

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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GREENSBORO, N. C., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1914

VOL. 93—NO. 90

IN BRIEF FORM
LOCAL INTELLIGENCE
MATTERS OF INTEREST
TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT
FAR AND NEAR.

Superior Court.—The November term of Superior court convened this morning, with Judge W. A. Davidson on the bench, and will continue for two weeks.

Age of Woman Dead.—Mrs. Polly Anderson, one of the oldest residents of Guilford, died yesterday afternoon at the advanced age of 92 years. The funeral and interment will take place this afternoon at Mount Hope church.

Revival Meeting.—A revival meeting at the Asheboro Street Baptist church began yesterday and will be continued a week or longer. Rev. W. M. Jones, of Elberton, Ga., is expected to arrive this afternoon and will be the pastor. Rev. R. P. Williams is assisting.

Received Receipts.—The receipts of the Greensboro postoffice during the month of October were \$100.00 more than \$100.00 than they were for the same month of 1913. The receipts for October, 1914, were \$1,000.00 and for October, 1913, \$900.00.

Underwent Operation.—Mr. I. F. Jones, a patient at the American Hospital, National Bank, is a patient at the hospital, where he underwent an operation for appendicitis yesterday. He stood the operation well and is reported to be recovering satisfactorily.

Respectably Ill.—Mr. Jabez R. Anderson, one of Guilford's oldest and most respected citizens, is seriously ill at the home of his son, Mr. S. G. Hodgins, of Guilford. His condition is critical and he is expected to die at any time.

Board President.—Mr. John L. Anderson, president of the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce, is a patient at the hospital, where he underwent an operation for appendicitis yesterday. He stood the operation well and is reported to be recovering satisfactorily.

Wedding Invitations.—The following have been issued: Mr. and Mrs. William A. Anderson, of Guilford, are giving a wedding reception at the home of Mr. Anderson, on Friday, at 6 o'clock, at the Protestant church, on Main street.

Funeral Held Yesterday.—Mr. Daniel Anderson, died yesterday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Anderson, at Greensboro. The funeral was held at 10 o'clock, at the Protestant church, on Main street.

Carried to South Carolina.—Sheriff Register, of Darlington, S. C., was in Greensboro Saturday and carried back with him Will Blackmon, white, who is wanted in the South Carolina town for shooting and seriously injuring a woman some time ago. After the shooting Blackmon came to Greensboro and found employment in the White Oak mill.

Lectures on Sex Hygiene.—Dr. Winfield Scott Hall, professor of physiology in Northwestern University, Chicago, Ill., spent Thursday in Greensboro and delivered lectures at the State Normal and Industrial College in the forenoon and at the Y. M. C. A. building in the afternoon and evening, speaking to the women in the afternoon and the men in the evening. Dr. Hall is an authority on social ethics, eugenics and problems of the home, and his lectures in Greensboro were heard with interest by large audiences.

Guilford Creamery.—Mr. J. A. Hornaday has purchased the interest of the other stockholders in the Guilford Creamery Company and is now the sole owner of the business. An advertisement on another page of The Patriot invites your attention to the fact that cream is in demand at good prices and invites you to write, telephone or call for information in detail. The creamery has great possibilities, and under the capable management of Mr. Hornaday doubtless will grow into a strong business institution.

On Serious Charge.—John Link, a white man about 30 years of age, is in jail in Lexington charged with a criminal assault on Miss Lena Hill, a young woman 20 years old and the daughter of a farmer in the northern part of Davidson county. Link has a wife and five children.

Gives Up Hotel.—Mr. A. N. Perkins, who has been conducting the Central hotel, in Charlotte, for several years, has given up his lease on the property and it is understood that he will return to his home in Greensboro. He has made no announcement of his plans for the future, but it is presumed that he will devote his attention to his real estate and other interests in this city.

Mrs. Mary Lampman Dead.—Mrs. Mary Lampman, widow of the late George Lampman, died Saturday morning at her home on Odell place. She was 67 years old and is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Roberta Lampman. The funeral was held from the home yesterday afternoon and interment made in Greene Hill cemetery, the services being conducted by Rev. J. L. Miller, of St. Andrew's Episcopal church.

Dinner For Convicts.—As a mark of their appreciation of the good work done on the road leading from Climax to Pleasant Garden, a number of citizens of Fentress township last Wednesday gave a dinner to the convict road force. There was an abundance of almost everything imaginable good to eat, and it was served with a prodigality that marked the hosts as big-hearted and open-hearted people.

Biggest Load of Tobacco.—Mr. W. R. Moore, a son of Squire J. Richard Moore, of Brown Summit, has the distinction of having brought to the Greensboro market the biggest load of tobacco sold here so far by any individual farmer in Guilford county this season. Last Wednesday Mr. Moore sold at the Farmers' warehouse a load of tobacco that weighed 2,879 pounds, and the entire lot was sold at a most satisfactory price.

New Drug Store.—Mr. Claude Herndon, one of the best known and most capable druggists in Greensboro, has gone into business for himself and opened a first-class drug store in the Jones & Taylor building, on the corner of North Elm and West Gaston streets. His store is conveniently located and Mr. Herndon doubtless will soon build up a good trade. His advertisement will be found elsewhere in this issue of The Patriot.

Y. W. C. A. Work.—The board of directors of the Young Women's Christian Association held a meeting Friday afternoon and splendid reports of the different departments were heard that showed the association to be in a very flourishing condition. The various classes are forming rapidly, and one of the most enthusiastic classes is that studying domestic science, or cooking. Each member of the class has an outfit of individual utensils recently acquired.

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DEAF BOYS KILLED BY TRAIN

GREENSBORO AND HIGH POINT YOUTHS MET DEATH ON TRACK YESTERDAY.

Willie Sawyer, the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sawyer, of this city, and Claude Wade, the 13-year-old son of Mrs. Annie Wade, of High Point, were run over and killed yesterday morning by an eastbound train on the Asheville division of the Southern Railway. The accident occurred in a deep cut near Hildebran, about 15 miles west of Morganton.

The boys were students of the deaf and dumb school at Morganton and had run away from the institution Saturday afternoon. When first seen by the engineer they were walking down the middle of the track, holding each other by the hand. The fact that they were deaf of course prevented them from hearing the warning whistle and it was impossible to stop the train before they had been run over. The bodies were carried to Morganton and prepared for burial and were brought to the homes of the distressed parents on northbound train No. 12 last night.

Young Sawyer was killed on his twelfth birthday. He had been in the deaf and dumb school at Morganton four years and is said to have been a bright pupil. Saturday his parents shipped him a box of delicacies as a birthday present, but he and his companion had left the school before the package was received.

Kivett-Tickle Wedding.

Many readers of The Patriot will be interested in the announcement of the marriage of Miss Annie V. Tickle, a daughter of Mrs. C. A. Tickle, of Washington township, and Mr. P. D. Kivett, which took place last Thursday afternoon in Winston-Salem, where both the young people have resided for some time. Friday's Winston-Salem Journal gives the following account of the marriage:

"Miss Annie V. Tickle and Mr. P. D. Kivett, both of this city, were quietly married yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock by E. A. Shenk, pastor of the Lutheran church, at his home on West Fourth street. Mr. J. M. Clapp, of Gibsonville Route 1, and Mrs. Clapp, a sister of the bride, were present at the marriage.

The bride is an attractive young lady, and has made many friends since coming to this city several months ago. She has been with Miss Wierman's millinery establishment since coming to the city.

"Mr. Kivett is a splendid young man, and also has many friends who will be interested to learn of his marriage. He is employed by the Wise Granite and Construction Company, the company that is building the new postoffice."

Missouri Rejects Full Train Crew Law.

Missouri has rejected decisively the full train crew law, which was passed by the last legislature, signed by Governor Major and which went before the voters on Tuesday for referendum. Whether or not the majority will be 100,000, as enthusiastic railroad officials estimated, will not be known for several days. The clerks have 30 days in which to return the complete vote and in the rural districts especially they will take the full time. But from figures available the conservatives claim the bill was defeated by about 65,000.

Damaged by Fire.—The new residence of Rev. A. W. Crawford, on South Mendenhall street, which is nearing completion, was the scene of a small fire Thursday, and only the quick work of the carpenters and other workmen prevented the almost completed house from being destroyed. The finishing touches were being put on the house and several painters were engaged in varnishing the floor in a bath room on the second floor. One of the workmen struck a match. The varnish, which contains a large per cent of alcohol and is highly inflammable, was instantly ablaze and the flames spread over the entire floor. Every means at their command was used by the workmen to extinguish the fire and a still alarm was sent in to the auto truck company, but before the auto truck arrived the men succeeded in putting the fire out. One man had his hands badly burned during the brief scare. The damage done to the room was small, the floor and wainscoting being scorched and the walls badly smoked.

RANDOLPH REPUBLICANS BOLDLY CHARGE FRAUD.

The action of the Randolph county canvassing board in throwing out the vote of Richland precinct, thus creating a tie in the vote for the Democratic and Republican candidates for clerk of the court, has aroused a great deal of indignation among the Randolph Republicans. Under the law, when there is a tie vote between any two candidates, the matter is determined by the board of elections. Following out this plan, the board of elections is expected to give the office of clerk to Mr. Caviness, the Democratic candidate.

The Republicans boldly assert that the Democrats are attempting to steal the election in Randolph. Following the meeting of the board of canvassers, the Republicans held an indignation meeting and arranged to contest the election. They have retained ex-Judge W. P. Bynum and Mr. O. L. Sapp, of Greensboro, and Mr. A. E. Holton, of Winston-Salem, in a determination to fight the case through the courts.

Another indignation meeting is to be held in Asheboro Saturday to register a vigorous protest against the alleged unfair and corrupt methods employed by the Randolph Democrats in an effort to carry the election. The Republicans are greatly stirred up over the matter and it is stated that Saturday's meeting will be attended by members of the party from every precinct in Randolph county.

The indications are that a warm time is ahead in Randolph.

Constitutional Amendments Defeated.

Until the official count is made, the exact vote on the proposed constitutional amendments in the election in this state last Tuesday will not be known. Mr. J. W. Bailey, chairman of the campaign committee that directed the fight for the adoption of the amendments, says the seventh amendment—the one relating to taxation—was defeated by a majority ranging from 6,000 to 7,000, but it is possible that some of the other amendments may have been adopted.

All the amendments were defeated in Guilford county, the majorities ranging from 382 against the six-months school term amendment to 1,364 against the taxation amendment.

Cotton Loan Plan May Not Be Legal.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Four-fifths of the share of Northern banks in the \$135,000,000 cotton loan fund has been subscribed and unless bankers hold back for fear that consummation of the loan plan will be held in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, the remainder soon will be forthcoming.

Secretary McAdoo announced today that \$80,000,000 had been raised among Northern bankers, and that the remaining \$55,000,000 to be subscribed in the North was in sight. At the same time it became known that certain bankers who had been counted on had become reluctant to enter the plan unless assured that the method by which the loan is being raised does not violate the Sherman law.

Such a fear was characterized by Mr. McAdoo as pure "buncombe." It is known, however, that the objection was considered by some authorities sufficiently serious to bring a request for an opinion from Attorney General Gregory as to the plan's legality. Distrust has come largely from New England.

Nations Must Stop Bomb Throwing.

Declaring that the use of military dirigible balloons and aeroplanes for bomb dropping is likely to be taboo in the future by all civilized nations, Brig.-Gen. George P. Scriven, chief signal officer of the United States army, in his annual report, made public Friday, censures by inference the deadly tactics of the German Zeppelins in the present war in Europe.

Taking the position that the innocent as well as the combatants are made to suffer from such practices, General Scriven urges that the attention of the United States army be directed rather to developing the aeroplane for defensive work in lieu of scout duty.

Although not once mentioned in the war now in progress in Europe, the chief signal officer makes it clear that the results attained by the aeroplane and balloon squadrons in the great struggle abroad has opened the eyes of military men as well as civilians to the tremendous possibilities of aircraft in time of war.

A GERMAN FORT SURRENDERS

THE JAPANESE AND BRITISH FORCES TAKE TSING-TAU—RUSSIAN VICTORY.

It is officially announced that the German fortress at Tsing-Tau, China, has surrendered to the Japanese and British forces.

The fall of Tsing-Tau ends the most picturesque of the minor phases of the great world war now raging.

On two continents and in many islands of the seas where colonies of the warring nations were planted, combats of more or less interest have taken place, garrisons have been captured and towns occupied peacefully; but in the little German concession on the south side of the Shan-Tung peninsula of China there has been going on since late in August a reduced scale of war that from all accounts has duplicated nearly all features of those battles in Europe that have resulted in the capture of fortified positions.

The capture of Tsing-Tau loses to Germany her last foot of possessions on the Asiatic mainland as well as her last strategic position outside of the German empire in Europe. For nearly three months the little German garrison of about 7,000 men has held out against the land and sea attacks of the Japanese and of certain British detachments of both white and Indian troops that found themselves in China at the outbreak of the war. What the losses of the garrison have been are not known, but the official Japanese and British reports have indicated that Tsing-Tau has been taken at heavy cost of men on the part of the allies.

The strength of the attacking force as compared with the little garrison of some 7,000 men and the few German vessels at Kiawo-Chow was so disproportionate that at the beginning of the campaign it was taken for granted that the German possessions would soon fall. The surprise was that so small a force could hold out so long. Reports from various sources pieced together indicate that the allies lost around Kiawo-Chow has been upwards of 2,000 and several second-rate warships.

The number of expeditionary forces has not been officially divulged but it is said to have been upwards of 20,000 men. A British detachment of some 800 South Wales borders and 400 Indian Sikhs, under Brigadier General Nathaniel W. Bernardston, commander of the North China forces, is said to have formed a part of the center of the Japanese line in the investment of Tsing-Tau.

Russia Reports a Great Victory.

The Russians report that, having driven the Germans back to their border in the north and forced their center to retire from Vistula to the Warthe river, the Russian general staff has turned its attention to the Austrians, who have held their positions stubbornly along the San river in Galicia.

According to a telegram from Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russians have won a victory more important than any previous one. The Russians say they again have occupied Jaroslavl, north of Przemyśl, capturing 5,000 prisoners. It is believed, however, that there will be another big battle on the Warthe before the armies of Emperor Nicholas seriously threaten Silesia.

In the struggle between the Germans and the allies in the west there again has been little if any change. The Germans, twice balked in their attempt to reach the French coast, are preparing for another attack, which, like the last, is directed at the line held by the British on both sides of the town of Ypres, where for a fortnight some of the most sanguinary fighting of the war has been in progress and where casualties on both sides probably have been larger than those on such a restricted front in any previous battle.

A Berlin official report claims the Germans have made progress here but this is directly contradicted by claims of the allies, who say they are holding all their positions and have made some advances.

Reports come from the Dutch frontier that the Germans are preparing for retirement, but military observers say that the bringing up of reinforcements proves they have not yet despaired of breaking through the allies' front and reaching either Calais or Bologne.

Elsewhere along the great front there has been a repetition of isolated encounters.

The British fleet, according to unofficial accounts, again has been in action along the Belgian coast, bombarding Knocke and Zeebrugge, where the Germans are understood to be organizing submarine bases.

Except for the Russian announcement of their invasion of Turkish territory from the Caucasus, silence prevails as to operations in the Near East, for at the present attention is centered on the possibility of the Balkan states becoming involved in the war. It is declared Greece has annexed Epirus, which was denied her by the London conference after the first Balkan war.

It is said also on good authority that negotiations are proceeding for an agreement by which Bulgaria will receive Macedonia, which is largely Bulgarian, if she will consent to actively support the allies. Serbia, which won Macedonia by the sword, hesitates, it is said, to give it up; but it is thought she can hardly turn a deaf ear to Russia, who entered the war on her account. Further, it is said, she would receive compensation in Bosnia, through which she would get a route to the sea.

German Officers Shoot Their Soldiers.

A report from London says: According to a statement issued by the official press bureau, the penalty for failure to win through the allied line on the part of the German troops is bullets from the pistols of their own officers. Quoting a wounded German soldier, an eyewitness' story, supplementing that made public last night, says:

"The prisoner told the British surgeon who attended him: 'Our officers warned us that if we faltered we would be shot from behind. I know that this threat was carried out when our terrible losses compelled us to retire. I myself was wounded by a German bullet.'"

Germans Sunk Own Boat.

A dispatch from Berlin via The Hague says that a report from Wilhelmshaven shows that 266 men are missing from the crew of the German cruiser Yorck, which was sunk recently off the North sea coast of Germany through accidental contact with a German mine. Three hundred and eighty-four members of her crew, including the commander and the first officer, were taken off by another vessel.

MEXICANS BATTLE AGAIN OVER WIDE TERRITORY.

Reports received by adherents of General Villa in Juarez, Mexico, tell of a battle between Villa and Carranza troops 20 miles south of Aguas Calientes, where the convention of chiefs recently attempted to adjust their factional difficulties. It is said Villa has sent a force of 10,000 men and more than 100 cannon to meet the advance of the Carranza troops, whose strength is not known.

There has been fighting again near the American border between Carranza and Villa troops about 15 miles up the Rio Grande from Del Rio, Tex., according to American hunters who have returned from Mexico. Attempting to hunt in Mexico, they were ordered back by Mexicans, who informed them there was a battle in progress.

The approach of Villa troops toward the Texas border, with Nuevo Laredo and Piedras Negras as their objective, has been reported several times in the last few weeks. The location indicated for the latest fighting was near Piedras Negras.

A sudden stiffening of the attitude of the United States with respect to Mexico was evident when it became known that all army officers and enlisted men on leave have received orders from the war department to rejoin their commands along the Mexican border and at Vera Cruz. An accompanying brief statement said the order was issued with a view to "possible eventualities."

State Banks Asking to Join.

More than 100 State banking institutions throughout the United States have applied for admission to the new banking system.

The applicants include some large banks which federal reserve board members feel will add materially to the strength of the system. A subcommittee of the board has under consideration regulations for their admission and is expected to be ready to report next week. The principal question for decision is how such banks will be permitted to make loans on real estate.

Wood's Seeds

Fall is the best time of the year to sow

Wood's Evergreen Lawn Grass.

It comes up quickly, makes a beautiful green lawn during the fall, winter and spring, and gets thickly set before the warm, dry weather of summer comes on.

"Special Lawn Circular," just issued, telling how to prepare and secure a beautiful green, velvety lawn all the year round. "Special Lawn Circular" and "Descriptive Fall Catalogue," mailed free on request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

Wood's Descriptive Fall Catalogue tells all about Hyacinths, Tulips, Lilies and other Flowering Bulbs, and all Seeds, for Fall planting.

Ever Heard

OF GOING TO A BLACKSMITH TO HAVE A SUIT MADE, OR TO A DENTIST FOR A PAIR OF SHOES, OR TO A BUTCHER FOR A NEW HAT?

NO? NEITHER HAVE WE.

Presumably you would go to a tailor for your suit, to a shoemaker for your shoes and to a hatter for your hat. And rightly so.

And if you wanted to have a Prescription filled you would go to a Drug Store, where your Prescriptions and Drug orders would be filled by experienced Druggists.

Prescriptions filled by registered and experienced Drug men only at my store.

HOWARD GARDNER

DRUGGIST

Greensboro, N. C.

Engine Trouble?

If you have a gasoline or oil engine that is giving you trouble, bring it to us, or if it's too big to move, notify us. We do all kinds of repairing.

R. E. Wall Company

513-517 Eugene St. Phone 121
Clymer's Old Stand.

New Grocery

I have bought the Fogleman stock of groceries, on East Market street, where I will be glad to see all my friends. I pay the highest market price for Country Produce and carry a full line of Groceries and Feed, which I shall sell at the lowest price possible. Come to see me.

R. A. FLEMING, Jr.

901 East Market Street.

A. L. BROOKS, O. L. SAPP
S. CLAY WILLIAMS

Brooks, Sapp & Williams
Attorneys-At-Law
GREENSBORO, N. C.
Office in Dixie Insurance Building

DR. J. F. KERNODLE
DENTIST

Rooms 203 and 204 McAdoo Building
Over Still's Drug Store.
Phones—Office 1648; Residence 1647
Greensboro, N. C.

CHARLES A. HINES

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Office in Wright Building,
North Elm St. Opposite Court House

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as executrix of Charles H. Stokes, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 22nd day of October, 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This October 21, 1914.
MARION S. STOKES, Executrix.

ELECTRIC BITTERS
THE BEST FOR
BILIOUSNESS
AND INDIGESTION

PLANS FOR MAKING FINE TABLE SYRUP FROM APPLES

Following extensive experiments begun last spring, the head of the fruit and vegetable utilization laboratory of the United States department of agriculture has applied for a public service patent covering the making of a new form of table syrup from apple juice. This patent will make the discovery, which the specialists believe will be of great value to all apple growers as a means to utilize their culls and excess apples common property of any cider mill in the United States which wishes to manufacture and sell apple cider syrup.

The new syrup, one gallon of which is made from seven gallons of ordinary cider, is a clear ruby or amber-colored syrup of about the consistency of cane syrup and maple syrup. Properly sterilized and put in sealed tins or bottles, it will keep indefinitely, and when opened will keep under household conditions as well as other syrups. It has a distinct fruity aroma and special flavor of its own which is described as being practically the same as the taste of the syrup substance which exudes from a baked apple.

The syrup can be used like maple or other syrup for griddle cakes, cereals, household cookery, and as flavoring in desserts. The government cooking experts are at present experimenting with it in cookery and expect shortly to issue recipes for use of the new syrup in old ways and for taking advantage of its special flavor a novel dishes.

The department chemists have already produced over 10 gallons of this syrup in their laboratories, using Summer and other forms of apples. The success of the experiments has greatly interested some of the apple growers, and a large cider mill in the Hood River Valley, Ore., will, in co-operation with the government chemists, endeavor to produce 1,000 gallons on a commercial scale and give the new product a thorough test by making it accessible through retailers in a limited field. The interest of apple growers in the product arises from the fact that the new apple cider syrup promises to give them a commercial outlet for vast quantities of windfall and other apples for which they hitherto could find no market either in perishable raw cider or in vinegar. Cider production, it seems, comes largely at one season of the year during which the market is more or less flooded with this perishable product. The bulk and perishability of the raw cider, moreover, the cider makers state, often make it unprofitable for them to ship the raw cider of one district long distances to a non-apple-growing region. The market for cider, therefore, has been largely restricted in many cases to localities near the area of production. No method of sterilizing ordinary cider has been found practical for the reason that boiling cider at once interferes with its delicate flavor.

With the cider mill able to make a palatable, long-keeping table syrup out of its apple juice, growers, it is believed, will be able to use all excess juice for bottled or canned apple syrup. The new syrup, the specialists find will keep indefinitely, so that the cider makers can market it gradually throughout the year.

The process for making the syrup calls for the addition to a cider mill of a filter press and open kettles or some other concentrating apparatus. The process is described as follows: The raw cider is treated with pure milk of lime until nearly but not quite all of the natural malic acids are neutralized. The cider is then heated to boiling and filtered through a filter press, an essential feature of the process. The resultant liquid is then evaporated either in continuous evaporators or open kettles, just as ordinary cane or sorghum syrup is treated. It then is cooled and allowed to stand for a short time, which causes the lime and acids to form small crystals of calcium malate. The syrup is then refiltered through the filter press, which removes the crystals of calcium malate and leaves a syrup with practically the same basic composition as ordinary cane syrup. Its flavor, however, and appearance are distinctive.

Calcium malate, the by-product, is a substance used in medicine and at present selling for \$2 per pound. It is believed that if calcium malate can be produced in this way cheaply and in large quantities, it can be made commercially useful in new ways, possibly in the manufacture of baking powder.

Daughters of Confederacy.—The state convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, which was held last week in Durham, adjourned to meet next year in Waynesville. Miss Lida Rodman, of Washington, was elected regent for the ensuing year.

Rich Coal Dealer Missing.

Crime is suspected in the mysterious disappearance of William R. Watson, 55 years old, president of the Colonial Coal Company, of New York. The police were asked to search for Watson, who was last seen Thursday afternoon shortly after he had drawn \$2,000 from the Gratiot National Bank, of Bronxville. He has not been seen by members of his family since he left his home at Crestwood last Thursday. Watson is a prominent Elk and Mason.

Hack! Hack! Hack!

With raw tickling throat, tight chest, sore lungs, you need Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and quickly. The first dose helps, it leaves a soothing, healing coating as it glides down your throat, you feel better at once. S. Martin, Bassett, Neb., writes: "I had a severe cold and was almost past going. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and am glad to say it cured my cough entirely and my cold soon disappeared." Every user is a friend. Conyers & Sykes. adv.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

BRITISH DEFEAT IS CALLED SERIOUS BLUNDER.

The silence of the British government concerning the destruction of a cruiser squadron by a German fleet off the Chilean coast is attributed to one of two things—either the government has received no official report or it is withholding the news in fear of a fresh and more violent attack on the admiralty, and particularly on Winston Spencer Churchill, the first lord.

The German victory off Coronel was the result, in the opinion of naval officers, of a gross blunder in British naval policy, a blunder which is likely to cause more anger than the futile attempt to relieve Antwerp and the failure to deal with the Emden and the Karlsruhe.

It appears that the admiralty must be held responsible for underestimating the skill and energy of the German commander in the Pacific and for sending against the German ships a squadron so inferior in numbers and heavy guns that it was doomed from the moment it was sighted by the Germans.

It seems unlikely that the British government is utterly unaware of the defeat, since British consuls are scattered along the west coast of South America and are in the same position to transmit news as is the American consul at Valparaiso. Mr. Fletcher, who informed this government that the German victory was a fact.

The impression is strengthened, therefore, that the British public has not yet learned of the disaster and that a renewed demand will be made for the retirement of Mr. Churchill when the news leaks out.

Previous failures, including the futile effort to relieve Antwerp and the inability of the admiralty to stop the raids of the Emden and Karlsruhe were excused by official organs on the ground that the whole ministry assumed the responsibility for the Antwerp affair and that the blockade in the North sea delayed the hunt for the German commerce destroyers.

Now, however, in the opinion of naval officers, a blunder far more serious and destructive has been committed by the admiralty in permitting units of the German Pacific fleet to concentrate and strike a terrible blow. American naval officers are enthusiastic in their praise of the strategy which enabled the Germans to bring together cruisers which singly were defenseless, but collectively were irresistible.

They are amazed at the blunder committed by the admiralty in sending an inferior fleet against the Germans. It appears to these officers that the admiralty is open to criticism for allowing movements of the British cruisers to be wirelessly around the world so that the Germans were undoubtedly well aware of where the British squadron could be located.

It is pointed out that the admiralty should have sent to the Pacific a fleet able in numbers and in striking power to overwhelm the aggregate German force. Instead a fleet of inferior in numbers and in gun power was sent out.

Apparently the admiralty planned to locate and destroy the German ships one by one and considered that a squadron of three cruisers, not one of which was equal in gun power to be sufficient to clear the Pacific.

But the Germans were not stupid enough to await attack one by one. Naval officers declare that there has been nothing finer in naval warfare than the skill and certainty with which Vice-Admiral von Spee collected the scattered ships, acquainted himself with the movements of the British fleet and then struck when victory was assured. The British squadron was not only outnumbered, but outmaneuvered and outfought. Officers and men were sent to their death, since it is not to be questioned that the British fleet never had a chance.

Rich Coal Dealer Missing.

Crime is suspected in the mysterious disappearance of William R. Watson, 55 years old, president of the Colonial Coal Company, of New York. The police were asked to search for Watson, who was last seen Thursday afternoon shortly after he had drawn \$2,000 from the Gratiot National Bank, of Bronxville. He has not been seen by members of his family since he left his home at Crestwood last Thursday. Watson is a prominent Elk and Mason.

Hack! Hack! Hack!

With raw tickling throat, tight chest, sore lungs, you need Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and quickly. The first dose helps, it leaves a soothing, healing coating as it glides down your throat, you feel better at once. S. Martin, Bassett, Neb., writes: "I had a severe cold and was almost past going. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and am glad to say it cured my cough entirely and my cold soon disappeared." Every user is a friend. Conyers & Sykes. adv.

VERDICT OF THE NATION AT THE POLLS TUESDAY.

Discussing the result of last Tuesday's election, the New York Times, an independent newspaper, says:

"Mr. Wilson has not altogether escaped the penalty of success which a country so often visits upon a president in the second year of his term. Even though he has shown and maintained his mastery over a fractious Congress and has shaped its action to his will, even though he has in less than two years carried through a program of legislation unequaled in variety, scope and importance in the record of any other president's complete terms, even though he has won and deserved the gratitude of the country for keeping us out of the war with Mexico at this most critical time, in the election held yesterday, even though Congress has been saved, the verdict is not favorable to him or to his party.

"The appeal for a vote of confidence in the administration was made at a time when the country is in the midst of serious industrial depression and when the dissension which divided the opposition party in 1913 has substantially disappeared. These are the conspicuous and sufficient reasons for Democratic reverses. Although in 1872 the Democracy was in a worse plight than that of the Republicans two years ago, hard times gave to that party a majority in the house of representatives in the second year of General Grant's term. When times are hard, when profits fall off, when the people feel that they are not making much money, it is customary to put the blame upon the party in power—it cannot be visited upon the party out of power. The second reason is not less potent. The Progressive party has practically disappeared. Although its vote here and there may be considerable, it may be fairly said that as a political force it is dying out. That is one of the compensations for defeat in which patriotic Democrats of a conservative turn of mind may take comfort."

Foley Cathartic Tablets.

Are wholesome, thoroughly cleansing, and have a stimulating effect on the stomach, liver and bowels. Regulate you with no griping and no unpleasant after effects. Stout people find they give immense relief and comfort. Warren Spofford, Green Bay, Wis., writes: "Foley Cathartic Tablets are the best laxative I ever used. They do the work promptly and with no bad after effects." Try them. Conyers & Sykes. adv.

The Most Remarkable Values

That was ever known, are being given at Blackmon's. When you are ready to do your shopping, be sure and come to this store, as you get more for your money than it is possible any where else.

We carry anything and everything in ladies, gentlemen's and children's wearing apparel except shoes. Our specialties are Coat Suits for the ladies, and for men is the Ferguson McKinney Shirts. Do not fail to look this store up at your earliest convenience.

J. T. BLACKMON

Successor to G. F. Blackmon 522 South Elm Street GREENSBORO, N. C.

If You Want to See How Far a Nickel Will Go, Come in and Try Our Ice Cream or Soda

Ice Cream and Soda that taste like more are the kind you get here. We are liberal with our patrons, too. Bring a nickel and we'll please your palate without ruffling your disposition or pocketbook. We pride ourselves on the quality of our Soda and Ice Cream.

CONYERS & SYKES, Druggists

McAdoo Hotel Corner The Busy Store
10—Two Phones—324

The Guilford Creamery

Cream is very much in demand at good prices. Although the price of cotton may be low, cream is always in demand. Call, write or telephone us for information in detail.

Guilford Creamery Co.

J. A. HORNADAY, Prop.

South Davie Street Telephone 1710

A Special Rug Week!

Many of the most effective patterns of the season. Sizes for any room in the house. Values exceptionally good, even here, where extra values are the rule.

Fine Axminster Rugs, Seamless Velvet Rugs, Body Brussels Rug, 9x12, an excellent rug to put in the living room; value \$15.00, at \$10. Wool Fibre Rugs, best quality, reversible, and in a choice selection of patterns, value \$9.50, at \$7.75.

Travelers' Sample Rugs, new room, size 9x12; value \$8.00, at \$4.50. Only 25 at this price. Be early.

McDuffie's Furniture Store

Next to Odell Hardware Store.

"Get It at Odell's" QUALITY FIRST**Columbia Air Tight WOOD HEATERS**

Are Air Tight and stay Air Tight, which is something that cannot be said of other makes of so-called air tight stoves which have been improved by their makers until they are no longer air tight and prove fuel eaters rather than fuel savers.

Columbia Air Tight stoves have heavy gauge genuine hammer finished bodies, heavy double seamed steel bottoms, and are lined entirely to the top with No. 22 steel lining, with flanged collar to protect the draft joint. The sliding top, urn, foot rail knobs are finished in heavy nickel plate, thus making an attractive stove as well as a substantial one.

Columbia Air Tight stoves burn wood or lighter fuel, and will be more satisfactory to you than any other.

We carry a complete line of heating stoves ranging from

\$1.50 to \$10

Odell Hardware Comp'y

A Period of High Prices

Such as we are entering upon now is going to be a time of prosperity for farmers because they have abundant products to sell at high prices.

We would remind the farmers of this section that it is the part of wisdom to preserve part of their present prosperity in the form of deposits in the bank forming a reserve fund and a basis for credit as emergency or opportunity may arise in the future.

We Pay Four Per Cent. Interest on Savings Deposits Compounded Quarterly.

American Exchange National Bank
GREENSBORO, N. C.
The Bank for Your Savings
Branch at South Greensboro

CATTLE MALADY WORST EVER KNOWN IN COUNTRY.

Washington, Nov. 5.—The worst outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease in the United States is the result of agriculture's estimate of the live stock epidemic which has spread federal quarantine over the country and threatens a temporary reduction of the nation's food supply. All emergency appropriation by Congress will be required to finance the quarantine measures, the epidemic.

The outbreak would be a disaster if it could forecast the future of the food supply. The disease is the shrinkage of the nation's food supply. The disease is the shrinkage of the nation's food supply. The disease is the shrinkage of the nation's food supply.

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Laurel, York, Lititz, Herrville, Reversburg, Collegeville and West Chester.

MANY CHANGES IN THE NEXT CONGRESS

Many changes in the organization of the national house of representatives will be made when Champ Clark and "Uncle Joe" Cannon once more face each other across the center aisle at the beginning of the next Congress. The dwindling of the Democratic majority, which will drop after the close of the December session from 140 to 24, will necessitate a general shifting of the working order in the house.

With their slender majority the Democrats, while able to re-elect Speaker Clark and retain control of the committees, will be forced to maintain an almost perfect organization. Even with a full attendance in the house a shift of 12 votes would throw the control to the minority side.

Democratic leadership in the house will undergo great changes. Representative Underwood was elected to the senate and will leave the house at the close of the session. Representative Kitchin, of North Carolina, ranking Democrat on the ways and means committee, will claim the Democratic leadership by right of seniority.

Representative Mann, of Illinois, undoubtedly will retain the Republican leadership. The election will vacate five of the fourteen Democratic places on the ways and means committee. Representative Underwood goes to the senate. Representative Hammond was elected governor of Minnesota; Representative Mitchell, of Massachusetts was defeated at the polls; Representative Palmer, of Pennsylvania surrendered his seat to run for the senate and was defeated, and Representative Stanley, of Kentucky, sought the senatorial nomination in Kentucky and lost his place.

Representative Murdock, of Kansas, the Progressive leader and member of the committee, lost his seat in an effort to go to the senate. All of the Republican members of the committee were returned and in addition Ebenezer Hill, tariff expert and one of the framers of the Payne law, was sent back. He probably will make a fight for his old place on the committee.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for Croup.

Croup scares you. The loud hoarse croupy cough, choking and gasping for breath, labored breathing, call for immediate relief. The very first doses of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound will master the croup. It cuts the thick mucus, clears away the phlegm and opens up and eases the air passages. Harold Berg, Mass., Mich., writes: "We give Foley's Honey and Tar to our children for croup and it always acts quickly." Every user is a friend. Conyers & Sykes. adv.

All's fair in love, which is rather tough on the brunettes.

THE BUDGET SYSTEM FOR GOVERNMENT EXPENSES

Indianapolis News. With the new tariff law, the banking and currency law, and the anti-trust legislation, the bulk of the constructive work of the administration has been done.

There is another line of activity in which much can be accomplished, but in which little has thus far been even attempted. We mean in administration. There ought from now on to be a much closer supervision than we have yet had of the ordinary business operations of the government. There is already a movement on foot in the Middle West, under the auspices of the Chicago Tribune, to bring about the adoption of a budget system, and thus to end "the pork barrel." Here is one great reform which the president will, no doubt, be glad to support with all his powerful influence. The question is one of putting our method of making appropriations on a business basis.

There are two objects sought through this reform, and other reforms of like character, namely, economy and honesty. We sometimes fail to realize that an extravagant government is of necessity a dishonest government. The Rivers and Harbors bill, for instance, was bad, not only because it carried enormous appropriations, but because it was crammed with graft. It is always so when money is thrown away. The plea for economy, therefore, is a plea for honesty and efficiency. The argument for economy is an argument against graft.

The business side of government ought, therefore, to claim a large share of the president's attention during the next three years. We have branched out very far recently, and the results have been enormous additions to the government's pay roll and a vast multiplication of commissions. Before we add greatly to governmental machinery we should see to it that such machinery as we have is operating with the highest degree of efficiency. To try to do well what we are doing rather than to try to do a lot of new things—this strikes us as a wise policy. There should certainly be an end of appointing unfit men to office to please Senators and Representatives—for that is another form of extravagance and graft. The Democratic party and the Democratic president have shown their capacity for constructive work. They ought now to try what they can do in the way of conservation.

Prohibition and Woman Suffrage.

Ohio, Missouri, Nebraska, North and South Dakota and Nevada all rejected the women's appeals for the vote. Ohio was the least promising field in which they had the opportunity to test the sense of the voters, and the large cities went strongly against them. It is in the West, where in four years the suffragists have won the vote in the six states of Washington, California, Arizona, Kansas, Oregon and Montana, that they have the best reason to hope for progress, but even the West refuses to be hurried.

It was in the West also that the battle over prohibition was chiefly fought. Of the five states where the closing of saloons was a direct issue, only in Colorado was the election close. In California the wine-growing sided with the liquor interests. Washington, Arizona and Ohio also remained unregenerate. In Pennsylvania, where a prohibition movement was directed against Senator Penrose, the reforming zeal of some of his political opponents only added to his political strength.

Neither in the direction of woman suffrage nor of prohibition did the tide this year favor a radical change.

The Judge Turned Him Down.

He was a timid little man. He entered the police magistrate's office and sidled up to the desk. "Your honor," he said, "my wife has a hired girl who insists upon putting three times as much coffee into the percolator as the recipe calls for. In spite of all we tell her, she keeps on making the coffee too strong and bringing us to the poorhouse with her extravagance."

"What's all that to me?" demanded the magistrate.

"I thought," explained the little man, "that you might let me issue a complaint against her and have her up before you, judge, to see if you couldn't make her do the way we want her to."

"Whatever put such a notion into your head?"

"Well," said the little man, "I've been reading in the papers how the citizens of Newark have to go into court to compel their public servants to do their biddings, and I thought the same thing might work with private servants, too."

"Nothing doing," replied the judge.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

MISCELLANEOUS FACTORIES IN NORTH CAROLINA

That class of factories in North Carolina not included in the reports on cotton, woolen, silk and knitting and furniture factories number 755, according to the summary on "miscellaneous factories" just made public by Commissioner of Labor and Printing M. L. Shipman for his forthcoming annual report.

The aggregate capital reported by 639 of these miscellaneous factories is \$88,811,810 and the estimated value of 649 of the plants is reported to be \$20,738,000. The output of 640 of these factories is \$97,062,107, and the payroll for 653 factories reporting as to this item aggregates \$15,681,563.

The average day's work for all the factories figures out 10 hours and 5 minutes. Some advance in wages the past year is reported from 280 of the factories and some decrease is reported from six. Reports from 705 of the factories show 38,655 persons employed, including 1,933 children. Only 5,588 of those employed are females.

The preamble to the report declares that the reports shows steady advance with normal demands for products. It is declared that the data in the reports emphasizes great opportunity open in the state for development, especially for establishing plants for the utilization of small articles from waste material created by the present manufacturing of large articles of commerce that now predominate. Also, the commissioner declares that the same condition prevail in the truck and farming industries where there is great need for the canning of food-stuffs that now are sold at great sacrifice or allowed to go to waste in fields at the last of the season for each product.

Advertised Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Greensboro, N. C., November 6, 1914.

Miss Lular Allen, William Barber, Clarence Blair, Mrs. Jos. Blankary, Mrs. John Boyd, Miss Grace Brown, M. A. Brown, 2, Miss Lizzie Brown, Willie Brull, Mrs. Annie Cladenny, John Clox, David Caldwell, Mrs. Ina Combs, Miss Stattie Copper, Miss Lois Cromartie, Mrs. Mary Cunningham, Miss Lucy C. Davis, Minnie L. Davis, J. Emmick, Alrah Flynn, J. S. Fox, Clid Forshoe, Willie Forshoe, J. W. Foust, Edward R. Forrest, Keina Fruit, Walter Fryar, Mrs. Edyth Fraser, Mrs. Nannie Fuller, Miss Sallie Fuller, Miss Jessie Hasten, Mrs. E. M. Hamer, Bascom Hoskins, Miss Marnie Hatchett, E. D. Harris, Meade Hart, Lindsey M. Hinton, Mrs. Ellie Hodgkin, Beatrice Hinton, Miss Victoria Hudson, Miss Nellie V. Jackson, Miss Maud Jannette, W. H. Johnson, Nickless Jones, Miss Kate Jones, Miss Linsell Jordan, J. V. Jordan, Mrs. L. Kemp, Mrs. Ada King, Ollie Knight, Willie Ligies, Zeb Little, Miss Lillie Lytle, Miss Janie Mayrake, Mrs. J. T. Martin, C. A. McCollum, Miss Mollie McCollum, Miss Fannie McCorkle, Lee McComb, Mrs. M. H. Mebane, Mrs. Mielew Mitchell, Miss Mamie Miller, George Miller, Miss Nellie Mitchell, Miss Myrtle Mills, Mrs. Sarah Moore, C. S. Moore, Albert Moore, Webster Murray, Mrs. Carrah Myrick, Mrs. S. R. Napier, Miss Emma Miller, Mrs. Minnie Nesbert, Miss Lily Norrman, Mrs. Tom Patterson, G. E. Parsons, Fred W. Parker, Mrs. J. H. Parham, F. Parsons, Shaker Pembroke, Miss Minnie Pennington, Will Philbeck, Vernie Phillips, Mrs. C. A. Powell, J. J. Peeph, Mrs. Nannie Pugh, Miss Ellen Rose, Mrs. J. D. Rollins, Miss Irene Savage, J. J. Seales, Miss Lizzie Shumons, Eddie Smith, Mrs. J. A. Smith, S. D. Smith, Mrs. Margaret Snelson, Miss Etta Belle Stevenson, Joan L. Stevens, Miss Dewey Talley, Miss Leigh Tarkenton, Mrs. R. J. Taylor, Robert W. Tharp, James Thompson, Silvester Thomas, Pet Tomson, Will Tyson, Mrs. Dolly Watts, Mrs. Willie Watson, J. W. Walters, Franklin O. Welch, W. B. Weatherly, Lillie Whitfield, L. B. Whitmore, Will Willis, Mrs. E. B. Wilton, Miss Daisy Worley, J. H. Wright, W. F. York.

Denim Branch.

Bedford Doggett, Miss Alice Herberd, C. P. McPherson, Peter Pritchett.

Proximity Branch.

Pount Hicks, Miss Gertrude Miller, Jim Smith, Miss Ida Stanley, Miss Lue Whard.

In order to insure prompt delivery of mail please have it directed to proper street and number or route.

ROBT. D. DOUGLAS, Postmaster.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*
Watch the date on your label.

GREATEST SALES OF WINTER GOODS EVER HELD

This Great Store is a Mecca For the Thrifty Shopper

1000 yards of 12½c stripe and check Outing, extra heavy, sells regular at 12½c, for 8½c yard.

"Farther George" Sheetting; best known brand, smooth and firm, 5½c yard.

Melton & Duckling Fleece Flannelettes, baby and kimona patterns, dozens of beautiful designs, sells regular for 15c, for 8½c yard.

Extra large cotton bats for quilts, 10c.

Pure bleached cotton bats, large size, very fluffy, 25c.

Lamb's wool bats, 72x84, one piece bats, for making wool filled quilts, \$2.50 bat.

12½c bleached Canton Flannel, extra heavy, for 10c yd.

ALL THIS MONTH YOU WILL FIND A TABLE CONTAINING 1,000 REMNANTS OF WOOLENS, OUTINGS, GINGHAMS, PERCALES, SUITINGS, ETC.

10c standard Dress Gingham, beautiful patterns, best 10c gingham made, 6½c yard.

200 new winter Coat Suits, in all the new fall colors and latest styles, Serges, Eponge, Cheviots, Diagonals.

Suits that sell regular at \$12.50 for \$7.50

Suits that sell regular at \$14.00 for \$8.88

Suits that sell regular at \$16.50 for \$9.95

THIS MONTH'S 5c BARGAIN TABLE CONTAINS HUNDREDS OF YARDS OF SUITINGS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBRAY, PERCALES, VALUES TO 12½c, FOR 5c YARD.

Meyer's
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Old Reliable
Farmers' Warehouse
Where Tobacco Sells Best

We can't control the prices paid for tobacco, but we guarantee to obtain for every man who sells on our floor the Highest Market Price. The record of sales on the Greensboro market will show that we are making good on this proposition.

The proprietors of the **Farmers' Warehouse**—John H. Whitt and Garland Mitchell—are devoting all their time and energy to the interests of their patrons, neither of them having any outside business to claim his attention.

It will be to your advantage to sell your tobacco at the

Farmers' Warehouse
WHITT & MITCHELL, Proprietors
GREENSBORO, N. C.

This is the Difference Between Hoarding Money and Saving it.

MONEY WHEN HOARDED AND STORED AWAY IN STOCKS OR BURIED, IS LIKELY TO BE LOST.

IT EARNS NOTHING, YEAR IN AND YEAR OUT.

MONEY PLACED IN A SAVINGS ACCOUNT EARNS FOUR PER CENT INTEREST FOR YOU AND IS ABSOLUTELY SAFE.

Greenboro Loan & Trust Company

"The Bank With the Chimes"

J. W. Fry, President.

J. S. Cox, Vice President.

W. E. Allen, Sec. and Treas. W. M. Ridenhour, Asst. Treas.

W. M. Combs, Mgr. Savings Dept.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

BRICK CHURCH.

Mr. Wilbur Clapp, of Burlington, visited his wife last week.

Mr. Leslie Sharpe, of Alamance, spent Saturday and Sunday as the guest of his cousin, Mr. Dwight Huffman.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Ingle spent last Sunday on Route 10, the guests of the latter's brother, Mr. John Shepherd.

Miss Espie Clapp recently visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Clapp.

Mr. J. C. May, of Winston-Salem, is visiting his mother this week.

Mrs. Lizzie Shepherd and daughter, Miss Maude, spent Wednesday in Burlington shopping.

A large crowd of young people met with Miss Ora Crouse last Sunday for choir practice.

Messrs. John Barber, Albert Shepard and F. A. Greeson had cornshuckings last week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Love are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Kate Ramsdell, in South Greensboro.

Mr. J. C. Bryant and family spent Sunday on Route 4, visiting Mr. Charles Greeson and family.

Mrs. R. A. Gable and children, of Burlington, have been visiting Mrs. S. E. Gable.

Mr. Walter Foster, the R. F. D. carrier on Burlington Route 4, is a very handsome, well-dressed young man.

Mr. A. L. Smith spent last week visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Barber.

Mrs. Lizzie Shepherd is having her house painted.

Mrs. A. B. Crouse has been called to Greensboro to the bedside of her daughter, Mrs. Lee Williams, who is very ill.

Messrs. E. M. Prince and B. L. Cheek, of the Cheek-Huston Piano Company, Greensboro, were recent business visitors in the community.

Ex-Senator B. E. Jones, of Greensboro, was here on business Thursday.

The school at this place opened Monday, with Miss Dora Thorn, of Greensboro, as teacher.

Miss D. Shoffner, of Gibsonville, has a sister, Mrs. Rufus May, here.

Mr. Victor Ingle came home last week and his parents for a few days.

Mr. John school here meets Wednesday and third Sunday at 10.30 a.m.

Mr. and Mrs. Jordan and sister, Miss Sarah, of Gibsonville, were the guests of Mrs. Maude Shepherd and family on Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. John Nicholson was a business visitor in the neighborhood Monday.

Miss Anna Bennett, of Alamance, was a two-weeks' visit to relatives.

Three Lost in Hotel Fire.

Three persons were burned almost to a crisp when they were saved through the kindness of firemen and police Sunday, when fire ruined the Western hotel, in New York.

The hotel was burned to death and the bodies of the three persons were found in the hall.

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COUNTRY'S BUSINESS IS PICKING UP.

Settlement of the international exchange situation between the United States and England is so far advanced that a final agreement is expected to be reached between the representatives of the British chancellor of the exchequer, Sir George Paish, and Basil B. Blackett and the members of the federal reserve board within a few days.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo says that confidence now is restored regarding the financial situation in the United States and that he and the British financial experts are striving to bring about the same condition in the international situation.

The Alexander Hamilton Institute, which has been conducting an inquiry into foreign trade opportunities, estimates that a \$600,000,000 market for iron and steel, machinery, copper goods, naval stores, arms and ammunition, mineral oils, chemicals, leather goods and foodstuffs has been opened up in Great Britain to United States manufacturers with the suspension of imports from Germany, Austria and Belgium.

Three million eggs arrived in Boston Friday from the West for shipment to England, forming the largest consignment ever sent from that port. The reduction in England's egg supply from Russia on account of the war is said to have brought about the shipment.

A factory in Reading, Pa., has received an order for 600,000 hospital shirts for the British army. The contract is for \$350,000. It will require nearly 2,000,000 yards of muslin to fill the order.

At the office of the Mullin Shoe Company, Pittsburg, Pa., it was announced Thursday that an order had been received from the French government for 200,000 pairs of shoes to be delivered by January 1. It was also stated that the company expects to receive part of an order for 500,000 pairs of shoes which the English government will give out this week.

Resumption of business on the Liverpool cotton exchange and assurance that the New York institution for dealing in the staple will resume 10 days hence signalize recovery from the shock of war and encourage hope of an early reopening of the great stock exchanges on either side of the Atlantic.

The business of the port of Balboa is steadily increasing. The amounts paid on tolls in October exceeded those in September by \$30,000. The canal tolls at Balboa alone reached \$188,847.60.

A manufacturing concern in Michigan has closed negotiations with the British government for the manufacture of 600 houses, each 20 by 60 feet, which, it is presumed here, are to be used in housing war refugees in England. The order calls for the houses complete and ready for erection. It is said that 600 houses will accommodate 18,000 persons.

There were exported to foreign countries in the week ended November 4, 129,988 bales of cotton, the largest amount since the beginning of the European war. In the previous week only 112,053 bales were exported. The shipments were made from New York, Boston, Galveston, Savannah, Baltimore and New Orleans.

The New York Herald reports that increased demand for securities, continued heavy exports of wheat and merchandise, relative ease in the sterling exchanges and lowering tendency in the rates for money are the distinctly favorable elements in the situation. It is reported that sales of listed bonds now amount to \$2,000,000 a day, and a further rise in stocks was made in the unrecognized curb market, where a number of the more active issues are now quoted five to six points above recent low figures. Short-term notes are in demand at the highest prices yet reached.

Within the next few days there will be a big increase in the force of workmen at the Brooklyn navy yard. The men are much needed for repair work. But for the fact that none can be taken on 30 days before election the force would have been increased October 15. The battleships New York, Arkansas, Delaware, North Dakota and Michigan are said to have been ordered to the yard for overhauling.

Says Newspapers Can Banish Vice.

"The newspapers can drive vice from American cities and will do so when readers and subscribers insist upon it," declared Arthur Capper, editor of the Topeka Capital and governor-elect of Kansas, in an address to the International Purity Congress in Kansas City Friday.

"The newspaper is peculiarly responsive to enlightened public opinion," said Mr. Capper. "It is in the power of the newspapers of any city," he asserted, "to drive vice out of that city by a conscientious campaign of publicity."

If money talks, how is it that silence is golden?

NORTH CAROLINA NEWS NOTES

A BRIEF SURVEY OF WHAT IS TRANSPIRING IN THE COMMONWEALTH.

Burned to Death.—Frank Beaman, of Newbern, met a horrible death yesterday afternoon. He was out driving in his automobile when the machine overturned and pinned him beneath it. The gasoline became ignited from one of the lamps and the tank exploded. Beaman's body was burned to a crisp.

Lawyer Killed.—E. H. Wilson, a well known lawyer of Mt. Olive, died in Goldsboro Saturday night a few hours after receiving injuries in a collision with an automobile. He stepped from the running board of the automobile before the machine came to a stop and fell, his head striking the curb on the sidewalk.

Graham-Clark.—Maj. W. A. Graham, the North Carolina commissioner of agriculture, and Miss Sallie Clark, a sister of Chief Justice Walter Clark, of the North Carolina Supreme court, and Mrs. J. W. Nicholson, of Greensboro, were married in Raleigh last week, the ceremony taking place at the home of Judge Clark.

Mrs. A. W. Mangum Dead.—Mrs. Laura Overman Mangum, widow of the late Rev. Dr. A. W. Mangum, who was in his day a prominent minister of the Methodist church in this state and a member of the faculty of the University of North Carolina, died last week at her home in Chapel Hill at the age of 71 years. She was a sister of Senator Lee S. Overman and the mother of Dr. Charles S. Mangum, of the University of North Carolina; Adolphus W. Mangum, a prominent lawyer of Gastonia; Mrs. N. H. D. Wilson, of Goldsboro, and Miss Etta Mangum, of Chapel Hill.

What Happened in 1904.

When Theodore Roosevelt was elected president in 1904 the Republicans at the same time made a sweeping victory in Congress, winning 249 seats to only 137 for the Democrats. That is what we should call a political landslide. Republicans who already see a great triumph in 1916 will do well to compare their representation in 1904 with that gained in 1914 in a considerably larger Congress, and then they will realize what a long distance they have still to travel. That little slip on Tuesday was not of Culebra cut dimensions.—Philadelphia Record.

Most Skin Trouble Readily Overcome

The Active Principle of a Famous Remedy Works Wonders.



Many people have marveled the way S. S. S. overcomes skin troubles. The explanation is the fact that S. S. S. works in the blood and the blood is really a most intricate and extraordinary mass of arteries and veins.

When you come to realize that the skin and the flesh beneath are composed of a network of tiny blood vessels you solve the mystery.

There are wonderful medicinal properties in S. S. S. that follow the course of the blood streams just as naturally as the most nourishing food elements. It is really a remarkable remedy. It contains one ingredient, the active principle of which is to stimulate the tissues to the healthy selection of its own essential nutriment. And the medicinal elements of this matchless blood purifier are just as essential to well-balanced health as the nutritious elements of the meats, grains, fats and sugars of our daily food.

Not one drop of minerals or drugs is used in its preparation. Ask for S. S. S. and just insist upon having it. And if you desire skillful advice and counsel upon any matter concerning the blood and skin, write to the Medical Department, The Swift Specific Co., 529 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Do not allow some zealous clerk's eloquence over something "just as good" as S. S. S. to fool you with the same old mineral drugs. Beware of all substitutes. Insist upon S. S. S.

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At this store, lots and lots of shoes, probably selling more shoes than any other store in town. But we also sell lots of other things besides shoes. Among them are dress goods, winter underwear, wool and cotton flannel, gingham, percales, stockings, gloves, corsets, carpets, matings, rugs, blankets, comforts, table linens and trunks. The store is crowded with good, new, reliable merchandise, and we are busy every day and all day long. If you have not already formed the good habit of buying here come in and get acquainted. Folks who trade with us year in and year out will tell it's a good place to get reliable goods at very reasonable prices.

Thacker & Brockmann

STOMACH TROUBLE FOR FIVE YEARS

Majority of Friends Thought Mr. Hughes Would Die, But One Helped Him to Recovery.

Pomeroyton, Ky.—In interesting advices from this place, Mr. A. J. Hughes writes as follows: "I was down with stomach trouble for five (5) years, and would have sick headache so bad, at times, that I thought surely I would die. I tried different treatments, but they did not seem to do me any good. I got so bad, I could not eat or sleep, and all my friends, except one, thought I would die. He advised me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, and quit

taking other medicines. I decided to take his advice, although I did not have any confidence in it.

I have now been taking Black-Draught for three months, and it has cured me—haven't had those awful sick headaches since I began using it.

I am so thankful for what Black-Draught has done for me."

Thedford's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable medicine for derangements of the stomach and liver. It is composed of pure, vegetable herbs, contains no dangerous ingredients, and acts gently, yet surely. It can be freely used by young and old, and should be kept in every family chest.

Get a package today. Only a quarter.



Face To Face Courtesy

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As in other intercourse, it often happens that two or more people wish to talk with the same person at the same time. Without courtesy confusion is inevitable, and the confusion is greater when the people can not see each other.

The operators must be patient and polite under all circumstances, but they will do better work if they meet patience and politeness on the part of telephone users.

The Bell Telephone service enters intimately into the social and business life of each individual. The best results come through the practice of mutual courtesy.

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5 to 10 tons, per ton, delivered.....5.50
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N. C. Public Service Co.
Phones 330 and 331

Old Lady Number

31

By LOUISE FORSSLUND

Author of
"The Story of Sarah"
"The Ship of Dreams"
Etc.

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It "plagued" the others, however, to see that none of them could get ahead of Blossy in their noble endeavors to make Abraham feel himself a light and welcome burden. She it was who discovered that Abe's contentment could not be absolute without griddlecakes for breakfast three hundred and sixty-five times a year; she it was who first baked him little saucer cakes and pies because he was partial to edges; and Blossy it was who made out a list of "Don'ts" for the sisters to follow in their treatment of this grown-up young-old boy.

"Don't scold him when he leaves the doors open. Don't tell him to wipe his feet. Don't ever mention gold mines or shiftless husbands," etc., etc.

All these triumphs of Blossy's intuition served naturally to spur the others on to do even more for Brother Abe than they had already done, until the old man began to worry for fear that he should "git spilt." When he lay down for his afternoon nap and the house was dull and quiet without his waking presence, the ladies would gather in groups outside his door as if in a king's antechamber, waiting for him to awaken, saying to one another ever and again, "Sh, sh!" He professed to scoff at the attentions he received, would grunt and growl "Humbly!" yet nevertheless he thrived in this latter-day sunlight. His old bones took on flesh. His aged kindly face, all seamed with care as it had been, filled out, the wrinkles

turning into twinkles. Abraham had grown young again. With the return of his youth came the spirit of youth to the Old Ladies' Home. Verily, verily, as Blossy had avowed from the first, they had been in sore need of the masculine presence. The ancient coat and hat, which had hung in the hall so long, had perhaps served its purpose in keeping the burglars away but this lifeless substitute had not prevented the crabbed gnomes of loneliness and discontent from stealing in. Spinner, wife and widow, they had every one been warped by the testy jests of the old maid.

Now, instead of fretful discussions of health and food, recriminations and wrangling, there came to be laughter and good-humored chatter all the day long, each sister striving with all her strength to preserve the new-found harmony of the home. There were musical evenings, when Miss Abigail opened the melodeon and played "Old Hundred," and Abraham was encouraged to pick out with one stiff forefinger "My Grandfather's Clock." "Hymn tunes" were sung in chorus; and then, in answer to Abe's appeal for something livelier, there came time-tried ditties and old, old love songs. And at last, one night, after leaving the instrument silent, mute in the corner of the parlor for many years, Aunt Nancy Smith dragged out her harp, and, seating herself, reached out her knotted, trembling hands and brought forth what seemed the very echo of faint and forgotten it was, of "Doughs, Doughs, Tender and True."

There was a long silence after she had finished, her head bowed on her chest, her hands dropped to her sides. Abraham spoke first, clearing his throat before he could make the words come.

"I wish I could git a husband fer every one of yer," said he.

And no one was angry, and no one laughed; for they all knew that he was only seeking to express the message conveyed by Nancy's playing—the message of love, love triumphant, which cannot be which over the years and of death itself always make the victory.

CHAPTER VII.

Old Letters and New.

Blossy left the room without a word, and went scudding up the stairs to the little cupboard where she now kept, and where was hung on the wall, in a frame of yellow hollyhocks, painted by her own hand, a photograph of Capt. Samuel Darby, the man who had remained obstinately devoted to her since her days of pinafores.

The picture betrayed that Captain Darby wore a wig designed for a larger man, and that the visage beneath was gnarled and weather-beaten, marked with the signs of a stubborn and unreasonable will.

Even now the aged belle could hear him saying: "Here I be, come around ter pop ag'in. Ready ter hitch?"

Samuel's inelegant English had always been a source of distress to Blossy; yet still she stared long at the picture.

Six months had passed since his last visit; tomorrow would be the date of his winter advent.

Should she give the old unvarying answer to his tireless formula?

She glanced around the tiny room, Ashamed though she was to admit it

even to herself, she missed that ample and cozy chamber which she had so freely surrendered to Abraham and his wife. She missed it, as she felt they must crave their very own fire-side; and she thought that they missed the old homestead made her yearn for the home that she might have had—the home that she still might have.

Again she brought her eyes back to the portrait; and now she saw, not the characteristics which had always made it seem impossible for her and Samuel to jog together down life's road, but the great truth that the face was honest and wholesome while the eyes looked back into hers with the promise of an unswerving care and affection.

The next morning found Blossy kneeling before a plump little leather-bound, time-worn trunk which she kept under the eaves of the kitchen chamber. The trunk was packed hard with bundles of old letters. Some her younger fingers had tied with violet ribbon; some they had bound with pink; others she had fastened together with white silk cord, and there were more and more bundles, both slim and stout, which Blossy had distinguished by some special hue of ribbon in the long ago, each tint marking a different suitor's missives.

To her still sentimental eye the colors remained unfaded, and each would bring to her mind instantly the picture of the writer as he had been in the golden days. But save to Blossy's eye alone there were no longer any rainbow tints in the little old trunk; for every ribbon and every cord had faded into that musty, yellow brown which is dyed by the passing of many years.

Abraham discovered her there, too engrossed in the perusal of one of the old letters to have heeded his creaking steps upon the stairs.

"Didn't see yer, till I most stumbled on yer," he began apologetically. "I come fer the apple-picker. That's a handful of russets in the orchard yit, that's calc'latin' ter spend Christmas up close ter heaven; but— Say, Blossy," he added more loudly, since she did not raise her head, "yew seen anythin' o' that air picker?"

Blossy glanced up from her ragged, cracked billet-doux with a start, and dropped the envelope to the floor.

For the moment, so deep in reminiscence was she, she thought Captain Darby himself had surprised her; then, recognizing Abe and recalling that Samuel's winter visits were invariably paid in the afternoon, she broke into a shamefaced laugh.

"Oh, is that you, Brother Abe? Don't tell the others what you found me doing. These," with a wave of her delicate, blue-veined hands over the trunk and its contents, "are all old love letters of mine. Do you think I'm a silly old goose to keep them cluttering around so long?"

"What!—Abe with an equally deprecatory gesture indicated Angy's horsehair trunk in the far corner of the loft—"yew ain't no more foolisher, I guess, over yer old trash 'n me an' Angy be a-keepin' ter air minin' stock of mine. One lot is worth 'bout as much as tother."

Recovering the envelope that she had dropped, he continued at the superscription, "Not meanin' ter be inquisitive or personal, Sister Blossy," a teasing twinkle appearing in his eye, "but this looks dreamin' familiarly, this here handwritin' does. When I run the back—yew've heard me tell of the time I was on the life-savin' crew over ter Block Hill ter a spell 'n' yew had a just jest like that. Sister make out the spickest, spandeepest reports, Lemme see," the twinkle deepened, "didn't the gals say yew was a 'spectin' somebody terday? Law, I ain't saw Cap'n Sam'l fer ten year or more. I guess on these here poppin' trips o' his'n he hain't wastin' time on no men-folks. But, Blossy, yew better give me a chance ter talk to him this afternoon, an' mebbe I'll speak a good word fer yer."

Blossy, not always keen to see a joke, and with her vanity now in the



Kneeling Before a Time-Worn Trunk.

ascendant, felt the color rise into her withered cheek.

"Oh, you needn't take the trouble to speak a good word for me. Any man who could ever write a letter like this doesn't need to be coaxed. Just listen:

The man you take for a mate is the luckiest dog in the whole round world. I'd rather be him than king of all the countries on earth. I'd rather be him than strike a gold mine reaching from here to China. I'd rather be him than master of the finest vessel that ever sailed blue water. That's what I would. Why, the man who couldn't be happy with you would spill tears all over heaven.

Blossy's cheek was still flushed, but no longer with pique. Her voice quavered and broke; and finally there fell upon the faded page of the letter two sparkling tears.

Abraham shuffled uncomfortably from one foot to the other; then, muttering something about the "peck/ apple hook," went scuffling across the floor in the direction of the chimney.

Blossy, however, called him back. "I was crying, Brother Abe, because the man I did take for a mate once was not happy, and—neither was I. I was utterly wretched; so that I've always felt I never cared to marry again. And—Samuel's wig is always slipping down over one eye, and I simply cannot endure that trick he has of carrying his head to one side, as if he had a left-handed spell of the mumps. It nearly drives me frantic."

"Brother Abe, now tell me honestly: do you think he would make a good husband?"

Abe cleared his throat. Blossy was in earnest. Blossy could not be laughed at. She was his friend, and Angy's friend; and she had come to him as to a brother for advice. He, too, had known Samuel as man to man, which was more than any of the sisters could say.

Stroking his beard thoughtfully, therefore, he seated himself upon a convenient wooden chest, while Blossy slipped her old love letter in and out of the envelope, with that essentially feminine manner of weighing and considering.

"Naow," began Abe at length, "this is some'n that requires keeful debatin'. Fust off, haowsomever, yew must remember that wigs an' ways never made a man yit. Ez I recollect, Sam'l, he was poaty good ez meen. I should say he wouldn't be any more of a risk tew yew than I was tew Angy; mebbe less. He's got quite a beetle laid by, I understand, an' a tidy story-an'-a-half house, an' front stoop, an', by golly, can't he cook! He's a splendid housekeeper."

"Housewifery," remarked Blossy eagerly, as she began to gather her missives together, "is an accomplishment to be scorned in a young husband, but not in an old one. They say there hasn't been a woman inside Samuel's house since he built it, but it's as clean as soap and sand can make it."

"I bet yer," agreed Abe. "Hain't never been no fly inside it, neither, I warrant yer. Fly can't light arter Sam'l's cleanin' up nohow; he's got ter skate."

"He says he built that little house fer me," said the old lady, as she closed down the lid of the trunk. There was a wistful note in Blossy's voice, which made Abraham declare with a burst of sympathy:

"Tain't no disgrace ter git married at no time of life. Sam'l's a good pervider; why don't yew snap him up terday? Yew'll miss yew a lot; but—"

"There's the apple picker right over yer head," interrupted Blossy tartly, and Abe felt himself peremptorily dismissed.

Scarcely had he left the attic, however than she, too, hastened down the steep, narrow stairs. She spent the remaining hours before train time in donning her beautiful lace gown, and in making the woman within it as young and ravishing as possible. And loveliness, indeed, Blossy looked this day, with a natural flush of excitement on her cheek, a new sparkle in her bright, dark eyes, and with her white hair arranged in a fashion which might have excited a young girl's envy.

The hour for the train came and went, and, lo! for the first time in the history of twenty years Captain Darby did not appear.

Blossy pretended to be relieved, protesting that she was delighted to find that she would now have an extra hour in which to ponder the question. But the second train came and went, and still no Captain Darby.

All the afternoon long Blossy wore her lace gown, thinking although there were no more trains from the eastward that day, that Samuel would still find his way to her. He might drive, as he usually did in June, or he might even walk from his home at Twin Coves, she said.

At night, however, she was obliged to admit that he could not be coming; and then, quivering with honest anxiety for her old friend, Blossy dipped into her emergency fund, which she kept in the heart of a little pink china pig on a shelf in her room—a pink china pig with a lid made of stiff black hair standing on edge in the middle of its back—and sent a telegram to Captain Darby, asking if he were sick.

The answer came back slowly by mail, to find Blossy on the verge of a nervous collapse, under the care of all the women in the house.

That letter Blossy never showed to Brother Abe, nor to any one else. Neither did she treasure it in the sentimental trunk beneath the attic eaves. The letter ran:

Dear Betsy Ann: I never felt better in my life. Ain't been sick a minute. Just made up my mind I was a old fool, and was going to quit. If you change your intentions at any time, just drop me a postal.

As ever, SAM'L DARBY, ESQ.

"This, Captain Darby, makes your rejection final," vowed Blossy to herself, as she tore the note into fragments and drowned them in the spirals of lavender with which the sisters had been seeking to soothe her distracted nerves.

CHAPTER VIII.

The Anniversary.

About this time Blossy developed a tendency to draw Brother Abraham aside at every opportunity, convenient or inconvenient, in order to put such questions as these to him:

"Didn't you say it is fully thirty-five years since you and Captain Darby were on the beach together? Do you think he has grown much older? Had he lost his hair then? Did he care for the opposite sex? Was he very brave—or would you say more brave than stubborn and contrary? Isn't it a blessing that I never married him?"

Fearful of the ridicule of the sisters, Blossy was always careful to conduct these inquiries in whispers, or at least in undertones with a great observance of secrecy, sometimes stopping Abe on the stairs, sometimes beckoning him to her side when she was busy about her household tasks on the pretense of requiring his assistance. On one occasion she even went so far as to inveigle him into holding a skein of wool about his clumsy hands, while she wound the violet worsted into a ball, and delicately inquired if he believed Samuel spoke the truth when he protested that he had never paid court to any other woman.

Alas, Blossy's frequent tete-a-tetes with the amused but sometimes impatient Abraham started an exceedingly foolish suspicion. When, asked the sisters of one another, did Abe ever help any one, save Blossy, shell dried beans or pick over prunes? When had he ever been known to hold wool for Angy's winding? Not once since wooing time, I warrant you. What could this continual hobnobbing and going off into corners mean, except—flirtation?

Ruby Lee whispered it first into Aunt Nancy's good ear. Aunt Nancy indulged in four pinches of snuff in rapid succession, sneezed an amazing number of times, and then acridly informed Ruby Lee that she was a "jealous cat" and always had been one.

However, Aunt Nancy could not refrain from carrying the gossip to Miss Ellie, adding that she herself had been suspicious of Abe's behavior from the start.

"Oh, no, no!" cried the shocked and shrinking spinster. "And Angy so cheerful all the time? I don't believe it."

But whisper, whisper, buzz, buzz, went the gossip, until finally it reached the pink little ears at the side of Miss Abigail's generously proportioned head. The pink ears turned crimson, likewise the adjoining cheeks, and Miss Abigail panted with righteous indignation.

"It all comes of this plagued old winter time," she declared, sharply biting her thread, for she was mending a tablecloth. "Shet the winders on summer, an' yew ketch the tail of slander in the latch every time. Naow, ef I hear one word about this 'tarnal foolishness comin' to Angy's ears, or Brother Abe's, or Blossy's either, fer that matter, well all have to eat off'n oil-cloth Sundays, the same as weekdays, until I see a more Christian spirit in the house."

She gave the Sunday damask across her lap a pat which showed she was in earnest; and the rebuked sisters glanced at one another, as if to say: "Suppose the minister should walk in some Sabbath afternoon and find oil-cloth on the table, and ask the reason why?"

They one and all determined to take Aunt Nancy's advice and "sew a button on their lips."

Fortunately, too, the February thaws had already set in, and the remainder of the winter passed without any severe strain on the "buttonholes." And at length the welcome spring began to peep forth, calling to the old folks, "Come out, and grow young with the young year!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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Greensboro, N. C.

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BALLENTINE & McCLUNG, Proprietors

MORTGAGE SALE.

Pursuant to the power vested in the mortgagee by virtue of a certain mortgage deed executed by B. L. S. Horne and wife, Anna Horne, to W. C. Kirkman on the 15th day of June, 1911, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county, N. C., in book 231, page 72, the undersigned will execute for sale at public auction at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on

Monday, December 7, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, a certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, Gilmer township, adjoining the lands of Faulkner, John, Jeffreys, and others, and bounded as follows: Beginning at Faulkner's southeast corner on the west side of Dodson street, and running west thence with Faulkner's line 169 feet to Seborn Jones' line; thence southwardly and eastwardly with the margin of the meadow and with Jones' and Jeffreys' lines about 205 1-2 feet to Jeffreys' northeast corner on the west margin of the western margin of Dodson street 50 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.

Terms of Sale: Cash. This November 6, 1914. W. C. KIRKMAN, Mortgagee.

THOMAS C. HOYLE

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Wright Building

Greensboro, N. C.

Watch the date on your label.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Pursuant to the power vested in the mortgagee by virtue of a certain mortgage deed executed by S. R. Jones and wife, Della Jones, to Miss E. A. Kirkman on the 2nd day of October, 1911, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county, N. C., in book 239, page 694, the undersigned will expose for sale at public auction at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on

Monday, December 7, 1914, at 12 o'clock noon, a certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, Gilmer township, adjoining the lands of Seborn R. Jones and others, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone in S. R. Jones' line on the north side of East Market street about 20 feet east from Seborn Jones' line; thence eastwardly along the northern edge of East Market street 56 feet to a stone; thence north 56 feet to a stone; thence west 26 feet to a stone; thence south 109 feet to the beginning.

Terms of Sale: Cash. This November 6, 1914. MISS E. A. KIRKMAN, Mortgagee.

FARM PROFITS IN PULLERY AND INCUBATOR
CYPHERS INCUBATOR. On 100 page Book, "How To Make Money From Your Eggs." Full by mail. Send 10c for book. CYPHERS INCUBATOR CO. 1000 North York Street, Chicago, Ill. For Sale by Howard Gardner.

GENERAL NEWS PARAGRAPHS

SUMMARY OF EVENTS THAT GO TO MAKE UP THE WORLD'S NEWS OF THE DAY.

Russia Needs Medicine.—Russia is in immediate need of medicines, absorbent cotton, iron and coal, according to Vice Consul Smith, at Moscow. In the Daily Consular and Trade Reports he declares American manufacturers should expect large future orders of railroad stock, especially engines.

Lockjaw Epidemic.—An epidemic of lockjaw has made its appearance among the battling armies of Europe and the allies are buying large quantities of tetanus serum to stop its ravages. The disease has attacked the cavalry particularly. This is because horses are peculiarly susceptible to the disease and carry it.

Embargo on Meat.—Australia has placed an embargo on exports of meat and coal, except such as are destined for the mother country. A considerable quantity of beef has been imported for consumption in our Pacific coast states during the past two years, and though this competition has not had the expected effect of materially lowering prices, it has, probably, prevented an artificial scarcity of meat and a consequent increase of its cost to a prohibitive level.

Against Friedmann "Cure."—After an exhaustive investigation the United States public health service has announced Dr. F. F. Friedmann, the Berlin physician, has no claims to a discovery of a specific cure for tuberculosis. The investigations showed that "one-fourth of all the cases receiving the treatment developed running sores or abscesses at the place where the serum was injected." The report added that while some patients were buoyed up after an injection of the serum, others "progressed to a speedy death."

Germans Release Gasoline.—At the outbreak of hostilities the German military authorities attached the whole available supply of gasoline. An order has now been issued releasing one-half the stock of the four larger oil companies doing business in Germany, to enable these concerns to meet contractual obligations. Smaller stocks hitherto attached have been declared entirely free, and all other gasoline, not previously reported to governmental authorities, will also be released after notice of its whereabouts has been given and it has been officially inspected and registered.

Austrian Manufacturers Needlessly Worried.

Austrian textile manufacturers are reported to be very much worried over the question of obtaining raw cotton from America. The stock on hand is sufficient only to supply a few weeks' demand, and the situation is becoming desperate. Evidently the Austrians have still time to stop worrying over the Russians (supposed to be again thundering at the gates of Cremona) in order to worry over other matters of seemingly less vital importance. But, apart from the side-light which this report throws on conditions in the dual monarchy, it discloses an amazing lack of information at Vienna as to what is going on in the outer world. Seemingly the Austrian manufacturers have never learned that cotton has been absolutely freed from the ban of detention seizure.

The abridgment displayed by all the world to ward the cotton trade is really remarkable. Great Britain will not halt cargoes of this staple, and will permit them to proceed even to Bremen and Hamburg. The Germans are blockading Russia's Baltic coast, but if an American cotton ship should safely pass over the waters in the North sea, the Skagerrak and Kattegat, the blockade would be suspended and the vessel escorted to Llandudno or Kisa. Perhaps the Turkish and Russian navies embattled in the Black sea would cease firing long enough to enable American cotton ships to slip up at Odessa or Trebizand.

German Loss 335,000.

Although issued semi-official, correspondents in Berlin were not permitted to send out the report that the total German casualty list of dead, wounded and missing, up to the middle of September, was 235,000. As the loss in the first German advance into France was heavy, the proportion is not consistent for the remainder of the time. The total loss to date is reckoned at 335,000. The estimate is based on official figures, and makes the losses of the last six weeks less than half of the first six. That the wounded run into enormous numbers is proved by the fact that every railroad station, no matter how small, has a hospital alongside, receiving the wounded as they alight from trains from the front.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

JURORS FOR NEXT TERM OF UNITED STATES COURT.

The following jurors have been drawn for the term of United States District court to convene in this city Monday, December 14:

W. L. Huffines, Gibsonville, R. 1; Alton G. Cranford, Martha; J. J. Frank Jones, Spray; James Peterson, Winston-Salem; P. M. Riley, Pleasant Garden; L. F. Everhart, Winston-Salem; J. A. Wiseman, Yadkinville; J. G. Tomlinson, Troy; J. C. Frans, Westfield, R. 1; C. K. Thompson, Milton; John W. Cox, Dobson, R. F. D.; Robert P. Talbot, Reidsville, R. F. D.; F. R. Gordon, Milton; W. A. Williams, East Bend; Joe W. Sechrist, High Point; P. C. Jones, Julian, R. 1; C. L. Walter, Mayodan; J. P. Slaughter, Pinnacle, R. 2; Robb Hastings, Abbots Creek; J. T. Holland, Stoneville; Joseph W. Purpason, Madison, R. 2; Wiley L. Ward, Asheboro; F. A. Ferrell, Ruffin, R. 3; R. H. Milton, Greensboro; E. I. Hege, Reidsville; Jay Atkins, Red Shoals; Samuel F. Vance, Winston-Salem; G. O. Monday, Mt. Airy; J. T. Winslow, Asheboro; George Kimrey, Ramseur; T. R. Marsh, Greensboro, R. 3; E. E. Spencer, High Point; Enoch Craven, Greensboro; O. F. Pearce, Greensboro; F. P. Stone, Francisco, R. 1; J. H. Sailor, East Bend; J. D. Webb, Chapel Hill; James C. Beamer, Mt. Airy; Z. W. Griffin, Reidsville, R. 2; Allen McMullen, Hightowers; John H. L. Patterson, Burlington, R. F. D.; L. C. Huffines, Guilford College; C. E. Moxley, Booneville; J. H. Stanfield, Greensboro, R. 4; W. R. Combs, Leaksville; W. F. Carpenter, Greensboro; O. F. Stroupe, Lewisville; C. E. Duncan, Liberty; J. F. Pickett, Liberty; M. B. Meem, Walkertown; B. F. Folger, Dobson; W. S. Fagg, Stoneville; Leno Lloyd, Chapel Hill, R. 2; D. A. Welker, Stone Mountain, R. 1.

Volunteers Here and in England.

If the London dispatch which puts the aggregate of the British army "on the rolls and drilling in the United Kingdom" at approximately 1,500,000 men is correct, Great Britain has broken the record for volunteering. Assuming the correctness of the dispatch, Great Britain must have under arms more than 2,000,000 men, reckoning those on the firing line and the contingents of the various dominions, colonies and dependencies. If such is the fact our exhibition of speed in improving an army out of a civilian population in 1861 is left far behind. On July 1, 1861, when the civil war had been in progress more than two months, the army of the Union consisted of 136,751 of all ranks, including 16,422 regulars. Not until March 31, 1862, did it attain a grand total of 637,126. On January 1, 1863, it reached 918,191. At the close of the war it bore 1,000,191 names on its rolls. The original volunteer system had reached its maximum even before the government, in 1863, was compelled to resort to conscription.

Prohibition Elections Last Tuesday.

Not only did California bury state-wide prohibition in the election last Tuesday by a majority that may reach close to 200,000, but a referendum amendment was adopted prohibiting another vote on the question within eight years. The election returns indicate that every county in Oregon gave a majority for state-wide prohibition, and it is stated that the majority will be 19,000 or 20,000. Prohibition was defeated in Oregon two years ago. The prohibition forces also scored a victory in Missouri, electing a majority of the legislature. The Anti-Saloon League will ask the next legislature to pass a ward and precinct local option law for the city of St. Louis, and it is hoped that this will result in making the state "dry."

German Papers Warned.

The Canadian government is taking drastic steps to stop pro-German comment and the publication of inaccurate and misleading pro-German dispatches in some of the German papers published in Canada, particularly in Western Canada. Warnings have been sent out to every German paper in the West stating that they must preserve an absolutely neutral or pro-British attitude, or prompt action will be taken to summarily punish the offenders. These papers will be required to publish the British White Paper.

Toothache Remedy Exploded.

Anton Yucker, wife and daughter are in a hospital in Philadelphia seriously burned and otherwise injured as the result of one dose of toothache powder. Viola, the daughter, complained of an aching molar and her mother found a powder remedy which had been purchased in Austria 10 years ago. As the powder was being heated, some fell to the stove, causing an explosion which wrecked the room. Physicians at the hospital said the remedy contained nitroglycerin.

Read The Patriot's great clubbing offer on page 7.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. E. A. Cox has returned from a hunting trip in Randolph county.

Mr. A. B. Kimball went to Atlanta Saturday night on a legal business trip.

Mrs. O. W. Hines, of McLeansville, was a welcome caller at The Patriot office Friday.

Mr. L. R. Andrew, of Jefferson township, gave The Patriot office a pleasant call Saturday.

Mrs. W. B. Matheson and Miss Amanda Matheson, of Taylorsville, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Matheson, on Mendenhall street.

Mr. W. M. Jones, Sr., a prominent citizen of Asheville, is in the city on a visit to his son, Dr. W. M. Jones, the Guilford county health officer.

Mrs. R. S. McCain has returned to her home in Henderson after a visit to her sister, Mrs. W. F. Medearis, who has been a patient in St. Leo's hospital for several weeks.

Mr. Walter W. Mendenhall, of Cleveland, Ohio, was a welcome caller at The Patriot office Saturday. He was called home by the illness of his aged father, Mr. J. R. Mendenhall, of Guilford College. Mr. Mendenhall is accompanied on the trip by his young son.

Financial Tension Less.

Washington, Nov. 5.—Clearing house certificates issued in large cities after the outbreak of the European war have been greatly reduced in amount, according to a statement tonight by Comptroller of the Currency Williams, which is taken to indicate an emphatic relaxation of financial tension and increasing supply of loanable funds and steady and uninterrupted progress toward normal conditions.

"In New York the clearing house loan certificates already have been materially reduced and are being gradually retired," said the statement. "St. Louis still has outstanding about \$2,500,000; Boston reports less than \$10,000,000; Philadelphia less than \$8,000,000; Baltimore about \$2,000,000; Louisville less than \$1,500,000. Detroit reported \$1,200,000 authorized, but never used. Indianapolis, Milwaukee, St. Joseph, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Houston, Fort Worth, Birmingham, Charleston, Albany, N. Y., and Columbia, S. C., report none issued; Buffalo, St. Paul, Columbus, Portland, Ore., Galveston, Savannah and Nashville, none outstanding."

Women Suffer Terribly From Kidney Trouble.

Around on her feet all day—no wonder a woman has backache, headache, stiff swollen joints, weariness, poor sleep and kidney trouble. Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief for these troubles. They strengthen the kidneys—take away the aches, pain and weariness. Make life worth living again. They will absolutely drive out rheumatism, weak back and swollen aching joints due to kidney and bladder trouble. Try Foley Kidney Pills and see how much better you feel. Conyers & Sykes, adv.

Read The Patriot's great clubbing offer on page 7.

The Thrice-a-Week Edition of the New York World

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Weekly. No other newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

The year 1914 has been the most extraordinary in the history of modern times. It has witnessed the outbreak of the great European war, a struggle so titanic that it makes all others look small.

You live in momentous times, and you should not miss any of the tremendous events that are occurring. No other newspaper will inform you with the promptness and cheapness of the Thrice-a-Week edition of the New York World. Moreover, a year's subscription to it will take you far into our next presidential campaign.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE PATRIOT together for one year for \$2.15.

RESALE OF LAND.

By virtue of authority in the undersigned vested by a decree of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., in the special proceedings entitled Emma Yow and her husband, J. W. Yow vs. Ella Layton et al., the undersigned commissioner will resell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on

Saturday, November 14, 1914, at 12 o'clock M., at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, in said county, the several tracts of land known as the James W. Layton lands. A plot or survey of said lands may be seen at the office of G. S. Bradshaw, attorney, Greensboro, N. C.

This is a resale of said lands and the bidding will start at the ten per cent bid deposited on former bids on this property.

This October 29, 1914.

J. W. Yow, Commissioner.

G. S. Bradshaw, Attorney.

PNEUMONIA

left me with a frightful cough and very weak. I had spells when I could hardly breathe or speak for 10 to 20 minutes. My doctor could not help me, but I was completely cured by

DR. KING'S New Discovery

Mrs. J. E. Cox, Joliet, Ill. 50c AND \$1.00 AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

Lamps and lamp chimneys—all kinds, at Hagan's China Store.

Big bargain in hand and power feed cutters. We have a big variety we wish to close out. Townsend Buggy Company. 90-41.

Johnson, Hinkle & Co. are showing the best line of clothing for men and boys they have ever carried.

John Whitt and Garland Mitchell guarantee the highest prices at the Farmers' warehouse.

Lamps and lamp chimneys—all kinds, at Hagan's China Store.

Clothing and shoes that look well, wear well and sell reasonably. Let us show you. Johnson, Hinkle & Co.

If you want your tobacco to sell for the highest prices—and of course you do—take it to the Farmers' warehouse.

Johnson, Hinkle & Co. want to sell you your winter underwear.

Lamps and lamp chimneys—all kinds, at Hagan's China Store.

We have been instructed by the Nissen Wagon Company to buy for them the first bale of strictly middling cotton offered to us either for wagon which you purpose purchasing or to pay for a Nissen wagon already bought. You can either call us by phone or drop in and see us. Townsend Buggy Company. 90-2t

FOR SALE.—Genuine Klondyke strawberry plants, the best of strawberries. A. L. Plunkett, R. F. D. 6, telephone 6320.

The Farmers' warehouse is selling more pounds of local tobacco than any other warehouse in Greensboro, and this is pretty good evidence that prices at the Farmers' are the best.

Disk harrows at a bargain, if sizes suit. Closing out the last of job lot, lowest of low prices. Townsend Buggy Company. 90-41.

A big line of work shirts, dress shirts, sweaters, etc., at low prices. Johnson, Hinkle & Co.

John H. Whitt and Garland Mitchell, proprietors of the Farmers' warehouse, are devoting their entire time and energy to the interests of their patrons. Take your next load of tobacco to the Farmers' warehouse and rest assured you will receive the highest market price.

Read The Patriot's great clubbing offer on page 7.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned this day has qualified as the executrix of the last will and testament of L. B. Shepherd, deceased, before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased will present same, duly verified, to the undersigned, on or before the 3rd day of October, 1915, otherwise same will be barred of any and all recovery thereon. All persons indebted to the estate of said deceased will please make payment to the undersigned, and save costs.

SARAH E. SHEPHERD, Executrix of the last will and testament of L. B. Shepherd.

DO YOU EXPECT TO BUILD?

If so

Get our Prices on anything in the building line

If you need a Plow we know you will first think of the advantages of the "genuine"

OLIVER CHILLED

Southside Hardware Co.

523-525 SOUTH ELM ST.



Here Is the Plow That Does the Business to Perfection

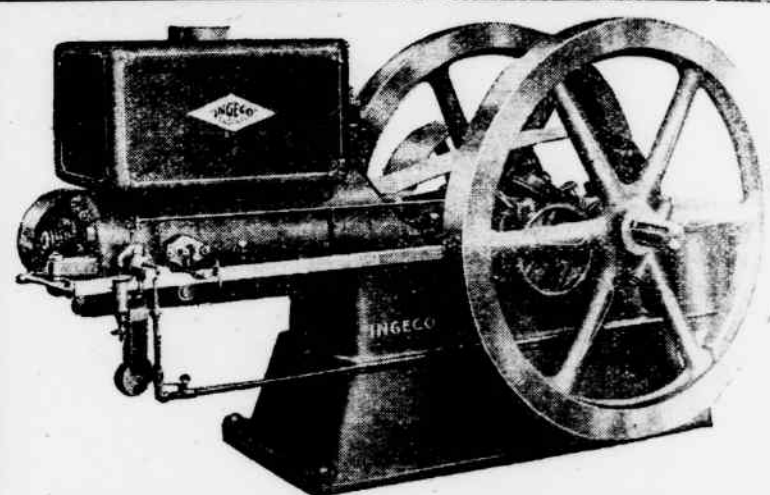
We also have the New Perfection Oil Cook Stoves, White Mountain Ice Cream Freezers, Screen Doors and Windows that adjust to suit your window.

LET US SERVE YOU.

Greensboro Hardware Co.

Phones 457-458

221 South Elm Street



The season is on for cutting wood and feed. We have on our floor a car load of Gas and Kerosene Engines in all sizes and types. Drop in and let us show you where we can save you money.

M. G. NEWELL CO.

Herndon's Pharmacy

This is a new Drug Store, just opened on the corner of North Elm and West Gaston streets. We want the patronage of readers of The Patriot and guarantee satisfaction. Come to us for anything you may need in the line of drugs, toilet articles, etc. You will always find a warm welcome at this store, and we trust you will call often.

Herndon's Pharmacy

Corner North Elm and West Gaston Sts.