

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Brings Family Here.—Mr. J. Frank Swift, who formerly conducted a store at Whitsett, has moved his family to this city, residing on Morehead avenue.

Marriage License.—A license was issued Friday for the marriage of Shelby H. Long and Miss Ollie Forkner, both of this county. The groom's age was given as 24 and the bride's 17.

Moves Store.—Miss Nellie Fowler has moved her millinery business from the Odd Fellows building to the Ham building in the same block on West Market street. The new store has been renovated and overhauled.

Returned Missionary Here.—Miss Anna Jones, returned missionary from Africa, representing the Friends' church, will lecture before the Missionary society of West Market Street Methodist church this afternoon.

Street Fusher Here.—The street fusher ordered by the city commissioners for examination is here and will be given a try-out. The price is \$1,000 and it is said to be a splendid machine for the work it is designed to do.

Mr. Tibbets Here.—George F. Tibbets, of New York, gave a lecture, illustrated by a stereopicon at the Bijou theater yesterday afternoon on "The Battle of the Strong." The meeting was under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A.

Baseball Teams Assemble.—The six baseball teams composing the North Carolina Association will assemble this week and begin practicing for the game. The seasons open April 22. Greensboro is said to have a splendid aggregation of players.

In New Mexico.—Dr. E. L. Stamey has received a letter from Mrs. Stamey to the effect that she and children have arrived in Alamogordo, N. M., safely after a pleasant journey. Mrs. Stamey went there on account of her daughter's health and will be there some time.

Editor of Everyland Coming.—Miss Susan Mendenhall, of New York City, the editor of "Everyland," and one of the secretaries of the missionary education movement, will deliver the lecture before the city Sunday school training school next Thursday evening.

Attends Durham Banquet.—Judge James E. Boyd went to Durham Friday night to attend a specially invited guest the banquet given there complimentary to former President Taft, who delivered three lectures at Chapel Hill last week. Judge Boyd's secretary, Mr. R. L. Blaylock, accompanied him.

Mrs. E. W. Mabe Dead.—Following the death of her husband by just a week, Mrs. E. W. Mabe passed away at White Oak yesterday afternoon, at the age of 76 years. Her husband was 78 years of age when he died a week previously. The funeral will be held this afternoon and interment will be in the Proximity cemetery.

Meets Here This Week.—The State Grove of the Supreme Forest, Woodmen's circle, the ladies auxiliary of the Woodmen of the World, will meet in biennial session here tomorrow. Many delegates will attend. Mrs. Sarah M. Williams, of Rocky Mount, is grand guardian. E. B. Lewis, state manager, of Kinston, will also attend.

Miss Page to Build.—Miss Emma C. Page will build a handsome residence in Irving Park property, near the Country Club. According to the terms under which the sale is made, the home must be built within a year from the date of transfer of title and the home must not cost less than \$5,000. Miss Page has lived in college place for some time. She is a sister of the American ambassador to the English court, Walter Hines Page, and Congressman R. N. Page.

Wins Honors For Bravery.—Capt. Allen Campbell Ross, of the 20th Decatur (Iowa), among the valiant Indian troops who are fighting for the cause of the allied forces of Europe, has gained the distinction of being numbered among England's soldiers of the distinguished service order. Capt. Ross is a brother of H. Campbell Ross, of Greensboro, who was formerly in the military service of Great Britain in South Africa, but who had to retire from the service on account of the loss of a limb.

Special Services Next Week.—With the dedication of the new pipe organ at the First Reformed church next Sunday will begin a series of special gospel services that will continue during Easter week. Rev. H. A. Welker, of Pennsylvania, will preach the dedication sermon and will also conduct the services during the following week.

Small Child Dies.—Funeral services over the remains of Veronica, the three-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hart, who died at the family home, 424 Fields avenue, Saturday morning at 7 o'clock, were held at the home yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Following the short services, interment was made in Greene Hill cemetery.

To Marry in April.—The engagement of Miss Carrie M. Carmon, of Whitsett, to Mr. G. Clayton McKaughn is announced, the wedding to take place April 6. The engagement was announced last week when Miss Elizabeth Wheeler entertained for Miss Carmon, at Whitsett. Mr. McKaughn is connected with the Donnell-Moore Shoe Company.

Interesting Papers For Library.—The Carnegie library has been given the "Papers of Archibald D. Murphy," in two volumes, by the North Carolina Historical Association. Judge Murphy has long been regarded as one of the state's most eminent citizens of the period in which he lived. He was educated at Dr. David Caldwell's famous school in this city.

Mrs. Mary Ann Scott Dead.—Mrs. Mary Ann Scott died Friday morning at her home near Guilford College at the age of 71 years. The funeral was held Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock at Guilford College, conducted by Rev. Mr. Peele. Interment was in the church burying ground. She is survived by three daughters—Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. Rhoda Rice and Mrs. O. D. Sholar.

Gives Automobile.—The Gate City Motor Company and the Willys-Overland Company, manufacturers of the Overland automobile, have given an Overland automobile worth \$950 to the committee having in charge the Elks charity fair to be held April 12-17. The committee has not decided just how the car will be used, but it will be used to the best advantage.

For Pomona Postmaster.—Seven candidates have qualified for the examination to be held here April 10 for postmaster at Pomona to succeed John W. Cook, deceased. Although a fourth class postoffice, the position paid last year \$992. It will probably get to the presidential class after July 1 and pay a salary. Mr. A. J. Sykes is filling the position of postmaster temporarily.

Negroes to Meet.—A mass meeting of the negro citizens of Greensboro will be held at St. James Presbyterian church Friday evening, March 26, at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the Negro Civic League. At this meeting the election of permanent officers will be held, reports from various committees will be heard and other business of much importance will be transacted.

Elks to Meet.—As one of the preliminaries to the Elks' charity fair, there will be given a smoker tomorrow evening at 7.30 o'clock in the club rooms for the members. The program will be informal, although there will be a general discussion of the plans for the fair. All members are urgently requested to be present and be ready with suggestions for making the fair a success.

Dies While Visiting.—Mrs. Martha S. Baldwin, of Moore county, died early Sunday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. S. C. Colcutt, at White Oak. She came here a few days ago on a visit and during the trip contracted a severe cold, resulting in la grippe. Three sons and one daughter survive. The body was carried to Ether, Moore county, today and the funeral will be held there tomorrow.

Ellis White Passes.—Mr. Ellis White died at his home near Battle Ground station yesterday morning at 7.30 o'clock. The funeral will be held at New Garden church, Guilford College, of which he had long been a member, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. He was one of the county's best citizens and noted for his benevolence and upright character. The following children survive: Mrs. Eva Joyner, of Battle Ground; Mrs. Eliza McCulston, of Battle Ground; Mrs. Laura Hanner, of Greensboro, and S. F. White, of Battle Ground. The funeral service was conducted by Revs. Albert Peele and Johnson.

Condemnation Proceedings.—Three separate condemnation proceedings were begun in United States District court Friday for the purpose of clearing title to certain lands in western North Carolina that have been purchased by the federal government as a part of the Appalachian forest reserve. Papers in two of the proceedings were filed here, while the others were sent to Asheville.

Mr. Dick Improving.—Friends in the city of John M. Dick, who has been spending the past two years at San Antonio, Tex., in the interest of his health, state that the former Greensboro citizen is greatly improved and show small pictures of Mr. Dick as proof. The small photos show that Mr. Dick has gained considerable weight and that he looks almost as well as before his health failed.

Speaks on "Day Dreams."—Dr. P. M. Waters, D. D., president of the Gammon Theological Seminary, of Atlanta, Ga., visited Bennett college, Greensboro, Friday. During the morning he visited the classrooms, gardens and dormitories, and in the afternoon at 2 o'clock, following a program by members of the music department, he spoke to the teachers and students on the subject, "Day Dreams."

Plans For Subway Made.—Plans have been made for the proposed subway under the railway tracks at Davis street. They call for a tremendous expense, much excavating and other work, but this is believed to be the only way to give the city and the railroad the sort of arrangement necessary to take care of railroad and street traffic, and make possible the new passenger and freight depots.

Working on "Movie."—The taking of the "Greensboro Movie" will be resumed tomorrow morning at court square promptly at 10 o'clock, after a layoff of two days. Every citizen who later wishes to see himself on the screen is invited to be present, "get in the picture" and assist generally in all operations. The leading characters in the movie are scheduled to continue their courtship; and the more spectators, the better the acting.

Chautauqua in May.—Information has just been received from the Redpath Chautauqua Company that the Chautauqua to be held in Greensboro under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. will open on Saturday, May 1. Dr. Henry Clark will have charge of the morning lectures each day at 11 o'clock. Miss Verna Swanson will have charge of the children's hour at 10 o'clock. The afternoon program will open with music at 3 o'clock, followed by a lecture at 3.20. The evening program will open with music at 7.45 followed by an entertainment at 8.30.

Will Hurt Commerce.—Congressman Stedman, who is at his home in Greensboro for a rest after the session of the past Congress, believes that the foreign commerce of the United States will be greatly injured if the allied forces of Europe maintain their position just outlined relative to a blockade. When asked if he is looking forward to an extra session of Congress, Major Stedman replied very promptly that he is not. He admitted that there is a possibility of an extra session; but he does not think any members of Congress are looking forward to it.

Confederate Reunion.—The annual reunion of Confederate veterans will be held June 1, 2, and 3 in Richmond, Va., the capital of the Confederacy, and gives promise of being the greatest event of the kind yet held by the survivors of the memorable struggle. Guilford county will send a number of veterans to the Virginia capital for the meeting. Very attractive rates will be offered by the railroads. No intimation has been made as to whether the county commissioners will this year make an appropriation to help defray the expenses of veterans desiring to go.

Rice-Braddy.—Dr. Wade Hampton Braddy and Miss Martha Frances Rice were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Rice, Thursday evening. Rev. C. W. Byrd was the minister and the ceremony was witnessed by a number of relatives and close friends. Dr. C. E. Moore was best man and Miss Pearl Ashworth was maid of honor. After a wedding trip to New York Dr. and Mrs. Braddy will reside here. Dr. Braddy came here two years ago from Haw River and is a successful practicing physician. His bride is a most charming young woman.

Has One Well For Three Pumps.—Dr. J. W. Griffith, of this city, who has three houses near each other in Lumberton, has had a single well sunk for the three houses, with pipes leading to each house and a pump for each dwelling. All three of the pumps may be worked at the same time and will draw water. The idea was a new one to those who undertook it but it worked perfectly.

Bond Money Received.—The money for the street bonds recently sold was received by the city commissioners Saturday morning, the amount, \$100,560, being deposited in banks of the city. Before the first of April, bids will be opened and contracts awarded, and the actual work of permanently paving several of the more important streets of the city will be started.

Sykes-Foushee.—Mr. Eugene C. Sykes and Miss Edith Grace Foushee were married Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Foushee, parents of the bride, Rev. J. C. Turner, pastor of the First Baptist church, officiating. Mr. T. R. Jackson was best man and Miss Kate Alderman was maid of honor. After a wedding trip to New York they will live in Mr. Sykes' home in Fisher park. The bridegroom is a successful and popular druggist. His bride is a very attractive and cultured young woman.

Miss Pearl Jones Dies.—Miss Pearl Jones, daughter of Ex-Sheriff and Mrs. B. E. Jones, died yesterday morning at 10 o'clock at the family home on Asheboro street, following an illness of several months. The funeral will be held at Centenary church this afternoon. Rev. R. D. Sherrill will conduct the service. The deceased was a consistent member of Centenary church and was active in church work. She is survived by her parents, three sisters and three brothers, who are Mrs. L. T. Barber, Gibsonville; Mrs. S. A. Brooks, Miss Annie Jones, Roy H. Padan and Thomas Jones, of this city.

ALBERT HEWITT RELEASED BY ORDER GOVERNOR CRAIG

Owing to the refusal of Governor Locke Craig to honor requisition papers issued by Governor Stuart, of Virginia, Albert Hewitt, a young white man who was arrested here several days ago, will not have to stand trial in Lynchburg, Va., charged with seduction under promise of marriage. The warrant under which Hewitt was arrested was sworn to by the brother-in-law of the young woman and every effort was made to carry Hewitt back to Lynchburg, where he made his home until a few months ago, to stand trial.

Immediately after being arrested, a brother of Hewitt, who is sheriff of a county in the western part of the state, gave bond and the young man was released. Counsel was employed and a fight was made to have the case against the young man dismissed. The hearing was set for last Wednesday afternoon but, at the request of the attorneys, it was continued until March 24.

During Friday morning's session of municipal court, Judge S. Glenn Brown received a telegram from Governor Craig, at Asheville, stating that requisition papers issued by the governor of Virginia had been refused, whereupon the judge ordered that the brother of young Hewitt be notified that the case was ended.

SOUTHERN MAY NOT DISCONTINUE MORE TRAINS

Unless the Southern railway is able to show the Corporation Commission that passenger receipts in this state are such as to make further curtailment of passenger service absolutely necessary this company will not be allowed to discontinue another train, Chairman Travis, of the Corporation Commission, announced last week. The announcement came after a hearing granted traffic officials of the road.

The railroad had asked to be allowed to discontinue two trains each between the following points: Greensboro and Goldsboro, Winston-Salem and Wilkesboro, Asheville and Waynesville, Charlotte and Winston-Salem, and between Salisbury and Norwood.

R. E. Simpson, of Richmond, general superintendent, and R. H. DeButts, of Charlotte, division passenger agent, presented the Southern's case. They claimed passenger receipts fell off 20 per cent. in the first two weeks in March over the same period last year and 30 per cent. in January and February.

THREE SHIPS OF ALLIES SINK

IRRESISTIBLE, OCEAN AND BOUVET GO DOWN IN THE DARDANELLES.

The operations in the Dardanelles, in which the British battleships Irresistible and Ocean and the French battleship Bouvet were sunk by mines and a British battle cruiser and several other of the allied warships were damaged by shell from the Turkish forts, hold the center of attraction in the war news.

There are no other events of importance reported except the sinking of two more British steamers by German submarines and the occupation by the Russians of Memel, a German port on the Baltic, which was announced in the German official communication. Memel is a town of considerable importance in northeastern Prussia and the presence there of Russian forces is taken by military observers here to indicate that the Russian generals have decided to attempt a big sweep down through East Prussia in an endeavor to compel the Germans to fall back from northern Poland.

Again North Poland has been transformed into an immense bog by the thaw which has set in just as Field Marshal von Hindenburg has started his offensive against Przemyśl. It is declared that it is impossible, except at widely separated high places, to move, let alone fight.

The Germans, however, seemingly anxious always to be doing something, have started an offensive in Central Poland, where they have commenced an attack on the Russians in the region of the Pilica river. There also is heavy fighting in Galicia, the Carpathians and Bukovina, despite the heavy snow.

On the western front no operations of great importance have taken place, although the French continue their efforts to work their way forward in the Champagne and Argonne regions and the Belgians still are active in the little bit of their territory remaining in their hands.

The political situation as regards Austria and Italy remains obscure, but their are persistent reports in London that negotiations for the cession of Austrian territory to Italy have broken down, Italy's demands have been considered excessive.

Details of Ships Sinking.

The British battleships Irresistible and Ocean and French warship Bouvet were blown up by floating mines while engaged in attacking the forts in the Narrows of the Dardanelles Thursday. Virtually all of the crews of the British ships were saved, having been transferred to other ships, under a hot fire, but an internal explosion took place on board the Bouvet and most of her crew was lost.

The Bouvet sank within three minutes after striking the mine. The Bouvet was built nearly 20 years ago and the British ships were built in 1898. They were useful, however, for the work in which they were engaged in the Dardanelles. The sunk British ships are being replaced by the battleships Queen and Implacable, vessels of a similar type. They are said to have started some time ago in anticipation of just such losses as have occurred. Two other ships, the British battle cruiser Inflexible and the French battleship Gaulois were hit by shells and damaged. British casualties, according to the British official report, were "not heavy, considering the scale of operations."

The damage done to the Turkish forts by the heavy bombardment has not been ascertained. It is stated that operations against them are continuing. The forts attacked were those on either side of Kephez bay and on Kephez Point outside the Narrows and those on Kalid Behr and Chanak in the Narrows.

The Kephez forts replied strongly when the battleships advanced upon the Dardanelles and all the ships were hit. It is asserted that these forts finally were silenced and a bombardment of those in the Narrows was under way when the three battleships hit the mines. The blowing up of the ships did not cause a cessation of the fighting, which continued until darkness intervened.

Italy May Get Into War.

London, March 21.—The relations between Italy and Austria are believed to have reached an acute stage. A Rome dispatch says Austrian and German subjects have been

advised by their consuls to leave Italy in the shortest possible time and that a number of Germans who recently arrived in Italy are being watched because of a suspicion that they are military spies.

There have been reports for some days that Germany's efforts to secure the continued neutrality of Italy by inducing Austria to cede Trent and other territory to her were not meeting with success. Italy, it was said, demanded that the territory be ceded to her immediately, but that the Teutonic allies desired to make the transfer after the war.

Following this came reports that Austria had commenced strengthening her southern frontier, and, according to a dispatch received in Paris from Rome today, Italian officers of all arms belonging to the first line, who have been on half pay, have been called to the colors. In military circles here this order is considered significant, it being contended that these officers would not be called from the public administration unless the situation was serious. No Austrian news on the subject is available in London, the censor in that country having, it is said, prohibited comments.

CARTER-ABERNATHY HEARING BEGINS TODAY.

Raleigh, March 22.—Judge Frank Carter, who has been holding court in the eastern part of the state has arrived and is ready for the hearing of the legislative committee of inquiry which will sit on the Carter-Abernathy case this morning.

Judge Carter since the Clark resolution charging him with certain official and moral offenses has demanded an immediate investigation and the hearing is a victory for the demand of himself and his attorneys. He declared that his administration of justice will be seriously crippled if he is allowed to rest under any imputation whatsoever and he did his best to have the general assembly hear these charges while it was in session. The special committee set March 22 at 10 o'clock in the morning for the beginning of testimony.

In the reply to the demand for specific charges, names of witnesses and names of individuals who are charged with moral offenses with Judge Carter, the demand was but partly met. The names of witnesses were not given and the Carter attorneys are not able to get these for purposes of cross-examination. However, they do not regard this a serious handicap.

The hearing begins today but there is no way to tell how long it is to go. It has been announced by the committee that it will not allow the testimony to be protracted and the eastern half of North Carolina will not be summoned here. Many witnesses for Judge Carter and Solicitor Abernathy are expected to come but neither side is expected to introduce a great number to testify to the same facts.

CAROLINA-VIRGINIA GAME TO BE A GREAT EVENT

The athletic committee of the Chamber of Commerce is working hard to make the Virginia-Carolina baseball game, April 10, a bigger occasion than any of its predecessors here, which means a great deal. At a meeting Friday evening subcommittees were appointed to look after details of arrangements, as follows: Arrangements—A. B. Joyner, N. S. Plummer, Ernest Alderman, R. L. Blalock and A. R. Wilson, Jr.

Dance—Henry Yates, E. C. Klingman, Herman Cone and Andrew Joyner, Jr.

Publicity—C. M. Brown, C. M. Waynick, N. S. Plummer and J. C. Forester.

Among the plans of advertising the event are: The placing of street banners in Greensboro and surrounding cities; use of window posters in prominent business houses; mailing hundreds of post cards, calling attention to the big game, to alumni, in all parts of the state; and newspaper display. It is proposed to make the advertising campaign of such scope that every fan in the state will have opportunity to be advised of the game here, as well as of its importance in the world of college sports.

Mrs. S. T. Wyrick, who underwent an operation at St. Leo's hospital several days ago, is recovering nicely.



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EXECUTION SALE.

North Carolina, Guilford County.

In the Superior Court.

Brooks Manufacturing Company

vs.

W. H. Chisholm.

By virtue of an execution directed to the undersigned from the Superior court of Guilford County, in the above entitled action, I will on

Monday, April 12, 1915,

at 12 o'clock noon, sell at the court

house door of said county, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said execution, all the right, title and interest which the said W. H. Chisholm the defendant has or had on or after the 15th day of December, 1908, in the following described real estate, to-wit:

That tract or parcel of land in Morehead township, Guilford County, being and known as lot No. 4 in square 3, in the property of the Greensboro Security and Investment Company, near the city of Greensboro, said lot being 50 by 140 feet, fronting North street and known as Camp Stokes, as shown by plot of said property in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford County.

This March 12, 1915.

D. E. STAFFORD, Sheriff.

By W. J. WEATHERLY, D. S.

CHANGES IN STATUTE LAW

WORK OF THE LEGISLATURE
REVIEWED AND IMPORTANT ACTS NOTICED.

Despite the fact that the session of the legislature, which adjourned this month, was charged with being unprogressive, an examination of some of the laws enacted proves that it was constructive and forward-looking. Many people, no doubt, are glad that it did not have the idea of what is progressive that some politicians profess to have. It was, in fact, a sane progressive body.

This article is designed to convey to its readers information as to changes and additions with respect to the body of the statute law of North Carolina, especially that part of interest to people generally.

Those who followed the sessions of the general assembly closely single out the following four acts as the most important:

1. The state-wide primary for all political parties on the same day applying to candidates for all state, congressional, judicial candidates, to candidates for state senators, and, in many counties, to all county officers. It will apply to every candidate for every office in this county.

2. The Anti-Jug bill. This means that no person can receive by express more than a quart of whisky and five gallons of beer every fifteen days.

3. Act creating the state highway commission.

4. Act creating the state fisheries commission.

An act of interest to most people was that providing an appropriation of \$20,000, to purchase the summit of Mt. Mitchell and preserve as a state park the highest peak east of the Mississippi river.

The state was divided into two judicial divisions, so that judges in the eastern part of the state will rotate in the first ten districts and those in the western part will rotate in the 11th to 20th districts. Judge Lyon, who is holding court here now, will not be here after July 1 unless he comes to hold a special term. Judges Peebles, Bond, Daniels, Adams, Whedbee, Cooke, Allen, Devin and Rountree will not appear here in the future. Judge Justice will hold the fall courts here and Judges Carter and Ferguson will be here next year.

Among the acts of interest to the farmers is that providing for Rural Credit Unions, a progressive step, which to be fully understood requires a study of the bill and the subject.

Another of like interest provides for the organization of Land and Loan Associations, which will be to farmers what the building and loan associations are to city folks.

The name of the school for negroes here was changed from the Agricultural & Mechanical College to the Agricultural & Technical College.

Heretofore in sales of real estate under mortgages and wills the sale is not kept open for a higher bid after the auction; now, however, it must wait ten days and if a sufficient bid is received the property is readvertised. A sufficient bid is ten per cent. increase if the highest bid at the sale was \$500 or less, or five per cent. if in excess of \$500.

Four amendments to the constitution will be voted on in 1916, as follows:

1. Restricting local, private and special legislation.
2. To prevent delays in trials by providing emergency judges.
3. To prevent special charters to corporations by the general assembly.
4. To prevent special charters to cities, towns and villages.

These were among those submitted last year but went down in defeat, along with the other proposed amendments on account of the tax amendment and the opposition to the latter.

The pensions for Confederate Veterans their widows were increased \$4.00 in each class, so that the pensions by classes now are \$76, \$64, \$52 and \$36.

Candidates for license to practice medicine may be examined on behalf of the course before they finish the other half, so as to make the examination lighter for them.

County commissioners were authorized to call bond elections for school districts under certain conditions without further legislative authority.

County commissioners are authorized to provide for treatment in hospitals of poor people at the expense of the county.

A bill was enacted to provide expert cotton graders for the state.

Wholesome amendments to the insurance law and for the protection of forests were adopted.

The first Friday in November was set apart as Arbor day, when the school children will plant trees, etc.

It is made criminal to speak or write anything that in effect charges

a bank with being insolvent or causing a "run" on any banking institution.

The public school law was not amended to any considerable extent.

Provision is made for the registration of farm names. Guilford farmers wishing to give their farms a distinctive name and protect their products may comply with this act and prevent themselves against unfair competition.

Sheriffs and their deputies may now subpoena jurors and witnesses by telephone.

It is a misdemeanor to give a person under 17 years of age a drink of intoxicating liquors.

To prevent the spread of hog cholera, all hogs dying a natural death must be buried two feet under earth.

Where a judge issues a rule for contempt on account of remarks or newspaper articles as to his fitness to hold office he must make it returnable before another judge.

Architects must be examined by an examining board and obtain license before they can practice in the future. Those now engaged in the business may pay the fee of \$10 for enrollment and will not have to stand the examination.

A probation system is provided for juvenile offenders. The county commissioners may appoint a probation officer.

In the future those who enter the state hospital for the insane and are able to pay for the treatment must do so.

Bills of lading may be offered as evidence in cases against common carriers.

Women may be appointed notaries public. The Supreme court will soon pass on the constitutionality of this bill.

One may post lands by placing one notice at the court house and three others at conspicuous places on the land.

Artificially bleached flour must be marked in the future.

Confederate veterans, printers, linotype operators, dentists and millers in charge of grist mills are exempt from jury duty.

Where diseased cattle are ordered killed by the board of health the county commissioners must pay a reasonable price therefor.

The governor is authorized to take steps to prevent the spread of the foot and mouth disease among cattle.

Wagons, buggies and automobiles carrying intoxicating liquors may be seized and confiscated by the officers.

White women cannot work as nurses in negro hospitals in the future.

The fees of solicitors were increased about 20 per cent, the fees ranging from \$5 to \$25 in each case, according to the charge against the defendant.

A legal weights and measures act was passed, providing the weights to bushel or barrel of most all farm products.

It is a misdemeanor to misrepresent any article in an advertisement. Nearly 3,000 justices of the peace were appointed by the session.

County commissioners may work convicts on farms if they so desire. Counties and towns may send indigent tubercular patients to the state sanitarium by paying \$1 a day.

It is a misdemeanor for a physician not to instill in the eyes of a new-born baby a weak solution of nitrate of silver. This act is to prevent blindness.

Wages of railroad shop employees must be paid twice a month.

Failed to Pass.

Among the bills that failed to pass were the following:

An amended child-labor bill.
A state-wide dog law.
Woman suffrage constitutional amendment.

Segregation of negroes.
Amend homestead law.
Permit bankers to charge 8 per cent interest.

All amendments to divorce law.
Taxing bachelors.

The legislature had 48 farmers, 37 lawyers, 5 merchants, 6 doctors, 6 teachers, 2 ministers, 2 dentists, and a few miscellaneous professions. There were 34 Methodists, 22 Baptists, 13 Presbyterians, 10 Episcopalians, 2 Christians, 4 Lutherans and some miscellaneous denominations represented.

The sensation of the session was the resolution providing for the Carter-Abernathy investigation.

Should be in Every Home.

Coble's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy should be in every home. It is the new liquid treatment for children and adults for croup, pneumonia, sore throat, hoarseness and all cold troubles, and all inflammations. You just rub it on and inhale the vapors while it penetrates; not messy to use and does not stain the clothing. It relieves instantly; your money back if it fails. Sold on a guarantee by your dealer at 25c., 50c. and \$1 a bottle.

SUDAN AND NUBIA IN HANDS OF DERVISHES

Berlin, March 20.—It is declared that the whole of the Sudan, and also parts of Nubia, are in possession of the Dervishes.

The statement of the traveler giving the information are published in the Berlin papers. He describes also an engagement near Fashoda last December, in which General Hawley, of the British army, and a number of other officers, together with almost 2,000 men, lost their lives.

A story of alleged uprising of the Senussi tribesmen in November was described. He says they destroyed an Australian camp near the Pyramids on November 10, killing 200 Australians and capturing many guns and provisions. Later, in large force, not less than 80,000, they overflowed the entire province of Fayum and destroyed all railroads, including the Cairo-Assuan line. December 1 they destroyed the Alexandria-Cairo railroad near Damanhur.

Thousands of tribesmen responded to the appeal of the Dervishes and on December 13, 40,000 of them marched in the direction of Fashoda, on the White Nile, where General Hawley opposed them with 6,000 troops. Of the men under Hawley all the naval soldiers deserted to the Dervishes, leaving him with only 2,000 men. Most of this contingent was killed, and General Hawley and all his officers fell. Nabur-Ei-Asl, commanding the Dervishes, had all his prisoners decapitated.

As a result of this victory all the navy chiefs joined the Dervishes, who on January 1 took possession of the important military post at Naser, in the district of Sennar.

This information declares further that the Dervishes destroyed all telegraph lines in lower Egypt. No word of the conquest of Sudan has been allowed to leak out.

Quick Action Wanted.

When one is coughing and spitting—with tickling throat, tightness in chest, soreness in throat and lungs—when head is aching and the whole body racked with a cough that won't permit sleep—he wants immediate relief. Thousands say Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is the surest and quickest acting medicine for coughs, colds, croup and la grippe.

Conyers & Sykes. adv

Strange!

"How did you like the Eskimo girls?" "Found 'em rather cool."

Come Here if You Want a Hot Water Bag That Won't Leak or Burst

Leaky rubber goods are a nuisance and never a comfort. We guarantee all our articles of rubber to give satisfaction or we will refund your money. Ever try rubber gloves to protect your hands when cleaning with strong solutions and soapy water?

CONYERS & SYKES, Druggists

The Home of "Sy-Co" the Better Ice Cream.

IN NEW QUARTERS

L. M. Ammen & Co., Funeral Directors and Embalmers, have moved from their former location at 600 South Elm street to new quarters across the street at 607 South Elm. next to Lowe's grocery store.

We have added to our business a department of Picture Framing and solicit the patronage of the public.

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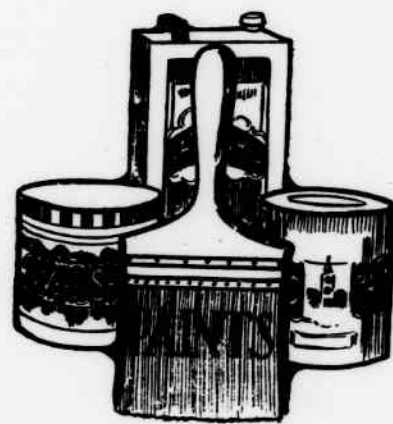
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Monuments, Mausoleums, and Headstones. New marble yard corner North Elm and Gaston. Seventeen years actual experience guarantee artistic lettering and carving.

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Free Paint

Paint half your job Devoe; paint the other half whatever you like. If Devoe doesn't take less gallons and cost less money, no pay. The cost of putting it on is about two-thirds of the job.

If Devoe doesn't wear a year or two years or three years or four years longer—distinctly longer and better—we'll give you enough to do it again.

But we warn you how it will all turn out. The best half of your job will cost you so much less than the other half, and wear so much better too, that you'll never divide it again.

You won't get your paint free, you'll get what is better. You'll know Devoe; you'll know strong points; you'll know weak points, and the question is settled.

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The Government Watches Your Interests

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Government supervision of National Banks is every year becoming more rigid, the examination into every detail more careful.

This means a great deal to you as a depositor. Whether yours is the largest commercial account on our books, or the smallest in our Savings Department, it receives twice yearly the attention of the National Bank Examiner, and is always safeguarded by the conservative management of experienced officers and directors.

American Exchange National Bank

GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Bank for Your Savings
Branch at South Greensboro

PRIEST SAVES \$300,000 IN GEMS FROM MEXICO

New York, March 19.—A King's ransom in jewels, blazoned in the royal eagles of Spain at the time of Charles V, the most powerful monarch of the sixteenth century, lies under guard at the custom house here, appraised at \$300,000.

The gems, set in gold on white and purple robes, and mounted on two golden crowns, were brought into New York by a Catholic priest, clad in shabby clothes, who fled from Mexico City a month ago, made his way to Vera Cruz, and sailed aboard the steamer Montevideo. The Montevideo reached New York, March 6 with this priest and six other fugitive priests who had been banished from Mexico by General Obregon, Carranza's lieutenant at Mexico City.

John L. Hecht, an authority on antiques, appraised the vestments as worth \$300,000, and said they would be returned to the priest who had brought them here, under the law providing for the admission of antiques free of duty. The priest is Father Saotias Guieros.

At the depths of the battered suit case, the gems and robes were tumbled out upon the dock for inspection by the customs authorities. They so dazzled the inspectors that they were hastily put back into the suit case. Under guard, they were taken to a safe deposit vault where they were locked up and special watchmen detailed to guard them.

This rich prize, it is said, lay in the cathedral of Mexico City—presumably for centuries—till it slipped through Carranza's fingers in the flight from Mexico of the priest who brought it to America. The name of this priest was withheld, but it was learned that the priest had said he hastily packed the jewels and robes in his suitcase when General Obregon called for a church tax of \$500,000, locking up many Catholic priests in Mexico City until the tax was raised.

An archbishop's robe of purple is the chief article of value. The robe is of silk and is apparently of great antiquity. Wrought in diamonds and emeralds, rubies and pearls, on the front of the robe, so that it covers the wearer's breast, is the ancient Spanish coat of arms consisting of double eagles, back to back, heads back and beaks open. The entire design is done in gold, in which the gems are mounted, and the robe is very heavy.

From the double eagle design, the customs officials believe there is truth in the priest's story that the robes were sent to Mexico in the sixteenth century. Spain in that period was at the height of her power and her ruler, Don Carlos I, was known as Charles V of the Holy Roman Empire.

Next in value to the archbishop's robe are two gold crowns, mounted with diamonds, rubies, emeralds and sapphires. Some of these gems, it is said, are as large as hazelnuts. Spaces are left on the tops of these crowns for other jewels and the un-

cut gems to fill the vacant spaces dangle from the crowns, secured by silken cords.

Several smaller clerical robes, in purple and white silk, some of them spangled with gems complete the lot.

Straight Americans.

All of the 91,972,266 people recorded in the 1910 census as being Americans are of foreign-born ancestry except only the 412,516 people of the red-skinned or aboriginal races that were reported to be still with us at the time of the 1910 census. All of these millions, except possibly 100,000 or so, call themselves Americans, and Americans without a hyphenated prefix. Americans over 99 per cent of them are; not only nominally, but in patriotic sentiment.

It is interesting just now, however, to note how many Americans of those reported in the census were born outside the country, and just where they were born. According to the figures, there were in the United States when that wholesale count was made 12,944,529 people of the white-skin races who were born somewhere outside. Some of these had been here for more than a half-century, and very many of them for over a quarter of a century, but 12,944,529 counted all of European extraction that were born outside. Of the foreign-born citizens the census records show that 2,572,123 were of British extraction, something more than half of this British stock being from Ireland; 2,501,181 were born in Germany, 1,602,752 were born in Russia; 1,343,070 in Italy; 1,173,924 in Austria; about 1,200,000 were born in British North America, and 665,183 in Sweden. The others were born in 20 additional countries.

Of the 91,972,266 only about 25,000,000 all told were comprised in the foreign born, and those of foreign-born parentage, the remaining 67,000,000 being of American antecedents reaching back through three or more generations. The American people is a blend of 30 different racial stocks, but, none the less, we are developing a distinctly American breed, and the majority of this new race is proud of its affiliation.

Hot Hornets Heat Him Up.

T. M. Hobbs, a fisherman of Evansville, Ind., found a hornets' nest a few miles down the river. He brought it home and placed it as an ornament. Hobbs thought nothing more of the nest until the next day, when he heard a buzzing noise in the next room. The hornets, which had been awaked from the stupor by the fire, left the nest and made it rather lively for Hobbs for several hours. He was alone at the time. Hobbs got rid of the hornets by permitting the fire in his house to go out. The hornets were then so benumbed by the cold that they were easily killed.

Caution.

Caution is the lower story of prudence.—Carlyle.

TRACE FRAUD TO MAYOR AS LEADING FIGURE.

Indianapolis, March 19.—That Mayor Donn M. Roberts demonstrated on a voting machine a plan to cheat a man out of his vote if it were not "right," that saloon and gambling house-keepers not only contributed to the campaign funds, but were ordered to contribute to a fund raised for the defense in the present trial, and that there were more repeaters than legal voters in one precinct was testimony adduced today in the trial in the Federal court of the Terre Haute election case. Two women, Mrs. S. C. Stimson, a suffragette leader in the state, and Mrs. Mary Rose, were among the witnesses.

Five men who served as Democratic inspectors at the election testified that Mayor Roberts called the inspectors together and instructed them how to raise the lever on the voting machine so that it would not register when "niggers or dummies" or "men who didn't vote right" tried to vote. George Lewis Charles Patton and William H. Hurmelin said that the mayor personally worked the machine to demonstrate the scheme. Each also testified that he told them they were "bosses" of the election, and they were the only ones permitted to operate the voting machine. Lewis also identified a letter, which he said he received, calling a meeting of the inspectors, but on cross-examination he said he was not sure he attended the meeting, and that the signature attached to the letter was not that of Mayor Roberts.

Elmore Conover and Benjamin T. Beard testified that Mayor Roberts said the inspectors were "bosses," that no one else could touch the lever operating the voting machine, and demonstrated that, if the lever were raised six or eight inches, the vote would not be registered, but the man would think he had voted. On cross-examination, Conover, who is one of the 88 who have pleaded guilty, denied that he suggested the plan instead of Roberts. Beard said Roberts said that if a voter were to "scratch, pull the lever and put him out."

August Beckmeyer, a saloonkeeper, following a number of saloon and gambling-room proprietors who had testified they contributed to the campaign and trial defense funds, asserted that "a bad policeman" was placed on his beat after he had refused to contribute. He said he had so much trouble that he was forced to dispose of his business. On cross-examination, A. O. Stanley, for the defense, attempted to show that the trouble with the policeman was due to the fact that Beckmeyer objected to the policeman's attention to his daughter.

Along this line Philip (Pop) Burns testified he conducted a "little game of chance" over a restaurant conducted by William Doyle, one of the 28 men on trial. He said Doyle was his partner and that together they gave \$100 for registration and \$300 for the election, and that he gave Eli H. Redman, another defendant, \$100. He testified Redman said he would pay it back. Burns insisted he did not conduct a gambling house, but "just a little game of chance." He said it was "a little card game just like they had at church fairs when I was a boy."

Asheville and Durham.

The city manager plan broke even in Tuesday's elections. Asheville adopted it and Durham rejected it. An experience of less than a year will indicate which of the two towns acted the more wisely. The Observer believes that Asheville ran no risk. It made a safe choice, for it is a progressive city and stands in need of a progressive government. There is nothing that can hold a city fast tied to the past more effectively than the old-time town government. The form of the administration of a progressive city must be changed to meet the requirements of the changed conditions of the community. It takes a business equipment to meet a business situation, and the government of the growing city is a business proposition. The chances are that Asheville will forge forward under renewed stimulus. The best that could be expected of Durham is that it will jog along at the same old pace. We are willing to put our money on Asheville, at any rate—meaning to say, any odds.—Charlotte Observer.

This—and Five Cents!

Don't miss this. Cut out this slip, enclose five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Conyers & Sykes. adv

Daily Thought.

The fashion wears out more apparel than the man.—Shakespeare.

FRANCE'S BOY SERGEANT WON CHEVRONS AT 14.

Probably the youngest sergeant fourrier—a rank somewhat higher than the English sergeant—in the French army is Frudent Marius, aged 14, truly an infant phenomenon among our Gallic allies.

I met him on the seashore this morning when he was extracting great joy out of throwing stones into the rising tide for a mongrel to fetch and they both seemed so much wrapped up in this simple amusement that only the two gold stripes indicating his military rank induced me to interrupt them. A curious little figure he made in his dark coat and red trousers with a blue stripe and heavy gaiters.

With childlike naivete he chatted about his warlike experiences, and related how he won his present rank.

Marius was born in April, 1899, at Dijon, the son of a workman. Now he has neither father nor mother. It is evident that at school he made the best of his opportunities, and on leaving he worked for a baker. On the outbreak of war he attached himself as cyclist scout to a certain regiment passing through to Alsace-Lorraine, and proved so generally useful that they adopted him and took him to the front near Lunenburg.

Here he acted as ammunition bearer, dispatch carrier, scout, and, in fact, was a Jack-of-all trades. On the sixth day of the war, when the French were hurling themselves in vain against the heights held by the enemy, Marius was shot through the leg.

When the Germans were pressing on toward Paris a section of the French troops were hurried from the eastern frontier to the center, and so we next find our youngster at Mouroux, north of the Grand Morin river. The enemy are in retreat. The German rear-guard believe it is safe for an hour or two. An infantry officer marches up to a haystack to get material for a bed. From behind the stack comes a shot and the officer reels and falls dead. A tiny figure, carrying a small carbine still smoking, glides through the tall grasses, while the Germans, enraged at the loss of their officer, direct a murderous fire toward the stack. But the boy corporal, (as he then was), with the bullets whistling over his head, gains safe cover.

Again the scene changes. Marius is at Crouy, near Soissons (where only yesterday a fierce battle was raging between the French and the Germans). He is now attached to the artillery, and as he hands over a shell to the gunner a small piece of shrapnel strikes him in the fact.

Next we find him—a full-blown sergeant-fourrier—in the Arras district, the pet of his regiment—for he is not conceded—and the admiration of stalwart Britons whom he chances to meet when carrying messages. In the last four months he has become a hardened veteran, indifferent to cannonade and rifle fire.

Arrogant Patriotism.

In China every boy learns geography from a map in which China occupies the whole center of the page, while France and England are out in the corners. To a certain extent we all learn our geography and our history with our own country as a "middle kingdom." In the Franco-Prussian war every Frenchman was perfectly confident that he would whip three German savages; Kipling's poem, "The Camperdown," would be ludicrous if it did not reflect more or less the opinions of us all regarding our own national prowess; while only a generation ago in the United States no Fourth of July oration was complete without reference to "the effete monarchies of the Old World," and the assertion that we could "lick all Creation."

So a German thinks that everything in modern science and medicine originated in his own country. If he is informed, for instance, that antiseptics was not discovered by a German, he merely pities the ignorance that would make such a statement. This form of patriotism is not confined to any one country. In Vienna they have erected a monument to the Austrian physician who, according to local tradition, discovered the cause of puerperal fever. As a matter of fact, when this physician was in school, Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes was reading a paper before the American Medical Association which left nothing to be said regarding the cause of this malady.—Engineering Magazine.

W. T. Azbell, ex-postmaster of Edwardsport, Ind., writes: "I suffered from severe trouble with my kidneys and back. First bottle of Foley Kidney Pills gave me relief. Thousands testify that backache, rheumatism, sore muscles, aching joints and bladder weakness vanished when Foley Kidney Pills were taken. Conyers & Sykes. adv

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This is Spring Opening Week at MEYER'S BIG STORE

Opening Specials Throughout the Store

John George 4 3/4

The best known Sheeting made. Several thousand yards on sale this week.

Tobacco Muslin 2 1-4c Yard

An unusual good strong cloth, worth 2 3/4c. a bale to sell at the above price.

*Good Bleaching 5**

Mill Ends of Good Bleaching; also Cambrics, Long Cloths in the lot. Thousands of yards to select from.

1,000 Yds 36-inch Unbleached Sheeting 4 cts. Yard

The quality that always sold at 5c yard. An unusual purchase brings it here to sell at 4 centy yard.

10c Dress Gingham 6 1/2c

And one hundred pieces to select from. Standard make Gingham, fast colors, sold everywhere at 10c yard. A purchase made last fall enables us to offer them at 6 1/2c.

Meyer's
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO N. C.

MISSOURI MULES



Just received a shipment of good Missouri Mules, also some good work and driving horses.

I have a pair of especially nice four-year-old yellow mares, broke both single and double. Any lady can drive them. Price right.

Taylor & Hire's livery stock, consisting of Horses, Buggies, Hacks and Harness have been placed in my hand for sale. Must be sold at once. Prices low.

Call and see my stock at Taylor & Hire's stable.

J. E. DILLON,
TELEPHONES 17 and 559

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GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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ter.

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1915.

GRAVE SITUATION

FOUND IN SERBIA.

London, March 19.—Appalling stories of conditions in Serbia were told here today by Ernest Bicknell and Henry James, Jr., of the war relief committee of the Rockefeller Foundation, after a tour of inspection through that country.

Typhus, most deadly of the several epidemics in Serbia already has caused the death of 60 out of 400 native doctors, they said. Foreign Red Cross units have suffered great losses. Two American and one British unit have had to suspend regular work. Nine American nurses and two physicians have contracted typhus.

The commissioners visited Nish, Belgrade and Uskub, the three most populous towns. They defined that typhus, typhoid fever, cholera, smallpox, diphtheria, scarlet fever and recurrent fever existed in more or less epidemic form. The largest number of cases is of recurrent fever, but that seldom is fatal. Typhus is particularly deadly. Smallpox and diphtheria are diminishing.

The Serbian government asserts typhus was introduced by Austrian prisoners of war who spread vermin which conveys the disease germ. No figures are available on the number of cases, but the commissioners believe the mortality is so heavy as to bring the situation within their purview. Physicians and sanitary experts are needed.

Mr. James said the situation could be dealt with effectively only by a joint organization of medical units operating for strict sanitary control. Some plan must also be devised for placing Austrian prisoners in camps. Prisoners now are permitted to wander about the country.

60,000 Victims Already.

Washington, March 19.—An American sanitary commission, organized under auspices of the American Red Cross and the Rockefeller Foundation soon will be at work in Serbia, fighting to suppress typhus fever, which already has claimed 60,000 victims.

The Red Cross announced today \$50,000 had been furnished for carrying on this work. The Serbian government has expressed approval of the aid offered and Dr. Richard P. Stronon, of Boston, one of the foremost plague experts in the United States, is on his way to the disease-stricken country.

Other members of the commission are Dr. Thomas W. Jackson, Philadelphia; Dr. Hans Zinsser, New York; Dr. Andrew W. Sellards, Dr. George C. Shattuck and Dr. Francis B. Grinnell, all of Boston; and Charles S. Eby, Washington, secretary. It also will include two sanitary inspectors to be selected by Surgeon General Gorgas.

Large additional funds, it is expected, will be required, as cholera is threatened in Serbia, and unless checked early may spread to all parts of Europe.

Found Guilty of Conspiracy.

New York, March 19.—Richard Madden and Gustav Cook, of Hoboken, were found guilty today of conspiracy, against the United States in aiding Richard P. Stegler, a German naval reservist, to procure a false American passport. The jurors, selected for their neutral opinions on the European war, made a "strong recommendation for mercy."

The penalty for the offense is a maximum of two years in prison, \$10,000 fine, or both. Cook was accused of introducing Stegler to Madden, and Madden of furnishing Stegler with his birth certificate to enable him to procure the passport in Madden's name.

Wants Fresh News.—Says the Jonesboro News: "The friends of this paper will please hand us news items while they are fresh. We prefer not to publish a birth after the child is weaned, a marriage after the honeymoon is over, or the death of a man after his wife is married again."

SUPREME COURT WILL CONSIDER WEBB LAW

Preparations have been made for consideration by the Supreme court of the United States shortly after the Easter recess of litigation involving the constitutionality and interpretation of the Webb-Kenyon law enacted by Congress in 1913.

The "drys" contend that the Webb-Kenyon law has withdrawn from interstate traffic shipment of intoxicating liquor consigned to local option territory, the protection previously afforded such shipments by the commerce clause of the Federal constitution. The "wets" declare the law was merely aimed at "bootlegging," and does not withdraw the commerce clause protection from interstate shipments designed for personal use.

Express companies and railroad lines are as much concerned over the proper construction of the law as over the question of validity. Liquor dealers throughout the country have gone into the courts to compel carriers to accept shipments for personal use into dry territory.

In Kentucky the courts adopted the "wet" construction and an express company, foreseeing an alleged necessity of employing a big force of inspectors and detectives to ferret out the purpose of each shipment, appealed to the Supreme court. It is this case which will be argued after Easter.

Somewhat similar cases involving West Virginia and North Carolina liquor laws are also before the court.

The Business Way.

If the ordinary business man was confronted with a situation like that of the submarine blockade threatened by Germany and the surface blockade declared by Great Britain, probably he would write something like this:

"To the Kaiser:

"Dear Sir,—I am told that there is a probability that your submarines may be a little careless and now and then may sink a merchant ship belonging to me and drown some citizens under my protection. I wish to notify you that I will send with each of my merchant vessels so many ships of war as may be judged necessary, with no commanders instructed to repel any attack made on such vessels by one of your submarines and if possible to pursue and sink such submarine with all on board.

Yours very truly,

"UNCLE SAM."

"To King George:

"Dear Sir,—I am informed officially that you have declared your purpose to intercept any merchant vessels under my protection bound for or coming from German, Russian, Austrian or Turkish ports and to seize them regardless of the nature of their cargoes and take them into your ports. I desire to inform you, respectfully, that I do not intend to permit my business to be destroyed in a quarrel with which I have nothing to do and in violation of the traditional and accepted law of nations. Therefore, please take notice that merchant ships owned, loaded and sent out by my citizens will be escorted by vessels of the United States navy in such force as may appear necessary. I have no desire to injure you or to interfere in your scrap, but I do not intend to allow interference with my share of the ocean traffic while my people keep inside the spirit and letter of the law of the seas.

"Yours very truly,

"UNCLE SAM."

This kind of correspondence, of course, would not be in accord with the ethics or customs of international diplomacy. It is interesting to speculate, however, on what the Kaiser and the king would do and say if such letters were received by them. We have navy enough to make things very interesting at sea for either of these gentlemen. Certainly we would be within our rights in taking the position as outlined and such course would throw on the belligerents the onus of aggression—require them to hit the first lick.

Great Britain has the right to retaliate on Germany for the submarine blockade, if she can; but she has no right to direct her retaliation against us or to make our commerce, our manufacturers and farmers, suffer for a sin against humanity for which they are not responsible.—Richmond Journal.

Cotton Goes to England.—The British steamer Auchenblae with a cargo of 13,111 bales of cotton, and the Swedish steamer Baltic with a cargo of 6,000 sailed from Wilmington Friday for Liverpool. The Baltic goes by way of Savannah, Ga., to complete loading while the British steamer goes directly across.

Try Copley's Croup and Pneumonia Remedy for all cold troubles. It's liquid; you rub it on. If it fails to relieve instantly, you get your money back.

TAR HEEL MAY GET GOOD POSTAL POSITION

Washington, March 18.—The axe is about to fall over the official head of T. P. Elam, division superintendent of railway mail for Virginia and North Carolina, with headquarters at Richmond, according to a well founded report current today. If well laid plans do not miscarry he is to be superseded by Charles F. Carroll, of Warsaw, N. C., at present a railway mail clerk in Eastern North Carolina.

For over a year efforts have been made by different senators and congressmen to place one of their constituents in the place held by Mr. Elam, a Republican of Trevilian, Louisa county, Va., but all failed, chiefly owing to the fact that Mr. Elam is considered by the department to be a highly capable official, and of the same political faith as the head of that branch of the service, Assistant Postmaster General Stewart.

Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, has desired for sometime to have Carroll, who has been twenty years in the service, with practically no recognition for efficiency, placed in the superintendency. He discussed the matter with Postmaster General Burleson today and received considerable encouragement.

Elam has been in the railway mail service since 1889, and has been division superintendent at Richmond since 1900. His salary is \$2,100 per annum.

Advertised Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Greensboro, N. C., March 19, 1915.

H. M. Alberty, Sr. John Alston, A. H. Allison, George R. Banks, J. Bowan Bailey, J. H. Barker, Miss Minnie Belsner, Willie Belk, Mrs. A. H. Byrd, Casey Bond, Duell Bock, G. A. Balton, Mrs. Viola Brown, Mrs. M. J. Brown, Miss May Eyerly, A. L. Carp, J. L. Clemons, Lewis Cafer, Mrs. J. A. Coltrane, N. D. Davis, D. D. Davis, J. R. Davis, C. N. Denny, East End Hardware Co., J. M. Edmondson, Miss Roberta Flynn, Miss Mary Foust, Marshall Fowler, Mrs. Nadie Green, J. S. Green, Miss Mend Hanks, Miss Sarie Hanley, Arthur Harry, Lonnie Harris, Charles F. Hendrix, Kinzie Hendley, Charles U. Hicht, Miss Luettner Hill, E. P. Hobbs, P. M. Holcomb, Walter Holloway, T. S. Hunter, Mrs. J. W. Hunt, Albert Isley, Miss Elva Jessup, T. C. Johnson, John Kern, Andy Kernodie, 2, Rev. C. H. King, Miss Annie King, Miss Janie King, J. A. Knight, Miss Nellie Lassier, H. W. Lewis, Miss Mattie Lightfoot, J. C. Linley, Mrs. Annie Lindley, Rev. Ciero Loftin, Rev. Amos Loftin, N. F. Loveland, Shelby Long, James Maguire, 2, Mrs. Charles Maderson, Otis Maynard, J. R. McRae, W. M. McAden, Miss Henrietta McMillan, Miss Jennie Miller, Mrs. H. G. Moore, Mrs. Maggie Moore, Fletcher Moore, John Morrow, Wilbert Neville, Miss Minnie Page, Miss Geneva Quate, W. S. Rankin, Mrs. Lucy Reeves, Miss Jennie Reeves, Man Rice, Walter Rogers, A. P. Saunders, Andy Scoggin, Miss Mattie Smith, Miss Beatrice Smith, Mrs. M. M. Smith, H. L. Smith, Ernest Stephens, Glendon Stutts, F. M. Sullivan, Miss Ruth L. Tittel, Greensboro Times, Miss May Troxler, Miss Pansy Vine, Mrs. D. G. Ware, Thedy Ward, Mrs. Ida Walker, A. Whiteheart, A. C. Whitaker, A. G. White, Mrs. Adline White, Arbey Wilbum, Mrs. W. E. Willis, Mrs. Susan Wilkins, Mrs. H. B. Wiley, Mrs. Lottie F. Welborn, Mrs. Wrenn Williams, Rev. T. H. Williams, Wood Grocery Co., Mrs. Lena Woodell.

Denim Branch.

Miss Martha Brown, Lester Garner, Miss Leanna Johnson, John Jones, Jesse McCrary, Miss Ollie Parrish.

Proximity Branch.

P. C. Andrews, Mrs. Lillie H. Earles, Miss Birdie Jarrett, Gilbert Price, Mrs. Bettie Swaney.

In order to insure prompt delivery of mail please have it directed to proper street and number or route.

ROBT. D. DOUGLAS,

Postmaster.

Needs New Boiler Tubes.

Washington, March 20.—That the German converted cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich will require new boiler tubes before she is seaworthy is the information conveyed to the navy department by the naval board which examined the ship, so it was deemed certain the ship would interne.

Officials here scout the suggestion that the war vessels outside the capes might attempt violation of American neutrality to get the German. This might be considered anywhere else along the coast, but not at Newport News, where this government has its finest coast defense.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

MOUNT OLIVE MAN KILLED BY NEGRO

B. F. Beatty, a white man 23 years old, was shot and instantly killed about 6 o'clock Thursday morning by Isadore Best, an 18-year-old negro. The shooting occurred at the plant of the Enterprise Lumber Company, one mile south of Mount Olive, where both men were employed in the planing mill.

Beatty and the negro had some words late Wednesday afternoon relative to running a planer and the foreman intervened, removing the negro from the machine and placing Beatty in charge. Nothing more was heard of the matter until Thursday morning when the negro returned armed with a shotgun and fired on Beatty at close range without warning and fled. The entire load, taking effect just below the heart, resulted in instant death of his victim.

A posse in charge of Chief of Police W. J. Flowers, captured Best about 7 o'clock under another negro's house, where he was in hiding, and placed him in the town lock-up, where he remained until Sheriff Edwards of Goldsboro arrived in an automobile and took him to the county jail for safe-keeping.

Beatty leaves a wife and one small child. The body was taken to Wanaish for burial.

WOODROW WILSON SAID:

"If You Are Going to Buy It, Buy It Now."

The Great "Daddy Rabbit" Sale at A. V. Sapp's Racket Store began with a rush Thursday morning. Don't fail to attend and reap the harvest of this royal bargain feast, which will continue for only 9 days, closing March 6. Mr. W. P. Florrie, the veteran special salesman, is in charge of this sale and he extends his welcome to one and all. He is going to make this sale a money-saving sale for the people. Things are to be found in this store that are used every day and everywhere at from one-fourth to one-half price. Come, let your own eyes prove to you the "Daddy Rabbit Sale" is known from coast to coast and it has proven to be the father of all sales. Come let us prove to you the "art of saving dollars."

A. V. SAPP RACKET STORE
"The Home of Daddy Rabbit Sale"
318 South Elm St. Greensboro, N. C.

R. E. Wall Co.

Machinists and Oil
Engine Experts

Bring your engine to us if you wish it thoroughly overhauled, as we specialize in this work. If it is too large to move notify us.

You will find some good bargains in our second-hand engines.

We also do general repairing. Our work is first-class and prices moderate.

CLYMER'S OLD STAND

Phone 121 513 S. Eugene St.

Schiffman Jewelry Company

306 South Elm St., Greensboro.

Up-to-Date Jewelry of Every Description.

An Elegant Assortment of Goods

Adapted for Wedding and

Birthday Presents.

Call and examine our goods. It's a pleasure to show them.

Dr. W. P. Reaves, M. D.

Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose

and Throat.

Office and Infirmary—McAdoo Building.

Next to Postoffice.

Phone No. 30.

CHARLES A. HINES

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Office in Wright Building.

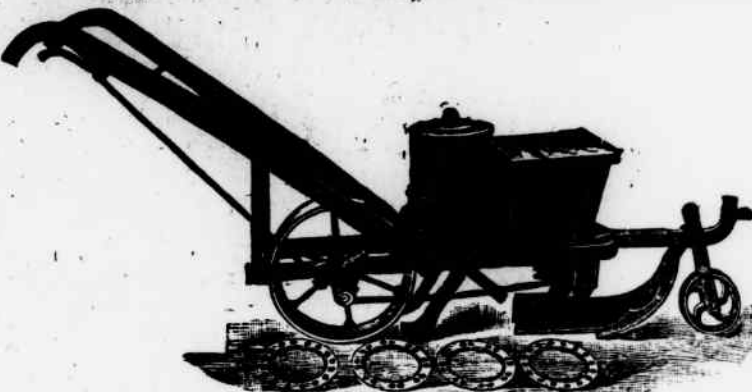
North Elm St. Opposite Court House

B. L. FENTRESS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Offices with A. Wayland Cooke
Fisher Building
Greensboro, N. C.

Notary Public.

MR. FARMER



Corn planting time is not as far off as it has been. Are you ready for it? If you need a corn planter we want to interest you in the Genuine "Daisy," a cut of which is shown here. This planter has a number of features which no other planter has—features which the practical farmer will quickly appreciate. We can mention only a few in this space:

The "Daisy" drops one or two grains of corn—drops them from 10 to 38 inches apart, and the good thing about it is that every grain CAN BE SEEN as it drops—no guess work about it.

The "Daisy" will put out from 20 to 1,200 pounds of fertilizer per acre—will handle any kind of fertilizer that any other planter can, and will handle fertilizer that some of the other planters CAN NOT HANDLE.

The "Daisy" is strongly built, light draft, easy to manage, a satisfaction giver, and the corn planter thoroughly suited to this section of the country. We want to show you the "Daisy" and tell you more about it. May we?

Beall Hardware & Implement Co.

'Phone 240

OPIMUM, DRUG ADDICTIONS, ALCOHOL, NEURASTHENIA, AND INSOMNIA
successfully treated at WILLIAMS' PRIVATE SANATORIUM. Methods humane
and scientific. For particulars, send for booklet. Address: B. B. WILLIAMS, M. D., Proprietor, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Our Best Clubbing Offer

The Greensboro Patriot, twice a week \$1.50
The Atlanta Constitution, three times a week 1.00
The Progressive Farmer, once a week 1.00
\$3.50

All One Year For Only \$2.00

We have had the good fortune to make a special arrangement by which we are able to offer, until the end of the year, the three publications named above—six papers a week—at the extraordinarily low price of Two Dollars.

Hunt the entire country over—North, South, East and West—and you cannot outclass this great offer.

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT, published every Monday and Thursday, gives you all the local and county news, the state and general news in condensed form, and in addition, a variety of healthful and stimulating miscellaneous reading matter for the family.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, speaks for itself every time, with the news, markets, stories, special departments and features, with the best from the best writers in every line of thought.

THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER is a weekly for the farm home. It is the best agricultural paper published for the farmers of this section of the country.

SUBSTITUTE PREMIUMS

If you desire to do so, you may substitute for the Progressive Farmer either one of the two following special premiums:

NEW HOME LIBRARY WALL CHART, new edition, giving maps of North and South Carolina, the United States, North and South America, Panama Canal Zone, etc., census of North and South Carolina by towns and counties, census of all towns in the United States of over 3,000 population and much other valuable information.

WEBSTER'S "BLUE BACK" SPELLER, latest revised edition of this practical spelling book by Noah Webster, LL. D., the acknowledged standard of the English language. This is the old "blue back" speller that has been in vogue for generations, certainly one of the best in use.

Don't delay, but take advantage of this unprecedented clubbing and premium offer today. Send all orders and remittances to

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Watch the label on your paper.

STOKES COUNTY HOME ROBBED!

Robbers broke into the home of John Tuttle, an old man who resides three miles east of King, Stokes county, entered the room where Mr. and Mrs. Tuttle were sleeping and carried off a trunk containing about \$700 in cash and some valuable papers.—Greensboro Patriot.

If Mr. Tuttle had deposited his money with the Bank of King he would now have it. As it is, he is short \$700. There are many people in Greensboro and Guilford county keeping money in their homes, even though Greensboro has four safe banks, whose business it is to safeguard money.

If you have money hid away in the house, bring it to us. It will be safe in our bank and will earn 4 per cent. interest for you.

Four Per Cent Interest on Savings

Greensboro Loan & Trust Company

"THE BANK FOR EVERYBODY"

J. W. Fry, President.

J. S. Cox, Vice President.

W. E. Allen, Sec. and Treas. W. M. Ridenhour, Asst. Treas.

W. M. Combs, Mgr. Savings Dept.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

WHITSETT.

The music class and glee club united last Saturday evening and gave to a large and appreciative audience a most delightful evening of songs, and various selections. Miss Elizabeth Wheeler as director, won many compliments for her skillful work.

County Superintendent Thomas R. Foust and County Physician Dr. W. C. Jones were welcome visitors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Summers and Mrs. R. K. Davenport have returned from Wake county, where they attended the funeral of Mrs. Summers' father, Mr. Holloway. He had been sick for some months, and his death was not unexpected.

The programme for the Junior debates at Easter has just come from the press; the Dialectics have April 3rd and the Athenians April 5th. These debates are an annual feature and always attract much attention.

The annual conference of the A. M. E. church has been in session at Clapp's chapel this week. On Thursday morning Rev. R. E. Redding and Dr. W. T. Whitsett, by invitation, delivered addresses before the conference.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Rankin who have both been sick with la-grippe are much better at this writing.

One of our most attractive young ladies is soon to be married to a popular young business man of Greensboro.

Several of our people have spent the last few days in Greensboro interested in matters before this session of Superior court.

The young ladies are preparing a debate on woman suffrage to be given April 10th.

A large crowd heard the lecture on Lessons from the Ancient Mariner last Sunday night.

Services will be held Sunday at 11 a. m. at Springwood church, and at 3 p. m. at the M. E. church, South.

RANDLEMAN ROUTE 1.

Some of our people are working on the sandclay road in Randolph now.

Mr. W. D. Palmer spent a few days in Winston-Salem recently.

Mrs. Fannie Woody has returned home after a visit to homefolks in Person county.

Mr. J. L. McCannless spent Sunday in Randleman.

Miss Mattie McGee has been visiting friends and relatives near Asheboro the past week.

Summer school boys crossed bats with Level Cross Friday afternoon, the score being 9 and 15 in favor of Level Cross.

Mr. R. L. Causey is attending court at Asheboro this week.

Mr. D. B. McCrary, of Asheboro, visited on the route Sunday.

We are sorry to note that the school at Level Cross closed Monday on account of the teacher's sickness.

The school has been the most successful one even taught at that place, and we are hoping for a speedy recovery so the teacher may resume her work shortly.

The sun gives 600 times the light that a full moon does.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

IN MEMORIAM.

Mrs. Susan Starbuck Benbow. Mrs. Susan Starbuck Benbow, wife of Charles Rufus Benbow, died at her home at Oak Ridge Monday, March 15, at 8 o'clock.

The death followed a lingering illness and during the past year her condition grew continually worse.

She is survived by a husband and six children: Mrs. Ella Benbow Merimon, Misses Pearl and Josie, Messrs. James, Clark and Murrow Benbow, of Oak Ridge.

Mrs. Benbow was a daughter of the late Thomas and Lucinda Starbuck, of Guilford county, and was born July 15, 1839. She would have been 76 on her next birthday. She was married on February 10, 1870.

Mrs. Benbow's death will be keenly felt not only by members of her immediate family, but by a very wide circle of friends. She was a woman of fine traits of character, which were displayed in her home life and in her intercourse with neighbors and friends, and in matters affecting the welfare of her community.

While a life-long member of the Friends' church and an ardent supporter of its institutions, she was no less loyal to the religious and educational life of her immediate community.

It will be remembered by many of her friends who were present that Mrs. Benbow attended the exercises of the cornerstone laying at the restored Oak Ridge Institute, and as well the joy and satisfaction she expressed over the perpetuation of the institution where all of her children had been educated, and in whose activities, through so many years, her family had become a very pillar.

Her life in the retrospect brings to mind many of the qualities that exalt and dignify womanhood; and she will be especially remembered as a friend to the needy, a mother to the motherless and for her selfish and sympathetic ministrations to the sick. Her devotion to little children was remarkable and her fondness for them made her home a center of attraction for the children of the neighborhood.

In her own home her presence was a constant benediction, inspiring by her cheerful, sunny disposition all who came in contact with her. It is from homes like her's that have radiated the influences which are far-reaching and endure.

What We Pay in Taxes.

Charles Francis Adams gives to the people of Lincoln, Mass., the result of some of his calculations, to the effect that they are contributing about \$235 a year per family for state, town and Federal taxes, whereas in 1910 they were only contributing \$185 and in 1894 only \$95. The same relative increase would be found, no doubt, in most towns in all parts of the country. The increase is shown in the better conditions of communities as health, looks, security, comfort, convenience. It is also seen, probably, in increased wastefulness, though that isn't universal or inevitable, because one of the less obvious but slowly improving results of the higher cost of living is the greater efficiency of municipal administration.

Alligator eggs are eaten by the natives on the west coast of Africa. In taste they resemble the egg of the domestic hen, but are larger and slightly stronger in their flavor.

Japan is trying to introduce silk raising into Korea, purchasing 1,000,000 cocoons in China and engaging the services of Chinese experts in sericulture.

NORTH CAROLINA NEWS NOTES

A BRIEF SURVEY OF WHAT IS TRANSPIRING IN THE COMMONWEALTH.

Nine Arrested.—The Newton Enterprise says nine young white men are in Catawba jail awaiting a preliminary hearing in connection with the killing of the negro, Pink Goodson, at his home near Hickory last Saturday night.

Has An Automobile.—Titus P. Efford, rural mail carrier from Albemarle, Stanly county, has sold his horses and is using an automobile exclusively. He is not the first, but one of the first in the state, to use the automobile exclusively.

Still Buying Autos.—The records in the secretary of state's office show that the people of North Carolina are still buying automobiles. Since the first of March 250 machines have been registered. The last registration number is 15,214.

No Architect Board Yet.—The last legislature passed an act requiring all persons before engaging in architecture to pass an examination and the appointment of this examination board was placed upon the governor. This board is to consist of five members. So far Mr. H. E. Bonitz, of Wilmington, is the only man who has been recommended to the governor for appointment on the board.

Avery County, Too.—There is indignation in Avery county, too. An act of the legislature provided a highway commission for that county, with authority to issue \$150,000 of road bonds; and the folks back home, who were not consulted about it and have no opportunity to vote on the question, are somewhat "het up." They propose to employ lawyers to prevent the bond issue, if possible.

Non-Suits Novel Case.—Judge Cooke has non-suited a case in which Alfred McClelland, a negro of Chapel Hill, was asking for damages from J. C. Scarborough, a negro undertaker of Durham because the undertaker sold the body of McClelland's father to the medical school at the University without making an effort to locate any of the relatives of the dead man. The case was heard in Durham.

Mr. Turner Receiver.—The defunct Merchants and Farmers' bank, of Cleveland, Rowan county, which was closed about three weeks ago by the state bank examiner, was placed in the hands of a receiver Friday. The application for the receiver was heard by Judge B. F. Long, of Statesville, who named W. D. Turner, of that place, as the receiver. Mr. Turner immediately filed his bond and took charge of the affairs of the bank. It is not the purpose to reopen the institution which is in bad condition.

Four Men Removed.—Postmaster Gatling, of Raleigh, has new men in the familiar places held by the ill-favored quartet after whom inspectors of the government started several months ago. The men were W. M. Brown, superintendent of mails; Bedford Brown, assistant superintendent of mails; S. W. Eason and T. B. Cree, clerks of good records in the department. D. T. Adams becomes superintendent of mails, vice W. M. Brown; J. W. Goodwin, assistant superintendent, vice Bedford Brown, and Carrier Thompson was promoted to clerk, Hill, sub-carrier, also going up as clerk. Carl Williamson is made temporary clerk.

STOCKINGS FOR DANCERS BY ORDER OF MAYOR

Boston, March 20.—Stockings were worn by the young society women at the 1915 dance carnival to-night at the Corl theatre, which is being held for the benefit of the suffrage campaign fund. It never has been customary to wear stockings in Greek interpretive dances, but Mayor Curley smashed custom. He believes that bare feet are shocking to public morals and insists that they must be hidden in hosiery. Advocates of artistic dancing are indignant at the mayor's latest censorship.

"Bare feet is as innocent as bare hands or bare faces," said Lilla Wyman, many of whose pupils appeared in the festival. "The mayor interferes with a work of art and says nothing about the nasty, suggestive jokes that are used in musical comedies in some of our most respectable theatres. It is time that people began to do something to secure free art in Boston."

"In some of the 'reviews' and 'folies' the girls of the chorus have worn short stockings and left their legs bare. That was not art, and it was not interfered with. In some plays vile lines have been read without protest. But when an artistic audience is offered an honest art work by persons who are not professional dancers exploiting cheap sentiment, the performance is banned. The purpose does not count with the mayor."

DISCHARGED BECAUSE HE MADE LESS THAN SALARY.

Washington, March 18.—Robert L. Ailworth, of Northampton county, Va., was summarily dismissed from his position yesterday as agent for the collection of income taxes for the eastern district of Virginia by Supervising Agent Thomas H. Vanderford, his immediate superior, in charge of the Richmond headquarters.

A telegram temporarily countermanding the letter of dismissal sent him was directed to Ailworth today by Acting Secretary of the Treasury Newton after Congressman Carter Glass and William A. Jones, of Virginia, stormed the treasury department in Ailworth's behalf immediately upon receiving word of his dismissal. Meanwhile an investigation will be undertaken by the department to determine whether or not Ailworth is the victim of political intrigue, as charged by Glass, Jones and his other close political friends.

Treasury department officials stated today that Ailworth, one of the most prominent men in Eastern Virginia politics, is one of about twenty agents whom it has been decided to discharge for inefficient service. He is the only one, it is understood, marked for discharge in Virginia.

His duty is to investigate corporations and individuals that seemingly have been delinquent in paying their income taxes and see that they do not evade the law. In this Ailworth has apparently failed, according to a statement made by a high treasury official today, as he has not made returns sufficient to pay half his salary.

Practical Philanthropy.

An ex-convict has a very hard time; most employers do not wish to take men with prison records. Many a convict has faced the alternative of starvation or returning to crime. Such organizations as the Pennsylvania Prison Society and the enterprise of Mrs. Maud Ballington Booth deserve every encouragement. Henry Ford and other manufacturers are reported to be hiring men discharged from Sing Sing who seem disposed to lead a straight life if they can get a chance. This is a very practical philanthropy, and Mr. Ford and the manufacturers whom he has associated with himself deserve well of mankind.—Philadelphia Record.

SCHOOL BOND ELECTION.

Jamestown Special Tax School District.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners, signed by one-fourth of the freeholders of the Jamestown Special Tax School District, asking that an election be held to ascertain the will of the people within the special tax district whether bonds to an amount of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) shall be issued and sold and a special tax levied to pay the interest on said bonds and to pay said bonds at maturity, as provided in Chapter 480 Public Local Laws of North Carolina, session 1913, as amended by session 1915, and entitled, "An act to authorize any school district in Guilford county to issue bonds for permanent improvements to school buildings, and furnishing the same with suitable equipment," and the petition having been endorsed by the County Board of Education of Guilford county, a new registration is hereby ordered for said election, and the election is ordered to be held at A. F. Johnson's store on Tuesday, April 20, 1915.

A. F. Johnson is hereby appointed registrar, and M. E. Furry and R. E. Bundy are appointed pollholders for said election.

In accordance with said act, those favoring the issuance and sale of said bonds shall vote a ballot on which shall be written or printed the words, "For School Bonds," and those opposed shall vote a ballot on which shall be written or printed the words, "Against School Bonds."

It is further ordered that the registration books for said election be open from Thursday, March 18, 1915, to Saturday, April 10, 1915.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners, this 16th day of March, 1915.

Chairman Board of County Commissioners.

DR. J. F. KERNODLE, DENTIST.

Rooms 203 and 204 McAdoo Building Over Still's Drug Store.

Phones—Office 1648; Residence 1647 Greensboro, N. C.

THOMAS C. HOYLE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Wright Building Greensboro, N. C.

C. CLIFFORD FRAZIER, LAWYER.

Phone 629. Residence Phone 1615.

OFFICES 102 Court Square, Greensboro.

Dr. J. E. WYCHE, DENTIST.

SECOND FLOOR FISHER BLDG.

Phones: Office, 29; Residence 22.

G. S. BRADSHAW, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Court Square, Greensboro, N. C.

ELECTRIC BITTERS

Mary Jane Slippers

The girls are all going to wear Mary Jane Slippers this season and we are ready to supply the demand for all sizes from the babies up to big girls that wear size six or seven. We have them in patents, gun metal, vici kid and white canvas, and the prices are very reasonable.

This store has a great reputation for selling good reliable footwear at low prices, and this spring our lines are larger and better than ever before and prices not any higher than last season.

Thacker & Brockmann

It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill."

I wish every suffering woman would give

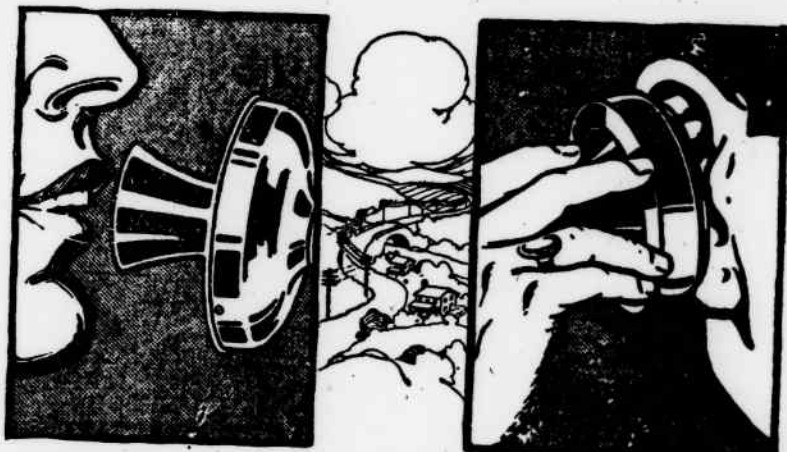
CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

Get a Bottle Today!



Bridging the distance 'twixt you and "anywhere."

The Bell Telephone, with its 16,000,000 miles of wire, brings millions of people within earshot of your voice.

Many thousands of them, living within fifty or a hundred miles, can be reached for a small toll charge.

Are you making use of this vast bridge on your farm, in your home or in your business. There's a profit of time, money or convenience for you in the Bell Telephone if you will use it.

Grasp the Opportunity! Call or write the manager to-day.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Box 181, Greensboro, N. C.

COKE FOR SALE

With our new coal gas plant now in full operation, we are in a position to help you solve your fuel problem. Coke is an ideal fuel for your Kitchen Range. It is clean and makes no smoke or soot. It makes a very steady, hot fire.

A ton of coke is very much more in bulk than a ton of coal; therefore a much cheaper fuel.

PRICES

By the bushel on yard.....15c
One half ton delivered.....\$3.25
One ton delivered.....6.00
5 to 10 tons, per ton, delivered.....5.50
10 to 20 tons, per ton, delivered.....5.25

N. C. Public Service Co.

Phones 330 and 331

GLORIOUS INAUGURATION OF WORLD'S GREATEST INTERNATIONAL CELEBRATION ASSURES CONTINUED SUCCESS

WITH an attendance for the first week greater than the combined attendance for the same period of the world's expositions at Chicago and St. Louis, the Panama-Pacific International exposition at San Francisco has started on a career that the most conservative judgments predict will break all records for exposition success.

The exposition opened on February 20, 100 per cent complete structurally, and opened to an attendance of one quarter of a million people. From every state of the United States and from the nations of the world came critical visitors to pass on the merits of the celebration that had been so widely heralded. They found nothing to criticize. Every claim made by San Francisco and the exposition was fulfilled. It is safe to say that not a single visitor went away disappointed. The result has been that the advertisement by word of mouth, and by letters home and to friends—the most powerful form of advertisement—has been given the exposition. In consequence the transportation companies report a constantly increasing booking for travel to San Francisco both by land and water.

Exceptionally low rates have been given by the transportation companies from all points within the United States to San Francisco, offering many people an opportunity that could not otherwise be taken, of combining a pleasure journey to the exposition with a sightseeing tour through California and the West.

A feature of the exposition that has called for universal comment is the "action" that marks exhibits, every exhibit capable of operation by steam or electricity being shown in motion.

A flood of inquiries concerning rates and hotel accommodations has been received by the information bureau of the exposition since the news of its successful opening was flashed around the world, all such inquiries being given prompt attention. San Francisco and California are fulfilling their host duties and living up to the reputation the West has always had for hospitable treatment for the stranger.

HANDSOME SIXTY-PAGE BOOK ON THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION SENT FREE OF CHARGE TO ANY ADDRESS.

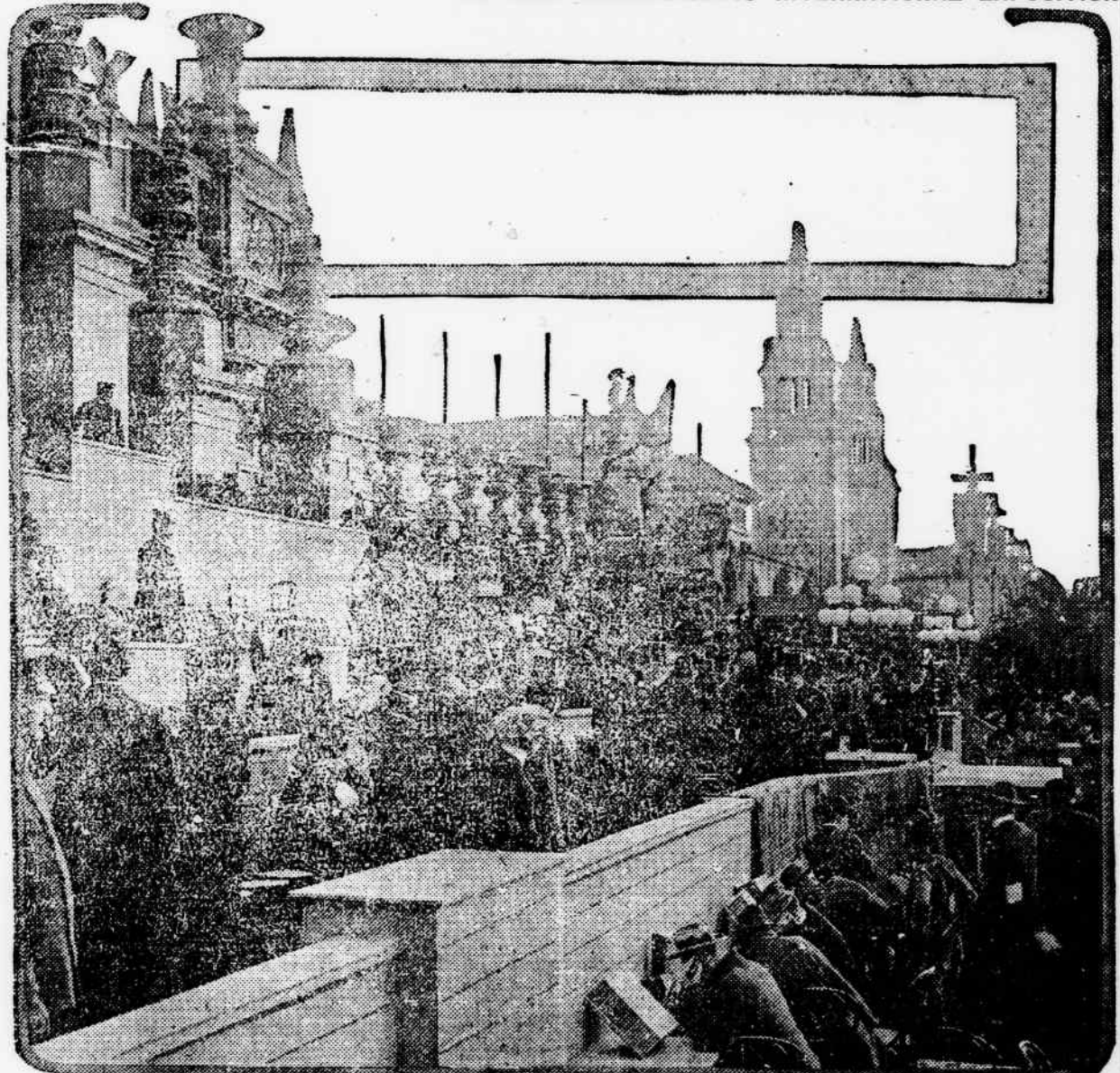
Those who are interested in this great exposition may obtain free of charge a handsomely illustrated book of sixty pages, reproducing the exhibit palaces in their natural colors and giving essential data about the exposition, San Francisco, California and the Panama canal. To obtain this book send a letter to the Manager, Bureau of Publication, Panama-Pacific International Exposition Grounds, San Francisco, Calif.

THE FOUNTAIN AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION THAT SYMBOLIZES THE BUILDING OF THE PANAMA CANAL



The labor that went into the building of the Panama canal is symbolized in the Fountain of Energy, by A. Stirling Calder. This heroic sculpture stands in the center lagoon of the three lagoons of the South Gardens and faces the main entrance gates. The waters were first released on opening day, February 20, coincidentally with the opening of the portals of the exhibit palaces and by the same means: the electric spark transmitted across the continent when President Woodrow Wilson opened the great exposition at San Francisco by wireless.

DURING A LULL IN THE OPENING DAY CEREMONIES AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION



The Panama-Pacific International exposition was opened by a wireless spark, dispatched by President Woodrow Wilson at Washington, and caught on the tendrils of a wireless aerial on the lofty Tower of Jewels at the exposition. Instantly the power was released in the mighty Palace of Machinery and the portals of the exhibit palaces opened. The scene is on the grand stand after the ceremonies had ended, Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane, Gov. Hiram Johnson of California, Mayor James Rolph, Jr., of San Francisco, President C. C. Moore of the exposition and a notable group of visiting dignitaries being seen in animated discussion of the epochal event. In the press box the correspondents are seen flashing to the world the news that the exposition had opened.

STATE AGENT HUDSON ON GROWING MORE CORN.

If there ever was a time for Southern farmers, to diversify, especially to grow more food and feed crops, now is the time. In other words now is the Southern farmer's opportunity to get safely into the kind of farming that he should have been doing all the time. With a low price for our main so-called money crop and with good prospects for a continuance of low prices; with good prices prevailing for grain and forage crops and good prospects for a continuance of good prices, there are at least two good reasons for diversifying, and no reason whatever, for not doing so.

Among the various general crops yet to be planted, none is so important as corn. We need more grain and more forage; corn supplies both. No crop we grow is so well adapted to the cheap feeding of live stock as is the much neglected but wonderful plant called corn. It will easily produce from thirty to a hundred bushels of grain per acre, and at the same time grow from one to three tons of fairly good forage.

To grow corn successfully, the observing of a few important principles are necessary. There are plenty of moisture, a good supply of nitrogen, improved seed and suitable cultivation. This means deep breaking, the turning under of legumes and maintaining the soil mulch throughout the season. When land is broken at this time of the year, it should be well harrowed the same day to pulverize lumps and to save moisture.

In making plans for corn growing this season, the corn should have the choice of the best land. It does not pay to grow corn on poor land. Commercial fertilizers intelligently used usually pay when used with cotton and some other crops on poor land, but rarely more than pay their cost with corn on poor land. Give the corn the best land, and plant sufficient acreage to supply all probable needs at home and some for your neighbors. You cannot afford to buy corn at from seventy cents to a dollar per bushel when it can be grown at from twenty to thirty cents. Often, with good farming, the stover grown with the grain pays all cost of growing the crop, thus leaving the grain as an absolute profit. North Carolina should be growing not less than thirty bushels of corn per acre. It will probably take this much to supply all needs. It will take this much to do good farming. Who wants to be a sorry farmer?

C. R. HUDSON.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

America's Greatest Weekly
THE TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO

The Best Known Newspaper in the United States—over One Million Readers Weekly.

Popular in Every State—No Objectionable Advertising.

This marks the seventy-ninth successful year of America's greatest national weekly—the Toledo Weekly Blade. From the year of its establishment, the influence of The Toledo Weekly Blade has been tremendous. Its editor has clung to the original ideal—a constructive newspaper for the information, entertainment, and education of every member of the household. It stands for our national hope of better homes and better Americans. Wholesome, sane optimism is its platform. It seeks to build through the spread of valuable knowledge and the betterment of those who put their faith in its world. The Toledo Weekly Blade is today as always it has been, the most respected of all our national publications and its columns are notably the vehicles of truthful news and staunchly honest opinions.

You will not find a publication anywhere which appeals so thoroughly to the family circle as the Weekly Blade. It is indeed, a fireside companion. It carries the news of the world crystallized and complete. Its various departments are edited by men and women who understand the needs and ideals of its readers. The household page is a delight to the women and children—current events and national problems are treated editorially without prejudice—its serial stories are selected with the view of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers, the Question Bureau is a scrap book of invaluable information—the farmstead columns are designed purely for the purpose of giving its readers a means of exchanging ideas and information on farm topics. No department of family interest is neglected—but every feature is taken care of with the desire to make the Weekly Blade worth intrinsically many times the price of subscription—\$1.00 a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address, THE BLADE, Toledo, Ohio.

WE will send THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT (semi-weekly) and the Toledo Weekly Blade both one year for \$1.75. Send all orders to THE PATRIOT, Greensboro, N. C.

Southern Railway Premier Carrier of the South

N. B.—Following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.

12.15 A. M.—No. 32 daily. The Southern's Southeastern Limited. Pullman drawing room and open section sleeping cars Jacksonville and Augusta to New York. Day coaches. Dining car service.

12.55 A. M.—No. 113 daily. Local for Raleigh and Goldsboro. Pullman sleep-

Red Devil Lye in the Slop

All hog disease is caused by germs that grow into worms. Stop it at the germ stage by feeding Red Devil Lye. This prevents disease and your hogs feed out quicker. See directions on the can. Get a few cans—try it—that's the test.

Saves Hogs and Food

RED DEVIL LYE

GREAT BIG CANS 5¢

All Blood Disorders Quickly Driven Away

Astonishing Results With the Greatest Blood Purifier Ever Discovered.



Strength, Power, Accomplishment are all Typified in S. S. S.

Some blood disorders deeply rooted in the glands and tissues, and the mistake is made of resorting to drastic drugs. These only aggravate by causing other and worse troubles. A host of people know this to be true. They know from painful experience.

To get right down into where the blood is vitiated requires S. S. S., the greatest blood purifier ever discovered.

This remarkable remedy contains one ingredient, the active purpose of which is to stimulate the tissues to the healthy selection of its own essential nutriment and the medicinal elements of this matchless blood purifier are just as essential to well balanced health as the nutritious elements of the meats, grains, fats and sugars of our daily food.

Not only this, but if from the presence of some disturbing poison there is a local or general interference of nutrition to cause boils, carbuncles, abscesses and kindred troubles, S. S. S. so directs the local cells that this poison is rejected and eliminated from their presence.

Then too, S. S. S. has such specific stimulation on these local cells as to preserve their mutual welfare and a proper relative assistance to each other.

In a very brief time S. S. S. has the reconstructive process so under control that remarkable changes are observed. All eruptive places heal, mysterious pains and aches have disappeared, and from head to foot there is a conscious sensation of renewed health.

From the fact that S. S. S. is purely a botanical preparation, it is accepted by the weakest stomach and has great tonic influence. Not one drop of drugs or minerals is used in its preparation. Ask for S. S. S. and insist upon having it.

And if you desire skillful advice upon any matter concerning the blood and skin write to The Swift Specific Co., 205 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Do not allow some zealous clerk to larrup the atmosphere in eloquence over something "just as good" as S. S. S. Beware of all counterfeits.

New Styles For Spring

Obtainable only in McCall Patterns The MOST ADVANCED SPRING FASHIONS are now here in the new McCALL PATTERNS and our new DRESS GOODS

The latest styles are easily made at home by using McCall Patterns, always stylish, perfect fitting and easy to use.

Get the New Spring Book of Fashions Today. IF IT'S STYLISH IT'S McCALL—IF IT'S McCALL IT'S STYLISH.

A Smart Combination McCall Pattern 6359. We are offering 49 other attractive new March designs.

The Newest Style McCall Pattern 6372. We are showing 49 other new and attractive March designs.

BROWN-BELK CO., Greensboro, N. C.

ing car Winston-Salem to Raleigh open at 9.30 P. M. and may be occupied in Raleigh till 7 A. M.

1.50 A. M.—No. 29 daily. Birmingham Special. Pullman drawing room and observation sleeping cars New York, Richmond to Birmingham and Columbus, Ga. Daily tourist car Washington to San Francisco via popular Stille Route. Coaches and dining car service.

1.42 A. M.—No. 30 daily. Birmingham Special. Pullman drawing room and observation sleeping cars Birmingham and Columbus to New York, and Birmingham to Richmond. Dining car service and day coaches.

2.15 A. M.—No. 31 daily. The Southern's Southeastern Limited. Pullman drawing room and open section sleeping cars New York to Jacksonville, and Augusta. Day coaches and dining car service.

3.45 A. M.—No. 45 daily. Local for Charlotte, connecting for Atlanta and points South.

7.10 A. M.—No. 8 daily. Local for Richmond.

7.15 A. M.—No. 37, daily. New York, Atlanta and New Orleans limited. Solid Pullman train with observation and open section sleeping cars New York to New Orleans, and New York to Asheville and Macon. Pullman parlor car Greensboro to Montgomery. Club car Washington to Montgomery. Dining car service.

7.30 A. M.—No. 108 daily. Local for Raleigh, Selma and Goldsboro.

7.25 A. M.—No. 11 daily. Local for Atlanta. Pullman cars Norfolk and Richmond to Charlotte. Day coaches.

7.40 A. M.—No. 154 daily except Sunday. Local for Ramseur.

8.15 A. M.—No. 237 daily for Winston-Salem and North Wilkesboro. Pullman sleeping car Raleigh to Winston-Salem.

8.20 A. M.—No. 133 daily. Local for Mt. Airy.

9.30 A. M.—No. 44 daily. For Washington and points North.

9.40 A. M.—No. 144 daily. For Raleigh, Selma and Goldsboro. Pullman car Atlanta to Raleigh.

12.30 P. M.—No. 21 daily. For Asheville and Waynesville, connecting at

Asheville with Carolina Special for all points west. Chair car Goldsboro to Asheville.

12.55 P. M.—No. 130 daily. For Sanford, Fayetteville and Wilmington.

1.30 P. M.—No. 7 daily. Local for Charlotte, connecting for Seneca and Columbia.

1.30 P. M.—No. 36 daily. U. S. Fast Mail for Washington, New York and points North. Pullman drawing room and open section sleeping cars New Orleans and Birmingham to New York. Day coaches and dining car service.

2 P. M.—No. 207 daily. For Winston-Salem, connecting daily except Sunday for North Wilkesboro.

2.30 P. M.—No. 151 daily except Sunday, for Madison.

3.30 P. M.—No. 230, daily except Sunday for Ramseur.

4.15 P. M.—No. 22 daily. For Raleigh, Selma and Goldsboro. Chair car.

5.05 P. M.—No. 131 daily. For Mt. Airy.

6.25 P. M.—No. 35 daily. U. S. Fast Mail through to Atlanta, New Orleans and Birmingham. Pullman sleeping cars New York to New Orleans and Birmingham. Day coaches and dining car service.

6.35 P. M.—No. 235 daily for Winston-Salem.

7.15 P. M.—No. 132 daily. Local for Sanford.

7.32 P. M.—No. 43 daily. For Atlanta and points South. Sleeping car Raleigh to Atlanta.

10.15 P. M.—No. 12, daily. Local for Richmond. Sleeping cars Charlotte to Richmond and Norfolk.

11.20 P. M.—No. 38 daily. New York, Atlanta and New Orleans limited. Solid Pullman train with observation and open section sleeping cars New Orleans, Macon and Asheville to New York. Dining car.

10.20 P. M.—No. 233 daily. For Winston-Salem.

E. H. COAPMAN, Vice President and General Manager, Winston-Salem, D. C.

S. H. HARDWICK, Passenger Traffic Manager, Washington, D. C.

H. F. CARY, General Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.

R. H. DEBUTTS, Division Passenger Agent, Charlotte, N. C.

C. G. PICKARD, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Greensboro, N. C.

HELPS FOR HOME-MAKERS.

Edited by the Extension Department of the State Normal and Industrial College.

The old folks keep a sayin' that livin's gettin' high,
That wheat an' pork is goin' up, an' money's gettin' shy;
That you must min' your spendin',
Never buy what you can raise.
An' 'tend the pigs and dairy cows,
An' keep the hens what lays,
An' you must grow a lot o' things,
Not thist depen' on cotton,
'Nen you will have some stuff to sell
when war makes prices rotti'n.
'N' put a great big garden in,
Er the hard times 'll git you
Ef you don't watch out!

Nature Has a "Hand Out."

For the Tar Heel 365 days in the year. In the Old North State nature never needs a rest. She is handing out good things to the gardener all the year round.

The first requisite for a successful garden is to have it carefully planned. Too often the garden, especially in the country, is not seriously thought of until planting time. Then a few seeds are hastily scratched into the ground with the hope that kind mother nature will atone for all neglect on the part of the would-be gardener.

Plan Your Garden.

Plan your garden and lay it all out carefully on paper.

To aid in this, we furnish a diagram each month, by the aid of which the inexperienced gardener will be able to see at a glance what seeds to plant, what plants to tend, what tender vegetables to gather, and what produce the family can can.

Every family should be an

"I Can" Family.

They should "eat what they can and can what they can't."

By following the general scheme suggested it is planned to have the garden contribute something every day to help the health, happiness and contentment of the family and to reduce the high cost of living.

A Recipe For a Good Garden.

The old-fashioned recipes used, to start off with "take a cup of sugar, a pint of milk, two eggs, etc., sit on a hot stove and stir constantly." So I say, "take a rich piece of well drained, loamy land and stir constantly." This "stir constantly" applies to both the gardener and the soil.

Pope says—

"* * * If vain our toil,
We ought to blame our culture, not the soil."

There is a great deal of truth in it. However, it is essential to choose good, workable, well-drained soil. Heavy clay, or soil with too coarse or excessive sand, causes the gardener grave annoyance. The plants die, therefore "grave" annoyance.

Women Be as Lazy as Men.

and plan to have a horse do the work. Wherever possible the garden should be long and narrow, instead of small and square. Cultivation with the horse is then possible. This saves much drudgery by hand labor. The rows should run lengthwise and be 24 to 30 inches apart for horse and 15 inches for hand cultivation.

The garden should be as handy to the house as an apple in a boy's pocket—"it is there for home consumption." Half an acre well worked will furnish more "garden sass" than even the fortunate farm family frequently has.

Feed the Garden Well if You Want It to Feed You.

In the autumn all of 10 or 12 loads of stable manure must be plowed under so that it will be well rotted by spring. Grow cover crop, preferably legumes, on any unused portion during the winter. The soil must be thoroughly pulverized before planting in the spring. A good soil mulch is the best means of saving a garden in time of a drouth.

In the plans given it will be taken for granted that a new piece of ground is used for the garden, and that none of the ground has any crop on it except that suggested each month.

It is recognized that all gardens will not be of the same size or shape. All readers will not have exactly the same climatic conditions. But it is believed that the necessary allowances can easily be made. It is also recognized that information presented in this definite way will be much more easily criticized than articles which give only general information. Our articles are intended for the inexperienced worker in the garden. The veteran gardener needs no simple directions.

Welcome Information.

Most middle aged men and women are glad to learn that Foley Kidney Pills give relief from languidness, stiff and sore muscles and joints, puffiness under eyes, headache, bladder weakness and rheumatism. They get results. Contain no harmful drugs. Conyers & Sykes. adv

PRIVATE POLYGAMY IS NEVER EXCUSABLE.

The man who maintains two or three domestic establishments, and when questioned thereon replies that the matter is a private concern of his which the public has no right to inquire into, is lying. The public has a right, and it ought to exercise it without waiting for murder or suicide to give publicity to the practice of polygamy.

The practice of polygamy is no more a matter of individual discretion than the practice of stealing. The notion that stealing is necessarily the concern of the owner who is relieved of his property, while polygamy affects nobody but the persons who voluntarily enter into it, is indefensible for two reasons: In the first place the practice of private polygamy is always an imposition on, and wrong against, one or both of the women; in the second place, if the women are consenting parties to the polygamy they and the man are guilty of a conspiracy against society.

Treason is not a crime against an individual, but it stands at the head of all crimes because it is a crime against the public, the community. It is preposterous to pretend that private polygamy is a venial terror, or a matter of personal taste, merely because it is a crime against the public, the community, and not against an individual; though in nearly every case it is the latter also.

Nowhere in Christendom, not even in the Mormon state of Utah, is polygamy sanctioned by law. Nowhere outside of that state is it sanctioned by the moral standards of the community. There is not a civilized state anywhere, polygamous or monogamous, that admits that the relations of a man and a woman are a private affair, concerning them alone. Every form of civilized community rests upon the regulation and standardization of the relations between men and women, because no civilized society is possible where promiscuity prevails.

Every state, Christian, Moslem, pagan, regulates the domestic status. Of course, the regulations are not identical among these widely-varying religions, but this is common to all of them, that every civilized, or even approximately civilized, community recognizes the right and duty of regulating the relations between men and women, because the community can't live without it.

The man who maintains two or three domestic establishments is always committing the greatest of wrongs against one woman, and in nearly all cases against all the women he consorts with as his wives. But, in addition to this, he is attacking society at the point which all communities, ancient and modern, and of all religions, have always asserted to be fundamental to their existence. He has committed the act of treason against society.—Philadelphia Record.

OSBORNE SAYS HE NEVER SAW GIRL SUING HIM.

James W. Osborne, formerly of Charlotte, N. C., and one of the most prominent natives of North Carolina in New York, assistant district attorney for eleven years, and special prosecutor for the state in many big proceedings against trusts, issued a long statement last week, in which he charges the suit for \$50,000 damages for breach of promise brought against him by Miss Rae Tanzer, a young factory girl, is part of a criminal conspiracy to blackmail him and discredit his character. He declares he has had bitter professional controversies with David Slade, of Slade & Slade, counsel for the girl.

"I want the people of New York to know," said Mr. Osborne, "that I never saw this woman, and I don't believe she ever saw me. I never heard of her until she began to write me letters, some of which were addressed to 'Oliver Osborne.' Her lawyer says he received letters from me. Now, I will give \$50,000 for a letter or photograph of a letter written by me to that young woman."

Osborne asserts that he could have settled the suit out of court by paying a sum of money, but that he considered it blackmail and that he preferred to fight the allegations openly in court and clear his name. He is married and has a son in college. Mrs. Osborne is a daughter of ex-Judge VanWyck, and a niece of ex-Mayor VanWyck. She said today that she regarded the suit as "ridiculous."

Not Feeling "Just Right."

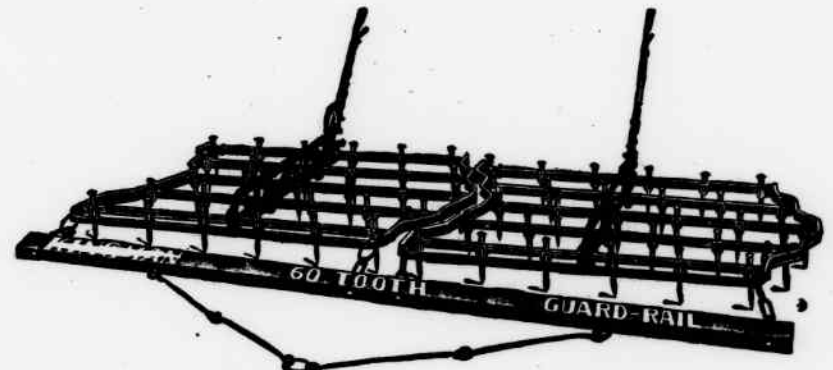
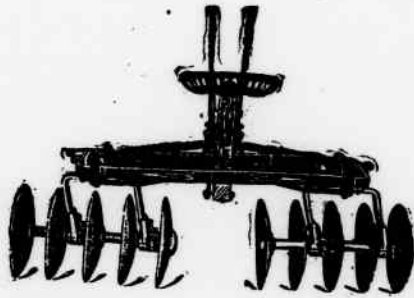
When you get tired early in the day, have an overfull feeling, are bilious, have had breath or suffer from indigestion or constipation you will find Foley Cathartic Tablets quick and comfortable in action. They are wholesome and health giving. Mr. L. L. Levy, Green Bay, Wis., says: "They do not gripe and their effect is quick and sure. The finest cathartic I ever used." Conyers & Sykes.

Work Time Sale!

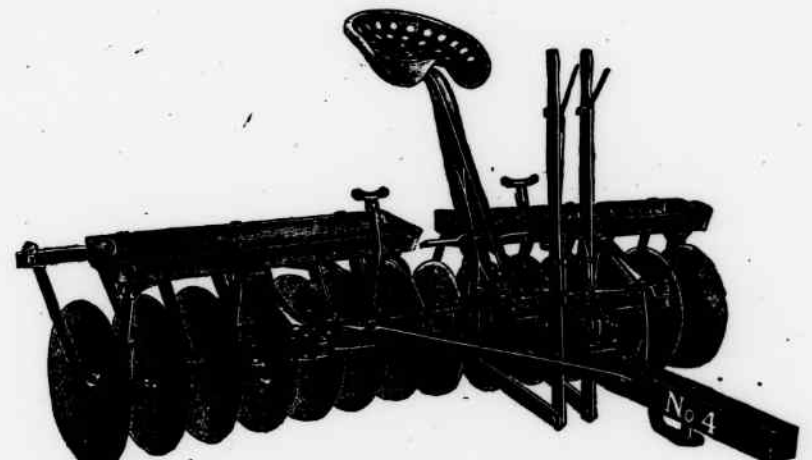
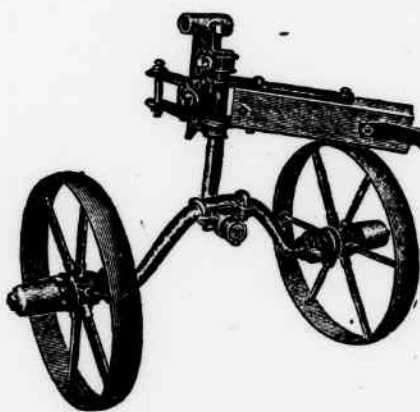
Harrows large and small, slightly disfigured but new, and every one guaranteed. Not so many of them as we had last year, but for less money. Several different styles—Kingman, Deering, McCormick, Osborne and others. We know we can please you.

THIS IS A SPOT CASH SALE

But we have our regular stock which we can furnish on time just as low as any one else will sell you for cash.



6-16 inch Reversible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	\$12.75
6-18 inch Reversible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	13.75
6-20 inch Reversible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	14.75
8-16 inch Reversible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	16.75
8-20 inch Reversible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	18.75
10-16 inch Reversible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	18.75
10-20 inch Reversible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	21.50
8-16 inch Flexible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	15.75
8-20 inch Flexible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	18.75
10-16 inch Flexible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	18.00
10-20 inch Flexible harrow with pole, neck yoke and double tree.....	20.75
Tongue Truck and Stub Poles with any of above harrows \$3.75.	
50 T $\frac{1}{2}$ inch open end Spike Harrows, only a few on hand.....	\$7.75
50 T $\frac{1}{2}$ inch Guard Rail Spike Harrows.....	8.75
50 T $\frac{5}{8}$ inch Guard Rail Spike Harrows.....	9.50



We keep our eyes open for SPOT CASH BARGAINS. You know money talks these strenuous times. We are giving you advantage of our close CASH buying. Don't forget We Sell the Best Plow on Earth. A trial costs you nothing. You are Judge and Jury. Your money refunded if not satisfactory.

Townsend Buggy Company

SUDAN IN REVOLT IN POSSESSION OF DERVISHES

Berlin, March 19.—A German merchant who recently has returned from Egypt, is authority for the declaration that the whole of the Sudan, including Khartoum, and also parts of Nubia, are in possession of the Dervishes. The statements of this traveler are published in the Vossische Zeitung. He describes also an engagement near Fashoda, last December, in which General Hawley, of the British army, and a number of other officials, together with almost 2,000 men, lost their lives.

The merchant in question relates a story of the alleged uprising of the Senussi tribesmen in November. He declared that they destroyed an Australian camp near the Pyramids on November 19, killing 200 Australians and capturing guns and provisions. Later in large force, not less than 80,000, they overflew the entire province of Fayum and destroyed all railroads, including the Cairo-Assuan line.

December 1 they destroyed the Alexandria-Cairo railroad near Dammanhur.

Thousands of tribesmen responded to the appeal of the Dervishes, and on December 13, 40,000 of them marched in the direction of Fashoda, on the White Nile, where General Hawley opposed them with 6,000 troops. Of the men under Hawley

all the native soldiers deserted to the Dervishes, leaving him with only 2,000 men. Most of his contingent was killed, and General Hawley and all his officers fell. Nabur-El-Asl, commanding the Dervishes, had all his prisoners decapitated.

As a result of this victory all the native chiefs joined the Dervishes, who on January 1 took possession of the important military post at Nasser, in the district of Sennaar.

This merchant declares, furthermore, that the Dervishes destroyed all the telegraph lines in Lower Egypt. No word of the conquest of the Sudan has been allowed to leak out.

The German war department gave out the following statement:

"Western theater of war:

"A French advance against our position on the southern slope of the Lorette hills was repulsed.

"Partial French attacks in Champagne, to the north of Le Mesnil, were brought to a standstill by a counter-attack. A fresh French attack which was begun there last night has been repulsed, with heavy losses to the enemy.

"In the Argonne yesterday the fighting abated. French aviators threw bombs on the undefended Alsatian town of Schlettstadt. Only one bomb took effect, falling on a seminary conducted by women teachers, killing two children and severely wounding ten. In reply German

aviators last night dropped bombs of big size on the fortress of Calais. War

They Call Her "The White Devil."

In the interesting people's department of the April American Magazine appears an article about Miss Donaldina Cameron, a San Francisco woman who is not especially popular with certain classes of Chinamen. "For twenty years she has been in charge of the rescue work of the Occidental Board of Foreign Missions in San Francisco, and in that time she has rescued from slavery 1,500 Chinese girls. She is known among the Chinamen as 'The White Devil.'" Following is an extract from the article:

"Miss Cameron has gone at midnight into the farthest corners of those rookeries that were the Chinatown of old San Francisco, has chopped down doors, crawled through secret passages reached by panels opening with hidden springs, and found her quarry bound and held at point of pistol. She has raided Chinese gambling dens where girls sat in the center of the table rolling cigarettes for the gamblers, and made wild night rides across unknown country with the rescued girls. She has snatched them from their keepers on the street and made away with them through shrieking mobs of Chinese. She has risked her life in a hundred ways to rescue

young girls from lives of wretchedness and crime.

"Once a girl is secure at the Mission House, the real trouble begins. No Chinese highbinder will lose a piece of valuable property if he has a shred of law to stand on. And there are lawyers a-plenty, who fight for the fat fees a highbinder will pay to get back his property. But Donaldina Cameron is a fighter too, and back of her stands an able lawyer who for twenty years has helped with never a dollar of remuneration.

"No, I am not particularly adventurous by nature," said Miss Cameron in answer to a question. "I did not know what I was getting into when I began the work. Now I could not let go. I love these girls. I must go anywhere when the call comes from one of them who would be free."

They Know It's Safe.

Parents who know from experience insist upon Foley's Honey and Tar Compound when buying a medicine for coughs, colds, croup and la grippe. C. T. Lunceford, Washington, Ga., writes: "I have used it for six years and it never has failed. I think it is the best remedy made for coughs and colds." Conyers & Sykes. adv

Life.

Life is made up not of knowledge only but of love also.—Emerson.

DAVIDSON MAY ISSUE
\$300,000 ROAD BONDS.

Davidson county may issue bonds to the amount of \$300,000 and macadamize roads, according to decision of Judge Lyon in chambers here Saturday afternoon. He declined to make permanent the temporary injunction he issued a few days ago enjoining the sale of bonds or other acts upon the part of the road commissioners named in the act of the last legislature, known as the Leonard act.

The case was brought in behalf of citizens of Davidson county against the road commissioners, of which J. W. Peacock is chairman, J. W. Lambeth, treasurer, and J. D. Phillips, secretary.

For the plaintiffs appeared Judge J. S. Manning, of the law firm of Manning & Kitchin, Raleigh; S. E. Williams and W. S. Burgin, of Lexington, while the respondents or commissioners were represented by Messrs. Walser & Walser, Wade H. Phillips and Emery E. Raper, all of Lexington.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs said that public feeling in Davidson was strong against the measure and that this feeling would be appeased if the injunction was continued and the matter permitted to go to the Supreme court before the law went into effect, whether the Supreme court upheld the act or found it unconstitutional. He charged, as did the complaint, that the act was passed in the legislature secretly; that the state's leading papers were requested to and did omit the bill from acts introduced passed, etc., until it had gone through both houses; that this was done to prevent the expression of the opposition in the legislature; that candidates of both parties had promised the people in the campaign that no road law would be passed; that two years before the people had voted down a similar measure; that it would have been done again if submitted to them.

Plaintiff's counsel also argued that the act was unconstitutional in that it makes the board of commissioners self-perpetuating; that it does not provide for the punishment of the commissioners for misfeasance or malfeasance in office, nor does it provide for removal from office of any member guilty of improper conduct if found unfit for the place.

The fact that was often referred to was the secrecy with which the bill was passed through the legislature. This accounts for the indignation meeting of citizens a few days ago, when a case to test the law was authorized.

Counsel for the defendants cited authorities to sustain the constitutionality of the several provisions, and stated they were copied largely from the road laws of other counties issuing bonds to macadamize roads, nearly all of which have been before the courts of the state in one form or another. They did not deny that more or less secrecy was observed in getting the law passed, but denied anything that approached a conspiracy. They declared that the day was soon to come when the people of the county would rise to thank Mr. Leonard for his great service to the county.

RAILROADS AT LAST DITCH
SAYS JAMES J. HILL

St. Paul, Minn., March 20.—Railroads of this country have been driven to the "last ditch and no longer can compete with each other or any one else," James J. Hill told the railroad committee of the Minnesota house and senate today at a hearing on a bill to increase passenger rates in this state from 2 cents to 2 1-2 cents a mile.

Even more stringent conditions will follow the conclusion of the European war, Mr. Hill predicted. Next year, he believed, would see a fall in prices of all farm products with wheat down to 70 cents. He also forecasted abnormal interest rates on money after the European struggle ends and said:

"The war will be brought to a speedy close because of the physical and material exhaustion that will ensue and is ensuing."

It costs more money per train-mile to operate passenger trains than the railroads receive for it," Mr. Hill said. "You know how long that condition can exist and what ultimately will come of it. Intelligent legislation is an advantage for any state, but legislation that is unfair to the railroads is unfair to the people of the state for sooner or later they will have to put their necks under the yoke and help share the railroads' burdens."

"The railroads of this country are right at the last ditch. They no longer can compete with each other or any one else. They are too busy trying to solve financial problems to live a while longer."

Iowa's bee industry has a value of \$1,000,000 a year.

BAPTIST CONVENTION TO
MEET IN HOUSTON SOON

Rev. Hight C. Moore, one of the secretaries of the Southern Baptist Convention, has mailed to the Baptist press throughout the South an article giving information concerning the next session of the convention which will commence Wednesday, May 12, in the municipal auditorium in Houston, Texas.

The preacher of the convention sermon will be Rev. J. W. Porter, D. D., of Kentucky, Rev. A. U. Boone, of Tennessee, being his alternate.

Meeting in the same city at the same time with the convention will be the Woman's Missionary Union, of which Miss Fannie E. S. Heck, of this city, is president. The meeting of this organization will be the First Methodist church of Houston. The Missionary Union will not be in session at night, but will attend the night sessions of the convention.

Asheville is making a bid for the next session of the convention which will be due to come East next year. The mountain metropolis has been asking for the big Baptist body for several years and it is believed that it stands a good chance to secure it this year. It is a very large organization and any city that entertains it gets a handful, but Asheville is accustomed to negotiating big undertakings and getting away with them successfully.

Dr. Moore says the attendance from North Carolina on the convention at Houston will possibly not be as large as it has been on a number of occasions in recent years when times were better and especially when the place of meeting was nearer by, but he is nevertheless looking for North Carolina to make a good showing. The round trip rate from Raleigh will be \$41.25.

A Good Judge of Moonshiners.

In the Interesting People's department of the April American Magazine appears an article about Judge A. M. J. Cochran, a Federal judge who, a part of the time, sits in Breathitt county, Kentucky—which by the way, is no longer bloody. However, they still make lots of illicit whiskey in Kentucky and these moonshiners are constantly up before Judge Cochran who, although a just judge, treats them like a father and tries to make them see that what they do is really wrong and against the law. Following is an extract from the article about Judge Cochran:

"From eight o'clock in the morning until nearly six at night, I sat in the courtroom and watched the ragged, pathetic line of moonshiners and bootleggers go by. There was no bitterness in their faces; rather they were perplexed, mystified. Why should the government persecute them for making their own corn into whisky in their own homes, any more than for making their corn into bread in their own ovens? Could not the officers ever understand that the bad roads made it impossible for them to get their corn to market in any except liquid form? A few little dollars—what was that to a big strong government? But when your total family income for the year is only seventy-five dollars, and you see your corn going to waste—

"It was a wearisome business. They were so awkward, so slow in their answers, so childlike in their mental processes. The judge had told me in the morning that his head ached terribly. Toward evening I expected to see his patience break, his self-control explode in a burst of righteous wrath upon their tedious dullness. But no explosion came. Long after the lights were on he sat there, and it was still:

"Come up, Henry," or, "Joe you'll have to speak a little louder," or, "Now Jim, just tell the jury in your own way how that still could be in your corn field for six months and you not know it."

"I have been in other Federal court rooms where the judge sat behind mahogany amid a cathedral-like silence. There was only a plain oak desk in the Jackson county court house—and no silence; all day long men shuffled in and out, while witnesses and jurors, lawyers and spectators alike spat with studied precision upon the floor. But there was dignity just the same—and with it a wonderfully transforming spirit of kindness."

"Over against some distressing criticisms of the courts I like to place the picture of that rude room in Bloody Breathitt, with its friendly central figure at the simple desk."

"Ten thousand ragged, wide-eyed men and boys have stood before Judge Cochran in the past thirteen years, mumbling their threadbare pleas. And one might think to hear him calling their names, that they were his grownup children, and he the moonshiners' father instead of the moonshiners' judge."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. J. M. Millikan is visiting relatives in Durham.

Mr. Zeb Griffith, cashier of the Bank of Thomasville, was here last Friday.

Rev. E. C. Glenn has gone to Virginia to hold a ten days' revival meeting.

Dr. E. R. Michaux left Friday for a business trip to Washington and Philadelphia.

Mr. W. S. Jones was called to Oak Ridge Friday on account of the illness of his father.

Mr. A. V. Sapp has returned from New York, where he has been purchasing spring goods for his store.

Miss Lell Ingram, of Battle Ground, has returned to her home after attending the commencement at Shady Grove and spending a few days with friends in Greensboro.

Panama-Pacific Expositions San
Francisco and San Diego, Cal.—
Southern Railway—Premier Car-
rier of the South—Very Low
Round Trip Rates.

Dates of sale March 1 to November 30, 1915. Final return limit three months from date of sale, except that these tickets will not be good to return later than December 31, 1915.

Low round trip fares from principal points as follows:

Charlotte	\$84.15
Salisbury	84.15
High Point	84.15
Greensboro	84.15
Mt. Airy	86.25
Gastonia	84.15
North Wilkesboro	87.85
Statesville	84.15
Hickory	83.25
Morganton	82.20
Winston-Salem	84.15
Shelby	82.60

Fares from other points on same basis.

Fares to Seattle or via Portland and Seattle at higher rates. These tickets will permit of diverse routing and will allow stop-overs on both going and return trip within limit of ticket.

Southern Railway offers choice of several routes of historic interest from which to select; going one way and returning another. Through connections and good service via Memphis, St. Louis, Chicago or New Orleans. Through cars daily via New Orleans and Sunset Route. Special car parties now being arranged, affording opportunity to make trip without change and with select company on outgoing trip; returning at leisure via any route you may choose, stopping off at your own pleasure, thereby avoiding all the discomforts of going and returning with large tour parties, being compelled to follow the crowd. In going individually or with special Pullman car parties you spend your own money, stop where you please and go and come to suit your own convenience and save money paid tourist agents for escorting you around.

For further information apply to Southern Railway agents, or R. H. DEBUTTS, D. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.

Automobile Rural Delivery.—Mail delivery by automobile in the rural sections of Buncombe county is a probability of the near future. Postmaster Owen Gudger, of Asheville, says that he has asked for authority to put an automobile on the route serving the residents of the northern section of the county.

PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Association is called to meet at the court house Saturday, March 27, to elect officers for the ensuing year and the transaction of other business that may come up. Policyholders cordially invited to attend. G. H. McKinney, Secretary and Treasurer.

J. E. Dillon is offering for quick sale at low prices Taylor & Hire's livery stock, consisting of horses, buggies, hacks, harness, etc.

Well bought is more than half sold. That's why we can undersell all others. Townsend Buggy Company. 20-8t.

COME AND SEE NAPOLEON, a Kentucky jack, five years old. One mile east of Guilford College, three and one-half miles west of Greensboro. C. A. Younts, Guilford College. Phone 7020.

IF IT IS FERTILIZER you want you can get it from P. V. Boone, McLeansville, N. C.

FOR SALE.—One two-year-old mule, 14 hands high, in good condition. W. M. Greeson, Climax, N. C.

THREE MANURE SPREADERS and three mowing machines of very best make, slightly scarred in handling, but perfectly new stock. Will sell this stock at less than cost. International Machinery Company, Phone 1410, 319 Davie street, Greensboro, N. C.

FOR SALE.—Five female and three male Berkshire pigs. Best breeding in the South. Address inquiries to R. G. Marsh, Randleman, N. C., R. F. D. 1.

FOR SALE.—I have two mules, one 16 and the other three years old; will sell either. Both have good qualities. J. R. Coggins, Guilford College. 19-tf.

Now don't cash talk? Read Townsend Buggy Company's big ad.

I WANT TO SELL my saw mill engine and boiler, twenty-five horse power, ready to run. Can be seen any time. Write me McAdoo Hotel, Greensboro. G. R. Pittard.

A year's supply of reading matter for the entire family for only \$2 if you take advantage of The Patriot's great clubbing proposition, the best offer ever made by a newspaper.

You should see our trucks before ordering or buying elsewhere. We buy them in car loads. Townsend Buggy Company. 20-8t.

See Townsend Buggy Company for shingles. 20-8t

Some genuine bargains to be had in Taylor & Hire's livery stock, which has been placed in J. E. Dillon's hands for quick sale.

Mr. Farmer, we have a message for you. Read our big ad. Townsend Buggy Company. 20-8t.

TWO MOTORS, one a single phase, one H. P., and one three phase, 3 H. P., both in good running condition. Phone 1410, Greensboro, N. C.

Send us \$2 and get The Patriot, the Atlanta Constitution and the Progressive Farmer—six papers a week—a whole year.

Six papers a week one whole year for \$2 is what you get if you take advantage of The Patriot's best clubbing offer.

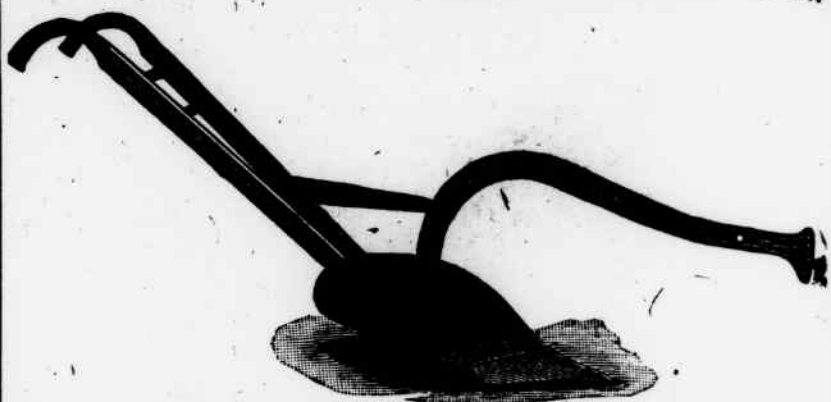
If you have a fresh milk cow for sale, see or phone J. C. Olive at the city market. Telephone 713.

You can't beat this combination: The Patriot, semi-weekly, the Atlanta Constitution, thrice-a-week, and the Progressive Farmer, weekly, all one year for only \$2.

ALL KIND, new or second hand machinery or motors. International Machinery Company, 319 Davie street, Greensboro, N. C.

It is mysterious to some people how the Townsend Buggy Company can get such bargains as they offer the trade. Others cannot buy them at that price at wholesale. Cash must cut a big figure in the buying. 20-8t.

The clubbing offer of The Patriot, the Atlanta Constitution and the Progressive Farmer all one year for \$2 is still open. This is the best offer in wholesome reading matter ever made.

The 65 and 64 Two-Horse Plow
The 72 One-Horse Plow

This is the one with the long beam that runs as steady as the average two-horse plow, and by also using the No. 17 Sub-soil plow your land does not wash as badly and will stand the long dry spell without injury to the crop. Let us show you these crop makers. Ask your neighbor.

We are Yours to please,

Greensboro Hardware Co.

221 South Elm Street

Phones 457-458

FARM LAND WANTED

If you have farming land for sale, list it with me. I can probably find a purchaser, as I have constant inquiries from people who want to buy farms in Guilford and adjoining counties.

I also have for sale a number of desirable farms at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Don't fail to see me if you want to buy or sell a farm or city property.

ROLAND G. HILL

100 McAdoo Building

Telephone 2062

Use Dry Powdered Arsenate of
Lead for Spraying Fruit Trees

Will kill codling moth and all kinds of insects. It mixes well with water, will not clog nozzle. Powdered Arsenate of Lead is cheaper than any other form. Two pounds will make 100 gallons at a cost of 35c per pound, or 1/3 of a cent per gallon. Call or write us for some literature.

Guilford Hardware Co.

SPRAY WITH BOWKER'S PYROX

And add to the value of your vegetable and truck crops. Kills insects and prevents disease. Increases yield and quality.

Pound packages at 25c or five pounds for \$1.00.

Also Lime and Sulphur solution for spraying trees at 30 cents a gallon.

Greensboro Drug Co.

Cor. S. Elm and West Market Sts.

Telephone 926

Subscribe to The Greensboro Patriot.

Going to Build?

Got Our Prices on Anything
In the Line.

Going To Fence?

Get our prices on anything in that line.

Going to Buy a Plow?

We know you will investigate the

"Genuine Oliver Chilled"

We Aim to Please All Our Customers.

Southside Hardware Co.

523-525 SOUTH ELM ST.