

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Assisting in Meeting.—Rev. Shuford Peeler is at Faith, Rowan county, where he is assisting the pastor of the Reformed church at that place in a revival meeting.

Music Recital.—The first music recital of the season was given Tuesday evening by the faculty of the school of music of Greensboro College for Women. A well arranged program was rendered in an excellent manner.

Remodeling Sale.—Mr. N. J. McRuffie announces a special sale of furniture at greatly reduced prices in order to make room for workmen who are to remodel his store. His advertisement will be found on the sixth page of The Patriot.

For Treatment.—Mrs. Ernest Kalkit, who has been quite ill for several weeks, left last night for Baltimore to enter a hospital for treatment under specialists. She was accompanied by her physician, Dr. E. R. Michaux, and a nurse.

Took First Prize.—The exhibit of tomatoes made by the Guilford county girls' canning clubs at the Fayetteville fair last week was awarded the first prize. This distinction is very gratifying to the members of the canning clubs and their friends.

Teachers' Meeting.—An important meeting of the Guilford County Teachers' Association will be held in this city, at the Carnegie library, Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. Superintendent Foust requests that every public school teacher in the county be present.

Married in New York.—Mr. W. D. Meyer, the head of and principal owner of Meyer's department store, was married in New York last Thursday afternoon to Miss Etta Forch. The wedding took place at Sherry's and was described as a pretty and elaborate affair. Mr. and Mrs. Meyer are spending their honeymoon in Asheville.

Memorial Address.—Mr. G. S. Bradshaw has accepted an invitation to deliver the address at the memorial day exercises of the Charlotte lodge of Elks on the first Sunday in December. Mr. Bradshaw is a past exalted ruler of the Greensboro lodge of Elks and one of the most prominent members of the order in the state.

Todd Home Burned.—The home of Mr. George M. Todd, located a short distance southeast of the city limits, was destroyed by fire last evening. The fire, which originated from some unknown cause on the second floor of the building, was discovered about 7 o'clock and burned so rapidly that soon the residence and its contents were in ruins. A portion of Mr. Todd's large greenhouse was also destroyed.

Increased Business.—The number of parcel post packages handled in Greensboro from October 1 to 15 was 53,738 as compared with 33,210 for the first fifteen days of April, when the previous count was taken. This shows an increase in six months of 63 per cent in this line of Uncle Sam's business in Greensboro. Post office receipts for the quarter just ended show an increase of about ten per cent over the same period a year ago. The receipts for the quarter ending October 31 were \$28,128.72.

Moore's Springs Sold.—The well known Moore's Springs property, in Stokes county, has been sold to a corporation known as the Moore's Springs Finance Company. The company is capitalized at \$250,000, of which \$53,000 is paid in, and it is understood that approximately \$125,000 is the purchase price of the property. There are 1,080 acres of land in the property and it is reported that the new owners will make extensive developments, including the erection of a modern hotel and a bottling plant, the laying off of a golf course, etc.

To Teach at Peabody.—Miss Grace Schaeffer, home demonstration agent for Guilford county, has been selected to teach for four weeks a class in home economics at the Peabody Normal College, Nashville, Tenn. Miss Schaeffer was chosen for this work as the most capable county agent in North Carolina, the appointment having been made at the suggestion of Mrs. Jane McKimmon, the state demonstration agent. The course at Peabody will continue for 12 weeks and two other teachers will be selected from the county agents of South Carolina and Mississippi.

Wants Art Commission.—Prof. W. C. A. Hammel, of the faculty of the State Normal and Industrial College, made an address before the meeting of the State Literary and Historical Association in Raleigh Tuesday in advocacy of a state art commission. He advocated the creation of such a commission to aid in the promotion of a better architecture as well as to serve as a board of judges on memorial statues, tablets, etc.

Gets Good Position.—Mr. C. H. England, who has been private secretary to Congressman Stedman for several years, has been appointed official stenographer to the ways and means committee of the national house of representatives. The appointment was made by Congressman Claude Kitchin, chairman of the committee. The position pays a salary of \$2,000 a year and is a place of considerable responsibility.

W. D. Weaver Dead.—Mr. W. D. Weaver, who had been seriously ill of pellagra for some time, died Monday night at St. Leo's hospital. He was about 60 years old and is survived by his widow, two daughters and a son. The body was carried to Chapel Hill, the former home of the deceased, Tuesday for the funeral and interment. Prior to his fatal illness Mr. Weaver conducted a grocery store on the corner of Walker avenue and Tate street.

Meeting at Brightwood.—What might be styled a community betterment meeting will be held at Brightwood school house tomorrow night, when addresses will be made as follows: E. H. Anderson, county farm demonstration agent, "Winter Gardening;" T. B. DeLoache, assistant organizer of the North Carolina Farmers' Union, "Community Co-operation;" Miss Grace Schaeffer, county home demonstration agent, on the general subject of home economics.

Campbell-White.—Mr. B. Frank Campbell, a young traveling man of this city, and Miss Margaret White were married last evening in the pastor's study of Westminster Presbyterian church, the ceremony being performed by Rev. C. E. Hodgkin. The bride is a native of Mt. Vernon Springs, but for the past two years has been residing with relatives in Williamsport, Pa. A short time ago she came to Greensboro on a visit to relatives and arrangements for the wedding followed.

H. C. Brittain Loses Leg.—Mr. H. C. Brittain, a well known citizen of Summerfield, is a patient of St. Leo's hospital, where Tuesday he lost a leg by an operation. The operation was made necessary by a cancerous affection and the limb was cut off above the knee. Mr. Brittain stood the operation well and is reported as doing nicely. The affliction resulting from the loss of the limb is intensified by the fact that some years ago it was necessary to amputate the foot from the other leg.

Sutton-Fry Wedding.—The marriage of Mr. Frederick I. Sutton, of Kinston, and Miss Annie Gray Fry, one of Greensboro's most popular young women, was celebrated last night at 9 o'clock in the First Presbyterian church. The church had been beautifully decorated for the occasion and was filled with relatives and friends of the young couple. The wedding was one of the most beautiful and elaborate that has been seen in Greensboro in a long while. Rev. Dr. Melton Clark was the officiating minister. Following the ceremony, the members of the bridal party and a number of other invited guests were entertained at a reception at the home of the bride's parents, Capt. and Mrs. J. W. Fry, on North Elm street. Mr. and Mrs. Sutton left on a late train last night on their bridal trip and upon their return will be at home in Kinston.

Tornado Does Much Damage.—Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 10.—A tornado swept over parts of Kansas, Nebraska, and South Dakota, tonight, wrecking many buildings and killing a number of persons. The extent of the damage and loss of life could not be ascertained definitely tonight because the storm tore down wires and shut off communication for several hours.

Estimates of the dead ran as high as 50 or 60. Great Bend, Kan., reported the worst damage in early dispatches, 12 persons being killed and over 100 injured in that city.

No reports were received from the rural regions and only a few small towns in the path of the wind storm. A message to the Missouri Pacific railroad said the tornado swept a path 16 miles wide at some places.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Parks, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Russell and Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Edwards formed a party of Franklinville people in the city Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh R. Scott, of Reidsville, were among the visitors in the city Tuesday.

Misses Margaret Rankin and Selma Lamb have returned from a visit to relatives at Madison.

SPEECH ON RURAL CREDITS

DECLARED TO BE THE SUPREME NEED OF NORTH CAROLINA'S FARMING POPULATION.

The quarterly meeting of the Greensboro Merchants' Association was held Tuesday night in the Smith Memorial building and was attended by about 75 members of the organization and a number of ladies. The ladies had prepared an appetizing repast, which they served in an elegant manner. It was pronounced one of the most successful of the many banquets that have been enjoyed by the members of the Merchants' Association.

Following the banquet an address on the subject of rural credits was made by Mr. Q. A. Stephenson, of Statesville, an expert in this particular line. Mr. Stephenson believes rural credits to be the most important subject before the people of the country today, and he insists that it is a matter demanding the most earnest consideration of the law-makers.

The speaker declared that the farmers of North Carolina are not as prosperous now as they were 20 years ago; that there are 60,000 in the state who are sold out annually because they are unable to meet their obligations; that 100,000 in the state are tenants not owning a foot of land; and that only 20 per cent of all the farmers of the state have a bank credit. He also called attention to the fact that the per capita wealth of North Carolina farmers is only \$322, while that of the Western farmer is about \$3,000. Against this fact there is the further one that more diversified crops can be produced in this state than in the West, yet lands here sell at a much lower price than in the West.

There must be something radically wrong, declared Mr. Stephenson, and this thing he declared to be the fact that there is no adequate credit system for the farmer. He advocated the Hollis-Butler bill, which is to be presented to the next Congress, as the remedy for these ills, and then explained to the assemblage the provisions of the bill. It has incorporated into it, he stated, all the best provisions of such laws as they exist in the countries of Europe, which were investigated a few years ago by a special commission from this country.

Mr. Stephenson also stated that the North Carolina Merchants' Association has assumed leadership, on behalf of the farmers of the state, to wage a campaign in the interest of the measure, and immediately following his address the local organization went on record as unanimously endorsing it.

There was a discussion and endorsement of the credit guide now being compiled for the use of business men in Greensboro and other towns in this vicinity. It was explained that every man and woman in Greensboro and the surrounding country carrying credit is rated by every merchant or other business concern with whom they do business, thus affording a means of giving exact information as to the people who pay their bills promptly, those who pay fairly well, those who are slow and those who are listed as "no pay."

The meeting adopted resolutions covering the following matters: One that the special license tax assessed against merchants of the city be abolished by the city commissioners in their schedule of taxes for the coming year; one recommending that the county commissioners put forth special efforts to have some of the roads leading into the city repaired at once; one asking that the state association employ a permanent secretary to keep in touch with local organizations and co-operate with the officers in the work of improving business conditions, also that all business organizations affiliate in a manner that will enable them to co-operate in the furtherance of any movement looking to the elimination of abuses and the improvement of trade conditions; and one recommending that merchants and business men give more attention to questions of government which vitally affect them.

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CONDITIONS ARE IMPROVING

BUSINESS IN MEXICO BETTER THAN AT ANY TIME SINCE REVOLUTION BEGAN.

Conditions in Mexico are improving and there are signs that give hope for a gradual return to order and prosperity there, according to a summary of advices from various parts of the republic made public by the state department at Washington.

The famine in Mexico City is said to be over, railway service has been re-established in many directions, the Carranza government is distributing food to the destitute, and business is better than at any time since the revolt against Diaz began.

The department's statement follows:

"Conditions in Mexico are such as might be expected in any country that has passed through about six years of civil war. Those hopeful for the restoration of order and of Mexico's former prosperity believe that there now is a chance for them to improve.

"In Mexico City the famine is a thing of the past. Now, through government officials, there is food for everybody and the improvement of the railway service makes it certain that food conditions will be better every day. The government has been maintaining 46 stations where food is free. In addition there are 56 commissaries where food is sold to those in better circumstances at cost. Further, there are 10 dining rooms where meals are served free. Conditions are so much better that the government is considering the reduction of the number of these free stations.

"While business is not flourishing compared with former years in Mexico City, it is probably better than it has been at any other time since the trouble started. The stores are open and most of them are well stocked, in contrast with the conditions of a year and a half ago at the end of the Huerta regime.

"Restoration of railroad service throughout the country will not only be the big step towards resuming normal conditions, but it will also be the barometer of peace and order in the country. Railroads have been in the last few weeks transferred from the military to the civil authorities. The latter are now attempting to get the railroads on a running schedule, working under the most discouraging handicaps. Of the former equipment of the great national system of railroads more than two-thirds of the engines, cars, rolling stock and stations have been destroyed. One-half, at least, of what is left is still being used by the military. For instance, on the road from Vera Cruz to Mexico City one sleeper is available and, accordingly, has an alternate schedule. This is a better schedule than on any other stretch of the system. Shortage of freight cars and locomotives is holding back the resumption of the normal commerce of the country.

"In the capital and in all of the large cities and towns under the control of the Carranzistas law and order have been restored as rapidly as possible. Some parts of the rural districts still have roving bands of bandits whom the soldiers have been unable to apprehend and exterminate. Various bandits hanging from telegraph poles on the railroad right of way, however, show that progress is being made in their extermination."

British Loan May be \$100,000,000. New York, Nov. 10.—Arrangements for the granting of further credits to Great Britain to supplement the \$500,000,000 Anglo-French loan have about been completed. It was learned today. An announcement is expected very shortly covering the details. The new credit may amount to \$100,000,000.

Further conferences of Wall Street banking interests were held today, attended by representatives of many of the larger banking institutions. The Guaranty Trust Company, the National City Bank, and the Morgan firms have been prominent in the negotiations.

So far as can be learned, the new credit will be arranged between the London banks and the New York banks and take the form of bankers' acceptances. The London banks will be given credits here, against which sellers of goods may draw for payment.

Misses Margaret Rankin and Selma Lamb have returned from a visit to relatives at Madison.

COLLEGE TRUSTEES HELD MEETING HERE TUESDAY.

The annual meeting of the trustees of Greensboro College for Women was held at the college Tuesday afternoon and was attended by all the members of the board. A number of matters of importance to the work of the institution were considered.

Reports were received from the president of the college, the secretary and treasurer and the auditor. The reports were of a very gratifying nature, that of the auditor being especially so, this report showing that last year was one of the most successful of the many that Greensboro College for Women has enjoyed.

Of paramount interest to the trustees, and all friends of the institution as well, was the discussion concerning the new dormitory, the financial campaign having been started some two or three weeks ago. While no figures considered as authentic were made public, the men in charge of the affairs of the institution were assured that the new dormitory in all probability would be ready for occupancy in September, 1916, which speaks well for the result of the campaign to date.

J. B. Blades, of Newbern, was elected chairman of the board of trustees; Rev. G. T. Adams, presiding elder of the Elizabeth City district, was elected vice president, and C. H. Ireland, of Greensboro, was re-elected secretary. The members of the executive committee re-elected were: John A. Young, of Greensboro; C. H. Ireland, of Greensboro; M. D. Stockton, of Winston-Salem; J. W. Harris, of High Point; C. A. Bray, of Greensboro.

Two new members of the board were elected to succeed Messrs. J. A. Long, of Roxboro, and L. L. Smith, of Gatesville, who died recently, but their names will not be made public until their acceptance of membership is received.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS OF THE PAST FEW DAYS.

The following transfers of Guilford real estate have been recorded in the office of the register of deeds this week:

The Brown Real Estate Company to Henry Evans, a lot 50 by 170 feet in Mount Vernon heights, near the city of Greensboro, Morehead township, \$100.

James McAdoo and wife to Thomas Tatum, a tract consisting of 5 1-2 acres in Center Grove township, \$137.50.

The Southern Real Estate Company to Joe F. Fulton, lot nine in block 13 of Douglas heights, in the city of Greensboro, Gilmer township, \$275.

F. A. Silver to J. U. McCrary, a tract consisting of eight acres and a part of what was formerly known as the Lindsay mining lands in Jamestown township, adjoining the lands of the North State Gold and Copper Mining Company, \$250.

F. A. Silver to J. W. Cruthers, a tract consisting of 4.3 acres in Jamestown township, a part of the Lindsay mining lands, \$165.

V. O. Smith and wife to S. A. Allen, a tract consisting of 1.2 acres in Monroe township, adjoining the lands of John Pugh and S. R. Troxler, \$10 and other valuable considerations.

James E. Blair and Victoria Blair to W. M. Blair and Linnie Blair, lots seven and eight in block eight of the D. E. Thomas property in the city of Greensboro, Gilmer township, \$250. Bascom Hoskins and wife to E. R. Zimmerman, a lot 100 by 152 1-2 feet in the A. M. Rankin property in the city of High Point, \$10 and other valuable considerations.

Thomas Watkins to Ella Foster, a lot 44.5 by 172 feet on East Washington street, in the city of Greensboro, for \$1,050.

Emperor of Japan Enthroned.

Kioto, Japan, Nov. 10.—In Kioto, the most ancient capital of Japan, Yoshihito was consecrated emperor today. The first part of the principal ceremonies held this morning consisted of a ritual service of ancestor worship, which struck a note of religious mysticism. This afternoon Yoshihito was enthroned.

Foreigners who witnessed the coronation were deeply impressed with the scene, which took them back to the days of old Japan. The American women were particularly interested in the sight of the Japanese noblewomen in ancient court robes.

KITCHIN OPPOSES PRESIDENT

MAJORITY LEADER WILL NOT SUPPORT PROGRAM FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE.

Representative Claude Kitchin, Democratic leader of the house, has told President Wilson that he could not support the administration's program for national defense and that he would oppose the program in a personal capacity only and not as majority leader.

Mr. Kitchin was with President Wilson more than an hour, during which Mr. Wilson outlined to him the army and navy plans for the next session of Congress and for the next five years and sought to influence the majority leader to be in harmony with them. Mr. Kitchin stated his views frankly to the president, directing his opposition chiefly to the naval program.

"All I can say," said Representative Kitchin as he left the White House, "is that I very much regret that I cannot support the president's national defense program. The plans don't meet with my convictions, particularly with reference to the navy."

Mr. Kitchin was asked his grounds for opposing the naval program.

"I shall make a clear exposition of my views as soon as Congress convenes in a speech in the house," he replied. "Of course I shall not attempt to oppose the program as the majority leader, but merely in my personal capacity."

Mr. Kitchin said he thought it very probable that the majority would favor the defense program.

Before seeing the president Mr. Kitchin said he approached the national defense subject with an open mind, and was willing to be convinced of the wisdom of the administration program if the president could give him what he would consider a satisfactory justification for the proposed large increases in army and navy appropriations.

After he said the president had said nothing which had caused him to change his mind. Representative Kitchin's definite announcement of his position will make it impossible for him to lead the fight for the administration's program in the house. The burden of the leadership will devolve probably upon Chairman Hay, of the military committee; Chairman Padgett, of the naval committee; Chairman Sherley, of the fortifications committee, and Chairman Fitzgerald, of the appropriations committee.

VERDICTS RENDERED THIS WEEK IN SUPERIOR COURT.

Several cases have been tried this week in the civil term of Superior court, though none of them was of any special interest. The court started out by granting three divorces as follows: J. J. Brooks vs. Susan Brooks, white; Cornelia Fitzgerald vs. Clarence Fitzgerald, colored; Israel Miller vs. Hattie Belle Miller, colored.

The jury returned a verdict against the plaintiff in an action brought by Walter H. Burkheimer for a divorce from Edna Olive Burkheimer. It was stated afterwards that the failure of the jury to grant a divorce was due to a misunderstanding of one of the issues submitted.

Judgment was awarded the plaintiff in a suit brought by the Worcester China Company against P. C. McIntyre for \$65.

A verdict for the plaintiff was given in a suit brought by the Rose Opera Company against R. R. Hill for the recovery of \$18.75.

Sandy Naylor was awarded a verdict for \$450 in a suit against W. P. Ragan, executor of the estate of Sallie Naylor. The suit was brought for pay for services alleged to have been rendered the deceased by the plaintiff.

A non-suit was ordered in a suit brought by Mrs. E. A. Kirkman against the Proximity Manufacturing Company for the recovery of damages for alleged personal injuries.

Sunday Services at Buffalo and Midway.

Buffalo and Midway Presbyterian churches, Rev. E. Frank Lee, pastor. Sunday school at Buffalo at 10 A. M. and preaching at 11 by the pastor. Subject, "The Dismantled Soul." Sunday school at Midway at 2 P. M. and preaching at 3 by the pastor. Christian Endeavor at 7 o'clock P. M. at Midway. The public is cordially invited to these services.

Mr. Farmer

you can sit down and count on your fingers and then count some, and you won't remember a fall and winter that you have had such delightful weather to get in your small grain and get up your corn.

The time for winter clothes is at hand. If you need an Overcoat, Suit, heavier Underwear, Silk, Woolen or Cotton Sox, we have just what you need and want to do business with you.

Boys' Suits and Overcoats, ages 8 to 18, \$4 to \$12.50.

\$1.00 Regal Shirts, always a bargain at \$1.00.

Savoy Shirts \$1.50.

Boyden Shoes \$6.50.

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300 South Elm St.

Conkey's POULTRY TONIC
for Molting Hens



builds up their tired-out, run-down organs and makes feather-growing easy.

There is no cayenne pepper or any other harmful ingredient in Conkey's Poultry Tonic; it is just good medicine that helps nature do its work.

Get a Pailor Package and see for yourself. Money back if you are not satisfied.

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Green Hides Wanted

Bring me your Green Hides. I am paying 14 cents per pound.

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PRICES OF DRUGS ARE SOARING SKY HIGH.

That doctors emphasize anew the use of few drugs and medicines in disease, or at least only such as are essential, is the propaganda that is spreading abroad throughout the country, particularly in view of the fact that the prices of drugs are simply soaring sky-high since the war started and there is no estimating to what levels they will reach. The fact is generally recognized by the profession that physicians tolerate the use if they do not actually prescribe more medicines for their patients than are really needed, and it is stated that this propaganda will not only save the sick the expenditure of funds for needless drugs but will really do them much good as well. The fact is coming to be recognized more and more that drugs are not needed in the vast majority of cases, and that for the times and condition where drugs are needed, there are dozens of times when the use of drugs is positively harmful. "Let nature do the work" is the slogan paraphrasing the popular expression and it is good advice, for nature is the great "mother" after all. The fact is coming to be recognized that the writer who once declared that if "all the medicines were cast into the sea it would be better for the men and worse for the fishes," spoke a true saying and worthy of universal acceptance.

The manner in which the commonest drugs are advancing is positively startling. All the bromides, quinine and other popular drugs are simply catapulting skyward and there is no telling where they will stop. These drugs are either produced in Europe or controlled by those countries now at war and hence the cessation of the supply. Benzoate of soda, carbolic acid, salicylic acid and even Epsom salts are steadily and rapidly rising. Generally speaking, the prices of all drugs have advanced since the outbreak of the war, and unless adequate warning is given through the physicians, there will be suffering particularly among the poor, who will sacrifice other things in order to buy medicines they believe will do them good, when as a matter of fact, in the majority of cases, anything else would do just as good. The fact should be borne in mind that the local druggists have nothing to do with this, this being regulated solely by the lack of supplies.

A druggist, in commenting on the situation, declared that the scarcity of quinine in the low countries where malaria is prevalent would doubtless result in real hardships unless some additional source of supply from South America be uncovered. Of course throughout this section it is not so essential but elsewhere it is, quinine being one of the most necessary of all drugs. This drug, for example, has increased in value more than 11 times its price before the war. Benzoate of soda has increased 2,000 per cent, carbolic acid has increased 1,600 per cent, all bromides have increased 1,200 per cent, while that much used medicine, Epsom salts, has increased no less than 400 per cent.

Numerous other items have advanced correspondingly. Persons accustomed to purchasing a dime's worth of a certain drug need not be surprised if the druggist refuses to sell so small an amount, or if he does sell it the amount will probably be so small that it cannot be seen. About the only thing the purchaser can do is to pay out the additional cash instead of searching for the drug at a more reasonable price. His extra cash will be expended in street car fares and purchasing new leather soles. The prices have gone high and are still rising. The war is to blame, and the war only.

Texas Has \$25,000,000 Poultry Crop. The value of the poultry and egg production in Texas this year will reach approximately \$25,000,000, according to the estimate of H. B. Kooser, of St. Louis, general manager of the American Refrigeration Transit Company. It is predicted, that next year Texas will take the lead over Missouri in the production of poultry and eggs.

The turkey shipping season opened November 1, and it is estimated by the Texas Poultry, Egg and Butter Shippers' Association that about \$1,225,000 worth of dressed turkeys will be shipped to Northern markets in the next two months. Several large turkey dressing plants will prepare the fowls for market.

The prices of Thanksgiving and Christmas turkeys will be lower than for several years, from the present outlook. The turkey crop of the country is not only unusually large, but the demand for the dressed fowls in European countries is now cut off, as is also much of the ocean steamship trade.

Try Coble's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy for all cold troubles. It's liquid; you rub it on. If it fails to relieve instantly, you get your money back.

LIQUOR TRAFFIC CALLED BRITAIN'S GREATEST FOE

At the annual meeting of the North of England Temperance League, held at the Temperance Institute, Newcastle, the chairman, Alderman J. R. Hogg, referring to the war, said that the great struggle into which their nation had been plunged had not been long in progress before their statesmen and legislators found out the truth of some of the fundamental teachings which the temperance party had been preaching for the last 50 years. One undoubtedly was that national efficiency and the open sale of liquor were incompatible, and that the output of their various workers in all their manifold activities was rendered deficient in quantity and quality by the open-door public house. Early in the contest, Mr. Lloyd-George said that this country was fighting three great enemies, Germany, Austria and strong drink, and in his opinion the third was the greatest. It should not be forgotten that the temperance forces had manfully done their duty, so far as the first two foes were concerned. The various temperance associations had sent out tens of thousands of brave young fellows and added them to the forces of the crown. The league had neglected none of its activities at home to conquer the third enemy, which Mr. Lloyd-George said was the greatest.

The more they saw of national life and the great struggle in which the country was engaged, the more they were convinced that a very great mistake was made in the beginning of the war in not declaring for total prohibition. He believed the country would have responded to legislation of that kind. The great opportunity had been lost.

Why had prohibition not been adopted? Simply because the "liquorism" opposition had been too strong, or had been thought to be too strong, to allow of it being carried. It would remain as one of the most disagreeable memories of this war that, in a time of national peril and universal self-sacrifice, one trade sacrificed its patriotism to the prospect of dividends. Let the temperance party be thankful, however, that if they did not obtain the full loaf, they obtained a fairly liberal slice of bread. In many districts they had had prohibition for 18-12 hours out of 24.

Dr. G. B. Hunter said the temperance cause was at the root of all reform, social, political and religious. The shipbuilding and engineers' employers were unanimous in trying to impress upon the government the fact that the one thing which would help the country to win the war would be the suspension of the sale of drink during the war. What was more scarcely an exception, the leaders and representatives of the men took the same view, as did every class, except the liquor sellers.

KILL 100,000,000 Animals.

Secretary Houston, of the department of agriculture, urges the safeguarding of the meat supply. He cites figures to show that there is waste in slaughtering diseased animals.

"More than 50,000,000 animals," says the office of information of this department, "were slaughtered in establishments under federal inspection during the fiscal year ending June 30. Since approximately from 58 to 60 per cent of the animals killed are slaughtered in establishments where federal inspection is maintained, it appears that about 100,000,000 meat animals are now being killed each year.

"Of the animals subjected to federal inspection 299,958 were condemned as unfit for human use, and 644,638 were condemned in part. Thus a little more than 1.5 per cent of all the animals inspected were condemned either in whole or in part. These figures include only cattle, calves, sheep, goats and swine."

Disconcerting.

A candidate for parliamentary honors was addressing a political meeting in the north of England, says Tit-Bits. Anxious to make friends with his audience, he began thus:

"Gentlemen, I am very pleased to address a working-class constituency. It may interest you to know that I am a workingman myself—in fact, I often work when you are asleep."

"You must be a burglar, then!" said a voice at the back of the hall.

A Doctor's Prescription For Cough

An Effective Cough Treatment.

One-fourth to one teaspoonful of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken as needed, will soothe and check coughs, colds and the more dangerous bronchial and lung ailments. You can't afford to take the risk of serious illness, when so cheap and simple a remedy as Dr. King's New Discovery is obtainable. Go to your druggist today, get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, start the treatment at once. You will be gratified for the relief and cure obtained.

KILLS WIFE AND ATTEMPTS TO MURDER DAUGHTERS.

A press dispatch from Fayetteville says: A terrible tragedy was enacted near Fayetteville early Sunday morning when Octavius Smith, alias Holloman, alias "Dark," it is alleged killed his wife and badly cut his three daughters as a result of a quarrel which grew out of the division of 500 pounds of cotton which the members of the family had picked the day before.

According to the evidence available at this time the oldest daughter (whose name is not known) was awakened in the night by the noise of a struggle. Turning a deaf ear to his daughter's remonstrances, Smith, who had already cut his wife's throat from ear to ear, causing almost instant death, is said to have turned on his daughter and inflicted a like wound on her. The same thing was repeated when another daughter entered from an adjoining room and remonstrated with her father, and again when the youngest daughter intervened.

The eldest daughter is probably fatally wounded and was brought to Fayetteville for treatment after the discovery of the crimes and after Smith had made his escape. The other two daughters were treated at the scene by Dr. J. V. McGougan, coroner. The second daughter's ear was cut completely off, in addition to the cutting of her throat.

Coroner McGougan held an inquest over the body of the woman at which the evidence was substantially as related here. According to the evidence, the crime seemed to have been premeditated by Smith. A suit case was found in the house which had been carefully packed by Smith's clothes and other articles, including a new pair of shoes and a cake of soap. He evidently became frightened and in his hurried flight forgot his grip and left in his bare feet. He has not yet been apprehended.

Should be in Every Home.

Coble's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy should be in every home. It is the new liquid treatment for children and adults for croup, pneumonia, sore throat, hoarseness and all cold troubles, and all inflammations. You just rub it on and inhale the vapors while it penetrates; not messy to use and does not stain the clothing. It relieves instantly; your money back if it fails. Sold on a guarantee by your dealer at 25c., 50c. and \$1 a bottle.

SPECIAL SALE OF TOOTHBRUSHES

We have placed on sale all Toothbrushes that sold from 25c to 50c, at 25c each—all GUARANTEED. Money back if brushes are not satisfactory.

CONYERS & SYKES, Druggists

The Home of "Sy-Co" the Better Ice Cream.
Cor. Elm and Washington Streets McAdoo Bldg.

Let Me Examine Your Eyes

There is no charge for advice, and my charges for glasses are as small as the cost of the glasses and frames you require will permit.

M. HARRISON, Optometrist

Over Greensboro National Bank Cor. Elm and Washington Sts.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Valuable Farm For Rent

NEAR SPLENDID SCHOOL.

As attorney in fact, for the heirs at law of W. O. Donnell, deceased, I will lease for the year 1916 a part of the old home-place, lying along the macadam road between Summerfield and Oak Ridge and within from three-quarters to a mile of the celebrated Oak Ridge school. Will lease to proper party the whole or any part of three hundred and nine acres and more, if desired. The neighborhood is healthy, the farm well watered, with a seven room, two-story residence for the lessee and good out buildings. Is adapted to the raising of corn, wheat and tobacco and has good curing barns. Will prefer to lease for money rent.

Interested parties may apply to the undersigned by letter or in person at the office of King & Kimball, at Greensboro, N. C.

A. B. KIMBALL,
Attorney in Fact.

DR. J. W. TAYLOR,

Fitting Glasses a Specialty.

Examinations Without "Drops"

RELIEF OR NO PAY.

Office—Fifth Floor Banner Bldg.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY AND BLADDER

FOR SALE

83 acres good land with 5 room dwelling and good barn, on Deep River, 9 miles southwest from Greensboro. For sale at special low prices.

Terms if wanted.

Brown Real Estate Co.
103 East Market Street.

B. L. FENTRESS

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Office with A. Wayland Cooks
Fisher Building
Greensboro, N. C.

Notary Public.

ELMER E. LULL, M. D. C.

VETERINARY SURGEON

at Coble & Starr's Stables, 533 South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.
Office Phone 678, Residence Phone 1682

GET IT AT ODELL'S—QUALITY FIRST

We Get The Trade Because We Saw The Demand Coming

SPORTSMEN are critical buyers. When they go into a store for a Rifle or Shotgun, or for ammunition, they want to be sure of finding assortments responsive to their demands.

Right there you have the reason why more sportsmen every year are coming to us for their Rifles, Shotguns and Ammunition.

Ever since we began in business we have been selling Remington-UMC—

Making our display of Remington-UMC Rifles and Shotguns, our assortments of Remington-UMC Shot Shells and Metallics our bid for the trade of Sportsmen in this community.

We are glad to say that we are getting that steady trade of more sportsmen every year.

Come, see for yourself how well we are prepared to serve you.

Odell Hardware Co.

533 South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.



The real harvest that any man expects is the financial harvest. After you have worked hard for your money, what are you going to do with it? Is it going to be frittered away in silly extravagances? Not if you are WISE. Your own labor is your best asset. Do not waste the result of it on foolish things, but put as much as possible of it into the bank for that DECEMBER of your life that is BOUND TO COME.

We pay 4 per cent Interest, Compounded Quarterly

American Exchange National Bank
GREENSBORO, N. C.
Under Control of United States Government
The Bank For Your Savings
BRANCH AT SOUTH GREENSBORO

GREATEST CROPS EVER KNOWN

PRODUCTS OF NATION'S FARMS
VALUED AT FIVE AND HALF
BILLION DOLLARS.

The nation's principal farm crops this year are worth about \$5,500,000,000, exceeding by more than \$500,000,000 their value in 1914, the previous banner value year in the country's crop history. There has been an unprecedented harvest, many of the crops exceeding their best records, and high prices due to the influence of the European war have contributed to swell the total value.

Statistics announced by the department of agriculture in its November crop report base values on prevailing November prices. Corn, with a production of 3,090,509,000 bushels—34,000,000 bushels below the record crop—is worth \$1,913,025,071, the most valuable crop ever grown. It exceeds the former biggest value crop, that of 1914, by \$190,000,000.

Wheat, with the largest production ever known in any country, 1,002,029,000 bushels, or about one-fourth of the world's wheat crop this year, is worth \$932,888,999, or \$54,000,000 more than the record, made in 1914.

The oats crop also was a record one, both in point of production and value. The harvest was 1,517,478,000 bushels—almost 100,000,000 bushels better than the record of 1912—and its value, \$532,599,822, is \$33,000,000 more than the record value of the 1914 crop.

Barley, rye, sweet potatoes, hay and rice were record crops in point of production and tobacco almost equalled its best production. The rye and hay crops were records in point of value.

The approximate value of the barley crop is \$118,577,682; the rye crop \$37,861,403; buckwheat, \$12,854,750; potatoes \$218,452,824; sweet potatoes \$42,456,050; hay \$87,054,890; cotton \$609,000,000; tobacco \$105,002,500; flaxseed \$30,050,534; rice \$22,313,350; apples \$164,380,480; peaches \$60,613,736; and pears \$9,275,634.

In this year's harvest the corn crop passed the 3,000,000,000 bushel mark for the second time and the wheat crop crossed the 1,000,000,000 bushel mark for the first time.

Potato prospects declined 9,000,000 bushels during October, the crop now being placed at 359,253,000 bushels. That is 46,000,000 less than last year's crop and the prospective moderate supply for winter use is reflected in the sharp advance in farm price from 48.7 cents a bushel on October 1 to 60.8 cents on November 1. The November 1 price is eight cents higher than a year ago. The crop is shortest in the Northern states, which grew the surplus of the late crop. The quality, too, is below average.

In a statement the board of crop estimates said: "The increase in corn production is most marked in the Southern or

cotton-growing states. These 11 states increased their production 35 per cent over the amount they raised last year and 37 per cent over the average yearly production in the preceding five years. They produced about 27 per cent of this year's crop; usually they produce about 22 per cent of the crop. The crop is especially short and of poor quality in the area included in Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and North Dakota."

Speaking of the quality of the corn, the board says: "Although the corn crop bulks large, the quality is unusually poor in the principal corn surplus states and Northern states, where the crop was caught in the milk or dough state by an early freeze, causing much light, chaffy grain. In the Southern states, however, the quality of the crop is generally above average."

Bryan Seeking Wilson's Defeat.

The conclusion of the Charleston News and Courier is that Colonel Bryan "has come to the point towards which, in spite of his denials, he has obviously been heading since he resigned his post as secretary of state. He is the declared leader of a faction arrayed against Woodrow Wilson and has struck the first blow in a political warfare having as its aid the defeat of the president." Other press opinion throughout the country is very much in accord with the views expressed by the Charleston paper and there would seem some reason for the belief that in opposition to the administration's policy of preparedness Colonel Bryan thought he saw the "paramount" issue he has been looking for since the last nominating convention. Colonel Bryan remains a man of many good intentions, but of undoubtedly weak and faulty political judgment. In the present shifting of his course he has got into the strongest and stubbornest headwinds he has encountered in his long and interesting career as politician and statesman.—Charlotte Observer.

Haven't Heard of the War.

Strange as it may seem, the news of the war has not yet reached all parts of Canada. Letters received in New York in the last few days from these Canadians show that this is a fact. But the strangeness of that situation loses its significance in the statement that the men in question are members of the Stefansson expedition to the Arctic. The latest letters from them were written in July. An interesting feature of their position is that they knew that Stefansson was safe last May, or as the letters express it, "Stefansson found himself" last May. It is only a few weeks ago that this news filtered through to the papers. The expedition will shortly leave their Arctic post to return to the haunts of men, though many may question, in the light of the European situation, whether the members of the party are correct in saying they are returning to "civilization."—Wall Street Journal.

SECRETARY OF INTERIOR SPEAKS IN RALEIGH.

The opening of the sixteenth annual meeting of the North Carolina Literary and Historical Association in Raleigh Monday night was featured by a brilliant address by Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane on "The Western Conception of Tradition," and the presentation by Secretary of Navy Josephus Daniels of the Patterson loving cup for the best literary effort by a North Carolinian the past year to Dr. W. L. Poteat, president of Wake Forest College.

The award of the Patterson cup came after the address by Secretary Lane and Doctor Poteat was present on the rostrum to receive the trophy from the hands of Secretary Daniels. The cup has been presented annually for the past 10 years, being a memorial by Mrs. Lindsay Patterson, of Winston-Salem, to her father. It is awarded to Doctor Poteat to be held the next year on his new book, "The New Peace," which Secretary Daniels declared had been written in a masterful manner to prove that there is no conflict between religion and science, and, indeed, that "religion and science have kissed each other."

Secretary Lane was heard with great pleasure and appreciation, his address being pronounced especially able and forcibly delivered. Replying to high praise bestowed by Secretary of Navy Daniels, Mr. Lane simply said that he just could not express his appreciation for the tribute and reception tendered him. He then launched upon his address, which dealt in a masterly way with the progress and problems of the world and of America in particular and made striking reference to the terrible war that has engulfed half the world and the opportunities and issues that will arise when the war is over and the people who have been at war set about to adjust their environments and governments. This would be a time that would test the American principles of government and he appealed that this country be alive to its opportunities and not let some European country outstrip America as the light of the world in real progress in problems of government.

Conserving the Children's Health.

The statisticians have announced the fact that in the state of Texas a child is born every four minutes, which means 360 every 24 hours, 131,400 every 12 months and 1,314,000 every 10 years, the census-taking periods. These facts suggest to the Houston Post that the conservation of the health of the children is of vital importance to the increase in the population of Texas, as it is to the increase in every other state. Texas seems to be laboring under the disadvantages of a faulty system of gathering vital statistics. In North Carolina, on the contrary, the trouble seems to be in the indifference of doctors and nurses to the observance of a system that is about as nearly perfect as could be made. The Post drives home a fact well worth a thought when it says that organized society has it within its power to establish conditions of living that would greatly lower the death rate among the children and probably might encourage an increase in the birth rate.—Charlotte Observer.

Women Drive Farmers to Town.

Stanley Johnson, in his articles on the subject, "Youth Leads the Way," is showing how under the direction of the United States department of agriculture boys and girls on American farms are achieving wonders in the way of showing their elders how to increase the crops and general farm efficiency. O. H. Benson, of the department of agriculture, who is in charge of the boys' and girls' club work in North Dakota and western states, writes an interesting introduction to Mr. Johnson's present article in which he shows how farm women are learning to care more for their work and have less desire to get to the cities. He said:

"In a western community a county superintendent made a survey of 25 farmers who had retired from farm life and moved into town. When they were asked their reason for leaving the farm, 17 of the 25 stated definitely that they did it to please their wives and daughters. Mother and daughters had been dissatisfied with the farm life."—American Magazine.

Constipation Cured Overnight.

A small dose of Po-Do-Lax tonight and you enjoy a full, free easy bowel movement in the morning. No gripping, for Po-Do-Lax is Podophyllin (May Apple) without the gripe. Po-Do-Lax corrects the cause of constipation by arousing the liver, increasing the flow of bile. Bile is nature's antiseptic in the bowels. With proper amount of bile, digestion in bowels is perfect. No gas, no fermentation, no constipation. Don't be sick, nervous, irritable. Get a bottle of Po-Do-Lax from your druggist now and cure your constipation overnight.

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE SPEAKS IN RALEIGH.

Commissioner of Insurance James R. Young and State Superintendent of Public Instruction J. Y. Joyner have reached an agreement and basis of co-operation for radical improvement in methods of construction of public school buildings and in the general designs for such structures, especially the larger ones in the cities and towns.

To this end Commissioner Young will issue within the next few days a bulletin giving comprehensive statements by the commissioner of insurance and the superintendent of public instruction and plans and specifications designed to eliminate present fire risks and at the same time keep the cost of construction within economical bounds.

There will be facts and figures as to slow-burning, mill and fireproof concrete construction and suggestions of changes in designs to eliminate the inside stairways that always constitute, in case of fire, draftflues through which the smoke and flames are drawn from basement to roof with danger of cutting off escape from the upper floors.

In the place of the inside stairs there are proposed the outside tower fire-escape stairs to be used for all purposes. The proposed plans would have the usual main entrance and possibly a rear entrance to the first floor. At each end there would be the outside tower stairway that can be entered from the inside as well as from outside approaches and there would be doors adequately fireproofed opening into each of the upper floors.

Great Demand For Dollar Bills.

The United States is suffering from a dollar bill famine, according to Treasurer John Burke, who declares that notwithstanding the fact that \$14,664,000 in one dollar bills had been furnished to sub-treasuries the demand for this variety of currency is so great that the treasury has not been able to meet it. Approximately \$9,456,000 in "hoodoo" two dollar bills have been issued to help meet the demand, although two dollar bills are ordinarily not desired by banks.

The treasury has furnished approximately \$17,000,000 silver certificates and United States notes. Half dollars, quarters and dimes have been shipped out to the amount of nearly \$6,000,000 and more than \$1,000,000 in nickels and pennies have been sent to sub-treasuries, making a total of \$48,000,000 in subsidiary coins to sub-treasuries since August.

Mr. Burke believes better business conditions are responsible for the demand.

Calls Bryan Second Hampden.

Pittsfield, Mass., Nov. 9.—At a meeting of the Massachusetts branch of the National Security League, last night, Joseph H. Choate, spoke on "Preparedness." He said: "The peace propaganda appeals to that small part of the inhabitants of the United States who are led by a very distinguished gentleman who believes in 'peace at any price.' This faction is laboring under the delusion that God will take care of infants, drunks and the United States. The gentleman who leads this faction does not want an army or navy, or any fortifications. I am inclined to think this great leader is of the opinion that he is a second John Hampden."

Huerta Heard From Again.

General Huerta has been removed from Fort Bliss on account of his physical condition. It does not appear that he is a very dangerous person, but the secret service men are diligently looking for incriminating evidence, and report certain information that satisfies them that he has been plotting to get back to Mexico and raise an insurrection. The old man seems harmless enough, and with Villa's star setting the danger of new disturbances is not very great. Carranza may as well begin now to show that he is at the head of a real government, and that it is a reasonably efficient government, too.

A Practical Application.

"When Josh got home from his education," said Farmer Cornstossel, "he started right in instructin' me about agriculture. So I didn't lose no time to try him out."

"What did you do?"

"Sent him out to round up a swarm of bees."

"Was the experiment successful?"

"Some. It didn't hurt the bees none, an' kept Josh from gettin' in the way fur 'most two weeks."

Neuralgia Pains Stopped.

You don't need to suffer those agonizing nerve pains in the face, head, arm, shoulders, chest and back. Just apply a few drops of soothing Sloan's Liniment; lie quietly a few minutes. You will get such relief and comfort. Get a bottle today. 3 ounces for 25 cents, at all druggists. Penetrates without rubbing. adv.



Ohio Feed Cutters are best by test.
For your needs in farm machinery see

E. F. CRAVEN
327 So. Davie St. Phone 527

Tobacco Continues High

We would advise farmers to sell their tobacco now. Prices are high. Following are a few of the many good sales on our floor:

E. L. Scott, of Rockingham county, 550 pounds for \$92.76. Prices—220 at \$16.50, 52 at \$15, 170 at \$21, 108 at \$12. Average, \$16.86.

A. L. Harrell, of McLeansville, 550 pounds for \$83.66. Prices—68 at \$12.50, 152 at \$17.50, 40 at \$8, 28 at \$14.50, 208 at \$14.50, 52 at \$19.50, 2 at \$50. Average, \$15.21.

I. R. Cobb, Gibsonville, 498 pounds for \$77.66. Prices—100 at \$12.25, 146 at \$16.50, 32 at \$23, 108 at \$18, 112 at \$14.75. Average, \$15.60.

Elmer Tucker, Colfax, 1,054 pounds for \$149.51. Prices—116 at \$11.50, 160 at \$7.75, 116 at \$14.25, 90 at \$14, 24 at \$40, 122 at \$11.50, 142 at \$14, 110 at \$20, 126 at \$15.50, 48 at \$20. Average, \$14.18.

Some of the other well satisfied were: W. H. Paisley, Miss Sallie Poole, Henry Lambeth, J. C. DeLancey, A. J. Lambeth, J. Richard Moore, E. M. Diamond.

CENTER BRICK WAREHOUSE
KING & AYDELETTE, PROPS.



We have a new automobile casket wagon, and when you are in need of a casket, phone us and we will deliver it to you with no extra charge, and in one hour's time within 10 miles radius of Greensboro.

Phone Us Night or Day
Day Phone 762; Night Phones 706 or 1442

Our Undertaking Department Has Very Little Expense
Because our undertakers are furniture men as well as undertakers, and are busy all the time. We have no loafing at our store.

HUNTLEY-STOCKTON-HILL COMPANY
Expert Embalmers Undertakers



COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By virtue of authority of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county in a special proceeding entitled Calvin Summers et al. vs. Henry Summers et al. the undersigned commissioners will offer for sale to the last and highest bidder at the court house door in Greensboro, on

Monday, December 6, 1915, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, situate in Jefferson township, Guilford county, adjoining the lands of W. A. Montgomery, P. W. Isley et al. bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stone in the public road on P. W. Isley's line and running thence north 23 3/4 degrees west 6 7/8 chains to a stone; thence north 68 1/4 degrees east 19.91 chains to a stone; thence south 3 degrees west 13.3 chains to a stone in the public road; thence westwardly to the point of beginning, containing 16 acres, more or less. Being the lands allotted to Calvin Summers and others in division of lands of Robert Summers, and lot No. 2 of said subdivision. For plot see special proceeding above entitled.

Terms: 10 per cent on day of sale, and balance when sale is confirmed by the court.

This November 6, 1915.
CHAS. A. HINES,
THOR. C. HOYLE,
Commissioners.

WILL SORLEY'S NEW DISCOVERY
Will Sorley, Supt. Jail, Greensboro.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority contained in a certain deed of trust executed to J. F. Weatherly, of Guilford county, N. C., trustee, by James C. Carmac and wife, for C. M. Witty and others under date of October 6, 1915, for the purpose of carrying out the terms of said deed of trust and at the request of the said James C. Carmac and his wife, Fannie Carmac the undersigned will expose to sale at public auction for cash on

Monday, December 13, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon at the court house door of Guilford county, the following described property:

Beginning at a black gum on Samuel Taylor's line; thence south 1 1/2 degrees west 75 1/2 poles to a stone in Jane Taylor's line; thence west 48 poles to a hickory; thence north 88 degrees west 57 1/2 poles to a stone on D. Hocking's line; thence north 2 degrees east 75 1/2 poles to a stone, Samuel Taylor's line; thence east to the beginning, containing 50 acres, more or less. Being the lands formerly owned by T. C. Carmac and located about six miles from Greensboro, near Pleasant Garden.

This November 8, 1915.
J. P. WEATHERLY, Trustee.
CLIFFORD FRAZIER, Atty.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
Foley Kidney Pills are the best for all kidney troubles.

Beall Hardware & Implement Co.
'Phone 240

Ours Is the Only Form

Of business in the world that does not ask you to spend money. We ask you to keep it at the

Greensboro Loan & Trust Company

4 PER CENT. ON SAVINGS

J. W. Fry, President.

J. S. Cox, Vice President.

W. E. Allen, Sec. and Treas. W. M. Ridenhour, Asst. Treas.

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

SUMMERFIELD.

Miss Sue Willis, of Stoneville, is spending some time here in the interest of the late Dr. Willis' estate. She has a room in the dormitory and expects to spend most of the winter here.

Dr. Joy Glascock, of Greensboro, spent last Saturday night with her mother, Mrs. C. F. Harris, who is very feeble.

Mrs. Jere Highfill is very feeble at this writing. Rev. D. A. Highfill, of Liberty; Mr. W. S. Highfill and family, of Guilford College, and Mrs. James Fox, of Siler City, have all been with her the last few days.

Our popular teachers gave a very enjoyable Hallowe'en party last Saturday night at the school house. We had a large crowd and took in a good little sum of money, which will be used for dormitory and school purposes.

Miss Kate Hoskins, who has been confined to her room on account of illness, is able to be out again.

Mrs. Lawrence is very feeble. She seems to be worse for the past week. Her feebleness is caused by her extreme old age.

Mr. Clark Doggett is more than pleased; it's another fine boy.

Mr. B. Z. Byrd, wife and daughter, Fredia, Mr. Holly Johnson and Miss Hettie Burton took a trip by automobile to Linden, Cumberland county, to see Mr. Byrd's mother recently.

Mrs. Max Burton, of Danville, Va., visited Miss Hettie Burton last week.

Mrs. Lee Ogburn, of Flat Rock, spent several days here with Mrs. Rhodes recently.

Rev. W. F. Kennett and wife, of Stokesdale, and Mrs. Wilson and daughter, Maye, of Greensboro, spent a few hours at Mrs. Jere Highfill's last Sunday.

Right much interest is being manifested here in the moonlight school. We hope much good will be done.

Mr. Patterson, of Guilford College, and Miss Lucy Vickory, of Jamestown, visited their sisters here at the dormitory recently.

Mr. Paul Davis and family, of Walnut Cove, and Mr. John Davis and wife, of Pomona, spent last Sunday at Dr. Davis'.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express through the columns of your paper our thanks and heartfelt gratitude to all our neighbors and friends and to the teachers and pupils of our school for their kindness and sympathy in this, the darkest trial of our lives—the death of our little girl, Nellie.

MR. AND MRS. WILLIAM WYRICK.

A Card of Thanks.

This is an expression of our sincere thanks to kind friends and neighbors for the many kind acts shown us in the death of our dear mother.

J. F. HACKETT AND FAMILY.

French Business Turns This Way.

New York, Nov. 9.—Billions of dollars will be spent in this country on industrial and agricultural materials if the plans of the French commercial commission which arrived today on the liner Lafayette are successful.

All the money France has spent in the past in Germany for machinery and equipment will be spent here, the commissioners said, and as a guarantee of the worth of their prediction something like \$500,000,000 in orders will be given to American manufacturers within the next few months.

Subscribe to The Patriot.

ADVICE ON THE USE OF

ASHES AS FERTILIZER.

A bulletin sent out by the United States department of agriculture says the farmer who burns wood for heating and cooking should carefully store the ashes and not permit them to leach, as they have a peculiar fertilizing value. They not only contain potash and phosphoric acid in appreciable amounts, but also contain magnesia and lime, and when applied to the land they also act indirectly to increase the available nitrogen content of organic matter in the soil.

Ordinary house ashes contain on the average about 8 or 9 per cent of potash and 2 per cent of phosphoric acid. Investigators have considered that there is enough potash and phosphoric acid in a bushel of ashes to make it worth 20 or 25 cents. Besides that, some 10 or 15 cents additional might be allowed for the "alkali power" of the ashes. This power is that which enables ashes to rot weeds and to ferment peat. The potash content of ashes will be lost if they are permitted to leach, and care should be taken to store them in a dry place.

Wood ashes may be profitably applied as a top dressing to grass land and to pastures, where they will encourage the growth of clover and the better kinds of grasses, which will then crowd out inferior kinds and weeds. Wood ashes also may be used for corn and roots. Because of their lime content they are not so good for potatoes, although sometimes used for this crop.

Ashes from hardwoods (deciduous trees) are richer in both phosphorus and potash than those from pines and other softwoods (conifers.) The ashes of twigs (faggots, for example) are worth more for agricultural purposes than the ashes of heartwood taken from the middle of an old tree. In general, the smaller and younger the wood burned the better ashes. The ashes of coal do not contain enough potash to make them valuable in this connection.

The hulls of cotton seed, according to specialists, yield ashes which contain from 18 to 30 per cent of potash and from 5 to 10 per cent of phosphoric acid. Cotton-hull ashes therefore as a fertilizer are much more concentrated than ordinary wood ashes. As a matter of fact, in the opinion of some investigators, the ashes from cottonseed hulls contain such a large proportion of potash that they might do considerable harm to certain crops if they were used in large quantities.

These ashes have been used with advantage for manuring tobacco, and have in times past brought as much as \$35 or \$40 a ton in New England. One objection to their use is that they vary widely in composition. At the present time, however, the hulls are used for feed to such an extent that it is difficult to secure their ashes for fertilizing purposes.

Progress on the Alaska Railway.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 9.—Thomas Riggs, Jr., a member of the Alaska engineering commission, constructing the government's Alaska railroad, said on his arrival here today that if Congress appropriated \$9,000,000 a year the line from tidewater, at Seward, to Fairbanks, the interior terminus, could be completed in three years.

Mr. Riggs said the survey virtually was completed and ready for the constructors. Eight miles of steel have been laid and 30 additional miles of roadbed are ready for the rails, which will be laid within 30 days. Mr. Riggs said the section from Broad Pass to Fairbanks, which will open up a vast field of coal for use in development work, will be easy to construct.

"There is very little hard rock work along the whole route," he said. "The maximum grade is but 1 per cent. Fairbanks needs this road to get at the coal in the Nenana fields. The main deposit extends over a district 20 miles long and 15 miles wide. I saw veins 40 feet thick. Mining near Fairbanks should see great development as soon as this coal can be laid down ready for the operators."

Stedman Regrets Kitchin's Stand.

A Winston-Salem press correspondent sent out the following Tuesday: Congressman Charles M. Stedman, of Greensboro, was here awhile last night, enroute to Greensboro from a visit of several days to Wilkes county. He stated that Congressman R. L. Doughton, who has been quite ill at his home in Alleghany county, is now well on the road to recovery.

When told of the president's conference with Kitchin at Washington on Monday, at which time the latter told the chief executive that he could not support him in his naval program, Congressman Stedman said that he regretted Mr. Kitchin's action and that the latter would find nineteen-twentieths of the country against him in such an attitude.

In a census even the no-accounts count.

OUTLINE OF A PROGRAM

FOR "SAFE FARMING."

A program of "safe farming" for the South is outlined in a circular which the United States department of agriculture has sent to bankers, business men, and farmers in the cotton states. The history of agriculture in the South, it is said, has been one of lean years and fat years. Short crops and high prices have almost invariably been followed by big crops and low prices and, in consequence, the farmer has experienced much distress. The increased attention which has recently been given to supporting the people upon the land has already resulted in much good, but there is some danger, it is pointed out, that with the price of cotton rising there will be a tendency for farmers to return to the old system of gambling on cotton. If the people of the South produced their own living, the circular points out, it would steady the whole system and keep the boat from rocking. The safety measures recommended are as follows:

First—Produce a home garden for every family on the farm, the year round, paying special attention to a plot of Irish or sweet potatoes sufficient to supply the family with food of this character. Where feasible, have a patch of sorghum or other cane to produce syrup for the family.

Second—Produce the corn necessary to support all of the people on the farm and the live stock, with absolute safety.

Third—Produce the necessary oats and other small grain to supplement the corn as food. Pay attention to winter grazing.

Fourth—Produce hay and forage from some forage crop, sufficient to supply all of the live stock on the farm. Use legumes such as clover, cowpeas, velvet beans, soy beans and alfalfa for the production of hay and to enrich the soil with nitrogen and humus.

Fifth—Produce the meat necessary to supply the people, through increased attention to poultry and hogs, especially. Plan to increase gradually the number of cattle and other live stock, so as to have a sufficient number to consume the waste products of the farm and make the waste lands productive.

Sixth—After all of these things have been amply provided for, produce cotton for the market.

Denies Issuing Passports to Spies.

In a note which reached the state department in Washington this week Germany denies flatly testimony alleged to have been given in English courts that German officers "prepared false American passports and handed them to agents," and expresses doubt that such testimony ever actually was given. The note is in reply to a letter presented by Ambassador Gerard on July 31, directing the attention of the imperial government to statements said to have been made by Robert Rosenthal and George T. Breckow when they were on trial in England as spies.

It is suggested that a false passport found on Breckow probably was issued by one of "certain individuals in occupied territory and also in neutral countries" who have endeavored to make a trade of selling such papers at a good price. If Rosenthal and Breckow really made the statements accusing German officials, the note says, it must be assumed that they were induced to do so by threats, promises or other pressure.

Shot to Death by Son.

While out hunting late Saturday afternoon R. L. Hamilton, a mill operative of Belmont, Gaston county, was accidentally shot and killed by his son, John. The tragedy occurred about two miles north of Belmont, in the woods above Belmont Abbey College. Hamilton and his son were walking along together when a rabbit jumped up near them. Wheeling to take a shot, the son in his haste and over-anxiety pulled the trigger too soon, the whole load piercing his father's side.

Bryan's Pamphlet Barred.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 9.—Ram Chandra, a local Hindu editor, announced today that a pamphlet which he says is made up wholly of translated experts from W. J. Bryan's "British Rule in India," has been barred from the mails to India at the request of the British government. The pamphlet is entitled "Angan Di Gawah," which is said to be a translation of the Bryan title.

Pilot Mountain Sold.

Pinnacle, Nov. 9.—One of the largest land holdings in this part of the state was sold today by Commissioners A. C. Bernard and J. H. Folger for \$26,500, containing 2,911 acres, upon which is located the beautiful and picturesque old Pilot mountain. The bulk of this money goes to Mrs. Annie L. Boyd and the Bernard heirs.

Watch the date on your label.

SHOES

Pretty Soon Almost Every Family Will Come to Greensboro to Provide WINTER FOOTWEAR



We have provided at this store that sells for less a stock of Shoes that will please every single person who applies here—especially those who have the saving of the dollar at heart.

Bring the wife, the boys and the girls with you—we will fit them all out in Shoes that will stand a long winter's service.

Coble & Mebane,

The Shoe Store That Sells For Less For Cash.

THE LATEST STYLES

In Fall Millinery are now being shown. Come in and look before purchasing your new headwear.

Miss Leanna Curtis

222 S. Elm Street

Next to Coble & Mebane

A WARM BATH IN A WARM BATHROOM

WHY bathe in discomfort and run the risk of catching cold when a PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER in five minutes time will make the bathroom warm as toast?

Take it wherever it is needed—touch a match—and its genial warmth soon changes chills to comfort. It helps you dress, it helps you work, it makes food taste better. Convenient, clean, no smoke or smell. Ten hours of solid comfort on a gallon of kerosene.

Use Aladdin Security Oil or Diamond White Oil to obtain best results in Oil Stoves, Lamps and heaters.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

(New Jersey)
BALTIMORE

Washington, D. C.
Norfolk, Va.
Richmond, Va.

Charlotte, N. C.
Charleston, W. Va.
Charleston, S. C.

Look for the Triangle Trade-mark.

In many styles and sizes at all hardware and general stores.

Highest award Panama-Pacific Exposition



PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATERS

HOW MANY TOWNS IN STATE WERE NAMED.

The story of the naming of the thriving cities and towns of North Carolina is one of romantic interest. The early English settlers transferred to the new country the names of their sovereigns, nobles, and native towns or shires. The French explorers have left traces of their mother tongue. Some of the state's most beautiful and distinctive place names were bestowed by the first Americans, the Indians, who generally made use of phrases descriptive of the landscape. Many towns bear the names of their founders, while others honor the memory of famous American soldiers and statesmen. The origin of these place names has been traced by the United States geological survey, with the assistance of history students within the state.

The state itself was named for Charles II, king of England. Charlotte was so called in honor of the wife of King George III, of England.

Wilmington owes its name to Spencer Compton, earl of Wilmington, for whom towns in Massachusetts and Vermont were also named.

Raleigh is one of several places in the country named for Sir Walter Raleigh, the English explorer and favorite of Queen Elizabeth.

Winston-Salem was formed by the union of two cities. Winston was named for Joseph Winston, soldier of the Revolution. Salem, which was settled by Moravians, was given the Hebrew name for "peace," in the hope of enjoying peaceful security in the new home.

Concord took its name from the Revolutionary battle of Concord. Durham was named for Dr. Bartholomew Durham, owner of the town site.

Elizabeth City is a namesake of Queen Elizabeth, of England, whose name figures prominently on the map of the United States.

Goldsboro took its name from M. T. Goldsboro, of Maryland.

Newbern was named from the town of Berne, in Switzerland.

Edenton owes its name to Charles Eden, governor of North Carolina in 1714-1722.

Fayetteville is one of the numerous geographical namesakes of the Marquis de la Fayette, who aided the American revolutionists.

Gastonia was named for William Gaston, a judge of the Supreme court of the state.

Hendersonville derived its name from Chief Justice Leonard Henderson.

Hickory was named for President Andrew Jackson, whose nickname was "Old Hickory."

High Point derived its name from the circumstance of its being the highest point on the old North Carolina railroad.

Kinston was so called in honor of King George III, of England.

Reidsville was named for David S. Reid, a former governor.

Wilson is a namesake of Louis D. Wilson, state senator and officer in the Mexican war.

Aberdeen is one of numerous places in the country named from the city in Scotland.

Asheboro was named for Samuel Ashe, governor of North Carolina, 1795-1798.

Beaufort derived its name from the duke of Beaufort, an early land proprietor.

Bessemer City is one of several places in the country having the name of Sir Henry Bessemer, who invented the process of reducing iron ore.

Carthage, with many other towns in the United States, derived its name, directly or indirectly, from the ancient city in north Africa.

Chapel Hill was named from a colonial chapel of the church of England, built upon a hill.

Dunn derives its name from a prominent resident.

Greensboro and Greenville were named for Gen. Nathaniel Greene, Revolutionary war hero.

Graham was named for Senator William A. Graham, secretary of the navy under President Fillmore.

Henrietta was named for the wife of S. B. Tanner.

Hertford owes its name to Conway, marquis of Hertford.

Leaksville derived its name from a well-known resident.

Lenoir was so called in honor of Gen. William Lenoir, a Revolutionary officer.

Mayodon was given a combination of the name of a prominent resident of Richmond, Virginia, and of the river Dan.

Morehead City was named for John M. Morehead, former governor of the state.

Morganton owes its name to Gen. Daniel Morgan, an officer of the American revolution.

Murfreesboro was named for another Revolutionary officer, Col. Hardy Murfree, for whom Murfreesboro, Tennessee, was also so called.

Plymouth had its name transferred from Plymouth, Massachusetts, which was named from the town of Plymouth, in England, where the Pilgrims were hospitably entertained before emigrating to America.

Ramseur owes its name to Gen. Stephen Ramseur.

Randleman was named for a prominent citizen.

Rutherfordton took its name from Gen. Griffith Rutherford, a noted Indian fighter.

Sanford was named for Colonel Sanford, a civil engineer.

Siler City took its name from a prominent family of the neighborhood.

Smithfield was named in honor of John Smith, a state senator.

Southport derived its name from its situation in the southern part of the state.

Tarboro took its name from Tar river.

Wadesboro was so named in honor of Col. Thomas Wade.

Warrenton owes its name to Gen. Joseph Warren, who fell in the battle of Bunker Hill.

Guilford County Baraca-Philathea Meeting.

On Tuesday evening, November 16, there will be a meeting of the Baraca and Philathea classes of Guilford, which we believe will do much towards strengthening and forwarding this good work in our county.

At the last meeting of the Greensboro city union it was decided to invite all the classes of the county to send delegates to the coming meeting, with a view to organizing a county union. A number of classes have already responded favorably to this invitation, and it is hoped that many other classes that have not yet reported will send delegates to this meeting.

Guilford county is one of the strongest Baraca-Philathea centers in the state, there being 116 classes, representing approximately 3,000 members. More officers of the state organizations reside in Guilford than in any other county, and with the state Baraca-Philathea headquarters located in Greensboro, Guilford has reasons that no other county has why a county union will prove most helpful.

The time of the meeting is Tuesday evening, November 16, at 7:30 o'clock; the place, Centenary Methodist church. Fuller announcement of the program will be made later.

All classes that have not yet done so are urged to appoint delegates at once and send in their names to Mr. A. R. Williams or Miss Lola Long, Greensboro.

To Open Confederate Women's Home.

The Confederate women's home, erected in Fayetteville by the state, will be formally opened Thursday evening, November 18. Governor Craig, with his staff, will be present to make the presentation on behalf of the state. The advisory board of the state division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy and the directors of the home will jointly give a reception to the public on the evening of the opening. The governor and his staff will be in the receiving line.

The directors and advisory board want every chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy in the state to send representatives to the opening and reception, and they take this means of inviting them. No formal invitations will be sent out. All who expect to attend are requested to notify Mrs. E. R. MacKethan, chairman of the hospitality committee, Fayetteville.

Zapata's Army Disbanding.

Zapata's army in southern Mexico is disintegrating rapidly, according to cable advices received by the Carranza agency in Washington. Gen. Pablo Gonzales, marching through Morelos at the head of a large force, is expected to meet with little resistance.

"Three thousand members of Zapata's following surrendered and were given amnesty," said the message, "and for many days groups of soldiers lately in arms have been bringing in their rifles."

Other dispatches told of renewed activity in the petroleum industry.

The Philippine islands produce approximately 10,000,000 gallons of alcohol yearly. Almost all of this is made from the sap of the nipa palm that grows in great abundance in various swamps of the country.

The most famous effort to capture Gibraltar from the English was a siege by the French and Spanish enduring from 1779 until 1782. The rock has been in British hands since 1704.

WIT AND HUMOR.

Not Particular.
"I want a loaf of bread."
"White or graham?"
"Doesn't matter; it's for a blind woman."

The Advantage.
"Money will not take a man to the top, Henderson."
"I know; but it will give him a lot more room at the bottom."

As Usual.
"Here's a drug store."
"What makes you think so?"
"They are serving sandwiches and drinks; and there's shoe polish, tea, coffee, and general merchandise."

Progress.
"Where's that hotel that used to advertise, 'All the Comforts of Home for One Dollar?'"
"Busted up. The hotel opposite put up a sign: 'None of the Discomforts of Home for Two Dollars.'"

A Naval Victory.
Tommy Atkins, meeting a full-bearded Irish tar in the street, said: "Pat, when are you going to place your whiskers on the reserve list?"
"When you place your tongue on the civil list," was the Irish sailor's reply.

A Gentle Hint.
A mother sent this somewhat satirical note to the teacher of her small son:

"Pardon me for calling your attention to the fact that you have pulled Johnnie's right ear until it is getting longer than the other. Please pull his left ear for a while, and oblige his mother."

Explicit.
"Are you of the opinion, James," asked a slim-looking man of his companion, "that Dr. Smith's medicine does any good?"
"Not unless you follow the directions."

"What are the directions?"
"Keep the bottle tightly corked."

Spillshot.
"Young man," said the magistrate severely, "the assault you have committed on your poor wife was most brutal. Do you know of any reason why I should not send you to prison?"
"If you do, your honor," replied the prisoner at the bar, hopefully, "it will break up our honeymoon."

Passed the Test.
"So you want to marry my daughter, eh?" snorted the old man. "Do you consider yourself financially able to do so?"
"Well," replied the suitor, "after a fellow has bought candy and flowers for a girl for a year, and has taken her to the theater twice a week and is still not broke, I guess he can afford to get married."

Driving Him to Drink.
"When we drank from the same canteen," roared the old veteran.

"Grandpa," interposed his granddaughter, "the sentiments of that song are praiseworthy, but I fear they may tend to counteract certain health rules I have been trying to teach little Waldo. Don't you know any songs about sanitary drinking-cups?"

Where Safety Lies.
"I see when a man runs for office he has to put himself in the hands of his friends."

"Yes, my dear."

"If a woman ran would she have to put herself in the hands of her women friends?"

"I suppose so."

"Well, I don't imagine many women will run. Think of taking such chances!"

Aunt's Joy.
"I told you last Sabbath, children," said the Sunday school teacher, "that you should all try to make some one happy during the week. How many of you have?"

"I did," answered a boy promptly.

"That's nice, Johnny. What did you do?"

"I went to see my aunt, and she's always happy when I go home again."

Faultless Logic.
"Ma," remonstrated Bobby, "when I was at grandma's she let me have fruit twice."

"Well, she ought not to have done so, Bobby," said his mother. "I think once is quite enough for little boys. The older you grow, Bobby, the more wisdom you will gain."

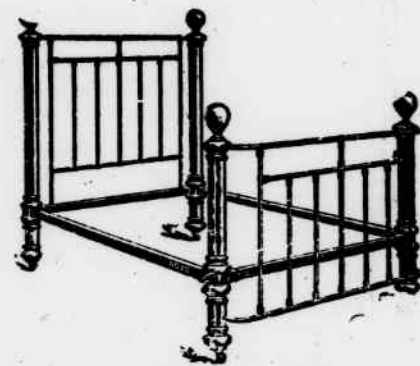
Bobby was silent, but only for a moment.

"Well, ma," he said, "grandma is a good deal older than you are."

The most famous effort to capture Gibraltar from the English was a siege by the French and Spanish enduring from 1779 until 1782. The rock has been in British hands since 1704.

A Blaze of Bargains

That Will Illuminate the Country for Miles
Our Big One Week Remodeling Sale Started Yesterday
And Lasts for One Week---In Order to Give The Carpenters Room to Work



No Sale in recent years has held out the inducements this **BIG BARGAIN WEEK** offers to the people of Greensboro and surrounding country. There never has been, nor is there now, prices to be had that are as low for like

Furniture, Rugs and Housefurnishing Goods

As are prevailing at this **BIG SALE** now going on at this reliable and well-established Furniture Store. Nothing reserved, everything must be sold.

Don't buy a dollar's worth of Furniture, Rugs, Matting, Window Shades or House-Furnishing Goods until you come, examine our stocks and get our prices.



McDuffie's Furniture Store

Next to Odell Hardware Co.

A Few Needed Inventions.

An auto that will run without fuel.
A woman's hat that will never go out of style.

A pair of shoes that will not run over at the heel.
A calendar that will not tell a woman how old she is getting.

A furnace fire that will not make any ashes.
A dollar's worth of street car tickets that will last a month.

A neighbor's lawnmower that will not run before 8 o'clock in the morning.

A dishpan under the icebox that will not run over, no matter how full it gets.

A dinner that will do for seven when three of these have "dropped in" unexpectedly.

An alarm clock that will not go off at 6 o'clock on Sunday morning when one has inadvertently wound it Saturday night.

A device that will induce a dog not to howl at 4 o'clock when one doesn't have to rise until 7.

An auto tire that will not persist in blowing out when the driver has a party of friends out and is wearing his best clothes.

A doorbell that will indicate to the housewife when the caller is an agent who will try to sell her something she does not wish.

A device that will reconcile a working man's wages and the tastes of a millionaire.

Mail Delivery For Active Circle.

Rural free mail delivery in the arctic circle is the latest accomplishment of the Winnipeg postoffice, and letters are beginning to collect at the local postoffice for residents in the "Land of the Midnight Sun."

On November 29 the first of these arctic rural mail carriers will leave Edmonton, Alta. He will go as far north as Fort McPherson, delivering letters to settlers and squatters on the way. He will start by railroad and go by Athabasca Landing, then by stages, horse and cutter, and when the trails get too heavy he will use a dog sled.

On December 29, January 28 and February 25, other mails will leave for various parts of the arctic circle and Herschel Island, headquarters of San Francisco whalers. No letter must weigh more than half an ounce and preference will be given to those registered. If possible newspapers will be taken.

Watch the date on your label.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Pursuant to a decree of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., made in the case of H. M. Vaughan and others vs. Scott Reynolds and others, the undersigned, as commissioner, will on

Wednesday, November 17, 1915, commencing at 12 o'clock, M., sell to the last and highest bidder some valuable real estate, located and fronting on the south side of Fayetteville street, Greensboro, N. C., between Centenary Methodist church on the west, and the Scott Apartments, that is the building proper, on the east. This property has been divided into seven lots, which we will designate as 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7. Lot No. 1 lies just west of and adjacent to an alley on the west side of Scott Apartments proper, and 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 lie west of this in the order of the numbers given; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, each front 20 feet on Fayetteville street and extend back in a southerly westerly direction 90 feet; lot No. 7 fronts 20 feet on Fayetteville street, and extends back the same distance, but the rear end of this lot is a little less than 19 feet in width.

A map of this property may be seen by calling upon the undersigned at his office.

These lots will be sold first separately and then they will be sold as a whole, and the manner of sale in which the greatest sum is realized, will be reported to the court for its action.

The sale will be on the premises.

Terms of sale: This property will be sold on the terms of one-third of the purchase price to be paid in cash, and the balance three months from date of sale, and balance six months from date of sale. The deferred payments to bear interest from date of sale, till paid, at the rate of six per cent per annum, title retained as security for deferred payments.

The parties to whom this property is looked down as being the last and highest bidders, will be required to pay to the undersigned on the day of sale a sum equal to ten per cent of their several and respective bids.

Information with reference to this property and the sale thereof, may be had on application to Messrs. King & Kimball, attorneys, or the undersigned.

This October 13, 1915.

E. P. WHARTON, Commissioner.

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Watch the date on your label.

THE laying hen is the paying hen; all the rest are drags. All that is needed is to get and keep them in good thriving condition. This they must, however, demand their food, and their bodies must more rapidly. Nothing is better than Cal-Sino. Also any poultry that is strong and healthy, gains weight and lays more eggs. Try CAL-SINO BLOOD REMEDY, extra large packages, 10c and 25c.

There are CAL-SINO REMEDIES for various ailments of Horses, Cattle, Swine and Poultry.

J. S. KNIGHT, Stockholder, FINEST DRUG STORE, Greensboro, N. C. J. D. BRADSHAW, Treasurer, J. D. GARNETT & CO., Greensboro, N. C. Dealers write Cal-Sino Co., Baltimore, Md., for proposition.

Subscribe to The Patriot.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Pursuant to the power vested in the mortgagee by virtue of a certain mortgage deed executed by J. D. Chavis and wife, Mattie Carr Chavis, to E. M. Holt on the 18th day of January, 1909, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county, N. C., in book 209, page 542, the undersigned will expose for sale at public auction at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on

Saturday, November 20, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, a certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, in Gilmer township, described as follows:

Beginning at a stake on the north side of East Washington street, 200 feet east from the corner of Washington and Macon streets; thence east with Washington street 55 1-2 feet to a stake on an alley; thence northwardly with said alley 174 feet to a stake in the line of railroad; thence west with the line of said railroad 58 1-2 feet to a stone; thence south parallel with second line about 160 feet to the point of beginning.

Terms of sale: Cash.

This October 18, 1915.

E. M. HOLT, Mortgagee.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

The undersigned having qualified as administrators of the estate of John W. Forbis, deceased, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 14th day of October, 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This October 11, 1915.

J. C. McLEAN, A. A. SHAW, Adms. of John W. Forbis, Dec'd.

C. A. HINES, Attorney.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the estate of Edward A. Tucker, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of October, 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the said estate will please make immediate payment.

This October 5, 1915.

C. P. TUCKER, Executor, of Edward A. Tucker, Dec'd.

CLIFFORD FRAZIER, Atty.

Statement of the Ownership, management, etc., required by the act of August 24, 1912, of The Greensboro Patriot, published semi-weekly at Greensboro, N. C., for October 1, 1915.

Editor, publisher and owner, W. I. Underwood, Greensboro, N. C. Known bondholders, mortgagees and other security holders holding one per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities: R. R. King, Trustee, Greensboro, N. C.; Mergenthaler Linotype Company, New York, N. Y.

W. I. UNDERWOOD, Publisher. Sworn to and subscribed before me this 10th day of November, 1915.

CHAS. A. HINES, Notary Public.

THOMAS C. HOYLE

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Wright Building Greensboro, N. C.

E. V. Taylor J. I. Scales

Taylor & Scales

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW

GREENSBORO, N. C.

OUR SPECIAL OFFER EXTENDED FOR SHORT WHILE

The Great Subscription Proposition of The Patriot is Meeting With Popular Favor.

NOW THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE!

Our special October subscription offer was received with such favor on the part of the public that we have decided to extend for a short while the time in which we will receive subscriptions to The Patriot at the rate of \$1 a year, cash in advance.

Many new subscribers were added to The Patriot's list during October, the number really exceeding our expectation when we first made the special offer. We know there are many more people who would like to take advantage of the offer, and for their benefit we are going to hold the proposition open a little while longer.

No subscription for less than a year will be taken at this special price, nor can we make any clubbing offer at this rate.

We have not reduced the regular subscription price of The Patriot, which is \$1.50 a year, in advance, but make this special offer in order to add a number of new names to our list.

Formerly we have had a soliciting agent in the field during the fall and winter, but so far we have not employed one this season and have decided instead to try the experiment for a while of giving the agent's commission to the subscriber.

If this arrangement appeals to you, and we believe it will, send us \$1 without delay and receive The Patriot twice a week for an entire year.

Don't delay. Send in your subscription today and tell your neighbors about this great offer.

To Old Subscribers.

For the reason that we have never made a subscription offer that did not apply to both old and new subscribers alike, we will, while this offer remains open, accept renewal subscriptions also at the special price of \$1 a year.

CLAIMS HE FIRED FATAL SHOT IN SELF DEFENSE.

John T. Marsh was committed to jail in Marion Tuesday for shooting and killing J. R. Ray at the plant of the Clinchfield Manufacturing Company, where both men were employed. The prisoner made the following statement concerning the tragedy and the events leading up to it:

"Until last August I lived at Paint Rock, where I was postmaster, merchant and railway agent. The trouble between Ray and myself began on the 13th day of August, 1910, when I attempted to kill Ray for the alleged drugging of my wife. Upon her account, I let the matter drop and Ray left to join the army.

"For three years he was away, being stationed at Columbus, Oo., and elsewhere. In 1913 Ray returned and continued to dog my footsteps. In August of this year I left my home at Paint Rock and came to Marion to live, securing employment in the Clinchfield Manufacturing Company's plant. Last week Ray came to visit relatives in the mill community and this morning was given a position as picker hand in the same plant where I had charge of the warehouse room. We both began work at 6 o'clock. At times he would whistle at me through the window and otherwise tantalize me. On my way upstairs to attend to the machinery I was operating I met Ray, who held a picker rod in his hand. Upon his raising the rod I shot him with a Colt's army revolver No. 38."

Marsh is a cripple, having a deformed right hand. He has a wife and six children. Ray formerly was married, having been divorced from his wife some time ago.

Immediately after shooting Ray Marsh went to the office of the plant where he was employed and requested that the sheriff be called in order that he might surrender himself.

100 a Day Die of Cholera.

Cholera has added its terrors to the burdens of Armenian refugees who fled the Tigris and Euphrates valleys to Tabriz, according to meagre advices received in New York by the Presbyterian board of foreign missions and made public this week. One hundred a day is now the average mortality from the scourge in Tabriz alone, these advices state.

Subscribe to The Patriot

EVERY DAY ADDS TO PERIL OF SERBIAN ARMIES.

Every day, every hour, adds to the peril of the Serbian armies, which are fighting desperately to hold back the Austro-Germans, pressing them from the north and the Bulgarians, invading their country from the east, until the assistance their allies are sending can reach them.

The Bulgarians have extended their grip on the Belgrade-Saloniki Railway north and south of Nish, and have occupied Leskovac, south of the captured capital, and Aleksinac, to the north. At the latter point they are in close touch with the German army, which, after occupying Krusevac, extended its left wing as far as Djunis, on the left bank of the Bulgarian Morava.

The Austro-Germans, advancing southward, are making progress except in the west, where they are being held by the Montenegrins. The invading forces are now reaching the most difficult part of Serbia, the mountainous region, where the natives, knowing every hill and gully, can offer the strongest resistance. The Austrians and Germans, however, are plentifully supplied with mountain guns, with which they expect to drive the defenders from their fastnesses.

In the south the ever growing strength of the French and British forces is beginning to tell. They are carrying on an energetic offensive against the Bulgarians; have managed to keep the railroad clear as far as Veles and are barring the Bulgarians' route to Monastir.

While it will be some time before the Germans can sufficiently repair the northern end of the railway for the transport of troops and munitions, their successes have enabled them to send supplies to the Bulgarians and Turks by the Danube as far as Nikopolis, from which point they can be sent by rail to Sofia and Constantinople.

No Change in Greece's Attitude.

There is no change in the attitude of Greece, although it is considered significant that at the moment that Bulgaria has again protested against the hospitality accorded to the allied troops at Saloniki the Greek government has applied to the allies for financial assistance—an application which is receiving favorable consideration.

The Greek government also has renewed to the allies an expression of its firm determination to maintain neutrality and of its sincere good will toward the entente powers.

Italian Liner Sunk.

The Italian liner Ancona has been sunk by a large submarine flying the Austrian colors. She carried 422 passengers and 60 in the crew. Two hundred and seventy survivors, some of them wounded, have been landed at Bizeta.

For several months before Italy's entrance in the war, the Ancona was engaged in carrying home Italian reservists from this country and supplies for the Italian government.

Belgians Grateful to United States.

New York, Nov. 9.—"The gratitude of Belgium toward America is pathetic," declared Herbert C. Hoover today just before he sailed for Brussels by way of Rotterdam. Hoover is chairman of the commission for relief in Belgium.

"The people in Louvain have renamed a public square 'The United States' and President Wilson's name appears on many streets in Belgium."

Hoover said that the greatest need in Belgium just now is clothing.

"All the clothing that goes to Belgium now must be new," he said.

"That is due to new sanitary regulations. The Belgians just now need about \$5,000,000 worth of clothing."

Over 7,000,000 Bales Ginned.

A census cotton report issued by the government this week showed 7,384,871 bales ginned from the 1915 crop to November 1, counting round as half bales, against 9,826,912 for 1914. Round bales included this year totalled 69,204 against 23,182 for 1914. The ginning yield by states follows:

Alabama, 727,368; Arkansas, 444,908; Florida, 40,389; Georgia, 1,431,290; Louisiana, 272,375; Mississippi, 584,069; North Carolina, 408,055; Oklahoma, 171,229; South Carolina, 772,481; Tennessee, 148,869; Texas, 2,345,566; all other states, 40,267.

Minister Shot to Death.

Rev. George Sweatt, a Wesleyan Methodist minister, was shot and killed by an unknown assailant Monday night near Hamlet, says a special from that place. He was driving out from Hamlet to his home, some miles distant, alone. A Mr. Batchelor and a negro driver who had been stopped by a man at the point where the body was found with a bullet through the heart, on hearing shots, returned and made the find. The coroner has begun an investigation but has made no report.

BRITISH RULE IN INDIA CONFRONTED BY UNREST.

Earl Kitchener's ultimate mission during his mysterious absence from the British war office is said by confidential information received in Washington to be India, where, according to the same information, British rule is confronted with a more serious state of unrest than has generally been known outside of British official circles.

Through the thick veil the British censorship has thrown about the events in India and Egypt comes a statement that Nawab, Sultan Ul Mulk, the nizam of Hyderabad, one of the most influential of the native princes, and a staunch supporter of the British, has been deposed by his people.

This development coming as one of the climaxes to successive reports of mutinies and unrest, many of which have been admitted by the British government, is said to be the leading reason for Earl Kitchener's departure from England.

It has been officially announced that the head of the British war office was on his way to the theater of operations in the near east, which has been generally interpreted as meaning the Balkans.

Information reaching the United States, however, through channels not subject to censorship is to the effect that it is well known in London among those close to the government that while Earl Kitchener may stop in the Balkans to co-ordinate the efforts of the allied forces, his ultimate destination is not only India, but Egypt as well, where the British gateway to Asia now is menaced by the Teutonic-Bulgarian-Turk successes in the Balkans. Coupled with repeated rumors of activities of German agents fomenting discontent among the native population of India have come reports of disaffection in Egypt, also ascribed to the same sources.

And No Wonder!

Joseph attended school in one of the larger cities of the Central states. One day, having vexed his room teacher by misconduct, he was sent into the hall to wait until she had time to correct him. One of his departmental instructors came along, and seeing him in the hall, said "Joseph, you mustn't be loitering in the halls. Go to your room and report to your teacher!" Joseph raised his hand to explain, but she said, "Put your hand down and go into your room at once!"

Joseph had just slipped into his seat when his room teacher saw him. "Joseph, I sent you into the hall to remain until I came. What are you doing in here?" Joseph raised his hand to explain. "Put your hand down and go into the hall at once!"

Joseph returned to the hall, but again met his department instructor. "Joseph, I thought I sent you to your room!" she exclaimed. "Either go into your room or down into the yard."

The room teacher, going into the hall a few minutes later, could not find Joseph. Thinking he had gone to the yard, she followed him. "I told you to remain in the hall until I came!" she angrily exclaimed. "You may go and report to the principal." Joseph again raised his hand to explain. "Put your hand down and go to the principal at once!"

The principal was quite busy and did not wish to be bothered, so when Joseph opened the door, she said, "Well, Joseph, have you been a bad boy again? Go to your room and behave yourself!" Again Joseph raised his hand to explain. Put your hand down," she said, "and go to your room at once and behave, as I told you."

Joseph, who was in tears by this time, did not go to his room, but went instead to that of the primary teacher, who was quite a friend of his. "Why, Joseph, what is the matter?" asked his friend.

Dashing the tears from his eyes, he said, "I'm disgusted—being made a fool of by them teachers!"—The Youth's Companion.

Between the Lines.

Hamilton Fish, Jr., told a war story at a smoker at the officers' training camp in Plattsburg.

"Two brothers, Russians," he said, "were captured in the Karpathians and sent to a prison camp in Germany."

"Their mother heard nothing from them for a long while, and the poor woman was nearly distracted. Then, at last she got a letter, a letter from the elder brother, Piotr."

"Dear mother," he wrote, "here I am in the lovely German prison camp. I have a beautiful room, with use of bath. The bed is comfortable, clean sheets every week. Good food and plenty of it. Beer to drink and cigars to smoke. I am very happy."

"Piotr."

"P. S.—Brother Ivan was shot this morning for complaining."

DOMESTIC SCIENCE CLASS SERVES NICE LUNCHEON.

Eight members of the domestic science class of the Pomona high school—Misses Minnie May Osborne, Louise Phillips, Ava Hobson, Sarah Boren, Vella Hardin, Annie Lee Bergman, Hassie Johnson and May Hardin—gave a three-course luncheon yesterday to the members of the high school faculty, members of the local school board and other school officials. Those partaking of the hospitality were Prof. W. G. Sneed and Misses Essie Hunter, Helen Thompson and Gertrude Clement, of the Pomona high school; W. C. Leach, Prof. J. H. Beach and E. J. Forney, of the Normal College; County Superintendent Thomas R. Foust and his office assistant, Miss Cary A. Anthony; Mr. G. S. Boren, Mrs. W. G. Sneed and Miss Alma Sneed.

The menu served was: Tomato soup, chicken croquettes, peas, potato chips, apple and celery salad, lemon pie, coffee and mints.

The guests were very much pleased at the fine style in which the dishes were served, together with their splendid quality and flavor. This work is under the direction of Mrs. J. W. Patton, of Elon College. It will be remembered that Mrs. Patton did splendid work along this line while principal of the South Buffalo school last year and her exhibit at the county commencement was much admired. This year Mrs. Patton has charge of the domestic science work in Morehead township, having classes at four of the schools. The class at Pomona numbers about fifty, and judging from the meal served yesterday, the girls are being well trained along this important line of homemaking.

Policeman Plays Heroic Role.

New York, Nov. 9.—Swinging by his heels from a window forty feet above the street, Police Sergeant Patrick Gunn early today rescued Edward Smith and his wife, Anna, in a fire that destroyed a four story boarding house.

Gunn ran to the fourth floor of an adjoining building when the Smiths shouted that they were trapped. Two men clung to his feet as he swung out of the window across the intervening space. Smith passed his wife to the sergeant, who gripped her by the arms till the men behind drew them into the window. In the same way Smith was carried to safety.

Judge Whedbee For Congress.

Judge H. W. Whedbee, Pitt county's contribution to the Superior court bench, is being talked as a congressional possibility. It is said that his name is being frequently mentioned as a candidate against Congressman Small in the first district, where the Greenville jurist is at home and a prophet distinctly with honor.

Lost, Strayed, or Stolen

A Hound Dog, a little above medium size, with tan ears, body of dog mingled with small spots—black, blue, white and tan—making him almost a roan color. Any information as to this dog will be well rewarded.

W. C. Fleming

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Following are a few of the many good sales made on our floor recently:

J. L. Andrews 243 pounds for \$34.25. Best prices—50 at \$12.50; 46 at \$12.25; 95 at \$16; 30 at \$16.50.	R. F. Gentry 340 pounds for \$46.40. Best prices—80 at \$12.75; 64 at \$14.50; 32 at \$16; 60 at \$14; 24 at \$16.
W. H. Paisley 372 pounds for \$49.80. Best prices—90 at \$12; 70 at \$11.75; 114 at \$18.50; 40 at \$20.50.	Parrish & Deboe 676 pounds for \$86.40. Best prices—280 at \$15; 80 at \$16.
W. G. Smith 768 pounds for \$90.47. Best prices—152 at \$11.75; 170 at \$13.50; 82 at \$14; 16 at \$17.50; 198 at \$11.25.	Henry Moore 482 pounds for \$62.99. Prices, 134 at \$11; 180 at \$11.25; 112 at \$15.50; 56 at \$19.
H. L. Smith 460 pounds for \$55.18. Best prices—172 at \$11.25; 35 at \$13; 100 at \$14.25; 20 at \$15.50; 28 at \$17.	J. R. Elliott 594 pounds for \$67.14. Best prices—146 at \$11.75; 106 at \$13.75; 162 at \$13.25.
Alexander & Richmond 237 pounds for \$30.18. Best prices—20 at \$25; 36 at \$17; 22 at \$16; 35 at \$14; 32 at \$12.	J. S. Clapp 1,300 pounds for \$163.06. Best prices—200 at \$12.25; 160 at \$14.50; 116 at \$15; 34 at \$20; 80 at \$17.50; 224 at \$15.50.
W. R. Roberson 454 pounds for \$56.37. Best prices—180 at \$12.50; 74 at \$13; 100 at \$14.25; 100 at \$16.	W. A. Wyrick 200 pounds for \$29.85. Best prices—80 at \$13.25; 94 at \$15.50; 26 at \$18.
Mrs. R. A. Sockwell 452 pounds for \$61.46. Best prices—136 at \$13.75; 72 at \$14.25; 76 at \$14.50; 82 at \$16.	C. T. Weatherly 516 pounds for \$61.57. Best prices—220 at \$14.25; 40 at \$14.75; 74 at \$18.
	J. H. Coble 208 pounds for \$30.55. Best prices—50 at \$12.25; 60 at \$14.50; 62 at \$15.50; 36 at \$17.

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