

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY

GREENSBORO, N. C., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1916.

VOL. 95—NO. 76

THE CONSERVATION DINNER

SPLendid ADDRESS MADE BY
SECRETARY OF WAR BAKER
—MANY WERE PRESENT.

The conservation dinner given under the auspices of the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce and the State Normal and Industrial College, in the dining hall of the Normal College Thursday night, was a notable event and attracted about 700 prominent business and professional men of the city and state. The meal was served in a very attractive manner by 50 Normal students who came to Greensboro in advance of the opening of college for this purpose.

Mr. A. L. Brooks, president of the Chamber of Commerce, presided over the banquet and introduced the speakers, who were: Hon. Newton P. Baker, secretary of war, the guest of honor; Hon. John H. Small, congressman from the first North Carolina district, and Dr. W. L. Poteat, president of Wake Forest College.

The first speaker was Secretary of War Baker, who made a most thoughtful and interesting address on the conservation of humanity. He presented the thought that the present industrial civilization of this country threatens to devitalize humanity and discussed the need of its regulation in such a manner as to avert such a disaster.

For the Common Good.
"Civilization consists of the surrender of individual privileges for the common good and we are constantly struggling to discover how much of this individualism it is necessary to give up for that common good," said Mr. Baker. Men years ago in America were independent, each making enough to live on, even though he were the only man in the world. The women were able to spin to clothe the family, but the character of modern industry is specialization. Now a man does his little bit and never sees an artistic entity from his hands. People have become urbanized and are living in layers, and men and women are doing in factories by collaboration what their ancestors separately accomplished, each for himself. Women have followed their work of making clothing outside of the home to the factory, and the problem now is to regulate this changed sphere of life and of work so that men of its system may walk upright, strong, virile and idealistic, and women may have conserved in themselves the capacity for the finest motherhood.

Once the rural and village life furnished a neighborhood opinion which was a social control of naturally wayward youth, but in the cities, where people live in "layers" and don't know the layer above or below them, this stay for virtue is lost and a problem is to regain it by giving neighbors to city residents, the secretary thinks. "City population tends to produce a criminal class and an insane class," he said. "No conservation is more needed than human conservation, and as secretary of war I am chiefly interested in that end of it."

"I want the people of the United States to be strong and vigorous, straight of back, clear of eye and ear, clear of head, and with leisure to cultivate the graces—not for the elect, the few, but for all the people throughout the land, so that upon a firm foundation the future greatness of the country may be built." With this expression of hope, the secretary ended his speech. He was given warm applause throughout and an ovation at the conclusion.

Inland Waterway Project.
Congressman Small made a short address on the inland waterway project, a subject on which he is an authority. He showed that the whole state is interested in this great enterprise and made an appeal for the sympathetic support of the people. He outlined the interest of Greensboro and every other inland town in the project.

Supremacy of Personality.
In the course of a brilliant and witty speech Dr. Poteat declared that the greatest need in North Carolina today is "a fresh assertion of personality." He said that North Carolina is not 52,000 miles of territory, but men, two and a quarter million of them, "who are the chief consideration in any program of conservation."

Dr. Poteat deplored the practices that have allowed degeneracy, physical, mental and moral, to increase in

MR. H. J. ELAM NOW ON THE STAFF OF THE PATRIOT.

Mr. H. J. Elam, who has been engaged in the newspaper and printing business in Greensboro for over a quarter of a century, has formed a connection with The Patriot and, beginning with today, will devote his attention to the interests of this newspaper. Of Mr. Elam's qualifications as a newspaper man it is unnecessary to speak here in Greensboro, where his long period of efficient service in the profession has given him a high place in the confidence and esteem of the public.

As a member of The Patriot staff Mr. Elam will work in both the editorial and business departments, devoting his attention especially to the paper's advertising interests.

Mr. Elam began his newspaper career as a boy on the old Charlotte Observer and was employed on that paper for a number of years. He came to Greensboro in the '80s and for quite a while was employed on The Patriot. In 1890 he and the late J. M. Reese established the Greensboro Daily Record, Mr. Elam's connection with that paper continuing without interruption from the day of its birth until Saturday afternoon.

It is with genuine pleasure that The Patriot avails itself of the services of this tried and experienced newspaper man.

PLOT TO BLOW UP NEW YORK SUBWAY.

New York, Sept. 7.—A plot to blow up the subway at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning was reported to the police tonight. The plotters, it was said, intended to plant three bombs. One was to be exploded in the tube beneath the East river. As a result every entrance to the subway and every platform is guarded by uniformed and plain clothes policemen.

The police have instructions to examine every bundle brought into the subway. First word of the plot was received by Theodore Rousseau, secretary to Mayor Mitchell. Rousseau was called to the telephone by a man who said he was secretary to a congressman, at first declining to give his name. He later disclosed it, however, as well as his address. He then notified the public service commission.

Almost simultaneously the public service commissioners and Rousseau communicated with Deputy Commissioner Frank Lord, who, in turn notified Inspector Cray, of the detective bureau.

The informant said he was riding down in a Ninth avenue elevated train when his attention was attracted to three men in earnest conversation. From their remarks he soon gathered that they were strikers. They became so vehement in their remarks and gestures that he found himself involuntarily straining his ear to catch every word.

He heard one of the men tell his companion that he (the speaker) had just left a conference of strikers where he said all plans were complete for blowing up the subway. The strikers said three bombs were to be exploded, designating the points at which two of them were to be set off.

The man who overheard, according to the police, lost no time in leaving the train and getting to a telephone.

Find Stolen Money in Woods.

Martin's Ferry, Ohio, Sept. 10.—A box containing \$8,070 which was stolen when two highwaymen yesterday held up and fatally wounded Lee Rankin, paymaster for the Youghiogheny and Ohio Coal Company, near here, was found today by boys in a wood a few hundred yards from the scene of the robbery. No attempt had been made to force open the lock.

Harry Baldine, of Bellaire, Ohio, who was arrested as a suspect, was today identified by Paul Pickens, chauffeur of the automobile in which the money was being carried, as one of the robbers, according to the police.

North Carolina at an appalling rate. Chief of these he rated the prudery that covers up corruption. "Under this silence the rot in the roots of humanity is spreading—has spread until it has brought us into this peril." He demanded that the possibility of parenthood, in the insane, feeble-minded and alcoholics be forestalled, and that all infectious diseases be recognized as charges of the health officers.

WOMEN CHEER PRESIDENT

"I HAVE COME TO FIGHT WITH
YOU," SAYS MR. WILSON
TO SUFFRAGISTS.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 8.—Triumph for the woman suffrage cause "in a little while" was predicted by President Wilson here tonight in a speech before the annual convention of the National American Woman Suffrage Association.

"I have come here to fight with you," the president declared. Immediately the 4,000 women present stood and cheered. A few minutes later Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, honorary president of the association, with Mr. Wilson still present, declared: "We have waited long enough to get the vote. We want it now. I want it to come during your administration." Again the great audience of women stood and cheered, waving handkerchiefs.

The president's pledge of support to the suffrage question caused Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the organization, to say in a speech soon after he closed: "You touched our hearts and won our fealty when you said you had come here to fight with us."

The president did not speak on the method by which he would bring about woman suffrage, but said "we shall not quarrel in the long run as to the method."

The women in their speeches also failed to mention the question of method.

The president with Mrs. Wilson, listened to several addresses and fear expressed before the meeting that he might be "heckled" were not realized. At the conclusion of his address Mrs. Catt thanked him for speaking.

Mr. Wilson aroused the greatest enthusiasm when he said whenever he had come to Atlantic City previously he had come to fight against somebody but that on his present trip, he had "come to fight with somebody." The meeting came to an end with the president and Mrs. Wilson standing between suffrage leaders joining in singing patriotic songs.

In his address the president did not mention his previously expressed belief that suffrage should come through action by the states.

Speaking of the future of the movement, he declared that the tide was rising and would come to its flood.

The president talked for 15 minutes, just the time occupied by the other speakers.

The theater was packed with women, only a few men being present. Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the suffrage association, presided, and Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, the honorary president, sat next her. The speakers, in addition to the president, were Mrs. Raymond Robins, wife of the Illinois Progressive leader; Miss Julia Lathrop, chief of the federal children's bureau; Dr. Katherine Bement Davis, chief of the New York parole commission, and Dr. Owen Lovejoy, of Oregon.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Mrs. Daniels occupied a box.

Tomorrow morning the president will go to Long Branch, N. J., by motor to occupy his summer home there.

Militia to Stay Yet Longer.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Neither the militia stationed on the border nor General Pershing's column will be recalled until the Mexican-American conference at New London makes its report on that subject, it was stated on high authority here today. Meantime, it was said, the plans to send other militia organizations, now in their state camps, to the border, have not been changed.

It was not said that a report by the commission necessarily would be followed by an order withdrawing all the troops, but it was declared they would not be recalled before such a report is made. The order for the troop removal, it was said, rests entirely with the president.

President's Sister Critically Ill.

The condition of Mrs. Annie E. Howe, only sister of President Woodrow Wilson, who has been seriously ill in New London, Conn., for a week, was pronounced critical last night by her physician. Virtually no hope is held for her recovery. She is suffering from peritonitis and complications. President Wilson and other members of the family are at the bedside.

CONGRESS HAS ADJOURNED

AFTER NINE MONTHS CONTINUOUS SESSION BOTH HOUSES
ADJOURNED FRIDAY.

Washington, Sept. 8.—After nine months devoted to legislation both houses held protracted sessions last night to wind up their affairs by approving the conference agreement on the emergency revenue bill to raise approximately \$200,000,000 desired by the administration to meet the extraordinary appropriations for national defense and the Mexican emergency.

Only the physical impossibility of engrossing the revenue measure in time for the president's approval before tomorrow morning prevented final adjournment tonight, despite the wailing protests of members of both houses who threatened, but did not execute the threats to prolong the session by demands for action on measures which were forced over until December.

Leaders of the senate and house agreed upon a concurrent resolution to adjourn at 10 o'clock in the morning and scores of members left town on midnight trains eager to reach their homes for participation in the national political campaign.

The last appropriation measure, the general deficiency bill, was adopted by both houses while waiting for the conference report on the revenue bill, and the senate ratified the Danish treaty to provide for purchase of the Danish West Indies for \$25,000,000. The Owen corrupt practices bill to limit campaign expenditures and the immigration bill which President Wilson had announced he would veto if passed, were put aside and will be taken up and pressed to a vote early in the December session.

The revenue bill as it went to President Wilson for approval contains drastic provisions empowering the president to retaliate against foreign interference with American commerce, creates a nonpartisan tariff commission, increases the duties on dyestuffs to encourage their manufacture in the United States, provides means to prevent dumping of cheap foreign-made goods into American markets after the war and provides for income, inheritance, munitions, corporation stock, liquor and miscellaneous internal revenue taxes.

During consideration of the report in the senate Senator Chamberlain, of Oregon, protested vigorously against elimination by the conference committee of a retaliatory provision against Canadian control of Pacific coast fisheries and Representative Gardner, of Massachusetts, denounced the house with bitter denunciation of the retaliatory provision against foreign interference with American commerce.

Mr. Gardner charged Congress with hypocrisy and his criticisms of the administration aroused the ire of some of the Democrats, two of whom, Representatives Decker, of Missouri, and Cullup, of Indiana, made speeches in reply. Representative Bennett, of New York, Republican, said he disagreed with both Representatives Gardner and Decker, but that there were questions of national honor that arose above partisanship.

Representative Decker, amid rounds of Democratic applause, thanked God that there was in the White House a president who was willing to resort to negotiations before resorting to the sword. He suggested that the views of Mr. Gardner and Mr. Roosevelt were pro-ally.

"You claim to be devoted to humanity and to despise commercialism," said Mr. Gardner. "Why don't you pass an amendment refusing American harbors to Germany's interned ships until she repudiates the Lusitania crime? These retaliatory amendments would be looked upon all over the world as a blow in support of Germany's ugly cause. What has Congress done? Your only protests have been aimed at the allies who are fighting our fight and the fight of civilization."

The revenue provisions of the bill include a normal income tax of 2 per cent with increased sur-taxes, an inheritance tax, a tax of 12 1/2 per cent on net profits of munitions manufacturers, a license tax of 50 cents each on \$1,000 stock of corporations capitalized in excess of \$99,000, wine, beer and liquor taxes, brokers' taxes, and a re-enactment of the theater and amusement taxes of the existing war revenue. All stamp taxes in the present law are repealed and

PRESIDENT WILSON PRAISES THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Washington, Sept. 9.—President Wilson in a formal statement yesterday warmly praised the session of Congress just closed. At the same time he expressed his regret that it had not time to complete the railway dispute legislation proposed and declared his expectation that the entire program would be completed by the next session. His statement said: "A very remarkable session of Congress has just closed, full, as all recent sessions of the Congress have been, of helpful and humane legislation which constitute contributions of capital importance to the defense, the economic progress and the wholesome life of the country."

"It is to be regretted that the session could not have been continued long enough to complete the program recently projected with regard to the accommodation of labor disputes between the railways and the employees, but it was not feasible in the circumstances to continue the session any longer and, therefore, only the most immediately pressing parts of the program could be completed. The rest, it is agreed, have merely been postponed until it can be more maturely deliberated and perfected. I have every reason to believe it is the purpose of the leaders of the two houses immediately on the reassembling of Congress to undertake this additional legislation. It is evident that the country should be relieved of the anxiety which must have been created by recent events with regard to the future accommodation of such disputes."

MARION MAN SHOTS WIFE AND FOUR OTHER PERSONS.

Marion, Sept. 10.—Virgil Butt, a white man 35 years of age, shot and seriously wounded five persons at the home of Thomas Morris this afternoon. The wounded are Lawrence Morris, Roland Morris, J. L. Biddix, Mrs. J. H. L. Miller and Mrs. Virgil Butt, wife of the assailant.

Butt's wife was a cook at the home of Morris, supposedly against his will, which is supposed to be his reason for the act. About 6 o'clock Butt appeared at the rear door of the Morris home armed with a rifle and shot his wife, then entered the home and began shooting at the other occupants of the house. J. L. Biddix, a nearby neighbor, appeared on the scene and Butt then shot him, the bullet grazing his forehead. He returned to his home for a shotgun and succeeded in wounding Butt, as he escaped toward the hills. It is not known how seriously they are wounded, but it is thought that all will recover.

Mrs. J. H. L. Miller, who was shot in the neck, is in a serious condition. The assailant escaped and is yet at large with several hundred men on his trail. Excitement is intense and should the fugitive be captured he will barely avoid being lynched. Butt has been a heavy drinker and was regarded as dangerous when drunk.

all that were included in this bill were eliminated in conference. These were regarded as "popularly obnoxious."

Democratic Leader Kitchin called up the conference report on the revenue bill in the house at 9:30 o'clock last night. Democrats applauded when he announced the elimination of the stamp taxes. He was plied with questions by members on both sides and responded good-naturedly to some of the more pointed queries.

Representative Stafford, of Wisconsin, Republican, said it was a grave mistake for the house conferees to accept the senate amendment increasing duties on print paper. Mr. Kitchin conceded that the conference committee was inclined to believe the amendment might cause a slight increase in print paper prices, but said the situation with respect to Canada was the warrant for the agreement upon the amendment.

The house acted quickly after a brief debate, and sent the bill to the senate before 10 o'clock.

The senate at 12:55 last night adopted the conference report on the revenue bill without a record vote, clearing the way for adjournment of Congress today.

At 1:07 A. M. the senate recessed until 8 o'clock. The concurrent resolution for adjournment at 10 o'clock was left on the table for action when the senate resumed.

RUSSO-RUMANIAN FORCES IN GREAT BATTLE FIFTH FOE.

London, Sept. 8.—Rumania, which entered the European war less than two weeks ago, now is the scene of a great battle between Russo-Rumanian forces and armies of the central powers. The southern part of Dobrudja or eastern Rumania, has become a fighting ground and the opposing armies are engaged from the Black sea to the Danube along a front of about 70 miles.

Bulgarian and Turkish troops arriving along the Black sea coast have occupied Baltjik and two other seaports, Sofia reports, and the fortress of Dobritch or Bazardjik, 50 miles southeast of Bucharest, has been taken by a combined Bulgarian-German force. The armies of the central powers have not yet crossed the Danube, all reports agree.

The Rumanians continue their offensive in eastern Transylvania and also have occupied the important town of Orsova on the Danube, above the Iron Gate. Advancing from Csik Szereda in Transylvania north of Kronstadt, the Rumanians are driving westward and Vienna admits the withdrawal of Austrian forces before attacks against Hergitta.

The Russians at the northern end of their line near Riga have commenced a new undertaking and have crossed the Dvina north of Dvinsk. Repeated efforts by the Germans to dislodge them, Petrograd declares, have been unsuccessful.

In eastern Galicia, the Austro-Germans are fighting desperately to hold back the Russians advancing on Halicz, southeast of Lemberg. Petrograd says the Austro-German forces have fallen back to the western bank of the Gzita Lipa, while Vienna asserts that the troops of the central powers are holding their own in the heavy fighting that is going on. Russian attacks against German positions on the Zlota Lipa, southeast of Brzezany, failed with heavy losses Berlin reports.

On the Somme front in France the violent bombardment continues along almost the entire line. The only infantry engagements have taken place south of the river. The French report a further advance for their troops in the village of Vermandovillers. In the Berny-en-Santerre and Chaulnes sector, where the fighting was particularly vicious both the Germans and the French claim successes for the armies in the repulse of attacks.

There has been no infantry action on the front in Greek Macedonia, but the artillery duels have continued along the Struma and in the region of Lake Doiran.

Capture Old Fortress.

London, Sept. 10.—Continuing their advance in western Dobrudja, the German and Bulgarian forces have captured the old Bulgarian fortress of Silistra, which lies on the eastern bank of the Danube about 25 miles northeast of Turtukai and 60 miles east of Bucharest, the capital of Rumania and about an equal distance south of Constanza-Bucharest railway line. The capture of the fortress is announced by the Berlin war office which asserts that the Rumanians and Russians fighting in Dobrudja apparently have suffered very considerable losses during the last few days.

The Bulgarians are evacuating Varna, the principal port on the Black Sea, according to a semi-official news agency dispatch from Odessa.

German Casualties 3,375,000.

London, Sept. 10.—German casualties in the war during the month of August according to a compilation here from the German casualty lists, totaled 240,900. This brings the German total since the beginning of the war, as compiled from the same sources to 3,375,000. These figures include all the German nationalities, but do not include the naval and colonial casualties.

Democratic Textbook Issued.

New York, Sept. 10.—The Democratic textbook for 1916, issued here tonight by the Democratic national and congressional committees, contains 484 pages. Its slogan is, "Peace with honor! Preparedness! Prosperity!" A picture of President Wilson appears on the front cover and one of Vice President Marshall on the back cover. More than 350 subjects, covering the whole of the Wilson administration are discussed.

They Stay Dyed.

Stockings, Feathers, Gowns, Cloaks or other articles dyed with

Diamond Dyes

will retain their color no matter how often they are washed or exposed to the sun. A package of Diamond Dyes costs only ten cents and plain directions for using accompany it. No previous experience is necessary to get the best results.



Howard Gardner
DRUGGIST
Opp. Postoffice

Special Values in FARM LAND

47 acres, new five-room house, 10 miles north, for \$1,750.

75 acres, 4 miles southwest, on sand clay road, new dwelling, \$3,250.

40 acres, 1 mile from macadam road, 9 miles northwest, good dwelling and out-buildings, \$2,000.

83 acres, 9 miles southwest, fair dwelling, new barn, good land, \$2,075.

Brown Real Estate Co.
108 East Market Street.

N. W. Norton & West
Schedule in Force

November 14, 1915.

Leave Winston-Salem.

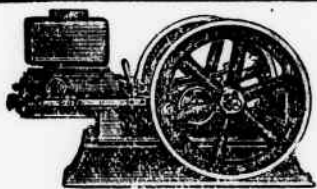
6.30 A. M., daily for Roanoke and intermediate stations. Connect with main line train north, east and west with Pullman sleeper. Dining cars.

2.10 P. M., daily for Martinsville, Roanoke, the north and east. Pullman steel electric lighted sleeper. Winston-Salem to Harrisburg, Philadelphia, New York. Dining car north of Roanoke.

4.15 P. M., daily for Martinsville, Roanoke and local stations. Pullman sleepers.

Trains arrive Winston-Salem 11.10 A. M., 1.10 P. M., and 9.35 P. M.

W. B. BEVILL, W. C. SAUNDERS.
Pass. Traffic Mgr. Gen. Pa. A.
Roanoke, Va.



FAIRBANKS MORSE
KEROSENE ENGINES
F. N. TAYLOR
311 S. Davis St. Greensboro

GEORGE B. ROBERSON, M. D.
Practice of
MEDICINE AND SURGERY,

Office McAdoo Building—Next to Postoffice—Rooms 205-206.
Phones: Residence, 296; Office, 1081

Dr. Daniel Dees Dr. Ralph Dees
Dr. Rigdon Dees.

DOCTORS DEES

General Surgery and Diseases of Women.

McAdoo Office Building—Next to Postoffice.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

S. Glenn Brown
Attorney-at-Law
610 BANNER BUILDING,

DR. J. W. TAYLOR

Fitting Glasses a Specialty.

Examinations Without "Drops"
RELIEF OR NO PAY.

Office—Fifth Floor Banner Bldg.

MANY ENTERPRISES IN SOUTH

EVIDENCES OF PROSPERITY IS SHOWN BY IMMENSE SUMS BEING INVESTED.

Baltimore, Sept. 8.—Southern development announcements were numerous during the past week, and included news of varied important enterprises. They are detailed in today's Manufacturers' Record, which tells of arrangements for factories, mines, shipbuilding, municipal improvements, etc. Reference is made to a Maryland company issuing \$3,697,912 additional stock for improvements, a Missouri company to build a \$2,500,000 beverage plant, a Tennessee hydro-electric company investing \$1,150,000 for additions, a North Carolina company increasing capital by \$600,000 to build another cotton mill, a Virginia company to invest \$250,000 for electric plant additions and a Mississippi drainage district to construct a \$240,000 system to drain 44,000 acres of land.

Some of the important news of the week is briefly outlined as follows: Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co., Baltimore, Md., will issue \$3,697,912 additional capital stock to acquire properties, construct improvements, complete extensions, enlarge distributing system, etc., of its gas and electric lighting plants.

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, St. Louis, Mo., will build \$2,500,000 plant for manufacturing non-alcoholic beverage, capacity to be 2,000,000 pint bottles in 24 hours.

Tennessee Power Co., Nashville, reports progress upon \$1,150,000 improvements. These include new construction and machinery installations to add 12,000 horsepower to hydro-electric plant at Great Falls, Tenn., \$700,000 being the expenditure, and building steam driven electric plant costing \$450,000 at Clarksville, Tenn.

Howard Transportation Co., Fort Lauderdale, Fla., was reported as to increase capital to \$1,000,000 for building docks and other terminal facilities on East Coast inland waterways.

Mooreville Cotton Mills, Mooreville, N. C., increased capital from \$400,000 to \$1,090,000 and plans to build additional mill of from 10,000 to 20,000 spindles, with accompanying looms.

Roanoke Railway & Electric Co., Roanoke, Va., will expend \$250,000 to double capacity and increase facilities for generating and distributing electricity; new machinery will include equipment for 5,000 kilowatts for plant now developing 4,500; other improvements will include constructing substation with two transmission systems.

Indian Creek Drainage District, Marks, Miss., has received surveys and estimates for its proposed system to drain 44,000 acres of delta land in Quitman, Tunica and Panola counties, the estimated cost being \$240,000.

Southern Railway, Greensboro, N. C., plans \$200,000 improvements, to include coal chute, etc., for facilitating handling of shipments.

Hillyer, Sparring & Dunn Company, Jacksonville, Fla., organized with \$200,000 capital to build plant for constructing schooners, barges, lighters and other wooden vessels.

Savarese Macaroni Company, Brooklyn, N. C., will build plant to manufacture macaroni, spaghetti, etc., at Baltimore, Md., 1,000 barrels of flour to be consumed daily.

Chattanooga Cereal Company, Chattanooga, Tenn., incorporated with \$150,000 capital to build 120 by 50-foot mill and install equipment for manufacturing cereal foods.

H. E. Young & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., were reported to build \$150,000 wood extract manufacturing plant at Charlottesville, Va.

Southern States Steel Corporation, Colon, N. C., chartered with \$100,000 capital to build bridges and undertake other structural steel work; will establish fabricating plant.

Standard Underwear Mills, High Point, N. C., incorporated with \$100,000 for knitting underwear.

Hillsboro Lumber Company, Tampa, Fla., incorporated with \$100,000 capital to manufacture lumber.

Bob Jeffries, Chase City, Va., and associates plan to build \$100,000 box factory at Oxford, N. C.

Southern Locomotive Valve Gear Company, Knoxville, Tenn., awarded contract for \$20,000 factory building, and will install \$50,000 machinery to manufacture locomotive valve gears and power reverse gears.

Captain Roberts, Sarasota, Fla., plans organizing \$50,000 company to enlarge his shipbuilding plant.

Hiawasse Mining Company, Pulaski, Va., chartered with \$50,000 capital for developing mines.

Zink Manufacturing Company, Kansas City, Mo., incorporated with \$50,000 capital to manufacture electric current indicators.

Clark-Rhodes Lumber Company, Richmond, Va., recently incorporated with \$50,000 capital, will build mill

with daily capacity of 25,000 feet of pine lumber at Hamlet, N. C.

Brown DeField Grain Company, Charleston, Mo., will build \$25,000 grain elevator with capacity of from 50,000 to 60,000 bushels.

Western Flint Glass Company, Checotah, Okla., incorporated with \$15,000 capital to manufacture glass.

Southern States Warehouse Company, Chattanooga, Tenn., organized to build compress with season capacity 250,000 bales of cotton and fireproof warehouse of 12,000 bales capacity.

Charles W. Rapier, Mobile, Ala., interested in plans for establishing shipyards.

ROBEES POSED AS DESERTERS FROM MILITIA.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 8.—Posing as militia deserters and using an innocent girl of eighteen as shield, five bandits who held up the Burroughs pay auto for \$33,000 August 4, lay hidden, with their loot, in a Detroit rooming house while police searched for them there and later spread their dragnet over three states. The girl, Jessie Noltie, a Scotch Canadian lass from Chatham, has learned how she was duped, and put the police on the right trail, which leads, she says, through Toledo. The five boy bandits have made their getaway with the loot in two large trunks; but on Jessie Noltie's clew the police are hard after them.

'Twas the girl herself who said, "Gwan wid ya!" when policemen knocked at her door in the rooming house on Cass avenue. 'Twas the landlady, for whom the boy bandits had swept sidewalks and wiped dishes, who stood in front of the gang's crouching leader and said, "He isn't here!" when the cops called. But both Jessie and the landlady thought the boys were deserters from the state militia, who had found life in the army too burdensome, although the girl was puzzled by one of the boys' immense roll of bills, which, she says, "Henry Ford himself wouldn't carry!"

Not one of the gunmen is over twenty. Jessie met one on the street and recognized him as youth she and her sister had known in a previous boarding house. The lad took her to a picture show, where she got a glimpse of his bushel of bills as he paid 20 cents for tickets. Two or three days later he took her again. He was depressed. "What ails you?" demanded Jessie. Pressed, he told her the yarn about the five of them having deserted from the militia. And she believed him. Next day she came home and found a strange trunk in her room. Appeared her friend, and told her 'twas full of army equipment, and they had to have a place to hide it.

Another trunk was moved in. The two of them were so heavy it took three men to move the smaller—but not, as Jessie thought, with rifles and ammunition. They were full of gold. Then came the five young men from their former rooming house and sought refuge. The landlady guarded their "militia" secret, and several times sent policemen "on their way."

"Wasn't that Burroughs' robbery an awful thing?" said Jessie once to her friend. "Yes, but don't you think those fellows deserve a lot of credit? Look at the risk they took!" "You're crazy!" said Jessie, and friend bandit said no more.

Frequent police visits caused the landlady to pack the five men in the attic where they remained for days. She carried food to them when meal time came. Last Saturday they paid their bill and took their trunks, and their departure. Then came more questions to Jessie and the landlady—and the bitter truth. Now the girl and the rooming-house keeper are helping the police run down the boy bandits' trail.

State Council Junior Order Ends Session.

Goldsboro, Sept. 8.—The State Council of Junior Order United American Mechanics adjourned yesterday after completing elections, outlining work for the ensuing year and seeing Goldsboro from automobiles at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Additions to officers chosen yesterday and last night are: Junior past councillor, W. A. Cooper; vice councillor, H. O. Sapp; assistant secretary, I. P. Davis; conductor, W. E. Stanley; warden, C. V. Talley; inside sentinel, B. F. Britton; outside sentinel, J. W. Ingle.

A Bad Summer for Children.

There has been an unusual amount of sickness among children everywhere this summer. Extra precautions should be taken to keep the bowels open and liver active. Foley Cathartic Tablets are a fine and wholesome physic; cause no pain, nausea or griping. Relieve indigestion, sick headache, biliousness, sour stomach, bad breath. Conyers' Drug Store.

GERMANY PREPARED TO MEET ALLIES' TRADE WAR.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Germany's plans for rehabilitating her foreign and domestic trade are not being made without regard for the trade war her enemies propose to wage when the armed conflict is ended. Official dispatches received here today telling of Germany's plans make it certain that the allied trade drive will be met with the active competition of Germany.

While industrial Germany is reported as regarding lightly the threat of a trade war, there are many evidences of the physical preparations being made to meet it. Large numbers of freight and passenger ships are being built, the reports say, and plans are being made on an immense scale to re-equip manufacturing plants with machinery of maximum efficiency. One effect of the war, as seen in Germany, has been to improve processes and cheapen production.

Wide publicity recently has been given in Germany, the reports say, to a combination of several leading dye-stuff and chemical concerns in the interest of better equipment and increased efficiency to meet the new commercial competition. Standardization of factory processes and questions of marketing and raw products are among the foremost considerations.

Recently, it was announced in Germany, the Krupps acquired several large and valuable mining properties in different parts of the empire and made plans for large extensions of its business with increased supplies of coal, copper and other ores.

Today doesn't seem to exist in the calculations of the man who is sorry he didn't do it yesterday, but is going to do it tomorrow.

When the married man meets an old flame, he shouldn't be a moth.

Could Not Do Her Cooking.

Mrs. F. E. Hartmeister, Tea, Mo., writes: "I was affected with kidney trouble for two years. I got so bad this summer I could hardly do my cooking. I got Foley Kidney Pills and I feel like a new person." Too many women neglect symptoms of kidney derangement, weak back, swollen ankles and joints, aches, pains and rheumatism. Conyers' Drug Store.

YOU ARE INVITED

You are cordially invited to visit our new store, where we are better prepared than ever to supply your needs in the line of Drugs, Proprietary Remedies, Toilet Articles, etc. Our stock is complete and everything is pure and fresh. You will find us in the remodeled building on South Elm street formerly occupied by the Wakefield Hardware Company.

We are here to serve the public and it is our highest aim to satisfy every customer. Come to see us.

Conyers & Sykes, Druggists
Telephones---9 and 10

CHEAPER FOR CASH

Ask our customers if there's a difference. Although we have only been in Greensboro since spring we have hundreds of customers who come here first for their furniture needs.

Why We Can Sell Cheaper For Cash Than We Could on Installment.

1. We handle the same volume of business with one-half the force that we would need on the credit plan.
2. We have no lost accounts for those who pay their bills to help make good.
3. We turn our capital three times as fast as we could on the credit plan.
4. We handle no old second-hand goods. Our new method of selling furniture enables us to sell goods of same quality from one-fourth to one-third cheaper.

Morrison-Neece One-Price Cash Furniture Store

120 W. Market Street Next door to Beall Hardware Co.

L. M. Ammen & Co.

Funeral Directors and Embalmers
Two Licensed Embalmers and Lady Assistant

At the service of the public day and night. All work done by experts and at reasonable prices.

Our Hearses are equipped with Ammen's Patented Automatic Safety Hearses Pins.

An up-to-date Picture Framing department in connection with our Undertaking business.

607 SOUTH ELM STREET
Phones—Day 483; Night 1521

Dr. J. E. WYCHE

DENTIST

SECOND FLOOR FISHER BLDG.

Phones: Office, 29; Residence 22.

PATENT YOUR IDEAS

There may be thousands in it for you. Perspective and Mechanical Drawings for Patent Office approval.

Patterns made in wood or metal.

All business transactions confidential. Advice given free.

L. M. AMMEN

607 South Elm St.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Green Hides 16c Lb.

I want to buy beef cattle, veals, fresh milk cows. Highest prices paid.

J. C. OLIVE,
Phone 713 City Market

GET IT AT ODELL'S—QUALITY FIRST

Iron Without a Hot Fire



There are many occasions during the week when you desire to do a little ironing, and if you are using the old style sad iron it necessitates your building a fire in cook stove or range. Then, too, besides using fuel, the trouble of tending it and the heated kitchen, your irons are continually cooling and must be reheated.

The Comfort Self Heating Gasoline Iron

which we are now featuring does away with all the above inconveniences and may be kept at any desirable temperature for hours.

This Comfort Gasoline Iron is double pointed—making both ends front ends—a new feature in irons. Weighs six and one half pounds and operates five hours on one filling, the capacity being three-quarters of a pint.

This iron is quickly and easily lighted, all parts are accessible and quickly interchangeable.

RETAIL PRICE \$3.00

Call and let one of our salesmen demonstrate this iron to you.

ODELL HARDWARE CO.

The Largest Hardware Store of the Carolinas

A NEW CULT OF BANDITRY

OKLAHOMA'S NEW SET OF OUTLAWS BEGAN BY HOLDING UP AUTOS FOR WHISKEY.

Tulsa, Okla., Sept. 8.—The unusual conditions existing in Oklahoma during the last two years have brought forth a new class of bandits, unlike the bank and train robbers of former days. These bandits most closely resemble the stage robbers of earlier days and operate in practically the same way. They hide by the roadside, and the first the victim knows of their presence is when he hears the command to put up his hands. Automobiles are the prey, and just now they are doing a prosperous business in eastern Oklahoma.

They first began by robbing whiskey haulers, but in recent months they have included oil men, travelers and tourists. All those who ride in automobiles are fish for their nets. The unusual condition that brought these bandits into existence was the rigidity with which the prohibition law was being enforced in Oklahoma. For months it has been unsafe to ship large quantities of liquor into that part of the state, which was once Indian country. The Supreme court of the United States has held that the law which once provided against the shipment of liquor into Indian Territory is still in force, although the Indian Territory is now a part of the state.

Wholesale liquor dealers soon found that they could ship through the Indian Territory part of the state in sealed cars and into the Oklahoma section without fear of being molested by the enforcement officers. They established a wholesale depot at Keystone, in Pawnee county, just over the line. From there the liquor is hauled in automobiles to the distributing points. It does not come from another state, and the federal courts have held that bringing it from Keystone does not constitute "introducing liquor into the Indian country."

Whiskey is hauled from Keystone to Tulsa, Muskogee, Bartlesville, Sapulpa and a dozen other towns. Whiskey is worth a great deal of money in Oklahoma now, and to rob a whiskey car, or an automobile loaded with liquor, was to make a rich haul. A quart of good whiskey is worth from \$5 to \$8, and an automobile sometimes hauls \$2,000 worth at a load. The bandits who held up the whiskey haulers and took their loads from them became known as "high jacks."

Twenty men have been killed in eastern Oklahoma since the "high jacks" began to operate a few months ago. Two officers have been killed and others have been wounded. The "high jacks" soon extended the scope of their depredations. They waited at the roadside sometimes and found that the whiskey haulers had some another way. They did not want to go away empty handed, so they held up the first automobile that came along, and sometimes they were well repaid for their daring. Oil men going from Tulsa to the fields have suffered much from these bandits.

Then came the summer flight of tourists, and the bandits found a rich harvest. They learned that the tourists, going through on the way to Colorado, carried a considerable amount of money with them on their automobile trips. They plied their trade mostly on the old Ridge road through the Osage Hills, to the north and west of Tulsa. It is a part of the Ozark Trail through Oklahoma, leading from Tulsa to Oklahoma City.

These tourists seldom return to Tulsa to tell of being held up, but they telegraph back from the first town they reach. Lately the complaints have been very numerous, and many of the tourists told of a man with a broken nose being the leader of the three bandits. They said he was daring and apparently fearless.

A few days ago the Tulsa police were called to suppress a man who was shooting up the north part of the city. They heard of him in different places, and finally a report came from the electric light plant. The desperado had appeared there and had emptied his revolver into the machinery, stopping it and leaving the city in darkness. The police attacked him, and, after a running fight of two hours, killed him in a pipe yard.

He was "Broken Nose" Bob Magee, or at least he had been known by that name. His body was removed to the morgue and there was recognized by a tourist as the leader of the "high jacks" operating in the Osage hills. An hour later another man identified him as Robert McKee, son of a wealthy lumber dealer of Oklahoma City. He was both the "high jack" leader and the lost son of the lumber merchant.

Don't indulge in a half-hearted kick. Throw your whole sole into it.

CONCRETE ROAD PLANNED TO BLOWING ROCK.

Charlotte, Sept. 8.—Laying of 22 miles of concrete highway, nine feet wide on the straight of way and 12 feet wide on the curves, double tracked throughout, between Lenoir and Blowing Rock, is a stupendous state development under the consideration of L. P. Henkel, Statesville capitalist, and others, according to information given out in Charlotte Thursday.

The road, which will be one of the most modern, and at the same time appropriate to its section, of any in the South, is under discussion and plans are being submitted, tentatively. Estimated cost of construction is placed at \$150,000 and an offer has been received from other interested parties of an annual \$20,000 toll lease.

According to the report as received here, Mr. Henkel and associates have progressed so far with their plans that highway engineers of other states have been called in consultation on the matter and are mapping out the work for the project.

The road as planned, will be concreted over the now existing macadam highway for the entire 22 miles and will reach from the innermost point of Lenoir to the Blowing Rock hotel section.

It will be laid off in 10 mile stretches with a telephone signal block system for each section. Nothing but automobiles and automobile trucks will be allowed upon it and a toll of probably \$1 will be asked for the privilege of making the entire trip from terminus to terminus.

The track system which will be used will incorporate the laying of two separate and distinct roads parallel with meeting and passing points at intervals.

The road now existing between Lenoir and Blowing Rock is privately owned and worked and a toll of 75 cents is required for the 22 mile journey.

The need of a permanent concrete road, it is stated, was stressed at the time of the recent flood, when the highways were washed to such an extent that for several days ingress and egress to the Blowing Rock section was impossible.

It is stated that the concrete road would be of such permanency that no matter how severe the storm, or flood it would always be passable.

With the building of the proposed highway, the development of the mountain section of the state will follow, at a rapid rate, according to those interested.

The summer resort there at the present time is fast growing in popularity, and it is also claimed that with the establishment of efficient freight service and passenger automobile traffic over a concrete road, the growth and popularity of the place would increase in leaps and bounds.

It is felt certain that magnificent hotels, amusement facilities and other things will be established to meet the demand of the increasing crowds of tourists and resorters.

With the automobile truck freight line which would be established over the road, provisions and supplies could be carried from the valley to the top of the mountain at a greatly reduced price, than that which is charged at the present time.

The commercial development of the orchard section which is just outside of the village of Blowing Rock and the efficient marketing of crops would all be brought into reality by the building of such a highway.

One of the most magnificent and largest apple orchards in the state is situated not far from Blowing Rock, owned by the Cone estate. It is nothing unusual for 25,000 bushels of apples to be shipped down from the mountain by that one estate alone, to markets on railroads.

There are many other large fruit growers and although smaller than the Cone orchard yield, their crops are counted in the thousand bushels.

The magnificent scenery and beautiful mountainous section which has made Blowing Rock a show place have been declared the "Wonderland of the South," and if not for the difficulties which have in the past been experienced in getting to it the mountains, it is stated, would not hold all of the people who would visit them.

Blowing Rock lies in the heart of the Blowing Rock-Linville country and embraces portions of Caldwell, Mitchell, Avery, Burke and Watauga counties.

Other than the highway from Lenoir to Blowing Rock there are two extensions, one to Boone and the other to Linville, running from Blowing Rock as the hub.

With the building of the concrete road it is thought that doubtless the other extensions will in time receive the same treatment.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

INVESTIGATING ALLEGED FERTILIZER TRUST.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Independent firms in the fertilizer industry, actually operated by larger concerns, or the so-called "fertilizer trust," will hereafter be fully identified with the parent interests, according to a report made public today by the federal trade commission, which has been investigating the fertilizer situation. The report says the companies concerned have agreed to show their various relationships, on their containers and letterheads.

The commission's investigation was made in compliance with resolutions introduced last year by Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, to whom farmers had complained regarding the high price of fertilizer, \$150,000,000 worth of which was consumed by the American farmers in 1914. In a letter of submittal to the senate accompanying the report, the commission asserts that there are in the United States 300 concerns operating some 1,200 plants but that seven of the large companies, the largest being the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company and the American Agricultural Chemical Company, control 58 per cent of the total output. It is asserted that the prices paid by farmers for mixed fertilizers have been high in comparison with the cash value of the constituent elements, partly because of credit conditions and expensive distributing methods of the large companies.

"Credit conditions affecting farmers," the letter continues, "are so burdensome that some action, legislative or otherwise, should be taken to remedy them. Any action that would reduce the high interest rates on agricultural credits, particularly on short time loans would tend to reduce the farmers' prices, both on fertilizer materials and mixed fertilizer."

By the practice of concealing the identity of controlled companies, which the commission has succeeded in having discontinued, the large corporations are said in the report to have been enabled to get more dealers in a given locality and thus increase their sales to the detriment of the smaller competing concerns; in addition it has enabled them to benefit financially from business which they could not get under their own names, to sell to farmers who are dissatisfied with the same goods under a different name, to manipulate prices to the detriment of the small competitors and to be responsible, in part, for the "absurd multiplication of brands."

It is said in the letter that in one state, out of 185 brands of fertilizer registered, the American Agricultural Chemical Company registered in its own name and the name of subsidiaries 101 brands, the same formula consequently being sold under numerous brand names.

In South Carolina, the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company registered 71 brands of fertilizers, all of which were of substantially the same composition.

The companies which engaged in these practices told the federal investigators they did so because of the additional business secured thereby. The commission raises the question in its letter whether such practices constitute an unfair method of competition, in the sense of section five of the federal trade commission act, it being detrimental to competitors who do not employ them. Two of the large companies are said to have refrained from the now corrected practices on the ground that it was "objectionable business."

She Dons Wedding Dress for Her Suicide.

Denver, Sept. 8.—Clad in her wedding gown of sixty years ago, Mrs. Magdalene Miller, eighty-three years old, was found this morning on the lawn of the Old Ladies Home dying, as the result of a leap from a second story window. For years she had suffered from incurable rheumatism. Yesterday Mrs. Miller told a visitor: "I am going to die tonight, and I am going to see him in the wedding gown he loved. He is waiting on the other side to greet me."

She had put on her old white satin dress and her white slippers with pointed high French heels. Her white hair had been carefully arranged in a girl's manner and in her hands she held the orange blossoms which had been on her bridal veil. She died shortly after attendants found her.

Our Jitney Offer—This and 5c.

Don't miss this. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for cough, colds and croup. Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Conyers' Drug Store. Adv.

It's always the open season for office hunting.

GOVERNOR PROMISES AID FOR THE NEW HIGHWAY.

Asheville, Sept. 8.—Governor Craig and the board of county commissioners held a joint session Wednesday to listen to the petition of citizens from Jupiter, Alexander and other points in French Broad and Reem's Creek townships regarding the construction or reconstruction of a road leading from the Baird brick house on the Weverville road, about seven and one-half miles from Asheville, along the present Tennessee-Newstock road midway to a point between Mars Hill and Marshall, and thence to Marshall.

The citizens appearing before the governor and the commissioners yesterday want the state convicts put on this road rather than on the central highway, or river road, to Marshall, and they ask that Buncombe county pay its portion for the construction of the road to the Madison county line and the Madison county authorities to take up the building of the road from that point into Marshall.

It is claimed that the new road would open a large agricultural section, and it is pointed out that it is beyond the reach of any floods, a condition that does not exist along the river road, much of which is below the high water mark of the river. This road, the petitioners argue, would do much toward opening up a highway to Tennessee and through Tennessee to the Western states, and would provide a splendid scenic route for motorists coming to Asheville.

Governor Craig appeared to be pleased with the suggested route, promised tentatively, that he would place the convicts on the highway if the counties would do their share, and promised to have State Engineer Falls locate the road, which has never been surveyed.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a certain mortgage deed executed on the 31st day of July, 1915, by L. M. Fogleman and wife, F. L. Fogleman, to the undersigned, as will appear by reference to a notice in pages 275, page 662, of the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, and by reason of failure of said L. M. Fogleman and F. L. Fogleman to discharge the indebtedness and the interest thereon according to the tenor of the note mentioned in the said mortgage deed, I will on

Thursday, September 21, 1916, at the hour of 12 M., at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, sell for cash, to the highest bidder at public auction, the following described property located in Rocky Creek township, N. C., and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a stone, Clapp's corner; thence south 20 degrees west 22 poles to a stone; thence north 45 degrees west 101 poles to a stone; thence north 8 poles to a stake; thence east 104 poles to a stone; thence north 83 poles to a stake; thence south 59 degrees east 12 poles to a stone; thence south 39 degrees east 40 poles to a stone; thence south 45 degrees west 130 poles to a stone; thence south 10 degrees west 40 poles to a stake in Clapp's line; thence north 45 degrees west 32 poles to the beginning, containing 120 acres, more or less.

This Aug. 19, 1916.

V. L. INGLE, Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in the mortgage deed from Lewis Price and wife, to the undersigned, dated March 1, 1912, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, N. C., in book 257, page 52, default having been made in the payment of the note therein secured, the undersigned will on

Saturday, October 17, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, at the court house door in Greensboro, N. C., sell to the highest bidder for cash the tract of land in Guilford county, N. C., in Morehead township, containing the lands of David Young, and described as follows:

Beginning at a stake David Young's southeast corner, on the extension of South Ashe street, and running thence southwardly with said street 252 feet to Ingram's line; thence westwardly along Ingram's line about 450 feet to center of branch; thence northwardly along the center of said branch about 252 feet to David Young's line; thence eastwardly along Young's line about 410 feet to the beginning, containing 2 1/4 acres more or less. Subject to reservation to Lewis T. Price of a right-of-way ten feet wide along Young's line.

The above being a part of the land on which said mortgage was given.

This September 6, 1916.

J. T. MULLIKAN, Mortgagee.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

Pursuant to a decree made by the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county in a special proceeding entitled Mattie W. Benbow, widow, et. vs. Ernest E. Benbow and others, the undersigned as commissioner will at 12 o'clock M., on

Saturday, October 14, 1916, in front of the county court house door, in Greensboro, sell to the last and highest bidder, by public auction, a valuable farm, which tract of land contains some eighty-three and one-fourth acres and is known as the Benbow Mill tract, or Dean place, and adjoins the lands of John Willard, R. A. Moore, Lowery and Cude and others.

The premises herein described are located some mile and one-half from Oak Ridge Institute. Oak Ridge Institute is known as one of the best educational institutions in North Carolina, and is located in one of the best and healthiest country communities in the state; and an unusual opportunity is offered to those who want to live near a good school, churches, and in a good community.

Terms of sale: One-third in cash; one-third of purchase money in six months; and the balance in twelve months with interest on deferred payments from date of sale till paid; title retained as security.

This September 9, 1916.

R. R. KING, JR., Commissioner.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court.

R. F. Wood vs. Lella G. Wood.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., in which the plaintiff seeks an absolute divorce from the defendant, on the ground of adultery, and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the term of Superior court to be held in said county on the second Monday in October, 1916, at the court house in Greensboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said action.

This September 8, 1916. 76-92.

M. W. GANT, C. C. C.

There's Lot of Talk About High Prices We Don't Take Much Stock in

We never have taken much stock in it because we've found that since the war, to which it is all blamed, began, we've been able to sell goods at just about as low prices as before.

Think over the most important things you've bought in this store—you can't name one that you've paid more for. As it has been so, we believe it's going to be; our opinion is that when the early bought stock is gone and we have to go to market again we'll find conditions about normal. Perhaps we are wrong and things will then be skyrocketing, perhaps, meanwhile—that is one way and another, by paying more ourselves or by one of our special buying advantages we are able to protect you against the threatened rises as these prices will show:

Extra heavy weight Chambray, solid colors and neat stripes, for men and boys' special shorts, 12 1-2c yard.

32-inch Chambray, neat stripes and solid colors, special 11c yard.

Apron Gingham, neat checks and staple colors, special 6 1-2c yard.

Riverside Plaids, extra heavy, suitable for fall dresses, houses dresses and children's wear, special 10c yard.

36-inch Percales in good, dark colors, special 10c yard.

SCHOOL BLANKETS.

Gray with pink or blue borders, special 72 by 90 inch size at \$2.48 pair.

White School Blankets, with blue and pink border, special \$1.49 pair.

50 pieces of new fall dress gingham, dozens of new, good patterns to pick from, worth 12 1-2c, on special sale at 10c yard.

36-inch extra heavy A. A. unbleached sheeting, special at 7c yard.

BOYS' SUITS FROM \$2.75 TO \$5.95.

Blue Serge, or Brown and Gray Mixtures, these are made with one pair of extra strong, durable pants and are shown in big assortment in the basement.

SCHOOL SUITS FOR BOYS \$3.95 AND \$4.95.

Each suit has two pair of pants. Every suit is made from "hard-ware" durable material. This is the Long Last 2 for 1 proposition.

Let Your Boy Join Our Free Library

It contains over a hundred good live wire boy books, any of which will supply him with good winter reading.

These are all Free to him if you buy him a suit of any kind costing from \$2.50 up, choice of our entire stock in children's annex or basement.

There's no red tape about changing the books. Any neighbor coming into town can do it for you, you bring in one and take out another—that's all.

Free the hundred and fifty books of the Boys' Library.

Meyer's
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO N.C.

You Need a Tonic

There are times in every woman's life when she needs a tonic to help her over the hard places. When that time comes to you, you know what tonic to take—Cardui, the woman's tonic. Cardui is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, which act gently, yet surely, on the weakened womanly organs, and helps build them back to strength and health. It has benefited thousands and thousands of weak, ailing women in its past half-century of wonderful success, and it will do the same for you.

You can't make a mistake in taking

CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic

Miss Amelia Wilson, R. F. D. No. 4, Alma, Ark., says: "I think Cardui is the greatest medicine on earth, for women. Before I began to take Cardui, I was so weak and nervous, and had such awful dizzy spells and a poor appetite. Now I feel as well and as strong as I ever did, and can eat most anything." Begin taking Cardui today. Sold by all dealers.

Has Helped Thousands.

COKE FOR SALE

With our new coal gas plant now in full operation we are in a position to help you solve your fuel problem. Coke is an ideal fuel for your Kitchen Range. It is clean and makes no smoke or soot. It makes a very steady, hot fire.

A ton of coke is very much more in bulk than a ton of coal; therefore a much cheaper fuel.

PRICES

By the bushel on yard.....15c
Or a half ton delivered.....\$3.25
One ton delivered.....6.00
5 to 10 tons, per ton, delivered.....5.50
10 to 20 tons, per ton, delivered....5.00

N. C. Public Service Co.
Phones 330 and 331

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT

GREENSBORO PATRIOT

ESTABLISHED 1881.

Published Every Monday and Thursday by W. L. Underwood.

OFFICE—118 1-2 North Elm street, second floor of the Beville building. Telephone No. 272.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

Payable in Advance.

ONE YEAR \$1.50
SIX MONTHS75
FOUR MONTHS50

Notice—Subscriptions are payable strictly in advance, and the paper will not be sent to a subscriber for a longer period of time than it is paid for. If a renewal has not been received by the expiration date, the name will be dropped from the mailing list. WATCH THE DATE ON YOUR LABEL!

Entered at the postoffice in Greensboro, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1916.

WOMEN ARE PAYING

THE PRICE OF WAR.

London, Sept. 8.—Scarred by molten metal; blinded by steel shavings, and with fingers snipped off by the cruel machinery of the munition factories, English women and girls are paying the price of patriotism as well as their men at the front. Industrial accidents have not diminished despite the claim of labor experts that women are more careful than men. Their inexperience is believed to account for many of the accidents, so the experts may be right, after all, in theory. But they won't restore sight or knead the kinks out of pitifully mangled hands. Another explanation is that feminine puddlers machinists and lathe hands become preoccupied at their work when their thoughts fit to the men fighting in France, the ladle tip or the belt slips off the roller, there's a scream and another casualty goes down on the growing list. A big shell factory in Lancashire has claimed its share of victims. A soldier's wife is the latest worker to be seriously injured. Her mind wandered for a second from the deadly machine before her and the knife came down, lopping off the thumb, two fingers and part of a third from her left hand. But she'll be back at some kind of a war job when the wounds are healed. The workers know shells have to be made. Many women have become skilled mechanics, who, a few months ago, were unaccustomed to manual work. They all brave the dangers of industry cheerfully to do their bit in the war.

TERRIFIC STORM SWEEP

NEW YORK CITY.

New York, Sept. 8.—Accompanied by a sixty mile gale, sharp lightning, and a downpour of rain, a terrific storm swept over New York city and vicinity today, inflicting heavy damage and causing the deaths of four persons.

Two boys were killed in a tent in Long Island City by lightning. The same bolt injured two others.

A little girl was blown off a barge in Staten Island sound and perished before aid could reach her.

A young man, bathing, was swept out in Staten Island and drowned. The storm was at its height between 3 and 3:30 o'clock, following a drop of thirteen degrees in temperature in three minutes, the mercury plunging from ninety to seventy-seven degrees.

The headquarters of the national Republican committee in the Postal Life building was almost wrecked. Serious damage was done at several places in New Jersey.

AT 99 SEES DAUGHTER, 66.

MARRY YOUNG MAN OF 68.

Millville, N. J., Sept. 8.—Mrs. Jane Facemeyer, within a year of the century mark, this evening gave her "girl," Mrs. Mary E. Peters, sixty-six in marriage.

The happy bridegroom was James McNeal, a well-to-do local contractor, who is only sixty-eight. The romance began several years ago and progressed finely. Mrs. Peters owns a home at No. 506 West Main street, where the ceremony was performed, in the presence of a large company, by the Rev. Theodore C. Long, pastor of the Methodist church.

Miss Blanche Hughes, a granddaughter, was the bridesmaid, and Harvey Hughes, grandson, was best man. Mrs. Facemeyer was one of the jolliest in the party.

He Was Worried and Hopeless. "For ten years I was bothered with kidney trouble," writes T. F. Hutchinson, Little Rock, Ark. "I was worried and had almost given up all hopes. I used five boxes of Foley Kidney Pills and am now a well man." Foley Kidney Pills drive out aches, pains, rheumatism and all kidney trouble symptoms.—Conyers' Drug Store.

Dr. W. S. Rankin, secretary of the state board of health, spent Saturday in the city.

TWO MEN KILLED WHEN

AUTO COLLIDES WITH TRAIN.

Albemarle, Sept. 8.—Two men are dead and another seriously injured as the result of a collision of a Ford motor truck and passenger train No. 63 of the Winston-Salem Southbound Railway Company, which occurred yesterday afternoon, just north of this city. The dead are G. K. Kearnes and John Merritt, both of Albemarle. The injured is Claude E. Merritt, a brother of John Merritt. Full details of the accident cannot be obtained, but seemingly, from best information at hand, Kearnes and the two Merritts were going at a rather rapid rate when they started to cross the Winston-Salem Southbound railway at a deep cut near the home of G. F. Smith, just north of the city, and did not discover the approaching train until the collision occurred.

It is also stated that the train driver did not see the truck until the train struck it. Kearnes was killed outright, his neck being broken, while Merritt survived only a few minutes, he being dead before he reached the city, although both Kearnes and Merritt, and also the injured man, were rushed as rapidly as possible into the station, a distance of about a mile, and then up town for medical attention. Mr. Kearnes was about 30 years old and leaves a wife and two or three children. It is thought that the injured man will recover from his injuries.

A Welcome Issue.

The Republican managers are preparing to make a campaign issue of President Wilson's action in preventing a railroad strike. It is an issue that the president ought to welcome.

The president's strike-settlement plan comprises these measures which were defined in his address to Congress:

1. Immediate provision for the enlargement of the interstate commerce commission to meet its duties.

2. An eight-hour day as the legal basis of work and wages for train operatives.

3. The appointment of a commission to observe the actual workings of the eight-hour day and report the facts to Congress.

4. Authorizing the interstate commerce commission to take wages and working conditions into consideration in fixing rates.

5. Provision for compulsory public investigation of labor disputes in railroad operation before a strike or lock-out may be declared.

6. Lodging in the hands of the president power to operate railroads in case of military necessity and to draft train crews and administrative officials for that purpose.

Owing to legislative conditions in Washington Congress passed only the second and third of the president's recommendations and provided that the commission be appointed should report in not less than six months or more than nine months after the eight-hour day went into effect, January 1, 1917. But the rest of the president's program is bound to become the most important work of Congress in its next session. The enactment of the emergency legislation has furnished a breathing-spell for the full consideration that is necessary.

What do Mr. Hughes and his reactionary Republican managers purpose to do with their "issue"?

Will they pledge themselves to repeal the eight-hour day on March 5, 1917, and force a general railroad strike?

Will they pledge themselves to oppose compulsory public investigations of railroad labor disputes before a strike or a lock-out can be declared?

Will they pledge themselves to throw the whole question back where it was before the president grappled with it, and thereby put the American people at the mercy of the railroad unions and the railroad presidents?

No doubt Wall street wants Mr. Hughes and his Bourbon managers to fight the president's program, and Wall street pays the Republican freight. The president can well afford to encourage them. There is no better court of arbitration on an issue of that kind than the American people.

Judge Winston Defeated.

Judge F. D. Winston, who recently resigned as United States district attorney for the eastern district of North Carolina to accept the appointment by Governor Craig as Superior court judge of the third district, to succeed the late Judge R. B. Peebles, was defeated by J. H. Kerr for the nomination in the Democratic primary held Saturday. Unofficial returns give Kerr a majority of 1,700 or 1,800.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN

OPENING IN THE COUNTY.

An air of activity is pervading county Democratic headquarters and from now until the election things will be kept moving at a lively gait. The organization is in good shape and prepared to wage a thorough and vigorous campaign.

Mr. Charles A. Hines, chairman of the executive committee, has announced the appointment of the following advisory committee to assist in conducting the campaign. O. E. Mendenhall, High Point; J. W. Borling, Gibsonville; S. A. Kirkman, Guilford College; Everett B. King and L. J. Brandt, Greensboro.

An advertisement appears in this issue of the Patriot for the First Voters' Democratic Club of the county. Young men who will vote for a presidential candidate this year for the first time are urged to cut out the enrollment blank and mail it to Chairman Hines. Suitable club buttons have been ordered and these will be sent to those who enroll as soon as the buttons arrive. An organization meeting of the club will be held in October.

The committee on Democratic clubs for the county is composed of E. B. King, chairman, Greensboro; B. S. Cummings, High Point; C. R. Wharton, Greensboro; Dr. T. D. Tyson, Pleasant Garden; Frank Jones, Stokesdale.

A supply of state Democratic handbooks has been received by Chairman Hines and copies may be had for the asking.

A Strong Navy Needed—Not For Aggression.

It is not in the least that we are as a nation planning any aggressions. We are under no temptations to be assertive or offensive. But we cannot have the smallest assurance that meekness or forbearance or modest devotion to strictly domestic and parochial affairs would save us from the necessity of being prepared to uphold our rights. If we owe anything to the cause of peace in the world and sanity in the affairs of nations, we must be well enough equipped to exert a salutary influence. Take, for example, the case of Japan. There is no element in the United States that seeks a war with Japan or with any other country. But there would seem to be in Japan at least two important elements, one of which would deplore trouble with the United States and the other of which would be ready enough to engage in war with us if a wholly favorable opportunity were presented. This turbulent period in Japan's history will, let us hope, be lived down in the course of the next decade or two. The best elements in Japan wish peace and friendship. A strong American navy would, in this situation, not merely protect the United States against the misfortune of trouble with Japan, but it would also protect the wisest and best elements in Japan against being overruled by the turbulent imperialists whose ambitions are a possible menace to peace.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Review of Reviews for September.

COSTLY TRADE WAR IS

EXPECTED TO RESULT.

The United States has accepted the challenge of Great Britain and her allies to a trade war. The approval by the senate of retaliatory measures for the blacklist and interference with American mails and trade, marks the conclusive step which indicates that Uncle Sam will not submit to the dictation from across the Atlantic. Little doubt was held that the house would approve this feature, which was inserted by the senate. The house already has had a discussion of British conduct and, while not being on record with a vote, has shown an attitude of the strongest sort of disapproval.

The effect of this power which Congress has conferred on the president in carrying out retaliatory plans is to prevent the shipment from American ports of goods by preferential methods. Clearance will be withheld from either foreign or domestic vessels from American ports if they show "any undue or unreasonable preference or advantage in any respect whatsoever to any particular person, company, corporation or any particular description of traffic in the United States or its possessions or to the citizens of the United States residing in neutral countries abroad." These ships are forbidden from subjecting any of them to disadvantage, injury or discrimination in regard to accepting, receiving, or delivering or refusing to deliver cargo, freight or passengers.—Washington Correspondence Charlotte Observer.

Mrs. T. A. Hunter and children have returned from Asheville, where they spent the greater part of the summer.

Mrs. John M. Dick, of San Antonio, Tex., is visiting friends in the city.

OBTAIN THE LOAN ONLY

ON ONE CONDITION.

New London, Conn., Sept. 8.—The American section of the American-Mexican joint commission will not agree to any substantial aid to First Chief Carranza in getting a loan for the defacto government until "adequate guarantees" are had by them from the Mexican section of the commission regarding foreigners and foreign interests in Mexico. That statement was authoritatively made here today.

Realizing that European powers take the attitude that the United States is morally responsible for the safety and welfare of their nationals in Mexico the American section of the commission will include in the scope of its negotiations the request for adequate protection of all foreigners within Mexican territory.

Until the question is settled no substantial program will be made by the Mexican commissioners in the matter of getting the guarantees of this government for the repayment of any loan to Carranza.

Two Trainmen Killed in Runaway Wreck.

Asheville, Sept. 8.—Ben Enloe, engineer, and Irvin Pitts, flagman, were instantly killed at Fairview crossing just beyond Biltmore station tonight when their train, backing in toward Biltmore, was struck by a runaway string of cars, loaded with coal, which had broken loose at Buena Vista hill, three and a half miles further on.

Engineer Enloe was backing a work train into Biltmore and Flagman Pitts was on the engine with him when the runaway cars caught up with and smashed into their train on a small bridge.

Two other men were slightly injured.

Home Celebration of Wonder Interest

The arrival of a baby in the household completely changes the entire aspect of the future. But in the meantime, during the anxious period of expectancy, there is a splendid remedy known as "Mother's Friend" that does wonders.

It is for external use, relieves the pains of muscle expansion, soothes and quiets the nerves, extends its influence to the internal organs and removes to a great extent the tendency to worry and apprehension. It is a natural treatment, safe for the mother, has no drug effect whatsoever and for this reason must exert a most beneficial influence upon those functions directly connected with motherhood. In a very interesting book the subject is freely discussed and a copy will be mailed free to all expectant mothers by Bradfield Regulator Co., 406 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Get a bottle of "Mother's Friend" today of any druggist. Use as directed and you will then know why mothers for nearly half a century have used and recommended this splendid aid to motherhood. Their letters are messages of cheer, that breathe comfort in every word.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., made by M. W. Gant, the clerk thereof, and the same having been duly returned by his honor, G. S. Ferguson, judge holding the courts in said county, in a special proceedings therein pending, entitled: In the matter of J. F. Stephens, guardian of Lottie Bartley, a person of unsound mind, ex parte, the undersigned guardian will, on **Tuesday, the 2nd day of October, 1916,** at 12 o'clock, noon, at the court house door in Greensboro, Guilford county, N. C., offer for sale to the highest bidder for one-half cash, balance in six months, deferred payments to bear six per cent interest from date of sale; and title retained till all the purchase money is paid, two certain tracts of land, lying and being in Guilford county and Guilford county, N. C., and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

First tract, lying and being near the "Freeman Hill" road on the waters of Deep river and adjoining the lands of Will Osborn, Daniel Osborn and Albert Sargent and bounded by follows: Beginning at a post oak running thence north fifty-six poles to a black jack; thence west five and one-half poles to a dogwood; thence north forty-three poles to a hickory and post oak, in Sargent's old line; thence along said line west fifty-five and one-half poles to a stone; thence along said line south one hundred poles to a hickory; thence east sixty-two poles to the first station, and containing forty acres, more or less.

Second tract.—On the waters of Hickory creek, adjoining the lands of Wesley Sargent, John Marsh and Rufus Marsh, beginning at a stake, the old Henry Sargent corner, running west forty-four and one-half poles along the old Thomas Danson line to a stake, the old Jeremiah Reynolds corner; thence north sixty poles on the old Reynolds line to a stake; thence east forty-four and one-half poles on the old Abner Sargent line to a post-stump, the old Henry Sargent corner; thence south to the beginning, containing twenty acres, more or less. The same being the lands conveyed by deed from William Chapel and wife to John Bartley, and recorded in book 272, at page 3; the second described tract was conveyed by deed from Robert Bartley to John Bartley, and recorded in book 272, at page 5. This is very fine land and well timbered in oak, pine, poplar and hickory. A survey will be made of this land and a map thereof made, which map will be on exhibition on the day of sale.

This August 19, 1916.

J. F. STEVENS, Guardian of Lottie Bartley.

Adams & Adams, Attorneys.

PNEUMONIA

left me with a frightful cough and very weak. I had spells when I could hardly breathe or speak for 10 to 20 minutes. My doctor could not help me, but I was completely cured by **DR. KING'S New Discovery** Mrs. J. E. Cox, Joliet, Ill.

50c and \$1.00 at all DRUGGISTS.

BUY YOUR HEAVY WORK SHOES NOW.

You Can Save 25c or 50c a Pair By Doing So.

We are carrying a very complete stock of WORK SHOES for Men, Women and Boys, the line including Elkin home made whole stock Shoes, Endicott Johnson Shoes, Craddock-Terry Shoes, McElwain Shoes and other well known, reliable makes.

We bought these Shoes long before the prices reached the high water mark and can certainly save you 25 or 50 cents a pair on your Winter Shoes IF YOU BUY NOW.

By the time you read this our Fall Lines of DRY GOODS, RUGS, UNDERWEAR, CURTAINS, WHITE GOODS, &c., will be practically complete. These goods were all bought for cash, and we are in a position to keep prices down to very reasonable figures, for the present at least.

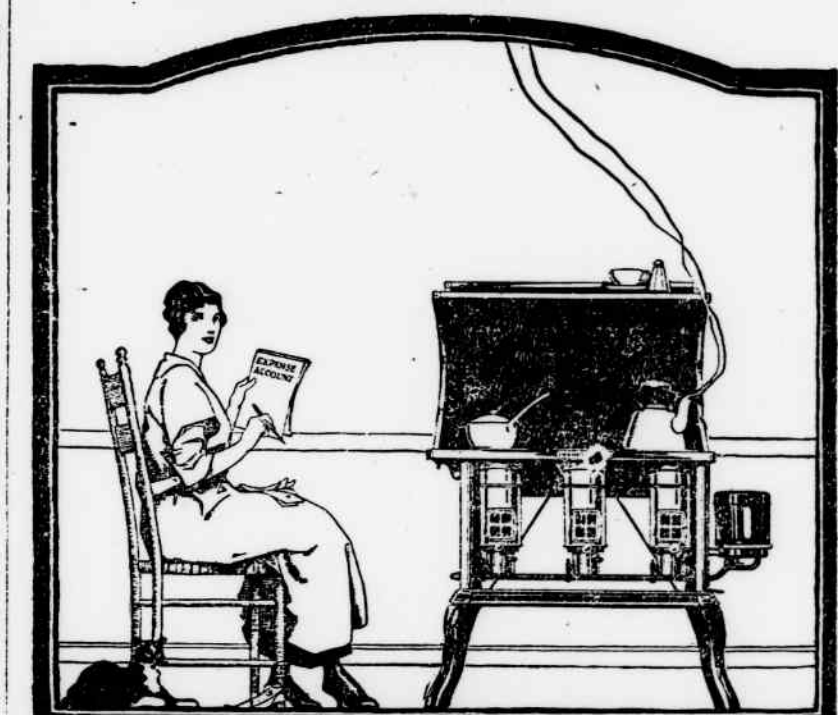
THACKER & BROCKMANN

Health

and happiness have been essentials to the well being of the human race since creation. Naturally, health is sought by everyone—thousands suffering from blood maladies, are giving thanks to the wonderful results obtained through S. S. S.

Happiness

and health are bound by a strong band of security when S. S. S. is permitted to assist nature in restoring strength and vigor to the over worked and poisoned blood, with its strengthening vegetable qualities.



NEW PERFECTION

"I SAVE MONEY TOO!"

"NO coal, gas or wood bills! I use a New Perfection Oil Cook Stove. It only costs two cents to cook a meal for six people."

A New Perfection Oil Cook Stove saves you time and strength. It turns on and off like a gas stove—cooks anything and keeps your kitchen cool.

The long blue chimney assures a perfect draft, a clean, odorless heat, and lasting satisfaction.

New Perfection Oil Cook Stoves are made in many styles and sizes. They are sold by most good dealers.

Look for The Long Blue Chimney

Use Aladdin Security Oil to obtain the best results in Oil Stoves, Heaters and Lamps

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

(New Jersey)
Washington, D. C. BALTIMORE MD. Charlotte, N. C. Charleston, S. C. Norfolk, Va. Richmond, Va.

"IT'S THE LONG BLUE CHIMNEY"

CURRENT HISTORY records no instance of a successful man without a BANK AC- COUNT.

4 Per Cent. Interest on Savings

Greensboro Loan & Trust Company

J. W. Fry, President. J. B. Cox, Vice President.
W. E. Allen, Sec. and Treas. W. M. Ridenhour, Asst. Sec.-Treas.

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

WHITSETT.

The fall term of Whitsett Institute just opened. This is the beginning of the twenty-ninth year of the school. During the few days that the registration books have been open, students have been enrolled from more than twenty-five counties in this state—Alamance, Burke, Beaufort, Craven, Caswell, Cleveland, Johnston, Edgecombe, Forsyth, Guilford, Greene, Hyde, Lenoir, Nash, Northampton, Onslow, Pasquotank, Randolph, Wayne, Vance, Warren, Wilson; Washington, also from Virginia and South Carolina. Students will continue to enroll for some time yet, and all indications point to a very successful year's work for the school.

Mrs. A. H. Zechel has been holding gospel services at the Reformed church for this week at 8 P. M. each night. The services have been well attended. The excellent music has been a special feature of the services.

The Women's Aid Society held a business meeting Friday with Mrs. P. H. Whitsett. A fine program was presented. Mrs. A. H. Zechel, of Winston, was a welcome visitor to the meeting.

M. H. Clapp, of Charlotte, is here this way to enter the University of North Carolina.

Mrs. Ed. B. Wheeler, Miss Wheeler and R. C. Wheeler, of Winston, were on a visit to Chapel Hill.

Fannie Walker, of Winston, was a recent visitor at Mr. C. W. Davenport's.

H. H. Lick and family, of Salisbury, spent some hours here Friday.

A student here nineteen years and is now sales agent for the Baker-Ricker Company, with a field under his control.

The three literary societies and the C. A. have reorganized for the new year with excellent membership.

John Taylor, the twelve-year-old son of Mr. J. W. Taylor, had the misfortune to cut his foot severely with a knife. Dr. C. A. Walker was called and assistance and he is resting.

Mrs. W. H. McLean, Miss McLean, J. A. McLean and family attended the Sunday school held last week at Mt. Pleasant, Greensboro.

The opening of school our day taken on new life and the day of visitors day by day is increasing.

A reception which is annually held to the student body and the day of the school will be held from 10 to 10 P. M. on Saturday, September 16.

There have been issued announcements of approaching marriage of Miss Gray Thompson to Mr. Francis Gray at 8 P. M. September 29, at Greensboro.

Wednesday, September 13, Mrs. Albert Ingle will celebrate her golden wedding anniversary at a reunion of friends and at their home near here.

Noted Surgeon Dead.

Dr. Rudolph E. Zadori, surgeon in charge of the States Marine hospital at New Orleans and for the past 18 years government health service, died today. He was known for his participation into the causes of malaria, typhoid and yellow fever.

R. G. Vaughn returned Saturday from a fishing trip to Lake City.

PREPARING TO CONTEST THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

That the railroads will test the constitutionality of the Adamson eight-hour law recently enacted by Congress was early predicted. It was generally understood that a single road would refuse to comply with the requirements and pending the outcome of the sample case all the railroads would agree to abide by the final decision. Apparently, the Santa Fe railway is to raise the standard of revolt. In the language of President E. P. Ripley: "Congress, hastily acting under a threat of four leaders of labor organizations, enacted a so-called eight-hour law, which is nothing more nor less than an advance of 20 to 25 per cent in the wages of the best paid men in railway service. It is only fair to the public and to our employees to say that the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company does not intend to comply with the law until ordered to do so by the court of last resort."

This defiance of Congress, while not wholly unexpected, is a bit puzzling to the Democratic leaders, who railroaded the bill through both houses. Senator Newlands frankly admitted that nobody had given a thought as to how the law should be enforced. There is a penalty, of course, but there are legal ways to avoid it, pending an appeal to the courts. Presumably, the case will get into court on the petition of an employee to whom the increased wage is refused. The road would then be indicted to show cause, then would begin the battle of the legal giants. From the United States district court to the United States court of appeals, thence to the Supreme court the test suit would take its slow course. If, in the initial stage, the decision was adverse to the railway, unquestionably, it would have to give bonds and, perhaps, be compelled to pay into a United States depository the wage difference between the eight and ten hours day of all the employees affected to be released to them in the event the highest court should uphold the law.

It is hardly likely that the railroads would voluntarily pay the men the new scale arbitrarily named by Congress, as, in case the Supreme court rendered a favorable decision, they would have little chance of reimbursing themselves from a widely scattered and in many instances an irresponsible (financially considered) set of workmen.

As the law does not go into effect until January 1, the test case can hardly come until thirty days thereafter. It may be two years before it reaches the highest court. Meanwhile, the investigating commission will have finished its labors and reported, since it is obligated to that end within nine months after the law is effective. Supposing the decision is adverse to the trainmen? Would that automatically stop the lawsuit and, incidentally, bring on a recurrence of the strike threat? It is an interesting speculation by no means grotesque. The present measure, as everybody knows, is purely makeshift. This analysis of possibilities reveals how necessary it will be for Congress at the next session to enact a law that shall render a paralyzation of the traffic of the country absolutely impossible.

Costly Fire at Spartanburg.

Spartanburg, S. C., Sept. 8.—One of the largest fires that has occurred in Spartanburg in several years destroyed a mattress house, several thousands of dollars worth of property, a horse, and several buildings here yesterday. The fire started at 3:45 o'clock, and for about one and a half hours raged fiercely. The fire started in an old wooden framed house belonging to the Success Mattress Company, Hammond-Brown-Wall proprietors.

When the fire wagons arrived at the fire it had gained much headway, and the water pressure was low. Before more water pressure could be obtained a livery stable was on fire, several small buildings, and several brick stores.

The house in which the fire started was owned by T. A. Green, of Wilmington, N. C., and a large house formerly occupied by the Elks caught fire and was damaged to the extent of several hundred dollars. A small cottage owned by Mr. Green was completely burned down, and a stable and some small buildings. His total damage is estimated at \$5,000. Hammond-Brown-Wall, who owned the mattress works, had an automobile truck destroyed, and a horse, and a large supply of mattresses, and ten bales of cotton. Their loss is estimated at \$3,000 with only \$500 insurance on it.

The J. C. Paddock wholesale house caught fire and two carloads of meat and several hundred dollars' worth of groceries which was insured. The J. E. Lockman livery stable was damaged \$1,000 and the Georgia Produce Company lost about \$50 by water. One of the firemen was badly injured.

SEIGEL'S AMBITION IS AT LAST REALIZED.

New York, Sept. 8.—Just one mile north of the spot where he made and lost millions of dollars, Henry Siegel will tomorrow become a New York Merchant once more. The opening of the Emporium Cloak and Suit Company at Broadway and 35th street comes two years and nine months after Siegel's 14th street store passed into receivership.

When the first customer steps across the threshold of the new store tomorrow morning Siegel will have realized his dream to which he has tenaciously clung since he lost his fortune. He went to prison vowing that he would "come back"; he walked forth to freedom six months ago promising that he would at once enter business and pay back the money that the depositors of his department store bank lost in his failure.

Ford Sues Chicago Tribune for \$1,000,000.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 7.—Suit for \$1,000,000 was filed by Henry Ford, the Detroit manufacturer, against the Chicago Tribune in the United States District court here today. Mr. Ford asks for personal damages as compensation for an editorial printed in the Tribune, June 23, which, it is charged called Ford an "anarchist."

The bill charges that the Tribune "sought to bring the plaintiff into public hatred, contempt, ridicule and financial injury," by publishing the editorial.

The editorial, it is charged, referred to Mr. Ford as "ignorant, a deluded human being" and "an anarchistic enemy to the nation which protects him in his wealth."

The editorial also charged that employees of Mr. Ford would lose their positions if they went to the border as members of the national guard.

Major S. Glenn Brown Sent to the Border.

Camp Glenn, Sept. 8.—Maj. S. Glenn Brown received orders yesterday from the war department to proceed at once to El Paso, Tex., to take up his duties on the staff of General Seibert, of the ninth division. Major Brown will be in the ordnance department. Major Baxter Hunter, camp surgeon, who has also been detailed for the divisional staff, is expected to arrive here today. The ninth division, it is understood, will be composed of the guardsmen of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama. It was intended originally to form a division out of the first three states named, each state to furnish a brigade, but North Carolina is the only one of the three to furnish a full brigade and the other states were added.

Cured Her Two Little Girls.

Mrs. Ada Sanders, Cottonwood, Tenn., writes: "We use Foley's Honey and Tar as our best and only cough remedy. It never fails to cure my two little girls when they have colds." Relieves hoarseness, tickling throat, bronchitis, hay fever, asthma, croup. Conyers' Drug Store.

Subscribe to The Patriot.

Administrators' Sale

Of Much Valuable Property

The undersigned will on September 15, 1916, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., at the late residence of John R. Stewart, deceased, in Jefferson township, Guilford county, N. C., sell to the last and highest bidder, by public auction, for cash, much personal property, consisting among other things, of

One corn harvester,
One manure spreader,
Two corn shellers,
Combined feed cutter and shredder,
Corn husker,
Two mowing machines,
One hay rake,
Two two-horse cultivators,
Two disc harrows,
Two single walking cultivators,
Two two-horse wagons,
One one-horse wagon, with extra pole,
Three Chattanooga plows, two-horse,
One two-horse corn planter,
One sulky plow,
Two two-section harrows,
One hay loader,
Two Chattanooga plows, one-horse,
One threshing machine, mounted on good truck,
One lime spreader,
One set of platform scales,
One cockling machine and pea cleaner,
One single buggy,
Two wheat drills,
One wheat harvester and binder,
One weeder,
One Chattanooga disc plow,
One two-gang John Deere plow,
Land roller,
Gasoline engine, mounted on good truck,
One team of mules,
One roan mare,
One one-year-old mule colt,
One gray horse,
One three-year-old Jersey bull,
Eleven three-year-old steers,
Six two-year-old Jersey heifers,
Three heifer cows,
One heating stove,
Cut-off saw and frame,
One roller top desk,
One iron safe,
Blacksmith forge,
Hay tedder,
And many other farming tools and a quantity of household and kitchen furniture.

M. C. Stewart, W. E. Phipps, D. C. Stewart,
Administrators of estate of John R. Stewart, Deceased.



A Postal Brings This Book

It is free—it tells how you can have local and long distance telephone service in your home at very small cost.

Send for it today. Write nearest Bell Telephone Manager, or

FARMERS' LINE DEPARTMENT

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE
AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY



Box 181, Greensboro, N. C.

Subscribe to The Patriot

The Center Brick Still Leads in Pounds and Prices

Saturday's Average \$18.31

It looks better at the Center Brick and therefore brings more. Bring your next load to us. We know how to please you. Talk is cheap, but we furnish the goods. We tell you the truth in our ad. when we say Tobacco is high.

Your friends at the

CENTER BRICK WAREHOUSE

Phone 1867

Have You Ever Voted?

If You Have Not, Join the First Voters' Democratic Club

All young men who have reached the age of twenty-one years since the last presidential election (or who are older than that but have never voted for a presidential candidate) are entitled to membership in the "First Voters' Democratic Club of Guilford County" now being organized.

The Democratic Campaign Committee wants as members of this organization every young man of the county who will vote for all, or a majority, of the Democratic nominees to enroll. There are no fees for membership. Notice of the meetings will be given through the newspapers of the county.

The activities of the club will consist in getting young men registered and to vote the Democratic ticket. A big meeting for the club members will be held in Greensboro during the month of October. Prominent speakers will address the meeting, which will be particularly for club members and young men voting for the first time. Those who enroll in the club will receive interesting literature from state and county headquarters.

Fill in the blank below and mail to Charles A. Hines, Chairman, Greensboro, N. C.

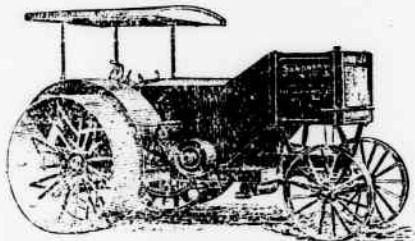
ENROLLMENT BLANK.

Chas. A. Hines, Chairman,
Greensboro, N. C.

Please enroll me in the "FIRST VOTERS' DEMOCRATIC CLUB OF GUILFORD COUNTY." I expect to vote for all or a majority of the Democratic candidates November 7th. My age is _____ years.

Name _____
St. and No. _____
P. O. _____

"The Little Fellow With the Big Pull"



The Sandosky Tractor is guaranteed to handle four 14 inch mouldboard plows 18 inches deep where a big team can pull one 12-inch plow 6 inches deep. Guaranteed one year against defective workmanship and material. Three days trial allowed on your own farm.

For further information see

E. F. CRAVEN

327 So. Davis St.

Phone 527

The Only Grand Prize

(Highest Award) Given to Dictionaries at the Panama-Pacific Exposition was granted to WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL

Superiority of Educational Merit. This new creation answers with final authority all kinds of puzzling questions such as "How is Przemysl pronounced?" "Where is Flom?" "What is a continuous voyage?" "What is a white coal?" "How is skat pronounced?" and thousands of others. More than 400,000 Vocabulary Terms. 2,000 Geographical Entries. 12,000 Etymological Entries. Over 6,000 Illustrations. 2,700 Pages. The only dictionary with the divided page—a stroke of genius.

Write for specimen pages, illustrations, etc. Free. A set of Pocket Maps if you name this paper. C. & C. MERRIAM CO., Springfield, Mass.

ELECTRIC BATTERIES THE BEST FOR BILIOUSNESS AND BILIOUSNESS

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a certain mortgage deed executed on the 29th day of May, 1913, by Webb Bass and his wife, Sallie Bass to the undersigned, as will appear by reference to book of mortgages 247, page 606, of the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, and by reason of failure of said Webb Bass and his wife, Sallie Bass to discharge the indebtedness and the interest thereon according to the tenor of the note mentioned in the said mortgage deed, I will on

Saturday, September 26, 1915, at 12 M., at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, sell for cash, to the highest bidder at public auction, the following described property located in Center Grove township, N. C., and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at an iron stake on the public road, thence south 52 poles to a stone; thence south 19 degrees east 46 1-2 poles to a stone; thence east 32 poles to a stone in J. W. Wharton's line; thence north with said line 17 poles to Wharton and Bass corner; thence north 19 degrees west 42 poles to a bend in road; thence north 2 1-2 degrees east 41 1-2 poles with said road to a stump near cedar tree; thence west with said Bass and Rankin line 32 poles to the beginning, containing 20 acres more or less.

This August 28, 1915.
W. E. MOORE,
W. S. MOORE,
Mortgagees.
W. E. MOORE,
Assignee.

DR. H. KEMP FOSTER
DENTIST

Office Over Greensboro National Bank.
Greensboro, N. C.
Telephone 1013.

Watch the date on your label.

VICE-PRESIDENT MARSHALL FROM LATEST PHOTOGRAPH



IT CAN'T BE DONE!

There is no cause for Democrats and Progressives—lovers of peace and opponents of the horrors and crimes of war—to feel other than the greatest confidence in the re-election of President Wilson.

Friends of his Republican opponent have been making vociferous endeavor to impress the voters of the country with a fictional strength for Mr. Hughes' candidacy.

President Wilson has the Democrats of the country enthusiastically behind him.

He has the friends of preparedness and peace.

He has every Progressive who really holds policies above prejudice and deeds above vague promises.

He has the women voters of the states where suffrage is an accomplished fact, who hold their country first in their esteem and who are able to see more in the support President Wilson has already given suffrage, than in the opportunist espousal of their cause by a candidate who before never has shown by his acts even the most condescending sympathy.

There are but a meagre few states where Mr. Hughes' champions can give him more than a doubtful chance of securing electoral votes.

No issue has been joined by the speeches of the Republican candidate which is of sufficient worth to merit serious consideration.

Behind Mr. Wilson there is a long record of deeds done and legislation enacted which puts him far up abreast of the times and popular demands.

For President Wilson to be defeated there must develop such a reaction from present sentiment as would be startling indeed.

He has the record of achievement.

He has the shibboleth of peace.

He has the accomplishment of preparedness.

He has a Congress which has stood nobly behind his policies and has written laws that the great masses of voters will surely indorse.

He has been direct, diligent, assertive and dominant.

No public man ever cherished loftier ideals or did more to win to them the public approval.

Beat him?

IT CAN'T BE DONE!

Beat him, and restore to power in the Government the old order, the Republican reactionaries, the guardians and agents of privilege and prerogative?

Beat him, and blot from the statute books laws that register a century of progress?

NO, INDEED!

Beat him, with the harvests ripening into such wealth as the country never knew before?

Beat him, with the Government's credit the talk of the world?

Beat him, with labor employed, wages good and happiness the outward semblance of nation-wide contentment?

Beat him, with the vaults of the banks of the country bulging and legislation already enacted which is the guarantee of low interest rates?

Beat him, with his neutrality achievements, which have made us the one nation secure from the criminal effusion of the red blood of the sons and fathers of the land?

Beat him, when the law is highly respected, when the national honor is respected, when the flag has been made the signal at once of preparedness and peace, and our people home-loving, God-fearing and ready for the higher achievements in the future than were ever chronicled in the past?

IT CAN'T BE DONE!

Extra Good Horses



I have some of the best Horses and Mares that was ever brought to Guilford county for sale or will trade. Prices right. Also some good Mules.

Come to see me at once if you are interested.

J. E. DILLON

N. Greene St.

Next to Farmers' Warehouse

NOTICE OF SUMMONS AND WARRANT OF ATTACHMENT.

North Carolina, Guilford County.

Before D. H. Collins, J. P.

Max Lefkowitz

vs.

J. Pearl & Co. and Geo. H. Snow Co.

The defendants, J. Pearl & Co. and Geo. H. Snow Co., above named will take notice that a summons in the above entitled action was issued against said defendants on the 1st day of September, 1915, for the sum of \$164.10 due said plaintiff on account of breach of contract for failure to ship to the plaintiff certain goods bought, substituting other goods, etc. Said summons is returnable to the undersigned at his office in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on the 5th day of October, 1915, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The defendants will also take notice that a Warrant of Attachment was issued by said D. H. Collins, a Justice of the Peace, on the 1st day of September, 1915, against the property of the said defendants—they being non-residents of the state of North Carolina, but having property in said state

—which warrant is returnable at the time and place above named for the return of the summons, when and where the defendants are required to appear and answer or demur to the complaint or the relief demanded will be granted.

This the 1st day of September, 1915.

D. H. COLLINS, J. P.

STERN & SWIFT, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

74-80

NEW SANITARY \$7.30

FEATHER BEDS

FULL WEIGHT 40 POUNDS; 1 pair. 10.00. Pillows to match, \$1.15. Selected New, Live, Clean, Sanitary Feathers. Best Feather Bedding. Sold on money back guarantee. DO NOT BUY from anyone at any price, until you get the BOOK OF TRUTH, our big new catalog mailed FREE. Write a postal card TODAY. Agents Wanted.

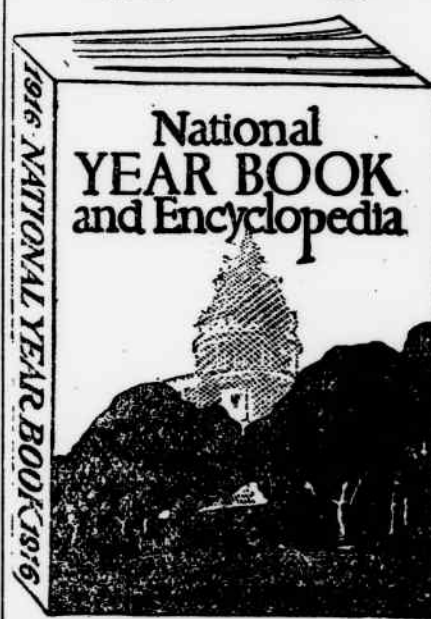
AMERICAN FEATHER & PILLOW COMPANY, DESK N-7 NASHVILLE, TENN.

Watch the date on your label.

The Greensboro Patriot One Year \$2.00
National Year Book and Encyclopedia 2.00
Tri-Weekly Constitution, One Year 2.00
Southern Farming (Weekly), One Year 2.00

FOR ALL FOUR

A History of the World's Happenings During 1915



YOU need this new National Year Book, Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1916—your family needs it—everybody ought to have it—order your copy today. It's chock-full of interesting facts and useful information.

"The best book of the kind for the home ever published"

An elaborate description of the good things to be found within its covers is not possible in this space, but here is a brief digest which will give an idea of the wide range of subjects treated:

Important Events of 1915, including an account of the great world war, with chronology, correspondence with Germany and other matters of interest.

Almanac Matter, showing calendars, astronomical calculations, legal holidays, ready reference calendar for 200 years, etc.

Articles and Statistics on Such Timely Subjects as the Commission on Industrial Relations, the League for National Defense, The Hague Tribunal, the United States Army and Navy, the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, Boy Scouts of America, Camp Fire Girls, Reclamation Service, etc.

Federal Laws in which all are vital. Bankruptcy, Banking and Currency, Copyright Laws, etc.

State Laws, such as Woman Suffrage, Marriage and Divorce, Eight-Hour Day, Working Records, giving records in aviation, automobile speed records, baseball, horse racing, Olympic games, etc.

Information and Statistics on Agriculture, Manufacturing and Mining Industries, Political Parties and many other vital things.

Descriptive Articles of each state in the union, treating of physical features, industries, government, etc., climate and history.

This new book is the biggest we have ever offered our readers. There are 16 pages, thousands of different subjects are covered, and everything right up to the minute—it answers every question.

Get a Copy for Yourself—Don't Borrow Your Neighbor's.

SOUTHERN FARMING Published in Atlanta every week, is recognized as one of the best farm journals in the south. It has a circulation of over 75,000, being widely circulated from Virginia to Texas. It treats on every topic of interest to the farmer and the farmer's wife, and is an authority on southern farming and meets the problems of the southern farmer.

TRI-WEEKLY CONSTITUTION comes three times a week with all the newspaper in the country, and, besides the news, carries many departments of interest to all the family. Its continued stories, humor and editorials are of the highest order—making it "The standard newspaper of the south."

We have arranged special clubbing rates which enable us to make the above remarkable offer for cash subscriptions. Copy of the Year Book and Encyclopedia, Southern Farming and Tri-Weekly Constitution can be seen at his office. Call at once, renew your subscription and take advantage of this remarkable offer.

Send orders and remittances to
THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT
GREENSBORO, N. C.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Elected Health Officer.—Dr. John Thames, formerly of Greensboro, but who has been residing in Wilmington for the past few years, has been elected city health officer of Winston-Salem.

Schools Open.—The public schools of the city opened this morning, although regular class work will not be taken up until Wednesday, the first two days being devoted to organization and classification.

To Conduct Revival.—A revival meeting will begin at the Glenwood Presbyterian church next Sunday and continue through the following week. The preaching will be done by Rev. William Black, the evangelist of the Presbyterian Synod of North Carolina.

Dr. Clark Sells Home.—Rev. Dr. Melton Clark, formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian church, has sold his residence on North Davis street to Mr. J. B. Stroud. The purchase price has not been made public, but is understood to be in the neighborhood of \$15,000.

Visiting Here.—Mrs. Mary J. Fogleman, of Altamont, Kans., is here on a visit to her nephew, Mr. Charles O. Forbis, and other relatives. Mrs. Fogleman is a native of Guilford county, but her parents moved to Kansas when she was quite young. This is her first visit to Guilford in over 40 years.

Organizer Elected.—The state council of the North Carolina Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias held a meeting in this city Friday night and transacted a good deal of routine business. Mr. Harry M. Roberts, of Fletcher, was elected state organizer and plans were discussed for increasing the membership of the order.

Moves to Greensboro.—Rev. Richard J. Parker, a missionary of the M. E. Church, South, in Cuba, has moved his family to Greensboro, having been attracted to this city by the superior advantages afforded here for the education of his children. He has purchased a home on Walker avenue. Mr. Walker will return to his work in Cuba about the first of October.

Quarterly Meeting.—The first quarterly meeting in the Friends church established at Kernersville a year or two ago was held Saturday and yesterday. There was a good attendance of visitors from Greensboro, Guilford College and other places. The Kernersville church is a member of the New Garden quarterly meeting, which also includes Greensboro.

Aged Citizen Dead.—Mr. John Fields, one of the oldest men in Guilford county, died Saturday night at his home about 12 miles south of Greensboro. He was 89 years old and is survived by two brothers and three sisters, besides a number of other relatives. The funeral and interment took place at Bethlehem Methodist church, the services being conducted by Rev. C. F. Sherrill.

For Jury Duty.—The following have been summoned for jury duty at the special criminal term of Superior court to convene September 25: Elder Michael, C. C. Shepherd, T. J. Black, Henry B. Smith, J. M. Anderson, Vernon T. Coble, A. W. Whitlington, A. L. York, J. C. Nealey, R. S. McNeely, T. L. Harvey, Enoch Shelley, J. W. Crews, W. W. McFarland, Sidney Robbins, C. H. Powell, Joseph A. Atkins and M. C. Cullen.

New President.—Mr. Charles B. Hale, of Montclair, N. J., has been elected president of the North Carolina Public Service Company to succeed Mr. H. B. Coler, of New York, who resigned the office. Mr. Coler retains his financial interest in the company and will continue as a member of the board of directors. Mr. Hale will move his family to Greensboro and give his personal attention to the company's affairs in this city.

Auction Sale.—An auction sale of much personal property of the late John R. Stewart will be held at the late home of the deceased, in Jefferson township, next Friday, beginning at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. A variety of farming machinery and tools, vehicles, cattle, stock, household and kitchen furniture, etc., will be sold for cash to the highest bidder. An enumeration of many of the articles that will be offered for sale will be found in an advertisement elsewhere in this issue of The Patriot.

Stamp Tax Repealed.—The emergency revenue stamp tax that had been in force since December 1, 1914, was repealed by the revenue bill passed by Congress Friday, and hereafter no stamps will be required on notes, deeds, contracts, etc. The repeal of the law was received with much pleasure in Greensboro, as well as throughout the country generally. During the 19 months and one week the law was in effect the total sales of documentary and proprietary stamps at the Greensboro stamp office amounted to nearly \$18,000.

SUFFRAGISTS PLAN FIGHT FOR AMENDMENT.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 7.—After a long debate which carried the afternoon session of the convention well into the evening the National American Woman Suffrage Association today adopted a platform outlining its plan of campaign for securing the submission of the federal suffrage amendment to the state legislatures for ratification.

It was decided that the next annual convention in 1917 be held in March or "thereabouts," that a lobby be continued at Washington and that the association conduct a nationwide campaign of education, agitation, organization and publicity in support of the federal amendment. A million dollar campaign fund is to be raised between October, this year, and October, 1917.

It was further agreed by the convention that no state association shall ask the legislature of its state for the submission of an amendment or referendum to the people until the national board or executive council of the association shall have been given the opportunity to investigate conditions and give consent.

The platform was adopted without amendment, after parliamentary tilts.

Debate on the resolution of President Carrie Chapman Catt, presented yesterday which interprets the constitution to mean that the submission of the federal amendment is the immediate and principal aim of the association and that all state work is merely in preparedness to that end, followed.

Many of the delegates became weary of the long session and another motion was made to postpone consideration and it was quickly adopted and the resolution was fixed for the first order of business tomorrow morning.

The annual address of the president was one of the features of the day's proceedings. Mrs. Catt reviewing the suffrage movement in many states for years back.

Many delegates explained to the convention the difficulties of getting proposed constitutional amendments through the legislatures. Mrs. Guilford Dudley, of Tennessee, in favoring a federal amendment said that one of the objections heard to it was that it infringed on state rights.

She pointed out that many statesmen who oppose a federal suffrage amendment as an invasion of state rights favored the amendment electing senators by the people, the national prohibition amendment and the national child labor law, which she said are in the same class with regard to alleged infringement.

The evening session of the convention was given over to listening to speeches by Southern women. It was called "Dixie evening." Those who were on the program as speakers were Mrs. B. J. Cunningham, president Texas Woman Suffrage Association; Mrs. Guilford Dudley, president Tennessee Equal Suffrage Association; Mrs. Jefferson Smith, president Kentucky Equal Rights Association, and Mrs. T. T. Cotnam, vice president Arkansas Woman Suffrage Association.

School for the Deaf Opens With 253 Pupils.

Morganton, Sept. 8.—The North Carolina School for the Deaf opened today with the largest enrollment in its history. Two hundred and fifty-three were in the dining room at the first meal this morning, and Superintendent Goodwin expects to reach 300 by Saturday.

Mr. Goodwin speaks in high praise of the Southern in the attention given his students en route, and last night at Salisbury he was given a special train to bring the children on to Morganton, and several special attentions en route.

For Sunday Closing.—The ministers of the city, in co-operation with the Guilford County Medical Society, have inaugurated a movement for the closing of the drug stores of the city on Sunday. Should it be found impracticable to close all the stores, the druggists will be asked to alternate in keeping open only a sufficient number to fill prescriptions and supply other necessities in the drug line. For a number of years all the drug stores in Greensboro, with two or three exceptions, have been keeping open seven days in the week.

County Gets Money.—County Treasurer McKinney Saturday received from State Treasurer Lacy a check for \$6,663.60, this being the county's share of the automobile license taxes paid by Guilford people during the fiscal year that ended June 30. The state collects the tax and returns to the county 80 per cent of the amount paid. The automobile license taxes paid by Guilford county people last year amounted to \$8,329.50, which is considerably in excess of the amount paid by any other county in the state. The county's share of the money goes to the road fund.

IRISH BLUDGEONS WERE USED ON GERMAN SOLDIERS.

Captain D. D. Sheehan, a nationalist member of parliament for Cork, who is fighting in France while on leave in London recently told how Lieutenant Arthur Batten-Pool of the Royal Munster Fusiliers won the Victoria Cross.

Lieutenant Batten-Pool won the V. C. while in command of a party detailed to make a raid on a German trench. At the moment of entry into the enemy's lines he was severely wounded by a bomb, which mutilated all the fingers of his right hand. In spite of this he continued to direct operations with unflinching courage, his voice being clearly heard cheering on and directing his men. He was urged, but refused to retire. Half an hour later, during the withdrawal, while personally assisting in the rescue of other wounded men, he received two further wounds. Still refusing assistance, he walked unaided to within 100 yards of our lines, when he fainted, and was carried in by the covering party.

Captain Sheehan took part in the raid, and this is his story:

"Though it was toward the end of June the rain was continuous, and I have seldom seen the trenches in a worse condition of slush and mud. The men cracked jokes at one another as they endeavored to negotiate some particularly deep pool and, as is their way, treated the worse side of life in the most good-humored manner. We had completed our reliefs and made all our dispositions in good time, leaving some hours on our hands before the raiding party were to advance to their dangerous adventure.

"Eight officers were to go out on the raid—this will give some idea of its magnitude and importance—and Lieutenant Batten-Pool was one of these. He belonged to our company, and he looked in on us at our dugout in the casual kind of way that is the fashion out there. Very little was spoken about the prospects of the raid. Some refreshments were sparingly discussed, and just before leaving Batten-Pool remarked to his company commander, Captain Humphreys: 'By the way, here is five pounds which my mother sent me to be spent on the men of our company. I only got it today. Will you take charge of it?'

"There was no pessimism about him even then. He knew he was engaged on a desperate hazard, but it was not his way to talk about it. He only wanted to see that the gift intended for the men of his company should not fail in the worst event. His last thought before going over the parapet was one of consideration for the troops.

"And what about the raid itself? Well, the Munsters once again covered themselves with glory. While our men were out in No Man's Land at the point of assembly, our artillery, at a given moment, belched forth such a fury of shot and shell as I had never seen before. When that was lifted, our men got into the enemy's trenches with irresistible dash, and although they met with a stout resistance, there was no stopping or stemming the dash of the men of Munster. They rushed the Germans off their feet. They bombed and they bludgeoned them. Indeed the most deadly instrument of destruction in this encounter was the short heavy bludgeon in the shape of a shillelah, the use of which we are led to believe, is the prescriptive and hereditary right of all Irishmen. Our badge is the shamrock and 'with sprig of shillelah and shamrock so green'—as your Irish song says—we gave the Huns such a dressing and a drubbing as none of them who survived are likely to forget; half an hour in the trenches and all was over. Dugouts and all were done for. Of the eight officers, four were casualties, two, unhappily, killed, and two severely wounded, of whom one was Lieutenant Batten-Pool."

Sympathetic Strike in New York.

New York, Sept. 10.—A strike of stage employees, longshoremen, brewery workers, machinists, bartenders, moulders and printers in sympathy with the unionized carmen who quit their places four days ago was decided upon at a meeting of the heads of their unions tonight, according to an announcement by Hugh Frayne, state organizer of the American Federation of Labor.

Before a sympathetic strike can be declared, it was explained by the union leaders, it will be necessary for them to call mass meetings of their respective unions and put the proposition to a vote of the members.

For Hay Fever, Asthma and Bronchitis.

Every sufferer should know that Foley's Honey and Tar is a reliable remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis, hay fever and asthma. It stops racking coughs; heals raw, inflamed membranes; loosens the phlegm and eases wheezy, difficult breathing. Conyers' Drug Store. Adv.

PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR city property, my farm four miles south of city on macadam road; telephone connection. Price reasonable. Easy terms. M. G. Newell. 73-4t

FOR SALE—52 ACRES OF LAND near Battle Ground; good for truck and meadow. Also four year-old male yearlings, 1 Jersey, 1 Holstein and 2 Guernseys. All full blooded stock. Also Burk pigs and brood sow. S. W. H. Smith, Guilford College, N. C. 73-4t

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—FIVE passenger automobile in good condition. Would exchange for two passenger. M. G. Newell. 73-4t

WE HAVE A FRESH STOCK OF nice clean seed rye. Also a large assortment of fresh turnip seed. Hiatt & Co. 62-6t.

WANTED—TO BUY GOOD BEEF and veal on foot. Call or write Mason & Brooks, Greensboro. Phone 822.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED farm property in Guilford County. J. A. Adams, 105 Court Square. 52t

Schiffman Jewelry Company
308 South Elm St., Greensboro.

Up-to-Date Jewelry of Every Description.
An Elegant Assortment of Goods
Adapted for Wedding and Birthday Presents.

Call and examine our goods. It's a pleasure to show them.
J. J. JUSTICE E. D. BROADHURST
Justice & Broadhurst
LAWYERS
Offices in Banner Building
Federal and State Court Practice.

A. V. Taylor J. I. Scales
Taylor & Scales
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
W. COOKE B. L. FENTRESS
COOKE & FENTRESS
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Offices 201-202 Fisher Building
Greensboro, N. C.

CHARLES A. HINES
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Wright Building.
208 Elm St. Opposite Court House.
DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

CHARLES A. HINES
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Wright Building.
208 Elm St. Opposite Court House.
DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

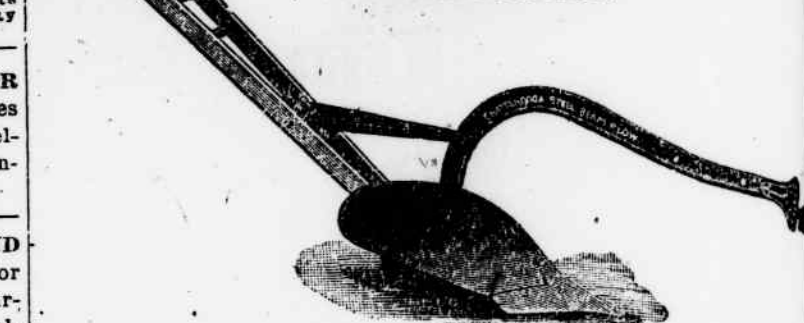
DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

DR. L. G. COBLE
DENTIST
Rooms 346-348, Benbow Arcade
Greensboro, N. C. Phone 601

This is the Plow That Does the Work to Perfection



We know that you want the best Plow that money will buy and we have the Plow you are looking for—

THE CHATTANOOGA
A fair trial will convince you that this Plow gives service and satisfaction. Let us show it to you.

Greensboro Hardware Co.
221 South Elm Street
Phones 457-458

Farmers' Warehouse

We will give some of the averages made on the opening sale at the Farmers' Warehouse on September 5th, and our average for the entire sale, including some very dark and green tobacco and a few piles of some badly damaged aged tobacco, was \$16.35.

Following are some of the sales made on that day:
O. E. May averaged \$24.40. H. J. Winfree averaged \$20.22.
Marsh & Dennis averaged \$18.54. C. G. Idle averaged \$21.76.
James & Whiteley averaged \$22.63. Idle & Cole averaged \$18.15.
June Wheeler averaged \$19.73. J. A. Idle averaged \$19.15.
J. V. Rayle averaged \$17.63.

Now, what we wish to say to the reader of this paper—that if they will bring their tobacco to the Farmers' Warehouse you shall have the VERY BEST PRICES that it is possible to be had. As we have said before experience and knowledge of tobacco extends over a period of years, and this counts for anything you should take the advantage of this experience. But if this is not worth anything in selling tobacco then all of our efforts have been in vain.

When you go to a drug store to have a prescription filled you know you want an experienced druggist to fill the prescription. Now does not the same principal apply in the tobacco business.

Think over these things and sell your next load of tobacco at the Farmers' Warehouse.

With best wishes I remain yours for best prices.

J. H. WHITT
Farmers' Warehouse
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Watch Your Label and Don't Let Your Subscription Expire

Roofing, Roofing, Roofing

We have a good supply of Rubber Roofing which we bought before the last advances and we can fill your order, giving you benefit of our advance buying.

Old Dominion Roofing, 1 Ply,	\$1.25	Per Square
" " " 2 Ply,	1.50	" "
" " " 3 Ply,	1.75	" "
Watkins Rubber Roofing, 2 Ply,	2.00	" "
" " " 3 Ply,	2.25	" "

We also have Galvanized V. C. Roofing and Galvanized Shingles. See us for prices.

Southside Hardware Co.
523-525 SOUTH ELM ST.