING NORTH CAROLINA AVIATOR MEETS DEATH ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

Winston-Salem, Sept. 23.—Kiffin Yates Rockwell, formerly of Asheville and Atlanta, who had been serving with the French aero corps on the western battle front, was killed this morning in a fight with a German aircraft. Announcement of his death was contained in a cablegram from Paris received here late today by his mother, Mrs. L. A. Rockwell, of this city.

The message announcing the aviator's death was very brief and came from an influential friend of the family in Paris. It said:

"Kiffin killed this morning in aerial battle in Alsace."

Young Rockwell had been serving in the French army since September 30, 1914. He was very active in the aerial fighting around Verdun and succeeded in bringing down four German aeroplanes unassisted. For this feat he recently received a war cross and military medal from the hand of General Joffre, who referred to him as "a bold and courageous pilot." He had been frequently mentioned for bravery in the official reports.

Mrs. Rockwell had received a letter from her son only a few hours before the news of his death reached her. In the letter he stated that he had a leave of absence of eight days and had spent the time in Paris with his brother, Paul Rockwell, and that he had had a great time. On the day he mailed the letter he was leaving for the front and said he had been transferred from Verdun to a more active sector.

Kiffin and his brother, Paul Rockwell, went to Europe in August, 1914, directly after the war began. Both volunteered for service in the French army. Paul was wounded severely during the first winter while serving in the trenches. He later obtained his discharge and now is a war correspondent for American newspapers.

Kiffin Rockwell was born on September 20, 1892, at Newport, Tenn. His father was a Baptist minister of North Carolina and his mother was Miss Lula Ayers, a member of a prominent South Carolina family. His father died when Kiffin was two years old and later his mother moved with her sons to Asheville, where they lived for many years.

Young Rockwell was a graduate of Washington and Lee University and also attended the Virginia Military Institute for a time. When the war began he was connected with an advertising agency in Atlanta and soon afterwards he and his brother Paul, who was a reporter on the Atlanta Constitution, left for France.

Sergeant Kiffin Rockwell, of the Franco-American flying corps, is the second American flyer to be killed in action. Just three months ago, on June 24, Corporal Victor Chapman, of New York, also a member of the Franco-American corps, was killed at Verdun in a battle with German aeroplanes. Later it became known that Chapman had been brought down by Captain Boelke, Germany's most noted aviator, who only a few days ago was reported to have brought down his twenty-eighth machine.

Sergeant Rockwell received his first honors in May, when he was awarded the military medal shortly after he had taken part in a raid over the German lines. He had many narrow escapes in aerial combats around Verdun and was reported to have brought down his fourth machine on September 9.

Soon after being appointed sergeant, Rockwell saved Chapman during a fight with German airmen near Verdun.

Report Find of Potash in Cuba.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The report that great quantities of potash have been found in Cuba is interesting Washington officials and will interest cotton farmers of the South.

The department of commerce today cabled the American consul general at Havana to investigate a published report that millions of tons of potash have been discovered near Motembo, on the Matanzas and Santa Clara border, with deposits averaging 25 per cent pure.

The war has cut off the supply of potash and farmers have had to do without it.

PROSPERITY NOT DUE TO WAR, SAYS FRICK.

Pittsburg, Sept. 23.—Prosperity in the United States is not contingent upon the European war, according to Henry Clay Frick. Mr. Frick was in Pittsburg on a hasty visit yesterday to inspect his new Union Arcade building, and last night voiced his confidence in the continuance of good times.

"While the present excessive prosperity in the country may be dependent to some extent upon the war, I believe that conditions will continue good," said Mr. Frick. "The domestic demand for steel and other industrial products is very encouraging."

The only danger Mr. Frick described was labor troubles. He admitted that the railroad crisis was apparently at an end, "unless," he added, "the Adamson bill is found unconstitutional, which is not altogether improbable."

"All in all, the financial, industrial and general situation is just splendid; we could not wish for better," he declared.

Speaking of the war, Mr. Frick said there was no immediate prospect of peace. "The hostilities are certain to drag on and on—at least for a year and a half more," he predicted.

SHOT BY FALLING PISTOL SENT THROUGH MAIL.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 23.—Falling from a pigeon hole in a case for unclaimed letters in the local postoffice, a loaded pistol, which had been sent through the mail to a person in Norfolk, exploded this morning, and the bullet lodged in the breast of J. Catha Burgess, a postal clerk, just under the heart. Mr. Burgess was attended by Dr. Sylvester, and immediately sent to the Protestant hospital, where it was said the injury is not serious. The accident has been reported by telegraph to the chief postoffice inspector in Washington, and Inspector Himmel-Wright, of this city, is now investigating the incident. The package containing the loaded weapon was mailed by the same party to whom it was addressed. It was received at the local office more than two weeks ago and had been put in the case for unclaimed matter. This morning about 9 o'clock one of the clerks in the postoffice was looking in one of the lower boxes of the case, which was slightly jarred, and the package containing the pistol fell to the floor. Mr. Burgess was standing near the case when the pistol, which struck on the hammer, exploded.

HIDDENITE TOWN DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Statesville, Sept. 22.—The main business portion of Hiddenite was destroyed by fire which originated in the boiler room of J. C. Thomas' roller and planing mill at 4.30 this afternoon. At 10 o'clock tonight the flames were under control but the fire was still raging in the lumber owned by several parties. The following parties are heavy losers: J. C. Thomas roller and planing mill, total loss \$6,000, with \$3,000 insurance; Sparks Thomas, loss \$2,500, no insurance; Southern Railway station and contents; W. C. Beckham store and stock, \$8,000 total loss, no insurance; T. D. Maberry, general store, \$1,500, no insurance; Hiddenite Hardware Company, \$4,500, no insurance, and numerous others.

The total loss is estimated at \$40,000. Facilities for fire fighting in the little town were inadequate. Statesville sent chemicals and extinguishers. A number of the members of the fire department of this place went to the aid of the fire fighters.

Production of Crops in France Summarized.

Paris, Sept. 22.—The agricultural situation in France on the completion of the harvest was summed up authoritatively today as follows:

The wheat yield is somewhat below that of the average year, but in the west, central and southeastern sections the harvest is satisfactory. The situation as to oats is quite favorable. Potatoes suffered from dryness, but good crops were raised in many sections. The best yield was satisfactory.

Vineyards suffered from the heat, but on the whole the yield is considered a satisfactory one.

MANY BATTLES BY AIRCRAFT

FRENCH GET 26 GERMAN MACHINES AND GERMANS GET 24 OF ENTENTE ALLIES.

London, Sept. 24.—Paris reports that French airmen in battles in the air with the Germans in France have accounted for 26 aeroplanes, while Berlin record the bringing down of 24 entente allied machines, 20 of these on the Somme front. Five German machines were destroyed by the British Saturday and two others driven down damaged, while five British machines are missing after combats in the air.

On the battle front in France, aside from the repulses of the local attacks by both the entente allies and the Germans, violent artillery duels have predominated.

In Galicia a Russian attack on the upper reaches of the Dniester resulted in a general engagement. North of Zborow the attackers succeeded in entering the trenches of the Teutonic allies, but later, according to both Berlin and Vienna, were driven out, suffering sanguinary losses and leaving behind them 700 prisoners and seven machine guns. Petrograd, however, says that in this region the Russians took prisoners 1,500 Austrians and Germans. In the Carpathians several positions captured recently by the Russians have been retaken by the Teutonic allies.

In Rumania the fighting has died down somewhat in the Dobruja region, while on the Transylvania front an attack by the Rumanians on the Vulcan Pass, which was repulsed, is the only engagement reported.

British troops fighting along the Struma have crossed the river at three points and taken the town of Jenmita from the Bulgarians, where the Serbs have made additional progress northwest of Kamaikalan and the French to the northwest of Florina. Sofia reports the capture by the Bulgarians of a mountain crest south of the village of Popla.

The usual artillery bombardments and isolated infantry engagements have taken place on the Austro-Italian front.

Violent Austrian attacks in the Carso region occurred, according to Rome, but the Italian war office admits the blowing up of a part of Mount Cimone by an Austrian mine and the relinquishment of the position by the Italians. Vienna says that 427 prisoners fell into the hands of the Austrians as a result of this operation, and that an entire Italian company was buried in the explosion.

RESISTED OFFICER—PUT UNDER BOND.

Troy, Sept. 22.—J. C. Johnson was placed in jail today for failure to give two thousand dollars bond for assault on Deputy Sheriff O. T. Stuart, of Montgomery county, and also for resisting an officer. It appeared at the trial that Sheriff Stuart in company with three other men deputized by the sheriff went to the home of J. C. Johnson about seven miles south of Troy for the purpose of laying off his homestead under execution, whereupon Mr. Johnson refused to let them enter his house and to prevent them from doing so he used his single-barrelled shot gun and told the sheriff if he or any of his crowd tried to enter his house he would kill them, having his thumb on the hammer and finger on the trigger of the gun. Two warrants were sworn out before J. C. Beckwith, a magistrate, one for assault with a deadly weapon and threatening to kill, the other for resisting an officer in the discharge of his duties. Mr. Johnson claims that the reason he acted as he did was because he was trying to protect the property of his ward, it appearing that he is the guardian of his minor child to whom, as he says, the property belongs. The defendant was bound over to the next term of the Superior court in January in the sum of one thousand dollars in each case. Being unable to give the bond, he was committed to jail.

Three Years For Burning His Store.

Raleigh, Sept. 22.—A verdict of guilty was returned against W. L. Walker, charged with burning his store east of the city some weeks ago to collect excessive insurance. The trial had been in progress two days. Judge Bond imposed a sentence of three years on the Wake county roads. There was notice of an appeal and the bond exacted was \$2,500.



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VILLA SUCCESSFUL IN RAID

ACCOMPLISHED ALL AND MORE
THAN HE SAID HE WOULD DO
SAYS GEN. BELL.

Washington, Sept. 23.—"Evidence increases to show that Villa was completely successful in his attack Saturday upon Chihuahua and accomplished all and more than he said he would do," says an official report received at the war department from Brig. Gen. Bell, at El Paso. "There is diversity of opinion and statements as to the number of men with which he entered Chihuahua. Some reports state he only had about 500, while others give him 1,700, but all agree that he was able to secure possession of the penitentiary, the governor's palace and the federal buildings and hold them for several hours, and all this with a Carranza garrison at Chihuahua, which some place at not less than 6,000.

"He liberated over 200 prisoners, secured and carried away more than sixteen automobile loads of arms and ammunition and actually took out artillery under an escort of deserting Carranza troops. He left Chihuahua with from 1,000 to 1,500 more men than he entered with.

"Villa retired leisurely and practically without molestation. The firing by Trevino's artillery occurred after Villa troops had withdrawn.

"On September 14 Trevino received a letter from Villa stating that he (Villa) would be in Chihuahua to shake hands with Trevino on the 16th and he hoped that he would have a suitable reception for him, that he might be hungry and would like to have something to eat.

"On the 15th of September it was reported that Villa personally entered Chihuahua, was seen by many of his friends there and reconnoitred the city. Of course he was in disguise. On the night of the 15th the Villistas approached Chihuahua from a camp which he had maintained for two days within twenty-two miles of that city.

"After Villa columns had secured possession of the penitentiary, the governor's palace and federal buildings, Villa himself went to the governor's palace, into the main balcony, displayed his face and made a short speech which in substance was as follows:

"Viva Mexico! You do not have your liberty. I will give you your liberty, for I am your brother. I am going to return in a few days."

"It appears that there had been a banquet attended by most of Trevino's officers and that about 2 o'clock this banquet was finished and most of the officers of the Carranza garrison were asleep. As soon as Trevino heard of the trouble he started toward the governor's palace, but his personal escort deserted him and went over to Villa.

"The party that attacked the federal building rode into the building on horseback and the guard there deserted to them. It is reported that many of the Carranza troops who were killed were killed by other Carranza troops, probably as a result of artillery firing from Santa Rosa hill."

It is believed that the attack was financed by the Legalista party, prominent members of which are living in the United States. There is understood to be a Legalista junta in New York, and some suspicion that one also exists here. They have an organized propaganda on the border.

The scheme of the Legalistas is declared to be to have Villa follow Gen. Pershing toward the border and proclaim that he has driven the Gringos out of the country after Carranza failed to do so, thus hoping to win popular favor. The Legalistas backed Felix Diaz and are declared to be willing to spend money on any outfit that promises to make trouble for Carranza. Their activities in this country are being closely watched by secret service agents.

ARMED POSSE HUNTS TEACHER'S ASSAILANT

Bemidji, Minn., Sept. 21.—One hundred armed men, headed by Sheriff Charles Gunderson, of Itasca county, tonight are searching the woods of Good Hope township for the unknown man who this afternoon attacked Miss Olga Dahl, 19 years old, teacher of the Round Lake district school and left her in a serious condition with two gunshot wounds in the face, tied to a tree.

It is believed the girl was waylaid when she left the school building, after dismissing the pupils. A search was instituted for her when she failed to return to her home at the usual hour. Tonight it is feared she is dying.

If the posse is unable to apprehend her assailant in the rugged country bloodhounds will be put on the trail tomorrow.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

BLACKMAILERS MAY ESCAPE PROSECUTION.

Washington, Sept. 22.—That many members of the nationwide blackmailers' syndicate are immune from punishment under the federal laws was the opinion expressed at the department of justice today after a conference between Assistant Attorney General Wallace and special agents of the department from New York, Philadelphia and Chicago.

It was pointed out that unless such persons impersonated officials or agents of the government in carrying on their blackmailing propaganda they could not be prosecuted under the federal statutes. It also was stated that an amendment to the Mann white slave law will have to be enacted at the next session of Congress if the activities of blackmailers are to be checked.

The agents of the department left for their respective stations this afternoon and will be busy during the next week gathering information to lay before Assistant Attorney General Knox, stationed in New York, who will have charge of the cases in the courts. He will be assisted in the prosecution by Assistant Attorney General Wallace.

It also was decided at this conference to press first the case against those accused of victimizing Mrs. Regina S. Klipper, in New York, and taking her under duress to Montreal. The defendants in the case probably will be removed to New York immediately, where, it is expected, the trial will begin within a month.

Although not officially confirmed, it was said that at the conference disclosure of a plot to kidnap or murder Frank Crocker, who has made a full confession of the workings of the blackmailers' syndicate, was developed. Crocker has been transferred to another city, as his testimony, according to officials, is essential to successful prosecution. He will be closely guarded until he tells his story in the federal court at New York.

Another development at the conference today was the identification by Division Chief Olney, of New York, of the man arrested in Chicago as "Doc" Donohue, as a "Doc Donohue" who has been the object of a search in New York state.

In the Republican Counties.

The Republicans started out with a loud cry on taxation under Democratic rule, but they are even now beginning to sing low. In the Tar Heel correspondence sent out by Maxwell Gorman from his Tar Heel bureau in Raleigh is a bit of information going to show that it is a risky thing to elect North Carolina Republicans to office. The record of the 16 counties under Republican rule is taken to show how the taxpayers are faring. It is in evidence that the tax rate levied by these sixteen counties and by the other eighty-four counties in 1914 is shown on page 282 of the annual report of the state tax commission for 1915. This shows that the average tax levy in the sixteen counties managed by Republicans (including the state tax, which is the same in each county) is \$1.019 on each hundred dollars' worth of property. The average tax rate in the eighty-four Democratic counties was 96.7 cents on each hundred dollars' worth of property. It is further in evidence that notwithstanding the lower average tax rate in the Democratic counties, those counties in the state that have made most progress in public improvements will be found in the Democratic list of counties. Not one in the list of Republican counties has made a conspicuous record for building public roads and other public improvements.—Charlotte Observer.

Phone Girls Hike to Health.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 22.—When physicians in Wichita, Kan., told Miss Mabel Bahney and Miss Florence Maier, telephone operators, they must give up indoor work for a while and get out in the open air to preserve their health, the young women left their positions, purchased serviceable walking outfits and started overland to Denver. They stopped a week in Colorado Springs on the way. The "hike" of more than 500 miles to Denver was made in three weeks' walking time.

Both young women now are radiant examples of health—strong, alert, sunburned. But they mean to take no chances yet on going home to indoor work again. They will stay in Denver a while, living out of doors as much as possible.

He Was Worried and Hopeless.

"For ten years I was bothered with kidney trouble," writes T. F. Hutchinson, Little Rock, Ark. "I was worried and had almost given up all hopes. I used five boxes of Foley Kidney Pills and am now a well man." Foley Kidney Pills drive out aches, pains, rheumatism and all kidney trouble symptoms.—Conyers' Drug Store.

GREEKS REVOLT IN CRETE; QUIT KING

London, Sept. 21.—A revolution in the Greek island of Crete is reported in a dispatch from Athens. The revolutionists are said to have overthrown the authorities, disowned King Constantine and proclaimed a provisional government. They are reported to have decided to send a committee of revolutionists to Saloniki.

Several revolutionary outbreaks in Greece have been reported since the entrance of Rumania into the war and the occupation by the Bulgarians of the eastern portion of Greek Macedonia, which resulted in an agitation in favor of participation by Greece in the war. Last month revolutionists obtained control of parts of Greek Macedonia near Saloniki and proclaimed a provisional government.

The island of Crete, 150 miles long, with a population of something more than 300,000 is in the eastern Mediterranean 60 miles from the southern extremity of Greece. It is the former home of ex-Premier Venizelos. Under the treaty of peace between Greece and Turkey in 1913 the island was annexed by Greece.

17-Inch Gun Explodes.

Washington, Sept. 21.—Admiral Mayo, commanding the Atlantic fleet, reported today that a 12-inch gun on the battleship Michigan had exploded yesterday during firing tests on the southern drill grounds. The muzzle was blown to pieces, seriously injuring one man.

The Michigan has been ordered to Philadelphia navy yard for repairs and investigation. The name of the injured man was not given in the report.

For Five Snows.

Mr. H. E. Overton, who is always correct, states that there will be five snows in this section this winter. There were five fogs in August, he says, and there will be as many snows during the winter.—Oxford Public Ledger.

Cured Her Two Little Girls.

Mrs. Ada Sanders, Cottontown, Tenn., writes: "We use Foley's Honey and Tar as our best and only cough remedy. It never fails to cure my two little girls when they have colds." Relieves hoarseness, tickling throat, bronchitis, hay fever, asthma, croup. Conyers' Drug Store.

Prescription Service!

When You Send Your Prescriptions to

Conyers & Sykes' Drug Store

To be Filled you can leave your doubts behind. Only the the Purest Drugs are Carefully Compounded by Experienced Prescription men just as Your Doctor would have them. When you come to Greensboro be sure to pay this Drug Store a visit.

CONYERS & SYKES, Druggists
Near Greensboro National Bank.

OUR CREED:—HONEST PRICES; LIVING VALUES

STOVES and RANGES

Are you going to purchase a NEW COOK STOVE this Fall? If you are, don't fail to see our line before deciding which to buy. We handle the old reliable Philipps & Buttroff line, which have stood the test for 60 years. Every Stove or Range guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

Ranges priced from \$27.50 to \$48.00. Stoves from \$8.50 and up. Prices include complete set of ware.

Our Strictly Cash basis enables us to offer you the same saving in Stoves as other lines for the home.

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At the service of the public day and night. All work done by experts and at reasonable prices.

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Prepare Now

For Cold Weather

By purchasing a STOVE that you can rely on to give heat when cold winds blow. You can rest comfortably when you know your Stoves will keep the family warm.

Purchase a HEATING STOVE and not a Coal and Wood Eater. Our line of

Columbia Air-Tight Wood Heaters,

Open Franklins, Etc.,

Are now on Display. We are prepared to supply you with anything from a Sheet Iron Heater to a Hard Coal Base Burner for \$60.00.

ODELL HARDWARE CO.

The Largest Hardware Store of the Carolinas

GUNNERS CHAINED TO GUNS

REPORT REACHING OTTAWA IN PRAISE OF CANADIANS TELLS OF THE CHAINED GUNNERS.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 23.—Tribute to the fighting qualities of "his majesty's land ship 'Creme de Menthe,'" is given by the press representative at Canadian corps headquarters in France, in an account received here today of the part played by the Dominion's troops in the offensive of September 15. The assertion is made in the report the German machine gunners were found chained and padlocked to their guns.

"The morning of September 15 dawned bright and clear," said the message from the front. "There was a frosty nip to the air. Suddenly our machine artillery burst into a frenzy of activity. Shells of every calibre were hurled over the heads of the attacking infantry."

"Shortly after 6 o'clock our battalions began their attack. In successive waves our infantry men moved forward, climbing over the shell-torn ground and leaping the battered trenches. Among them burst the enemy shells. The noise was terrific. Machine gun and rifle fire poured into them. Steadily they mounted the last ridge, saw Martin-punch on their right and looked over to the brick ruins and white chalk mounds of the sugar refinery and the trenches to the right and left of which were to be their objective."

"No sooner were the first lines of German trenches secured than the assaulting waves pressed onward. In their midst, moving ponderously, but steadily, came several of the new armored cars. His majesty's land ship 'Creme de Menthe' led the way and the effect was electrical. In vain the Germans rained a stream of bullets against the invulnerable cars, they were powerless to stop the advance."

"Although our infantry was the first to reach the sugar refinery the cars assisted materially in silencing the German machine guns and ending the enemy trenches and the deep, strongly protected dugouts of the sugar refinery. Ten officers, including a battalion commander, were made prisoners. At the same time the trenches on either flank, known as the 'candy' trench, and the 'sugar' trench were stormed and captured."

"So successful was this attack that the corps commander, Sir Julian Byng, decided to strike another immediate blow. He ordered that the

village of Courelette, together with a line of German trenches between Moquet farm and the northwestern edge of the village, should be attacked. By 6 o'clock in the evening, all operations were completed and the new attack was launched. The objective was a difficult one, including a large and strongly fortified village on the right."

"A famous French-Canadian battalion, having as its objective the larger part of Courelette behaved with the greatest skill and gallantry. On their left a Halifax battalion co-operated brilliantly in the capture of the rest of the village. A Canadian light infantry battalion together with a Montreat battalion, at the same time captured the line of trenches to the west and established a strong position."

"Thus within little more than 12 hours the Canadians had captured the whole of the German defensive positions on a wide front to a depth of from 1,000 to 2,000 yards. This was accomplished in the face of desperate and determined resistance in which the Germans fought with the courage of despair."

"It is an authentic fact that German machine gunners were found chained and padlocked to their guns."

NO GAS FOR AUTOS

—AMERICANS ARE WELL OFF.

If American motorists feel troubled over the cost of gas for their buzz carts, let them listen to the Britishers' troubles and rejoice at their own good fortune says a London dispatch.

The British private motor car owner is unable to get the gas he wants at any price. When German submarines began torpedoing the oil tank ships from the United States, the American oil men quit shipping it. Consequently gasoline is so scarce in England that it is given out by card to car owners in very limited quantities. Not only is the private motor car owner compelled to present his oil card whenever he wants to run his machine a few miles, but the little gas he gets is begrudged him. Many a motor car is in its garage. The government has allowed 60 per cent of the amount of gas demanded by commercial car owners, 50 per cent of that asked for taxis, 25 per cent of the private motor owners' demand and two gallons a month for motorcycles. All evidences point to the doom of private motoring until after the war. And the private motor car owner blames the submarines and the American shipper.

RAILROADS STUDY THE 8-HOUR PROBLEM.

New York, Sept. 23.—A statement issued here on behalf of the railway executives' advisory committee, representing the railroads affected by the Adamson eight-hour law, explained the purposes of its investigation put under way with a view to meeting the problems presented. The objects are "to ascertain if possible, first the effect of the law as a practical operating problem; and, second, its legal status."

The first of these inquiries is being pursued, it was stated by the managers of the roads through national conference committee of the railways of which Elisha Lee is chairman. The study of the legal question has been referred to the counsel of the various roads "for investigation and future consideration." Meanwhile, the railway executives, it was asserted will continue to take "a position squarely in favor of investigation before action" to prepare a way for the course the roads will pursue.

"There is today, as there was on the day of its passage," the executives' statement says, "great concern and great dissatisfaction with the so-called eight-hour act, both in principle and manner of its enactment. There has been no change of feeling on these points, nor, indeed, could there be in the light of the facts."

"There are various questions of policy, aside from those of an operating or legal nature, which must be decided. If the railway executives on advice of counsel should conclude that the law is invalid or even unfair, they must then consider what is to be their attitude to their shareholders in the matter of its enforcement."

They must also consider their duty to the public in asking for an increase in railroad rates as suggested by the administration. They must meet the question whether or not, under the so-called eight-hour law, they must require men who now work less than eight hours to give a full eight hours of service. These and other questions of policy are all to be considered before decision or action.

Beware Musty Wheat.

The mills have had to turn down not a little wheat that was musty, and farmers have found themselves losers of good money as a result. The grain is unfit for flour but commands a price of about \$1 as chicken feed or is ground up for cattle feed. —Newton Enterprise.

VILLA REMAINS AN UNCERTAIN FORCE.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Whether Francisco Villa again has become a factor in the military situation in northern Mexico remained a question of considerable doubt tonight despite nearly a week's effort by the state and war departments to ascertain what part, if any, the bandit chief took in the attack last Saturday on Chihuahua City.

Secretary Baker let it become known that war department officials do not regard as conclusive the report transmitted yesterday by Brigadier General Bell, saying that Villa led the Chihuahua City attack in person, and the Mexican embassy announced receipt of official advice declaring Villa was not in the attacking force. The embassy's report came from Gen. Trevino, commander of the attacked garrison.

"The resurrection of Villa is not true," said Ambassador Arredondo tonight. "The attack on Chihuahua City was made by a combination of juntas antagonistic to the de facto government."

Mr. Arredondo's belief that the attack was the work of the followers of several leaders is shared by many army officers.

As time passes without verification of reports of Villa's presence at Chihuahua City officials here are inclined to believe that the incident will not figure materially in the deliberations of the American-Mexican commission at New London. Mr. Arredondo was at the state department today on business in connection with the commission, it having become necessary to select a new meeting place, as the New London hotel, where sessions are being held, will close soon for the season. A decision will be announced this week.

Sounds Might Weak.

The voice of the Republican campaigner in North Carolina this year is sounding mighty weak against the noise being made by the \$80 bale of cotton. —Charlotte Observer.

Could Not Do Her Cooking.

Mrs. F. E. Hartmeister, Tea, Mo., writes: "I was affected with kidney trouble for two years. I got so bad this summer I could hardly do my cooking. I got Foley Kidney Pills and I feel like a new person." Too many women neglect symptoms of kidney derangement, weak back, swollen ankles and joints, aches, pains and rheumatism. Conyers' Drug Store.

There's Lot of Talk About High Prices We Don't Take Much Stock in

We never have taken much stock in it because we've found that since the war, to which it is all blamed, began, we've been able to sell goods at just about as low prices as before.

Think over the most important things you've bought in this store—you can't name one that you've paid more for. As it has been so, we believe it's going to be; our opinion is that when the early bought stock is gone and we have to go to market again we'll find conditions about normal. Perhaps we are wrong and things will then be skyrocketing, perhaps, meanwhile—that is one way and another, by paying more ourselves or by one of our special buying advantages we are able to protect you against the threatened rises as these prices will show:

Extra heavy weight Chambray, solid colors and neat stripes, for men and boys' special shorts, 12 1-2c yard.

32-inch Chambray, neat stripes and solid colors, special 11c yard.

Apron Gingham, neat checks and staple colors, special 6 1-2c yard.

Riverside Plaids, extra heavy, suitable for fall dresses, houses dresses and children's wear, special 10c yard.

36-inch Percales in good, dark colors, special 10c yard.

SCHOOL BLANKETS.

Gray with pink or blue borders, special 72 by 90 inch size at \$2.48 pair.

White School Blankets, with blue and pink border, special \$1.49 pair.

50 pieces of new fall dress, gingham, dozens of new, good patterns to pick from, worth 12 1-2c, on special sale at 10c yard.

36-inch extra heavy A. A. unbleached sheeting, special at 7c yard.

BOYS' SUITS FROM \$2.75 TO \$5.95.

Blue Serge, or Brown and Gray Mixtures, these are made with one pair of extra strong, durable pants and are shown in big assortment in the basement.

SCHOOL SUITS FOR BOYS \$3.95 AND \$4.95.

Each suit has two pair of pants. Every suit is made from "hard-ware" durable material. This is the Long Last 2 for 1 proposition.

Let Your Boy Join Our Free Library

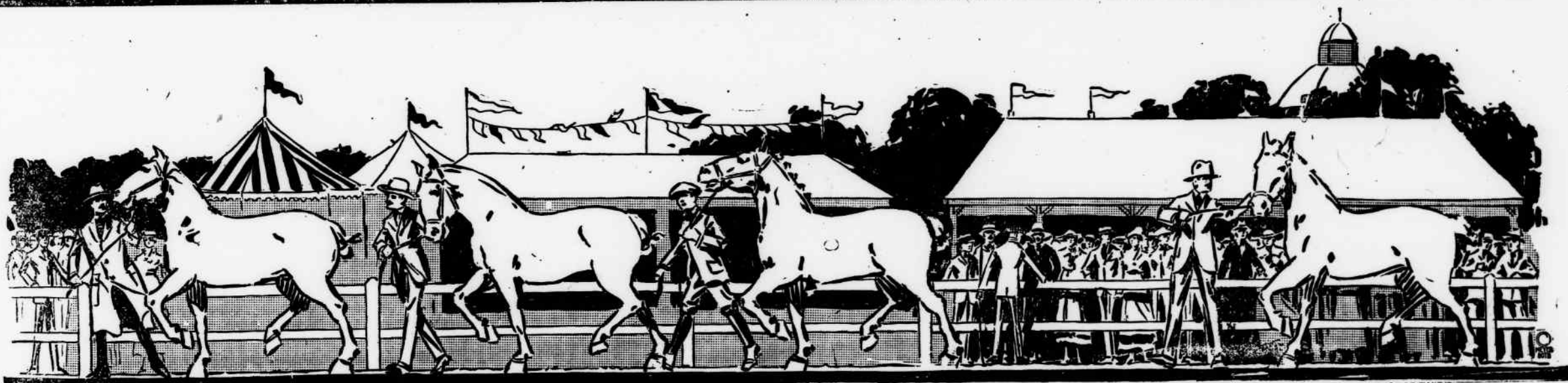
It contains over a hundred good live wire boy books, any of which will supply him with good winter reading.

These are all Free to him if you buy him a suit of any kind costing from \$2.50 up, choice of our entire stock in children's annex or basement.

There's no red tape about changing the books. Any neighbor coming into town can do it for you, you bring in one and take out another—that's all.

Free the hundred and fifty books of the Boys' Library.

Meyer's
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO N. C.



GET READY NOW AND GET YOUR EXHIBITS READY FOR

The Central Carolina Fair

GREENSBORO, OCTOBER 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 1916.

To Our Boys and Girls: Don't Forget the Pig, Poultry and Canning Clubs Exhibit

THIS IS SOMETHING WORTH WHILE.

FOUR DAYS OF EDUCATION, INSTRUCTION and INNOCENT AMUSEMENT. Many improvements have been made, and the Fair this year will be Bigger and Better than ever before. The Premium List is larger than in former years and every department will be filled with an interesting exhibit. More and Better Attractions than ever, including THRILLING HORSE, MULE and MOTORCYCLE RACES, FIREWORKS, BALLOON ASCENSIONS and many FREE ATTRACTIONS to amuse you. Come and Bring Your Neighbors with you.

BIGGER, BETTER and GRANDER THAN EVER.

GARLAND DANIEL, Secretary,

Greensboro, N. C.

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Entered at the postoffice in Greensboro, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1916.



DEFENDS THE ADAMS BILL

PRESIDENT OPENED CAMPAIGN AT SHADOW LAWN SATURDAY—AT BALTIMORE TODAY.

Shadow Lawn, N. J., Sept. 23.—President Wilson opened his campaign here today with the defense of the Adamson eight-hour law and praise for the federal reserve act. The meeting was arranged for the business men's league of New Jersey. The attendance was about 2,000 persons.

The president spoke from the veranda of his summer home. He said that the railroad controversy had caused him much distress. The president said: "I never had more frank conferences than I did with both sides of this controversy. When I saw there was no chance for an agreement I felt it to be my duty to the one hundred million people of this country to interfere. I saw that there was one side that was arbitrable. I do not consider the principle of the eight-hour day a matter of arbitration. The railroad executives wanted to know how they were to meet the extra burden in wages. When they asked for legislation that would protect them through increased rates I was willing to arbitrate that point by appointing a fair commission to observe the law in operation and report."

The first of the president's speech embraced a discussion of the relation between capital and labor and was considered by many to be a direct appeal for the labor vote in November. At no time during the president's speech did he mention the Republicans or Mr. Hughes. To give emphasis to the main points in his talk the president repeatedly pounded a small table in front of him. Mr. Wilson said that he congratulated the business interests of the country in having a law like the federal reserve act.

Spoke in Baltimore Today.

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 24.—Fully launched in his campaign for re-election, President Wilson will go to Baltimore tomorrow to speak before the National Grain Dealers' Association. The president expects to amplify his position on the settlement of the recently threatened railroad strike outlined in his speech at Shadow Lawn yesterday. He will reply to the charge that the grain dealers are interested in the question as shippers. He was much encouraged today by the receipt of several hundred telegrams praising yesterday's address.

The rural credits law, the federal reserve act, and other legislation of his administration of interest to the farmers also will be referred to by the president, but he is expected to devote his attention chiefly to the eight-hour law for railroad employees.

This subject, which the president now considers one of the chief issues of the campaign, will be featured by Mr. Wilson in virtually every speech he makes. He will reply to the charge that the eight-hour law was forced through Congress by threats with the statement that he insisted on the law because he believed it right.

Mr. Wilson will leave here at 9 o'clock in the morning, arriving at Baltimore shortly after 1 o'clock. He will speak at 2.30 P. M., leaving soon after his speech for Shadow Lawn.

All of Mr. Wilson's political lieutenants here, including Col. E. M. House, who will spend the week-end with him, said that from now on, the president will be much more active politically. He has made it plain, however, that the only kind of campaign he will conduct will be of a dignified nature.

Tuesday Mr. Wilson will motor to Princeton, his former home, to vote in the New Jersey primaries. He is particularly interested in the contest between Senator Martine and Attorney General Wescott, of New Jersey, for the senatorial nomination. Judge Wescott saw him here yesterday. Thursday the president will receive some Boy Scouts, and Saturday he will speak to a delegation of young Democrats from New York. From then on, he is expected to make two or more speeches a week.

228,896.277 GIFT OF AMERICA FOR WAR RELIEF WORK.

Washington, Sept. 22.—American gifts to the sixty principal war relief societies are estimated at \$28,896,277.36 by the New Year Book of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace now being distributed.

Seven million dollars of this amount went into the \$8,000,000 raised from all sources for the commission of relief in Belgium. In addition the Belgian relief fund raised \$3,085,000, other societies added \$134,000, making a grand total for Belgium of \$10,269,000, or over one-third of America's total contributions.

Twelve organizations raised more than \$2,000,000 for France specifically, while \$594,000 was raised for England, \$12,000 for Russia, and \$313,000 for Serbia. This, with the Belgian total, makes a grand total for the entire allies of over \$13,000,000, not including some \$3,000,000 of American Red Cross funds which were very largely used in allied countries. The German Red Cross received \$2,750,000 from this country with three German-American relief bodies bringing the entire central power contributions to \$3,750,000.

Contributions for dependent nationalities affected by the war's ravages total over \$9,000,000. By far the largest single fund of this sort is that of the American Jewish Relief Committee with \$4,000,000, to which should be added almost \$900,000 more from the central committee for the relief of Jews and \$323,000 from the people's relief committee for the Jewish war sufferers.

The Poles have received \$473,000 and the Syrians and Armenians \$430,000.

The American Red Cross has received from all sources \$2,231,000, including \$651,000 from its New York state board.

Smaller funds and unknown contributions probably would raise all the figures appreciably. The largest personal contribution is given as a million dollars, while many people are reported to have set aside a percentage of their incomes. The total gifts represent about one-twentieth of the \$600,000,000 spent here by the allies alone on specific war munitions.

His Hogship.

Bruce Roberts has a fine hog that he thinks should carry away some honors at the county fair. The hog is ten months old and weighs 325 pounds. We wonder if it wouldn't pay to raise hogs when they grow like that!—Leaksville-Spray Review-Observer.

Yearly 12,000,000 Bales.

The United States department of agriculture estimated on September 1 that this year's cotton crop will be 11,800,000 bales. This decline in the estimate caused a marked advance in price and cotton is now in demand at from 15 cents to 16 cents, with advancing tendency.

"Infernal" Bad Luck.

It's infernal bad luck or "something." Before a fellow gets his Palm Beach paid for the tailor is wanting to measure you for a fall suit and an overcoat. Of course it was not the same tailor who sold the summer suit.—Cape Fear News.

Know Alfalfa Rules.

Every farmer in Rockingham county ought to put in an acre of alfalfa this fall, but do not put it in unless you observe the rules—better not try than to try and doom yourself beforehand to failure. There will be no failure if you stick to the rules.—Reidsville Review.

\$100 to the Bale.

At the price cotton and seed are now selling a farmer can realize about \$100 from a 500 pound bale.—Sanford Express.

ESKIMO KNOWS WHO DISCOVERED NORTH POLE.

Mene Wallace, an Eskimo guide, arrived in New York Thursday on the Red Cross steamer Stephano with a little "get-rich-quick" scheme which he believes will net him one million dollars.

He was not adverse telling about the scheme. It rests entirely upon his own modest claim that he can settle beyond doubt between one Doc Cook and one Commodore Perry as to who really did discover the much mooted north pole. Wallace, accompanied Captain Sam Bartlett on the Peary relief expedition. Recently he was a member of the McMillan-Crocker land party.

On his arrival he claimed that he, Mene Wallace, is the only living man who really knows who discovered the pole and he is willing to part with this information for one million dollars. Said he: "My information will startle the world. I have absolute proof of who discovered the pole. I will not tell who it was until I receive the contract giving me the price such information is worth."

Advertised Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Greensboro, N. C., September 22, 1916.

C. G. Alexander, A. M. Andrews, Miss Berrie Auman, Miss Essie Bailey, J. E. Beal, Robert Boone, Miss Lillian Burke, Miss Emma Bonbridge, L. Z. Burton, Frank Buie, Miss Tuckie Calahan, Rev. A. Carter, Miss Daisy Chappell, J. E. Cole, Miss Daisy Coll, Miss Stella Covington, Willie Ewell Coffin, Mrs. Ida Coltrain, Miss Mable Cox, G. T. Cunningham, Lester Doan, Sandar E. Drielin, J. F. Edmondson, R. D. English, J. W. Galloway, Lum Gibson, Miss Mamie Glenn, David Gregg, George Hanner, Samuel Hinkle, Mrs. W. B. Hodges, Mrs. W. I. Hollis, 2, Mrs. Paul Johnson, Miss Ada Justice, Mrs. D. A. King, H. Irving Klein, Miss Hazel Lambeth, J. C. Lathrop, Mrs. James Leitch, 2, Miss Cora Leath, Mrs. Dakota Leath, George Leano, Minda Lewis, Miss Ada R. Lee, Miss Hattie Lindsay, W. B. Marston, Charlie McCotha, Miss Ollie McCreanby, Helen McFadden, M. C. McQueen, J. Frank Mills, Joe Michael, Olla Nigron, Miss Anny Martin, Mrs. A. A. Moore, Miss Ella Moore, C. T. Marrow, Jr., Mrs. Stanford A. Neece, Wanda Oakley, Palmer & Co., Miss Mary Panchal, Mrs. R. L. Phillips, Henry Plunkett, W. F. Randolph, Mrs. A. J. Robinson, Mrs. Ida C. Rogers, Sidney Scott, Mrs. M. W. Seawell, Ted Seawell, Miss Keran A. Smith, Mrs. Thomas Smith, Miss Ada Smythe, Master Roland Smith, Grady Smith, M. A. Smith, Miss Angie Spencer, Mrs. Mary Stelly, Miss Berrie Taylor, William B. Thompson, Miss Flora Tucker, T. S. Tuttle, Miss Florence Vistal, Thomas Watkins, J. P. Walters, Miss Gladys Wheelbee, J. J. Wingers, J. A. Wilson, Emma Womble, Clarence Wyrick, Mrs. Roxanna Yearby.

Denim Branch.

Mrs. Dorcas Garner, Mrs. Katie Kime, Turner Smith, 2, Thacker D. Trogon.

Proximity Branch.

J. L. Craddock, Miss Lillie Crawford, Mrs. Mary E. Pugh, Jess Smith, Miss Mary Ann Williams.

Packages.

Connie Burke, S. E. Hines, A. F. Harrell, Z. L. Sisk, Ed Trogon.

In order to insure prompt delivery of mail please have it directed to the proper street number or route.

A. WAYLAND COOKE,

Postmaster.

Street Bumps Halt Speeders.

There is no speed limit in Smith Center, Kans. Because of the ingenuity of Frank Timmons, street commissioner, motorists can go just so fast and no faster. The city fathers were planning on putting up this sign at every street corner:

"Drive your darndest; our crossings are of vitrified brick."

Timmons' plan was a simple one. It was to have each crossing stand at least a foot higher than the street level, the dirt approach being a 50 per cent grade.

No driver would send his car at excessive speed over an obstacle like that, and between crossings, 200 feet, no great momentum could be obtained. The maximum speed now in the city is less than 10 miles an hour, say those who have watched the results of Timmons' "no-speed" scheme.—Kansas City Star.

Our Jitney Offer—This and 5c.

Don't miss this. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for cough, colds and croup. Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Conyers' Drug Store.

Spencer to Get New Car Shop.

Spencer, Sept. 23.—Announcement is made that the Southern Railway will erect a large and modern car shop in Spencer with ample facilities for rebuilding and repairing all classes of steel and steel frame cars.

The new structure will be 110x600 feet in size and two stories high, with a wing 50x150 feet. This will be the largest building among the many others comprising the mammoth plant at Spencer. The new buildings will be constructed of iron and will be equipped with heavy electric cranes and other machinery for handling cars. Tracks will be laid through the main building with a capacity for handling 60 cars at a time. Bids are now being received for the work and it is expected the buildings will be completed early next year.

The Spencer shops are already the largest on the Southern system and when the additional facilities have been finished the plant will be far ahead of any in the South. It is presumed that a large number of men will be added to the pay rolls when the new shops are in operation.

"Kings."

The pupils in a school were asked to write original compositions on "King." The prize was carried off by a bright youth, who perpetrated the following, says Classmate:

"The most powerful king on earth is Wor-king; the laziest, Shir-king; a very offensive king, Smo-king; the wittiest, Jo-king; the leanest, Think-king; the thirstiest, Drin-king; the slyest, Win-king; the most garrulous, Tal-king."

At any rate, the straight and narrow path should never be closed for repairs.

What is Home Without an Heir!

This is a subject that has a place in all minds in all times.

And it naturally directs thought as to the comfort of the mother during that wonderful period of expectancy. Mothers who know recommend "Mother's Friend." It is an external remedy for the stretching muscles, enables them to expand without undue strain, assists the organs to crowd against nerves, to pull at ligaments to thus avoid pain.

Thus restful days are assured, peaceful nights are experienced, morning sickness, headache, griping and other distressing ailments are avoided. Mothers everywhere relate they entirely escaped by using "Mother's Friend." And by its effect upon the muscles the form is retained and they return to their natural smooth contour after labor is born.

Get a bottle of this invaluable to expectant mothers. Any druggist will supply you. It is harmless but wonderfully effective. Write to Bradford Regulator Co., 413 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for a specially written guide book for women interested in the subject of maternity. It will prove an inspiration. It contains information that every woman should know all about. Write today.

By virtue of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., made by M. W. Gant, the clerk thereof, and the same having been duly approved by his honor G. S. Ferguson, Judge holding court in said county, in a special proceedings therein being entitled: In the matter of J. F. Stephens, guardian of Lottie Bartley, a person of unsound mind, ex parte, the undersigned guardian will, on Monday the 2nd day of October, 1916, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the court house door in Greensboro, Guilford county, N. C., offer for sale to the highest bidder for one-half cash; balance in six months, deferred payments to bear six per cent interest from date of sale; and title retained till all the purchase money is paid, two certain tracts of land, lying and being in Summer township and Guilford county, N. C., and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

First tract, lying and being near the "Freeman Mill" road on the waters of Deep river and adjoining the lands of Will Osborn, Daniel Osborn and Albert Saterlight and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake, running thence north fifty-six poles to a black jack; thence west five and one-half poles to a dogwood; thence north forty-three poles to a hickory and post oak, in Saterlight's old line; thence along said line west fifty-five and one-half poles to a stone; thence along said line south one hundred poles to a hickory; thence east sixty-two poles to the first station, and containing forty acres, more or less.

Second tract.—On the waters of Hickory creek, adjoining the lands of Wesley Saterlight, John Marsh and Ruth Marsh, beginning at a stake, the old Henry Saterlight corner, running west forty-four and one-half poles along the old Thomas Danson line to a stake, the old Jeremiah Reynolds corner; thence north sixty poles to the old Reynolds line to a stake; thence east forty-four and one-half poles to the old Abner Saterlight line to per-simon, the old Henry Saterlight corner; thence south to the beginning, containing twenty acres, more or less. The same being the lands conveyed by deed from William Chapel and wife to John Bartley, and recorded in book 272, at page 3; the second described tract was conveyed by deed from Robert Bartley to John Bartley; see book 272, at page 5. This is very fine land and well timbered in oak, pine, poplar and hickory. A survey will be made of this land and a map thereof made; which map will be on exhibition on the day of sale.

This August 19, 1916. J. F. STEVENS, Guardian of Lottie Bartley, Adams & Adams, Attorneys.

PNEUMONIA

left me with a frightful cough and very weak. I had spells when I could hardly breathe or speak for 10 to 20 minutes. My doctor could not help me, but I was completely cured by

DR. KING'S New Discovery
Mrs. J. E. Cox, Joliet, Ill.
50c and \$1.00 at ALL DRUGGISTS.

IF YOU ONLY

REALIZED JUST HOW FAST,

AND HOW CONSTANTLY.

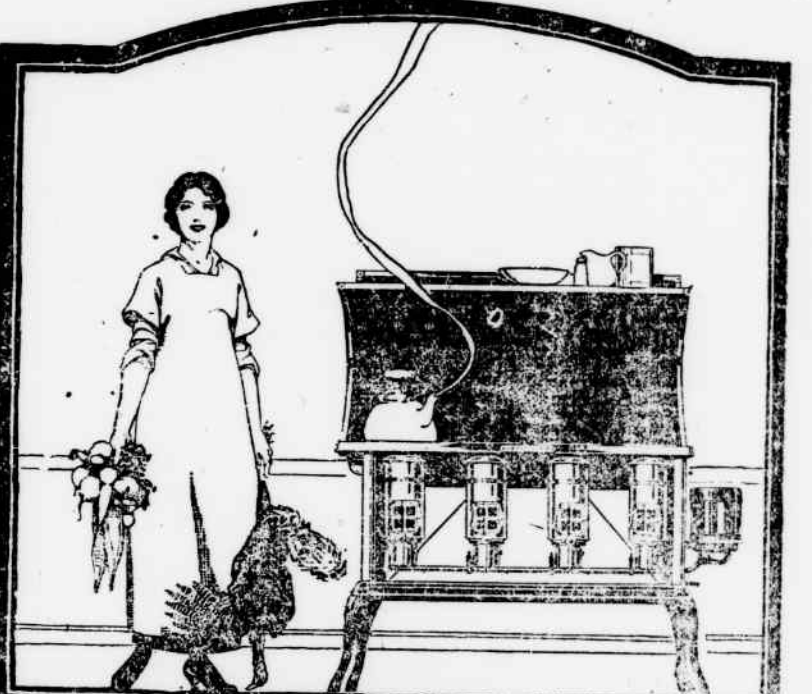
Prices of SHOES and DRY GOODS are advancing you would buy everything you will need this winter at the very earliest possible moment.

We are busy every day and before very long the present stocks will be exhausted. Then we will have to pay more and we will be obliged to advance prices.

The store is full of Shoes, Underwear, Dress Goods, Dry Goods, Rugs, Mattings, Carpets, Curtains, Blankets, Comforts, Hosiery, Sweaters and Notions of all kinds.

Take our advice and BUY NOW. People who put off buying until later in the season will certainly pay higher prices.

THACKER & BROCKMANN



NEW PERFECTION

"I Can Cook Anything

on my New Perfection—it works like a gas stove and costs less to operate."

Lights at the touch of a match, the flame stays high, medium, low—and turns out at once.

The New Perfection Oil Cook Stove, the stove with the long blue chimney, roasts, toasts, boils, bakes, broils and fries—anything, and keeps the kitchen cool.

The long blue chimney assures a clean, odorless, even flame and lasting satisfaction, because it gives a perfect draft and puts the heat just where it is needed.

Fuel cost—only 2 cents a meal for 6 people. Saves time, strength and money.

New Perfections are made in many styles and sizes. Your dealer can get any size for you.

Look for The Long Blue Chimney

Use Aladdin Security Oil to obtain the best results in Oil Stoves, Heaters and Lamps

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

(New Jersey)
Washington, D. C. BALTIMORE MD. Charlotte, N. C.
Norfolk, Va. Charleston, W. Va.
Richmond, Va. Charleston, S. C.

"IT'S THE LONG BLUE CHIMNEY"

CURRENT HISTORY records no instance of a successful man without a BANK AC- COUNT.

4 Per Cent. Interest on Savings

Greensboro Loan & Trust Company

J. W. Fry, President. J. S. Cox, Vice President.
W. E. Allen, Sec. and Treas. W. M. Ridenhour, Asst. Sec.-Treas.

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

DICHANAN.

The projected meeting will begin at 11 o'clock Sunday morning at the church. Services Sunday will be at 11 a. m. and 2 p. m. and will continue through the week. Everybody is invited to attend these services.

Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Smith visited with Mr. E. R. Smith, Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Smith has purchased a new house.

Miss Rachel Smith and Linnie Smith visited Miss Mary West Monday afternoon.

Mrs. J. T. Gant visited her mother, Mrs. M. B. Smith, last Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Smith visited with Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Balluff, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Balluff expects to move to Greensboro.

Several of the neighborhood people will be at Shady Grove Saturday night.

Friends of the Reunion.

Arrangements for the reunion through this year are well advanced. The reunion is to be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Smith, Sunday, October 1, at 11 o'clock. The program will include a musical program and all the friends of the reunion are invited to attend. We know there are many friends of the reunion whom we have not seen for some time. If these we extend our cordial invitation to be present. It will be a day of rejoicing and we are proud to have you.

There must be several million farmers between here and San Francisco who did not know there was such a place as Rumania. Moreover, they could not know that a country only a trifle larger than Pennsylvania in area and with 1,000,000 fewer people in it than our state, could thus fix the price of our morning toast.

However, the farmer didn't know another thing, to-wit, that Rumania was a door through which Germany received American wheat. Our Bucks mountain could not sell a loaf of bread to Germany direct, but he could sell a shipload of wheat to a Rumanian, who merely passed it along to the ultimate German consumer.

Rumania's war slams this door shut and closes the German market for America's wheat, cutting off a customer who was eager to buy at any price.

The amount of German buying in the United States is immense, but very few people know it.

A Philadelphia manufacturer told me one week ago the story of a bank loan of \$1,000,000. This cash was borrowed to pay for wool purchased by a German, which wool is to be kept in South America until the war is over.

That is merely a sample. Cotton and other American raw materials, including copper, have been bought in vast quantities and paid for with good American cash.

Exactly. Every Republican newspaper in the land is damning Congress for trucking to organized labor, yet every Republican newspaper and spell-binder in the land is telling organized labor that the G. O. P. is the only friend it ever had.—Rochester Herald.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

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PATRIOT FRIENDS ARE BUSY

—Eight fine milk cows are offered for sale in our bargain column today.

—Mr. J. C. Clark is paying the highest cash prices for rubber, metals, bones, rags and bags. Now's your chance to pick up a little extra money. See his card in another column.

—Manager Ralph J. Sykes, of Conyers' drug store, employs three registered druggists to compound prescriptions, and uses nothing but the freshest and purest drugs in filling them. When you have a prescription to fill, or need anything in the drug line, give Mr. Sykes a call. He will treat you right and sell you goods at pleasing prices. See his ad elsewhere in The Patriot today.

—Mr. Morrison, who has been on the sick list for the past ten days, is back at his post of duty at Morrison-Neese Furniture Company, and is ready to furnish you one of the best cook stoves or ranges at prices you never dreamed of before. His line is complete in every detail, while he sells for cash at a very close margin. See his stove and range announcement on another page today.

—The old reliable Farmers' warehouse had some good sales and high averages the past week, and Mr. Whitt's patrons returned home with smiles on their faces and money in their pockets. Prices on all grades of tobacco have been very satisfactory since the market opened and the Farmers' warehouse force have been very successful in securing very high prices for all tobacco sold there. Elsewhere in today's Patriot will be found some of the good averages made here last week.

—There's no disputing the fact that the Greensboro tobacco market stands at the head in North Carolina for high prices. The averages at the Center Brick warehouse last week were above \$20, while wrappers sold as high as \$54. Messrs. King, Aydelette and Gamble are hard workers, understand their business, and will leave no stone unturned to get you the top of the market for every pound of tobacco sold at the Center Brick warehouse. See what they have to say in our advertising columns today.

—In time of peace prepare for war. While the weather is pleasant and balmy is a good time to purchase a heating stove and have it ready for the cold, dreary winter months that are to follow. The line of stoves for all purposes and all conditions of the weather carried by the Gell Hardware Company is complete in every detail. Here you will find the famous Columbia Air-Flight wood heaters in all sizes. On your next visit to the city drop in and let these gentlemen show you what they have in stoves. Their announcement will be found elsewhere in today's Patriot.

—It is an old saying that the early bird catches the worm. The same maxim will apply to the purchase of shoes and dry goods now at Thacker & Brockmann's. These gentlemen bought heavily before the rise in prices, and will give early buyers the benefit of the saving. After their present stocks are exhausted they may have to charge more, so take The Patriot's advice and do your shopping early. By doing so, and doing it at Thacker & Brockmann's you can save your Christmas money. See their announcement elsewhere in today's Patriot.

Had All Kinds Worry.

President Wilson seems to have had all kinds of trouble since he has been at the head of the affairs of this nation. The country has been torn by affairs of state, and trouble has been brewing in various quarters, all of which required a fine hand of a statesman to solve without bringing on serious trouble. Mr. Wilson has been equal to the emergency. Not only this, but he lost his wife in the early part of his occupancy of the White House. Now, he is again confronted by the death of his only sister, Mrs. Annie Howe, who died the latter part of last week. This, of course, has disorganized his arrangements, and disrupted his plans. Truly, he has had a rough voyage, but for the sake of the country, let us hope that he will reach a safe harbor on the 7th of November next.—Madison Messenger.

Case of Necessity.

Ex-President Taft was congratulated at a New Haven luncheon on the work he has done in the cause of peace.

"Let me tell you," said Taft, "an appropriate story."

"Why is it," a fat man was once asked, "that fat chaps are always so good-natured?"

"We have to be," the fat man replied. "You see, we can neither fight nor run."

You never can tell. The man who leads a double life doesn't always have twice as much fun.

Necessary Amount of Rest.

One day and two full nights' rest in seven has been shown by scientific test to be the proper period for the restoration of waste from weariness needed for steady continuance of normal health. Nine medical students were selected by Prof. E. G. Martin, of Cambridge, Mass., as subjects for the tests. It was found that in continuous work from Monday morning to Saturday night there was each day a decreasing sensitiveness to electrical shocks, indicating a decreasing vitality of the nervous system, but one night of rest was not sufficient for the system to regain all the power it had lost by a day of labor. The sensitiveness decreased each day through the week of toil, but it was found that complete rest from Saturday night until Monday morning restored the nervous system to the point of power it had on the preceding Monday morning. So that with the full rest of two nights and one day the normal subject could begin each successive week of labor with the same nervous vitality.—Watchman-Examiner.

You never can tell. Many a fellow who is always looking for a snap lacks ginger.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administratrix of the estate of Thos. B. Doggett, deceased, all persons having claims against my estate are hereby notified to present them to me or to my attorney, James T. Morehead, Jr., on or before the 1st day of October, 1917, or this notice may bar their collection; and all persons indebted to my said estate are requested to pay me at once.

This Sept. 22, 1916. 80-90
LULA M. DOGGETT, Adm.
JAS. T. MOREHEAD, JR., Atty.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Thos. B. Doggett, deceased, all persons having claims against my estate are hereby notified to present them to me or to my attorney, James T. Morehead, Jr., on or before the 1st day of October, 1917, or this notice may bar their collection; and all persons indebted to my said estate are requested to pay me at once.

This September 21, 1916. 80-90
A. SCHIFFMAN, Adm.
JAS. T. MOREHEAD, JR., Atty.

G. S. BRADSHAW

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Court Square, Greensboro, N. C.

W. COOKE B. L. FENTRESS

COOKE & FENTRESS

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Offices 201-202 Fisher Building
Greensboro, N. C.

THOMAS C. HOYLE

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Wright Building Greensboro, N. C.

DR. L. G. COBLE

DENTIST

Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

CHAS. A. HINES,

Attorney-at-Law,

Office in Wright Building
N. Elm Street Opp. Court House

HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

After Four Years of Discouraging
Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave
Up in Despair. Husband
Came to Rescue.

Catron, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Bettie Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years, with womanly troubles, and during this time, I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times, I would have severe pains in my left side.

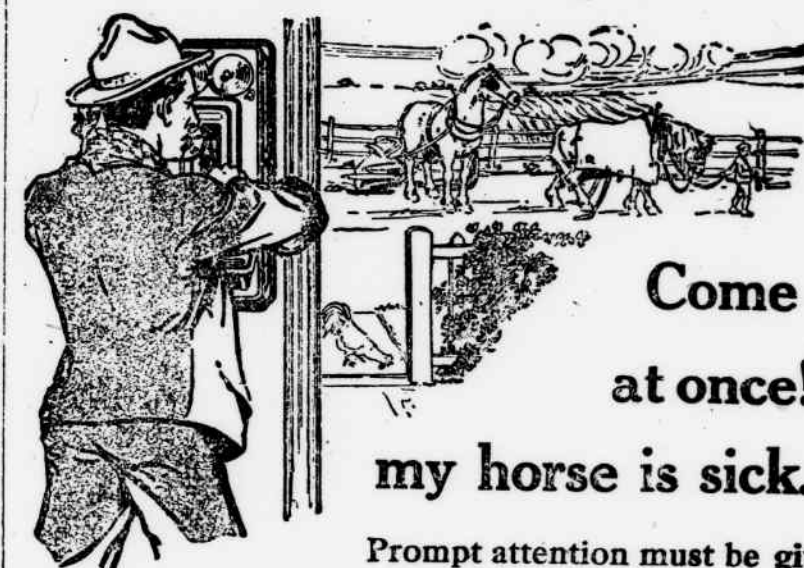
The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good.

I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair.

At last, my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I commenced taking it. From the very first dose, I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without tiring me, and am doing all my work."

If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, in its 50 years of continuous success, and should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. Begin taking Cardui today.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. 1-4c



Come
at once!
my horse is sick.

Prompt attention must be given mailing stock so that farm work may not be delayed.

Bell Telephone Service on the farm enables you to get the veterinary quickly.

It also keeps you in touch with the markets and your neighbors.

If there is no telephone on your farm write today for our Free Booklet.

Address:—

Farmers' Line Department.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE
AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY



Box 181, Greensboro, N. C.

Watch Your Label and Don't Let
Your Subscription Expire

HURRAH FOR GREENSBORO! AND THE Center Brick Warehouse!

Our average has been above \$20.00 for the last two weeks. Our average to-day, Saturday, 23rd, was \$22.28.

Lugs are selling on our floor from \$15 to \$26. Cutters from \$26 to \$35. Wrappers from \$35 to \$54. Heavy Red and Green Tobacco is out of sight.

We believe the Greensboro Market is the HIGHEST in your reach, and the CENTER BRICK WAREHOUSE is the Highest in Greensboro.

If you want Hard Work, More Money and Fewer Promises Bring Your Tobacco to the

CENTER BRICK WAREHOUSE

Phone 1867

W. H. KING,

W. A. AYDELETTE.

R. O. GAMBLE.

FATHER OF ONLY 18 CHILDREN

UNIQUE CHARLOTTE NEGRO 113 YEARS OLD—VETERAN OF 13 WIVES AND TRAIN WRECK.

Only 113 years of age; the father of 68 children, all either twins or triplets; a veteran of 13 wives and a train wreck and still able to do "er little light work such as mowing lawns"—such is the tabloid history of Wesley James, colored, born according to his own calculations, August 14, 1803, upon the ancestral plantation of the Ford family on Sullivan's Island, near Charleston. In an alleyway behind the residence at 604 East Fourth street, Wesley now resides with his thirteenth wife, who admits to 27 years and waxed chatty after an Observer reporter had demonstrated clearly that his breast pocket housed no legal papers with ultimate designs upon the James furniture.

"Yassir, he done told me he wuz er hundred and thutteen," she vouchsafed with ready information. "He sez he done buried 'leben wives, left de udder an' kinder reckins ez how he'el plant dissun. I tells him dat when us two goes down Ninth street tergedder, he's gonter be in front and it's me whut'll do sich cryin' eg has got to be done. Yassir, we jokes thaterway er heap. Hez he got all dem chillun? He sez he has and in de bottom uv his trunk he's gotter list. Me and him went over dattair thing not long ergo, spent de whole day countin' up. It took er long time 'cause his eyes ain't so good and my edification ain't much better, but we finally decided 68 wuz right. Nav sir, he isn't home right now. You kin find him ovah to de brick stoah on de cornah."

The lady of the house was right. Wesley was at "de brick stoah," seated on the sidewalk with his back to the front window and gazing meditatively up Alexander street, as though his hundred odd years were passing in review. In appearance, Wesley does not suggest even the centenarian. His hair and mustache are whiter than the first open bill in the little cotton patch which flanks his alleyway home and his hearing and vision are slightly damaged, but he arose with passable agility and doffed his battered derby with an ante-bellum bow upon finding himself the object of visitation.

"Seuse de slowness uv de old man, Cap'n," he said deprecatingly, as his figure arose to its full height, "but dessere laigs uv mine sorter worries me at times. You see, dey wuz both broke in er wreck on de Columbia bridge right after de war when I wuz firin' on de Southern. My engineah wuz kilt but I jumped outen de cab and hit smack on de top uv a telegraf pole. Dat's where I broke dese laigs. I got nine thousand dollars for dat but de doctors and law-yahs et up all but five hundred uv de judgment. Nawsir, Cap'n, dey didn't treat me zactly right 'bout dat. I nevah toll my boss engineah erbout dat wreck. You see, him and de conductah sent me afteh er quart when de train hit Columbia. I kept de conductah frum goin' out er half hour head uv time ter let de Charleston train git in and den made him wait till de Camden train got in. Like we allers did, and den he run out and met er through freight right on de bridge. My poor boss man shore did pay fur dem drinks."

"How old is dis nigger? Lord, Cap'n, he's been 'round here. My old missus wrote down de date uv my birth and if she wuz right, and she allers wuz, I wuz er hundred and thirteen de foatteenth uv August last. I wuz er old man when dey had dat big flit in Charleston out at Fort Sumter. I wuz firin' on de railroad er long time befoah de war. De railroad paid my master sixty dollars er month fur my work. Afteh de war when I wuz free and workin' for Wesley, I got seventy-five fur de same work. All my master's foah boys went to de war and de young-uns Massy then, wuz kilt three days afteh de flit. Massy Ben wuz sittin' long in de pen and paid er thousand dollars to get er peah to stay outen de pen."

"I been married thutteen times, de last 'bout three years ago. De twelf'n wuzn't no count and I went befoah er magistrate and he toll her ter git out uv town and stay ten years. Yassir, I 'vorced her. De udder 'leben died. Nawsir, I ain't kept track uv all dem sixty-eight chillun; fact is I done forgot most uv em's names. De oldest one whut I know uv right now is seventy-five years old and serving a life sentence in de penitentiary at Columbia. Eight years befoah de Charleston earthquake, you membah dat Cap'n, disere boy wuz in er gamblin' house dere. In dose days, every white gemmen whut gambled at de houses, carried er colored man wid him, 'partners' dey called 'em. Well, disere night, dere wuz six white men playin' and my boy's boss winded all de money. Den one uv

de udder white siz ez how dey gotter have er chance to windy dat money back and my boy's boss say 'no.' Den disere white man's cul-lud boy reached fur his pistol, but my boy had his'n first. He kilt dat boy and de ball went on and ended up in his boss' arm. Dey put him in fur life—he wuz over forty years old den, but shore ez gospel, marstah, he's servin' dat time fur his partner, who spent all his money tryin' to keep him out."

"I ain't able to do no heavy work now, but I manags to scrape up a livin' by cleanin' up yards and mowin' lawns and like sich. Oh, I most forgot to tell you 'bout dem chillun. Dey all come either in twins er triplets. Dey wuz all twins but nine and dem wuz triplets. Yassir, dere shore wuz a passel uv 'em. But lak I said, I shore has been 'round here. Gran-chillun? My Gawd, Cap'n, dere ain't no tellin'. Nawsir, I ain't had no trubbel managing dem wives. I allers told 'em whut's whut early. Dat's de way. Ef you do dat, you won't have no botherations."

"Wesley; Wesley; oh, Wesley," floated a soprano from the direction of the cotton patch.

The old man cupped a hand to his ear furtively.

"You Wesley, where's dat soap?" And Wesley excused himself hastily and was gone.

The storekeeper chuckled. "The worst henpecked man on the alley," he explained.

Cold Iron.

The eight-hour-day iron upon which the Republicans were pounding so vigorously while it was hot has rapidly shaded down from the brilliant glare of white heat to the duller yellow glow and from that it has lapsed into the steely black of cold metal. As an issue it gave more of promise at the start than any which the Republicans had been able to discover. The public has been weighing the cost of a strike in one scale and the blessings of peace in the other and it is coming to the conclusion that the wise man in the White House conserved the public welfare in this instance as surely as he has done in many other cases with which he has been called to deal. It gave the Republicans small comfort to hear Dr. Lyman Abbott making the honest admission that if he had been in Congress he would probably "have voted for the eight-hour day rather than subject the people to the tragical consequences of closing the highways for even a short season."

"Congress has done well," Doctor Abbott continued, "to save us from the present distress, but this is not enough. It ought now at an early date devise some plan by which the people can decide with authority the terms and conditions on which the highways must be operated and can enforce their decision on both managers and operators." Of course the people understand that President Wilson was forced to act upon the only expedient at hand and that the settlement was for the time being. The Republican papers endeavored to draw their attention away from the fact that the whole law is to be reconstructed by Congress and that it will be shaped so as to bear with equal fairness on both labor and capital. It amounts to the same thing as two warring factions having been compelled to lay down their arms and await the settlement of their differences by lawful authority. Wilson has saved the country the disastrous consequences of a strike; Congress, when it again is called to order, will address itself to the solution of the matter in the very manner suggested by Doctor Abbott. The Republicans appeared in a way to make capital out of the eight-hour issue, but the reaction is already setting in. The people have come to the conclusion that the cost of advertising the strike was a mighty small one in comparison to what the strike would have cost them, and they are willing to shoulder it.—Charlotte Observer.

Possum Hunting Time.

Along about this time of the year when the nights get a little cooler and there is a faint suggestion of frost in the air, there comes a feeling—no, not of sadness, not about the melancholy days, the cere and yellow leaf and all that kind of stuff—but there comes a feeling that it is along about 'possum huntin' time. Once a year, once is enough for 'us, there comes a feeling, an "infinite longing" maybe the poet would call it, to go out at night and with lantern or torch and a good dog hunt the festive 'possum. The one who wrote about hunting the 'possum by the light of the moon never hunted 'possums. Moonlight nights may be all that can be desired for lovers, but for a true blue 'possum hunter moonlight nights are bum. You want a kind of a damp night, and a dark one, too, one as dark as a blind nigger hunting a black cat in a cellar at midnight, to hunt 'possums in. Yes, it is getting along about 'possum hunting time, glory be!—Monroe Journal.

CHINA APPLIES FOR \$50,000,000 LOAN

Peking, China, Sept. 21. — Chen Ching Tao, the Chinese Minister of Finance, today formally asked the Quintuple group of bankers for a \$50,000,000 reorganization loan on the security of the Salt Monopoly surplus. The quintuple group is composed of representatives of American, British, Russian, French and Japanese financiers.

The bankers talked in a favorable manner regarding the loan and referred the question to the headquarters of their respective houses. The Quintuple representatives explained to the Chinese Minister of Finance they could not cooperate with Germany. At the Japanese legation it was denied the Japanese government will support the 5,000,000 yen (\$2,500,000) loan recently negotiated by Japanese bankers on the security of the Yangtze Valley mines.

China's Lack of Money.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 21. — Neither the State department nor the Chinese legation were advised today of the proposed \$50,000,000 reorganization loan to China. The great obstacle to the regeneration of China is the shortage of money for the ordinary expenses of government, and for some time revolution has been feared unless foreign financial aid could be had.

It is assumed if the \$50,000,000 joint loan goes through there will be no further effort to obtain the proposed \$15,000,000 Japanese loan, which was under negotiation at the time of the Cheng Chiatun clash. Reports from both Peking and Tokio admitted the pressing of Japan's demands for redress and the extension of police powers in South Manchuria and Inner Mongolia would postpone, if not kill, the proposed loan.

WING AND ALFALEA—A WONDERFUL PLANT.

Jo. Wing, the man who made himself famous by converting a worn-out Ohio farm into a gold mine, died some months ago and a great deal was said about him. Dr. Watt Ashcraft, who heard him lecture once, is fond of telling that the governors of three states laid down their cares of state and attended Mr. Wing's funeral. When a boy Wing went West and worked on a farm which grew alfalfa. Back home his father grew old and ill and begged him to come back and take charge of the little home farm. He did so and resolved to make that farm produce alfalfa. After long study he learned the trick and on the same farm where his father had boasted of selling \$800 worth of stuff in a year, Wing and his two younger brother soon began to clear thousands. But it was a struggle. Wing was the first to grow alfalfa in the corn belt and he became an enthusiast. By reason of his success and his enthusiasm he became a writer and lecturer on the subject and studied alfalfa in every country in the world. He traced it back in history and asserted that this was the very plant that Nebuchadnezza ate when he was turned out to grass, as depicted in the Bible. Wing wrote a book and published it in 1909, "Alfalfa in America," in which is given all the information about this wonderful plant and the things necessary to grow it. He found that it grows like weeds in every country that has much limestone, and that it will not grow in soil that is deficient in limestone. It is an arid plant and is never disturbed by drought. To grow it limestone has to be supplied and the land well drained. Wing contends that its culture is the simplest thing in the world when these fundamental principles are understood.

Wing says: "Alfalfa is one of the most beautiful, most valuable and most profitable crops in the world. It makes the most hay. The hay is the richest and best. It enriches the soil on which it grows. It endures for many years with one sowing. It has redeemed the arid and semi-arid West. It is coming into every state in the union." A ton of alfalfa hay is equal almost to a ton of wheat bran.

Alfalfa will grow in this section. But Wing says many needless failures have been made, while it need not be a hard plant to establish. It is harder than red clover. It withstands any drought. It withstands cold better than any clover. In some regions alfalfa seems native to the soil. In some regions all the nursing in the world fails to establish. Why is this difference? At last it is understood. Lack of carbonate of lime. Supply that and the trick is turned. Ground limestone is the thing.—Monroe Journal.

You can't take something from nothing, but many a man is thrown on his own resources who hasn't any.

ELECTRIC BITTERS THE BEST FOR BILIOUSNESS AND KIDNEY

W. North & West

Schedule of Freight
November 14, 1916.
Leave Winston-Salem.

6.30 A. M., daily for Roanoke and intermediate stations. Connect with main line train north, east and west with Pullman sleeper. Dining cars.

2.10 P. M., daily for Martinsville, Roanoke, the north and east. Pullman steel electric lighted sleeper. Winston-Salem to Harrisburg, Philadelphia, New York. Dining car north of Roanoke.

4.15 P. M., daily for Martinsville, Roanoke and local stations. Pullman sleepers.

Trains arrive Winston-Salem 11.10 A. M., 1.10 P. M., and 9.35 P. M.

W. D. BEVILL, W. C. SAUNDERS
Pass. Traffic Mgr. Gen. Pa. A.
Roanoke, Va.

THE FOX TYPEWRITER

not only runs lighter but it runs longer, as it's many operators testify. A trial convinces.

We have some good secondhand Underwoods at prices that will interest you.

BARKER BROS.

GENERAL OFFICE SUPPLIES
Telephone 88. Opposite Bijou.

DR. J. F. KERNODLE DENTIST

Rooms 203 and 204 McAdoo Building
Over Still's Drug Store.
Phones—Office 1648; Residence 1647
Greensboro, N. C.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a certain mortgage deed executed on the 24th day of May, 1913, by Webb Bass and his wife, Sallie Bass to the undersigned, as will appear by reference to book of mortgages 247, page 406, of the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, and by reason of failure of said Webb Bass and his wife, Sallie Bass to discharge the indebtedness and the interest thereon according to the tenor of the note mentioned in the said mortgage deed, I will on

Saturday, September 30, 1916, at 12 M., at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, sell for cash, to the highest bidder at public auction, the following described property located in Center Grove township, N. C. and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at an iron stake on the public road, thence south 52 poles to a stone; thence south 19 degrees east 46 1-2 poles to a stone; thence east 32 poles to a stone in J. W. Wharton's line; thence north with said line 17 poles to Wharton and Bass corner; thence north 19 degrees west 42 poles to a head in road; thence north 2 1-2 degrees east 41 1-2 poles with said road to a stump near cedar tree; thence west with said Bass and Rankin line 32 poles to the beginning, containing 20 acres more or less.

This August 28, 1916.
W. E. MOORE,
W. S. MOORE,
W. E. MOORE,
Assignees.

NOTICE OF SUMMONS AND WARRANT OF ATTACHMENT.

North Carolina, Guilford County.
Before D. H. Collins, J. P.
Max Leikowitz vs.
J. Pearl & Co. and Geo. H. Snow Co.
The defendants, J. Pearl & Co. and Geo. H. Snow Co., above named, make notice that a summons in the above entitled action was issued against said defendants on the 1st day of September, 1916, for the sum of \$164.10 due said plaintiff on account of breach of contract for failure to ship to the plaintiff certain goods bought, substituting other goods, etc. Said summons is returnable to the undersigned at his office in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on the 5th day of October, 1916, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The defendants will also take notice that a Warrant of Attachment was issued by said D. H. Collins, a Justice of the Peace, on the 1st day of September, 1916, against the property of the said defendants—being the personal residence of the state of North Carolina, but having property in said state—which warrant is returnable at the time and place above named for the return of the summons, when and where the defendants are required to appear and answer or demur to the complaint or the relief demanded will be granted.

This 1st day of September, 1916.
D. H. COLLINS, J. P.
STERN & SWIFT, 74-80
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage deed executed on the 5th day of August, 1914, by Wesley Elghill and wife, Minnie Elghill, which mortgage deed is recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, in book 264, at page 316, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness therein secured, as provided by the terms thereof, the undersigned will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash at the court house door in Greensboro, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., on

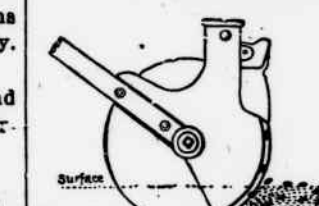
Monday, October 23, 1916, the following described real estate: In Guilford county, Friendship township, N. C., adjoining lands of C. B. Higgins, heirs of David Huffines, et al, and bounded as follows:

First Tract: Beginning at a white oak corner Perkins formerly, now the David Huffines line; thence west along said line 235 poles to a stone; thence north on the Brittain line 69 poles to a stone; thence east 245 poles to a corner in the Perkins line; thence south 53 poles to a hickory; thence west on the Perkins line, now Huffines line, 10 poles to a white oak; thence on the said line to the place of beginning, containing 102 acres, more or less.

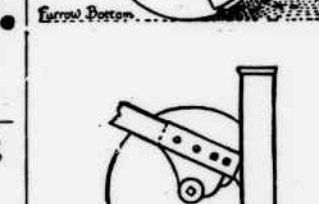
Second Tract: Adjoining the above tract on the west, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a pine on the Greensboro road; thence north 88 degrees east 40 poles and 10 links to a stone; thence south 65 poles to a stone in the Greensboro road; thence with the Greensboro road 74 1-2 poles to the beginning, containing 8 acres, more or less.

This September 13, 1916.
W. J. STAFFORD,
D. B. STAFFORD,
S. S. HIGGINS,
Executors of the last will and testament of Moses T. Stafford, deceased.

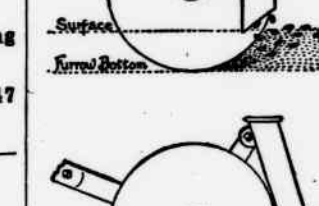
See the Various Discs and Note Their Work. Ours is at the Bottom. Take Your Choice. We Know It Will be A PEORIA UNION



Note how the grain clings to the disc, on the open boot style of drill, and the uneven depths in the furrows.



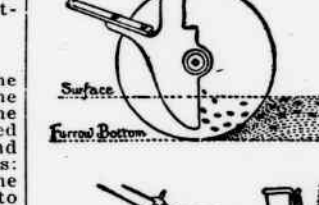
The closed boot as made later overcomes the objection of the open boot carrying the grain but leaves much grain on top of the ground and allows the soil to fall back into the furrow before the grain is deposited.



The closed boot with scraper does no better, the boot is farther in the rear of disc and allows the soil to fall into the furrow before grain is deposited. Not over 50 per cent of the grain is covered.



Placing the shank ahead of the center of disc makes an ideal construction for pushing trash, depositing the grain no better and cannot be operated in foul land. It has caused more trouble than all others.



Every objection is overcome by the the Disc Shoe, found only in the PEORIA DRILLS, no explanation necessary. Every seed deposited at uniform depth in the bottom of packed seed furrow. Will work in

place other drills will work and in places where other cannot be operated. The only furrow opener made that prepared the seed bed.

Townsend Buggy Company

Big Bed Sale

Today we will place on sale a large assortment of brass and iron beds all sizes and designs, at prices never known before. Don't delay. First choice is always best. We have bed springs, felt mattresses, odd dressers, chiffonieres, davenports, lounges, library tables, parlor suits, rugs, drug-gets, toilet sets, porch rockers, swings and many other useful pieces of furniture that we are selling at and below cost to make room for fall goods.

McDuffie's Furniture Store

Next to Odell Hardware Store

PROMPTNESS AND SERVICE

That is what you want when you deal with a drug store and is what you get when you trade with us. We make a specialty of filling orders by mail, and if such a thing be possible, are just a little more careful in attending to this class of business than in waiting on a customer who comes to the store in person. If you haven't time to come to the store, write or telephone us your order and the goods will be sent you by the next mail, postage prepaid. Call us up the next time you want anything from a drug store in a hurry.

Greensboro Drug Co.

Cor. S. Elm and West Market Sts. Telephone 88

BRITISH "TANKS" MADE HERE

ARMED MOTOR CARS USED IN RECENT ASSAULTS WERE BUILT IN PEORIA.

Washington special: The British "tanks" the armored motor cars used in recent assaults on German trenches in northern France so successfully as to attract world-wide attention, were built for the most part in Peoria, Ill., as caterpillar tractors designed many years before the war began to meet some of the difficult problems of modern farming. Experts for the armor, their machine guns and their crews, thousands like them are in use today in the United States, in plowing, digging ditches and other labor less heroic than war.

M. M. Baker, vice president of the Holt Manufacturing Company, here on a visit explained that it was machines made by his company at its Peoria plant that had hurled German trenches, walked through forests and crawled over snail craters in the face of intense rifle and machine gun fire.

"It is true," said Mr. Baker, "that these tractors can go ahead over almost anything. They can straddle a trench, go through a swamp, roll over logs, or climb through shell craters like a car of a juggernaut. It looks uncanny to see them crawl along the ground, just like a huge caterpillar. In a thick forest, if they encountered trees they could not brush out of their way they could easily be used to uproot them and clear their own paths."

Mr. Baker said the tractors sent to England weigh about 18,000 pounds each, developing 120 horsepower and are built of steel. The caterpillar feature, he explained, is of the utmost importance. Speaking broadly, the tractor crawls on two belts, with corrugated surfaces, on either side of the body. The corrugated surface is on the ground. On the inside of the belts, on each side of the body, are two lines of steel rails making four lines in all. These rails are in short sections, jointed, and operate over a cogged mechanism that actually lays them down with their belt attachment as the tractor moves ahead and picks them up again so that the car runs on its own self-made track continuously.

The short joints in the rails make it easy to turn to the right or left. The body is supported by trucks with five wheels, something like small railroad tracks. These wheels never touch the ground but run upon the steel rails. In the ordinary tractor about seven feet of belt and rails is on the ground at one time. Mr. Baker said that the machine would bridge any trench that was not wider than the length of the track it laid on the ground at one time. The "bow" might lift the far side of the trench far below the top, and the "stem" would undoubtedly sink a little into the bottom of the trench, he declared, would enable it to go ahead and climb out.

Although Mr. Baker would not discuss the matter, it was understood the United States war department is experimenting with armored tractors somewhat like those now in use on the British battle line.

WILL REVISE THE WHITE SLAVE ACT.

Washington, Sept. 23.—Radical revision of the Mann white slave law so that it will be confined to its single aim—to stamp out commercialized vice—may be one of the results of conference of department of justice investigators who are probing the nationwide blackmailing syndicate activities. This was suggested today when department investigators from Chicago, Philadelphia and New York resumed their mapping out of plans for prosecutions that will result from the sensational disclosures at Chicago. The fact that the blackmailers employed threats of Mann law prosecutions as the most effective weapon in luring victims to whom they represented themselves as federal vice agents was admitted today's conference adjourned for lunch.

This phase of the question, while it does not immediately affect the present case, was discussed at a meeting today, "was discussed at a meeting today, our main objective is to send these men and women blackmailers to jail. When the cases are cleared up we shall probably recommend remedial legislation to make the Mann law apply only in case of actual commercialized white slavery."

It was decided at today's session that the department will be unrelenting in compelling essential witnesses to testify, regardless of the wealth or prominence of victims. On the other hand, A. Bruce Bielaski, chief of the bureau of investigation of the department, is said to have instructed his attorneys to use every precaution to prevent names of victims becoming public unless it is necessary to successful prosecution.

17-MONTHS-OLD BABY YOUNGEST DRUG FIEND.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—"The youngest dope fiend known to science," is the way physicians have labeled Norman Harris, 17-months-old baby.

"And Baby Norman 'got the habit' at his mother's breast, according to admission said by physicians to have been made by the child's mother.

"When he was just a little thing I noticed he was good as good could be when I nursed him after I had taken dope," Mrs. Harris is alleged to have told Dr. Carl S. Myers, of Cook County Psychopathic hospital.

"He slept so quietly and there was always a smile on his face. I am not strong, I couldn't take care of a cross baby, so I kept taking the drug which eventually went to him."

"I often tried to stop—it was doing me no good. I didn't think he'd get a habit."

"I'd have given my life a hundred times over to save him from it. I'd have cut out the dope if it killed me rather than make his life a hell, for that's what my life is. I'd rather see him dead than leading this life that is worse than death."

"It is quite possible for a child to acquire the drug habit through the milk of a drug saturated mother," said Dr. Myers. "The milk is charged with the drug, the child absorbs it and the effect is much the same as if he took it in direct form."

In his cot in the hospital the little shadow-child pleads with his pensive eyes for the pain-killing "hop." His hands that look like little bird claws grope for the milk bottle that will send him off to dreamland.

Just how much morphine Baby Norman has taken into his system, the physicians at the Bridewell have not determined. According to his mother she has been almost continuously under the influence of drugs since Norman was born, 17 months ago.

JOINT COMMISSION FOR BANK OF MEXICO.

A plan for a national banking system, to take the place of the suspended National bank and the Bank of London and Mexico, in Mexico City, was outlined to the American members of the joint Mexican-American commission at New London, Conn., last week by Luis Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican members.

Mr. Cabrera explained that a monetary commission has been created that will have supervision of a chain of government banks and it is hoped to obtain financial backing chiefly from Mexican sources, to support the scheme. This explanation was given after the American members had asked to be enlightened on the order suspending the two institutions.

Mr. Cabrera added that the step was largely retaliatory as the banks of Mexico, chiefly the two in question, were responsible for depreciation of Carranza currency.

The border situation was discussed today by the commissioners in a casual way, but without much progress toward agreement.

William Phillips, assistant secretary of state, conferred here today with the American representatives on his way back to Washington from a vacation. Counsellor Polk, of the state department, is expected here tomorrow.

American and Mexican members of the commission made a trip this afternoon in a K type United States submarine. The craft was submerged for several minutes during the brief cruise. It was the first time the Mexican commissioners had been in a submarine.

Had a Hello of a Time.

Columbus, O., Sept. 22.—Two million, four hundred thousand conversation on love, business gossip and whatnot is the record of Miss Nell Taylor in twenty-four years' continuous service as a hello girl here. The first eight years she spent at the switchboard handling calls at the rate of 1,000 a day. She spent another eight years as supervisor, answering foolish questions. "Will you marry me?" she says, is the silliest and most frequent question asked. She still is single and glad of it. When she started to work twenty-four years ago Miss Taylor was fifteen. There were only 1,550 telephones in Columbus then, as compared to 45,000 today.

A Buncombe Apple Orchard.

But those apples. Thirteen hundred trees of them. Great fellows. Why do not others set out orchards. Some apples from those very trees were first prize winners at a great apple show out in Missouri—the home of the big red apple—just the other year. If a man would make money—grow apples—or rather set the trees and just let the apples grow. It takes some work—so does everything worth a thought in the world. But the joy of it. Every apple calls you. —Asheville Times.

CALLED FOR WEDNESDAY

UNIONS ASSERT APPROXIMATELY 600,000 MEN AND WOMEN WILL GO ON STRIKE.

New York, Sept. 22.—Organized workers in virtually every industry in greater New York were formally called upon late today to cease work at 8 A. M. Wednesday in sympathy with striking traction employees. Union leaders assert approximately 600,000 men and women are involved.

The call was embodied in resolutions adopted at a conference of labor leaders representing the federated bodies in all the boroughs of the city as well as many national and international unions. Of the eighty unions in the city, represented, it was said some already had voted in favor of a strike. The call, it was said, would be issued not only to organized workers in New York, but also to those in West Chester county in which the cities of Yonkers, New Rochelle and Mt. Vernon are situated, and would extend throughout a wide range of industries.

Hugh Frayne, New York state organizer of the American Federation of Labor, announced the determination to call the sympathetic walkout in the following statement:

"It was decided by unanimous vote by representatives of eighty unions in Greater New York and vicinity that there shall be a general suspension of all work in all trades and industries in Greater New York and vicinity the same to commence Wednesday, September 23 at 8 A. M."

Officers of several international unions attended the conference, Mr. Frayne said. Among those was T. V. O'Connor, of Buffalo, president of the International Longshoremen's Organization.

William B. Fitzgerald, general organizer of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees, in charge of the traction strike, represented the carmen at the conference and the following labor bodies were among the others represented: The Central Federated Union, Brooklyn Central Labor Union, United Hebrew Trades, Bronx Board of Business Agents, Manhattan Building Trades Council, International Machinists Union, International Typographical Union, Stationary and Upright Engineers and Firemen's Unions and the Eccentric Firemen's Union.

The call is based upon the proposition that union men "cannot maintain their self-respect" if they ride upon cars operated by strikebreakers, according to a statement issued to-night by Ernest Bohm, secretary of the Central Federated Union. In cases where contracts exist, Bohm said, the employers will be notified that the workers have no means of transportation and if the employers cannot provide transportation the workers must remain at their homes.

"Union employees will not risk their lives by riding on cars operated by green motormen and protected by policemen," Mr. Bohm said. "Neither can they ride on such cars and retain their self-respect as union men."

"The general tie-up will come because employers of union labor will not provide their employees with means of transportation to and from work to enable them to stay off the dangerous strikebreaking cars of the several traction lines."

Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, and the New York Railways Company, reiterated his determination not to meet representatives of the striking carmen.

"If I did so, the loyal men in the Interborough Brotherhood would have good cause to strike," he said. "Besides, there is no reason for negotiations. There is no strike. We are carrying more people in the subway, on the elevated and in the Steinway tubes than ever before."

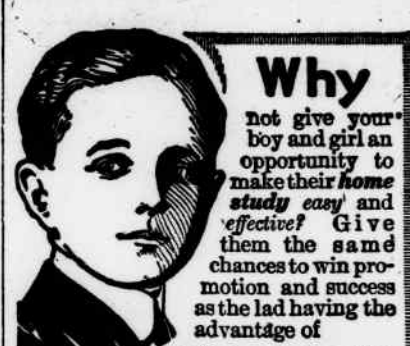
Wants an Extra Session.

President Wilson will be asked to call a special session of Congress to pass an embargo on the exportation of wheat and federal and state investigations on the increase in the price of flour will be demanded by resolutions adopted by 200 bakers of Brooklyn, New York, Thursday. It was asserted that flour would sell for \$14 a barrel and bread for 20 cents a loaf next spring unless action is taken.

A Bad Summer for Children.

There has been an unusual amount of sickness among children everywhere this summer. Extra precautions should be taken to keep the bowels open and liver active. Foley Cathartic Tablets are a fine and wholesome physic; cause no pain, nausea or griping. Relieve indigestion, sick headache, biliousness, sour stomach, bad breath. Conyers' Drug Store.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA



Why not give your boy and girl an opportunity to make their home study easy and effective? Give them the same chances to win promotion and success as the lad having the advantage of

WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL Dictionary in his home. This new creation answers with final authority all kinds of puzzling questions in history, geography, biography, spelling, pronunciation, sports, arts, and sciences.

400,000 Vocabulary Terms. 2700 Pages. Over 6000 Illustrations. Colored Plates. The only dictionary with the British Page. The type matter is equivalent to that of a 15-volume encyclopedia. More Scholarly, Accurate, Convenient, and Authoritative than any other English Dictionary.

REGULAR AND PAPER EDITIONS. WRITE for specimen page. FREE, a set of Pocket Notes if you name this paper.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

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At Coble & Starr's Stables, 533 South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.
Office Phone 678. Residence phone 1803

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DENTIST
Office Over Greensboro National Bank.
Greensboro, N. C.
Telephone 1013.

Dr. Daniel Dees
Dr. Ralph Dees
Dr. Rigdon Dees.

DOCTORS DEES
General Surgery and Diseases of Women.

McAdoo Office Building—Next to Postoffice.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

S. Glenn Brown
Attorney-at-Law
610 BANNER BUILDING.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in the mortgage deed from Lewis Trice and wife, Cornelia Trice, dated March 1, 1912, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, N. C., in book 247, at page 82, a default having been made in the payment of the note therein secured, the undersigned will on Saturday, October 17, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, at the court house door in Greensboro, N. C., sell to the highest bidder for cash the tract of land in Guilford county, N. C., in Morehead township, adjoining the lands of David Young, and described as follows: Beginning at a stake David Young's southeast corner, on the west extension of South Ashe street, and running thence southwardly with said street 52 feet to Ingram's line; thence westwardly along Ingram's line about 430 feet to center of branch; thence northwardly along the center of said branch about 52 feet to David Young's line; thence eastwardly along Young's line about 410 feet to the beginning, containing 2.14 acres more or less. Subject to reservation to Lewis T. Trice of a right-of-way ten feet wide along Young's line.

The above being a part of the land on which said mortgage was given.

This September 6, 1916.
J. T. MILLIKAN, Mortgagee.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County. In the Superior Court. R. F. Wood vs. Lelia G. Wood.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., in which the plaintiff seeks an absolute divorce from the defendant on the ground of adultery, and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the term of Superior court to be held in said county on the second Monday in October, 1916, at the court house in Greensboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said action.

This September 8, 1916.
M. W. GANT, C. S. C.

NOTICE.

Because of the death of R. M. Stafford, it is necessary to wind up the business of R. M. and D. B. Stafford. Therefore, it is necessary to wind up the partnership of R. M. and D. B. Stafford are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said partnership are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of September, 1917, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

This September 15, 1916.
D. B. STAFFORD, Surviving Partner of R. M. and D. B. Stafford.

DR. A. L. PETREE

Stomach and Intestines-Rectum

Office equipment up-to-date. A large per cent of rectal diseases, such as piles, ulcers, fissures, fistulae, etc., are cured in offices with out chloroform, ether, knife, hospital or detention from business. Offices in Grissom Building, opposite the McAdoo Hotel, Greensboro, N. C. Hours—8 A. M. to 12 M. and 2 to 5 P. M. Residence Phone 202. Office Phone 472.

Democratic Speaking!

All Appointments Are for 7.30 P. M.

The Speakers named below will address voters of Guilford county at the times and places named, to-wit:

Jamestown; Thursday, Sept. 28

---R. J. M. Hobbs and Hon. N. L. Eure.

Proximity, Tuesday, Sept. 26th

---Hon. Thos. J. Gold and Hon. R. O. Everett.

Stokesdale, Tuesday, Sept. 26th

---C. R. Wharton and Hon. N. L. Eure.

Gibsonville, Thursday, Sept. 28th

---R. J. M. Hobbs and Charles A. Hines.

High Point, Tuesday, Sept. 26th

---Hon. Lee S. Overman.

Greensboro, Friday, September

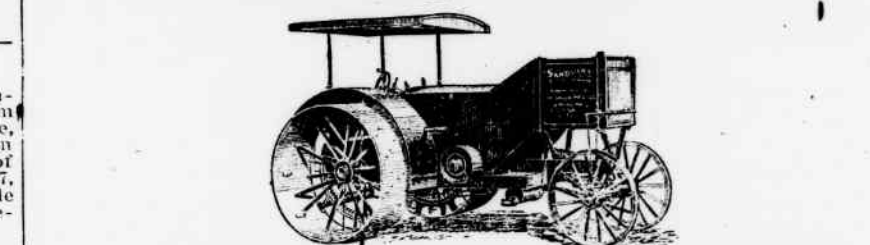
29th---Hon. J. Thomas Helfin, M. C., Lafayette, Ala.

Hour: 7.30 P. M. at all points.

CHARLES A. HINES.

Chairman Guilford Co. Dem. Ex. Com.

"The Little Fellow With the Big Pull"



The Sandosky Tractor is guaranteed to handle four 14-inch mouldboard plows 18 inches deep where a big team can pull one 12-inch plow 6 inches deep. Guaranteed one year against defective workmanship and material. Three days trial allowed on your own farm.

For further information see

E. F. CRAVEN

327 So. Davie St. Phone 527

COKE FOR SALE

With our new coal gas plant now in full operation we are in a position to help you solve your fuel problem. Coke is an ideal fuel for your Kitchen Range. It is clean and makes no smoke or soot. It makes a very steady, hot fire.

A ton of coke is very much more in bulk than a ton of coal; therefore a much cheaper fuel.

PRICES

By the bushel on yard.....15c
One half ton delivered.....\$3.25
One ton delivered.....6.00
5 to 10 tons, per ton, delivered.....5.50
10 to 20 tons, per ton, delivered.....5.00

N. C. Public Service Co.

Phones 330 and 331

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

Pursuant to a decree made by the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county in a special proceeding entitled Mattie W. Benbow, widow, etc., vs. Ernest E. Benbow and others, the undersigned as commissioner will at 12 o'clock M., on Saturday, October 14, 1916, in front of the county court house door, in Greensboro, sell to the last and highest bidder, by public auction, a valuable farm, which tract of land contains some eighty-three and one-fourth acres and is known as the Benbow Mill tract, or Dean place, and adjoins the lands of John Willard, R. A. Moore, Lowery and Cude and others.

The premises herein described are located some mile and one-half from Oak Ridge Institute. Oak Ridge Institute is known as one of the best educational institutions in North Carolina, and is located in one of the best and healthiest country communities in the state; and an unusual opportunity is offered to those who want to live near a good school, churches, and in a good community.

Terms of sale: One-third in cash; one-third of purchase money in six months; and the balance in twelve months with interest on deferred payments from date of sale till paid; title retained as security.

This September 9, 1916.
R. R. KING, JR., Commissioner.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Prominent Republican Coming.

Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, who was secretary of the treasury during the administration of President Roosevelt, has been billed by the Republican state executive committee to speak in Greensboro Thursday night.

Dr. Coble in Extremis.

Dr. Wesley Coble, who has been ill for some time at his home south of Pleasant Garden, continues in a critical condition. Little hope is entertained for his recovery. Dr. Coble is in the eighty-fifth year of his age and one of the best known citizens of southern Guilford.

Many New Members Secured.

The campaign conducted last week for new members of the Board of Public Welfare was highly successful, the membership of the organization being increased from 140 to 248. The 208 new members secured pledged a total of \$1,701 toward carrying on the work during the next year.

To Organize New Church.

A meeting will be held tonight at the Glenwood Presbyterian church, which has been conducted as a mission, for the purpose of formally organizing a church and to consider the matter of calling a pastor. The revival conducted at Glenwood during the past week by Rev. William Black, of Charlotte, was very successful.

Appointment Postponed.

The appointment made by the Democratic executive committee for Messrs. E. D. Broadhurst and Charles A. Hizes to speak in Gibsonville Thursday night, and which is advertised elsewhere in The Patriot, has been postponed to a later date. Due notice will be given of the new appointment.

Death of Young Lady.

The funeral of Miss Mary Wallace Jones, who died at her home in this city Thursday morning, following a long illness, was held from the residence on Hanner avenue Friday morning, after which the body was carried to Reidsville for interment. Miss Jones is survived by her father, Mr. R. J. Jones, a brother and a young sister.

County Sunday School Convention.

The annual convention of the Guilford County Sunday School Association will be held at the Friends church in this city on Saturday, October 14. Owing to the fine progress of the Sunday school work in the county during the past year, it is expected that the convention will be the largest and most successful yet held. It is announced that special efforts will be made to have every Sunday school in the county represented with a statistical report and an offering for the county and state work. A picnic dinner will be served on the church lawn at the noon hour of the convention.

Congressman Heflin Friday Night.

Hon. L. Thomas Heflin, representative in Congress from the fifth district of Alabama, will make a Democratic campaign speech in the county house next Friday night, the 29. Mr. Heflin is one of the most eloquent and attractive speakers in the country, and those who are so fortunate as to hear him Friday night will enjoy a rare treat. The brilliant Alabama congressman charmed a large audience here in the campaign tour recently, his speech having been one of the very best ever heard in Greensboro on any occasion. Mr. Heflin will give from Greensboro to Asheville, these being the only points in the state at which he will speak during the campaign.

Guilford to Aid Wilkes County.

The directors of the Chamber of Commerce have pledged the assistance of this body to Wilkes county in an effort to secure a share of the fund of \$225,000 allotted to North Carolina by the federal government under a recent act of Congress for permanent road improvements. Wilkes county has just voted a bond issue of \$250,000 for good roads and it is desired to secure \$50,000 from the government appropriation. The matter was taken up with the directors of the Chamber of Commerce in a meeting Tuesday night by a delegation of Wilkes citizens consisting of ex-Congressman R. N. Hackett, M. L. Mott, Jr., H. C. Caviness and Leonard Vyne. While no official action has been taken by that body, it is understood that the commissioners of Guilford county will give their endorsement to the Wilkes project and render any assistance in their power in an effort to secure aid from the government in the road-building campaign that has been inaugurated in the mountain county.

White Oak Democratic Club.

A Democratic club was organized at White Oak Friday night, when a splendid campaign speech was made by Mr. A. L. Brooks. Mr. Brooks discussed both state and national issues with his accustomed eloquence and held the close attention of his hearers. The White Oak Democrats are organizing with the determination to carry their precinct by a big majority. Tomorrow night a Democratic club will be organized at Proximity. Speeches will be made by Messrs. R. O. Everett, of Durham, and Thomas J. Gold, of High Point.

May Establish Hosiery Mill.

Outside parties have been in Greensboro during the past few days looking over the field with a view to establishing a hosiery manufacturing plant here, and it is stated that the prospects of securing the new enterprise for this city are bright. Several prominent citizens conferred with the visitors and gave them assurance of local support and co-operation. It is planned to organize a company with ample capital to assure the financial success of the enterprise, and it is hoped that the plant may be in operation in the course of a few months.

First Voters' Democratic Club.

A number of young men held a meeting at Democratic headquarters Thursday night and organized a First Voters' Democratic Club for Greensboro and the suburbs. Messrs. Andrew Joyner, Jr., and C. R. Wharton were in charge of the meeting and explained the plan of organization and the purpose of the club. It was stated that there are about 500 young men in Greensboro who will be qualified to vote for the first time in November, and of this number over 300 have enrolled for membership in the First Voters' Democratic Club. Plans are being made to have a rally of the young Democrats of the county in Greensboro some time during the month of October, the date depending somewhat upon the progress made in organizing the clubs throughout the county and the convenience of the speaker who will address the meeting.

NORTH CAROLINA CHEESE INDUSTRY GROWING.

The department of agriculture has just arranged to employ an additional man to boost the development of the cheese industry in the North Carolina mountains, and he will go to work in a few days. One man already is devoting his entire time to interesting the farmers in this work. This will enable the government to take care of an industry that has expanded with almost incredible speed since it started two years ago.

A government expert declares that the cheese made in North Carolina is equivalent to that which comes from Wisconsin and New York, the principal cheese states of the nation, and the department looks to the North Carolina mountain farmers to find a prosperity from this industry throughout the section adapted to the work. They are finding an eager market, since the quality of their product is good, and are far from having to leave the state to find an outlet for their goods. They make the regular American cheese which has been coming from Wisconsin and New York.

That the industry proved profitable from the beginning, appealing to the farmers because of the good prices available, is indicated by the fact that up to date six additional plants have been erected or are now being erected. Shares are sold to the people in the communities and they invest such amounts as they have available. The plants at the present time are confined chiefly to the counties of Ashe, Watauga and Yancey. Over in Tennessee plants have been built in Sevier and Johnson counties, while plans have just been made for starting the industry in the mountains of Virginia.

Not only are additional plants being installed, bringing the total up to nine, but the three plants which were established and in operation last year, on which the government made a glowing report, have been practically doubled. They will be run the entire year around.

It is Good For the Stomach.

A Republican paper published in this state made the prediction just three months before the last presidential election that if a Democrat should be elected, cotton would be selling within six months for five cents, tobacco at an average of ten cents, and the bottom would go from under wheat and corn. Today the country is ruled by Democrats from president down to township constable, and cotton is selling above fifteen cents, tobacco is soaring among the stars, and corn and wheat is higher than ever before! The people want more of the Woodrow Wilson brand of prosperity. It is good for the stomach.—Burlington News.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Deputy Sheriff J. H. Shaw and Mrs. Shaw have returned from a visit to New York.

Mrs. L. T. Barber and little daughter, of Gibsonville, are visiting relatives in Mooresville.

Mr. D. W. Holt, of McLeansville, has returned to Philadelphia to resume his medical studies.

Mr. S. S. Brown went to Newbern Saturday on a short visit to his brother, Mr. J. Council Brown.

Forced Attention on Ladies.

A. K. Morris and T. L. Wood, traveling men who attempted to force their attentions upon Mrs. L. F. Koonce and Miss Mamie Denton, on the streets of Raleigh last week, were fined \$50 and costs each upon conviction of an assault after their attorneys announced that they would not resist a verdict. The men met the ladies on the street, tried to shake hands with them, insisted that they knew them, and one of them caught Miss Denton by the arm and insisted that she get into an automobile with him.

The men pleaded that they mistook the ladies for others whom they had had an engagement to meet. They apologized after they found they were in trouble but the affair caused much indignation and a feeling that the punishment was too light.

For the Satisfaction of Lodge.

Senator Lodge, who recently complained because the Southern states were not adequately represented in the national guard camps on the Mexican border, will be pleased to learn that three regiments of militia from North Carolina are to relieve an equal number of men from Pennsylvania who have been ordered home. In a country so large as this it is not always easy to distribute governmental favors to the entire satisfaction.—New York World.

Watch the date on your lunch.

PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

FOR SALE—90-ACRE FARM FOUR miles east of Greensboro. O. M. Fogleman, Greensboro Route 6.

FOR SALE—EIGHT FINE MILK cows. Apply to P. H. Cunningham at Country Club or W. D. McAdoo, 110 1-2 East Washington street. 80-2t.

THE GREENSBORO TOBACCO ASSOCIATION has made it a fine of \$50 for any warehouseman or their employees to drum any tobacco in transit for the Greensboro market, and one-half of this fine is to be paid any one securing the evidence to convict them. A. A. Chandler, Secretary. 77-4t

WANTED—TO BUY GOOD BEEF and veal on foot. Call or write Mason & Brooks, Greensboro. Phone 822.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED farm property in Guilford County. J. A. Adams, 105 Court Square. 52tf

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

State of North Carolina, Department of State. To All to Whom These Presents May Come—Greeting:

Whereas, It appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof by the unanimous consent of all the stockholders, deposited in my office, that the Stokesdale Lumber Company, a corporation of this state, whose principal office is situated at No. — Main street, in the town of Stokesdale, county of Guilford, state of North Carolina (C. W. Taylor being the agent therein and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served), has complied with the requirements of Chapter 21, Revised Code of 1905, entitled "Corporations," preliminary to the issuing of this Certificate of Dissolution: Now, therefore, I, J. Bryan Grimes, secretary of state of the state of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the said corporation did, on the 28th day of July, 1916, file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all the stockholders thereof, which said consent and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

In testimony whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal at Raleigh, this 28th day of July, 1916. J. BRYAN GRIMES, Secretary of State. 80-86.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Cathren Pitts, deceased, with will annexed, this is to notify all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same, duly verified, to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of September, 1917, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make prompt settlement. This September 25, 1916. 80-90. Adm. with will annexed of Cathren Pitts, Deceased. J. R. GORDON.

NEW SANITARY FEATHER BEDS \$7.30 FULL WEIGHT 40 POUNDS 1 pair 5 lb. Pillows to match. \$1.15. Selected New Live, Clean, Sanitary Feathers. Best Feather-proof ticking. Send no money back guarantee. DO NOT BUY from anyone at any price, until you get the BOOK OF TRUTH, card today. Agents Wanted. Write a postcard today. RAYMOND FLOW COMPANY, RAYMOND, N. C.

PURITY IN DRUGS

IS THE WATCHWORD AT

CONYERS' DRUG STORE.

When you buy drugs here you get, in addition to high quality, the care, thought and constant vigilance of three Registered Druggists to fill your Prescriptions promptly and accurately.

Do not go bargain hunting for cheap drugs, but come to us, where you will find the freshest and purest drugs at living prices.

Conyers' Drug Store,

RALPH J. SYKES, Manager (Near Passenger Station)

Highest Cash Price Paid FOR GREEN HIDES.

Highest cash prices paid for Rubber, Metals, Bones, Rags and Bags.

J. C. CLARK,

125 Lewis Street Phone 798

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF STOKESDALE COMMERCIAL BANK Stokesdale, N. C.

At the close of business Sept. 12, 1916.

Resources
Loans and discounts \$38,395.91
Overdrafts unsecured 56.42
All other stocks, bonds and mortgages 2,000.00
Premium on bonds 55.00
Banking house, \$2,418; furniture and fixtures, \$1,585.82 4,003.82
Due from National Banks 2,298.49
Due from State Banks and bankers 1,461.53
Cash items 27.00
Gold coin 290.00
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency 323.29
National bank notes and other U. S. notes 4,000.00
Total \$52,911.46

Liabilities
Capital stock paid in \$10,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid 1,264.65
Bills payable 5,000.00
Deposits subject to check 8,974.56
Time certificates of deposit 1,600.00
Savings deposits 25,630.90
Cashier's checks outstanding 116.35
Accrued interest due depositors 225.00
Total \$52,911.46
State of North Carolina, County of Guilford, ss:
I, A. B. Bray, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. B. BRAY, Cashier.

Correct Attest:
W. M. VAUGHN,
C. W. TAYLOR,
D. P. LEMONS,
Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 23rd day of September, 1916.
E. D. MORGAN, J. P.

Dr. W. P. Reaves, M.

Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Office and Infirmary—McAdoo Building, Next to Postoffice.

This is the Plow That Does the Work to Perfection



We know that you want the best Plow that money can buy and we have the Plow you are looking for—

THE CHATTANOOGA

A fair trial will convince you that this Plow gives service and satisfaction. Let us show it to you.

Greensboro Hardware Co.

221 South Elm Street

Phones 457-458

The Farmers' Warehouse

HAD GOOD BREAKS

All Last Week, the Averages Being Very Satisfactory to the Sellers.

Look over the prices below, which your neighbors and friends secured at the Old Reliable Farmers' Warehouse, and bring your next load here, where you will receive every courtesy and accommodation from our polite and efficient force:

J. J. Everett—256 pounds at \$28.174 at \$17.50, 16 at \$13.50; average, \$23.29.
C. F. Mark—70 pounds at \$27.26 at \$21.50, 80 at \$20.50, 20 at \$14.75; average, \$22.36.
D. C. Long—66 pounds at \$25.24 at \$32.124 at \$17.50; average, \$21.43.
J. W. Staley—68 pounds at \$27.50 at \$30.24 at \$25.110 at \$15; average, \$26.13.
J. G. Parrish—42 pounds at \$13.64 at \$23.50, 32 at \$28.18 at \$19.50, 18 at \$25.32 at \$9.58 at \$19.28 at \$24.50; average, \$20.
O. E. May—50 pounds at \$20.50.46 at \$30.20 at \$31.110 at \$28.80 at \$23.14 at \$14; average, \$25.45.
A. A. Florence—64 pounds at \$30.134 at \$20; average, \$23.23.
T. F. Doggett—80 pounds at \$12.75, 104 at \$22.50, 174 at \$22.50, average, \$20.32.
C. E. Everett—246 pounds at \$25.126 at \$15.50; average, \$21.78.
J. F. Jessup—100 pounds at \$28.50 at \$31; average, \$26.14.
W. H. Crutchfield—96 pounds at \$12.25, 148 at \$24.25, 187 at \$11.75; average, \$24.03.
Smith & Waynick—176 pounds at \$29.222 pounds at \$19.162 pounds at \$11.75; average, \$18.44.
Richmond & Clapp—12 pounds at \$20.76 at \$29.96 at \$24.50, 10 at \$19.50; average, \$23.47.
T. M. Gerringer—28 pounds at \$21.32 at \$30.100 at \$27.150 at \$21.50; average, \$24.09.
Lacy Smith—22 pounds at \$17.6 at \$24.50, 110 at \$15; average, \$21.43.
James Whiteley—100 pounds at \$19.50, 36 at \$20.134 at \$27.10 at \$15.50; average, \$20.37.
Huffines & William—124 pounds at \$16.50, 96 at \$24.50, 80 at \$22 at \$45, 38 at \$30.132 at \$120 at \$21.50; average, \$24.32.
R. M. Huffines—42 pounds at \$16.50, 24 at \$20.50, 18 at \$24.40 at \$23.50 at \$18; average, \$20.

J. H. WHITT

Owner and Proprietor

Farmers' Warehouse

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Roofing, Roofing, Roofing

We have a good supply of Rubber Roofing which we bought before the last advances and we can fill your order, giving you benefit of our advance buying.

Old Dominion Roofing, 1 Ply, \$1.25 Per Square
" " " 2 Ply, 1.50 " "
" " " 3 Ply, 1.75 " "
Watkins Rubber Roofing, 2 Ply, 2.00 " "
" " " 3 Ply, 2.25 " "

We also have Galvanized V. C. Roofing and Galvanized Shingles. See us for prices.

Southside Hardware Co.

523-525 SOUTH ELM ST.