

# THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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## NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

INTEREST TO THE  
READERS OF THE PATRIOT  
FAR A

**Thieves Bailed.**—The night of Saturday night made an attempt to enter Crawford & Rees' clothing store, but were unable to break through the rear door, which was securely bolted.

**Track Meet.**—In the first track meet of the season at Guilford College Friday afternoon Guilford won from Elon College by the score of 54 to 43. Guilford took six of the 11 first places in the following events: 100-yard dash, 100-yard hurdle, shot put, 220-yard dash, hammer throw, 140-yard dash, pole vault, half mile run, high jump, broad jump, one-mile run.

**Want Wider Street.**—The property owners on Asheboro street want the driveway of that street widened to a uniform width of 33 feet and will present a petition to this effect to the city commissioners tomorrow. This improvement is desired on account of the heavy traffic on the street. Asheboro is one of the streets designated to be paved in the near future and the property owners want the street widened before this work is done.

**Baseball Banquet.**—Baseball club owners and directors and newspaper sport writers of the North Carolina League were the guests of Mr. Arthur Lyon, of High Point, president of the league, at a very enjoyable banquet at Clegg's hotel Thursday night. Mr. W. G. Bramham, president of the Durham club, acted as toastmaster, and it is needless to say that, aside from the eating, nothing but baseball talk was indulged in.

**Guilford Commencement.**—It is announced that the annual sermon to the graduating class of Guilford College will be preached at 11 o'clock Sunday morning, May 30, by Rev. P. Walter Grabs, pastor of the Moravian church at Bethania. The graduating exercises will take place Tuesday, June 1, and the baccalaureate address will be delivered by Dr. Rufus M. Jones, of the faculty of Haverford College, Haverford, Pa.

**Surprise Marriage.**—Mr. G. C. Goodman and Miss Addie Crowder were married last Thursday night at the home of Rev. S. M. Rankin, who performed the ceremony. The young couple succeeded in keeping their matrimonial intentions secret and the announcement of their marriage came as a distinct surprise to their friends. Mr. Goodman is a well known young man of the city and holds a position in the office of the North Carolina Public Service Company. His bride is the adopted daughter of Register of Deeds and Mrs. Rankin and for the past few years has been employed in the office of the register of deeds, where she has made many friends.

**Forgot to Register.**—Mr. J. Henry Phipps, one of the candidates for the nomination for commissioner of public safety in the approaching city primary to be held April 26, has been so busy during the past few weeks looking after his political fences and seeing that his friends were registered that he forgot the important matter of registering himself as a candidate, and therefore his name will not appear on the ticket. Under a provision of the city charter the time in which a candidate may file his official declaration closed Friday evening, and it was Saturday morning when Mr. Phipps went up to the city hall to file his notice and deposit the \$5 required by law. It goes without saying that Mr. Phipps and his friends are sorely disappointed.

**Gets Good Position.**—Mr. E. G. Sherrill has been appointed to a clerkship in the office of the secretary of state at Raleigh and enters upon the duties of the position today. He is appointed to fill a vacancy created by the death of Mr. George W. Norwood a few weeks ago. Mr. Sherrill is chairman of the Guilford county Democratic executive committee and for the past two years has held a position in the house of representatives at Washington. Recently he was appointed tax assessor for Guilford county and was familiarizing himself with the work of the position when notified of his appointment to the clerkship in the office of the secretary of state. It is expected that the state tax commission will name his successor as tax assessor within the next few days. Mr. Sherrill's family will remain in Greensboro for the present.

**Poultry Club.**—A boys' and girls' poultry club has been organized at Guilford College by a number of the young people of the community who are interested in breeding standard poultry. The officers of the club are: John Gurney Frazier, Jr., president; Norman Fox, vice president; Miss Alma Ward, secretary. The club was organized under the direction of Mr. E. H. Anderson, the county farm demonstration agent, and is proposed to organize similar clubs at other places in the county.

**Ask For Relief.**—A committee from the Greensboro Merchants' Association appeared before the city commissioners Friday afternoon and asked that the merchants of the city be relieved of the burden of paying license taxes. The merchants feel that they bear an unequal share of the burden of taxation and think they are entitled to such relief as the city officials can give them. The commissioners took the matter under advisement. It is stated that the license taxes paid by Greensboro merchants amount to approximately \$14,000 a year.

**Street Paving Contract.**—The city commissioners have awarded to R. G. Lassiter, of Oxford, the contract for approximately 75,000 square yards of street paving at a cost of \$87,350, the work to be done during the spring and summer. The paving is to be of asphalt; laid on a concrete or macadam foundation. The following streets are to be paved: East Market from the railroad to Elm street, West Market from Elm to Tate street, Asheboro from Fayetteville street to the city limits, Walker avenue from Ashe to Mendenhall street, and North Elm from the termination of the brick paving to the city limits. Mr. Lassiter has done a good deal of street paving for the city in the past and his work has been satisfactory.

## SPRING SESSION OF ORANGE PRESBYTERY.

The spring session of Orange Presbytery, which was held in High Point last week, adjourned Thursday night. There was a large attendance of ministers and laymen and a number of visitors were present from outside the bounds of the presbytery.

The closing session Thursday night was devoted to a consideration of the Sunday school interests of the church and was presided over by Rev. Dr. Melton Clark, of Greensboro. Short talks on various phases of Sunday school work were made by a number of delegates and the conference was closed with an address by Rev. Dr. Neal R. Anderson, of Winston-Salem.

The following commissioners were named to represent Orange Presbytery at the Southern Presbyterian General Assembly, which is to meet in Newport News, Va., in May: Principals—Rev. Melton Clark, D. D., Rev. E. C. Murray, D. D., and A. T. Whitsett, of Greensboro; Rev. H. S. Bradshaw, of Hillsboro; Dr. F. P. Venable, of Chapel Hill, and J. M. Rogers, of Winston-Salem.

Alternates—Rev. R. Murphy Williams, Prof. T. R. Foust and R. C. Strudwick, of Greensboro; Rev. C. W. Robinson and J. S. White. A commission appointed by the presbytery met Friday morning, and after the usual examination, ordained E. W. Thompson, of Glade Valley, to the work of the ministry. The members of the commission were: Rev. W. T. D. Moss, the moderator; Rev. S. M. Rankin, Rev. W. A. Daniel, Rev. C. P. Coble, E. A. Snow and David Thompson.

**Thaw Ordered Back to Matteawan.**—New York, April 16.—Harry Kendall Thaw was ordered back to the state hospital for the criminal insane at Matteawan today by the appellate division for the New York Supreme court.

In an opinion concurred in by all the justices, the court affirmed the denial by Supreme Court Justice Page of a motion to return Thaw to the jurisdiction of the state of New Hampshire, whence he was extradited to stand trial for conspiring to escape from the Matteawan asylum and ruled that the original order committing him to the institution was still valid.

Plans are being formulated to take the case to the state court of appeals. A decision adverse to Thaw came as a great surprise to his counsel. The order carried with it the provision that Thaw could not be taken from New York county until five days have elapsed.

## COL. A. B. ANDREWS DEAD AFTER BRIEF ILLNESS.

Col. A. B. Andrews, first vice president of the Southern Railway Company and one of North Carolina's first citizens, died Saturday night at his home in Raleigh. He had been suffering from a severe cold for several days and Friday night had a chill, which developed into an attack of acute pneumonia. The funeral will be held from the Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd, in Raleigh, this afternoon at 4.30 o'clock.

Col. Andrews was in the seventy-fourth year of his age, having been born in Franklin county July 23, 1841. He received only a common school education. He entered the Confederate army as second lieutenant, first North Carolina cavalry; was wounded twice and was a captain at the close of the war. After that he engaged in railroad work and in 1869 was superintendent of the Raleigh and Gaston Railway, which afterwards was converted into part of the Seaboard. He occupied official position with a number of railroads in this state and Georgia, in 1892 going to the Richmond and Danville Railroad as third vice president, later second vice president, being finally general agent of the receivers. When the road became the Southern Railway he was made first vice president and had held that position since, being president of a number of smaller roads belonging to the Southern. His greatest constructive work in North Carolina was the building of the Western North Carolina railroad about 1870.

Col. Andrews' aggressive and forceful personality at times brought upon him sharp criticism by enemies necessarily made, but he was remarkably popular and greatly admired by all who came in close personal contact with him and the many thousands who realized the great usefulness and real purpose and achievements of this man of affairs and sterling Christian gentleman.

Col. Andrews is survived by his widow, four sons and a daughter. He leaves an estate estimated to be worth about half a million dollars.

## SICK JUROR CAUSES MISTRIAL IN DAMAGE SUIT.

The damage suit of James A. Zachary, administrator of Herbert Burgess, against the Southern Railway Company, which was taken up in the Superior court Wednesday afternoon, resulted in a mistrial when one of the jurors became ill Friday afternoon. The jury had been considering the evidence for several hours and had found as a fact that the plaintiff was entitled to recover damages when the sudden illness of Mr. J. C. Strader put an end to the deliberations. Judge Lyon ordered a mistrial and continued the case for a hearing at a future term of court.

The action was brought to recover \$25,000 damages for the death of Herbert Burgess, an employee of the Southern, at Selma on April 29, 1910. The case was heard at the February, 1911, term of court and the plaintiff given a verdict for \$2,000. The verdict was affirmed by the Supreme court of North Carolina, whereupon it was carried by the Southern on appeal to the Supreme court of the United States. The highest court in the land held that the case should have been brought under the federal employers' liability act and remanded the case to the Superior court of Guilford county for trial.

## Government Will Make Full Answer.

Washington, April 16.—With almost a month in which to prepare for the next appearance in court, counsel for the government in the injunction proceedings against treasury officials brought by the Riggs National Bank laid plans today to make full answer to all charges set forth in the complaint.

Justice McCoy, in the District of Columbia Supreme court, today set May 12 as the date when the government must answer charges that Secretary McAdoo and Comptroller of the Currency Williams have conspired to wreck the bank. Counsel for the government asked for a postponement and counsel for the bank said they were ready to proceed at any time.

The bank's suit was discussed at length at today's cabinet meeting. Attorney General Gregory said later no new steps by the government had been decided on.

It was indicated that the administration would stand behind the treasury officials.

## SCHOOLS MAKE FINE SHOWING

### COUNTY COMMENCEMENT SATURDAY WAS AN EVENT OF REAL INSPIRATION.

The commencement of the white public schools of Guilford county, which was held at the Central Carolina fair grounds Saturday, was an occasion of deep interest and real inspiration. Everything conspired to the success of the day. The weather was ideal, the attendance large and the exercises of a high order. Men, women and children were present from every section of the county, the size of the crowd being conservatively estimated at 4,000 or more.

The formal exercises began with the parade around the race track, which presented a magnificent spectacle. The line of march reached almost around the track, which is half a mile in length. The parade was headed by the Whitsett band and then came the members of the county board of education, district school committeemen, seventh grade graduates, high school pupils, members of the girls' tomato clubs and the schools by townships.

Prizes to the schools making the best appearance in the parade were awarded as follows: Pomona high school, first prize; Guilford College graded school, second; South Buffalo, third. The Bessemer and Glendale schools were given special mention for their good appearance and exhibition of school spirit.

Following the parade, the seventh grade graduating exercises took place in the poultry building, the feature of chief interest being the finals in the declamation and recitation contests. County Superintendent Foust presided and the invocation was delivered by Rev. Dr. C. W. Byrd.

The declaimers and reciters, who had been chosen at the elimination contests Friday night, were: Declaimers—John Webb Cannon, of Monroe township, whose subject was "Devotion to Duty"; Clyde Hargrey, Jamestown township, "The Minute Men of '76"; Scott Osborne, Morehead township, "The New South"; reciters—Miss Gertrude Wheeler, Friendship township, "Curfew Must Not Ring Tonight"; Miss Nellie Smith, Jamestown township, "Miss Angelina Johnson"; Miss Florence Smith, Madison township, "High Culture in Dixie."

John Webb Cannon was awarded the medal in the declamation contest and Miss Gertrude Wheeler received the medal for the best recitation. The judges were: Rev. Dr. C. W. Byrd, Dr. W. T. Whitsett and Mr. John C. Kennett. The declaimer's medal was presented by Dr. Whitsett and the reciter's by Dr. Byrd.

The diplomas for the seventh grade graduates—about 200 in number—were presented by Dr. J. L. Mann, superintendent of the Greensboro schools, in a brief and happy speech.

## Athletic Events.

During the progress of the seventh grade graduating exercises pupils of the Proximity and White Oak school gave a May pole dance in front of the grandstand. This was followed by a basket ball game between girls of the Jamestown and Pleasant Garden high schools, the Pleasant Garden girls winning by the score of 10 to 8.

By no means the least enjoyable feature of the day was the picnic dinner. It seemed that every family represented in the throng of people had furnished a huge basket of eatables, and there was enough and more to satisfy the appetite of every person in the great crowd.

In the afternoon a large crowd assembled in the grandstand and witnessed the athletic events. The participants in the various events, the winners, etc., were as follows:

100-yard dash—William L. Gorrell, of Clay township, first; Sanford Bond, Bruce, second; John Underwood, Monroe, third. Winner's time, 10 4-5 seconds.

Running high jump—Raymond Stafford, Morehead, first, five feet two inches; Avery Johnson, High Point, second, five feet; William L. Gorrell, Clay, third, four feet 11 inches.

Girls' potato race, 10 potatoes one yard apart—Annie Dameron, Madison, first; George Newman, Sumner, second; Gertrude Loman, Monroe third. Winner's time, 35 seconds.

220-yard dash—Stacy Calhoun, Bruce, first, 26 3-5 seconds; Chester Dodson, Gilmer, second, 26 4-5 seconds; Reuben Rudd, Monroe, third, 27 1-5 seconds.

## STANDING BROAD JUMP—CHESTER DODSON, GILMER, FIRST, EIGHT FEET TWO AND ONE-HALF INCHES; ELBY JOHNSON, MOREHEAD, SECOND, EIGHT FEET TWO AND ONE-HALF INCHES; JOHN PARKER, THIRD, EIGHT FEET ONE AND ONE-HALF INCHES. DODSON AND JOHNSON TIED FOR FIRST PLACE AND THREE EXTRA JUMPS WERE GIVEN TO DECIDE THE EVENT, DODSON WINNING.

Girls' relay race, four girls, each team running 75 yards, no time taken—Morehead township team, Maggie Heritage, Edith Bosher, Pauline Coltrane and Ruby Orrel, first; Monroe team, Violet Albright, Dolle Barker, Ruth Loman, second.

Boys' relay race, four boys to team, each team running 220 yards, time, one minute, 57 seconds—Gilmer, Cannon, Murchison, Russell Allred, Lawrence Allred and Macon Rice, first; Bruce, Clay Brown, Waldo Doggett, Stacy Calhoun and Sanford Bond, second; Morehead, Elby Johnson, Raymond Stafford, Frederick Summers and John Fowler, third.

## YOUTH THREATENED TO KILL VINCENT ASTOR.

New York, April 16.—Accused of threatening to kill Vincent Astor if he should refuse a demand for \$500, John Mariella, a youth of 19, was arrested at the Grand Central terminal today on complaint of Mr. Astor's business agent, William A. Dobbey.

Mariella was taken to police headquarters where it was said he admitted having sent two letters to the young millionaire, containing death threats and demands for money. He admitted according to the police that if he had not been arrested he would have attempted to carry out his threat.

In addition to a charge of attempted extortion, a charge of violating the law forbidding the carrying of concealed weapons was made against him.

According to Dobbey the first letter contained the demand for \$500 and stated that unless it was forthcoming the young millionaire would be killed. No attention was paid until the second letter was received, when Dobbey notified the police and plans were made to trap the man.

Detectives followed Dobbey to the Grand Central station, where Mariella, in response to a prearranged signal, approached Dobbey and asked if he had the \$500. The police officers then arrested Mariella after a struggle in which the man tried to draw a revolver.

Mariella at police headquarters said that his father was an east Side baker and that two weeks ago he had run away from home with \$275 of his father's money. He spent it in seeing the sights, he said, and he thought he had found an easy way to get more. No one else, he said, was concerned in the plot.

## Girl Comes From Germany to Marry.

Asheville, April 16.—A romance which was rudely interrupted by the outbreak of the war in Europe and the internment of the big German liner, Vaterland, will have a happy ending April 26, when Harold H. K. Reimers, conductor of the Ritz-Carlton orchestra playing for the season at a local hotel and formerly a member of the orchestra of the Vaterland, claims for his bride Frauline Mimi Haug, who is making a 3,000-mile trip from her home in Hamburg, Germany, to Asheville to reach her betrothed. Herr Reimers, just prior to the outbreak of the war in Europe, was transferred from the Hohenzollern, the private yacht of Kaiser William II, to the Vaterland. All plans had been made for the wedding when the Vaterland should return to Hamburg, but these plans were upset by the internment of the vessel in New York harbor.

Frauline Haug will reach New York April 20, where she will be met by friends, and will arrive at Asheville April 22 and will be the guest of Alderman S. Sternberg and family. The wedding has been set for April 26, and the ceremony will be performed by the pastor of the local Lutheran church, Rev. William P. Peters.

**Taft and Teddy Shake.**—Ex-Presidents Roosevelt and Taft were honorary pall-bearers at the funeral of Prof. Lounsbury, of Yale University, last week. It is said it was the first time the two had met since the presidential campaign of 1912. They shook hands, but the greeting was purely formal.

## TURKISH TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYED BY BRITISH.

A Turkish torpedo boat which attempted to interfere with preparations against the Dardanelles and Asia Minor, by attacking the British transport Manitou, was driven aground on the coast of Chios Saturday and destroyed by the British cruiser Minerva and British torpedo boat destroyers.

Yesterday the British submarine E-15 ran aground in the Dardanelles and the members of the crew were made prisoners by the Turks.

In the Carpathians there has been fighting, but no battle to be compared with those which the arrival of spring brought to a close. The Austrians report that they have repulsed Russian attacks southeast of Lupkow pass, inflicting heavy losses on their adversaries, but elsewhere comparative calm prevails.

According to the latest reports the Austrians, who were passing over Italian territory, actually fired upon Italian troops, who repulsed them, and in return penetrated into Austrian territory.

The sinking of the Greek steamer Ellipsantos by a submarine off the Dutch coast is likely to bring about friction between the Greek and German governments.

## British Troops Defeat Turks.

The British India troops have inflicted another defeat on the Turks in the vicinity of Shaiba, Mesopotamia, although with a considerable loss to themselves, their casualties being about 700. The report says that after clearing the Turks out of their position north and west of Shaiba last Tuesday, the British on Wednesday continued their offensive toward Zobeir, four miles south of the Shaiba fort.

The Turks were driven out of the advanced position and the British attack then was directed against their main line near the Birjisiyah wood.

"Here," says the report, "the enemy, whose strength is estimated at least 15,000 men, including six regular battalions with six guns, had occupied a series of well-concealed trenches, from which they were able to direct a heavy rifle fire on our troops."

"Nevertheless our attack drove the enemy out of his trenches at the point of the bayonet and the whole line on his position was finally captured, though not without heavy loss to our side."

"The casualties are believed to amount to 700 men of all ranks. On the other hand, the Turks were so severely handled that they retired to Nakhalah, 19 miles northwest of Zobeir."

## Investigating Japanese Activity.

While not crediting reports that Japan had established a naval base at Turtle Bay, Lower California, United States officials have instituted an investigation with the idea of learning exactly what use the belligerent warships were making of Mexican territorial waters.

Secretary Daniels telegraphed Rear Admiral Howard, of the Pacific fleet, the substance of the published stories and asked him to ascertain whether there was any foundation for them. Secretary Bryan will communicate the reports to consuls in Lower California with a request for any facts that may bear on the subject.

Commander Nomura, naval attaché of the Japanese embassy, called informally on navy department officials and assured them there was no truth in the reports. He is understood to have explained that the presence of the Japanese warships was due entirely to the accident to the cruiser Asama, which ran aground there recently.

The fact that British colliers were assisting the Japanese warships convinced high officials that there could be no foundation for the idea that any movement was afoot to establish a permanent base.

**Sees Cheaper Coal.**—Secretary of the Navy Daniels thinks the operation of the proposed Alaskan Railway probably will solve the whole problem of getting cheap coal for the navy's vessels and establishments on the Pacific. He says that the department shipped annually about 100,000 tons of coal from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast at a freight rate of \$7 to \$8 a ton. When the Alaskan road is able to haul coal it is estimated that the navy will save \$800,000 annually on freight.





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### POSSIBILITY OF RAIDING LONDON FROM THE AIR.

The zeppelin's capacity for red ruin has become a joke in British military circles, and London's sleep is no longer disturbed by nightmares. Therefore the threat of a raid in the late summer which now comes from Constance will hardly be taken seriously, although it is known that the German factories have been busy of late upon new designs that call for armored dreadnoughts of the air, equipped to carry a greatly increased store of explosives, besides guns for defence against aeroplanes. It happens that there is confirmation of the story emanating from Constance in the report of "a neutral man of business with wide connections in Germany" which is printed in the London Times.

This inquirer had an interview with an inventor in Düsseldorf who holds a patent for the manufacture of "a special article" used by zeppelins. The inventor admitted that the great dirigibles had been a disappointment, but chiefly for the reason that "the English authorities have not sent out any news about the meteorological conditions round the British Isles since war began. Nevertheless, fifteen to eighteen zeppelins of 'a greatly improved model' were being constructed, and sheds for a base in Belgium were begun 'long ago.' London would be the objective of a raid by a large fleet of these ships, 'quite regardless of possible losses.' The inventor finished by saying:

"If the war lasts another year I should not advise you to remain in London, but if you do, remember my warning. Personally I do not think there will be any zeppelin raids on London before late in the summer."

Technical details were naturally not given, and if the report has any value it is because one business man was speaking to an old associate with a friendly interest in him. It is significant that the inventor seemed to pin his faith in the success of the contemplated raid to improvements planned in the airships under construction. He did not deny that meteorological difficulties still remained, and the inference is that the Germans, if they hazard a fleet raid upon London, will consult the almanac and select a season of tranquil and clear weather. What they expect to accomplish of strategic importance by dropping even as much as two tons of explosives from each zeppelin into the great city of London is a question that military men would probably not find difficult. It may be conjectured that the demand for a concerted attack upon London comes from the kaiser, rather than from the general staff, and that Count Zeppelin, piqued by his failures in the past, is eager to lead a raid and redeem himself.—New York Sun.

### World's Bible Congress.

The American Bible Society announces that it has accepted the proposal of the Panama-Pacific exposition to hold in San Francisco a world's Bible congress. The date has been fixed for August 1-4 and President Wilson has accepted the honorary presidency. The actual president will be James Wood, president of the society.

Among the church dignitaries who will participate are the Patriarch of Constantinople of the Eastern Orthodox-Greek church; the bishop of Nicaea, the bishop of Sardes, the bishop of Seleucia, Rev. Dr. Abraham Kuyper, of Holland; Prof. B. B. Warfield, of Princeton Seminary; Prof. Giovanni Luzzi, of Florence; agents of the Bible society in Constantinople, China and Siam; translators of the Bible into Spanish, Portuguese and Italian, and missionaries from many fields.

### Speech Without End.

The self-made millionaire who had endowed the school had been invited to make the opening speech at the commencement exercises, says the Kansas City Star.

He had not often had a chance of speaking before the public and he was resolved to make the most of it. He dragged his address out most tiresomely repeating the same thought over and over. Unable to stand it any longer, a couple of boys in the rear of the room slipped out. A coachman who was waiting outside asked them if the millionaire had finished his speech.

"Gee, yes!" replied the boys, "but he won't stop."

### Make Good Work Possible.

You cannot do good work while your bowels are sluggish or your liver torpid. Wm. O. E. Bielke, Mgr. Scott hotel, Hancock, Mich., says: "I gave Foley Cathartic Tablets a thorough trial, and find them a mild but safe cathartic." Foley Cathartic Tablets never gripe or cause nausea. They do away with that drowsy, dull, tired feeling and are wholesome, cleansing and healthful. Most satisfactory for stout persons. Conyers & Sykes.

### JAPAN HEEDS WISHES OF THE UNITED STATES.

The part the United States is playing in the Far East is taking on larger proportions. It has been evident for some time that both China and Japan are seeking to discuss the situation with the United States much more freely than when the issues first came to the attention of this government. Japan, at the outset discouraged China from communicating with any other government, but it was not long before China began to disregard the Japanese admonition.

It is understood that Japan has been departing somewhat from the narrow limits at first set by her, and the conversations of the ambassador with Secretary of State Bryan are no longer confined to reiterations of Japan's first assurance that there was nothing in the demands made on China which affected the interest or infringed on the right of any third power.

Many believe that the United States now is in a better position to influence the situation in the common interests of all the other powers. The United States is the only great power which is neither a party to the negotiations nor involved with Japan by alliance or state of war, so should be able to render impartial service to all parties if the negotiating government will permit.

It has been authoritatively made known that the United States is not prepared to go further than exercising its good wishes. If through such offices the Washington government is not able to exercise a satisfactory influence it is not likely that any attempt will be made to restrain Japan through other means.

The administration is counting on other powers more vitally interested in China than this government to take action as soon as affairs in Europe will permit. It is admitted that this government is not prepared to force the issue with Japan regarding the principles it has so long been advocating with respect to China, and the administration is taking good care not to let itself be drawn into any position from which it might have to retreat. Still the desire remains to influence the situation in a favorable direction if possible.

### Bandits Hold Up and Rob Train.

A dozen bandits held up a New York Central fast-freight train at Sanborn, nine miles east of North Tonawanda, N. Y., Thursday, stripped several cars of bolted silk, valued at \$50,000, and sped away in automobile trucks upon which they had loaded their plunder. The bandits were armed with repeating rifles and automatic pistols and fired several shots at the crew. No one was injured.

A posse of detectives, mounted police and patrolmen from Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Tonawanda reached the scene shortly after the holdup, but several hours of searching resulted in no arrests.

After forcing the crew to uncouple the locomotive and run it a short distance, the engineman and three other members of the train crew were lined up against a box car and placed under guard of a single bandit while the others looted the merchandise cars.

Four five-ton automobile trucks were in waiting and quickly were loaded with the booty. Engineer Goss escaped the guard and, running a fusillade of shots, reached his engine, made a record run into Suspension Bridge, eight miles away, and gave the alarm.

The robbery was the most daring of its kind ever attempted in that section and the amount of plunder far exceeds in value the proceeds of any other freight train robbery in the history of Eastern railroading.

### Dutch Indignant Against Germans.

The Dutch steamer Katwyk was torpedoed last Wednesday night while she lay at anchor in the North sea, and the belief that the work of destruction was the work of a German submarine has aroused the indignation of the Dutch people.

The Katwyk, loaded with grain from Baltimore consigned to the Dutch government, is reported to have been lying at anchor at the time of the explosion and to have been flying the Dutch flag. The Dutch newspapers insist that no mistake could have been made and that if a German submarine actually torpedoed the steamer "we must expect that the German government will without loss of time be made responsible for this severe violation of the rights of neutral powers."

The fact that the Dutch government was directly involved in the Katwyk's cargo and that the news of the sinking of the steamer came immediately after announcement that four Dutch trawlers had been seized by the Germans and taken to Zeebrugge apparently has heightened the feelings of the Hollanders.

Husbands should always keep on listening terms with their wives.

### PRESIDENT WILSON'S VIEW OF NEXT YEAR'S CAMPAIGN.

A Washington political writer says President Wilson refuses to share the discouragement of some Democratic leaders over political prospects. The Thompson landslide in Chicago and Republican victories in other municipal elections recently, while disappointing to the president, do not disturb his confidence that the people will endorse the Democratic national administration in the presidential election next year.

He believes there will be two principal factors in the judgment of his administration by the voters and that in both cases it will be favorable. These two factors are:

The guidance of the affairs of the nation through the maze of pitfalls produced by the European war.

The enactment of legislation which the president believes has liberated business from monopolistic control.

The president fully realizes that for several months the Republicans have been able to make political capital of the business depression, for which they urged the people, apparently with considerable success, to blame the Democrats. But times are on the mend in the opinion of the president and within a few months the Republicans, he thinks, will be bereft of this issue.

Some Democratic leaders have expressed the opinion that the wave of speculation which has hit the New York stock exchange heralds the advent of real prosperity. Convinced that a business boom is at hand, investors, say these politicians, are scrambling to get in on the ground floor and win fortunes from the impending rise in stocks.

### Oldest Banker Dead.

John Gardiner, aged 99 years, the oldest active banker in the United States, died a few days ago at his home in Norwalk, Ohio. He was president of the Norwalk National Bank, in which he became a clerk 31 years ago, and until six months ago went daily to his business office.

Gardiner helped Salmon P. Chase, then secretary of the treasury, to organize the first national bank in the country in 1862.

He once was president of the Toledo, Norwalk and Cleveland railroad, now part of the New York Central system.

### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

## Come Here if You Want a Hot Water Bag That Won't Leak or Burst

Leaky rubber goods are a nuisance and never a comfort. We guarantee all our articles of rubber to give satisfaction or we will refund your money. Ever try rubber gloves to protect your hands when cleaning with strong solutions and soapy water?

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## IN NEW QUARTERS

L. M. Ammen & Co., Funeral Directors and Embalmers, have moved from their former location at 600 South Elm street to new quarters across the street at 607 South Elm, next to Lowe's grocery store.

We have added to our business a department of Picture Framing and solicit the patronage of the public.

## L. M. AMMEN & CO.

Day Phone 488

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## CEMETERY WORK

## FOR MEMORIAL DAY

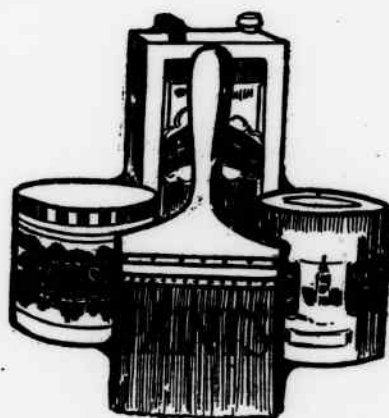


Monuments, Mausoleums, and Headstones. New marble yard corner North Elm and Gaston. Seventeen years actual experience guarantee artistic lettering and carving.

F. E. TIPTON,

Corner N. Elm and Gaston Sts.

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## Free Paint

Paint half your job Devoe; paint the other half whatever you like. If Devoe doesn't take less gallons and cost less money, no pay. The cost of putting it on is about two-thirds of the job.

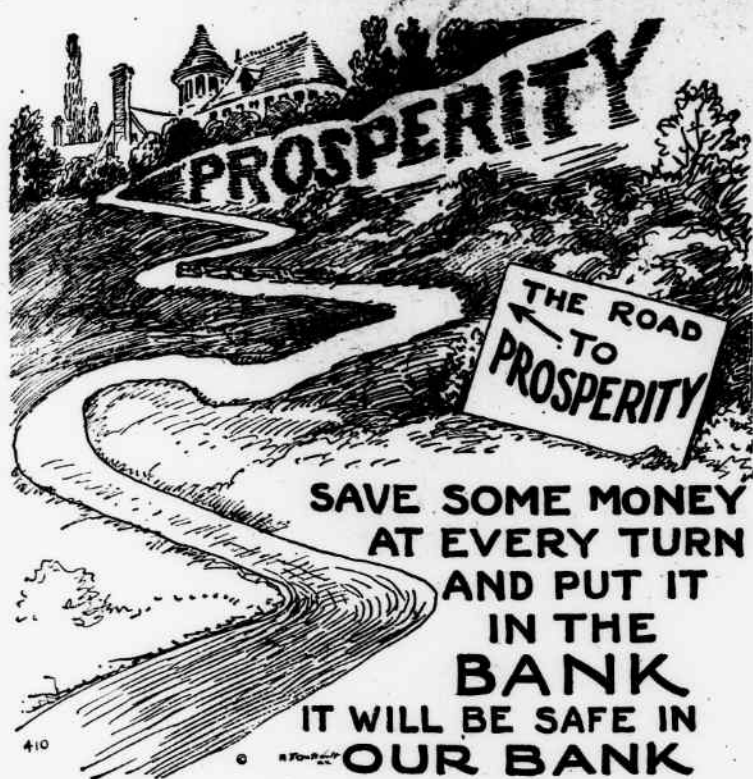
If Devoe doesn't wear a year or two years or three years or four years longer—distinctly longer and better—we'll give you enough to do it again.

But we warn you how it will all turn out. The best half of your job will cost you so much less than the other half, and wear so much better too, that you'll never divide it again.

You won't get your paint free, you'll get what is better. You'll know Devoe; you'll know strong points; you'll know weak points, and the question is settled.

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The road to prosperity looks like an up-hill climb. It may be at first but it keeps getting EASIER. The nearer you get to the top the more joy you experience in knowing that soon you will be up and the climb will be over. Toward the top the money you have in the bank begins to assist and boosts you. Nothing succeeds like success, and everyone will push you the way you are going—down or UP.

Make OUR bank YOUR bank  
We pay 4 per cent on Savings

## AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK

Under Control of United States Government

GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Bank For Your Savings

BRANCH AT SOUTH GREENSBORO

### HUERTA SAYS HE KNOWS WHO KILLED MADERO.

Asserting that he had nothing to do with the death of Francisco Madero, General Victoriano Huerta, former provisional president of Mexico, who is spending some time in New York, has issued a statement concerning the Mexican revolution.

General Huerta declared he knew who was responsible for Madero's death, but that he was keeping it as "a professional secret."

General Huerta's statement reviewed the history of the Madero revolution, his own accession to the provisional presidency and concluded with the assertion that "my country can not be conquered."

Sixteen millions of men, women and children would have to be killed before Mexico would submit to an invader, Huerta asserted.

The heads of the Washington administration, Huerta declared, had not been fair to Mexico, had been misled by false statements and if they had been in Mexico for thirty days "they would have changed their theoretical, erroneous ideas." Had it not been for the embargo on the exportation of arms from this country, General Huerta indicated that his army would have prevailed over those opposed to it.

The former provisional president reiterated the assertion made when he left Mexico last year that he had resigned from his position only because he hoped to bring peace to his country. He pointed out that in the eight months elapsed since that date the situation in Mexico had become "too sad for me to analyze deeply."

"Anarchy is too soft a word to call it," he said. Mexico eventually would be saved, but by a Mexican, he added. Who that would be he did not know.

Huerta declined to give an inkling as to his future movements. He denied that he would go to San Antonio, Texas, or any other point near the Mexican border. Discussing the death of Madero, he said:

"That is a professional secret. Lawyers have secrets, doctors have secrets—I am a soldier—why should not a soldier have secrets? It is not through friendship for any one that I am withholding the information. The time will soon come when my name will be vindicated and, as General Lee said of General Jackson, the world will say of me, I stood like a stone wall submitting to the ignominy and the insults heaped upon me."

It has been said that you betrayed the confidence of President Madero; is it so?" he was asked.

General Huerta straightened up proudly, his eyes flashed and bringing his clenched fists against his breast, he replied:

"No, I swear it; I was in no way responsible for his death. It has been one of the big tortures of my life. I am sorry I have to keep the secret. Although I am of a different race than you gentlemen, I am a man."

A dollar looks bigger going than coming.

### GOOD OLD JEFFERSONIAN DOCTRINE EMPHASIZED.

In his Jefferson day address in New York Secretary of War Garrison compressed into a brief space some of the cardinal principles of Democracy in a manner wholly admirable. His expression of these should carry all the greater weight because of his position as a leading member of the federal government, which for many years has been a decided offender in these matters. Its growing encroachments upon the province of the state and local governments are not a healthy sign, and it is gratifying to see an official of Secretary Garrison's high standing upholding the true Jeffersonian doctrine and stating it in its true simplicity. Everybody, Republicans as well as Democrats, should recognize the importance of the principles which he set forth as follows:

"The least government that is consistent with the proper doing of those things that must be done collectively, the better; the more the individual citizen is permitted to expand, develop his character, this energy and his talent without hampering restrictions, the better."

"Under such a system the local affairs should be left absolutely to local management; those which have been confided to the state governments should be left there, and those which have been lodged in the federal government should be fully exercised by it."

"Each in its sphere should be strong, self-sufficient, and proud and able to bear its own burdens and solve its own problems."

"If one of such entities is permitted to intrude upon the sphere of another it saps the strength of the latter, produces confusion and tends to weaken the whole structure."

"Our nation is like one great human body composed of various parts, each of which not only performs its function, but likewise contributes to the strength and efficiency of the whole."

"We are thus citizens with local powers and responsibilities. State powers and responsibilities and national powers and responsibilities; and we can and should measure up to our full stature in each respect."

If it happens that you don't believe the world is improving listen to this from a "farm woman" of Kentucky to the secretary of agriculture at Washington: "Nowadays we have everything pretty much our own way, and do as we please."

Take Care of the Children.

A lingering cold, distressing cough, sleepless nights, a raw, inflamed throat lead to a run-down condition in which the child is not able to resist contagious diseases. Foley's Honey and Tar is truly healing and prompt in action. It relieves coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. Contains no opiates. Conyers & Sykes.

Unpopular advice—telling a man to mind his own business.

### JEWS STILL PERSECUTED BY RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT.

Five American Jewish workingmen's organization in New York have issued a joint statement branding as false the recent denial by the Russian official press bureau, in behalf of the Russian government, of charges that Jews in Russia had been persecuted during the war.

The statement asserts that the facts prove that Russian Jews have been the victims of cruelty by the Russian soldiery and calls upon the civilized world "to protest against the policy of the Russian government, which has only one aim in view—to exterminate the Jewish race."

Thousands of Jewish citizens in New York have received private letters in which "detailed descriptions of the most cruel deeds of the Russian soldiery were reported," says the statement, which adds that facts published in the newspapers, especially in Russian, Polish and Russian-Jewish newspapers "under the severest Russian censorship," are alone sufficient to refute the denial of the Russian government.

As instances the statement cites the following:

"Jews who fled from their homes near the war zone and sought refuge in towns outside the pale of settlement were expelled by the police and compelled to return to their war-stricken places."

"Jewish wounded soldiers who were brought from the battlefield to hospitals outside the pale of settlement had to return to the pale of settlement as soon as they could crouch along on crutches. In many cases they were transported to the pale of settlement on the third day after the amputation of one of their limbs."

"Russian Jewish newspapers, which have reached New York recently, confirmed the report that the Russian army administration has expelled all Jews from the Polish towns within 50 miles of the border. In ordering their expulsion tens of thousands of Jews had been completely ruined and dozens of whole Jewish communities devastated."

"The reason for these wholesale expulsions was the terrible general charge brought against the Jews that they are German-Austrian spies. These ill-founded charges were made public by the Russian authorities, with the result that the Russian masses and the Russian soldiery became infuriated against the Jews."

"Russian censorship makes it impossible for the Jewish press to place on record persecutions of Jews in Russia. But on the other side it must be recognized that the general American press, and even many French and English, are very well informed of what is going on in Russian Poland and Galicia, and to what an extent the Jews suffer there from Russian cruelty and barbarity."

### Friends Monthly Meeting Organized at Asheboro.

At a quarterly meeting of the Friends church, at Back Creek, the fourth Sunday in March, a committee was appointed to establish a monthly meeting at Asheboro. Accordingly the following members of the committee met in the new Friends church building at Asheboro last Friday morning at 10 o'clock and organized the Asheboro monthly meeting: Mrs. David Farlow, Marlboro; Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Spencer, Poplar Ridge; Mr. and Mrs. Levi B. Lowe, Back Creek; Wrs. William Winslow and Mrs. Semira Lowe, Science Hill, and Mr. Benoni Stout, Holly Springs. Mrs. Milner Angel Cox, and Rev. Elwood Cox, of Ulah, were also present and took part in the deliberations.

A considerable number of the Friends denomination are found in Asheboro, but until recently they had no regular organization here. However, a number got together, held services for some time in the armory, and a little after Christmas completed the erection of a neat and commodious building for worship. Now the organization of the monthly meeting completes the establishment of a church. Mrs. Milner Angel Cox is the pastor.—Asheboro Courier.

### Try It, Brothers.

Two men were talking of hard times.

"Does your wife ever grieve because she threw over a wealthy man in order to marry you?" queried Hall.

"Well, she started to once," was the reply, "but I cured her of that without delay."

"I wish you would tell me how," said Hall.

"I started right in grieving with her," replied the other, "and I grieved harder than she did!"

Not many persons keep busy heaping coals of fire on other people's heads.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

### PREVENTING HOG CHOLERA AND KILLING BUZZARDS.

Doubtless many readers of The Patriot will be interested in the following bills passed by the recent session of the legislature designed to prevent the spread of hog cholera, to regulate the sale and promote the use of "virus" and legalizing the killing of turkey buzzards:

Section 1. That it shall be the duty of every person, firm or corporation who shall lose a hog by any form of natural death to have the same buried in the earth to a depth of at least two feet within 12 hours after the death of the animal.

Section 2. That any person, firm or corporation that shall fail to comply with the terms of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$5 nor more than \$10 for each offense, at the discretion of the court.

Section 3. That this act shall be in force on and after the first day of May, 1915.

An act to eradicate hog cholera in North Carolina and regulate the sale and promote the use of "virus."

Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to distribute, sell or use in the state of North Carolina virulent blood from hog cholera infected hogs, or "virus," unless and until they have obtained a written permission from the state veterinarian for such distribution, sale or use.

Section 2. That any person, firm or corporation guilty of violating the provisions of this act, or failing or refusing to comply with the requirements thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 for each offense, and may be imprisoned in the discretion of the court not less than ten nor more than thirty days, and shall be liable to any person injured on account of said violation to the full amount of damages and all costs.

This act is in force and effect from and after its ratification.

An act to permit the killing of turkey buzzards:

Section 1. That section 3,466 of the revision of 1905 be and the same is hereby amended by striking out the word "and" between "jackdaws" and "rice birds" and adding after word "rice birds" the words "turkey buzzards and vultures."

Section 2. That all laws and clauses of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

This act is in force from and after its ratification.

### The Uses of Dynamite.

In the face of the enormous consumption of explosives in the terrible European conflict, the military use of explosives in the world is relatively insignificant as compared with their use for other purposes.

In the United States alone, there were used 489,393,131 pounds of explosives in 1912. This vast quantity was used for industrial purposes alone—the mining of coal and metals, and for railroad building.

Motion pictures of the Panama canal and other construction work have shown how, in a single charge, 10,000 to 20,000 pounds of dynamite have been exploded. But in the near vicinity of Chicago there are a number of large stone quarries where the explosion of a carload of 20,000 pounds of dynamite at one time is not so unusual as to cause any particular mention.

### Cider Under the Ban.

Under the recent law enacted by the Tennessee general assembly to prevent the sale in soft drink stands of any beverage or drink containing more than one-half of 1 per cent of alcohol, the sale of cider and similar drinks is prohibited.

Notice has been sent to all parts of the state calling attention to the provision of this new law, and soft drink stands and all dealers in cider, in its varied quality, are cautioned not to violate the law.

The provisions of the new "soft drink" law has resulted in the analysis of a large number of so-called soft drinks in the state. The effect of the passage of the act will be to banish a number of popular drinks which have cider and other alcoholic liquid as a basis. While cider has more alcohol than one-half of 1 per cent, it is exempted by the United States in its collection of duty on alcoholic drinks.

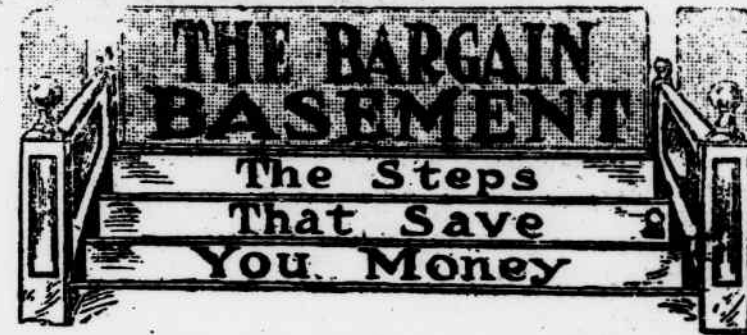
### Marvelous Medicine.

The doctor told her that what she needed was a good hearty meal at night and then to stop thinking about her stomach.

"But, doctor, only two months ago you told me to avoid dinner at night, and to take a light supper instead."

"Oh, did I?" replied her medical adviser, reflectively. "Well, that shows what marvelous strides medical science is making."

WANTED—Some One to Make Several Rag Rugs. Write or See Us For Particulars. Information Desk, Main Floor, Rear.



## This Week's News at Meyer's

20 yards of Farther Sheeting, \$1.  
Best 10c Dress Gingham for 6 1-2c.  
Fast Indigo Blue Apron Gingham, 5c yard.  
Shirting Chevots, the kind you have always bought at 10c, for 8 1-2c.  
Table of mill ends of white goods, such as Lawns, Cambric, Nainsook, Bleaching, Pajama, Checks, 5c yard.  
Odd lot of Huck and Bath Towels, slightly imperfect and soiled choice, 5c.  
Soiled Bed Sheets, used in store for coverings, small lot, 25c each.  
Six Medicine Cabinets, white with mirror front, sold for 98c, for 49c.  
One Medicine Cabinet, glass broken, for 25c.  
Fresh Moth Balls for 7c pound.  
Tartan Bags for storing away winter apparel, 50c.  
Cres Rugs in 36x72 for 98c; 30x60 for 79c; 18x36 for 29c.  
36-inch Bleaching, 7 1-2c value for 6c yard.  
36-inch Curtain Madras, floral border, 10c value for 6c yard.  
Lace and Embroidery Insertion, big lot 1c yard.  
Jersey Covered Bust Forms, sizes 32 and 34, 25c.  
Wool Skirts, 50 to select from, mostly Serges, in black and navy, values to \$5.95, choice \$1.49.  
200 yards of Printed Crepes in mill ends, 15c value for 8c yard.  
27-inch Union Linen in cream, 13c value, washes white, odd lot, soiled and mussed, suitable for skirts and children's wear, to clean up, 5c yard.  
New table of 10c Dress Gingham, big assortment, 6 1-2c yard.  
Boys' Chambray Play Suits, 2-piece, sizes 2 to 6 years, 25c suit.  
25c Ratina in sky, copen, pink, wisteria, brown, in lengths 5 to 8 yards, 10c yard.  
13-inch Art Brown Burlap for coverings of all kinds, 3 1-2c yard.  
100 new White Silk Washable Waists, all sizes, 98c.  
Bungalow Aprons of Percale, taped neck and sleeve, one pocket and belted, 29c.  
House Dresses in new spring styles made of Gingham, all sizes, choice 69c.  
Three-ply Garden Hose, 25 feet lengths complete with couplings, \$2.48.  
White Ratina in mill ends, 27 and 36 inch widths, 6 1-2c yard.  
Table of sample Summer Underwear for men, big savings.  
Table of Lace samples, big new bunches, 9c bunch.  
27-inch China Silk, 50c value in lavender, navy, red garnet, sky purple, emerald green, bottle green, brown, choice 19c yard.

**Meyer's**  
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO N. C.

## Auction Sale!



**Saturday, April 24,**  
Beginning at 10 O'clock A. M.

We shall sell at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, our entire livery outfit, consisting of the following:

- 10 Horses
- 14 Buggies
- 14 Sets Single Harness
- 8 Sets Double Harness
- 3 Traps
- 2 Hacks
- 1 Two-horse Wagon
- 1 Light Delivery Wagon.

Positively everything enumerated will be sold, as we are retiring from the livery business and must give up our building May 1.

This sale will offer an opportunity to secure some genuine bargains.

Sale will take place at our stable on South Davie street. Don't miss it.

**Taylor & Hire**



## GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1915.

ROOSEVELT MAY SUPPORT  
ROOT FOR PRESIDENT.

A report from Washington says that ex-President Roosevelt has begun to hold conferences with prominent Republican leaders in reference to the campaign next year. Also there is a stirring on the part of former leaders of the Progressive party and a disposition to talk things over with the colonel in regard to the possibility of nominating a Republican that they all can support.

Ex-Senator Joseph M. Dixon, who was chairman of the Progressive national organization until a few weeks ago, when he relinquished the place to Victor Murdock, of Kansas, was in Washington last week on his way to confer with Mr. Roosevelt. Dixon announced his willingness to support Senator Cummins, of Iowa, or a Republican of his type, for the nomination.

One of Col. Roosevelt's closest newspaper friends, H. Gilson Gardner, went to Oyster Bay recently and has just sent out an article from Washington, apparently without authority, explaining the conditions under which Col. Roosevelt would support the Republican nominee for president in 1916.

This article hinted that Col. Roosevelt might see his way clear to give his support to Senator Root, if the latter should be nominated. Other persons, even Republicans, claim to have had intimations that Mr. Roosevelt would support Mr. Root if he were reduced to the necessity of choosing between President Wilson or some one representing the present political regime in Washington and ex-Senator Root, leading the Republicans.

Col. Roosevelt is represented as being especially interested in strengthening the national defense and in restoring vigorous policy. Persons who have talked with him recently came away with the impression that these two things were uppermost in his mind and that he was applying these standards to the various men whose names have been suggested for the Republican nomination.

(It will be recalled that Senator Root was chairman of the national Republican convention of 1912 that met in Chicago and renominated Taft for president, or rather, stole the nomination from Roosevelt, as the colonel and his followers charged. Then Roosevelt and his followers could not find language strong enough to denounce Root; now it appears they are willing to support him for president.—The Patriot.)

## Kills Himself and Wounds Wife.

Arthur Thomas, 30 years old, went to the home of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Annie Stevens, in Charlotte, Friday morning, and going into a bedroom where his wife, Mrs. Leonora Thomas, was still in bed, fired two shots at her and then sent a shot through his own brain with a 32-caliber pistol. The two shots fired at his wife lodged in her shoulder and proved not to be serious.

The couple had not lived together more than three weeks since their marriage two years ago, and had gone to a lawyer last week to try to institute separation proceedings by mutual consent.

Thomas was formerly a valued engineer on the Southern Railway, but had been out of a job and drifting here and there for five years past. Domestic unhappiness is supposed to have been the cause of the shooting.

## The Dollar For the Jury.

In South Carolina courts the party that is successful in a civil suit pays one dollar to the jury. No one seems to know why the dollar is paid nor how long it has been the custom to pay it. It is said that away back yonder when there was more booze and less righteousness in South Carolina than there is now the jurors went to the barroom nearest the court house and treated themselves with the dollar paid them by the winning litigant.—Monroe Enquirer.

Subscribe to The Patriot.

SEEKS TO INAUGURATE  
C. O. D. PARCEL POST PLAN.

In his latest proposed plan to make the parcel post a stronger competitor with the express companies Postmaster General Burleson has met the disapproval of another department. Judge Downey, comptroller of the treasury, who is the final authority on the legality of government accounts, was asked by the postmaster general to give an opinion on the proposed plan for accepting fourth class postal matter without prepayment of postage, the collection to be made by the postmaster at point of destination.

The point Mr. Burleson wanted cleared up was as to whether when the plan went into operation fourth class postmasters accepting such mail matter could credit themselves with the amount of the postage in making up their report of receipts of the office, which is the basis for computing their compensation.

This was the first intimation officially that the postmaster general had in contemplation a plan for invading the last refuge of the express companies by making the parcel post a competitor for C. O. D. business.

Comptroller Downey in replying said among other things:

"The sections of the statute of 1912 quoted in your letter do not, in my opinion, authorize the acceptance of fourth class matter without prepayment of postage. I doubt your authority to do what you contemplate."

The comptroller referred Mr. Burleson to the interstate commerce commission for additional information.

In submitting his question to the comptroller the postmaster general said:

"This department has under consideration the question of making provision for the acceptance for mailing of ordinary fourth class matter without requiring prepayment of postage, the fee for the additional service to be collected from the addressee on delivery."

TRAIN CHILDREN TO  
EAT WHOLESOME FOOD.

It has been well said that life is a rhythm of inherited or acquired habits. Among those than can be acquired most easily and which have an important influence upon the whole life of an individual are those which, for want of a better term, we may call "food habits."

Children and young people are creatures of impulse, and since habit is impulse fixed, it is essential that the young should be directed into right habits regarding food. The habit of eating at the right time; of eating wholesome food; of eating slowly; of allowing ample time for the mastication of food—these habits are easily formed and should be cultivated in the home training of every child.

That habits methodically and skillfully directed become second nature is plainly shown in the following incident: A little girl of four years, who had never eaten candy promiscuously between meals, but who has enjoyed it heartily as an extra treat after her regular meal, saw her mother give Rosey, the cook, a box of candy as a token of appreciation for some extra service. This little maiden went to Rosey and innocently said, "Rosey, will you be very careful to eat the candy only after meals, even if I am not here to see that you obey? Because you know it will make you sick if you don't." This child has unconsciously formed the habit of eating candy as well as food at regular times and her happy, cheerful disposition is probably largely the result of this well-formed habit.

Infants do not have a taste for special flavors. As they grow older and the sense of taste develops it is important to encourage them to eat a variety of wholesome foods, for example, well-cooked cereals served without sugar, cocoa, soups, fresh vegetables, fruits, eggs cooked, in various forms and meat in moderation. If a taste for these nourishing foods and the habit of eating slowly are formed before the age of 12 years it will always be a pleasure to partake of a simple diet which supplies the body with all of the nourishment necessary for the normal development of bone and muscle.

## Anarchy in Mexico.

The embassies and legations in Washington have received from the international committee in Mexico City affidavits charging that conditions of anarchy exist in Mexico and reciting specific cases of abuse of foreign residents. The examination at some embassies disclosed that many of the allegations had been confirmed by advices from Mexico City, and the diplomats deemed the affidavits worthy of immediate transmission to their government.

No young man looks perfect to the mother of the girl he wants to marry.

TEXAS MAY FURNISH THE  
FORTY-NINTH STATE.

When New Mexico and Arizona became, respectively, the forty-seventh and the forty-eighth states of the Union, three years ago, there was speculation as to what territories would form the next two and bring the number of commonwealths in the sacred bond up to the round half-hundred. Alaska and Hawaii were supposed to be the most available for statehood, but it was believed that many years must elapse before they would pass beyond the territorial stage.

It was not widely known until recently, when the agitation arose for cutting off the western portion of Texas and erecting it into a separate state, that by the terms under which the Lone Star republic was admitted to the union, after maintaining its independence from Mexico with the bloody Alamo and other fights, it reserved to itself the right of subdividing itself into five states. Until now no proposal to exercise that right has been seriously made, although its vast extent of 265,896 square miles is more than five times the area of other states.

The name of Jefferson is proposed for the state to be created of western Texas, which claims it has not received proper consideration at the hands of the rest of the state, and that representation adequate to its rapid increase in population and wealth is denied it at Austin, the capital, which is remote from the once arid but now irrigated plains, which now form a "dry" region only in the restricted use of the word. The town of Abilene is already mentioned as the possible capital of Jefferson, but the movement for the division of Texas has not yet been acted upon favorably by the lawmakers of the state, albeit their decision is not subject to review by the general government. But it is believed the agitation of the matter will bring about that result.—Brooklyn Standard-Union.

## To Pass on Quart Liquor Law.

Judge Frank A. Daniels, of the Superior court, is to pass on the constitutionality of the quart liquor law passed by the recent legislature, the hearing on a mandamus proceedings to compel transportation and delivery by the Southern Express Company of one gallon of whiskey from Richmond to Raleigh being set for April 26. In this case the constitutionality of both the recently enacted quart law in this state and the Webb-Kenyon act of Congress are intended to be ultimately involved as to their constitutionality as the prosecution of the case progresses through the state and most probably the United States court.

George M. Glenn, of Raleigh, ordered a gallon package of whiskey from a Richmond house and the express company refused to receive it for transportation, there being with the package as tendered a statement that Glenn intended to receive it in Raleigh for his own personal use.

## "Huckleberry" Finn Still Living.

B. F. Finn, the original Huckleberry Finn of Mark Twain's books, has just celebrated his ninetieth birthday at his ranch on the McKenzie river, in Oregon, and is said to be hale and hearty.

He has a vivid recollection of March Twain, with whom he worked on a Mississippi steamboat, but says Twain really didn't get much from himself of what he wrote about Huckleberry Finn except the name.

"We called Clemens Charley in those days," said Finn. "He and I both worked on the steamer Shotwell, running out of St. Louis. I was nicknamed 'Huckleberry,' and Clemens seemed to take a fancy to the name. Tom Sawyer was my chum, but I was well grown before Clemens knew me."

Finn has lived on the McKenzie river for forty years past, and seldom emerges from his retreat.

## The Automobile Industry.

Business may be dull, but there is money enough for automobiles, says the Philadelphia Record. Their manufacturers know little or nothing of trade depression. An organ of the trade computes that at the end of 1914 there were 1,750,000 of the machines in this country, an increase of 500,000 in 12 months. While some of these are used for business, the overwhelming majority are pleasure vehicles, the passenger cars outnumbering the commercial vehicles about 10 to 1. Pennsylvania, with 107,141, ranks fifth in the list of states in their automobile equipment. New York leads, with 156,173, and New Jersey has 58,820.

Too many pains are called "rheumatism." The old negro's "misery" is a better designation. It covers a multitude of aches.

To a girl a pimple that is visible to the naked eye of the public is a bigger tragedy than the European war.

England Apologizes to Chile. Great Britain has offered "a full and ample apology" to the Chilean government for the sinking March 14, in Chilean territorial waters of the German cruiser Dresden, the internment of which already had been ordered by the maritime governor of Cumberland Bay when the British squadron attacked and sank the German.

The note delivered by the Chilean minister to Great Britain says that the Dresden anchored in Cumberland Bay (Juan Fernandez Islands) March 9, and asked permission to remain eight days for the purpose of repairing her engines. The governor refused the request, as he considered it unfounded, and ordered the captain to leave within 24 hours.

As the order was not complied with the captain of the Dresden was informed that his ship was interned. When the British squadron appeared, March 14, the governor was proceeding to the cruiser Glasgow to inform the British officers of the steps he had taken, but he had to turn back, as the British ships opened on the Dresden, on which a flag of truce already had been hoisted, and called on her captain to surrender. The captain then gave orders to blow up the magazines of the Dresden.

"This act of hostility committed in Chilean territorial waters by a British naval squadron," says the Chilean minister, "has painfully surprised my government."

## West Virginia in Bad Way.

Governor Hatfield, of West Virginia, has issued a statement in which he declared that West Virginia needed \$750,000 to carry on its government, and that he could not legally borrow this amount, as suggested by Attorney General A. A. Lilly, because he would be unable to repay it within 18 months, the statutory time. In support of his contention, the governor made public a statement of the finances, prepared by E. A. Dover, state accountant. Because of the failure of the legislature to pass the necessary appropriations, state salaries and many other bills for April are not being paid.

New Goods and  
Great Bargains

I have just returned from New York and other markets, where I bought a big stock of seasonable goods. These goods are now coming in and you are cordially invited to call and inspect the stock. We have the goods that cannot fail to please you, and as for prices—well you know.

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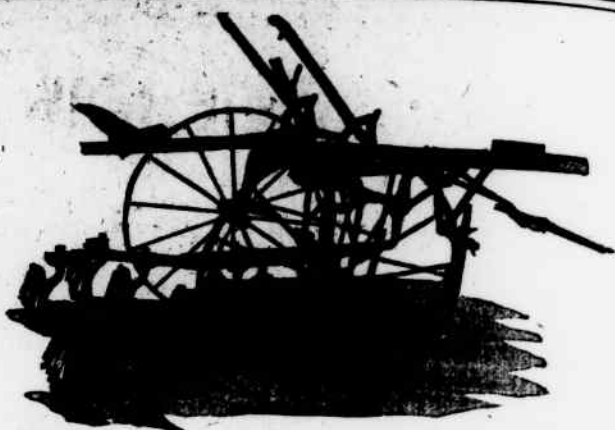
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## The Man Behind the Plow

Some time ago a farmer opened a bank account with \$200. He now has in bank over \$1,000, and in the meantime he withdrew enough to pay for a good horse to take the place of one that died. If you should lose a horse, have you the money to replace it? You can open an account here for \$1.00. You can do it in person or by mail. We pay 4 per cent interest. May we have you as a depositor?

Did you ever hear of a successful man who had no bank account?

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W. E. Allen, Sec. and Treas. W. M. Ridenhour, Asst. Treas.  
W. M. Combs, Mgr. Savings Dept.

### GENERAL NEWS PARAGRAPHS

#### SUMMARY OF EVENTS THAT GO TO MAKE UP THE WORLD'S NEWS OF THE DAY.

**Under the Knife.**—Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt underwent an operation in a New York hospital Thursday. The nature of Mrs. Roosevelt's ailment has not been revealed, but her condition is reported as favorable.

**Trolley Kills 13.**—Ten women and three men were killed in Detroit, Mich., last Wednesday afternoon when a street car in which they were passengers was ground to splinters beneath the trucks of a freight train.

**Prohibition Defeated.**—A resolution for submission to the people of an amendment to the constitution providing for state-wide prohibition was defeated in the Florida senate by one vote. The resolution had passed the house.

**Cotton Not Contraband.**—The British government has decided not to place cotton on the contraband list, but it is understood that this provides only for shipments to the neutral countries of Europe; that shipments cannot be made to Germany.

**Refuses to Resign.**—Don M. Roberts, who has been sentenced to six years in the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kans., for complicity in election frauds at Terre Haute, Ind., has refused a request to resign the office of mayor of Terre Haute.

**Took Advice Literally.**—After hearing an evangelist talk about the rich young ruler who declined to accept Christ's ultimatum to forsake all and follow him, a wealthy woman at Milton, Pa., whose name was not disclosed, went to her pastor and gave him bonds to the value of more than \$50,000.

**Leprosy Curable?**—Dr. Adolph H. Bochner, who has arrived in San Francisco from Siam, where he was for five years surgeon general of that country and private physician to the late King Chula-Longkorn, has studied leprosy exclusively for several years. He says leprosy is curable and there is little danger of contracting the disease, as has been shown by having none but leprosy servants in his home for years.

**Kindness to Animals.**—The American Humane Association has designated the week of May 17 to 22 as "kindness to animals week," during which the organization purposes to interest people throughout the country in the humane treatment of animals. The association has also designated May 16 to 23 as "humane Sundays." Clergymen will be asked to preach sermons on kindness to animals on one of these two days.

**Boys the Cargo.**—Notification has been received at the state department in Washington of the virtual settlement without prize court proceedings of the case of the American steamer *Wilhelmina*, which was held up at Falmouth, England, while bound for Germany with a cargo of foodstuffs. The British government has purchased the cargo and agreed to pay all the damages and charges incidental to the delay of the cargo and prospective profits.

**Whipped Old Woman.**—P. C. Jenkins, one of the most prominent residents of Butler county, Ky., was found guilty of night riding by a jury in the Circuit court at Bowling Green Friday and sentenced to four years and a day in the penitentiary. The indictment charged that Jenkins recently led a band of masked men to the home of W. A. Webster, where Webster was seized and compelled to witness the flogging of his wife, daughter and son. Mrs. Webster is 60 years old. Testimony at the trial failed to disclose a reason for the action of the band.

### SAYS FEMINIST MOVEMENT BREEDS HYBRID THIRD SEX.

The feminist movement in America and the higher education of our women is a menace to our life. Feminism makes a third sex of women. The business woman is also a member of the hybrid third sex. These are the convictions of a very distinguished Frenchman, M. Robert Hugues Le Roux, editor of *Le Matin*, Paris, who is visiting in this country. Some choice bits of his philosophy are:

"American colleges have a tendency to produce sterile hybrids; in short, a third sex.

"In France we recognize but one vocation for a woman—marriage.

"Women prefer being loved to being worshipped.

"The business woman is also a member of the third sex. She demands an equality with the men and the privileges chivalrous men have bestowed on women as well.

"Economic independence of women is synonymous with physical sterility, moral disturbance and social anarchy.

"The chief trouble lies with education of American women. Women were not meant by nature for such education. And yet—you Americans are a wonderful people."

In the course of an address in Boston Mr. Le Roux said:

"I made a particular study of the students. I found that the tendency was to produce sterile hybrids, which amounts in effect to a third sex. I found that your college women rarely married after they had achieved a higher education, and even when they did, that the percentage of children born to them was the smallest of any class of women.

"In France there is but one vocation for women recognized—marriage. We do not have the third sex. Our society does not admit the existence of the unmarried woman and we have no name for her in our language. The companionship of men is indispensable to the French woman, and she does not aspire to be a perfect human being unto herself. She is the mate, the second half of man, his heart and his mind."

### England Drops War Prohibition.

The war drink problem is still engaging the attention of the British cabinet, and it is understood the scheme of total prohibition, at first favored, has been abandoned as impracticable. The administrative difficulties were found insuperable and the liquor trade interest, which has always been a cardinal influence in British policies, has not lost its potency, even in the face of this gigantic struggle.

The cabinet will now probably agree upon a proposal for local closing of saloons in areas where war munitions are being manufactured, and setting up of canteens under state control in connection with the manufacturing. The consumption of drink in these canteens would be rigidly restricted and provision made for supplying good, cheap food and light refreshments, as well as drinks. Probably in the future the problem will be solved by state control of the whole drink traffic and transformation of the present drinking saloons, frequented only for drink, into bright, cheerful cafes, something on continental lines, where coffee and other non-alcoholic beverages will be supplied and the boozing discouraged.

What this country needs is a job for everybody so that no one will have time to drop in and bother the fellow who is busy.

Subscribe to The Patriot.

### NORTH CAROLINA NEWS NOTES

#### A BRIEF SURVEY OF WHAT IS TRANSPIRING IN THE COMMONWEALTH.

**To Start Daily Paper.**—The Burlington News announces that it is making preparations to begin the publication of a daily paper in the near future.

**Few Delinquents.**—It is stated that there are only 27 names on the delinquent tax list of the sheriff of Greene county. That probably breaks the record for the state.

**Fish Commissioner.**—The state fish commission has elected H. L. Gibbs, of Oriental, Pamlico county, fish commissioner, a position paying a salary of \$1,800 a year.

**District Meeting.**—A meeting of the United Daughters of the Confederacy of the district embracing Greensboro, High Point, Asheboro, Reidsville, Leaksville-Spray and Graham will be held in Reidsville Thursday.

**Store Burned.**—The store of Mr. A. W. Preston, at Belew's Creek, was totally destroyed by fire early Sunday morning. The loss was around \$10,000, with \$500 insurance on the building and \$1,500 on the stock of goods.—Walnut Cove News.

**Shot His Brother.**—In a fight near Campbell postoffice Saturday Jim Smith was shot and seriously, if not fatally, wounded by his brother, Zeb. The wound was inflicted with a .44-caliber pistol, the ball passing entirely through his body. No arrests have been made, and it is reported that Zeb Smith has left the country.—Walnut Cove News.

**Good Roads Bonds.**—The commissioners of Yadkin county are to issue \$60,000 good roads bonds in accordance with an act of the legislature. At a recent election in the county a \$300,000 bond issue was defeated by a small majority, but the act under which the election was held specified that \$60,000 in bonds should be issued for building a road through the county from the new bridge between Yadkin and Forsyth counties to Yadkinville and then on to Jonesville.

**Had Too Much Liquor.**—Alfred Young and J. C. Morris, of Statesville, were arrested in Salisbury Saturday as they were enroute home from Davidson county with a keg containing four and a half gallons of liquor in their possession. They were traveling in an automobile and were accompanied by three women. Young admitted the ownership of the liquor and was fined \$400 by the judge of the Rowan county court.

Morris, who owned the machine, was held under a heavy bond pending an investigation of the new law in regard to the confiscation of vehicles in which contraband liquor is transported.

### The May Woman's Home Companion

In the May Woman's Home Companion 134 moving picture films are recommended as being thoroughly wholesome and worth while. Along with these recommendations Helen Duey writes an interesting article entitled, "Better Films for Children," full of practical suggestions to parents. This is all a part of the movement for better films which this periodical is carrying on.

In the same issue Ida M. Tarbell writes a stirring and thought-provoking article entitled, "The Twenty-Cent Dinner;" William Armstrong presents a character sketch of the young woman who will some day be empress of Austria; Anna Steese Richardson contributes "Mrs. Larry's Adventures in Thrift;" Charles E. Jefferson, pastor of Broadway Tabernacle in New York City, writes a nature sermon entitled, "Behold the Birds;" Albert Lee contributes another article in his series, "Made-in-America Vacations;" Roger H. Dennett writes on "The Diet of Young Children;" Paul J. Meylan contributes "The Man Who Wanted to Die;" and several other articles on various family and household subjects are included.

Fiction of rare interest and distinction is contributed by Sophie Kerr Underwood, Mary Heaton Vorse, Mary Hastings Bradley, Izola Forrester and Elizabeth Newport Hepburn.

The regular fashion, cooking, young people's, handicraft, better babies, and housekeeping departments are full of suggestions of great interest and practical value to housekeepers everywhere.

**War Refugees.**—There are now in France 600,000 French and 200,000 Belgian refugees from the war zone. French civilian prisoners from Germany are, returning at the rate of 10,000 a week and all are virtually in tatters, says a letter from H. O. Beatty, director general of the American relief clearing house in Paris to the headquarters of the organization in New York.

Truth isn't dynamite; therefore some people feel safe in handling it carelessly.

### ALLEGED MURDERER IS IN FORSYTH COUNTY JAIL.

S. P. Christy, who, with Mrs. G. J. Warren, Clifford Stonestreet and wife, is charged with complicity in the murder of G. J. Warren, in Winston-Salem last August, was placed in the Forsyth county jail Friday night to await the preliminary hearing, which is expected to be held this week. Christy was arrested in Saline, Tex., where he was going under the name of S. P. Kearns.

Christy confessed to having taken part in disposing of Warren's body, but denied having had a hand in causing his death, according to a statement issued by the police. He is said to have declared that Warren's wife chloroformed him and her son-in-law, Clifford Stonestreet, strangled him with a rope.

Mrs. Warren and Stonestreet then placed the body in a trunk, according to the statement, and gave it in charge of Christy, who obtained a wagon and took the body to a lonely spot on Muddy creek. The body was found by fishermen several days later.

Shortly after her arrest Mrs. Warren is said to have made a confession in which she declared Christy killed Warren in his room while she looked on. She is said to have admitted that she aided in disposing of the body.

### War Losses of European Nations.

Great Britain's war casualties up to date are officially stated to have reached 139,347 men. This is a greater number than constituted the original expeditionary army, with the Indian contingents included. The latest German official statement placed the losses in killed, wounded and missing at more than 1,250,000, nearly half as many again as constitute the active German army on a war footing. The French war office has been chary with announcements on this subject, but the losses of the French army were doubtless proportionate to those of the others. The Russian military authorities, who regard men as the cheapest of all war material, take no account of the wastage in mere human factors; but if the German and Austrian counts of Russian prisoners be not greatly exaggerated the sacrifice of food for powder by the Muscovite generals must have been prodigious. There are said to be more than 750,000 Russians in German and Austrian concentration camps; and prisoners usually constitute one-fourth of the total losses.

### Straightened Him Out.

J. P. Jones, Boothe, Ark., writes: "I had a severe case of kidney trouble and could do no work at all. Foley Kidney Pills straightened me out at once." The same story is told by thousands of others; weak back, rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles yield quickly. Safe and effective. Conyers & Sykes. adv.

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Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly. No other newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

The year 1914 has been the most extraordinary in the history of modern times. It has witnessed the outbreak of the great European war, a struggle so titanic that it makes all others look small. You live in momentous times, and you should not miss any of the tremendous events that are occurring. No other newspaper will inform you with the promptness and cheapness of the Thrice-a-Week edition of the New York World. Moreover, a year's subscription to it will take you far into our next presidential campaign. The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE PATRIOT together for one year for \$2.15. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.50.

ELECTRIC BATTERIES

## "Show Me Some of Those Extra Nice Oxfords and Pumps You Advertise in The Patriot at \$1.75."

Ladies, say that the next time you are in the store and you can see some mighty good values in vici kid, patent leather and gun metal oxfords and Mary Jane pumps at the remarkably low price of \$1.75. Of course we have the finer grades too, at \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50, but those mentioned above are exceptionally good for the price. And here's a chance for ladies with small feet, a lot of fine pumps, oxfords and shoes at one dollar a pair, sizes 1½, 2, 2½, 3 and 3½. Big line of white slippers for girls of all sizes very reasonable.

## Thacker & Brockmann

## COULD SCARCELY WALK ABOUT

And For Three Summers Mrs. Vincent Was Unable to Attend to Any of Her Housework.

Pleasant Hill, N. C.—"I suffered for three summers," writes Mrs. Walter Vincent, of this town, "and the third and last time, was my worst.

I had dreadful nervous headaches and prostration, and was scarcely able to walk about. Could not do any of my housework.

I also had dreadful pains in my back and sides and when one of those weak, sinking spells would come on me, I would have to give up and lie down, until it wore off.

I was certainly in a dreadful state of health, when I finally decided to try Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I firmly

believe I would have died if I hadn't taken it.

After I began taking Cardui, I was greatly helped, and all three bottles relieved me entirely.

I fattened up, and grew so much stronger in three months, I felt like another person altogether."

Cardui is purely vegetable and gentle-acting. Its ingredients have a mild, tonic effect, on the womanly constitution.

Cardui makes for increased strength, improves the appetite, tones up the nervous system, and helps to make pale, sallow cheeks, fresh and rosy.

Cardui has helped more than a million weak women, during the past 50 years. It will surely do for you, what it has done for them. Try Cardui today.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. J-65

## "Telephone as You'd Be Telephoned To"

TELEPHONE courtesy is just a bit of ordinary politeness and everyday kindness that we put into our conversation when we talk by telephone.

Its the face to face brand of politeness and kindness used when we're voice to voice.

It's the same politeness and kindness that we like to receive from the other end of the wire.

Giving a little thought to telephone courtesy and practicing its simple rules will make the telephone an even more efficient aid for you. "Telephone as You'd be Telephoned To," always.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.  
Box 181, Greensboro, N. C.

## COKE FOR SALE

With our new coal gas plant now in full operation, we are in a position to help you solve your fuel problem. Coke is an ideal fuel for your Kitchen Range. It is clean and makes no smoke or soot. It makes a very steady, hot fire.

A ton of coke is very much more in bulk than a ton of coal; therefore a much cheaper fuel.

### PRICES

By the bushel on yard.....15c  
One half ton delivered.....\$3.25  
One ton delivered.....6 00  
5 to 10 tons, per ton, delivered.....5.50  
10 to 20 tons, per ton, delivered.....5.25

N. C. Public Service Co.  
Phones 330 and 331



## WORTH WHILE.

It is easy enough to be pleasant.  
When life flows on like a song.  
But the man worth while is one who  
will smile  
When everything goes dead wrong.  
For the test of the heart is trouble.  
And it always comes with the years.  
And the smile that is worth the  
praises of earth.  
Is the smile that shines through  
tears.

It is easy enough to be prudent,  
When nothing tempts you to stray,  
When without or within no voice of  
sin  
Is luring your soul away;  
But it's only a negative virtue  
Until it is tried by fire,  
And the life that is worth the honor  
Is the one that resists desire, on  
earth.

By the cynic, the sad, the fallen,  
Who had no strength for the strife,  
The world's highway is cumbered to-  
day.  
They make up the sum of life.  
But the virtue that conquers passion,  
And the sorrow that hides in a  
smile.  
It is these that are worth the homage  
on earth.

For we find them but once in a  
while.  
—ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS NOT  
TO BOTHER ABOUT FACTS.

Dr. Anna Shaw, in an article in the Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science for November, 1914, said: "Facts as to the results of equal suffrage, or the number of women who want suffrage, or the reason they ought to want it, have no bearing on our question. . . . I contend that we should not answer our opponents when they argue along these lines." Dr. Shaw is to be congratulated. She has framed a platform upon which suffragists can calmly stand. Hitherto they have undoubtedly been a good deal bothered by facts. Facts are said to be stubborn things. When the suffragists have claimed that women voters would secure better laws, and then have been asked to explain why it is that laws in male suffrage states are better than in suffrage states, they have been a good deal embarrassed. They have come into collision with facts, and the result has been painful. When they have insisted that women, as voters, could be counted on to stand solidly for temperance and morality, and their attention has been called to such episodes as women voting overwhelmingly "wet" at Pasadena, or campaigning at street corners for "wet" Sundays at Redondo Beach, they have been perplexed to reconcile the phenomena with their statement. When they have assured women school teachers that their only way to "equal pay for equal work" lay through the ballot, and then have been reminded that, in Colorado—and this on suffrage authority—the gap between men and women teachers is wider than in male suffrage states, while in New York city, without the ballot, women teachers have secured what they wanted, they have been thrown into confusion, again by collision with hard facts. When they have professed to speak for women as a sex, and comment has been made upon the fact that not more than one woman in thirty is affiliated with their organization, and that only a small minority of women want the ballot, they have found it hard to frame a satisfactory reply.

Now Dr. Shaw comes to their relief. They are not to trouble themselves any more about facts. Anything else will do—theories, fancies, illusions, dreams, imaginings. But they are not to answer their opponents along the line of facts. It will be a blessed relief to them.—The Remonstrance.

## Essay on Revolvers.

A revolver is a nickel-plated substitute for bravery, which has practically driven the original article out of the market.

The revolver gives a puny man with a 5-8-inch brain and the pluck of a grasshopper a 100-yard reach and makes him more deadly than a Sioux Indian. There was a time when this country had no dangerous animals, except bears and wolves, and life was safe, except on the frontiers, but now vast hordes of 16-year-old boys who use their skulls for a dime novel bookcase, roam the streets with cigarettes in their face and portable cannon in their hip pockets, producing obituaries with the skill and enthusiasm of a cholera microbe; while it is at all times possible to meet a personal enemy who has been chasing you for a week, and who is reluctantly compelled to defend himself when he catches you by filling you so full of lead that your remains will require eight pallbearers. Revolvers are now so generally used in debate, in domestic quarrels and repartee of all sorts that 8,000 Americans die of them each year, it is said.

Try Cople's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy for all cold troubles. It's liquid; you rub it on. If it fails to relieve instantly, you get your money back.

DILIGENTLY BUSY AND  
COMFORTABLY TIRED.

There are few satisfactions to compare with the pleasant glow which comes with the evenings of a well-spent day. If the nerves have been driven beyond a safe speed, and the tired muscles and mind forced through one task too many, rest is out of the question. Jaded nerves crave excitement. They are satisfied only with a continuation of the abuse which has jaded them. But there is a breaking point, and when it is reached a reaction sets in and total exhaustion is the result. It leaves the victim weak and inert, fit only for sleep or a stimulant—and often the stimulant is resorted to. With some persons this intemperate use of nervous energy becomes habitual, hence our "rest cures" and the like. Others sense the danger in time to avert the necessity of appealing to a physician; and still a third class instinctively keeps within the bounds of moderation.

It is that class which knows what it is to be comfortably tired—to come home in the evening with enough energy left to meet any ordinary obligation. Recreation then becomes a reality. The mind welcomes a change of occupation. The muscles, especially of persons engaged in sedentary occupations, respond eagerly to exercise. And the worker sits down to his evening meal happily ignorant of the fact that he has nerves. There is danger, of course, that the period of being comfortably tired may encroach unduly on the period of being diligently busy. It may even become chronic as in the case of youth in the springtime. One may arise in the morning with a temptation to indulge further the comfortable feeling which sent him to bed in a state of pleasant unconcern. If he yields he is lost, for to be tired all day is to be stupid in the evening, and there is something wrong with the person who courts stupidity. Good rest, in order to be enjoyed, must be earned, and well earned—the better earned the better enjoyed. It can not be had for the asking, nor can it be profitably followed as an occupation. Its generosity is prodigious, however. If properly respected it yields a bountiful return in health and mental poise. It makes the eager morning face and the evening smile. In short, being comfortably tired and abundantly refreshed is the fruit of labor.—Indianapolis News.

COMMON ERRORS MADE IN  
WRITING AND SPEAKING.

In speaking of transcontinental travel, now that the big fairs in California are open, care should be taken in using the phrase "transcontinental roads." There are no transcontinental railways in the United States—that is, no railway systems that run completely across the continent—though there is one in Canada.

Lloyd George writes his name without the hyphen that American papers generally use.

Criticism need not be unfavorable, even if it generally is. To criticize is to examine with reference to an established standard, so that the word can be used in connection with a favorable judgment, as in the sentence: "The dramatic editor, having had supper with the star the night before, wrote a favorable criticism of the play."

The proper title of William II is "the German emperor," not "the emperor of Germany."

It is better to say "He is ill" than to say "He is sick," but, instead of saying "He is an ill man," it is better to say "He is a sick man."

"English" is properly applied to an inhabitant of England. "British" is the word that should be used in speaking of one belonging to Great Britain. The British army, for instance, is made up of English, Irish, Welsh and Scottish troops, together with the men from Canada and India.

"Prior to this time" is a long-winded way of saying "Before this time" or "Up to now."

When a reporter speaks of the "demise" of a prominent citizen the assumption is that he means his death.

Now that the jitney 'bus is coming into fashion it will be well to note that "bus" should be written with an apostrophe, and that the plural, "buses," should not be spelled with an extra "s." "Busses," as potash might say to Perlmutter, are something else yet again.

## Makes 61 Feel Like 16.

"I suffered from kidney ailment for two years," writes Mrs. M. A. Bridges, Robinson, Miss. "I commenced taking Foley Kidney Pills about ten months ago. I am 61 years of age and feel like a 16-year-old girl." Foley Kidney Pills invigorate weak and deranged kidneys, relieve backache, rheumatism and bladder trouble. Conyers & Sykes.

Watch the date on your label.

THE DEAF DO NOT BEG  
—MANY IMPOSTORS DO

"The deaf do not beg." That is the "truism" announced by the National Association of the Deaf, with headquarters at Vancouver, Wash. "The deaf do not beg," because their own organizations care for them. Besides, each state spends hundreds of thousands of dollars annually in transforming the deaf, the dumb and the blind into useful citizens and in teaching them a trade.

But thousands of impostors, who pretend to be deaf and play on human sympathy, do beg. Even more dangerous are the cunning thieves who deceive officers of the law by assuming to be deaf or dumb, or both.

Upon all such impostors the National Association of the Deaf is waging war. It has a well-organized "impostor bureau," which is fighting the "fake deaf men." In each state chairmen have been appointed, and the 85,000 deaf citizens of America are clamoring for legislative enactment making it unlawful for any person to falsely represent himself or herself as blind, deaf, dumb, crippled or otherwise physically defective, and providing a penalty.

The impostor bureau is flooding the country with some forceful literature. Here is some of it:

"Each winter sees a number of able-bodied mendicants, too lazy to earn an honest living, who solicit alms by masquerading as 'deaf and dumb.' The strange part of it is that they not only completely hoodwink the general public, unaware of the truism that 'the deaf never beg,' but frequently secure the support of public opinion when suddenly confronted and unmasked by a genuine deaf person.

"This begging by fakers fosters the erroneous impression that deaf are all alike—a class of dependents; hence when one in search of work applies to an employer unfamiliar with the capacities of the deaf, he is generally discriminated against. In these hard times this works a decided and uncalled for hardship against a deserving class."

## Loafing as a Fine Art.

As a profession, of course, loafing is not to be thought of, for the loafer then becomes an object of contempt and there is something wrong with the man who courts contempt. But loafing as an avocation is another thing; and the successful loafer in that sense is a person of parts, a source of wonder and an example for beginners. Loafing should not be confused with apathetic inactivity. Your true loafer is honest with himself and the world, loafing deliberately and openly, never apologizing for his aversion to labor; and his thoughts never descend below devising new schemes for pleasant loafing. The loafer who merely sits inert is a loafer and will bear watching, but the loafer who is alive to what is going on about him and takes a healthy interest in life and affairs seldom arouses distrust or suspicion.

On the contrary, he usually invites confidence and the friendship of those less abundantly gifted. The social qualities are his particular hobby. He applies himself to the business of being useful to those who do not naturally claim attention; he cultivates a pleasant view of life which makes his smile sincere and his handicap cheering.

Above all, he never exceeds the limitations of his natural endowments. If he is not possessed of an inherent nimbleness of wit, he contents himself with making the most of his heavy wit. Affection he dislikes, but he is never guilty, except by example, of condemning it in others.

## Her Domestic Problem.

A woman says that the best cook she ever had left her good job to get married. The cook's new husband didn't turn out to be such a hero as he was expected to be, and the cook came back to confide her troubles to her former mistress.

"He's a pretty good husband, ma'am," she said, "but he licks me so often I can't hardly stand it no more."

"Why don't you have him arrested?"

"I've been thinking of that. But I got a lame back and can't wash no more, and how would I ever get the money to pay his fine if he was pinched?"

## Should be in Every Home.

Coble's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy should be in every home. It is the new liquid treatment for children and adults for croup, pneumonia, sore throat, hoarseness and all cold troubles, and all inflammations. You just rub it on and inhale the vapors while it penetrates; not messy to use and does not stain the clothing. It relieves instantly; your money back if it fails. Sold on a guarantee by your dealer at 25c., 50c. and \$1 a bottle.

AMERICA'S HUNDRED  
MILLION INHABITANTS.

We have it upon the solemn word of the census bureau that there were 100,000,059 men, women and children in this country, native born, foreign born, workers, idlers, rich men, poor men, beggar men and thieves. No one is out of the estimate. Everyone, whatever his station, complexion, religion, race and condition of servitude, is remembered. The census bureau has tried to be as inclusive as a galling gun.

Some of these 100,000,059 are unhappy. A great many of them are disappointed with the way fate has treated them. If a lot of them had their way, the country would be less crowded, less friendly toward those who seek to be among us, less everything that doesn't give plenty of elbow room for a grouchy and a lover of solitude. But, on the whole, the 100,000,059 are glad that they are so numerous. They like to know that neighbors are within shouting distance. They find a good deal of comfort in the fact that the country is filling up and getting to be impressive in the company of Europe and Asia.

We are a boastful crowd—these 100,000,059. We are given to sudden swervings in sentiment, particularly in the matter of our politics. We judge, perhaps, somewhat too hastily and anger sometimes over trifles. Yet our most striking characteristic, the one that has stood by us since the first colony was planted, is friendliness. The stranger is less a stranger in America than anywhere else on the globe. If at times there is troubling over the immigration question, if every generation or two a fit of foolish and glib religious bias seizes entire states, it is soon over. The impulse to be friendly conquers. This characteristic is one we should be unwilling to trade for the very finest quality possessed by any other country of a hundred million inhabitants.—Toledo Blade.

## Advertised Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Greensboro, N. C., April 16, 1915.

Rev. J. W. Allred, Riddia Anderson, Mrs. Kattie Bargler, H. C. Barnett, Athier Beal, Mrs. Pearl Becker, C. M. Bowen, Miss Irene Boone, Loney Calagan, Carolina Adjustment Co., Mrs. J. W. Carden, Mrs. George L. Davis, Miss Mary Daniel, Miss Eunice Gaylor, Judge Geddies, R. L. Glosson, Miss Lary Gosop, Miss Mattie B. Gunn, J. T. Hall, Richard Hayes, P. W. Hall, Miss Stella Headen, E. Hedrick, Miss Estella Headen, Koozia Hood, Aaron Hooker, Bud James, S. H. Johnson, Mrs. E. A. Johnson, Mrs. Wade Jones, Dr. E. Jordan, Dr. A. W. Knox, Mrs. Mable Lytle, H. T. Martup, Kenie McIntosh, T. C. McLean, I. R. Miller, Hillie More, Miss Henrietta Nixon, George B. Passage, F. T. Pott, J. W. Rankin, Walter Redding, Mrs. L. J. Rause, C. A. Selden, Finley Stutta, Miss Fannie Summers, Mrs. Ida M. Thompson, Joseph Wallington, Mrs. Jessie Walkins, W. M. Welborn, J. M. Whittington, Barton White, Mrs. G. W. Wilson, C. W. Wray, Albert Williams.

Denim Branch.  
Mrs. Dessie Bryant, Sarah Jones, Will Penigan, Miss Jennie Reeves, R. H. Wilmoth.

Proximity Branch.  
Mrs. Hattie Cabiness, Hugh Field, Abraham Jackson, Mrs. Robert Vincent, Mrs. Mary Yates.

In order to insure prompt delivery of mail please have it directed to proper street and number or route.

ROBT. D. DOUGLAS,  
Postmaster.

## A Disgraceful Orgy.

They called it a "temperance banquet"—but who was deceived?

Just because only "soft drinks" were supposed to be served, they had the assurance to designate it thus!

Cravens!

What did they know about machinery?

The onions were pickled.

The potatoes were stewed to the eyes.

The coffee was in its cups.

The candles were all lit up.

The mince pie was groggy.

Each bread plate had a bun on.

Every steel knife had an edge.

The cracked tumbler had had a drop too much before it was brought in.

The salt cellars were full.

The blooms with which the table was decorated had been out all night.

Even the ice water was drunk before the evening was over.

And the vinegar—oh, mother!

In fact, all the food and drink was on the downward road.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Fitch

All Blood Disorders  
Quickly Driven Away  
Astonishing Results With the Greatest Blood  
Purifier Ever Discovered.

Strength, Power, Accomplishment are all Typified in S. S. S.

Some blood disorders become deeply rooted in the glands and tissues, and the mistake is made of resorting to drastic drugs. These only aggravate by causing other and worse troubles. A host of people know this to be true. They know from painful experience. To get right down into where the blood is vitiated requires S. S. S., the greatest blood purifier ever discovered. This remarkable remedy contains one ingredient, the active purpose of which is to stimulate the tissues to the healthy selection of its own essential nutrient and the medicinal elements of this matchless blood purifier are just as essential to well balanced health as the nutritious elements of the meats, grains, fats and sugars of our daily food. Not only this, but if from the presence of some disturbing poison there is a local or general interference of nutrition to cause boils, carbuncles, abscesses and kindred troubles, S. S. S. so directs the local cells that this poison is rejected and eliminated from their presence. Then, too, S. S. S. has such specific stimulation on these local cells as to preserve their mutual welfare and a proper assistance to each other. In a very brief time S. S. S. has the reconstructive process so under control that remarkable changes are observed. All aches have disappeared, and from head to foot there is a conscious sensation of renewed health. From the fact that S. S. S. is purely a botanical preparation, it is accepted by the weakest stomach and has great tonic influence. Not one drop of drugs or minerals is used in its preparation. Ask for S. S. S. and insist upon having it. And if you desire skillful advice upon any matter concerning the blood and skin write to The Swift Specific Co., 205 Swift Building, Atlanta, Ga. Do not allow some salesmen to lead you to the atmosphere in eloquence over something "just as good" as S. S. S. Beware of all counterfeits.



Four of the Big 5c. Cans of Red Devil Lye will make twenty pounds of the best soap.

Red Devil Lye is pulverized, and dissolves as soon as it touches the water. Best for Cleaning, Washing, Scrubbing.

NOTICE OF ELECTION ON BOND  
ISSUE FOR COUNTY BUILDING AND  
COURT HOUSE FOR THE COUNTY  
OF GUILFORD.

Notice is hereby given to the voters of Guilford county that the Board of County Commissioners has called an election to be held in the various precincts of said county on Tuesday, the first day of June, 1915, for the purpose of submitting to a vote of the qualified voters of said county the question of issuing \$250,000.00 of bonds, all of which will fully appear in the following resolution passed by the board, to-wit:

Resolved, by the Board of Commissioners of Guilford county that in pursuance of an act entitled "An Act to provide for a County Building and Court House for the County of Guilford," passed by the General Assembly of North Carolina and ratified on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1915, an election in said county of Guilford, to-wit: the first day of June, 1915, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of said county the question of issuing bonds of the par value of \$250,000.00 for the purpose of erecting, constructing, furnishing and equipping a county building and court house for the county of Guilford, at which said election those favoring the issue of said bonds shall vote a written or printed ballot with the words "For County Building," and those opposed to issuing said bonds shall vote a written or printed ballot having the words "Against County Building" written or printed thereon.

Resolved further, that pursuant to the authority vested in section eight of said act the board in its discretion as therein provided a new registration of the voters in said county for the purpose of said election.

Resolved further, that the said election shall be held at the several election precincts in said county at the time specified by said board and under the same rules and regulations as may be as are provided by law in holding elections for members of the General Assembly, and for that purpose the registrars appointed by the board are hereby directed to open the books for the registration of voters on Thursday, the 29th day of April, 1915, and are directed to close said books on the second Saturday preceding the election, to-wit: Saturday, May 22, 1915, and during said time the said registrars are directed to have the books open as provided by law in each and every precinct for the registration of voters; said registrars or each of them during the period of registration shall be at the place of his precinct for the registration of voters between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and sunset. Said books shall be closed for registration at sunset on the second Saturday before said election.

Resolved further, that after holding the said election as provided in said act and as provided herein, the registrars and judges of election appointed by the board shall make out and write the number of qualified voters registered in each precinct in said county and the number of votes cast "For County Building" and "Against County Building," which said returns shall be sealed up and delivered to the chairman of the Board of County Commissioners or the clerk of said board by 12 o'clock noon on the second day after said election.

Dated this April 8, 1915.  
W. C. BOREN, Chairman,  
J. C. TUCKER,  
T. A. RANKIN,  
T. A. WILSON,  
Board of County Commissioners,  
Guilford County, N. C.

## ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administratrix of the estate of T. E. Kirkman, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 11th day of March, 1916, this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This April 8, 1915.  
MRS. SARAH I. KIRKMAN,  
Administratrix.

Board of County Commissioners,  
Guilford County, N. C.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of W. A. Jobe, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 11th day of April, 1916, this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This April 8, 1915.  
H. C. JOBE, Adm.

## SCHOOL BOND ELECTION.

Jamestown Special Tax School District.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners, signed by one-fourth of the freeholders of the Jamestown Special Tax School District, asking that an election be held to vote on a special tax levied to pay the interest on said bonds and to pay said bonds at maturity, as provided in Chapter 480 Public Local Laws of North Carolina, session 1913, as amended by session 1915, and entitled "An act to authorize any school district in Guilford county to issue bonds for permanent improvements to school buildings, and furnishing the same with suitable equipment," and the petition having been endorsed by the County Board of Education of Guilford county, a new registration is hereby ordered for said election, and the election is ordered to be held on the 1st day of June, 1915, at the store of A. F. Johnson is hereby appointed registrar, and M. E. Futrell and R. E. Bundy are appointed pollholders for said election.

In accordance with said act, those favoring the issuance and sale of said bonds shall vote a ballot on which shall be written or printed the words, "For School Bonds," and those opposed shall vote a ballot on which shall be written or printed the words, "Against School Bonds."

It is further ordered that the registration for said election be open from Thursday, March 18, 1915, to Saturday, April 10, 1915.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners, this 16th day of March, 1915.

W. C. BOREN,  
Chairman Board of County Commissioners.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed from W. B. Covert and wife, Lillian E. Covert, to C. C. Townsend, dated September 15, 1910, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, in book 223, page 566, default having been made in the payment of same, the undersigned will sell for cash to the highest bidder, at public auction the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C.,

Saturday, May 1, 1915,  
at 12 o'clock M., the following described estate:

A tract of land in Gilmer township, Guilford county, adjoining the lands of W. C. Bain and others, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stake, the southwest intersection of South Elm street extension and a new street, said point being 554 feet from the southwest corner of the Bain farm, and running thence south 87 degrees 20 minutes east along the southern margin of the above mentioned new street 375.1 feet to a stake on a 30 foot street running north and south; thence south 1 degree 35 minutes east with the west margin of said street 215 feet to a stake; thence north 87 degrees 20 minutes west, parallel with the first line 98.2 feet to a stake on South Elm street extension; thence north 2 degrees 10 minutes east with said South Elm street extension 215 feet to the beginning point, containing 4.91 acres, more or less, all of lot No. 3, in block 1, plot of W. C. Bain, situated one-half mile south of the city line of Greensboro, N. C., together with the right of way forever over, under and through the 40 foot street on the north side and 50 foot street on the east side and a described property.

This April 1, 1915.  
C. C. TOWNSEND, Mortgagee.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of W. A. Jobe, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 11th day of April, 1916, this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This April 8, 1915.  
H. C. JOBE, Adm.

## HELPS

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## HELPS FOR HOME-MAKERS.

Edited by the Extension Department of the State Normal and Industrial College.

Two heads are better than one even if one is a cabbage head. The gardener believes this and encourages the cabbage even though it is proverbially stupid. In many parts of North Carolina it may be found in the garden all year round, and it is a good keeper to tide over when it cannot be growing. The seed is usually started in the hot-bed or cold frame, or in boxes in the house, and the little plants later transplanted to the open garden. An ounce of good seed will produce 2,000 plants. Great care should be taken in transplanting or many plants will die. The plants should be set in the ground up to the first leaves. Cloudy rainy weather is best for transplanting and the plants should be well watered.

A paragon for each little cabbage plant should be furnished if the sun shines bright before they have had a chance to take root and become acclimated. A large leaf, paper, anything, will do that is of light weight.

The cabbage requires a cool climate. For this reason in the eastern part of North Carolina they grow cabbage only during the winter and the cooler portions of the spring and fall. In the mountain section, on the other hand, the cabbage is grown in the summer.

A very rich soil with a large amount of humus is essential for the best crop. A 7-7-7 commercial fertilizer at the rate of 2,000 to 4,000 pounds per acre is much used. Turning under a good crop of cow peas helps wonderfully.

Plants should be set in rows, two feet apart with plants one foot apart in the row. Varieties—Early Jersey Wakefield, Early and Late, Flat Dutch and Fother's Brunswick are all much planted.

"Hard headed individuals" are desirable in cabbage. The object is to make them as hard and firm as possible. If the cabbage plants are put out too small at transplanting time they will not make good firm heads.

An abundance of phosphoric acid and potash seems to make the heads hard and firm in texture, while too much nitrogen makes such a rapid leaf growth that the heads are soft and loose.

See that the cabbage keeps its "head cool," and its feet warm, and give it a rich understanding. Plant in well-drained, loose, rich soil. Give each succeeding generation a new home, for a fungus disease often attacks cabbage so that it is not best for the next family of cabbage to live in the same place, but be moved to another corner of the garden.

I have a neighbor who is a practical homemaker and considers the garden a big part of the home. She has had successful experience in making both city and country gardens. Mrs. Briggs has kindly consented to let me use her "collar" suggestion. For lack of space I may not always be able to give her credit for suggestions, but you may know that my articles are being criticised by "one of you." I wish I could tell you about her garden some time. It is such an "old-timey" garden, with flowers, as well as vegetables, sage and parsley in it.

Please write us of practical and pleasant garden experiences, and ask questions, too.

Cut worms are apt to cut down the tender cabbage plants when you set them out. To avoid this make a collar of a piece of paper five inches or more square; fold; cut a hole in center for neck; slit down front; lap over front when fitted around cabbage. The bottom fits over the small hill around cabbage, edges are covered with dirt enough to hold down but not enough for worms to crawl over. Leave for a week or more until the cabbage neck is too tough for the cut worms' scissors.

When I was a lad we used to put on a choker collar—a tube of stiff paper pushed down in the ground.

Cabbage should not be overworked just because it offers up its heads for service all year round and let other vegetables lie tucked up cozily in their integuments doing absolutely nothing. Some folks I know plant scarcely a thing but beans and cabbage, and cabbage and beans—cooked always in the same way. It isn't fair to the cabbage if it is too kept up its reputation of being a desirable table vegetable, and it isn't fair to other plants who would like to become popular and take part in feeding the nation, and it isn't fair to the human stomach and the requirements of the human system.

Cabbage is done an injustice when it is always cooked in the same way over and over again. Cook it after some of Miss Jamison's recipes. She can give you others besides those in her articles. Write to her for more cabbage recipes.

E. E. BALCOMB.

The only excuse for knocking is to knock the fellow who knocks.

## USE OF BORAX TO PREVENT THE BREEDING OF FLIES.

Each spring when the anti-fly campaigns start up the state board of health is repeatedly called on to recommend some chemical treatment that will destroy fly larvae in manure. To find that chemical which will destroy the fly economically, and at the same time preserve the fertilizing value of the manure, appears to be a somewhat baffling question to scientists, but one they are hopeful of solving. In fact, through a long process of experimentation with different chemicals, the United States department of agriculture believes that it has found what may be relied on as an economical, practical and fairly effective larvicide. It is ordinary borax.

The bulletin of the United States department of agriculture, speaking of the favorable results obtained by the use of borax, says: "It possesses a marked larvicidal action and appears to exert no permanent injury on the fertilizing value of the manure."

The bulletin reckons the cost of borax treatment, using ordinary commercial borax costing five to six cents per pound, to be one cent per horse per day, and recommends about a pound of borax to every 15 cubic feet or 12 bushels of manure immediately after its removal from the stable, or in other words, about a pound per horse per week. It further advises the sprinkling of the borax through any fine sieve over the manure, especially around the outer edges if placed in a pile, and that the whole be sprinkled with three to five gallons of water.

While the state board of health would not for a moment frown on the use of borax where borax is necessary, or where for some reason prompt removal of manure seems out of the question, attention should be called to the danger of trying to use some larvicide to the neglect of ordinary cleanliness. In other words, beware of perfume where a bath is needed.

Where practical manure should be placed in a tight, tongued and grooved box so that the larvae cannot work their way down or out through cracks and so that female flies cannot deposit more eggs in the manure. Such a box should be cleaned out thoroughly not less than once every five days, or better still twice a week.—State Board of Health Bulletin.

## Texas Raising a New Crop.

That in feterita a partial substitute for wheat has been found is the opinion of many people who have seen the results obtained. It will be planted to thousands of acres in Texas this year, instead of cotton.

Feterita is one of the non-saccharine grain sorghums. It was introduced into the United States from the Sudan by the agricultural department of the United States, and it has been found highly adaptable to the Southwest. The stalks grow from 5 to 12 feet high and resemble milo-maize in habit, except that the heads are larger, uniformly erect and the seeds are larger, softer and white in color. Its ability to resist either extreme dry or wet weather makes it dependable.

Early planting insures from two to three crops a season, the first for grain and the later one for fodder. It will grow on almost any kind of land. The land is plowed in the fall or winter and the feterita is planted by means of the planter or by hand in rows, and cultivated like corn.

Feterita yields much more than corn and about five times as much as wheat. It matures earlier than corn or milo-maize. It makes fine dry fodder and when raised on dry land yields as much as 20 tons an acre. It also makes excellent silage.

## Reason For Delay.

Some time ago a tramp steamer that was long overdue wallowed into port, and immediately on hearing of her arrival half of the population rushed down to the pier.

"I understand that you had a pretty long voyage, captain," remarked one of the visitors.

"Yes," was the dry response of the captain, "but it might have been a whole lot longer."

"They say the weather has been very bad at sea," persisted the visitor. "Was that what detained you?"

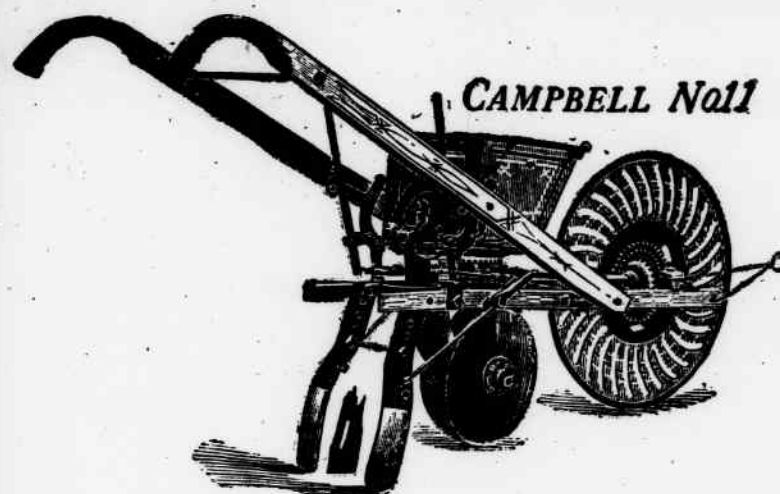
"No, it wasn't exactly the weather," explained the captain. "It was the work we had to do. You see, between here and Liverpool we jumped the whole of the Atlantic ocean through that boat three times."

## Our "Jitney Offer"—This and 3c.

Don't miss this. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup. Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Conyers & Sykes.

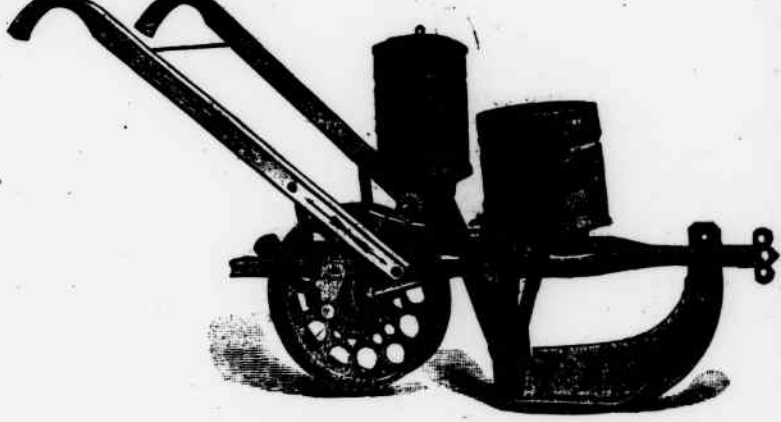
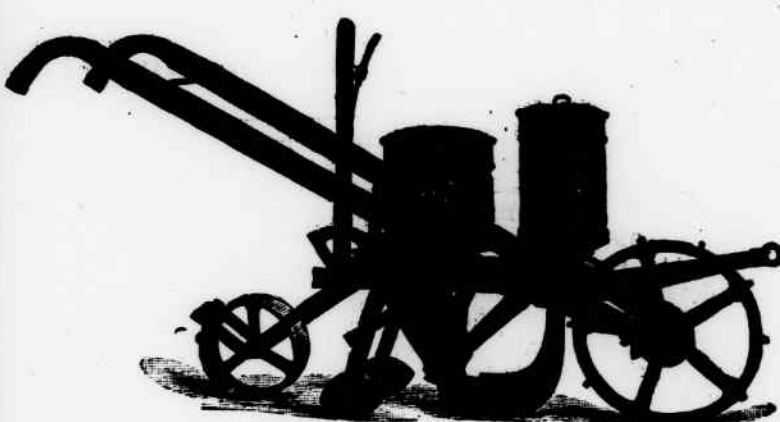
Watch the date on your sack.

## Corn Drills



We want to call your attention to the fact that we are headquarters for CORN PLANTERS as well as other farm tools, with a large stock and a great variety to select from. Our prices are right and terms reasonable. "Campbell" means quality when seen on a corn drill.

Come see our line. It costs you nothing to look.



## Townsend Buggy Company

## The Prayer of Brotherhood.

No man liveth unto himself, not even when he enters his closet and closes the door to pray. Not my Father, but our Father, must be his prayer, "everyone praying for all and all for everyone," as Cardinal Bellarmine said. No one may ever hope to find God save as he seeks Him in the great communion of humanity. Only when he resolves to share the fate of all his fellows, light or no light, heaven or no heaven, do the heavens open and the light of God shine 'round about him.

"All ye are brethren," said Jesus and He drew no line of limit to exclude any from that vast fellowship. Nathaniel, "in whom was no guile;" Nicodemus, proud and learned; Zachariah, a sinner; Bartimaeus, a blind beggar; "the rich young ruler" and Mary Magdalene—aye, the poor, the lame, the halt, the outcast, the leper and the sweet babe—all were His brothers and ours. As He prayed, so in His life He carried the logic of love to its ultimate truth, and if we be His followers we must go and do likewise. John Woolman never prayed for anything himself that he did not ask for all his fellows. Feeling himself identified with his fellows in their joys and woes; yet, even in their sins, he took upon his heart the care of all mankind. Of such is the kingdom of our Father "who art in heaven"—by which is meant not that God is shut up in the sky, but that by such love we are withdrawn from earthly things and become citizens of the city of God.—From a sermon by Joseph Fort Newton.

After mother has told daughter that all men are alike, daughter picks out what she believes to be a superior representative of the male sex and trots away with him to the music of wedding bells.

When a man has a slight pain he is apt to announce that it hurts like the toothache. But it doesn't; nothing hurts like the toothache.

If you check up the number of bottles used you will find Foley's Honey and Tar in greater demand than any other cough medicine. It is safe, prompt and effective for colds, croup, hoarseness, bronchial coughs, throat trouble and lagrippe. It contains no opiates and is the preferred cough medicine for children. Conyers & Sykes. adv.

## Panama-Pacific Expositions San Francisco and San Diego, Cal.—Southern Railway—Premier Carrier of the South.—Very Low Round Trip Rates.

Dates of sale March 1 to November 30, 1915. Final return limit three months from date of sale, except that these tickets will not be good to return later than December 31, 1915.

Low round trip fares from principal points as follows:

Charlotte	\$84.15
Salisbury	84.15
High Point	84.15
Greensboro	84.15
Mt. Airy	86.25
Gastonia	84.15
North Wilkesboro	87.85
Statesville	84.15
Hickory	83.25
Morganton	82.20
Winston-Salem	84.15
Shelby	82.60

Fares from other points on same basis.

Fares to Seattle or via Portland and Seattle at higher rates. These tickets will permit of diverse routing and will allow stop-overs on both going and return trip within limit of ticket.

Southern Railway offers choice of several routes of historic interest from which to select; going one way and returning another. Through connections and good service via Memphis, St. Louis, Chicago or New Orleans. Through cars daily via New Orleans and Sunset Route. Special car parties now being arranged, affording opportunity to make trip without change and with select company on outgoing trip; returning at leisure via any route you may choose, stopping off at your own pleasure, thereby avoiding all the discomforts of going and returning with large tour parties, being compelled to follow the crowd. In going individually or with special Pullman car parties you spend your own money, stop where you please and go and come to suit your own convenience and save money paid tourist agents for escorting you around.

For further information apply to Southern Railway agents, or R. H. DEBUTTS, D. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.

The city of Peking will be encircled by a railroad which will hug the historic walls.

## Southern Railway Premier Carrier of the South

N. B.—Following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.

12.15 A. M.—No. 32 daily. The Southern's Southeastern Limited. Pullman drawing room, and open section sleeping cars Jacksonville and Augusta to New York. Day coaches. Dining car service.

12.55 A. M.—No. 112 daily. Local for Raleigh and Goldsboro. Pullman sleeping car Winston-Salem to Raleigh open at 9:30 P. M. and may be occupied in Raleigh till 7 A. M.

1.50 A. M.—No. 29 daily. Birmingham Special. Pullman drawing room and observation sleeping cars New York, Richmond to Birmingham and Columbus, Ga. Daily tourist car Washington to San Francisco via popular Sunset Route. Coaches and dining car service.

1.42 A. M.—No. 30 daily. Birmingham Special. Pullman drawing room and observation sleeping cars New York, Richmond to Richmond. Dining car service and day coaches.

3.15 A. M.—No. 31 daily. The Southern's Southeastern Limited. Pullman drawing room and open section sleeping cars New York to Jacksonville, and Augusta. Day coaches and dining car service.

3.45 A. M.—No. 45 daily. Local for Charlotte, connecting for Atlanta and points South.

7.10 A. M.—No. 8 daily. Local for Richmond.

7.15 A. M.—No. 27, daily. New York, Atlanta and New Orleans limited. Solid Pullman train with observation and open section sleeping cars New York to New Orleans, New York to Asheville and Macon. Pullman parlor car Greensboro to Montgomery. Club car Washington to Montgomery. Dining car service.

7.25 A. M.—No. 11 daily. Local to Atlanta. Pullman cars Norfolk and Richmond to Charlotte. Day coaches.

7.30 A. M.—No. 108 daily. Local for Raleigh, Selma and Goldsboro.

7.40 A. M.—No. 154 daily except Sunday. Local to Ramseur.

8.15 A. M.—No. 237 daily for Winston-Salem and North Wilkesboro. Pullman sleeping car Raleigh to Winston-Salem.

8.20 A. M.—No. 133 daily. Local for Mt. Airy.

9.30 A. M.—No. 44 daily. For Washington and points North.

9.45 A. M.—No. 144 daily. For Raleigh, Selma and Goldsboro. Pullman car Atlanta to Raleigh.

12.30 P. M.—No. 21 daily. For Asheville, Waynesville, connecting at Asheville with Carolina Special for all points west. Chair car Goldsboro to Asheville.

12.55 P. M.—No. 130 daily. For Sanford, Fayetteville and Wilmington.

1.30 P. M.—No. 7 daily. Local for Charlotte, connecting for Seneca and Columbia.

1.30 P. M.—No. 36 daily. U. S. Fast Mail for Washington, New York and points North. Pullman drawing room and open section sleeping cars New Orleans and Birmingham to New York. Day coaches and dining car service.

2 P. M.—No. 207 daily. For Winston-Salem, connecting daily except Sunday for North Wilkesboro.

2.30 P. M.—No. 151 daily except Sunday, for Madison.

3.30 P. M.—No. 230, daily except Sunday for Ramseur.

4.15 P. M.—No. 22 daily. For Raleigh, Selma and Goldsboro.

5.05 P. M.—No. 131 daily. For Mt. Airy.

6.25 P. M.—No. 35 daily. U. S. Fast

Mail through to Atlanta, New Orleans and Birmingham. Pullman sleeping cars New York to New Orleans and Birmingham. Day coaches and dining car service.

6.35 P. M.—No. 235 daily for Winston-Salem.

7.15 P. M.—No. 132 daily. Local for Sanford.

7.32 P. M.—No. 43 daily. For Atlanta and points South. Sleeping car Raleigh to Atlanta.

10.15 P. M.—No. 12, daily. Local for Richmond. Sleeping cars Charlotte to Richmond and Norfolk.

11.20 P. M.—No. 33, daily. New York, Atlanta and New Orleans limited. Solid Pullman train with observation and open section sleeping cars New Orleans, Macon and Asheville to New York. Dining car.

10.20 P. M.—No. 233 daily. For Winston-Salem.

E. H. COLEMAN, Vice President and General Manager, Washington, D. C.

S. H. HARDWICK, Passenger Traffic Manager, Washington, D. C.

H. F. CARY, General Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.

R. H. DEBUTTS, Division Passenger Agent, Charlotte, N. C.

C. G. PICKARD, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C.

America's Greatest Weekly

THE TOLEDO BLADE

TOLEDO, OHIO

The Best Known Newspaper in the United States—over One Million Readers Weekly.

Popular in Every State—No Objectionable Advertising.

This marks the seventy-ninth successful year of America's greatest national weekly—The Toledo Weekly Blade. From the year of its establishment the influence of The Toledo Weekly Blade has been tremendous. Its editor has clung to the original ideal—a constructive newspaper for the information, entertainment, and education of every member of the household. It stands for our national hope of better homes and better Americans.

Wholesome, sane optimism is its platform. It seeks to build through the spread of valuable knowledge and the betterment of those who put their faith in its world. The Toledo Weekly Blade is today as always it has been, the most respected of all our national publications and its columns are notably the vehicles of truthful news and staunchly honest opinions.

You will not find a publication anywhere which appeals so thoroughly to the family circle as the Weekly Blade. It is indeed, a fireside companion. It carries the news of the world crystallized and complete. Its various departments are edited by men and women who understand the needs and ideals of its readers. The household page is a delight to the women and children—current events and national problems are treated editorially without prejudice—its serial stories are selected with the view of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers, the Question Bureau is a scrap book of invaluable information—the farmstead columns are designed purely for the purpose of giving its readers a means of exchanging ideas and information on farm topics. No department of family interest is neglected—but every feature is taken care of with the desire to make the Weekly Blade worth intrinsically many times the price of subscription—\$1.00 a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address, THE BLADE, Toledo, Ohio.

SPECIAL OFFER. We will send The Greensboro Patriot (semi-weekly) and The Toledo Weekly Blade both one year for \$1.15. Send all orders to THE PATRIOT, Greensboro, N. C.



CLARENCE POE DISCUSSES  
SOUTH'S RACE PROBLEM.

Census statistics proving that the rural South is growing blacker instead of whiter featured the address of Editor Clarence Poe, of the Progressive Farmer, delivered at Charlottesville, Va., April 16. In the South Atlantic states in the last census decade, he said, white farmers increased only 12 per cent and negro farmers 23 per cent—nearly twice as fast. In the South Central states white farmers increased 12 per cent and the negroes 21 per cent—nearly twice as fast. He also pointed out that negroes are gaining fastest in farm ownership, while it is the whites who are fastest becoming a tenant class, there being 188,000 increase in the last decade, or 27 per cent, against only 118,000 increase in negro tenant farmers, or 21 per cent.

Dr. Poe declared that these results were due not to the superiority of the negro but to two unfair advantages:

"First, an unfair economic advantage in that the negroes are able to buy land and make crops on a scale of living, clothing and housing that the respectable white farmer and his family doing the same character of work cannot meet.

"Second, a social advantage in that when negroes move into a white neighborhood, or begin to outnumber the whites in a neighborhood, or become of bad character, the whites may be forced to move away because there is no longer adequate social life, adequately supported white schools and churches, or else for the greater security of the white farmer's wife and daughters."

By way of offsetting these advantages, "as a matter of justice to the white man and not of injustice to the negro," he declared, he advocated the plan for allowing white neighborhoods that wish to do so to limit future land sales to white people. On this point he said:

"In North Carolina such a plan for race segregation in land ownership is now definitely before the people and it is fast becoming an issue in other states. After being twice overwhelmingly endorsed by the state Farmers' Union, the measure came before the senate of North Carolina at its recent session, in the form of a constitutional amendment to be submitted to the people, and at this its very first appearance, lacked but two votes of receiving a majority of the votes cast. In fact it received a clear majority of all the Democratic senators voting, received the only Republican vote from that half of the state containing the principal part of the negro population, and from all that half of the state east of Greensboro, where the people really know the conditions, only four votes were cast against it."

## For Violating Alien Labor Law.

After the arrival in New York a few days ago of the Red Star liner Kronland from a cruise of eighty-two days around South America sixty-nine stewards and eight stewardesses were arrested by Immigration Inspector George Moore and taken to Ellis Island on a charge of violating the alien contract labor law. It is alleged that they were engaged in England, brought to this country by the steamship Finland in January and transferred to the Kronland, which is an American ship, and that the law was thus violated.

Ellis Island contends that the places taken by the stewardesses and stewards could have been filled by Americans. The line asserts that it was unable to get this class of employees here.

## Nelson W. Aldrich Dead.

Nelson W. Aldrich, for 30 years United States senator from Rhode Island and a Republican leader in national politics, died of an apoplectic stroke at his home in New York Friday. He had been suffering from indigestion since the previous day.

Mr. Aldrich was born in Foster, R. I., November 6, 1841, and entered politics at the age of 34. In 1879 he was sent to Congress, and two years later was elected senator. He represented Rhode Island in the senate until 1911, when he retired. For years he was chairman of the senate finance committee and bore an important part in shaping national legislation.

## Pete For Americans' Slayings.

A press dispatch from Vera Cruz, Mexico, says:

Preparations are under way for ceremonies here on April 21 and 22 to commemorate the killing of seventeen American soldiers who were members of the United States forces which seized the city.

The civil program consists of sixteen numbers, including orations, poems and the conferring of medals and diplomas to patriots who helped to defend the city. The medals are inscribed on one side "Praise to the Hero of April 21, 1914," and on the other "He fought the invader of April 21, 1914."

THE WORLD OWES MUCH TO  
ACHIEVEMENTS OF YOUTH.

The achievements of youth startle the world. Experience is often the worst teacher. Her rebuffs dampen ardor and deaden ambition. Youth is not fettered by a knowledge of limitations, so it rushes in where angels fear to tread and performs miracles. Not knowing the impossible, youth has faith in achieving it.

Raphael painted the Madonna of St. Anthony at 22 years of age, the Sistine Madonna at 27. Shelley wrote his sublime drama, "Prometheus Unbound," at 27. Alexander Hamilton wrote two of the most influential political pamphlets of his time at 17; and at 20 he joined Washington's private staff. John Calvin published his "Institutes of Theology" at 27. Burns wrote three of his greatest poems at the same age. William Pitt was chancellor of the exchequer at 23; at 25 he was one of the foremost men of his time. Clive was head of the English forces in India, distinguished himself at Arcot and was called a "heaven-born" general by Pitt at 27.

Mozart composed an opera for the opera house at Milan when 15 years old; at 21 he had written 300 compositions; at 30 he was the greatest composer of Europe. Keats won an immortal place among English poets and died at 26. Edison at 22 received \$40,000 for a telegraphic invention. Isaac Newton ignored all the authority and tradition of time, and discovered the law of gravitation at 27. Bell didn't know he couldn't talk from Denver to Boston, so he invented the telephone at 29.

Napoleon rebuked an officer for saying "impossible" in his presence. Napoleon said: "There are no Alps," and led the French army into Italy at 27. Had Joan of Arc been older and experienced she would not have attempted to lead the French into Orleans and drive the English beyond the Loire. At 17 she stood victorious beside Charles when he was crowned king in the cathedral.

So close is grandeur to our dust,  
So near is God to man,  
When duty whispers low "Thou Must"  
The Youth replies, "I can."

The world owes much to the abounding belief of youth. Youth will undertake and accomplish big tasks. Youth has blazed its trails into undiscovered realms and brought back a new law, a new song, or a new machine.

An army of men can run a cotton gin, but it took Eli Whitney, a youth of 27, with abounding faith, to invent it. There are a thousand men who can send a wireless message, but it took Marconi, a youth of 24, with unfathomed faith, to discover the law. There are a host of men to play the March, but it took Mozart, a youth of 20, with unquenched enthusiasm, to compose it.

In the executive's chair and around the director's table of successful business enterprise are many men scarcely turned 30. They are not demagogues; they have not sat idle in the market places bemoaning the inequality of fortune.

Sad will be the old age of the youth who forgets his father's struggles, his father's thrift, his father's God; and lets the morrow take care of itself.

The world owes no man a living, but every youth owes the world a life.—Leslie's Weekly.

## Blind Children Follow Curse on Woman.

After a curse pronounced on his wife had been followed by blindness of his three children, George Yusko, a paperhanger and painter of Mount Pleasant, Pa., left his wife and children, it is alleged, refusing longer to support them. Yusko was arrested on a charge of desertion, and before Justice of the Peace L. S. Rhodes Yusko told an amazing story.

When a girl of sixteen Mrs. Annie Yusko, it was testified, put out the eyes of seven ducks owned by a neighbor, using a wire to perform the act. Finding her blinded ducks, the enraged neighbor hurled maledictions on the girl, expressing the hope that God would punish her likewise.

Mr. and Mrs. Yusko are the parents of three children, each of whom is almost totally blind. Terrified by what seemed to be a fulfillment of the neighbor's curse, Yusko urged his wife to ask forgiveness of the neighbor and beg that the spell of the curse be broken. This Mrs. Yusko refused to do. Then Yusko left home.

He produced his three children in the office of the justice as evidence of the truth of his words. Physicians present at the hearing said that the curse had preyed so upon Mrs. Yusko's mind that her children were influenced prenatally and blindness resulted.

With the countries at war shutting down on whiskey, the old toppers in this country will begin to declare they always were for peace.

Watch the date on your label.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. A. L. Ozment, of Jamestown, was among Saturday's callers at The Patriot office.

Mr. S. A. Howard has returned from St. Petersburg, Fla., where he spent the winter.

Mr. G. W. Riley, of Pleasant Garden, paid The Patriot a hurried call Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bennett, of Greene township, were in the city Saturday on a shopping trip.

Mr. F. M. Pegram, of Kernersville, was in the city Saturday on business and gave The Patriot a call.

Mr. W. B. Warren, of Kernersville, gave The Patriot the pleasure of a brief visit while in the city Thursday.

Mr. B. B. Bouldin, who holds a position as internal revenue agent in Kentucky, is in the city on a visit to his family.

Rev. E. C. Glenn has gone to Bath, Beaufort county, to conduct a revival meeting in the Methodist church at that place.

Mr. R. J. Frederick, one of The Patriot's good friends on Guilford College Route 2, was a caller at the office a few days ago.

Mrs. W. A. Sharp has returned from Philadelphia, where she spent the winter with her son Frank, who is a student in the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Thomas C. Hobbs, a former resident of Greensboro, who has been engaged in the insurance business in Wilson for several years, spent Saturday in the city with relatives.

Mr. Andrew Joyner, who recently returned from San Domingo, where he has held a position in the United States customs service for the past 15 months, went to Washington Saturday on a business trip.

## Found Wife's Body on Dissecting Table.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 16.—A thirteen days' search in this city made by John Monroe, of Norfolk, Va., for his sick wife ended yesterday, when he found the body on a dissecting table of the state anatomical board. Mrs. Monroe died April 2 in the Philadelphia hospital. Unclaimed after twenty-four hours, the customary period, the body was given to the state board. Surgeons had partly dissected the body when the husband located it.

Monroe received word April 2 that his wife was ill here. He hastened to the city, but failed to locate her. After visiting all the local hospitals and searching their records he found that she had been admitted to the Philadelphia hospital, dying on April 2. Learning that the state anatomical board had possession of the body, he applied to the officials, and after an investigation of records, identified a mutilated body as that of his wife.

Monroe had the body shipped to Norfolk last night.

## Subscribe to The Patriot.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

Pursuant to the powers contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by John Penn and wife, Della Penn, to J. B. Ogburn, mortgagee, dated December 29, 1911, and recorded in book 235, page 400, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, default having been made in the payment of the note there secured and the conditions of the said mortgage, whereby the same became operative, the undersigned will on

Monday, May 3, 1915, at 12 o'clock, noon, or as soon thereafter as may be, sell the lands conveyed in said mortgage deed at the court house door in Greensboro to the last and highest bidder for cash, the said land being more particularly described as follows:

Lying and being in Bruce township, Guilford county and state of North Carolina, adjoining the lands of John Lloyd, J. F. Summers and others.

Beginning at a red oak in Lloyd's line, Summers' corner; thence north 76 degrees east 42 poles to center of Southern Railroad; thence with railroad south 62 degrees east 22 poles, south 68 degrees east 36 1-2 poles to C. D. Benbow's line; thence with his line south 69 degrees 20 minutes west 108 poles to a stone, C. D. Benbow's corner; thence north 3 1-2 degrees east 53 poles and 10 links to the point of beginning, containing 20 3-4 acres, more or less.

This April 1, 1915.

J. B. OGBURN, Mortgagee.

B. L. FENTRESS, Att'y.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of J. R. Tucker, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of April, 1916, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This April 1, 1915.

O. L. TUCKER, Admr.

of J. R. Tucker, Deceased.

CLIFFORD FRAZIER, Att'y. 27-37

## EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the estate of Ella White, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 6th day of April, 1916, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This April 6, 1915.

S. F. WHITE, Executor.

EMMA JOYNER, Executrix.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having this day qualified as administrator of Lina Crews, deceased, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned, duly verified, on or before the 12th day of April, 1916, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

This April 10, 1915.

J. O. CREWS, Admr.

## PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

LOT OF LADIES' old stock footwear, mostly small sizes, to be sold at only one dollar a pair. Pumps and oxfords, sizes 1, 1 1-2, 2, 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2, 5, 5 1-2 and 8. Laced and buttoned shoes, sizes 1 1-2, 2, 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2, 4 and 5. Thacker & Brockmann.

NEXT SATURDAY, April 24, is the date of the auction sale of Taylor & Hire's livery outfit. Don't forget it.

I WANT TO SELL my saw mill engine and boiler, twenty-five horse power, ready to run. Can be seen any time. Write me McAdoo Hotel, Greensboro. G. R. Pittard.

The clubbing offer of The Patriot, the Atlanta Constitution and the Progressive Farmer all one year for \$2 is still open. This is the best offer in wholesome reading matter ever made.

Send us \$2 and get The Patriot, the Atlanta Constitution and the Progressive Farmer—six papers a week—a whole year.

IT WILL PAY YOU to attend Taylor & Hire's auction sale next Saturday if you are in the market for a good horse, wagon, buggy or harness.

TWO MOTORS, one a single phase, one H. P., and one three phase, 3 H. P., both in good running condition. Phone 1410, Greensboro, N. C.

Six papers a week one whole year for \$2 is what you get if you take advantage of The Patriot's best clubbing offer.

If you have a fresh milk cow for sale, see or phone J. C. Olive at the city market. Telephone 713.

DON'T FORGET the auction sale of horses, vehicles, etc., at Taylor & Hire's livery stable next Saturday.

ALL KIND, new or second hand machinery or motors. International Machinery Company, 319 Davie street, Greensboro, N. C.

You can't beat this combination: The Patriot, semi-weekly, the Atlanta Constitution, three-a-week, and the Progressive Farmer, weekly, all one year for only \$2.

A year's supply of reading matter for the entire family for only \$2 if you take advantage of The Patriot's great clubbing proposition, the best offer ever made by a newspaper.

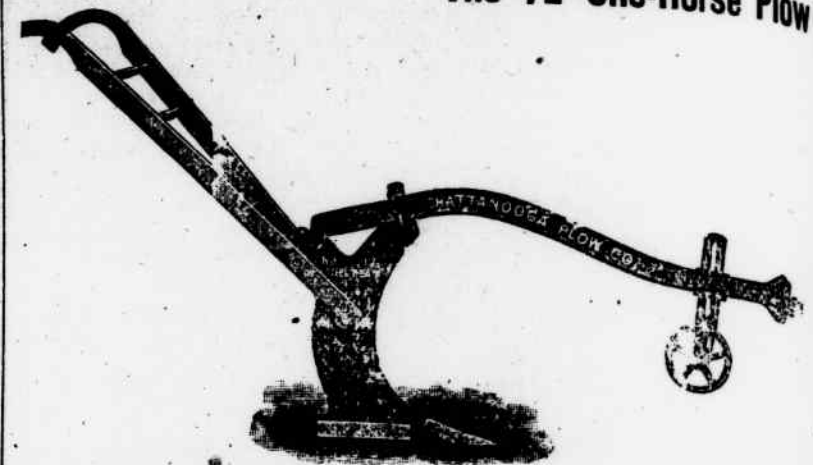
AUCTION SALE of livery outfit at Taylor & Hire's stable next Saturday. Be there.

THREE MANURE SPREADERS and three mowing machines of very best make, slightly scarred in handling, but perfectly new stock. Will sell this stock at less than cost. International Machinery Company, Phone 1410, 319 Davie street, Greensboro, N. C.

Watch the date on your label.

## The 65 and 64 Two-Horse Plow

## The 72 One-Horse Plow



This is the one with the long beam that runs as steady as the average two-horse plow, and by also using the No. 17 Sub-soil plow your land does not wash as badly and will stand the long dry spell without injury to the crop. Let us show you these crop makers. Ask your neighbor.

We are Yours to please,

## Greensboro Hardware Co.

221 South Elm Street

Phones 457-458

## FOR SALE

140-acre farm at Woodleaf, N. C. New 10 room dwelling, 2 good tenant houses, sheds, barn, fine orchard, timber and wood. Excellent land for cotton, tobacco, truck, grain and fruit.

Price very reasonable. Terms easy. Write, phone or see

## ROLAND G. HILL

REAL ESTATE AND RENTALS

100 McAdoo Building

Telephone 2062

## Use Dry Powdered Arsenate of Lead for Spraying Fruit Trees

Will kill codling moth and all kinds of insects. It mixes well with water, will not clog nozzle. Powdered Arsenate of Lead is cheaper than any other form. Two pounds will make 100 gallons at a cost of 35c per pound, or 1/3 of a cent per gallon. Call or write us for some literature.

## Guilford Hardware Co.

## SPRAY WITH BOWKER'S PYROX

And add to the value of your vegetable and truck crops. Kills insects and prevents disease. Increases yield and quality.

Pound packages at 25c or five pounds for \$1.00.

Also Lime and Sulphur solution for spraying trees at 30 cents a gallon.

## Greensboro Drug Co.

Cor. S. Elm and West Market Sts.

Telephone 926

## Get Our Prices on the Following

Screen Doors  
Screen Windows  
Screen Wire  
Ice Cream Freezers  
Refrigerators

EVERYTHING IN SEASONABLE HARDWARE

## Southside Hardware Co.

523-525 SOUTH ELM ST.