

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Ash Wednesday.—Yesterday was Ash Wednesday, the first day of Lent.

Accepts the Call.—Rev. R. G. Kendrick, pastor of Forest Avenue Baptist church, has accepted the call recently extended him to become pastor of a church in Portsmouth Va.

Paving Streets.—The city is paving the stretch of South Ashe street between West Washington and Walker avenue with concrete and asphalt. West Sycamore street is also to be paved from South Elm to Eugene street.

Elected Policeman.—Mr. Seymour B. Jenkins has been elected a member of the police force to fill the vacancy caused by the death of J. M. High. He has had considerable experience as an officer, having been a member of the police force several years.

Teachers' Meeting.—A meeting of the Guilford County Teachers' Association will be held in the court house Saturday, beginning at 10.30 o'clock. This will be the last meeting of the association for the present school year and it is hoped that all the teachers will be present.

Death of Baby.—The five-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Stafford of Proximity, died Tuesday afternoon, following a short illness. A funeral service was held at the home yesterday morning, after which the body was carried to Bunker Hill church, near Kernersville, for interment.

Dentist Robbed.—The dental office of Dr. J. S. Betts was entered by a thief Tuesday night and robbed of cash to the value of about \$60. The robbery is believed to have been the work of a member of an organized gang of thieves, as similar thefts have been reported by a number of dentists in this section of the country recently.

Meat Inspection.—The report of Dr. W. A. Hornaday, the city meat and milk inspector, for the month of February shows that he inspected 216 hogs, 191 heaves, 127 veals and one sheep. He condemned 350 pounds of meat. During the month he tested 96 cows for tuberculosis and condemned three as showing traces of the disease.

Died in Texas.—Relatives here received a message yesterday announcing the death of Joseph W. Coltrane in San Antonio, Tex. He was a native of Randolph county and a son of the late Branson Coltrane. If the body arrives in time, the funeral and interment will take place tomorrow afternoon at Ebenezer church, Randolph county.

Miss Clara Jobe Dead.—Miss Clara Jobe, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Jobe, died Monday morning at the home of her parents on Walker avenue, after an illness of six weeks. The funeral and interment took place Tuesday afternoon at Moriah Methodist Protestant church, of which she had been a member for the past eight years. The services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. T. M. Johnson, assisted by Rev. R. M. Andrews, of this city. Miss Jobe was a young lady of many lovable traits of character and her funeral was attended by a large number of sorrowing friends. In addition to her parents, she is survived by three sisters and a brother.

AGED SISTER AND BROTHER CALLED TO THEIR REWARD.

Miss Mary Foust died Monday night at 10 o'clock at her home near Whitsett in the ninety-first year of her age. Her brother, Mr. John F. Foust, who lacked less than a month of being 86 years old, died Tuesday at noon. The aged couple had resided together at the old Daniel Foust homestead for a number of years. Both had been ill for several weeks, suffering from the infirmities of age, la grippe and other complications.

Another brother, Mr. Gideon C. Foust, died about ten days ago. The aged couple who died this week were the last surviving members of their immediate family. Their funeral was held yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock at Springwood Presbyterian church, of which both had been members for many years. The services were conducted by Rev. R. E. Redding, the pastor, assisted by Rev. S. M. Rankin, of Greensboro. A large crowd was in attendance.

THE KILLING OF CARL PREDDY

TRAGEDY AT WHITE OAK SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN A PREMEDITATED CRIME.

The killing of Carl Preddy at White Oak shortly after noon Monday, brief mention of which was made in Monday's Patriot, created a great deal of excitement in the mill villages north of the city and aroused much feeling among the people. With the exception of the story related by the slayer, Monroe Johnson, all reports of the tragedy would seem to indicate that the crime was cold-blooded and premeditated.

It seems that Johnson entered the mill at the noon hour, when he knew the employees would be away at dinner, and found Preddy alone with John Moreland, Moreland having that morning succeeded Johnson in the position of second hand. Preddy was seated at his desk reading a newspaper, and when Johnson entered the room he was observed first by Moreland, who remarked to Preddy: "There's Johnson." Preddy, it is said, lowered his newspaper and looked in the direction of Johnson, who immediately drew his revolver and began firing. He fired three times, the first bullet entering Preddy's abdomen, the second striking him in the leg and the third going wild. It is asserted that the shooting was without any warning whatever and that Preddy had no opportunity to defend himself.

Moreland grappled with the slayer, but was unable to hold him. With his gun still in his hand and threatening to shoot Moreland, Johnson ran from the mill and went in the direction of Buffalo church. A few minutes later he was arrested by Deputy Sheriffs Clark and Hobbs.

After being placed in jail Johnson talked freely of the shooting and without any apparent excitement. He claimed that he acted in self defense and said he did not shoot until Preddy arose from his seat and reached his hand into a hip pocket.

Johnson said the trouble started when Preddy, as foreman of the spinning department, discharged a woman working under the prisoner, who at that time was second hand. He alleged that he protested against the discharge of the woman, whom he considered the best worker in the room. Johnson affirmed that he had no intention of doing any violence when he went to the mill Monday, after having been discharged, saying he carried the revolver because he knew that Preddy went armed.

Sheriff Stafford and Deputy Joe Phipps carried the prisoner to Winston-Salem early Monday night and placed him in the Forsyth county jail. This was done through an abundance of caution rather than from any fear of mob violence here.

The funeral of Mr. Preddy was held at Carraway Memorial Methodist church Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock and was attended by a great throng of people. The White Oak and Proximity mills closed at 3 o'clock for the day out of respect to the dead employee and to give his co-workers an opportunity to attend the funeral. The services were conducted by Rev. F. L. Townsend. A crowd estimated to number 2,000 people followed the remains to Greene Hill cemetery, where interment was made. Members of the Jr. O. U. A. M., Knights of Pythias, Red Med and the Eagles, of all of which orders the deceased was a member, attended the services in a body.

Mr. Preddy was 34 years of age and leaves a widow and six children, the youngest being a babe less than two weeks old. He was born at Stokesdale and resided there until 16 or 18 years ago, when his parents moved to Greensboro. In addition to his parents, he is survived by five brothers and two sisters, who are: Charles Preddy, of Sanford; Will Preddy, of Gainesville, Ga.; Hugh Preddy, an employee of the Western Union Telegraph Company in this city; Earl and Dale Preddy, who are in the employ of the Southern Railway here, and Misses Bertha and Irene Preddy.

When a youth Mr. Preddy entered the employ of the Proximity Manufacturing Company in a humble capacity, and by industry and close attention to his duties he worked his way up to the responsible position he held at the time of his death at the assassin's hand. He is said to have been one of the most popular men in the mill villages, being held in high

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

BUSINESS TRANSACTED AT THE MONTHLY MEETING HELD MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

The March meeting of the board of county commissioners, which was held Monday and Tuesday, was devoted largely to the transaction of routine business, such as receiving reports, passing on accounts, etc.

Mr. L. T. Barber, of Gibsonville, who was appointed a member of the board to succeed the late T. A. Wilson, presented his commission from Clerk of the Court Gant Monday and took the oath of office.

The petition filed some time ago asking for the opening of a new road in Clay township was granted.

Citizens of Madison and Monroe townships presented a petition for a new road to begin at a point near J. H. Fryar's mill box, on the McLeansville and Doggett's mill road, and run to a point near C. H. King's mill box, on the Glenwood school road, a distance of about three miles. The matter will come up for action at the April meeting of the board.

The sheriff was instructed to summon a jury of five men to assess benefits and damages to the property of J. H. Ferguson, of High Point township, caused by the widening of the Deep River road north of the Wyatt Armfield place.

The board took no action relative to changing the route of the Greensboro and High Point road, but after hearing delegations in reference to the matter, decided to hold a special meeting next Tuesday, March 14, when all persons who may be interested are invited to attend and be heard. Several suggestions have been made in regard to changing the route and considerable interest is being shown in the matter.

The commissioners had before them a letter from the county board of education asking that the money derived from the dog tax be given to the school fund, but no action was taken. It has been the understanding that this money was to go to the road fund.

FORMER GREENSBORO MAN KILLED BY HIS WIFE.

L. E. Pannell, who resided in Greensboro until about six weeks ago, having been employed as foreman of the cleaning and dyeing department of the Columbia laundry, was shot and killed by his wife in Atlanta yesterday. A press dispatch from Atlanta gives the following account of the tragedy:

"Mrs. L. E. Pannell shot and killed her husband at their home here today as he was advancing on her with a strap and said he intended to beat her, according to her statement in jail, where she is held for murder. The police found a razor strap clutched in the lifeless hand of Pannell."

"Chief of Police Mayo stated today that Mrs. Pannell came to him several days ago and said that her husband had been abusing her and their three children and requested that he take steps to see that he was returned to North Carolina, where there was a warrant for him on a charge the chief does not recall. He told her to go back home and await developments. Police records do not show that any action was taken against Pannell. He was 33 years old."

Pannell resided in Greensboro about three years, having come here with his wife from Atlanta. Their acquaintances here knew of trouble between the couple, due, it is said, to Pannell's attentions to another woman. This resulted in Pannell losing his position with the Columbia laundry about the middle of January, when he returned to Atlanta.

Indiana Primary Tomorrow.

Indiana will set the machinery of the presidential campaign of 1916 in motion tomorrow, when the voters of the state will express their preference for candidates for president and vice president. Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall are the candidates on the Democratic ticket and Charles W. Fairbanks on the Republican. No candidate filed for the nomination of vice president on the Republican ticket. The primary not only will be the first in the country this year, but also the first ever held in the state.

esteem by his employers and his fellow workers alike.

TO RETIRE FROM CONGRESS

R. N. PAGE UNABLE TO SUPPORT THE ADMINISTRATION AND WILL STAND ASIDE.

Hon. Robert N. Page, who has represented the seventh North Carolina district in Congress for a number of years, has announced that he will not enter the primaries for a re-nomination, on account of his inability to support the policy of the administration in regard to warning American citizens to keep off armed vessels of belligerent powers. He has issued the following letter to the Democratic voters of the seventh district in explanation of his position:

"Many patriotic citizens of North Carolina are writing me and wiring me to support the president in his diplomatic controversies with European countries. Many just as patriotic are telling me to support a resolution warning American citizens against taking passage on armed vessels of belligerent countries. The constitution vests in the president all diplomatic questions, and I, as one member of Congress, am willing that he should exercise this prerogative. I do not think that Congress, or any other large body of men, can successfully negotiate matters of diplomacy with other countries. When the president demanded that Congress pass upon a resolution warning American citizens against taking passage on armed vessels of belligerent nations, I suggested the following resolution:

"Whereas, the constitution vests in the president all matters of diplomacy; resolved, that the senate and house of representatives in Congress assembled, hereby expresses confidence in the president, the exercise of this prerogative for the protection of the lives and liberties of American citizens, and the honor and peace of the republic."

"The president is not satisfied with an unreserved expression of confidence on the part of Congress, but demands a vote upon the warning of American citizens to refrain from using armed vessels of belligerent countries, asking that it be voted down. This shifts to the consciences and convictions of members of Congress a responsibility that the constitution imposed on the executive."

"Having the responsibility thrust upon me, I claim the right to exercise my own judgment and convictions and not have them dictated by some one else. I do not believe that an American should insist upon the exercise of any abstract right that will jeopardize the peace of his country. To vote against a resolution of warning places upon me the responsibility for the death of all Americans who, in absence of such warning, may lose their lives by the destruction of an armed vessel of some one of the warning powers and perhaps thereby plunge this country into war. I cannot gain the consent of my conscience, much as I would like to gratify the president, and meet what seems to be the demands of my constituents, regardless of my own conscientious convictions, to in every matter vote as the president requests, thereby assuming responsibility for the loss of a single American life, or even indirectly stain my hands with his blood. In this instance I am sure that I am in possession of facts which a partial press has kept the people I represent in ignorance."

"Jesus Christ never uttered a more profound truth than when he declared, 'Where your treasure is there will your heart be also.' The loan of \$500,000,000 to England by American capitalists, to say nothing of the profits of munition manufacturers, has destroyed the semblance even of neutrality in the United States, and will probably lead us into war. I have no pro-German, or pro-anything sentiment or inclination other than pro-American. I realize very forcibly my obligation and responsibility to my immediate constituency and to the American people. I will not stultify my conscience or stain my hands with the blood of my countrymen; neither will I do violence to my conscientious conviction of duty, thereby forfeiting my self respect."

"And now, while so far as I am informed, I would have no opposition for renomination in the approaching primary, I desire to announce that I will not be a candidate for the nomination."

"I can never express the depth of

PRESIDENT DEEPLY MOVED

EXPRESSIONS OF PEOPLE'S CONFIDENCE APPRECIATED AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Washington, March 7.—The country has been stirred more deeply by President Wilson's fight against the opposition in Congress and the issue underlying it than by any occurrence since the sinking of the Lusitania, as is clearly indicated by the volume of telegrams and letters which have poured in upon the White House and the capitol. The president has been deeply moved by the declarations of confidence which have reached him, and his advisers who have seen the communications declare they are unlike any others that have come to the White House since Mr. Wilson has been president.

A fact that stands out from a study of the communications is that the people of the country generally do understand the issue which faces the government. One of the chief grounds for apprehension of the president's counselors in this crisis has been the assertion made in many quarters that the issue was too technical to be fully understood except among persons well informed on international law, and that the great voting public regarded it as too abstract and academic to justify the United States in venturing to a point where war might be threatened.

Mr. Wilson, who, since his first appearance in public life, has been a conspicuous protagonist of the belief that the great body of the American people, learned and unlearned, is capable of deciding any issue correctly, is said to have had his faith in Americanism intensified by his experience of the past week.

The message has resulted in the conviction on his part that the temper of the country has not changed since the days when our forefathers fought the battles of the Revolution for the sake of their ideals of liberty, when the North and South fought the Civil war because of different ideals of government, or when the people went to war with Spain to serve a newer ideal of human rights.

The president's letters come from men in every walk of life. His declaration in his Gridiron Club speech that he would rather know what the people around the firesides of America are thinking than to know what Congress is thinking, has inspired many persons to take up their pens who never had addressed a president of the United States before. Perhaps a score of persons have written the president of canvasses they made of their neighborhoods to determine how the president's stand for American honor was regarded, and not one of them revealed an important division of sentiment.

Some of the messages are of a tremendous human interest. One came from an aged veteran of the Civil war, who begged the president not to yield any principle for the sake of peace, saying that although the infirmities of age would prevent him from shouldering a rifle again, he had a son who was prepared to join in the country's defense. Another letter, written by a farmer, was little more than an illegible scrawl, but the writer professed a willingness to enlist rather than have the president yield the issue with Germany.

Perhaps a score of letters have been received from mothers. These are of the type which repudiate the charge that the mothers of the country are for peace at any price in preference to war which might sacrifice the lives of their sons. Still other letters are in the cramped handwriting of aged persons and these recall other crises through which the nation has passed and remind the president that as a people we have never abandoned our ideals of principle in the face of danger.

Some of the telegrams that have reached the president are phrased so finely that they might serve as epigrams. Such appeals as "Stand steadfast and the nation will vindicate you," represent the spirit which rings through nearly all of the messages.

My gratitude to the Democrats of the seventh district for their support and friendship. I would not be in any degree worthy of it if I did not maintain my self-respect and intellectual integrity by retiring instead of remaining your representative without either."

CONGRESS BEHIND WILSON

OPPOSITION IS OVERWHELMED AND SWEEPED AWAY BY BIG MAJORITY VOTE.

Washington, March 7.—President Wilson today completely and decisively won his long and sensational fight to compel Congress to acknowledge that it stands behind him in the submarine negotiations with Germany.

To the rallying cries of "stand by the president" and "is it Lansing and Wilson, or Von Bernstorff and the kaiser?" a big Democratic majority and nearly half of the Republicans in the house three times rolled up overwhelming votes against the movement to warn Americans off the armed merchantmen of the European belligerents.

The celebrated McLeane resolution around which the anti-administration forces centered their fight was tabled, in other words killed, just as was the Gore resolution for a similar purpose in the senate last week.

From the very outset of the fight today the president's supporters, without regard to party, swept over the opposition.

On the first vote, which was a preliminary proposition to prevent opening the McLeane resolution to amendment and unlimited debate, the administration forces carried the day, 256 to 150. On that 192 Democrats, 63 Republicans and one Progressive voted to support the administration. Twenty-one Democrats, 132 Republicans, five Progressives, one Independent and Representative London, the lone Socialist of the house, voted against it.

This was the crucial vote of the fight, the one point on which administration leaders were uncertain. With victory in hand, they moved on to the next proposition, the adoption of a special rule for four hours' discussion of the McLeane resolution. Again they carried the day, this time 271 to 138, and then pushed their victory to a conclusion by tabling the McLeane resolution, 276 to 142.

In seven hours of tense, turbulent session, in which the administration opponents charged that the president was contending for a doubtful legal right and was shifting the responsibility of diplomatic negotiations to Congress, the house swayed back and forth in the most sensational congressional spectacle of a decade, probably not equaled since the eve of the declaration of war on Spain.

President Wilson, calm and confident, heard the early results of the voting in the cabinet room at the White House with some of the cabinet grouped about him. He told them he was much gratified with the support of Congress.

Released from the bonds of embarrassment, forced upon him by the dissensions in Congress which have been represented in foreign capitals as indicating that he was making his demands on Germany in direct opposition to the sentiment of the elected representatives of the people, President Wilson now stands prepared to go on with the submarine negotiations with the central powers.

President's Next Step.

The next step probably will be an answer to Germany's last proposal to settle the Lusitania case, in which the United States probably will ask for such further assurances as it considers sufficiently broad and complete to guarantee that the new submarine campaign which began on March 1 and in which notice has been given that all ships carrying guns will be sunk without warning, will not endanger Americans traveling the seas on merchant vessels. The president and his advisers regard the action of the house today as a sufficient answer to reports circulated in Berlin, sent from Washington, that Congress stood two to one against him in the crisis.

One of the day's surprises was the failure of the so-called Bryan influence to develop any appreciable strength against the president.

The First of the Bills to Come Up.

Washington, March 8.—The first of the preparedness measures, the bill incorporating the regular army bill and the militia bill, will be brought before the house next week if the plans of Chairman James Hay, of the house military affairs committee, do not miscarry.

Mr. Hays has asked the rules committee for a special rule whereby the bill will be brought in next week.

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live better and be better? You can, the road is open right to our shop. We'll dress you so you'll look better. Naturally this will make you feel better. Then it will be an easy thing to be better. Really a nice fitting suit of clothes is capable of starting a reform. We would like to furnish your Spring Suit. Your morals, we will leave for you yourself to take care of.

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Boyden Shoes \$6.50.

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300 South Elm St.

AUCTION SALE

I will sell at public auction at the home of the late Russell Summers, in Washington township.

SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1916,

at 10 A. M., the following personal property:

Two horses, 2 guns, 1 buggy, 1 watch and one-half interest in wheat drill.

This March 8, 1916.

J. D. SOCKWELL, Admr.

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REPORT OF HEALTH OFFICER

DR. JONES TELLS OF OUTBREAK OF SMALLPOX FROM ONE UNSUSPECTED CASE.

The report of Dr. W. M. Jones, the county health officer, for the past month, which was submitted to the board of county commissioners this week, tells of an outbreak of smallpox and gives other details concerning his work in February. He reported 11 cases of smallpox and stated that he had vaccinated 323 persons against the disease. The report follows:

County Home.—The conditions of the home are not different from former reports. There are several here who are liable to die at any time.

Workhouse.—The conditions here are in no way out of the ordinary. One death occurred during the month. This was an old case of pulmonary tuberculosis.

Camps.—There has been but one sick man at the camps, and he is recovering. Two have been removed from the camps to the jail, one suffering from carbuncles and the other from an ulcerated foot. Both are improving.

Jail.—The work here has not been different from former months, except it has been less. One crazy woman was in jail for a day or two, but her people came for her and she was permitted to leave.

Office calls, 28; charity calls, 18; disinfections, 26; examinations for court, 5; examination for insane, 1; vaccination smallpox, 323.

Infections.—Typhoid fever, 1; measles, 0; diphtheria, 0; scarlet fever, 0; smallpox, 11.

In regard to the smallpox cases, the first case of which I had any knowledge was in a colored family at the Battle Ground. The head of the family was an old man and was very low with pneumonia. One of his daughters, who had been working in town, came home to help nurse him. She was taken sick a few days after coming home. It seemed to have been the custom for the neighbors to spend the night at this home by turns nursing the old man.

The statements of those who had waited on and nursed the old man was that the daughter was sick and in bed in a dark room and that they did not see her. A physician while attending the old man accidentally saw the daughter and told her that she had smallpox. He also told a white man in the neighborhood, who reported it to me. When I saw the girl she was peeling off.

About a week later, about the 8th or 9th of the month, I had word that another case had developed, and then I received a phone message from a physician that he had seen what he thought was a case of smallpox. I went out in the neighborhood and found three developed cases, all of whom admitted having been to the home where the first case was known to have been. I then went out in the neighborhood for several days and vaccinated, and the number applying was surprising.

I felt reasonably certain of having the disease under control, but of these vaccinations only a small percent was successful—why, I am unable to say, as I was using a new vaccine, which could not have been defective from age. So I fear we may have other cases to develop. This is the situation among the colored people.

The white cases began about the same time in a couple of adjoining houses on the 18th of the month in White Oak. I went to these homes and found one case just recovering from smallpox and a couple of cases just developing. The first case was never seen by a physician except in the very early stages before any eruption, who pronounced the case one of grippe and prescribed. When the patient began to break out and the doctor was asked what was the trouble he said that he thought it a humor in the blood. This case was a very mild one and I believe the fellow was honest in his opinion.

In these two houses live three families, all of whom were vaccinated, and all vaccinations were successful, three or four of the cases having varioloid.

The next case to develop was on the 19th, an old man. I do not know whether he had been with the cases on the 18th or not.

The next case was at Pomona on February 22 or 23, and this case upon inquiry I found to be the mother of two of the cases at White Oak, and that she had within the last three weeks visited her sons, one of whom had not been well. So I am certain that three of the cases among the whites were contracted from one case, viz., the first unrecognized case on the 18th.

Try Coble's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy for all cold troubles. It's liquid; you rub it on. If it fails to relieve instantly, you get your money back.

SPIRIT OF THE FIGHT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT.

For more than a year the German propaganda has been preparing for a drive on Congress. The clash was inevitable, and while nobody could foresee the bloody angle at which the issue would be fought, the conflict might as well come now as at any time. The sooner it is settled the better, and if in the opinion of an American Congress the United States has no rights that Germany is bound to respect, we cannot know it too soon.

Senator John Sharp Williams bluntly declared yesterday that "the president has been brought to this situation by senators who represented the pleas of foreign capitals." "Whoever doubts it has only to observe the instant response of the pro-German propaganda to the resolutions to strip the president of all power, prestige and influence in conducting the foreign affairs of the country. This propaganda has been against the United States in every diplomatic controversy with Germany since the beginning of the war. It is a propaganda that in itself has made war against the peace, the dignity and the security of the United States. Its purpose now is to capture Congress and turn Congress against the president in order that the United States should remain helpless to enforce the rights of American citizens against German aggression while the war continues.

We do not care what excuse or apologies or explanations congressmen may make for the aid and comfort that they give this enemy propaganda. We do not care that they are idealists who believe in peace at any price, or whether they are Bryan or Hearst factionists who desire to pull down the president, or Republicans and Rooseveltites who would gladly shame and discredit the United States for the sake of scoring a partisan advantage over the president, or pro-Germans who are seeking to promote the military advantage of Germany at the expense of American rights and American honor, they are all engaged in the same infamous business.—New York World.

Need Seven Ships to Equal German Navy.

Washington, March 6.—Three dreadnoughts and four battle cruisers added to the American fleet, besides those built and already authorized, would make it the equal in fighting strength of the present German fleet, Admiral Fletcher, commander of the Atlantic fleet, declared today before the house naval committee. While Germany has seven battle cruisers and the United States none, the admiral said, the 35-knot craft proposed by the navy department would be so much superior to anything now afloat that four of them, possibly three, would more than offset the seven German boats.

With the present fleet of 42 battleships of all types, three additional dreadnoughts and seven battle cruisers Admiral Fletcher thought "we could reasonably expect to make a good defense, although not an absolute one," of both coasts against any combination of two enemy powers that did not include Great Britain.

American Shells in the War.

It is more than a year since the Germans began to complain that most of the shells the French and English were firing came from the United States, but the French ministry of munitions says that so far no shell made in America has been fired from any French gun. The French will use them when they get them, and would have used them before, but for delay in making and shipping the shells, but in any case they will constitute only a small part of the French supplies. Less than 10 per cent of the shells fired by the French are made from American steel. British estimates are that about 8 per cent of the shells used are American. But we have delivered a great deal of small arms ammunition, and the powder companies seem to have delivered a great deal of explosives.

Villa Reported Near Border.

El Paso, Tex., March 7.—Officers of the thirteenth United States cavalry patrolling the New Mexican border reported tonight that Francisco Villa was at the Buques Grandes ranch, 15 miles west of Palomas, Chihuahua, opposite Columbus, N. M. Villa, the report stated, had with him between 200 and 300 men.

United States military authorities maintained heavy patrol all along the border tonight.

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GOVERNMENT MAY MAKE WHITE MONEY AND STAMPS.

The famine in artificial dyes, which was brought on shortly after the beginning of the war in Europe, has presented a serious problem, not only to the directors of industries dependent upon dyestuffs, but also to the government of the United States. The attention of the federal authorities was attracted to the inability to import dyes some time ago, but at that time the supply was considered sufficient. Now, however, authorities are trying to solve the problem in order to secure dyes that are used on the postage stamps and the currency.

Local manufacturers have practically exhausted their supply of German dyes, which are regarded as the best, and have now turned their attention to other industries. Fast dyes, according to Victor G. Bloede, Jr., a Baltimore manufacturer of dyes for the United States government, are practically unknown in this country, and the federal authorities will soon be compelled to eliminate all color from stamps and currency.

"The consumer," stated Mr. Bloede, "has been requested to practice rigid economy in the use of dyestuffs in view of the famine. Unless the federal authorities are willing to set an example in the way of economy, the American public will continue to use a large number of the color compounds." Mr. Bloede is of the opinion that the currency and the stamps would soon be absolutely white within a short time on account of the famine in dyes. He is of the opinion that as the manufacturers are urging the use of white goods for wearing material there was not the slightest reason why the government should not assume a spirit of that character.

Should be in Every Home.
Coble's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy should be in every home. It is the new liquid treatment for children and adults for croup, pneumonia, sore throat, hoarseness and all cold troubles, and all inflammations. You just rub it on and inhale the vapors while it penetrates; not messy to use and does not stain the clothing. It relieves instantly; your money back if it fails. Sold on a guarantee by your dealer at 25c., 50c. and \$1 a bottle. adv

Watch the date on your label.

DIKE'S KIDNEY PILLS

These pills are a combination of the well-known remedies, buchua and juniper, with other ingredients that assist in their action. Kidney disease is one of the most prevalent diseases, and when once it attacks a person, if not promptly checked, may prove fatal. Kidney diseases are often mistaken for liver complaints. Dike's Kidney Pills, when the disease is functional, will help restore the kidneys to a healthy condition. Price 50 cents.

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TYPEWRITERS

1 L. C. Smith No. 2...\$25.00
1 Underwood No. 4...\$37.50
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1 Oliver No. 3...\$22.50

If you want a Typewriter it will pay you to see these before they are gone.


BARKER BROS.

Telephone 88. Opposite Bijou.

Dr. King's New Life Pills
The best in the world.

Sweet Potato
Cabbage
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Tomato
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PLANTS



Celery
Roses
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Write for Catalogue of
CYPHERS
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LARGE STOCK
CAN MAKE
IMMEDIATE
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PLANTS, SEEDS, CUT FLOWERS AND INCUBATORS
SHIPPED ANYWHERE. WRITE FOR OUR PRICES

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HOWARD GARDNER, PROP. GREENSBORO, N. C.

GET IT AT ODELL'S—QUALITY FIRST

SPRAY NOW WITH BOWKER'S LIME SULPHUR

Before the Buds Show Green at the Tips



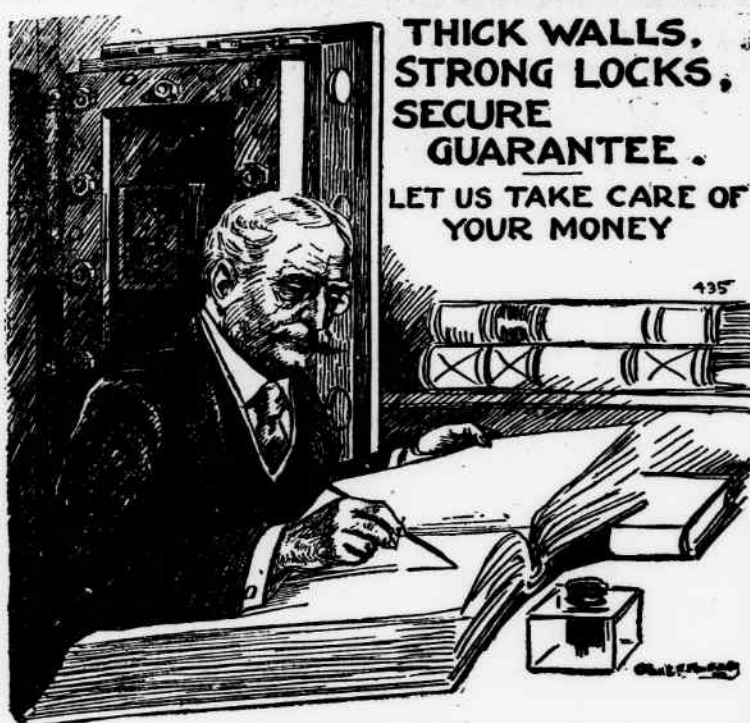
Myer's Barrel Spray Pump.

Kant-Klog Sprayer with shoulder strap.

Bowker's concentrated lime sulphur will destroy San Jose scale, bark lice, leaf blister mites, the eggs of many insects, and the fungus spores and lichens, cleans up trunk and large branches, and goes a long way towards putting the tree in good condition at the opening of the growing season.

Sold in quantity.

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If you come in and see our safes and vaults, and realize how well equipped we are to take care of your money, it will give you a very safe feeling when you go to bed at night to know that fire or burglars cannot disturb it. If you have any money matters on which you wish advice, come to us. We will be glad to see you in our bank.

We refer those who have not banked with us to those who HAVE.

Make OUR bank YOUR bank

We pay 4 per cent interest quarterly

American Exchange National Bank

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Under Control of United States Government

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BRANCH AT SOUTH GREENSBORO

NUTS FOR SKEPTICS TO CRACK

BILLY SUNDAY AGAINST INFIDELITY AND IN DEFENSE OF THE BIBLE.

Billy Sunday, who is preaching to tens of thousands of people in Baltimore daily, addressed an audience of 23,000 Sunday night on "Nuts For Skeptics to Crack." The Baltimore papers say it was the most effective sermon he has yet preached in that city. It was a powerful sermon against infidelity and a ringing defense of the Bible as the greatest of all books. In the course of his discussion the evangelist said:

"When Tom Paine was about to publish his infidel book entitled 'The Age of Reason,' he sent the manuscript to Benjamin Franklin, who at that time was a doubter regarding some of the essential qualities of orthodox Christianity, and Benjamin Franklin returned to Tom Paine the manuscript with this appended advice: 'Burn it. I would advise you never to attempt to unchain that tiger upon the people.'

"If the world is so bad with the religion of Jesus Christ, what would it be without it? and the wise sentence of Benjamin Franklin affords an unanswerable argument to every proposed form of opposition to Christianity.

"What harm has the gospel of Jesus Christ ever done this world? What injury has the Bible ever done?

"Show me the nation that has ever crumbled into oblivion where the people were governed by Christian principles.

"History is replete. Multitudes could arise and millions would crawl out of the grave if God should give them the privilege, and all would testify as to the benefits accruing to them through their repentance and faith in Jesus Christ.

"Therefore, let me ask you, at the beginning of my message to-night, is there anything grander or more noble that can command or arrest your attention or draw from you generous and liberal support and hearty co-operation than to give your co-operation and help to that which is and has been the most uplifting force that has ever entered into human history?

"Heaven and earth shall pass away, but My word shall not pass away."

"The Bible opens with an account of a sinless pair in the Garden of Eden, chronicles their disobedience and fall, and the sixty-six books are taken up with the expressed and revealed will of God to save a lost and ruined world.

"Did you ever stop to think of the wealth which perished when Paradise was lost? Did you ever stop to think of the glory of Eden, the first estate and abode of man?

Man is a Fool Always.

"But man was a fool, and man is a fool tonight, for in the exercise of his God-given free will he ate of the forbidden fruit and he fell, and what a fall it was.

"It was like the fall of virtue into the arms of vice; like the fall of purity into corruption; like the fall of a star from heaven into hell; like the fall of a wounded albatross from the regions of light down into the dark, tempestuous sea, and when man ate of the forbidden fruit God put the angel with the drawn sword to guard the tree of life lest man might reach out and eat thereof and live forever.

"God's original plan was that man should not die. His original plan was that man should work for a living, and if man hadn't sinned he never would have had to work, but he ate of the forbidden fruit and God passed a sentence: 'By the sweat of your brow shall ye earn your bread.'

"If man hadn't sinned there would have been no graveyards, no undertakers, no crepe hanging from the doorknobs and no obituary notices in the newspapers. Man was a fool and man is a fool to-night to keep the control of his life in his own hands and refuse to submit to God and leave the life of sin and iniquity, and God put the angel with drawn sword to guard the tree of Life, lest man, in his infamy and rot, might reach out and live forever and eternally perpetuate his infamy and his sin.

"Thus shifted the scenes of the human race from life to death, from joy to sorrow, from roses to thorns, and out upon the turbulent seas there floated the derelict of the human race.

Believing and Understanding.
"Some people give as their reason for not believing the Bible the fact that they cannot understand it. If you only believe what you understand you will be dumfounded to find out how little you know.

"Supposing you could transform this audience into a clinic and I had a dead body on the table for my subject.

"I bring on the scalpel: I would make an incision and remove two pinkish threads and hold them up. They are just alike in form, shape and color, and the most powerful magnifying glass could not distinguish one iota of difference.

"One is the nerve of sight and the other is the nerve of hearing.

"Can you explain how one nerve will take up the sounds of everyday life and through your ears translate upon your brain notes of harmony and discord, so that you can tell whether it is the barking of a dog, the blowing of a whistle, the cry of a child?

"Can you explain how it is that the other nerve will take up that which is absolutely imperceptible to the former nerve, and through the retina of your eyes paint on your brain the picture of nature, until you say: 'How beautiful is that flower.' 'How picturesque the hill!'

"Do you understand it? No. Do you believe it? You have to, or acknowledge that you are a fool.

"Yes, there are lots of things you believe but don't understand. Then don't go to hell because you haven't

sense enough to understand all there is in the Bible. There are a lot of things you don't understand.

"I hold that some mind conceived this old world and that some mind brought it forth, and, hear me, I don't believe this world came about by chemical forces or the fortuitous concurrence of atoms."

"That is asinine, idiotic nonsense. I would never let any public school teacher cram that down my children, and when they come home and say 'So-and-so told us,' I say, 'You tell that teacher she lies.'

"God made that thing just as it is. I don't allow them to turn the faith of my children one iota from the fact that this old world is just as God Almighty made it.

"I hold that a design tells of a designer. I no more believe that this world was made by chemical forces than I believe a book of botany, describing flowers, was made by chemical forces.

"If you believe a monkey sat on a coconut tree and 'shied' coconuts at his neighbor, all right, but don't connect me with your old, prehensile theory of evolution or we will lock horns.

God's Words Shine On.

"Josh Billings said: 'I would rather be an idiot than an infidel; because if I am an infidel I made myself so, but if I am an idiot somebody else did it.'

"O the wrecker's lights on the dangerous coasts that try to allure and drag us away from God have all gone out, but God's words shine on.

"You know nothing about the beauty of this world until you get down into old mother earth. But the trouble is you swear and damn and blaspheme and live to gratify your lust.

"You have no use for God, for the priest, for the preacher, for the church; you do not want to see any beauty in the works of God, disbelieve in the Bible.

"I do not believe that any man disbelieves unless he has a quarrel with God and wants to live a bad life. Why in the name of God does any man want to be a doubter and live without the word of God?

"The infidel is always asking where do I come from? I want to know where I am going to, old man that is what is puzzling me.

"They take me to a graveyard and dig a grave, two and one-half feet wide, five feet deep and six feet long. They say this is where you go to.

"I don't like that. I don't believe I was made to die; I don't believe that death is all; I hope for immortality.

"The instinct for immortality is in my heart and I want to tell you, my friends, that you cannot find an instance where instinct ever led an animal wrong.

"So I am instinct with immortality.

"I want to live beyond the grave. Is that hope, that instinct going to be disappointed in me? Is that instinct going to be disappointed in me when instinct is not disappointed in a bird, the bee, the fish or the reptile?

"If that hope is to be disappointed, then man is the only being in the universe that is a failure.

"As he is a failure if that is true, instead of being the masterpiece of God, he is God's failure.

The Old Book Triumphant.
"It is said, 'Why cannot we improve on the Bible? We have advanced everything else.'

"No, sir. Heaven and earth shall pass away, but My word shall not. And so this old book, that is the word of God, the word of Jesus Christ, is the book I intend to preach by in old Baltimore.

"I'll pile this old book against all the books in the world, sir. Bless her old heart, she has stood all the ravages of time, sir.

"The religion that has withstood the sophistry and the criticism of the ages, the sarcasm of Voltaire, the irony of Hume, the blasphemy of Ingessoll, the astronomer's telescope, the archeologist's spade and the physician's scalpel—they have all tried to prove the Bible false, but the old book is too tough for the tooth of time, and she stands triumphant over the grave of all that have rallied up her."

Sunday's Hot Shots.

The preaching of a veneered gospel will never grip the hearts of the people.

I'm a dogmatic preacher. Heaven for the saved—hell for the lost. The Bible is dogmatic.

I believe in improvement, but I do not believe in an improved gospel. There are hundreds of preachers who can preach the gospel better than I, but none can preach a better gospel.

Society is trying to put a new dress on sin.

Get converted or get out of the church.

We have more damnable isms and cisms turning people away from Jesus Christ than the world has ever

known.

I am a sort of a half-way house between the brownstone church and the Salvation Army.

It would take 40,000 Gabriels with trumpets to arouse some people.

I believe the pews in every church ought to be free.

It is as hard to get some churches to do anything as it is to drag a bobcat backward by the tail over a piece of carpet.

DIRECTOR OF MINT SEES

DANGER OF INVASION.

Robert W. Wooley, director of the United States mint, who spoke on preparedness before the national Democratic club yesterday afternoon, said he thought it quite possible for a European nation, envious of our great prosperity because this country had accumulated more than \$40,000,000 of foreign gold since the war started, to invade our coast and demand tribute to the amount of its losses to us, and succeed in getting it from any of our large cities. He said that at present we could offer no resistance to such a move if it came suddenly.

"We have here in this country," he said, "more than one-fourth of the gold of the world, and our national debt is now practically negligible, while those of the foreign nations are mounting daily, and to a great extent we are the creditors. We are the international bone of contention. All other nations are envious of our great wealth. For that reason one of the belligerents, or a nation powerful enough, might consider it a great thing to come over here with a highly trained army and levy on our cities. That is a phase of the preparedness scheme worth considering. It may be selfish to put property above life, but in this case it would have to be done."

—New York Times.

Enters University at 83.

Charlottesville, Va., March 8.—For the second time in 51 years the Rev. C. E. Watts, of Albemarle county, has entered the University of Virginia. At the age of 32 he entered the academic school of the university at the first term of the session of 1865-6. Last Wednesday, at the age of 83, he entered the academic department again in order to take a course of lectures under Dr. Charles W. Kent, in the Linden Kent School of English.

Mr. Watts is a minister of the gospel in the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and is well-known throughout this section of Virginia.

New Jersey Backs Wilson.

Trenton, March 6.—One of the most interesting and harmonious meetings the Democratic state committee has held in years went on record today as backing President Wilson in every move he has made so far in his foreign policy. The president was indorsed for his whole administration, but the situation with relation to the nation's attitude toward the central powers and the resolutions adopted.

Watch the date on your label.

**What
M. G.
Newell Co.
of Greensboro**

**have to say about
cream separators
this week**

BUYING a cream separator is a good deal like hiring a man to work on your farm. A hired man that does poor work and is lazy is an expensive proposition, no matter how little you pay him. A cream separator that is hard to turn, hard to keep clean and doesn't skim close, would be expensive even if you got it as a gift.

Creamermen and dairymen all over the world recognize the superiority of the De Laval.

About the only reason why any one ever buys any other cream separator is because they can get it a little cheaper.

Then they soon find out they have lost ten times as much from separator inconvenience, poor skimming and a machine that quickly wears out, as they saved in the beginning.

Remember that a De Laval will soon pay for itself, and if you have no separator now, or an inferior machine, we can sell you a De Laval on such terms that it will pay for itself while you are using it.

The best cream separator is the cheapest. Let us prove it for you on your own farm.

**Sooner or
later you
will buy a
DE LAVAL**



Many New Things For Spring In Our Store Always A Bargain a Visit Will Teach You

Best 50c Shirt in the world **39c**

Tobacco Canvas **1 3-4c**

Good Domestic **5c**

10c Dress Gingham **7 1-2c**

The Specialty Store
YOU PAY NO MIDDLE PROFIT

Opposite Odell Hardware Co.

HORSES AND MULES



I have at my barn on North Greene street some extra good Mules and Horses. If you are in the market to buy or trade come to see me. Prices right.

J. E. DILLON

Next to Farmers' Warehouse.

Fruit Trees and Fruit Plants at One-Half Price.

and for every dollar paid us for fruit trees and plants at one-half price we will give two of our new 50c peach trees, or Beauty apple trees. Do not let this opportunity pass, as we hope never to be in position to make this offer again. We have thousands of the finest trees we have ever grown that will have to be burned if not sold.

JOHN A. YOUNG & SONS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

**NEW SANITARY
FEATHER BEDS 7.30**
FILL WEIGHT 40 POUNDS; 1 pair with pillows to match. \$1.15. Selected New Live, Clean, Sanitary Feathers. Best Feather-proof Ticking. Sold on money back guarantee. DO NOT BUY from anyone else any price, until you get the BEST OF THEM. Write a note, and TODAY, Agents Wanted. AMERICAN FEATHER & PILLOW COMPANY, 6 DECK B-7, NASHVILLE, TENN.

A. W. COOKE E. L. FENTRESS
COOKE & FENTRESS
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Offices 201-202 Fisher Building
Greensboro, N. C.

HOUSE SAYS GERMANS ARE NOT BLUFFING.

Washington, March 6.—With the appendices to Germany's declaration of the new submarine campaign against armed merchant ships of her enemies before it, the administration is preparing to determine the next move of the United States in the negotiations with the central European powers.

Col. E. M. House, who returned from Europe yesterday after visiting officials in London, Paris and Berlin for President Wilson, is understood to have told the president and Secretary Lansing today that the German government believed itself justified in its new submarine policy and was not bluffing.

Colonel House is believed to have strengthened the view already held by both the president and Secretary Lansing that the submarine negotiations must be handled with the greatest care if a break with Germany is to be avoided, although he reported that Germany had no desire for war with the United States. He discussed the issue frankly with Herr von Jagow, the German foreign minister, and Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor.

The appendices of the German memorandum arrived at the state department today. The Berlin foreign office claims the offer contains evidence that British merchantmen, armed, ostensibly for defensive purposes, have been using their armament offensively against German and Austrian submarines. They are said to include three or four sets of instructions to armed British merchantmen, including those dated October, 1915, which recently were made public by the British government and sent to this country in press dispatches.

It was authoritatively stated that the British government will contend that none of the instructions in any way violated the assurances which were given to the United States that merchantmen would use the armament only for defense.

It seemed clear tonight that the issue hinges largely on a definition of defensive action and defensive armament. The British instructions as published set forth in effect that the commander of a British merchantman is justified in taking defensive action when submarines approach within torpedo range.

NEWTON D. BAKER TO BE SECRETARY OF WAR.

Washington, March 6.—Newton D. Baker, former mayor of Cleveland, has been selected by President Wilson for secretary of war. His nomination will go to the senate tomorrow and administration leaders expect quick confirmation so the new secretary may take active charge of the war department's plans for army increases and reorganization.

Mr. Baker is a lawyer, and as a leader among Ohio Democrats, has been a warm supporter of the Wilson policies since the pre-convention campaign in 1912. He has been a close personal friend of Mr. Wilson since the latter was his instructor years ago at Johns Hopkins University, and was offered the post of secretary of the interior in the original Wilson cabinet, but declined because he then was mayor. He is understood to be in thorough accord with the president on the preparedness program and foreign questions.

An offer of the war secretaryship was made to Mr. Baker by telegraph several days ago after the president had spent more than three weeks carefully going over a long list of those suggested to succeed Secretary Garrison. Mr. Baker accepted and, upon being notified today that he would be nominated, at once telegraphed that he would be in Washington Thursday.

Mr. Baker, who is 44 years old, will be the youngest member of President Wilson's cabinet by more than five years. The next youngest member is Secretary Houston, who celebrated his fiftieth birthday recently.

Watch the date on your paper.

CHARGE BRANDEIS WITH BEING LIQUOR LOBBYIST.

Washington, March 6.—Rev. James Cannon, Jr., of Virginia, chairman of the executive committee of the Anti-Saloon League of America, protested against confirmation of Louis D. Brandeis' nomination to the Supreme court Monday before the senate investigating committee because of statements made by Mr. Brandeis in 1891 when he was counsel for the Protective Liquor Dealers' Association and the New England Brewers' Association before the Massachusetts legislature. Senator Chilton suggested that this incident occurred 25 years ago and that there was quite a difference between the public attitude toward the liquor question then and today. Doctor Cannon insisted, however, that Mr. Brandeis' public utterances had failed to show any change in his position. He said the objection was not based so much on the fact that Mr. Brandeis appeared for the liquor interests and opposed pending legislation as on the sweeping statements he made about liquor traffic in his arguments. Particular attention was directed to certain quoted statements, which were read by Doctor Cannon as follows:

"1.—Liquor dealing is not wrong, etc."

"2.—Remove from the statute book obnoxious and degrading laws. Remove the uncertainties with which you have surrounded the business, which is sure to exist for ages to come. Remove the discredit which you have placed on this trade, etc."

"3.—Gentlemen, let me urge you in conclusion to remove this temptation to avarice and injustice. Trust your licensing boards, make your laws reasonable so that men may obey them, etc."

"It occurred to us," said Doctor Cannon, "that the fact that Mr. Brandeis should have appeared before a legislative committee as the paid lobbyist of the liquor traffic would not look well in a biography."

WILSON'S APPEAL THE ACT OF AN EXECUTIVE.

Strange that Washington should be surprised and shocked by the president's appeal to Congress for a vote on the proposal to warn Americans off belligerent merchant ships. Ours is called a representative form of government. One man cannot correctly represent the country's sentiment in every particular, on every occasion.

Since his inauguration, Woodrow Wilson has defied precedent and custom, and in many other ways manifested strong desire to get into close touch with the representatives of the people sent to Washington from every part of the nation.

He has seen two of his secretaries resign because they thought his policies were not endorsed by the people. He has had to make personal appeal to factions in Congress in order to prevent open revolt against measures of vital importance to his plans of handling foreign relations and preserving genuine neutrality.

Relations with Germany are at a stage bordering on actual rupture—war or the next thing to it. He is trying to put the most vital of all questions up to the people's immediate representatives. He is doing just exactly what the kings, kaisers, czars and emperors of Europe did not do. He honestly believes he is right in his attitude toward Germany's submarine warfare, but he recognizes that there is a power, a responsibility, in this country greater than his own, and that is the will of the people; and his only way to an understanding of that will is through appeal to the representatives of the people.

He is too proud to fight the will of the people. His appeal is a novelty. It is Wilsonian. It is right. It is the act of an executive, not a monarch, and expresses that glorious distinction in a way that the people will like.—Richmond Journal.

Willard Farm to Buy Clock.

Little Falls, Minn., March 8.—The terms of one of the most novel wills ever filed in Morrison county were complied with today when a farm in Pike Creek belonging to the Josiah Page estate was sold and \$2000 paid to the county for a clock in the court house tower and \$700 to the city of Little Falls for the poor fund.

The farm sold for \$3250. The will specified that the county should have not to exceed \$2000 for the clock, and that the remainder, after all claims and expenses were paid, was to go to the city for the care of the poor, although Page left a widow and two sons. The latter obtained a court judgment of \$500 against the estate for caring for their mother.

The first use of the treadmill was in China, where it did service in remote times in irrigating the land.

STATES HAVE POWER TO TAX TRADE COUPONS.

Washington, March 6.—By holding that the states have the power to impose taxes, large or small, on trade coupons redeemable in premiums, the Supreme court today put the legality of premium advertising, by which it is estimated \$125,000,000 worth of merchandise is sold annually, within the scope of state laws.

The widespread practice of giving coupons with cigars, cigarettes and tobacco or premium slips or trading stamps with other merchandise, was thus held to be entirely under the control of the states.

The court upheld the constitutionality of laws in Florida and Washington imposing such taxes, and dismissed the appeal of F. S. Pitney of Seattle, Wash., convicted for violating the Washington trading stamp law, in that he as manager and agent of the United Cigar Stores Company in connection with a sale to a customer gave a trading stamp or coupon.

The attack on the laws contended that the statutes were an unconstitutional discrimination against a legitimate method of advertising and within the protection for freedom of contract contained in the federal constitution. The court, however, held it was for the legislature to pass on the publicity involved in the question and to adopt such regulation thereof as they might choose.

The court furthermore held that the business was not within the interstate commerce protection of the constitution. The Supreme court never has passed on the question before, but some state courts have held coupon regulation laws unconstitutional.

GERMANS MAKE FURTHER GAINS TOWARD VERDUN.

Driving hard against the French line northwest and southwest of Verdun, the Germans have been enabled to make additional gains toward Verdun, but with extremely heavy casualties, according to Paris. Hill 265 to the southeast and a portion of Corbeaux wood, directly south of Forges, have been occupied by the Germans through strong infantry attacks that were preceded by extremely heavy bombardments. The town of Frennes, in the Woëvre, also has been captured. The German attack was over the entire front west of the Meuse, extending from Bethincourt to the river, but except in the Corbeaux wood and at Hill 265, the French held back the attackers at all points. Thus the French still occupy the important strategic position on the heights of the Côte de L'Ec, for the possession of which numerous sanguinary engagements have been fought.

The occupation of a portion of the Corbeaux wood would indicate that the Germans have advanced over three miles since they took the town of Forges.

The Germans succeeded in penetrating a French redoubt in the region of Douaumont, but immediately were thrown out in a counter-attack.

The re-capture by the Germans of a position from the French in Champagne, the pushing of the German line farther forward in the Argonne forest and the expulsion of small British detachments from captured German trenches northeast of Verdun are related in the latest German official report. The British are defending the famous Hohenzoller redoubt position against German bombing attacks.

WANTED SECRETARY OF TREASURY TO BRIBE HIM.

Washington, March 7.—Secretary McAdoo today made public a telegram he received from Senator James I. Green, of Massachusetts, relating to promotion for Mr. Green brother in the Boston custom house and his reply. The telegram from Mr. Green to the secretary read as follows:

"As secretary of the treasury you have full power to create immediately deputy surveyorship at Boston just abolished and promote a brother, or you can increase his salary to \$6 per day, which is perfectly satisfactory. My conduct as delegate national convention will be governed by treatment accorded him. Wire, my expense."

In his reply Mr. McAdoo said: "Do you realize that your telegram of 5th instant places you in a awkward position? You practically ask me to bribe you to govern your conduct as a delegate to national convention by giving your brother position of deputy surveyor of Boston, which has been abolished, cause it is unnecessary, or to increase his salary to \$6 a day. You offense is a serious one and deserves to be treated with the contempt accord it. I shall not prostitute public service as you propose a you can act as you please at the national convention."

SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST.

By virtue of the power granted in a deed of trust executed on the 25th day of February, 1910, by and between John A. Hines and wife, Nannie E. Hines, of the county of Guilford, and state of North Carolina, to Charles A. Hines, trustee, recorded in book 215 page 12, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, default having been made in the payment of the principal secured by said deed of trust, and the holders of the notes secured thereby having instructed the undersigned to foreclose, the undersigned trustee will sell:

First Tract: Lying on the west side of South Elm street and adjoining the lands of W. F. Jackson on the south and R. P. Correll on the north and others, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a point in the western margin of South Elm street, 75 feet north of north margin of a Lewis street, same being W. F. Jackson's northeast corner, and running thence northwesterly with the western margin of South Elm street 25 feet to R. P. Correll's line; thence westwardly with Correll's line 100 feet to Ham's line; thence south with Ham's line 24 feet to Jackson's northwest corner; thence eastwardly with Jackson's line 100 feet to South Elm street, the point of beginning, together with the rights and privileges secured by a party's will contract between the South Piedmont Land and Manufacturing Company and J. Vancannon, see book 93, page 288. The above land was conveyed to grantor by R. L. Woodard and wife and W. T. McCulston and wife, see book 205, page 441.

Second Tract: Lying on the north side of Lewis street, beginning at a point on the north side of Lewis street 100 feet west of South Elm street and running northwardly on a parallel line with S. Elm st. 100 feet to lot formerly owned by Miss C. J. Correll, now H. T. Ham's lot; thence with said lot 50 feet to a stake; thence southwardly on a parallel line with first line about 100 feet to Lewis street; thence eastwardly with Lewis street to the point of beginning. Five feet on the west side of this lot is to be kept open for an alley. The above land was conveyed to grantor by R. L. Woodard and wife and W. T. McCulston and wife, see book 205, page 441.

Terms of sale cash.

This February 23, 1916.

CHARLES A. HINES, Trustee.

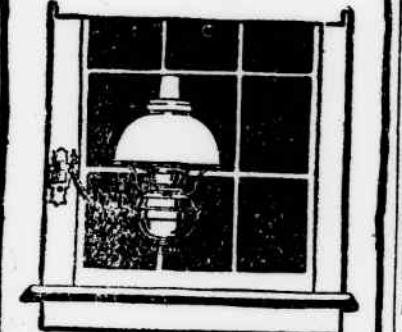
ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

North Carolina, Guilford County. Having qualified as administrator for the estate of J. G. Hackett, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at her home in Gilmer township, Guilford county, Greensboro, N. C., Route No. 2, on or before the 8th day of March, 1917, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This March 8, 1916.

MARY J. HACKETT.

Admr. of J. G. Hackett, Deceased.



The RAYO LAMP SAVES TROUBLE

YOU don't have to spend the greater part of your time cleaning it—and wondering why it won't burn. The Rayo is simple in construction and in design. It lights without removing the shade and gives the best sort of light—the kind that won't hurt your eyes.



Rayo lamps are an ornament to any home. They require very little attention—yet always add to the attractiveness of the room.

The Rayo is the symbol of efficiency—economy—convenience.

Use Aladdin Security Oil or Diamond White Oil to obtain best results in Oil Stoves, Lamps and Heaters.

The Rayo is only one of our many products that bring comfort and economy to the farm. Ask for them by name.

Matchless Liquid Gloss
Standard Hand Separator
Oil
Standard Household
Lubricant

Parowax
Eureka Harness Oil
Mica Axle Grease

If your dealer does not carry these, write to our nearest station.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)
BALTIMORE

Washington, D. C. Charlotte, N. C.
Norfolk, Va. Charleston, W. Va.
Richmond, Va. Charleston, S. C.

HART SHAFFNER & MARX NEW SPRING SUITS ARE HERE

You May Choose From an Endless Variety of Weaves and Fabrics

Many exclusive Patterns and Models. Priced \$17.50 to \$25.

We are showing some excellent values in Men's Suits at \$10, \$12.50 and \$15. Many fine Serges and Worsteds. Every suit strictly all wool. Let us save you \$2.50 or \$5 on your next suit.

Men's Hats, values up to \$3 at 98c.

Dutchess Fine Trousers, every pair guaranteed. Priced \$2.50 to \$5.

Lion Brand and Cluett Peabody's Fine Shirts, all new patterns. Extra values at 98c and \$1.50.

New Neckwear, 25 and 50c.

Dorothy Dodd New Spring Footwear for ladies.

BROWN-BELK COMPANY.

ONE OF THE TWELVE BELK STORES.

Our Strong Points.

The chances are that when you want anything from a drug store you want it RIGHT NOW. That's the sort of service we give. Another thing, you want to feel certain that you get just what you order. Well, accuracy is our strong point. We guarantee prompt and accurate service. What more could you desire at the hands of your druggist? If you haven't time to come to the store, write or telephone your order and we'll do the rest, with the assistance of the mail carrier. We pay the postage.

Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

Greensboro's Oldest and Best Drug Store
TELEPHONE 294



We have a new automobile casket wagon, and when you are in need of a casket, phone us and we will deliver it to you with no extra charge, and in one hour's time within 10 miles radius of Greensboro.

Phone Us Night or Day

Day Phone 762; Night Phones 706 or 1442

Our Undertaking Department Has Very Little Expense

Because our undertakers are furniture men as well as undertakers, and are busy all the time. We have no loafing at our store.

HUNTLEY-STOCKTON-HILL COMPANY

Expert Embalmers Undertakers

OPIMUM, DRUG ADDICTIONS, ALCOHOL, NEURASTHENIA, AND INSOMNIA
Solely Prescribed by WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
B. B. WILLIAMS, M. D., Proprietor GREENSBORO, N. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Having qualified as administrator of the estate of C. A. Boone, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned duly verified on or before the 3rd day of February, 1917, or this

notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are expected to make immediate payment.
This January 31, 1916.
GEO. V. BOONE, Admr.

Subscribe to The Patriot.

Ours Is the Only Form

Of business in the world that does not ask you to spend money. We ask you to keep it at the

Greensboro Loan & Trust Company

4 PER CENT. ON SAVINGS

J. W. Fry, President. J. S. Cox, Vice President.
W. E. Allen, Sec. and Treas. W. M. Ridenhour, Asst. Treas.

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

GUILFORD COLLEGE.

Mr. Franklin Hadley, of Iowa, visited relatives here the first of this week.

Mrs. J. A. Coltrane went to Pleasant Garden Saturday to attend the funeral of her cousin, Mrs. Hockett. Miss Bertha Fox came home from Winston-Salem for the week-end.

Bob Doak came up from Trinity last Friday, returning Monday.

Miss Carrie Wakefield is quite ill, suffering from an attack of rheumatism and heart trouble.

Mr. C. T. Robertson's family moved to Winston-Salem last week. They will be greatly missed in the community.

Mrs. Jane Knight, who has served so long and so efficiently at the local telephone exchange, resigned this position and has moved with her family to her farm. She is succeeded in the telephone exchange by Mr. Benson Kimrey. We are glad that Miss Annie Stanard will continue to be assistant operator.

Miss Gertrude Hobbs, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Blair, in New Brunswick, N. J., returned home last week.

Little Misses Sarah Garnet and Helen Fogleman, of Burlington, are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Stuart.

Miss Mary Stanley, who teaches at Ore Hill, spent the week-end at home.

David White, accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Symmes, and Mrs. Hackney, came out from Greensboro and spent the afternoon with friends at the college.

W. D. Webster, of the Greensboro high school faculty, visited friends on the college campus Sunday evening.

Mrs. Hannah Ballinger, who had been in poor health for a number of weeks, died last Friday night. Death followed a stroke of apoplexy. Funeral services were conducted Sunday afternoon by Rev. Albert Peele and interment followed in the New Garden cemetery. Mrs. Ballinger was the widow of the late Jonathan Ballinger. She is survived by two daughters and three sons: Mrs. Carl Knight, of Guilford College, and Mrs. Bedford Brown, of Raleigh; Messrs. D. M. and Webb Ballinger, of Guilford College, and Ernest Ballinger, of Indianapolis, Ind., all of whom were here for the funeral.

BUCHANAN.

Miss Mary Lynch spent last Friday night with her cousin, Mrs. Emma West.

Several of the young people in this neighborhood enjoyed a sociable at Miss Alice Kumley's last Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Smith and little daughter visited the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Smith, last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Dodson visited at Mrs. Ella West's last Sunday afternoon.

Misses Ollie Brewer, Rachel Smith and Ruth Buchanan visited Miss Vene Dodson last Sunday afternoon.

Mr. E. W. Isley spent last Tuesday night with Mr. J. G. Jobe.

Rev. J. C. DeLancey will fill his regular appointment at the Buchanan church next Sunday afternoon at 3.30 P. M. Everybody is cordially invited to come at 1 P. M. and practice singing until the preaching hour.

Card of Thanks.

I wish to thank my many friends and neighbors for their kindness and help which they showed me during the sickness and death of my wife.

CARL W. HOCKETT.

VANDALIA.

Mrs. Van Kirkman visited relatives near Liberty recently.

Miss Lillie Taylor has gone to Winston-Salem, where she has accepted a position.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Kirkman have gone to Maysville, Ga., where Mr. Kirkman has accepted a position.

Mr. Neal Kirkman, of Florida, is at home visiting his mother, Mrs. Henry Kirkman.

Miss Geneva Taylor visited relatives in Randolph recently.

Little Miss Blanche Kirkman has been spending a few days with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kirkman.

Messrs. Van Kirkman and Sidney Moser went to Liberty one day last week on business.

Mrs. D. W. Ramseur spent one night last week at Whitsett visiting her father, who has been seriously sick.

Mrs. Cliff Roland and daughter, of South Carolina, have been spending some time visiting her brother, Mr. D. W. Ramseur.

Mrs. Van Kirkman visited in Burlington last week.

Mr. J. C. Hanner is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Kirkman, of Hilltop, visited the latter's parents recently.

Mrs. Bet Parish, of Climax, visited at J. C. Hanner's last Saturday night.

Mrs. G. L. Anthony and daughter, Miss Eula, are sick with grip.

Miss Pearl Curtis, of the Pleasant Garden high school, visited her parents recently.

Miss Hazel Witty, of Greensboro, visited her parents one night this week.

"Grandma" Witty, as she is best known, is improving some after a breakdown of several days with rheumatism.

Come and bring your friends to South Buffalo school house next Tuesday night, March 14. The name of the play is "The Old-Time School." An admission of 25 and 15 cents will be charged.

ALAMANCE.

Mr. Carson Andrew, who had the misfortune to cut his foot some time ago, is getting along nicely.

Miss Myrtle Fogleman, from the Jamestown high school, spent the week-end with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Reynolds were called to Climax Saturday on account of the illness of their sister, Mrs. Fields.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Neese and Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Reynolds visited Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Reynolds Sunday.

Miss Kate Whiteley, from the Jamestown high school, spent the week-end with her parents.

Several from here are expecting to attend the exhibition at Patterson school house Saturday.

SOUTH BUFFALO.

The health of this community is very good at the present writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Fogleman spent Sunday at Mr. Roy Shaw's.

Mr. W. K. Cole, from Greensboro, visited at Mr. D. W. Young's recently.

Mr. and Mrs. George Forsyth spent last Wednesday night at the home of Mr. J. M. Phipps, near Mill Point.

Several from here enjoyed the wood-chopping given at Mr. J. T. Jobe's last Wednesday.

Mrs. Henry Jobe spent last Saturday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Simpson Fields, near Tabernacle.

Mr. John Curtis, from Kimeville, was a welcome visitor in our community recently.

St. Augustine's tomb has been found in England.

DR. CLARK'S SERMON ON DANCING IS ENDORSED.

The members of the Greensboro Ministers' Association this week gave their official endorsement to the sermon recently preached by Rev. Dr. Melton Clark, of the First Presbyterian church, on the evil influence of the modern dance. The action of the ministers is embodied in the following resolution, which was presented by Rev. J. H. Eennett, pastor of Centenary Methodist church:

"Resolved by the Ministers' Association, of Greensboro, N. C., that the recent utterances of Dr. Melton Clark on the subject of dancing are correct and timely."

"That we urge all our church members to abstain from dancing for the sake of the right and their influence over the unsaved."

Dr. Clark's sermon on dancing has also brought the following open letter from Rev. Dr. J. H. Weaver, presiding elder of the Greensboro district of the M. E. Church, South:

"My Dear Mr. Clark:—I have read with much interest and most hearty approval extracts from the strong and timely sermon you preached from your pulpit on February 29 on the subject of dancing, and now, while you are doubtless receiving much unjust criticism for the conscientious and courageous discharge of a duty you owed to your church and to this community, I want to assure you that you are endorsed, as I believe, by the best people of Greensboro, and I trust all the pastors of Greensboro will stand with you on this subject. And I hereby request and urge all the Methodist preachers in and around Greensboro to give forth no uncertain sound on this and all other evils that now so seriously threaten the spiritual life of our people."

ELECTRICITY IN MAN'S ARM CAUSES TWO DEATHS.

Stamford, Conn., March 8.—The static electricity in the arm of Samuel Rocco, of Springdale, a suburb of Stamford, caused him his life and the death also of Peter Santalgato, of No. 4 Alden street, this city, as well as starting a fire that damaged the British-American raincoat cloth factory here considerably.

Rocco disobeyed an imperative rule of the company when, with his forearm bare, he poured naphtha from a container into a churner containing a compound. Electricity in his bare arm caused a spark, according to the finding of Coroner John J. Phelan, which set the naphtha on fire. Rocco dropped the blazing can and it set his own clothing and that of Santalgato, who stood near him, on fire and set fire to the building. Every stitch of clothing was burned off the men.

The company requires all its employees who handle naphtha to wear rubber gloves and to keep their arms covered as a protection against just such accidents. It also has all its machinery and belting grounded to prevent similar accidents from frictional electricity.

SHOOT AWAY \$24,000,000 IN GREAT VERDUN BATTLE.

If the estimate of 2,000,000 shells is approximately the number fired in the great Verdun battle, the financial outlay to the contending armies for artillery ammunition alone has been at least \$20,000,000 to \$4,000,000.

This estimate of army ordnance experts is based on the theory that the bulk of the fighting has been done with 75-centimeter field guns. Inasmuch as the Germans have made use of a considerable number of large field pieces and siege guns, the cost in artillery ammunition probably has been considerably more than \$24,000,000.

As the calibre of a gun increases, the cost per round multiplies rapidly. The huge German guns which demolished the Liege fortifications and shelled Dunkirk from a distance of 20 miles or more, hurl projectiles that cost many hundreds of dollars, the exact figures not being known.

In addition to the enormous cost of artillery ammunition used in the Verdun fight, many millions of rounds of small arms ammunition has been consumed, the outlay for hospital service has been excessively high, while the loss of effective fighting units has been enormous on both sides.

School Closing.

The Shady Grove school closes Wednesday night, March 15, with a short exercise by the school and a box party by the young ladies for the benefit of Shady Grove church. The public cordially invited.

A \$5,000,000 contract has been placed in New Zealand by Great Britain for cheese for the army. This is a fifth of the cheese product of the island.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION ON APRIL 27.

The state Democratic executive committee met in Raleigh last night and decided upon Thursday, April 27, as the date for the state convention, which is to be held in Raleigh. The precinct primaries are to be held on Saturday, April 15, and the county conventions on the following Saturday, April 22.

The state convention will elect four delegates at large and four alternates to the national convention. The delegates to the state convention from each congressional district will elect two delegates and two alternates to the national convention.

The presidential electors will be selected in the same manner.

The committee adopted the following resolution endorsing the course of President Wilson:

"In view of the discussions that have taken place in Congress and in the country with respect to our diplomatic relations with belligerent countries, the Democratic state executive committee desires to give expression to its implicit confidence in the judgment, wisdom and patriotism of the president in the discharge of his constitutional function pertaining to our foreign relations and to commend our senators and representatives in Congress for their action in voting to table resolutions tending to embarrass him as our spokesman and representative in his negotiations with the belligerent governments of Europe. We know that the president is an ardent friend of peace and that he can be relied upon to protect this country from war if that result can be accomplished without sacrificing the honor and dignity of the nation."

Candidates to Succeed Page.

The announcement of Hon. R. N. Page that he will not be a candidate for renomination for congressman from the seventh district probably will result in bringing out several candidates for the position. The first avowed candidate is L. D. Robinson, of Wadesboro, a well known lawyer, who has served as a member of the legislature and was solicitor of his district for eight years. It is expected that H. B. Varner, editor of the Lexington Dispatch and one of the most active and influential Democrats in the seventh district, will enter the race.

Subscribe for The Patriot.

Special Reduction

We have made a reduction in prices of a special line of Shoes, consisting of broken lots and odd sizes. The reduced prices range from \$1 up.

It will always pay you to come to this store first when you are looking for shoes.

Coble & Mebane,

The Shoe Store That Sells For Less For Cash.

PUBLICATION OF SUMMONS.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court, Special Proceedings.

W. C. Tucker, Mrs. Nannie Coble and husband, D. T. Coble, Mrs. Annie Fields and husband, W. A. Fields, C. L. Tucker, Ed. R. Tucker, John W. Tucker, C. A. Tucker, Nannie B. Ross and husband, J. F. Ross, Emma Brown and husband, Rosser Brown, Mattie Lowe and husband, William Lowe, Robert Tucker, Oscar Tucker, Pink Tucker, Webb Tucker, John F. Smith and Paul F. Smith, infant, and Henry T. Smith, infant, by their guardian, J. F. Smith, Plaintiffs,

vs. Isaac Stanley, Dena Stanley, infant, Harry Stanley, infant, and J. B. Minor, administrator of Mary Branson, deceased, Defendants.

The defendants, Dena Stanley and Harry Stanley, above named, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county to sell the lands of Susan Tucker, deceased, for partition among her heirs; and the said defendants Dena Stanley and Harry Stanley will further take notice that they are required to appear at the office of the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county on or before Wednesday, the 15th day of March, 1916, at the court house of said county in Greensboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint or petition filed in said action or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint or petition.

This February 15, 1916. 14-20. J. W. GANT, C. S. C.

Wilson & Ferguson and C. C. Frazier, Attorneys.

Subscribe to The Patriot.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Pursuant to the power vested in the mortgagee by virtue of a certain mortgage deed executed by Robert L. Stanfield to the Southern Real Estate Company on the 24th day of June, 1907, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county in book 197, page 230, the undersigned will expose for sale at public auction at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on

Monday, April 10, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, a certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, in Gilmer township, described fully as follows:

Beginning at an iron stake on the west side of East street, the southeast corner of the plot or land known as the Sergeant addition, and running thence north 4 degrees 19 minutes east with said East street 131.21 feet to a stake, the southeast corner of lot No. 21 of said plot; thence north 87 degrees 58 minutes west with the south line of said lot No. 21, 71.88 feet to a stake, the southeast corner of lot No. 25; thence south 3 degrees 42 minutes east 128.62 feet to a stake on an alley; thence with said alley south 85 degrees 51 minutes east 69.35 feet to the point of beginning, same being lots Nos. 22, 23 and 24 of the Sergeant plot of land as per plot recorded in book No. 2, page 13.

Terms of sale: CASH. This March 7, 1916. SOUTHERN REAL ESTATE COMPANY, Mortgagee.

G. S. BRADSHAW

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Court Square, Greensboro, N. C.



Save the Price of a New Car

Keep your old auto—don't trade it off for a "song" just because it doesn't look as fresh as a new machine. What it needs is a coat or two of

Low's Auto-Carriage Gloss Paint

Auto-Carriage Gloss Paint makes a year-before-last car look like the latest model in beauty of finish. The paint dries firm and hard, leaving a rich, lustrous finish. It requires no varnish for finishing—Auto-Carriage Gloss finishes the job complete. Easy to apply.

It is also a fine finish for carriages, buggies, sleighs wagons, iron fences—in fact, for almost every surface where heat-proof, cold-proof, protective paint is needed. Auto-Carriage Gloss is made in nine colors and a clear varnish. Sold ready to use. Let us show you how little it will cost to make your old automobile look bright and new.

BEALL HARDWARE & IMPLEMENT CO.

"Down-to-the-Minute" Paint People.

SUBSCRIPTION CLUBS FOR PATRIOT READERS

BEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE OFFERS EVER
MADE BY A NORTH CAROLINA PAPER
—EVERY ONE A BARGAIN.

After the expenditure of considerable time and effort, we have succeeded in arranging for readers of The Patriot the most attractive list of clubbing offers we have ever seen advertised in a North Carolina paper. Every one of the offers is a genuine bargain, and the publications that make up the different clubs cover such a wide range that the most exacting reader cannot fail to be suited.

Owing to the extremely low rates at which they are offered, only one club can be allowed with a year's subscription to The Patriot at the advertised price.

The publishers with whom we have made clubbing arrangements do not guarantee the low rates quoted for any specified length of time, and therefore are at liberty to withdraw them at their pleasure. We would suggest that you make your selection and send us your order without delay.

If your subscription to The Patriot or any publication named in a club is paid for a considerable period in advance, it will be extended for a full year upon receipt of your remittance for a club subscription.

CONSTITUTION CLUB NO. 1.
The Patriot, semi-weekly \$1.50
Atlanta Constitution, tri-weekly 1.00
Toledo Blade, weekly 1.00
Regular price \$3.50
All one year for only \$2.

CONSTITUTION CLUB NO. 2.
The Patriot, semi-weekly \$1.50
Atlanta Constitution, tri-weekly 1.00
Southern Farming, weekly 1.00
National Year Book and Encyclopedia, a book of 416 pages25
Regular price \$3.75
All one year for only \$2.

PROGRESSIVE FARMER CLUB.
The Patriot, semi-weekly \$1.50
Progressive Farmer, weekly 1.00
The Housewife, monthly magazine50
Regular price \$3.00
All one year for only \$2.

CLUB A.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Woman's World, Plain and Fancy Needlework, All one year for only \$1.75.
Regular price, \$2.70.

CLUB B.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Woman's World, Plain and Fancy Needlework, All one year for only \$1.60.
Regular price, \$2.50.

CLUB C.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Woman's World, Plain and Fancy Needlework, All one year for only \$1.65.
Regular price, \$2.60.

CLUB D.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Woman's World, Plain and Fancy Needlework, People's Popular Monthly, All one year for only \$1.65.
Regular price, \$2.60.

CLUB E.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, American Farming, Kimball's Dairy Farmer, Plain and Fancy Needlework, Woman's World, All one year for only \$1.75.
Regular price, \$2.70.

CLUB F.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Woman's World, Plain and Fancy Needlework, Everybody's Poultry Magazine, All one year for only \$1.75.
Regular price, \$2.70.

CLUB H.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Farm and Fireside, Woman's World, Everybody's Poultry Magazine, All one year for only \$1.95.
Regular price, \$2.85.

CLUB K.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Housewife, Woman's World, All one year for only \$2.
Regular price, \$3.

CLUB L.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Farm Journal, five years, Kimball's Dairy Farmer, Woman's World, All one year for only \$2.10.
Regular price, \$3.10.

CLUB M.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Modern Priscilla, Woman's World, Plain and Fancy Needlework, All one year for only \$2.25.
Regular price, \$3.20.

CLUB N.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Today's Magazine, with pattern, Woman's World, Plain and Fancy Needlework, All one year for only \$2.25.
Regular price, \$3.50.

CLUB O.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Pictorial Review, Woman's World, Plain and Fancy Needlework, All one year for only \$2.25.
Regular price, \$3.70.

CLUB P.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Metropolitan Magazine, Woman's World, Plain and Fancy Needlework, All one year for only \$2.25.
Regular price, \$3.70.

CLUB R.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Mother's Magazine, Plain and Fancy Needlework, Woman's World, All one year for only \$2.50.
Regular price, \$3.70.

CLUB S.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Home Life, Woman's Home Companion, Plain and Fancy Needlework, Woman's World, All one year for only \$2.75.
Regular price, \$3.95.

CLUB T.
The Patriot, semi-weekly, with pattern, Mother's Magazine, Ladies' World, McCall's Magazine, with pattern, Woman's World, All one year for only \$2.75.
Regular price, \$4.35.

CLUB ORDER BLANK.

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT,

Greensboro, N. C.

Enclosed find \$....., for which send me for one year the publications named in Club as advertised in The Patriot.

Name

Postoffice

State R. F. D. Date 1915

DR. HIBBEN SEES DANGER IN LOVE OF LUXURIES.

As great as is the danger of military unpreparedness, greater still is the danger bred of our love for material comforts and satisfactions, according to President J. G. Hibben, of Princeton University.

"As the great institutions upon which the strength and integrity of our land have rested and the state, the church, and the schools, I, as a representative of the schools, feel that I have a particular right to speak on the question of military preparedness. As a pacifist may be defined as one who desires peace, I think that I may be called a pacifist," said Dr. Hibben.

"Yet because I hope and desire peace it does not mean that I do not believe that our young men should not be prepared to fight in defense of the right should necessity ever arise. I believe that the young men in our colleges, should war ever be declared, would and should go to the defense of their country, but knowledge, skill, and experience, the things that the country needs, they are not able to give.

"I believe that I am taking a very conservative stand. That man who thinks that America, without due preparation, can come out of a war successfully is taking the radical stand. Such an attitude exhibits a most dangerous and desperate gambling spirit. He who does so not only is risking the wealth of the country but the lives of our young men, and perchance the lives and honor of our wives and daughters. It is a spirit of imbecile optimism.

"I recently received a list of the Cambridge students who had gone to the war—from ten to eleven thousand of students and graduates—and after every fourth or fifth name there was a black cross, indicating that the man had died on the battlefield or in the hospital. In some way the crosses seemed to me crosses of dishonor against the name of Great Britain because of the cruelly unnecessary slaughter of these young men, due to the fact that England did not listen to the plea for preparedness of Lord Roberts.

"Many have said to me, 'Do you not see that you are doing a very dangerous thing in pleading for military preparedness; that you are putting into the hands of the nation a great power that may be used for other purposes than national defense? There is no power, not even spiritual power, that does not carry with it a certain kind of temptation.

"The great danger lies in the fact that our young men should have on all sides of them comforts and pleasures which make them consider themselves alone. Many of our youths are indifferent to everything under Heaven except how they can maintain their comfort and convenience. They have done or experienced nothing that would make them ready for service and sacrifice.

"There must be an awakening of the old spirit of our fathers and our fathers' fathers, who did not have all the luxury which we have, but who had an integrity of spirit which we do not have. Military preparedness will be of no avail in time of danger unless we have this spirit of consecration."

Where the Hen Beats the Cow.
"I visited a friend last summer who has kept both hens and cows for years," says a writer in Farm and Fireside. "His dairy averages about nine cows and his hens from 300 to 350 layers, the latter all housed in one building without partitions, except to protect the roosts from drafts.

"Except during the first two weeks when the chicks are small, the poultry receive considerably less than half the time and labor given to his cows.

"His hens last year averaged 12 dozen eggs per hen, and his eggs, sent to New York city market, netted him a little over 25 cents per dozen for the year. His net income per hen, reckoning all the feed supply at market prices, was just under \$1.50 per layer.

"His net income from the cows, reckoned on the same feed-cost basis, was no greater than from his hens. His cost equipment for his dairy business is at least ten times that for his hen business."

Watch Child's Cough.
Colds, running of nose, continued irritation of the mucous membrane if neglected may mean catarrh later. Don't take the chance—do something for your child! Children will not take every medicine, but they will take Dr. King's New Discovery and without bribing or teasing. Its a sweet pleasant Tar Syrup and so effective. Just laxative enough to eliminate the waste poisons. Always prepared, no mixing or fussing. Just ask your druggist for Dr. King's New Discovery. It will safeguard your child against serious ailments resulting from colds. adv.

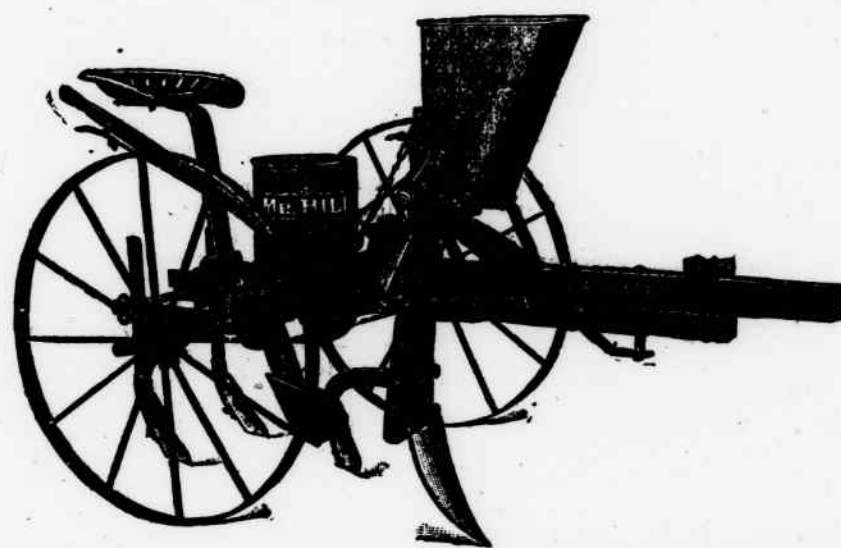
Watch the child on your label.

Avery Mr. Bill Planter

With it one man and two horses can plant eight to ten acres a day, do it right and feel good at night. The front bull tongue blade goes in the ground six inches deeper than the ground was plowed, which makes good seed bed and lets moisture under the crop during dry seasons.

The fertilizer is thoroughly stirred into the soil before the corn is dropped. Both fertilizer and corn is in plain view of the operator. Can plant below a level and cover shallow as may desire. Furnished this season with extra high, strong wheels, and more varied adjustments in every way. Can be used as a subsoiler and there is none better.

Let us show you Mr. Bill and at the same time see his sister which, is the latest in a riding cultivator—"The Joy Rider".



Spot Cash Implements Below

6-16 Disc Harrow with pole	\$12.75
8-16 Disc Harrow with pole	\$16.75
10-16 Disc Harrow with pole	\$18.75
8 20 Disc Harrow with pole	\$18.75
10-20 Disc Harrow with pole	\$21.50
Front truck when pole is not taken	\$ 3.75
50 T Spike Harrows	\$ 8.75
60 T Spike Harrow	\$ 9.50
Corn Planters from \$7.50 to \$18.	
Wheat Drills from \$25 to \$75.	
Land Rollers from \$20 to \$35.	

P. S.—A few Buggies and Carriages at factory prices to make room for new goods.

The Townsend Buggy Company

Who Knows.

When George Westinghouse tried to interest Cornelius Vanderbilt in his newly-invented air brake for railroad trains the millionaire said he had no time to waste with lunatics who thought of stopping a train by blowing air against the wheels. The Wright brothers were the laughing stock of Dayton while they were experimenting with flying machines.

And now Kansas City is having fun with Harry Perrigo, a mechanic, who is trying to solve the problem of collecting and storing electricity from the air. That Perrigo has in him pluck and perseverance is proved by the fact that three times he has been "knocked silly" by a current he has taken from the sky.

Well, anyway, Mr. Perrigo may console himself by the fact that Edison has said that the next great forward step in electrical development is to collect it from the air. And Perrigo seems to be collecting some of it from the air at least. He may be able to laugh after the rest of them get through chuckling.—Kansas City Star.

The Aches of House Cleaning.

The pain and soreness caused by bruises, over-exertion and straining during house cleaning time are soothed away by Sloan's Liniment. No need to suffer this agony. Just apply Sloan's Liniment to the sore spots, rub only a little. In a short time the pain leaves, you rest comfortably and enjoy a refreshing sleep. One grateful user writes: "Sloan's Liniment is worth its weight in gold." Keep a bottle on hand, use it against all soreness, neuralgia and bruises. Kills pain. 25 cents at your druggist. adv.

Southern Railway Premier Carrier of the South

Schedule figures published only as information—Not guaranteed. Trains leave Greensboro as follows:

12.55 A. M.—No. 112 daily. Local for Raleigh and Goldsboro. Pullman sleeping car Winston-Salem to Raleigh, open here at 9.30 P. M. and may be occupied in Raleigh until 7 A. M.

1.47 A. M.—No. 30 daily. Birmingham Special. Pullman drawing room sleeping car New York and Washington. Observation sleeping car Atlanta to Richmond.

1.50 A. M.—No. 29 daily. Birmingham Special. Pullman drawing room sleeping car New York and Washington. Observation sleeping car Atlanta to Richmond.

7.30 A. M.—No. 103 daily. Local for Raleigh. 7.30 A. M.—No. 154 daily except Sunday. Local to Raleigh. 8.10 A. M.—No. 44 daily. For Washington and points South. Pullman sleeping car Richmond and Norfolk. Richmond to Charlotte. Day coaches.

12.30 P. M.—No. 31 daily. For Salisbury, Stateville, Asheville and Waynesville. Connecting at Asheville with Carolina special. Chair car Goldsboro to Asheville. 12.55 P. M.—No. 120 daily. For Salisbury, Stateville, Asheville and Waynesville. Connecting at Asheville with Carolina special. Chair car Goldsboro to Asheville.

1.47 P. M.—No. 45 daily. For Charlotte, connecting with train for Charlotte. 2.10 P. M.—No. 36 daily. U. S. Fast Mail for Washington, New York, Pullman sleeping car New Orleans and

Birmingham to New York. Day coaches and dining car service. 1.40 P. M.—No. 207 daily. For Winston-Salem, connecting daily except Sunday for North Wilkesboro.

2.30 P. M.—No. 151 daily except Sunday, for Madison. 3.30 P. M.—No. 230, daily except Sunday, for Ramseur.

4.15 P. M.—No. 22 daily. For Raleigh, Selma and Goldsboro. Chair car Asheville to Goldsboro. Coaches. 5.05 P. M.—No. 131 daily. For Mt. Airy.

6.35 P. M.—No. 235 daily for Winston-Salem. 6.42 P. M.—No. 43 daily. For Charlotte.

7.15 P. M.—No. 132 daily. Local for Sanford. 7.20 P. M.—No. 35 daily. U. S. Fast Mail through to Atlanta, New Orleans and Birmingham. Pullman sleeping car New York to New Orleans and Birmingham. Dining car service. Day coaches.

7.30 P. M.—No. 46 daily. For Danville. 10.20 P. M.—No. 12, daily. Local for Richmond. Pullman sleeping car Charlotte to Richmond and Norfolk.

10.35 P. M.—No. 32, daily. Augusta special. Pullman drawing room sleeping car Augusta and Asheville to New York and Charlotte and Asheville to Washington. Dining car service. Coaches.

10.35 P. M.—No. 223 daily. For Winston-Salem. 11.15 P. M.—No. 33 daily. New York, Atlanta and New Orleans limited. Pullman and observation sleeping car drawing room. New Orleans and Macon to Washington and New York. Pullman car service. No coaches.

R. H. DeBUTTS, Division Passenger Agent, Charlotte, N. C. C. G. Pickard, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C.

DR. H. KEMP FOSTER DENTIST

Office Over Greensboro National Bank. Greensboro, N. C. Telephone 1018.

DR. J. F. KERNODLE DENTIST

Rooms 205 and 204 McAdoo Building Over Hill's Drug Store. Phone Office 1045; Residence 1047 Greensboro, N. C.

REPORT OF SUNDAY SCHOOLS

WORK OF BOARD OF RELIGIOUS EDUCATION FOR THE PAST THREE MONTHS.

Miss Martha Dozier, acting director of the Guilford county board of religious education, has submitted the following report covering the work of the board for the past quarter and making suggestions as to certain activities to be pursued in the future:

"During the past quarter our work has grown steadily and with increasing interest, but there are three developments which deserve especial mention. The first is the Guilford County Sunday School News, our quarterly publication, whose advent has been received with favor and which is probably the best medium by which we can convey direct to those interested in this enterprise our ideals for the Sunday school work of the county and the proposed plans for reaching them. The second is the organization of the High Point training school for Sunday school workers, which has opened under such favorable conditions; the third is the new course of study and more definite requirements for graduation which have been adopted by the Greensboro training school and the arrangement of the weekly schedule so as to give to all students the opportunity of taking two courses of study each year.

"The Jamestown classes continue to do serious work and have the opportunity of developing a school which will influence the entire life of the community in a way in which the city schools cannot do for several years to come. What is being done at Jamestown is being watched by other communities in the county and it only remains to get to other places in order to organize for definite educational work.

"The people of another community are asking for a man to help them each Sunday in their Sunday school and to remain for an hour to be spent in class work with the teachers of that school and of the neighboring schools. Demands of this nature will probably come up from time to time. We wonder if a dozen such requests were to come to the High Point and Greensboro schools, if the workers could be found. If a dozen men and women could be found who were willing to go, could they be spared from their own schools? We hope that the time will come speedily when the board of religious education of Guilford county will not only be a clearing house for the Sunday schools of the county, but an employment bureau for Sunday school workers as well.

"At the last board meeting several suggestions were adopted to guide in the work and we keep them before us and try to work to them. We are following the suggestions to help in the training schools, and we are planning to get to the institute work as soon as the warm weather permits.

"We published a list of books which we would like to have in the county Sunday school library in the first issue of the Guilford County Sunday School News, and two books have been donated, both of which have been in almost continual service. If we had had the right kind of books at our disposal we could have used at least 25 to advantage during the past quarter, many of them several times. We trust that the board will appoint a library committee to look after this most important matter.

"In forecasting the plans for the next six months, we make the following suggestions for the consideration of the board:

"1. That from now until the middle of May be devoted largely to the training schools.

"2. That the summer months be given to institute work as a foundation for regular training work next fall and winter in communities and local schools, working in co-operation with the county and township associations as far as possible.

"3. That we ask the Sunday schools of our county to name the first Sunday in October Guilford county rally day, (making this proposal day also if so desired) and give publicity to the results of the day.

"4. That we ask the schools to cooperate in making the Saturday preceding rally day educational day for the entire county, beginning with a big parade and closing with the Saturday school pageant as given at the international convention in Chicago. A survey of the county might be conducted the following week if it seems advisable.

"5. That we ask the training schools to hold preliminary meetings immediately following rally day, and organize for the fall term enrollment.

"We propose these plans far in advance because a program of this kind will require time to get the cooperation of all our people."

RECORD OF SALES OF GUILFORD REAL ESTATE.

The following real estate transactions in the county have been recorded by deeds probated and filed this week:

W. M. Hanner and wife and G. A. Foster and wife to H. A. White, H. L. Nance and G. A. Foster, a tract of 20 acres at Kimesville, Greene township, for a consideration of \$7,500. The purchasers transferred the property to the White Manufacturing Company for common and preferred stock in the corporation to the amount of \$7,500.

L. M. Ham and wife to W. M. King, a lot 50 by 157.3 feet on Olive street, in the city of Greensboro, Gilmer township, for \$3,000.

Mrs. Lelia W. Lipscomb, guardian, to the Southern Real Estate Company, a lot 50 by 164 feet on Belmeade avenue, in the city of Greensboro, Morehead township, for \$4,000.

J. W. Stedman and wife to Glenzie V. Gunter, a tract consisting of 5.45 acres in Gilmer township, \$500.

W. E. Snow to Boyden C. Ritchie, a lot in Snow park, fronting on East Greene street, city of High Point, \$500.

Boyden C. Ritchie and wife to Samuel and Sarah McMillon, lot four in block six of Snow park, in the city of High Point, \$600.

J. C. Anderson to Raymond R. Dickerson and wife, a lot 61.7 by 188.8 feet on Second street, city of Greensboro, Morehead township, \$175.

W. C. England to Weldon Johnson, two tracts in Gilmer township, one 49.2 by 146 feet on East Market street and the other 56 by 93.1 feet fronting on an alley adjoining East Market street, \$275.

T. B. Hinton to C. C. Frazier, trustee, four lots in Morehead township, \$150.

S. S. Mitchell and A. Schiffman to W. C. England, two tracts in Gilmer township, one 49.2 by 146 feet on East Market street, and the other, 56 by 93.1 feet, fronting on an alley adjoining East Market street, \$165.

Joseph Donnell to G. T. McLamb, a tract consisting of 14 acres in Morehead township, adjoining the lands of Joseph Donnell, Noah Hobbs and the Irving Park Company, \$650 and other valuable considerations.

J. S. Bull and wife to J. F. Blackburn, a tract consisting of 53.75 acres in Deep River township, adjoining the lands of J. W. Gray, S. J. Atkins, E. Tucker and others, \$2,500.

Roland Morton to J. B. Cobb, a tract consisting of 61 acres in Morehead township, adjoining the lands of Giles Gray, Frank Cox, W. M. Bowman and others, \$3,000.

Ethel Lou Lamb to Mrs. Phoebe Ward, a tract consisting of 6.42 acres in High Point township, adjoining the lands of Tilitha Meredith and others, \$512.

E. V. Armfield and wife, J. E. Fosque and wife and Carl Armfield to Eugene S. Armfield, a tract consisting of 57 acres in Jamestown township, adjoining the lands of Earl Armfield and others, \$10 and other valuable considerations.

T. R. Lucas to A. Schiffman, a tract consisting of 2.01 acres in Monroe township, adjoining the lands of D. C. Suggs, Willie Scott and others, \$60.

E. H. C. Field to Collins Horney, lot number 17 in the Jacob White subdivision in the city of High Point, \$1 and other valuable considerations.

William M. Gannon and others to Samuel Dick, a tract consisting of five acres and 65 poles in Jefferson township, adjoining the lands of Henry Wagoner and others, \$65.

Betsy C. Apple and husband to Henry W. Michael, a tract consisting of 25 acres in Madison township, adjoining the lands of P. M. Michael, Brooks Wyrick and others, \$350.

Thomas Y. Hamilton and wife and R. R. Ragan to the board of trustees of Lebanon Methodist Protestant church, a tract consisting of 10,620 square feet on the Thomasville road, in High Point township, \$450.

Seven Members of Family Slain. Lawton, Okla., March 8.—Seven members of the family of Dan Okane, a farmer, were found murdered in their home, 12 miles southwest of Lawton, today. Okane himself lay beside the body of his father, probably fatally shot.

A negro hired man discovered the bodies. The murderer had used a razor, a hammer and a small calibre rifle. These were found on the floor. Near by was a basin of water crimsoned with blood from the hands of the murderer.

Those who were killed were Okane's wife, an infant, four children, ranging from 4 to 10 years of age, and Okane's aged father, who lived with the family.

The children were found in bed. Their throats had been slashed and their heads crushed. Mrs. Okane and the baby were shot to death. The rifle also had been used to slay the aged father.

RESOLUTIONS FOR THE LATE DR. W. G. BRADSHAW.

The county commissioners, at their meeting this week, adopted the following resolutions in memory of the late Dr. W. G. Bradshaw, of High Point, a former member of the board:

"Whereas, Dr. W. G. Bradshaw, one of its former members, has died; and,

"Whereas, the members of this board wish to place upon the permanent records of the county their appreciation of their friend and former co-laborer as a man, a citizen and a public officer;

"Resolved, that as a man he was richly endowed, having a fine personal appearance, jovial disposition, and a trained intellect, love for his fellowman and a well balanced judgment. One whom to know was to trust and in whose common sense you could always rely, and whose sympathy and love went out spontaneously to those around him who were afflicted and in distress. A true gentleman.

"That as a citizen he took an active part in every public measure which in his judgment was calculated to bring prosperity and good government to his city, county, state and nation, and was not one of those who shirked public duty, and though modest, ready if need be to serve in the interest of his community.

"That as a public officer and member of this board no one could have been more congenial and companionable, and no one possessed a stronger purpose to do what he regarded as right and for the best interest of the people of the whole county, and yet he was always willing, when not sacrificing principle, to yield his judgment to that of the majority. We love him and shall miss him.

"Resolved that our sympathy be tendered to his bereaved family.

"Resolved that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this board and published in the newspapers of the county, and a copy be sent to his family by the clerk of the board."

TO SUPERVISE ROAD WORK IN TOWNSHIPS.

Under a new plan adopted by the county commissioners for keeping the public roads of the county in repair, the following township road supervisors have been appointed:

Washington—Alfred Apple. Rock Creek—C. A. Wharton. Greene—W. H. Bennett. Madison—J. Frank Doggett. Jefferson—H. S. Andrew. Clay—W. H. Curtis. Monroe—R. N. Gilchrist. North Gilmer—A. R. King. South Gilmer—John A. Young. Center Grove—L. A. Walker. Morehead—Mack Albright. Sumner—W. G. Groome. Bruce—J. H. Barker. Friendship—W. H. Swing. Oak Ridge—Frank Linville. Jamestown—B. S. Moore. Deep River—Ed. Smith. High Point—O. A. Kirkman.

Each supervisor will have charge of the cross-country roads in his township. He will be expected to divide his township into four sections and employ a competent man to look after the roads in each section. The supervisors and the men employed by them will be paid according to the work they do.

The main roads will continue to be repaired by convict labor until all of them are put in good condition. It is the purpose of the commissioners then to adopt the patrol system to keep these roads in repair.

AGED BUNCOMBE WOMAN FACES CHARGE OF ARSON.

Asheville, March 7.—Aged and gray, her form bent with the weight of passing years, Mrs. Mary McLain, charged with burning a house at Jupiter, two weeks ago, appeared in the court of Magistrate Lyda here yesterday, decided not to contest the finding of probable cause on the charge of arson, and was bound to Superior court under bond of \$500.

The state introduced two witnesses in the case, and it was after they testified that Judge Thomas A. Jones, counsel for the woman, decided to enter no contest, but to let his client be bound to Superior court. A house at Jupiter was burned under peculiar conditions about two weeks ago, and Sheriff Mitchell, after making an examination, called in Deputy Fire Marshal F. M. Jordan and the county bloodhounds. The dogs struck a trail leading directly to the home of Mrs. McLain, it is claimed, and the officers assert that they found shoes at the house that fitted tracks leading away from the burned house.

Some sensational evidence is promised when the case comes to court.

In Henry VIII's reign the British navy consisted of the Great Harry, 1,200 tons; two ships of 800 tons and six or seven smaller ships.

HOTEL CLOSED UNDER PUBLIC MORALS ACT.

The European hotel, situated on the corner of Walker avenue and South Ashe streets, near the Southern passenger station, was closed Tuesday under the Guilford county public morals act. The order was signed by Judge Thomas J. Shaw, of the Superior court, and was executed by Deputy Sheriff Joe Phipps, who is in charge of the property pending the action of the court. The order is made returnable before Judge Shaw on Monday, March 27.

The place was raided by the police last week and several men and women were tried in the Municipal court on charges of gambling, selling liquor and conducting a disorderly house. Dave Elkins, the proprietor, was convicted of running a disorderly house, the judgment of the court being that he serve a term of four months on the county roads and pay a fine of \$500. He is at liberty under a bond of \$1,000 pending an appeal to the Superior court.

This is the third instance in which the Guilford county public morals act has been invoked against alleged disorderly houses in Greensboro.

PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

LOST.—WHILE ATTENDING THE funeral of Miss Clara Jobe Tuesday, March 7, a pearl sunburst brooch with diamond center. Finder please return and receive reward. Mrs. A. J. Hughes, Greensboro Route 6. Phone 6912.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS:—OWING to the high price of fertilizer, we have decided to change our method of handling same this season. We will not carry any on hand, but will take orders to be shipped in a car and will notify you on arrival of car and will expect you to be prompt in getting same and will also expect SPOT CASH on delivery of the fertilizer. This will enable us to make you the very lowest price possible. We can also give you orders on the factory at Greensboro, but will expect cash settlement. We quote you the following prices: S-2-2, \$3.20; S-2-1-2, \$3.40; 16 per cent acid, \$1.80. Any other analysis quoted on application. Assuring you that we appreciate your patronage and trusting you will see that this is to your interest as much as ours, we are, The Townsend Buggy Company.

OIL, NEEDLES, PARTS AND ATTACHMENTS FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES AT McDuffie's Furniture Store.

JUST RECEIVED CAR OF FARM trucks. See us if in the market. Townsend Buggy Company.

WANTED.—TO TRADE PIANO FOR lumber or standing timber. Address Lumber, care Greensboro Patriot. 10-11.

AUTOMOBILE TIRES ON SALE AT Townsend Buggy Company. 20.

WANTED.—AN INTELLIGENT AND reliable person in every community to send us the neighborhood news. Address The Patriot, Greensboro, N. C.

BUY SHINGLES FROM THE Townsend Buggy Company.

Hens Cackle—Roosters Grow For Cal-Sino POULTRY RESTORATIVE Helps Them to Lay More Eggs, Keep Healthy and Gain Weight Sold by

J. S. KNIGHT, PINNIX DRUG STORE, Greensboro, N. C. L. S. HUDSON, Greensboro, N. C. J. D. BRANE, Greensboro, N. C. T. J. HUDSON & CO., Greensboro, N. C. Dealers write Cal-Sino Co., Baltimore, Md. for proposition.

MORTGAGE SALE. By virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage made by Mrs. Delanie Harris to John M. Myrick on the 3rd day of July, 1914, and duly recorded in book 264, page 76, in the register of deeds office of Guilford county, N. C., default having been made in the payment of the sum of money thereby secured, the undersigned will on

Saturday, March 18, 1916, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the court house door of said county, in the city of Greensboro, expose to public sale to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county and state aforesaid, adjoining the lands of Will Crutchfield, Charles Case and others, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stone on the east side of New street; thence north 2 degrees 30 minutes east 50 feet to a stake; thence south 86 degrees 20 minutes east 161 feet to a stone; thence south 3 degrees 30 minutes west 50 feet to a stone; thence north 86 degrees 20 minutes west 161 feet to the beginning. This February 16, 1916. JOHN A. MYRICK, Mortgagee.

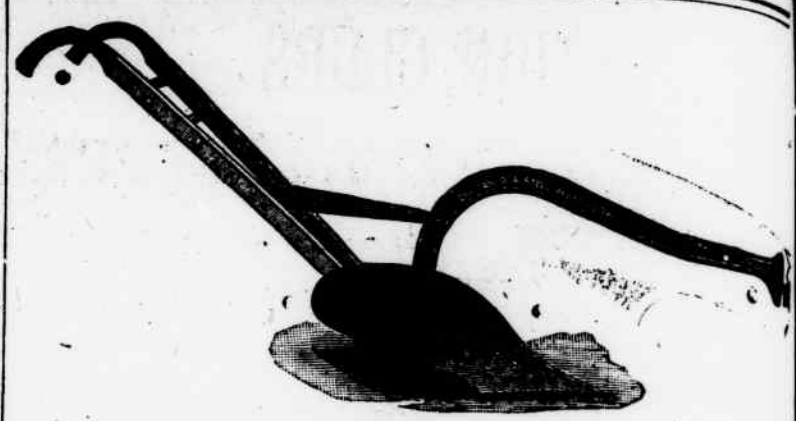
EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Having qualified as executor of the estate of Mary J. Keith, deceased, late of Guilford county, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to present the same to the undersigned on or before February 22, 1916, at which time all persons indebted to the said estate will please make immediate payment. This February 16, 1916. F. M. KEITH, Executor.

North Carolina, Guilford County. In the Superior Court, Before the Clerk. Sarah Lloyd, Martha Shotwell, Dora Morgan, Ellis Morgan, Allen C. Lloyd, Allen Feden, Oscar Feden, Jasper Feden, Alphonse Feden, Mary E. Stanley, Clay Stanley, Minnie Forgas, John Forgas, J. P. Calhoun, Sallie Crutchfield, Will Crutchfield, Belle Smith, Ham Smith, Mary Southern, Jack Southern, John Turner, Sadie Marshall, Virgil Marshall, Eddie Turner, William Parish, Arthur Parish, vs. Henry Turner, James Turner and Etta Turner, infants, who appear by their guardian ad litem, B. L. Fentress. Under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior court of Guilford county in the above entitled action, the undersigned commissioner will on

Saturday, March 18, 1916, at 2 o'clock P. M., or as soon thereafter as may be, on the premises, near Summerfield, in the county of Guilford, state aforesaid, sell by public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county and state aforesaid, adjoining the lands of Will Crutchfield, Charles Case and others, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stone on the Reidsville-Danville road; thence with said road as it meanders in a general way north 50 degrees east 65 rods to a stone; thence north 35 3-4 degrees west 36 rods to a stone; thence north 48 3-4 degrees east 21 rods and 10 links to a stone; thence north 12 3-4 degrees west 35 1-2 rods to a white oak; thence north 33 degrees west 31 rods and 5 links to a stone; thence north 66 degrees west 22 rods to a stone; thence south 44 rods and 14 links to a stone; thence south 7 degrees east 12 rods and 18 links to a stone; thence south 50 degrees west 4 rods to a stone; thence south 3 degrees west 11 rods to a stone; thence south 45 degrees west 16 rods to a stone; thence north 43 1-2 degrees west 7 rods to a stone; thence south 3 rods to an ash; thence east 9 rods and 11 links to a white oak; thence south 10 degrees east 55 rods and 12 links to the beginning, containing 31 acres more or less. This February 5, 1916. S. G. CASE, Commissioner. T. E. WHITAKER, Atty.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY Will Surely Stop That Cough. Subscribe to The Patriot.



The plowing season is always on when the weather permits, and we know you want the best the market affords. We've got it. Let us show it to you. It will pay you to investigate before you invest. "Nuff Said." We are, yours to please,

Greensboro Hardware Co.

221 South Elm Street

Phones 457-458

Engine and Machinery Owners

When your steam or oil engine does not give satisfaction, bring your troubles to us. That is what we are here for.

We rebore cylinders, make pistons, etc., and do anything requiring accurate machine work, and guarantee satisfaction.

If you wish to buy an engine or dispose of one, come to us and you will be pleased with our service.

We have some second hand gasoline and steam engines that you can get at a bargain, and remember these engines we overhaul and put in first class condition.

WALL MACHINE CO.

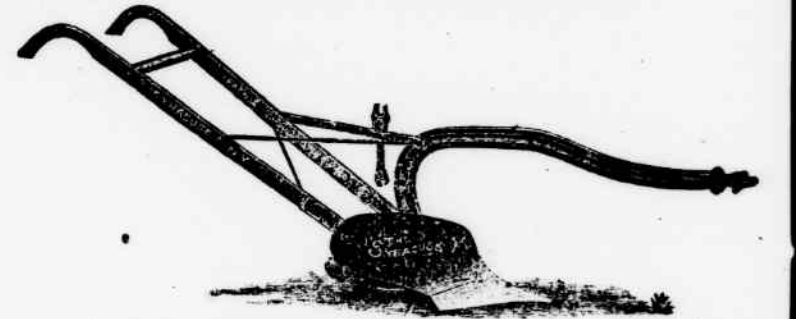
513-517 S. Eugene St.

Clymer's Old Stand

THE Syracuse Chilled Plows

are the best made, both in point of satisfactory service and durability.

I give you both quality and price in this plow.



Full line John Deere farm implements in stock. Call to see me.

E. F. CRAVEN

327 So. Davie St.

Phone 527

NOTICE.

North Carolina, Guilford County. In the Superior Court, Before the Clerk. Sarah Lloyd, Martha Shotwell, Dora Morgan, Ellis Morgan, Allen C. Lloyd, Allen Feden, Oscar Feden, Jasper Feden, Alphonse Feden, Mary E. Stanley, Clay Stanley, Minnie Forgas, John Forgas, J. P. Calhoun, Sallie Crutchfield, Will Crutchfield, Belle Smith, Ham Smith, Mary Southern, Jack Southern, John Turner, Sadie Marshall, Virgil Marshall, Eddie Turner, William Parish, Arthur Parish, vs. Henry Turner, James Turner and Etta Turner, infants, who appear by their guardian ad litem, B. L. Fentress.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior court of Guilford county in the above entitled action, the undersigned commissioner will on Saturday, March 18, 1916, at 2 o'clock P. M., or as soon thereafter as may be, on the premises, near Summerfield, in the county of Guilford, state aforesaid, sell by public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county and state aforesaid, adjoining the lands of Will Crutchfield, Charles Case and others, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stone on the Reidsville-Danville road; thence with said road as it meanders in a general way north 50 degrees east 65 rods to a stone; thence north 35 3-4 degrees west 36 rods to a stone; thence north 48 3-4 degrees east 21 rods and 10 links to a stone; thence north 12 3-4 degrees west 35 1-2 rods to a white oak; thence north 33 degrees west 31 rods and 5 links to a stone; thence north 66 degrees west 22 rods to a stone; thence south 44 rods and 14 links to a stone; thence south 7 degrees east 12 rods and 18 links to a stone; thence south 50 degrees west 4 rods to a stone; thence south 3 degrees west 11 rods to a stone; thence south 45 degrees west 16 rods to a stone; thence north 43 1-2 degrees west 7 rods to a stone; thence south 3 rods to an ash; thence east 9 rods and 11 links to a white oak; thence south 10 degrees east 55 rods and 12 links to the beginning, containing 31 acres more or less. This February 5, 1916. S. G. CASE, Commissioner. T. E. WHITAKER, Atty.

North Carolina, Guilford County. In the Superior Court, Before the Clerk. Ethyl Craddock Moore and her husband, Thomas Moore, Maude White and her husband, Burton White, Pearl Thomas and her husband, Sammie Thomas, heirs-at-law of C. E. Craddock, deceased, and Mrs. Mary J. Craddock, widow of said C. E. Craddock, deceased, vs. Myrtle Craddock and Alma Craddock, minors, heirs-at-law of C. E. Craddock, deceased, who appear by their guardian ad litem, J. E. Dillon. Under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior court of Guilford county in the above entitled case, the undersigned will on

Saturday, April 8, 1916, at 2 o'clock P. M., or as soon thereafter as may be, on the premises, in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, Oak Ridge township, offer for sale by public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described lands, situate in Guilford county, state of North Carolina, Oak Ridge township, and being more particularly described as follows:

First Tract: Adjoining J. H. Cook, Elinu Snead and others. Beginning at a rock in Cook's line, running north 89 degrees east 34 poles; thence north 1 1-2 degrees east 16 poles and 19 links to a rock; thence south 89 degrees west 32 poles to a rock; thence north 38 poles to a rock, corner of W. S. Lee's land; thence west 9 poles to a rock in Lee's line; thence south 84 poles to the beginning corner, containing six acres and seventy-seven poles, more or less, and being the land conveyed to C. R. Craddock by S. H. Lester and wife, deed to which is recorded in book 198, page 586, of the records of Guilford county.

Second Tract: Adjoining George Oliver and others. Beginning at a white oak in George Oliver's line, thence north with a branch 220 poles to a post oak in Joe Turner's line, thence west 30 poles, Joe Turner's corner; thence south 120 poles to a black oak; thence east with the San Calhoun line 33 poles to Sam Calhoun corner in the center of black oak, Spanish oak and post oak; thence south with his line 23 poles to black oak and bunch of ivy; thence east with said line to the beginning 78 poles, containing 50 acres more or less, and being the same land conveyed to C. R. Craddock by S. H. Lester and wife, deed to which is recorded in book 198, page 581, of the records of Guilford county. This March 6, 1916. MARY J. CRADDOCK, Commissioner. COOKE & FENTRESS, Atty.