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MR. DOUGLAS AT NORFOLK.

NORFOLK, August 25th. On landing, he expressed his thanks for the unexpected warmth of his welcome, and for a couple of hours afterwards was occupied in receiving his friends at the hotel.

During the day he visited Portsmouth, by

In the evening an immense crowd gathered on the streets of Norfolk, bonfires were lighted, bands played, and a queer time of it altogether was had, fermenting an enthusiasm directions the whole body of people proceeded to the Court House park.

Judge Douglas soon appeared there also, and taking his stand on the topmost step of thus allowing him to be elected by the popthe stone flight leading to the entrance of the building, he proceeded at once to address the of the contest before the secession? Lincoln assemblage, computed at six thousand. He

In the middle of his address a slip of paper was handed to him. It was cut from the State but Vermont and Massachusetts. As it

lite questions for Judge Douglas.

overt act against their constitutional rights, will you advise or vindicate resistance by

force to their secession ? Voices-"No, no!" "Bell men say no, Mr. Douglas-I answer emphatically that passed by Congress, and as the courts exbound them. (Cheers.) And I, as in duty bound by my oath of fidelity to the constitution, would do all in my power to aid the government of the United States in maintaining the supremacy of the laws against the resistance of them, come from what quarter it might. (Good.) In other words, I think the President of the United States, whoever up the Union, by resistance to its laws, as (Applause.) The laws must be enforced, but at the same time, be it remembered, it is the duty of every citizen of every State, and every public functionary, to preserve, maintain and vindicate the rights of every citizen swering these questions. I am not in favor of the policy which would tend to give rise becomes too burdensome to be borne. I ac. knowledge the right of every man to rebel and change the form of government under which he lives whenever it proves destructive to the ends for which it was established .-That is a right, however, never to be resort-John Brown when he violated your laws. (A | which he refused .- Raleigh Register. storm of applause.) I, for one, will sustain with all my energy the President whenever he may be in the exercise of all the powers conferred upon him by the Constitution, but

maintain and protect them in their just rights,

but which will also compel obedience to the

I would just take as much pleasure in hang-

inridge was nominated on the theory that the election of Lincoln was preferable to that of Douglas. Now, no man doubts that if Breek-inridge's friends had not seceded at Baltimore, but had acquiesced in the legitimate

Mr. Douglas—Less than one-third of the Convention seceded from the two-thirds on the ground that Southern honor and Southern rights were not safe in my hands, and that hence it was necessary to divide the par-ty in every State of the Union so that Lincoln might have a chance of running in between the democratic forces of the democtatic party and get elected by a majority vote.

A Voice—"That's so,"

Mr. Douglas-The only ostensible and true object sought in making a Breckinridge ticket in the Northern States was to divide the Democratic party so as to give Lincoln every one of those States, so that I tell you if Lincoln be elected President, it will be the

Mr. Douglas-Lincoln has no hope of being elected except through the efforts of the secessionists, who have divided the Democratic foreign to the Norfolkerites. A committee party-supposing that Breckinridge could of arrangements was formed, and under their carry every Southern State-though it now seems he is not going to carry a single one by the people. Still, by dividing the North, he gives every one of the States to Lincoln, had no show whatever for more than two place, and I would have beaten him in every

A Vioce-" That's so."

of Abraham Lincoln, before he commits an opposed in purposes and objects, yet their ber, the establishment of at least half a-dozen result, and without meaning any disrepect or single county in the State! And why should event of the success of either party, the suc- in the Way, if our friends are really axious it is the duty of the President of the United our glorious Constitution are alike put in per- success a fixed, certain and glorious fact?-States, and all others in authority under him, il and danger. Northern Abolitionism could We call upon them all—we especially call to enforce the laws of the United States as not exist for any length of time except there upon two or three of the more intelligent was a counterpoise demanding the intervention of the South. The Republicans demand this ball and keep it in constant motion, until Congressional interference against slavery, every single county in the State is diatinguiswhile the secessionists demand that Congress hed by the establishment of a large number shall interfere to protect and extend slavery. of Bell and Euerett Clubs, and a through, This is the pivot upon which both parties efficiant and systematic organization of the turn; this, my friends, is the whole state of Bell and Everett forces.

limits of the Union. I am very frank in an- men. They will certainly carry this State. and Everett men in Virginia should set to complaints or murmurings, much less to such as would call for resistance from any burg. He will address the people there on fifty or a hundred, or a nundred and fifty counties—but organization in all the counties

A New and Valuable Invention.

obtained a patent for a Machine for Trim- treat, and importune our gallant and gloed to until the operations of the government ming Books, invented by himself. It is a rious comrades throughout the length and become more grievous than the consequences simple and highly effective machine, which breadth of the Commonwelth, to give heed of revolution. And therefore I say that the admits also of all the adjustments neccessary to our carnest and disinterested appeal, and mere inauguration of a President of the Uni- to trim paper to any required size, or differted States, whose political opinions were in ent sized paper and books. The machine delay! my judgment hostile to the constitution and now in use will only trim one end of a book safety of the Union, without an overt act on at a time, while the invention of Mr. Untley his part, without striking a blow at our con- will trim both ends and the side at the same will doubtless have the command of immense Lloyd, from Chereokee, bill dismissed. Barstitution, or our rights, is not such a griev. time, thus saving two-thirds of the time and sums of money, to be employed to their adlabor now required. Mr. U. informs us that vantage in the present canvass. The corrupt cree for plaintiff. Carter, et als v Green-(Cheers.) Hence I say whoever may be his machine can be sold for less than half the Administration at Washington will flood the wood, et als, from Buncombe, decree below elected President of the United States, he cost of those now in use. It is certainly a State with mony leveld on the office-holders affirmed. Pitts v Peace, in law from Hendervaluable invention, and we have no doubt will and filched from the public treasury. The just constitutional prerogatives and powers. amply repay the inventor for his trouble and Disunionists in the Gulf States, who are anxional dington v Jones, from Macon, Judgment af-

Gov. Letcher for Douglas.

(Renewal of storm.) I am a law-abiding It is an announcement, too, which will carry lution and Civil War! And they are determan, a Union-loving man, and I believe the terror and dismay into the ranks of the Yan- determined not to lose Virginia, if money can Hammerschold v Rose in law, from Lincoln. cey-Breckinridgers throughout the State and save her to the Disunionion cause! vance of the constitution, but I insist in ex- throughout the Union. The fact that Govacting the fulfilment in good faith of every ernor Letcher is in favor of Douglas will be friends of Bell and Everett in Virginia must firmed. worth, perhaps, ten or fifteen thousand votes eppose to their money constant vigilance, of all the States in an exact equality, and Richmond Dispatch.

constitution and the constituted authorities of the country. Now, these questions put to John Davis conductor, and engineer Wood, From the Richmond Whig.

Americans of Virginia are arousing themsleves nobly and enthusiastically, and buckling on their armors and going forth intrepidly to the fight, with an earnest and solemn resolution to carry the day, gloriously and triumphantly in November! The work of thorough and systematic organization, we have good reason to hope and believe, is going on bravely. Bell and Everett Clubs are being formed in almost every county and neighborhood, as the Arkansas. proceedings of meetings daily published in our columns attest. Mass Meetings and Barbacuse, also, are being gotten up in many portions of the State, attended by thousands of Kentucky.....

the most talented and eloquent speakers in secessionists whom you will have to blame the State. Our electors and orators are all taking the field in good earnest, and evince a determination not to falter in the glorious work they have undertaken until a mighty and a rousing victory perches on our banner—the pure and noble and honest banner of the Constitution, the Union, and the Enforcement of the Laws! Thus, then, the great and indispensable work of the canvass has been fairly and earn-

estly begun. It only remains for our friends in every county and neighborhood of the State to see to it that the work is pushed on constantly, vigorously and energetically.— Let them continue the formation of Bell and States till the Breckinridge division took Everett Clubs in every proper and convenient locality—in every single neighborhood —indeed wherever ten or fifteen or twenty Norfolk Daily Argus, and contained two po- is, I think I will beat him in almost all of voters can be conveniently essembled. In

the questions for Judge Douglas.

Having ascertained the questions thus probe elected, the secessionists who nominated tence of as many as ten or a dozen flourishing pounded, he said thereon, I am not in the land now support Breckinridge, will be enti-labit of answering questions propounded to the credit of it, and upon them will zealous, and winning Democratic recuits the in the course of an address, but on this occasion, I will comply with the request and fatal policy, and dreading the result of their any county in the State should fail to have respond very frankly and unequivocally to own rash and unpatriotic acts which give to forwith organized within its limits at least The first question is, if Abram Lincoln be Lincoln a chance of success, they come forward and ask me if I will help them to disin the next twe or three weeks. It is only The first question is, if Abram Lincoln be elected President of the United States, will solve the Union in the event of Lincoln being the Southern States be justified in seceding from the Union?

ward and ask me if I will need them to disserve the Union in the event of Lincoln being necessary for one or two or three active and raised to the Presidential chair. I tell them no—never on earth. (Cheers, and cries of hood, to issue a call for a meeting at a de-To this I emphatically answer, no. (Great abolitionism, but am also for putting down Northern signated place, and obtain the signatures abolitionism, but am also for putting down thereto of as may voters as possible in order Presidency by the American people, in conformity with the Constitution of the United exercise of the same constitutional power.—

("Good.") I believe that the peace, the hardened in a short time in furthering the election of States, would not justify any attempt at dissolving this glorious confederacy. (Applause)
Now I will read to you the next question, and then answer it.

Now I will read to you the next question, and then answer it.

Ouestion—If they, the Southern States, sequestion—If they, the Southern States, sequestion—If they the Southern States, sequestion—If they the Southern States, sequestion—If they the Southern States, and with good

Now I will read to you the next question, and the votes of the late time peace, the nar-time pe hostile they may be to each other, however | fidelity expect to see, by the 10th of Septemcourse of action tends to the same deplorable prosperous Bell and Everett Clubs in every personal unkindness, I believe that in the such not be the case? What hinders? Wat's cess of the Northern Abolitionists, or that of for the success of the cause, and are willing the Southern Secessionists, the Union and to put forth the necessary efforts to render

the case, those are the dangers to be appre- However bright our prospects now, we hended, and, thus it devolves upon you to desire to impress upon the minds of our frinds al Democratic ticket placed before the coun- pects may be dimmed and blasted, unless Old Hickory treated the nullifiers in 1832.— try by the Baltimore Convention, to preserve there be that through a sort of organization, Norfolk. Numbers of Breckinridge men pub- members. Those members need to be enlicly proclaim their desertion from that par- rolled, disciplined and encourged, or else our Bell and Everett men stand fast to their col- ganization, therefore—thorough, systematic, every grievance that may arise within the ors, and are sanguine of the success of their universal Organization—is what the Bell On Monday, Mr. Douglas will visit Old about securing right away. Not partial, but Point Comfort, and thence proceed to Peters- universal organization—not organization in mond to address a public meeting on Friday. of those one hundred and fifty-odd counties -that-that is what is necessary now, and indispensible to our complete and certain success! Shall there not be such organiza-Mr. Gabriel Utley, of Chapel Hill, has just tion in Virginia forthwith? We urge, en-

carry out our suggestion without a moment's If he transcends them we will punish him ingenuity. We learn that he has already with all the rigor of the law, as you punished been offered \$10,000 for the patent right, bable. contribute thousands and ten thous- Wright v J & E Howe, from Catawba, no judgcey candidate in November, We have no filed. Noah Brown et als, v Bricknell, et als, doubt indeed that these Gulf State Disunion- in equity from Wilkes, report confirmed and

line of policy which will place all the people to the "Little Giant" here in Virginia. thorough organization, unrelaxing effort honer et als, from Cleveland, bill dismissed with State, in every county and in every neighbor- ment affirmed. State on rel'n of Mills v Al-

Lincoln Already Defeated.

It is now as certain as any future event can be, that Abraham Lincoln has no possible chance left of obtaining that election which activity which are beginning to distinguish his adherents boasted about so confidently a action of the Convention, I would have in this contest beaten Lincoln by the popular vote.

The description of the Convention, I would have in the movements of our friends throughout the few weeks ago. This is no matter of make the movements of our friends throughout the few weeks ago. This is no matter of make the speculation upon probabilities, but is made evident by indisputable facts. The arrangements of our friends throughout the speculation upon probabilities, but is made evident by indisputable facts. The arrangements of our friends throughout the speculation upon probabilities, but is made evident by indisputable facts. The arrangements of our friends throughout the speculation upon probabilities, but is made evident by indisputable facts. The arrangements of our friends throughout the speculation upon probabilities, but is made evident by indisputable facts. The arrangements of our friends throughout the speculation upon probabilities, but is made evident by indisputable facts. The arrangements of our friends throughout the speculation upon probabilities, but is made evident by indisputable facts. settle the question, and the following table exibts the proof of a result easy to be antici-

pated: The following States will vote against Mr. Lincoln:

of an election. But what are his prospects there? Is he likely to get the following States, in which the vote stood as follows at the Presidential election in 1856, as given in

Electors,	Fremont.	Buchanan.	Fillmore.
Illinois11	96,280	104,276	37,451
Indiana13	94,816	118,672	23,380
Ohio23	187,497	170,874	28,125
Penn27	147,350	230,154	82,178

rations of Mr. Seward, Mr. Lincoln, Messrs. others, tending as they do to encourage a repetition of that outrage among persons of Mr. Bell thus distinctly announces, in my fanatical dispositions, and rendering it far less judgment, the following propositions ; likely it would meet its just reward, if they had the power to prevent it-is there anything, we say, calculated to give the Republi-cans more strength in those four States, than upon the former occasion? Or is there

2. A distinct regulation of "Squatter Sov-ereignty" as long ago as 1848
3. A distinct are ouncement that the Terrianything in Mr. Lincoln's position before the dent that, with a popular plurality of 165,000 against them in 1856, and the damaging cauprospects in that State are not of the bright-

In a word, we see no hope for the Repubican candidates outside of the following States-some of which are certainly doubtful. though unnecessary on the present occasion

New Hrmpshire......5

This may be fairly reckoned the extent of he may be, should treat all attempts to break rally to the rescue, and, by voting the nation- the simple and urgent fact that these pros- On the other hand, we see no reason to doubt that the entire Southern vote of 120, except the Sof South Carolina, will be to John Bell the general course of sentiment at the South. ver of the Union cause with her.

reason for the most strenuous and generous on the more prominent questions at issue in efforts to second the glorious evidence alrea- the pending canvass, and which have receivday afforded at the South, of a resolute derter- ed no answer. mination to stand by the Constitution, the quarter. I acknowledge the inherent inalienconvention to be held on Thursday next. He in the entire one hundred and fifty odd councould, consistently and properly, be made unspire us to every exertion, to secure the vote der the circum stances of my position; which for candidates so worthy of all our enthusiasm, as John Bell and Edward Everett .-

Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court, which has just closed

judgment reversed and venire de novo .-Such being the facts and probabillities, the Daniel Carpenter from Gaston, judgment afjudgment affirmed, Davis F. Eddleman v

son, from Macon, report confirmed in every which constitute the basis of its organiza- "Banks' party."-Boston Courier.

particular. Bundy and wife, et als, v Neison, Fq., from Catawka, bill dismissed with costs. Den on Demise of Hepp v Richard Jacks, et als, in equity from Wilkes, decree reversed. E. C. Bartlett to use of Phillips v Yates and E. C. Bartlett to use of Phillips v Yates and Whatever may be the policy or designs of whore from Ashb, judgment reversed and South, who in their letters, others, from Ash, judgment reversed and venire de novo swarded Doe on Dem of Jno M. Carson v Ray, from Ashe, judgment af-

25 Crouse, from Lincoln, judgment affirmed.—
25 Long v Weaver, from Iredell, order below be certified. Bragnan v Ellison, from Chere-

LETTER FROM HON. JOHN BELL.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July 30, 1860. To Daniel Sayers, Esq., Editor of the Post: Dear Sir: It is known to many persons in this section of the State, that some time since I addressed a letter of inquiry to the Hon. John Brown raid for instance, and the declame extracts from his speeches and references to his votes, touching the subjects of inquiry, Sumner, Wilson, Burlingame, Lovejoy, and thus re-announcing the opinions expressed

1. A distinct repudiation of Wilmot Provi-

people calculated to give uim an impulse to be compared with that which attended the Fremont campaign? We cannot hesitate a moment in our conviction, that the votes of scription, and whilst there, to have protection says:

reason. What precise course things may take States, by the Bible, and by the practice of of the ceremoniesto be performed on this ocin Pennsylvania is not so clear-but it is evi- men in all ages; and that it ought to be ex- casion, Badahung has made the most exten-

ses which have subsequently occurred, their period of more than a quarter of a century, man blood enough to float a canoe. Two gives the stronges assurance of his fidelity to thousand persons will be sacrificed on this oc the institutions of the South, the land of his casion. The expedition of Abeakouta is postbirth; and of his lave to the Constitution and poned; but the King has sent his army to Union of our fath

> tained and acted on in public life, afford to us ing many unfortunate creatures. The young of the South, a stronger guaranty against people among these will be sold into slavery wrong than the sadden announcements of and the old persons will be killed at the leventh hour converts.

time now to elaborate.

THOMAS J. WATTS.

NASHVILLE, July 22d, 1860.

this glorious Union. (Cheers and cries of which we so earnestly recommend. Without and Edward Everett. For we cannot conceive as well as myself, to state the causes which coast. Take off two thirds of your squadron, besides; a fact not very creditable to the valsuch organization, no party can hope to suc-ceed, no matter how strong in point of actual Houston, but will be most likely to fall in with explain what, otherwise, might be imputed stations on shore and greatly strenghening and the rights of every State in the Union.—

ty and their adherence to Douglas. The Bull of Francisco and the rights of every State in the Union.—

ty and their adherence to Douglas. The adversaries may seduce them from us. Or
ded there settles the point conclusively in fa
last month or six weeks, have addressed letto me as a discourcesy. Such a statement is your old stations." ters of enquiry to me, from different quarters Thus, our friends at the North have every of the country, as to my views, and opinions

To the inquiries in all such letters, there of every Northarn State, where it is possible, was to refer the writers to my past course; to the views and opinions I have heretofore held and expressed on the subjects or questions embraced in their letters. But it appeared to me that a reply, containing nothing more the stump" in advocacy of his own election. The Supreme Court, which has just closed other evidences of what I had said or done in its Session at Morganton, rendered the foling out the particular votes, speeches and carry out our suggestion without a moment's delay!

By Pearson, C. J.—State v James W. Holt would be ungracious, to say the least of it. To make such references in my to that fate which his own "vaulting ambithe Yancey-Breckinridge faction in this Sate reversed, and venire de novo. State v James answers would far exceed the ordinary limits more convenient and satisfactory to both par- and its Breekinridge contemporaries will ed collection of such of my speeches and letters as have direct bearing upon the subjects of controversy, or of such copious extracts therefrom, as to leave nothing to be supplied by further quotations from them. The preands of money to carry Virginia for the Yaa- ment will be given until a complete record is tral Union Committee of Tennessee. It is diately commenced, by a member of the Cennow completed, and I transmit, herewith, a In his late speech, Governor Foote announced upon authority that Governor Letchhundred thusand dollars, rather than allow
Lane, from Henderson, bill dismissed. Lovthan was anticipated by me, and hence my I would just take as much pleasure in hanging him if he transcended these powers, as I nounced upon authority that Governor Letcher had declared in favor of Douglas, and would cordially support his election! This candidate. The carrying of Virginia for Breck-reversed. Jenkins v Maxwell, from Ashe—has been delayed a week beyond the time I had proposed to myself to answer them. For the reasons which impel me to decline

any further answer to the inquiries in your letter, I refer you to the first and second the Republican Convention which assembles pages of the "National Union." You will at Worcester on Wednesday next. observe that the ground there taken is that est zeal and unbounded enthusiasm. Let or- costs. Merril v Farmer, et als, from Hender- to make any new declarations. But I do not city his residence. This determination on Let Clubs be formed in every county. Let Bracley, et als from Henderson, judgment afmass meetings be held in every portion of the firmed. Love v Brindle, from Haywood, judg- proach I may incur in consequence of the ambitious and sagacious a man from the field

principle to call upon me to declare my views that the bombardment of the city by the and opinions upon any or all of the questions Spanish would commence. Everything with-By Man', J .- State v Bowles, from Alex- and opinions upon any or all of the questions ander, reversed and venire de novo. Robeson v Clark, from Haywood, judgment affirmed. Brown v Teague from Madison- I cannot refuse compliance with their dejudgment reversed and venire de novo. Jones | mands without a violation of the obligation v Whitterspoon, from Caldwell, judgement they assume to exist on my part as a candiaffirmed. Swindle v Wurden and Reeves, date for place, I have no distrust of your from Ashe, judgment affirmed. Henderson v sincerity and good faith in making the earnest appeals to me, which you do in your the effect speedily to draw off the Spanish letter to take a course, which I hope you will upon reflection perceive would not be in conformity with the intentions and expectaokee, decree for Plaintiff. Props. et als v tions of those who chose me to be their lea-Cuckworth, Ex., from Burke, report confirmed. Den on Dem of Patton v Alexander, in principles; nor do I doubt your sincere de-sire to support the Union ticket, if you can do so consistently with your sense of public ulation of the towns were compelled to enlist duty. It is, therefore, with deep regret that or flee. Great dissatisfaction prevailed in say to you, that I cannot go beyond the record of my political life in responding to the questions presented in your letter.

Miramon, regarding his cause as hopeless, had absconded. Large reinforcements of the Liberal troops had been despatched from If, in the anthentic exposition of my course

upon the subject of slavery, running through a period of twenty-five years, you can find nothing to inspire you with confidence, that, in the event of my election, I would so employ the power and influence of the Executive Department of the Government, as to give no ast ground of complaint to the South, or any other section of the Union, while I regret the loss of your support and that of your friends, I could not reasonably expect to receive it. letter you may think propes.

I am, with great respect and the mo friendly regard, your obedient servant.

JOHN BELL. COL. THOMAS. H. WATTS.

A Stupendous Human Sacrifice.

The British steamer had arrived in the Mersey with late intelligence from the West coast of Africa.

From Lagos we learn that the King of Da homy was about to make an immense sarci-

Constitution of the United pass all former monarchs in the magnitude, The record of Mr. Bell, running through a great pit has been dug which is to contain humake some excursions at the expese of some These prinions of Mr. Bell, so long enter- weaker tribes, and has succeeded in captur-Grand Custom. Would to God this might I am on the eye of leaving for Texas on meet the eyes of some of those philanthropic private business of importance, and have no Englishmen who have some feeling for Africa. O! for some man of truth and influence to 960, being an excess of over \$2,000 of the taxes point out to the people of England the comparative usefulness of their expensive squadron out here, and the enormous benefits that merchants and other citizens of this town.must result to this country, and ultimately to Dear Sir: Your letter of the 9th inst., was England berself, morally and materially, if estate in the town District, is equal to or lar-

Breckinridge on the Stump!

The Breckinridge organs in Virginia, and elsewhere, have been exceedingly severe in their denunciation of Judge Douglas for, as in the politics of this State. The people are they allege, stumping the country in behalf of his claims to the Presidency. For example the Danville Appeal of Saturday last, thus speaks on the subject!

"To say the least of it, there must be a breast of that man who will so far disregard deed for Mississippi.'. the dignity and decorum which should characterize a Presidential candidate, as to "take "We trust this action on the part of Mr. Douglas will open the eyes of the stannch and honest patriots in the country among the

to that fate which his own "vaulting ambition" has surely secured for him." That is tart enough. But how the Appeal shudder when we tell them, what is fact, that John C. Breckinridge is himselfgoing to take the "stump" in his own behalf! We have before us a correspondence between Breckinmass meeting at White Sulphur, Scott county,

Kentucky, on the 5th of September !" Huzza for the "stump candidate," John C. Preckinridge! He has become awfully alarmed and desperate, beyond a doubt !-But his "stump" speaking can't save him !-Richmond Whig.

Retirement of Gov. Banks. Gov. Banks will not be a candidate before

it would be inconsistent with the declared idency of the Illinois Central Railroad, salaviews of the Convention which placed me in ry \$7,000, and it his purposes, at an early me the first day I landed on Virginia soil, baving emanated from the friends of the second and the passengers in a train on the New York constructed from the friends of the passengers in a train on the New York and all immediately take the field, and reason with the passengers in a train on the New York constructed from the friends of the second and the passengers in a train on the New York constructed from the friends of the second and the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York and all immediately take the field, and reason, with the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York and all immediately take the field, and reason, in the passengers in a train on the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the New York control of the passengers in a train on the passe

Exclusive Dispatch to the Charleston Mercury. Highly Important from Mexico-The Spanish Fleet about to Bombard Vera Cruz.

NEW ORLEANS, August 27. The news from Mexico is highly impor tant. The greatest excitement prevails at Ver Cruz, both among the people and the authorities. It was expected every moment in the city and the forts were prepared for such an event. The artillerymen were at their posts and the garrison under arms night and day to repel the anticipated attack. It was credibly reported that Juarez would, if attacked, make a sudden descent on Cuba .-Such a diversion, it was thought, would have force from its threatening position before

Vera Cruz. Thirty or four soldiers, forming the guard of conducta, had perished for want of water, The greatest scarcity of provisions prevailed in Northern Mexico; the supplies of corn and

The rumor was rife at Vera Cruz, that Gen. Tampico towards the city of Mexico. It was

How it was Done.

The Baltimore Clipper, referring to the recent election in Stonington, Conn., says, "all united to defeat the sectional candidates. The ticket was elected by a two-thirds vote, against the combined efforts of the Republi-You are at liberty to make any use of this cans. Two-thirds of the officers elected, including the Warden, are Bell and Everett men. This is an evidence of what can be done by a union of the opponents of Republicans for the sake of the Union. Let the Iriends of Boll and Everett every where mark this result. The Republicans were defeated in one of their strong holds, and two-thirds of all the officers elected are Bell and Everett men. The Bell and Everett men were not badly sold in that transaction, notwithstanding the lamentations of the New York Tribune and its Republican allies. A victory was achieved, it was a substantial victory that points the way that other and more important triumphs may be won, and the election of Bell and Everett insured in Novem-

> N. C., Deaf and Dumb Asylum. -Mr. Wm. years, Principal of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind, has resigned his position here, and has accepted the principalship of the Georgia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, located at Cave Spring, in that State.

Mr. Cooke's successor has not yet been appointed, but it is very probable that he will be succeeded by Mr. Willie J. Palmer, the Vice Principal. Mr. P. has had but a short experience as a Deaf Mute teacher, but should he be appointed, he will no doubt endeavor to render himself an acceptable officer -Ral. Cor. Petersburg Express.

State Taxes .- The State Taxes of Beaufort county for the present year amount to \$13,of last year. Considerably over half of this large amount is paid by the property-holders, We learn that the last assessment of the real ue of our county lands .- Washington Dispatch.

Mississippi Politics - We extract from a letter from Tishemingo County, dated August

"Mississippi has always been strongly Democratic but before November shall have rolled around, there will be a great change becoming aroused.

"The Union Party here, is growing stronger every day. The Douglas and Breckinridge men are fighting hard for their respective candidates. From the present signs of very great and over weening ambition in the the times Bell stands a very good chance in-

> After Him. The federal hounds are after the Raleigh Post Master for having voted for Bledsoe and demand his removal. If he add to this the sin of supporting Douglas we suppose he will certainly have to "walk the plank." About as much freedom in being a galley slave as being an office holder under the present Reign of Terror .- Newbern Progress.

Fall Elections.-State Elections are to be held before the Presidential election in November, as follows: S. Carolina, Oct. S.

Vermont, Sept. 4. California, Sept. 5. Pensylvania, Oct. 9. Maine, Sept. 10. Ohio, Oct. 9, Georgia, Oct. 1 Indiana, Oct. 9. Mississippi, Oct. 1. Florida, Oct. 1.

Minnesota, Oct. 9. Iowa, Oct. 9. Presidential Election in all the States on

Agricultural Progress of North Carolina -Thirty years ago North Carolina abandoned the growth of cotton owing to causes not very clearly defined, but such as that the season was too short the "spring too backward." soil too thin, &c., but has returned to it with vastly increased energy, producing a greater yield in one county now, than in the whole State formerly. And as it is making the cotton growing district rich, signs of which are seen in the improvement of lands, of building and the general condition of the population. There are already planters who make 100 bags, which at \$30 per bag, is \$3,000; and ten years ago the same men did not produce a bale !- Petersbury Express.

the individuals mentioned are extolled by the country papers for the fact which they accomplished, and other engineers and conduction and a proud and glorious triumph will be complished, and other engineers and conduction and a proud and glorious triumph will be constitute the basis of its organization.

November!

Do but these things, friends and comrades, wife, from Surry, decree affirmed. Wilson, and James Wilson, and J years before.

Friday, ::: September 7, 1860. FOR PRESIDENT. HON, JOHN BELL,

OF TENNESSEE. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HON, EDW'D, EVERETT,

ELECTORS For President and Vice-President

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

For the State at Large: HON. GEO. E. BADGER, OF WAKE. DR. R. K. SPEED, OF PASQUOTANE.

Districts: C. EDWARDS, of Granville, ALFRED G. FOSTER, of Randolph HENRY WALSER, of Davidson. TOD R. CALDWELL, of Burks

THE DOUGLAS TICKET. Weil, the die is cast; the friends of Donglas in North Carolina, bave met in Convention, and after canvassing the matter fully and thoroughly, have nominated a straight out Douglas electoral ticket. That the Yancey-Breckinridge disunionists of the State, are wonderfully exercised, and dreadfully frightened on account of this movement their late convention? For our part, we a Douglas ticket had not been formed. In expressing this opinion, we know that we run counter to the views of a large majority wise would have done, yet it will be the salvation of the Democratic party hereafter. And instead of the Whies gaining a clean and an everwhelming victory at this time, as they most certainly would have done, the victory will only be partial, and they will and at the next election, an enemy in the field so strong and so powerful that it will require every effort on the part of the Whigs to overcome them. In other words, without this Douglas ticket, we had the enemy completely in our power, and from the position they occupied, after defeat they would have had no rallying point; but with the Douglas flag in the field, the position of parties after the would have been had the fight been simply between and Bell and Breckinridge. What then, have the Whigs gained by this Douglas doubt, have carried the State, and with it he can do nothing more. In the one case, it would have been a triumph of patriotic Un-Democrats, the party would have been swept from the State, or so completely mashed up that for the future it would have been utterly powerless; but in the other case, the Douglas party, standing before the country as Union men, will serve as a neucleus, around which all these scattered fragments of the At 12 o'clock Thursday, Mr. Dick called

Carolina, we regard as a movement on the whelmed with applause. political board, from which nothing in reali- At 4 o'clock in the evening, some 2,000 Breckinridge we admit, but why could they to with the greatest interest and attention .not effect this as easily by voting for Bell as Vie will publish the speech in our next issue.

tion will be placed beyond all doubt.

prefer their country, this Union, to party. ways alluded to as cousin Jo; and, indeed, he will not get 3,000.

Did not Mr. Dick know that the election of ionist as Governor of the State, would have the effect to greatly strengthen the Disunion party? And did not Mr. Dick know that if a Douglas ticket had been formed before the August election that Mr. Pool, the Union candidate, would in all probability, have been elected, and that all chance for Breckinridge to carry the State would have been at an end? To judge Mr. Dick then, by his acts, are we not compelled to say that his object is not so much to save the Union as it is to save the Democratic party? Had not a Douglas ticket been formed, the Democratic party in this State would have been so deeply buried that it could never have been again resurrected; but now if Douglas can get some twenty thousand votes, the party will still live in all its vigor. Whether or not Mr. Dick and his friends can induce enough of the Democracy to throw off their party shackels to effect this time will show. It would be well for the Whig party that he could not.

For the above reasons we see no cause to rejoice over the formation of a Douglas ticket in North Carolina.

THE CONVENTION.

The proceedings of the Douglas wing of the Democratic faction as taken from the Standard, will be found in another part of the paper. Returning from the Eastern part of the State, we took the train at Warrenton on of the Douglasites, is very evident, and it is Mr. Douglas aboard, together with the Comnow generally conceded by those of them mittee, whose duty it was to escort him. Alwho make any pretensions to candor, that the though Mr. Douglas was expected on the vote of the State will be east for Bell and train that day, there were but very few at Everett. But the question arises, have the the different stations to get a sight of him; Whigs in reality, gained anything by this he created no enthusiasm on the route; and Mr. Edwards, and having so often heard him movement, and have they any cause to re- indeed, the only demonstration of any kind, quoted as one of the orthodox leaders of the joice over the action of the Douglas men at was at Henderson, the dinner house, where Democracy in this State, we listened very some dozen or twenty persons crowded into attentively to what fell from his lips, and think the Whigs have gained nothing, and the room and gazed for a while at the great judge of our surprise when we heard him, that it would have been better for them, that man while eating; but finding, we presume, with great emphasis say, that he greatly prethat he eat like other persons, they soon re- ferred the election of Lincoln to that of tired. On arriving at Raleigh, quite a crowd Douglas. We looked around, expecting to was at the depot to receive him. Judge see the crowd start to their feet, and cry out of our Whig friends, but when they come to Douglas is low in stature, somewhat on the abolitionism-but greatly to our astonishreflect upon it we feel assured that they will dumpy order, quite stout however, and ment, a smile of satisfaction seemed to rest ngree with us, and will come to the same cor- weighs just 197 pounds—this we had from on every countenance—no, not upon every clusion as we have, and that is, that while it his own mouth, and it may therefore be con- countenance, for we must except Mr. Venamay enable us at this time, to carry the State sidered as his true weight. Mr. Douglas ble, who shook his head, and exhibited var- as Union men, we asked ourselves how it seemed to be in fine keeping, and if he drinks lous signs of disapprobation. As Mr. Vena- happened that in the division, all the old men Fremont. as much spirits as some say he does, we are ble was to speak, we anticipated some fun at of the party had arrayed themselves on the very confident that it has none of any body's the prospect of seeing him and Mr. Edwards side of disunion? We could account for it in structuring in it. Mr. Douglas is certainly a lock horns on this matter of preferring Lan- no other way than that the old fogies of the fair specimen of a sucker, and if Illinois con- coln to Douglas-but, Mr. Venable steered party had so long bowed their necks to the tains many more such, she is well entitled to entirely clear of the point, neither express- party yoke, that they had lost all spirit to have 40,000 majority.

premium. Hundreds sought an introduction ble, however, to say, that after the meeting in the Douglas movement. We are well acto the "Little Giant." He received all quite was over, he came to us and said he desired quainted with Mr. Dick and Mr. Settle, and cordially, and although a great man, was very it to be distinctly understood that he did not esteem them both as personal friends, and approachable. During the evening, quite a endorse the sentiment of Mr. Edwards. We would take pleasure in bearing testimeny to number of the citizens called to pay their re- were glad to hear Mr. Venable say so, but we the ability, purity, firmness, and integrity of spects-among them, Mr. Badger and Mr. would have much more admired his inde these gentlemen, but well do we know that the Press, bus was informed that he had left town before Mr. Douglas arrived, nor did he return until after Mr. Douglas had left. He ticket? Without it Bell would, beyond all was looking somewhat pale, though we thought not greatly frightened. Why Mr. of this, when we reflected, that the Demo- speak their praises. Whitaker left the city on so important occa- cratic party in contention in 1852, endorsed sion, we leave him to explain. Was it be- this compromise, and recognized it as a finalion men, over a sectional disunion faction, cause two lions cannot traverse the same forhis bitter assailant of the Press. It's a poor shepherd that leaves the flock when the

Democracy will collect, and the next battle the convention to order. Mr. Dick's speech will be even more fiercely contested than the was not only appropriate and in good taste, present, and to the Whigs, will be fought un- but it was truly elequent, creating quite a der much greater disadvantages-for then, sensation, and making a deep impression on the question will not be, Union and Disun. all who heard it. After the convention was ion, but we will have the same old cry of fally organized, Thomas Settle, Esq., introthe "Great National Democracy, the only duced a resolution complimenting Mr. Dick party that can save the country;" for, howev- for the bold and firm stand which he had taer certan Douglas and his friends may be of ken at the Baltimore convention; after some his election at this time, it is very clear that very culogistic remarks from Mr. Settle and they are fixing their triggers so that if they Mr. D. K. McRac, the resolution was unanimiss it now, that four years from this his elec. mously adopted, when Mr. Dick appeared before the convention, and thanked them for The formation of a Douglas ticket in North | the compliment, after which he retired over-

ty, is expected at present, but from which persons were assembled at the East wing of very important results may hereafter flow ._ | the Capitol to hear Mr. Douglas. The speech That the Donglas men desire the defeat of was very able and eloquent, and was listened

they can by forming a separate ticket-in. The Rev. Dr. Baker used to say, that when deed would not such a course, be the most of. he got to Heaven, he expected to be surprizfectual way of saving the State for Bell? ed at two things. In the first place, he would the Whigs into a false security, and cause Most certainly it would; and had not a Deng- be surprized to miss some whom he expected them to relax in their efforts to carry the ins ticket been formed, we feel assured that to find there; and in the next place, he would State for Bell and Everett. We have now, thousands of the V nion-loving Democrats of be surprized to find some whom he never ex- nothing to do but to look on, say a great the State world have voted for Bell, and in pected would be there. It was even so with many Whigs;—the Douglas and Breckinthat event, they would hereafter have re- us when we looked in upon the Donglas con- ridge men will cut each others throats, while community. Cowper never wrote truer sentimained and noted with the Union party-but vention. The presence of some who were the State will go for Bell, just as naturally as ments as he has seidom written more beautiful now, after the election, they will set up for there surprized us, and we looked in vain for a ripe apple will fall to the ground. Others lines, than these: themselves, and with a few exceptions, every others whom we expected to see. Cousin again, say that a vote for Douglas is a vote secession disunion Democrat will flock to Thomas was there, but Cousin David was not for Bell, and that they had just as soon that their standard, and hereafter we will have to to be found. We once knew a merchant and a Union Democrat should vote for Douglas fight these same disunion men, and we will his wife, who made a profession of religion at as to vote for Bell. Aware of the difficulty have to fight them at a great disadvantage- the same time. They had no particular lean- at all times, to bring up our Whig friends to for led on by Douglas, and with the Douglas ing towards any Church, and so in order to the polls, we dreaded the influence of a Doug-Union flag floating over them, they will as be in the way of custom, they thought it prulas ticket as calculated to add to this indiffer- the family that the little thing was so noisy. heretofore, claim to be the "great National dent that one should join the Methodist and ence, on the ground that all was safe, and that Democratic party," and the only party that the other the Presbyterian. The world com- we had nothing to do. In the second place, mended them for their wisdom. If it is wise there will not be as large a vote polled in No-We are willing to negord to Mr. Dick and for families to divide up in Church matters, vember as there was in August, by at least others, the leaders in this movement, a large is it not equally so, that they should follow 15,000 votes, and when we say that eight We go for it decidedly. It strike us as a most amount of political sagacity, and, that the the same policy in political matters. If tenths of this falling off will be from the Whig perfect embodiment of what a sewing machine Democratic party in North Carolina will not Douglas is elected, then Cousin David will vote, we only judge the future from the past. be totally annihilated, will be owing entirely have a friend at Court, and if Breckinridge is Say then, the Whig vote will be 12,000 less to Mr. Dick and those acting in concert with elected, then Cousin Thomas will be in the than it was in August, and the Democratic him. But while we admire Mr. Dick and his same happy condition. This being near of vote only 3,000 less, this would leave a Demfriends for their sagacity, we regret that we cannot profess the same admiration for their ed, and we were struck at the great number las get over 15,000 votes in the State? If he sincerity. The Douglas men say that their of relations which old Jo Lane seemed to can, why Bell would carry the State even 11,000. In 1850 it was 8,674. object is to defeat the Yancey Disunionists, have in and about Raleigh. We heard no with a loss of 12,000 on the Governor's vote. and that to do this, they will, if necessary, one speak of him, except as Cousin Jo-and Is it safe however, to risk Douglas getting and that to do this, they will, if necessary, one speak of him, except as Cousin Jo—and speak of him, except as Cousin Jo—and list safe however, to risk Douglas extering even in the Douglas Convention, he was also as the Breckinridge men say that In Mr. Phelan's division, west side of the coun-

whether the Douglas men were the Simon pure orthodox party-for it is well known roughly! Mr. McRae said Mutong was French, and meant sheep, and as Mr. Mutong seemed to have no friends there, no body appeared disposed to call in question Mr. Mc-Rae's definition; and so upon the whole, we thought that Mr. Mutong was a damaged The speeches in the Convention were all

greatly applauded; but if we were to judge from the racket, we thought that Dr. Piemont's effort carried off the palm. It appeared to us, however, that the convention applauded the Doctor's speech in the wrong places-the racket was always at the beginning instead of the end of a fine sentence. It struck us as an effort to clap him down, but he did not take it as such, and so we presume that we were mistaken:-the Doctor's speech was received with a great racket.

THE WARREN DEMOCRACY.

Last week, the County Court for Warren was in session; a little matter of business made it necessary for us to attend. While Wednesday. On entering the cars we found there we had the pleasure of attending a meeting of the unterrified disunionists of that county. Mr. Weldon Edwards as Chairman of the meeting, made quite a speech, denouncing every body generally, and Douglas in particular. Having heard a great deal of

ity on the slavery question. His second obly constituted convention, but he very easily head. got out of the difficulty by saying that Breckinridge received his nomination from the hearts of the people.

What will the Democracy say to the sentiments of Edwards-that he preferred the election of Lincoln to that of Douglas? Had nounced as an abolitionist. No man can pre- as the new ones. fer the election of Lincoln to that of Douglas, unless he is at heart a disunionist. Mr. Venable says he can't endorse such sentiments. What has the Democratic Press to say in de-

BE NOT DECIEVED.

We have in another article, given the main reasons why we were opdosed to a Douglas

Union so much at heart, and regards the de- man in Moore county that would vote for are, as no man in the end, ever gained any Charlotte Democrat.

feat of Breckinridge so necessary to its safe- Breckinridge, it was added, that he would do thing by decieving himself, or by concealing ty, why did he delay to take any steps to so on account of his affection for Cousin Jo. the truth. And from the above, it will be bring this about until the 30th of August ?- Somehow or other, these Presidential aspi- seen that there is a necessity for every Whig rants seem to have a heap of kin folks in old working from now until the day of the elec-John W. Ellis, a Yancey-Breckinridge Disun- North Carolina. One thing, however, did tion. There is no necessity for any falling not surprise us, and that was, to find Duncan off in the Whig vote from last August, but on K. McRae there; we must confess, however, the contrary, it might be largely increased. that his presence caused us some doubt, as to and if the proper exertions are used, it will be-but we much fear that this Douglas ticket will have the effect to lull the Whigs into that Mr. McRae always runs on the opposi- a false security, and that they will not see tion line. Mr. McRae made a speech, and in their error until it is too late to apply the the course of it, handled a Mr. Mutong very remedy. Then let every Whig go to work, let him feel the necessity of working-and let him persuade all the Douglas men he can to vote for Bell. And how shall this work be performed? Let our readers turn to the first page of the paper and read the article from the Richmond Whig, headed "The Progress of the canvass in Virginia."

THE SPLIT.

In March last, Gov. Ellis promulgated the sentiment, that however much Democrats might differ yet they never divided; yet the nan and Fillmore..... history of the last few months has shown Fremont..... that in this, Gov. Ellis was very much mistaken. Throughout the Union, the great Lococratic party has divided and subdivided, while hundreds and thousands of them have gone lasites and the Breckites, throughout the whole South, are now fairly pitted against each other; and in this division, especially in North Carolina, we find that the Douglasites have their fair proportion of talent and beauty. In point of ability, Messrs. Miller, Settle, Dick, McRae, Hyman. Busbee, Wilder, and Myers, are fully equal to any eight of the Breckites. As regards beauty, Mr. Haywood is generally recognized as decidedly the best looking Breck in the State, but in our humble opinion, and we profess to have some taste in these maiters, we regard Mr Settle as far excelling him. Should Mr. Hay wood, as it is rumored, come over to the Douglasites, the Brecks will suffer a great loss in the way of personal appearances.

A NOTICEABLE FACT.

While casting our eye over the late Douglas Convention, we were struck with the fact that none of the old fogies of the party were young men and those who were in the prime is defeated. of life. Regarding Douglas and his friends ing his approbation or disapprobation of the resist. Such being the case, we can only the In 1856, Indiania ave Buchanan. We found in Raleigh quite a number of sentiment so dogmatically put forth by the more admire the boldness and independence strangers, and Douglas stock seemed to be at a honorable Cnairman. It is due to Mr. Vena- of Messrs. Dick, Settle and others, the leaders Holden; we inquired for Mr. Whitaker of pendence, if he had had the boldness to say were we to do so, that we would be accused of being actuated with sinister views. Be-Mr. Venable had two objections to Dong- fore the canvass is over, however, if we mislas. The first, because he favored the com- take not, these gontlemen will be heard from promise of 1850. We thought a little strange in such a way that they will need no one to

A. Reid Esq., sent us a mess of very large, and that faction being composed entirely of est, or two eagles build their eyries in the jection was, that Douglas had never been regsame mountain? we know not; but certain Jalarly nominated; that the delegates having edgements. They are full grown democratit is, that Raleigh did not at the same time | been appointed to go to Charleston, that they | ic peaches; but whether of the Douglas or contain within its limits, Mr. Douglas and had no power to adjourn to Baltimore, and Breckinridge stock, we are not advised; but that consequently, their action at Baltimore from a late incident with which Esq. R. had was a nullity. This position necessarily some connection, we feel authorized in precompelled Mr. Venable to say that Breckin- suming they are "Union" peaches. For farridge had not been nominated by any lawful- ther information on this point, see marriage

Old and New Together.

Mr. Thos. H. Fentress complimented us with a basket of sweet potatoes, containing a mixture of last years and this years growth. Mr. F. must be in possession of some secret a Whig said as much, a perfect howl would plan by which he keeps his potatoes sound have gone up, and he would have been pro- through summer,-they being now as sound

Early Pumpkins.

season, were raised by our Sheriff Col. C. A. fence of its great favorite, the Hon. Weldon Boon. Col. B. presented us with a couple of fine ones-the largest measuring four feet 8 inches in circumference.

Change of Schedule.

A change has again been made in the schedticket in this State, but there are others to Rail Road. The train from Charlotte arrives which we will briefly refer. In the first here about ten, A. M.; and from Goldsboro:

Noisy People and Noisy Things.

As a general rule—such has been the result

-- Stillest stream Oft water fairest meadows; and the bird And it is very much so with things as well as man. The fact is, we don't like noisecertainly not unless we have a hand in making it. It was always a formidable objection to the introduction of the sewing machine in But Mr. Grover, the inventor of the sewing machine patented by the Grover & Baker ought to be for the family.

The Census.-We learn that the Census-ta- the country to the very brink of chaos. whole population of the county will be near In this county (Mecklenburg) the census,

The Chances The combination c. the Union Douglas mer with the Union party, will probably carry the Massachusetts.....13

From the Philadelpha Monitor.

Rhode Island ... New Jersy......7 Pennsylvania.....27 Wisconsin. Illinois..... Ohio..... California and Oregon 7

We beleive Bell will be elected by the per ple, and that the result will not vary much rom the above. But failing in this, let us look at the chan-

ces in the House and in the Senate. In 1856, New York gave Bucha-.174,705

Popular majority over Fremont 45,777 This year the defection of the Seward men will more than counserbalance the defection of the Administration men, and the Union over to the Black Republicans. The Doug- Ticket will be sure to win by 50,000 majority This result defeats Lincoln, even if he should

> carry every other free State in the Union. Pennsylvania, in 1860, gave Buchanan and Fillmore.....147,350 Fremont Majority against Freemont We will suppose Lincoln gains 64,982 and the Buchanan men will throw away

5,000 votes.....

85,000 Bell and Douglas are sure to carry the State by 85,000 majority, and Lincoln cannot possibly be elected without geting, every other free State in the Union. If he got every other, he would just have a majority of four around the ark of their covenant, fired with votes. But Jersy alone will defeat him. Jersy is where she was in 1856. How was it said, 'The Union must and shall be preserthen?' Mr. Dick was warmly applauded

present, but that it was made up entirely of not less than 20,000 majority-and Lincoln And how is it with Illinois and Indiana

In 1856 in Illinois Buchanan and Flimore had

Majority agaist Fremont.......45,450 The Buchanan men in 1856 cast only 5000 votes in favor of Lincoln and can do no more in 1860; and the combined Union ticket will

.94,816 Majority agaist Fremont .. There being not more than 2000 Buchanan men now in this State, the Union ticket will

carry it by 45,000 majority! Electoral vote o' Illinois..... Indiania......13 New Jarsy California, which In 1856 gave a majority of 54,056 against Freemont

to carry New Pork and Pennsylvania.

And Lincoln is defeated, even if he were

The Union men and the Douglas men are not beating the air. They are fighting for something, and they mean to get it. We have calculated the "chances" of five Presidential contests, and have never yet made a material error; and we confidently predict that if the President is elected by the people, John Bell will be that man. If it goes into the House, Bell and Everett will be the first on the list. If it goes into the Senate, Edward Everett will be the next President of the United States.

Foreign Intervention in Mexico

We have the best authority for stating that the Mexican question is on the point of being peremptosily settled by a decisive intervention of four of the Great Powers most deeply interested in the restoration of order throughout the dominions of our distracted neighbor. France England, Spain and Prussia had signed a convention for the pacifiction of Mexico, to which they invite the adhesion of the Uni-Early Pumpkins.

ted States, but which they propose to carry into effect without that adhesion should the United States refuse it. The bases of toleration for all religious op-

nions, and of a modified establishment for the Roman Catholic Church, we undersand to nave been already accepted by the Constitutionalists under Juarez on the one part, and by the Clerical party under Miramon on the other. An armistice of twelve months, duration is to be declared between the respective leaders and during this period those portions of mexico occupied by each are to be held without dispute by the actual occupants, joint action being taken to secure the carrying on of the necessary basiness of the public admin- (Applause.) istration and the maintenance of order. At a time to be hereafter-fixed the people of Mex- reported as follows: ico are to be called upon to elect between the principles represented by the two factions, and the respective leaders pledge themselves to resign all their authority and arms into the hands of the Government thus designed unthe sanction of the intervening Powers.

The grounds of this action, already submitted to the Administrarion at Washington are that the party of Juarez, which might have been established as the Supreme Executive more than a year ago, under the terms of the treaty proposed by Senor Ocampo through Mr. McLage to the Washington Gonvernment, has demonstrated its incapacity of conquering power, and that the United States have definitely abdicated their pretensions to aid it in this conquest; that the party of Mi-Sewing machine Company, has just made an improvement in his pattern, by which his machine works with the least possible noise.—

Sewing machine Company, has just made an improvement in his pattern, by which his machine works with the least possible noise.—

Spain, which is in every point of view under sirible! and that the interests of the subjects of the intervening Powers and of civillization generally, can no longer be left at the mercy of the partizan warfare which has raged for six years in Mexico and has reduced

own Government is understood to have announced that while a pacific intervention of the sort contemplated, if it fails to command the assistance, cannot provoke the hostiltiy of the United States, no armed interference to Now, if Mr. Dick has the preservation of this when it was stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one lit is always well to state things as they stated that there was but one little the stated that there was but o

THE DOUGLAS CONVENTION. THURSDAY, Aug. 30th, 1860.

At 12 o'clock the Convention was called to order by Robt. P. Dick, Esq., of Guilford county, who delivered a chaste and eloquent address, anouncing the purposes for which they had assembled. He said they had met pursuant to a call which he had issued to the Democratic people of the State, as their only representative in the National Democrat Convention which had reminated at Baltimer vention which had nominated, at Baltimore Stephen A. A. Douglas for the Presidency. He was glad to see so large an assemblage and hoped that a spirit of generous conciliation would pervade their councils, The first great political lesson which he had learned was that the majority should rule, and hence as a loyal Democrat he was determined to support the regular nominees of his party.

He had stood by the Democratic party in sunshine and in darkness, had rejoiced in its triumphs and mourned its defeats. Rapidly sketching the history of the Charleston Convention, together with the causes which led to the final disruption of the party at Balti-more Mr. Dick alleged that advocates of Congressional intervention for the protection of slavery were alone responsible for that great calamity that the agitation of the question of slavery had inflamed the worst passions and prejudices of the people of every section —had kindled the fiercest fires of sectional hate, and threatened to deluge the country in fraternal blood. Mr. Dick continued: "The cardinal principle of my political faith is the

doctrine of non-intervention. The national Democratic convention at Baltimore re-affirmed this principle. It has been for twelve years the Shibboleth of the party, and has borne it triumphantly through the two last Presidential campaigns." Denouncing in no measured terms Messrs. Yancey, of Alabama Rhett, Davis and others, he next paid a glowing tribute to Stephen A. Dauglas—"as brave -as true-as gallant a leader as ever led a hest to battle." In conclusion, Mr. Dick observed that he "did not use the language of an .69,983 excited alarmist, when he said that the union of the States was in imminent peril. It was assailed at the North by a cold determined. fiendish fanaticism—by a wild and mad en-thusiasm at the South. It remained for the great Democratic party to rally once more around the ark of their covenant, fired with

> throughout. On motion of Mr. Myers, of Mecklenurg a committee (consisting of one delegate from each Congressional District) was appointed to report permanent officers for the Convention, The Chair appointed Messrs; Tucker, Pennigton Jones, Sloan, McDougald, Jenkins Phipps, Merrit and Hyman On motion of Mr. Myers, there was a call of counties that delegates might present their creden-

The following delegates were presen:

Alexander.—John E. Rheim. Bertie.-Josiah White. Buncombe.-Jno. D. Hyman Cabarrus .- A. C. Scott. Carteret.—Stephen F. Willis. Chathum.—M. D. Williams, Ser., Kelly Mitchell, H. Wilson, H. H. Burke, Ridley Burgess, Thos H. Burgess, Henry Burgess, Joshua Ward, B. R. Ward, L. J. Meritt, Jno.

Williams, J. G. William. Craven.-W. F. Marshall, D. K. McRae Pennington, J. N. Whitford. Davidson .- D. W. C. Johnson Franklin.-A. Taylor, H. Cooke, S. M.

Forsyth,-Ransom Phipps Granville.—R. A. Heavlin, R. H. M. Pas-chall, W. H. Jenkins, C. A. Gregory, R. O. Gregory, Turner B. Newsom. Guilford .- B. G Graham, W. A. Dunn, Ben net Idol, P. R. Wagoner, J, W. Dick, Wm. Adams, Robt. P. Dick. Gaston .- Dr. Wm. Sloan

Harnett .- D. McDonald, A. D. McLean. Johnson .- B. H. Woodard. Jones .- Norman Jackson. Martin.-Thos. Jones, A. S. Williams, S. W. Watts.

Mecklenburg.—W. R. Myers, Dr. Chas. J. Fox, J. H. Jones, W. A. Owens, Capt. Jno. R. Harrison, W. W. Elms, Wallace Alexander. Moore.-Col. John Morrison, W. D. Harrington, Geo. Wilcox, Dr. H. Turner, S. C. Barrett, A. M. Branson, W. Burrett, Hiram Wadsworth.

Nash .- G. W. Blount. Northampton.-Thos. G. Tucker. Orange.-W. Brown, Geo. W. Vickers, homas S. Vickers, - Wilson,

Onslow .- Francis D. Koonce. Person,-Matthew Nelson, Robt. Williams Ralph Williams.

Pitt.-S. E. Milburn. Pasquotank .- Dr. R. Piemont. Rockinghom .- Dr. Thos. W. Kean, Thos. Settle, Col. E. W. Hancock, Richard H. Wray, Dr. J. W. Ellington. Wake.—Gaston H. Wilder, Henry W. Mil-

ler, Q. Busbee, George W. Norwood, William White, H. P. Tucker, John W. Reynolds, M. A. Prendergast, Jas. M. Royster, Mr. B. Royster, J. Q. DeCarteret, John W. Rogers, Jeremiah Williams, Mark Williams, A. J. Woodard, W. J. Lougee, John R. Harrison P. Ferrall, J. B. Lassiter, Jeff. Fisher, Jno. M. Fleming, Dr. B. S. Harrison, and J. L. Bun-

Washington ... Urish W. Swanner Wayne.-J. V. Sherrard. Wilson.-B. B. Barnes.

When the country of Moore was called, Mr. Harrington said "he hailed from Moore," and knew but one Democrat in that county who vote for Breckin ridge. That one would do

The Committee on permanent organization For president of the Convention. Dr. C. J. FOX, of Mecklenburg. For-Vice Presidents: THOS. JONES, Esq., of Martin. Maj. G. H. WILDER, of Wake. Thos. SETTLE. Jr., of Rrockingham.

Col. JNO. MORRISON, of Moore. Secretaries. J. Q. DECARTERET, of Wake,

Messrs, Sherrad, Tucker and Sloan conducted Dr. Foz to the Chair, who briefly returned his grateful acknowledgements to the Convention.

On motion of Mr. Pennington, Reporters for the Press, irrespective of party were allowed seats in the Convention.

sisting of one delegate from each Congressional District was appointed to prepare business for the Convention, viz :- Messrs, Wilder, Myers, Hyman, Swanner, Pennigton, McDougald, Morrison and Settle. The Committee, returning, submitted,

through Mr. Wilder the following report, which on motion of Mr. McRae, was unanimously adopted : Resolved, That we cordially reaffirm and heartily en-

Resolved, That we cordially reathrm and neartily endorse the platform of principles adopted at the National Democratic Convention which recently assembled at
Charleston and Baltimore, and pledge ourselves to support cordially the nominees of said Convention for
President and Vice President,
Resolved, That it is the duty of this Convention, and
necessary for the success of the National Democratic
narty to nominate and sustain an Electoral ticket

party, to nominate and sustain an Electoral ticket pledged to the support of Douglas and Johnson. Resolved, That we instruct our Electors to vote for Douglas and Johnston in case it will either elect them before the people, or carry the

their votes as will best subserve feating the Black Republican can Whereas; The doctrine of intervention is revolutionary, dangerous and unwise, calculated to excite animosity and sectional discord -that of non-intervention bears upon its face the noblest efforts of our best and greatest state-

estatives and in case it will do neither, they shall

men, subordinating all party ties to duty and to country, and has been the fixed and uniform doctrine of the Democratic party throughout the country-instance the Georgia Platform of 1848, the ultimatum of all Southern men at that day-the compremise of 1850-the Baltimore Platform of 1852—the Kansas and Nebraska bill of 1354, and the Cincinnati Platform of 1856, as a final settlement of the difficulties between the North and the South upon the subject of negro slavery in the Territories and the States, leaving the people thereof perfectly free to determine for themselves as to its establishment or rejection, subject only to the Constitution of the United

Resolved, That we pledge to each other and the country a persistent and determined opposition to the mischievous heresics and new party tests that have well nigh disrupted the National organization of the National Democratic party, and will, if successful produce the dissolution of the Union itself.

Resolved, That the President of this Convention appoint an Executive Committee of five to superintend and advance the interests of the National Democratic party in this State.

Mr. Settle introduced the following resolu-

Resolved, That the people of North Carolina cannot oo much admire the manly, noble and heroic conducts of Robert P. Dick, one of the delegates of the State of North Carolina at the National Democratic Convention assembled at Charleston and adjourned to Baltimore, In standing by the principles and maintaining the integrity and unity of the National Democratic party of the country against the mischievous heresy of intervention, and the blasting and damnable consequences of

Mr. Settle said that he would not have discharged his duty as a delegate had he not offered this slight testimonial of approval of one who had displayed so great heorism. Mr. Dick had stood solitary and alone in the Baltimore Convention a spectacle of moral sublimity. In the hour of trial he had fearlessly discharged his whole duty to his party and his country, regardless of consequences.

Mr. McRae eloquently urged the adoption of the resolution, which was passed by acclamation with great enthusiasm. Mr. Dick, in a few brief and feeling sen-

ences, thanked the Convention for this flattering token of their esteem and approval, and resumed his seat amid prolonged applause. The Chair announced the following gentlemen as composing the Executive Committee Messrs. Quent, Busbee, Henry W. Miller,

G. H. Wilder, Thos. Settle, and Dr. Wm. R. Slcan. On motion of Mr. Myers, the Convention then adjourned till 2 o'clock, P. M.

2. O'CLOCK, P. M. The Convention was called to order, and addressed at length by the Hon. Ducan K. McRae. He said that he came to participate in its

deliberation and to partake of its counselsto teach a little,-to learn a great deal. He was speaking now in behalf of no less a question than the Union of the States which had hitherto made us a happy and prosperous people. "We have had," said he, "no organ -no press in the center to speak in our defence." We don't mean to remain so long .-We mean to have an organ-a central organ -an outspoken organ-a faithful organ?-An organ which when canvassed, will canvass in return. One which will give to the Salisbury Banner, war to the knife, if it seeks it. An organ clothed with the power and endued with the will, to strip William L. Yancey and his confederates, and to point the American people to the hideous gulf that yawns before them. An organ asking no terms-demanding no cencession, save utter submission from the betravers of the country. One which will never raise the names of Jno. C. Breckinridge and "Cousin Joseph," on any conditions."

"Somewhere," said he, "on some shoulders there rests an awful responsibility. I mean to speak in plain language, and no measured terms. Let reporters take me down. I hold Virginia and North Carolina responsible for their rash, unwise, inconsiderate division.

Reviewing the history of the Charleston and Baltimore Convention, Mr. McRae stigmatized Yancey as an epidemic bolter, who had bolted every party with which he had been connected. He was such a bolter ho would grind any party out, and would, doubtless, in the end. grind himself out." He (Yancey, at the head of the Ala bama delegation, bore to the Cincinnati Convention in 1856, as her ultra matum, the doctrine of non-intervention. In 1860, he presented another ultimatum. "Alabama." he said, "is an ultimatum State, and Wm. L. Yancey, an instrument peculiarly fitted for this ul-ima-The report of Mr. Stevens, (not the delc-

gate from Oregon, but the proxy of our Cou-sin Joseph Lane,) was the big gun of the Bal-timore Convention, as Yancey's speech was the big gun of the Charleston Convention .-They were of the same caliber and material, neither being made of the old-fashioned iron our forefathers fought with. It (the report) was seized by the North Carolina delgation with remarkable avidity. They purchased it, like sweet potates by the bushel, and like sweet potatoes, when eaten raw, it would make them ache before the Ides of November.)Laughter.) He would not specify the exact locality in which the aching would exist. (Laughter and applause.)

Mr. McRae's speech was received with the warmest demonstrations of delight and approval, and when, towards the close he styled Mr. Dick "the lone star which shone through the dark eclipse of North Carolina's fidelity to Democracy," the wildest enthusi-asm prevailed. Before he concluded, the hour arrived for Judge Douglas to speak, and the Convention adjourned till 8 o'clock, on motion of Mr. Pennington.

The Convention was called to order when Mr. Pennington offered the following resolu-

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed, whose duty it shall be to report to this Convention the whose duty it shall be to report to this Convention the expediency and necessity of establishing, in the City of Raleigh, a Campaign Paper, which shall support the claims of Stephen A. Douglas and Herselel V. Johnson, the National Democratic nominees for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

The resolution having passed, was referred by the Chair, to a Committee, consisting of On motion, the following Committee con- Messrs. Miller, Sherrad, Norwood, Tucker and Settle.

The Executive Committee, through its Chairman Mr. Busbee, reported the following Electoral Ticket.

> NOR THE STATE AT LARGE. Rebert P. Dicck, of Guiltord. Ducan K. McRae, of Craven.

DISTICT ELECTORS. 1st. District Col. Sam'l. Watts. F. D. Coonce. D. McDougald.

H. W. Miller. Col. John Morrison. Dr. Thos. W. Kean. Wm. R. Myers. J. D. Hyman.

The Convention concurred in the report of

hem to the House of Repre- The committee to which Mr. Pennington's

resolution was referred reported through Mr. Willer a favor of the immediate establishment a Douglas organ in Raleigh. The report was unanimously adopted.

on motion of Mr. McRae, a committee of three was appointed to telegraph to the Na-Annal Democracy of New York and Illinois, hat this Convention had nominated a straight nt National Democratic Electoral Ticket .-The chair appointed Messrs. McRae, Tucker and McDougald.

On motion of Mr. Myers, the Executive committee was instructed to have twenty thousand copies of the proceedings of the convention, together with Judge Dougla's peech, printed for circulation.

At the suggestion of Mr. Busbee, this motion was reconsidered, and amended by leavthe Committee. In Piemont of Pasquotank, addressed the

Convention, and was followed by Mr. J. T. hosser of Minnesota. H W- Miller, Esq., being loudly callen, ex-

used himself temperarily and introduced W. Kean of Rockingham. Messrs. Miller and Howerton subsequently addressed the Convention.

On motion of Mr. Pennington, the thanks the Convention were tendered to the Chairman and Secretaries. Thanks were also voted to the Railroad

companies for return tickets furnished to The President expressed his high gratifi-

vation at the harmony which had pervaded their deliberations. And then the Douglas Convention adjourned sine die.

From the N. O. Bulletin, August 24th, Further from Walker's Expedition.

By the arrival of the schooner Dew Drop and J. Taylor, at this port, from the Rusian the movements of Gen. Walker. There were twelve Spaniards killed, & eighteen wounded; menced the attack carly on the morning of prishment of this end. the 6th, by putting to flight an advanced guard of the enemy, who retreated into the lowing up this advantage, soon drove the enmy from the fort. They left behind them 16 cannon 125 stands of arms, 1800 pounds of the following was adopted for discussion, at powder, and a large amount of clothing, provisions, etc. Walker is now in complete possession of the town, and is confident of being able to hold against any force the enemy can send against him. Besides, large numbers of of general education, in our county?" the natives are flocking to the standard, and Gen. Cabanas, the rival of Guardiola, the present President of Honduras, is acting in concert with him. Gen. Walker has issued the More than five years ago, I, with others,

was invited to the republic of Nicaragua, and was promised certain rights and privileges on the condition of certain services rendered the State. We performed the service required of us, but the existing authorities of Honduras joined a combination to drive us from Central America. In the course of events the people of the Bay Islands find themselves in nearly the same position the Americans held in Nicaragua in November, 1859. The same policy which led Guardiola to make war on us will induce him to drive the people of the Islands from Honduras. A muwledge of this fact has led certain residents of the Islands to call on the adopted citizens of Nicaragua for aid in the maintenmed of their rights or person of property; but no sooner had a few adopted citizens of Nicaragua answered this call of the residents of the Islands by repairing to Rusian, than for their safety, put obstacles in the way of carrying out the treaty of the 28th of November, 1859. Guardiola delays to receive the islands because of the presence of a few men he has injured, and thus for party purposes not only defeats the territorial interests of Honduras, but thwarts, for the moment, a cardinal object of Central American policy.

The people of the Bay Islands can be engrafted on your republic only by wise concessions properly made. The existing authorsties of Honduras have by their past acts given proof that they would not make the remisite concessions. The same policy which fuardiola pursued towards the naturalized Nicaraguans, prevented him from pursuing the only course by which Honduras can expeer to hold the islands. It becomes, thereore, a common object with the naturalized Nicarnguans and with the people of the Bay Islands, to place in the Government of Honluras those who will yield the rights lawfulby required in the two States. Thus the Ni caragnans will secure a return to their adopted country and the Bay Islanders will obtain full guarantees from the sovereignty under which they are to be placed by the treaty of the 28th November, 1859. To obtain, however, the object at which we aim, we do not make war against the people of Honduras, but only against a government, which stands in the way of the interests not only of Honduras but of all Central America. The people of Honduras may, therefore, rely on all the protection they may require for their rights, both of person and property.
WM. WALKER.

TREXILLO, Aug. 7, 1860.

From the Asheville News. Horrible Murder-Assassination of J. A. Hooper. WEBSTER, Jackson Co., N. C. August 24th. 1860

Editor of the News ;- John A. Hoopee, Esq., an estoemed citizen of this county, living near Union this time, sure. The Democrats will the Forks of Tuckatiege river, about twelve run two sets of Electors, thus dividing the miles from this place, was shot, on Saturday last while returning from a saw mill, with a Pect to have a large accession to Fillmore's load of lumber. No clue, as yet, is had to the cold-blooded murderer' He lay in ambush for his victim, and shot him from a distance of not more than fifteen paces, the ball entering the left shoulder blade, and passing out assassin's gun. Oh! what must have been press. the feelings of the wife and mother, as she approached that fatal spot & found her fond and affectionate husband breathing his last!-

Such feelings I will not attempt to describe. who seeth and knoweth all things, will not coin has friends and supporters at the South, bet this fiend incarnate escape the penalty and that, too, in the ultra State of South Cardue his horrible crime.

In haste, as ever, yours truly.

Tures in Georgia. Georgia is one of the mest governed, most lightly taxed and most mproving States in the Union. The Milledgeville Recorder says that the Governor and Comptroller General have assessed the per cent tax upon the property this year at tion over one sixteenth of one per cent., the tucky, who is he afraid would mob him.-Richraise about \$400,000. In addition to this State tax there is a law authorizing the inferior court of each county to levy an additional tax, not exceeding fifty per cent. upon the State tax, for county purposes; so that out of town cor- ful old Whig journal, is of opinion that "Mr. porations and cities, including all taxation in John C. Breckinridge will not carry five * taxed one eighth of one per cent.

For the Patriot.

The Guilford County Educational Associ-Met in the Court House, on Saturday morn-President, Mr. Nathan Hiatt, chairman of the Board of Superintendents of Common Schools of this county.

The proceedings of the last meeting were read and approved. The Constitution was then read, for the benefit of those present who might desire to become members; and the names of twenty persons, mostly teachers of Common Schools, were proposed and they were elected members of the Association.

The gentleman who was expected to address the meeting not being present, Prof. Sterling was called upon and entertained the the number of copies to the discretion of audience with an interesting extempore address, in which he discussed the duties and responsibilities of the teachers and showed the necessity of his being a constant student and availing himself of all the means of improvement within his reach.

The committee appointed, at the last meeting, to prepare By-laws and report at this time, having no representative present, J. D. Cumpbell offered a draft of By-laws which, on motion of Prof. Sterling, were adopted for the government of the Association.

Mr. S. H. Wiley, of Salisbury, who had previously consented to address the Association, having made his appearance, was introduced and read a well written and instructive

The Association then took a recess of an hour; and after it was again called to order. the Examining Committee reported the names and grades of those who had been examined the preceeding week, &delivered certificates to twenty-four ladies and gentlemen. constituting them licensed teachers of Com-

mon Schools in the county for one year. Each member of the Examining Committee Islands, we have some further particulars of made some remarks to the teachers present, urging upon them the necessity of elevating the standard of qualifications among the teawhile on the American side only three receiv-el slight injuries. Gen. Walker's men com-individual and associated efforts for the accom-

M. S. Sherwood Esq., also addressed them breifly, approving and seconding the efforts fort. The main body of the Fillibusters fol. of the Committee, for the advancement of the Common School education.

The committee on Questions reported, and our next regular meeting.

· Would not the introduction of other studies, not now required by law, into the Common Schools of Guilford, advance the cause The President appointed as the committee

on questions, to report at the next meeting, Messrs. G. W. Bowman, C. A. Russell, and J. D. Campbell. And as the committee on Lecfollowing proclamation to the people of Hon- tures, Messrs. A. W. Pegram, John M. Pidgon, and M. S. Sherwood. The Association then adjourned to meet on the Saturday of the week following November Court at 10 o'clock A. M.

NATHAN HIATT, President. J. D. CALPBELL, Sec.

On the Stump.

The Breckinridge Democracy are greatly humiliated by the fact that Judge Douglas, once a trusted member of the Democratic orvanization, has so much regard for the Presilency and so little for his own character as to forfeit the latter by taking the stump in order to gain the former. The Breckinridge wing take the right view of the matter .-Stumping for the Presidency is discretitable, and those who do it forfeit all claims to honor at the hands of their countrymen. There are stump, who remain quietly at home, attend- for the Presidency. the acting authorities of Honduras, alarmed ing to their own business, leaving the people to make up a judgment of their future from the record of their past personal and official conduct. These candidates are John Bell and Edward Everett. Judge Douglas, we all know, is stumping now in this State; we suppose that Gov. Johnson is with him at Raleigh, leaving for a few days his labors at the South. Lincoln and Hamlin, we hear of occasionally, as enlightening their followers at

the North, John C. Breckinridge, after stumping his way from Washington to Kentucky. commences the campaign in that Ssate with a speech at a grand barbacue in Scott County, on the 5th of September. The last we heard of "Old Joe" was of his stumping somewhere at the North West, after having commenced and suddenly abandoned a tour through North Carolina.

We cite these facts because the people are interested in knowing the character and conduct of those who seek to rule them. Our views coincide precisely with those of the Breckinridge men, but we do not confine their application with Judge Douglas. He is doing as the others do; as Mr. Breckinridge does now; as he did in 1856, when a candidate for the Vice Presidency; and as Mr. Buchanan himself has done, not as a candidate, but as the President of the United States .- Fayetteville Observer.

> From the Baltimore Clipper. San Francisco, Cal., July 31, 1860.

The Probabilities of Bell and Everett Carrying California .- * * * There, has been nothing worthy of note transpired since my last excepting the organization of a Bell and Everett Club in this city and throughout the State; and I can assure you that we have every prospect of carrying it for Bell and Everett. A call has been made for a Convention to be held in Sacramento City on the 12th of September, for the purpose of oppointing Electors. You can tell the Bell and Everett men in your city that we will be true to the Democratic vote about even; and as we exvote, which was 38,000, our victory is easy GEO. W. C.

The election of Bell and Everett will bring healing to the nation. We shall have justice and fraternity among the States, peace just above the nipple of the left breast. He with the people, order in the Government, received the fatal shot in sight of his own and a restoration of the quieter and better house ! but when reached by his family was days of the Republic. Every thoughtful, pamable to speak. His wife was among the triotic and intelligent man knows that the hist to reach him, having been attracted by election of the Union candidates will be a a scream from her husband & the report of the public benefaction to the nation .- N. Y. Ex-

Lincoln at the South.

We have heretofore assumed that the Republicau Presidential ticket had no sup-" Manler will out,,' and I trust that He port at the South. We were mistaken. Linolina, as the appended toast, offered at a Fourth of July celebration at Hendersonville, in that State, will prove:

" By Robert R. Snead-The Election of Old Abe Lincoln-The shortest way to a Southern Confederacy."

Mr. Lincoln ought to go to South Carolina and make speeches. With a little effort cents on the \$100. This is a small trac- amongst the friends of his childhood, in Kenmond Whig.

A Bitter Hit.

The Boston Courier, a reliable and truth-Georgia, the citizens of that Stat cannot be thousand voters to his cause in Massachusetts. hands to another estate. He will not carry twenty thousand in New

England. In running him, you help Lincoln. Bell will carry more electoral votes at the South than Breckinridge, and he will carry Mr. Breckinridg's own State. Mr. Bell, it ing, Sept. 1st, and was called to order by the not first, will carry the second highest electoral vote; and he will have a larger popular vote than Abraham Lincoln. Mr. Breckinridge, under other circumstances, would have been a strong Presidential candidate, but unfortunately for him, Yancey supports him; and Yancey is as much of a disunionist as Garri-

Judge Douglas at Richmond. RICHMOND, Aug. 31 .- The Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois, reached here on the train from Petersburg, this afternoon, about half past six o'clock. He was met at the depot by a great crowd of persons, and escorted to the St. Charles Hotel, in an open carriage. To-night at 8 o'clock, he spoke from a stand in the Capitol Square, near the Washington Monument, to an assemblage, estimated at

between ten and fifteen thousand. His appearance on the stand was greeted with immense applause, and his speech, which occupied one hour and three quarters, was

from Petersbug were present. The Judge leaves for Staunton in the morn-MARION.

Later from Havana.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1 .-- The Catawba, Capt. Smith, from Havana, with dates the 28th August, arrived at this port to-day. Havana Sugars have improved a little.-Molasses is quoted nominal, and Freights are

It was reported that the U.S. steamer Crusader had captured a slave steamer, after part of her cargo had been landed. Also, that Captain Patten, of Wanderer notoriety, had taken the bark Wildfire away from Key West, and had been captured by a party of armed wreckers.

The Fillibusters. NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 31 .- The Schooner Taylor, sailed to-day for Ruatan with 50 men

for Gen. Walker. The brig Creole from Ruatan 15th reports that Walker is fortifying Truxillo. It was reported that Guardiola would attack the town on the 16th. The inhabitants were greatly alarmed at this, and were leaving in arge numbers for Ruatan.

Another Candidate for the Presidency. SYRACUSE, Aug. 29.-The Abolition National Convention met here to-day, and nominated the following ticket. For President of the United States, Gerritt Smith, of New York. For Vice-President, Samuel McFarland, of Pennsylvainia. For electors at large Frederick Douglas, and Chas. Hammond

Breckinridge Michigan State Convention. DERTOIT, Aug. 29.—The Breckinridge State Convention met in this city to-day, and nominated a full Electoral ticket. Resolutions were passed requesting the Breckinridge men of each Congressional District to make nominations and discountenancing any compromise with Donglas.

Hon. John S. Millson for Douglas. NORFOLK. Aug. 31.—The Hon. John S. Millson, member of Congress from this, the First Congressional District of Virginia, addressed his fellow-citizens at Ashland Hall to-night. He earnestly advocates the claims but two candidates in the field who do not of the Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois,

> New Orleans, Sept. 1 .- Gen. Walker has raised the old Federal Central American flag, Nicargua, San Salvador and Costa Rica.

Walker's Movements.

MARRIAGES.

Married .- On the 31st inst. by Wm. Gilbreath, Esq., Mr. Cornelius Stack and Miss Nancey Causey, all of

Married.—On the 21st Aug., by Rev. Jas. P. Simp-on, Anselm Reid, Esq., of Guilford county to Miss Sarah Jane Richmond, of Caswell county, and daughter of the late Adam Richmond.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice to Subscribers. Subscribers who find a cross mark on their papers are notified that their names will be erased from the mail book in four weeks thereafter, unless payment of subscription be made before that time. Those who do not know the exact amount of their indebtedness, can send about what they suppose they owe, adding on the advance payment, and a receipt, with a statement of the account, will be returned.

To our Advertising Customers. We take this occasion to inform our advertising cus tomers, that we shall in the future adhere closely to our rule, setting up all advertisements in a uniform style -solid and compact. No large, display letters will hereafter be used, in putting up adv

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STEVENSON, WEDDELL & CO., Importers and Jobbers of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS, Nos. 78 and 80 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va. PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS—English, French

FALL 1860.

and American, in large stock and great variety. PLANTATION GOODS-In large assortment .-Also, a full line of NOTIONS, Together with every class and description of Goods to be found in wholesale Houses, NORTH OR SOUTH. The Trade of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee is invited to an examination of the Goods now in

Weekly additions will be acded curing the season. Orders promptly attended to. COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

DIRECT IMPORTATION We beg to announce ro the buyers of this State, that we shall have about the first of September, a cargo of 2,000 bags of COFFEE, direct from Rio Janeiro, which we shall sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, TEN DAYS after arrival of vessel, of which due notice will be given 3-4w O. G. PARSLEY & CO.

Robert B. Jones and Others, Versus
John C. Jones and others.
In Equity.—Petition to sell Land. appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that John . Jones, Thomas E. Jones, David B. Jones, Cornelius

D. Jones, and the heirs at law of James Wallace, and wife Nancy, Thomas Shepherd, and wife Mary, defenlants in the above case, reside beyond the limits of this State. It is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Greensboro Patriot for six weeks, notifying said parties to appear at the next term of Davidson Court of Equity to be held the 1st Monday after the 4th Monday in September 1860, and to plead, answer or demur to the above petitition, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be taken against them. Witness B. A. Kittrell, C. M. E. at office this 18th

day of August 1860. B. A. KITTRELL, C. M. E. pradv \$5 2-6w

ock Island Jeans.—A large lot, embracing various qualities for sale by DRUCKER HEILBRUN & CO.

he might carry the State. At all events, he appears to be more popular there than miles north of Hillsborough, containing six hundred and ninety-five acres, on a credit of one and two years, with interest from the date. Bond and approved security required. This plantation is well adapted to the growth of tobacco, and of wheat and other grain, has good enclosures and other improvements, including an excellent framed barn and threshing machine, good orchard and meadow; about three hundred acre cleared and under fence, and the balance wood-land some of it not surpassed in fertility by any lands in the county. Immediate possession will be given. WM. A. GRAHAM, aug 10

CHARLES D. YALE & Co.—MANUFAC-TURERS AND DEALERS IN TIN WARE, STOVES FURNACES, AND HOUSE FURNISHING Carolina, have associated themselves under the firm and STOVES, FURNACES, AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS. We would call particular attent large and carefully made stock of TIN, SHBET IRON AND COPPER WARE. Having much the largest stock to be found in the South, we can offer such ducements to the Trade as will make it for their interest to examine our assortment before purchashing else-

We have also a very large stock of COOKING RAN-GERS, COOKING, HALL, AND PARLOR STOVES, BRICK AND PORTABLE HOT AIR FURNACES. Cast Iron and Terra Cotta Drain Pipes, Wrought Iron, Galvanized Iron, and Lead Pipe, all siz s. Plumbing and Steam Fitting work done in any part of the county.

Plumbers and Gas Fitters' Materials. A

magnificent assortment of Gas Fixtures. We are sole Agents for the celebrated Sexton's Gas Burnning Stove, for heating from two to four Rooms.

Marbleized Slate, Parlor and Chamber Mantles, superior to the marble as to beauty and durability, and We are also prepared to put on, in any part of the country, Metalic, Gravel, and Felt Roofing. Also,

Gas Works of the most approved patents.
CHARLES D. YALE & Co. Iron Block, Governor Street, Richmond, Va. Hydraulic Rams, Pumps, Garden Engines, Grates and Fenders, Copper Lightning Rod, Kerosense Oil

Taluable Plantation for Sale.—1 wish loudly cheered throughout. A great number V to sell my Plantation, situated on Alamance Creek, in the county of Guilford, 41 miles south of McLeansville Station on the N. C. R. R.; and 9 miles south east of Greensborough. The tract contains about 250 acres of land, about half of which is in a state of cultivation. The improvements consist of a comfortable two-story dwelling, and all necessary out-buildings.— The soil is suitable for wheat, corn, tobacco, &c., and s situated in a desirable, healthy neighborhood. Any one wishing to purchase a good Farm, on reasonable terms, would do well to call and examine this tract, and see for himself. Any farther information can be had by addressing me at McLeansville, N. C.

> Methodist Protestant Female College.—This College is located on the North Carolina Railroad, 90 miles from Raleigh and eighty from Charlotte, in one of the healthiest sections of the State -its proximity to the Mountains giving it uniformly a most salubrious and invigorating atmosphere, and ren-dering it one of the most desirable places for an Instiution of Learning; and the Trustees are happy to announce to the friends of education that the patronage of the year just closed has surpassed their most sanuine expectations, and the prospects are very en ouraging for the next Ses

> ADVANTAGES. The building is large and well arranged, the pupils rooms being 20 ft. by 20, well ventilated, each having a fire-place and furnished neatly and comfortably. The Chapel is 50 ft. by 50, being sufficiently ample for 200 pupils; also Recitation Rooms 50 ft. by 22; besides Music Rooms, &c. The College is supplied with a good Chemical, Philosophical and Astronomical Appropria ophical and Astronomical Apparatus, and new Pianos We have a good Library, to which the young believe

We are forming a Geological and Macrological et. Specimens will be thankfully received

BOARDING DEPARTMENT This department will be conducted by a Manual and the supervision of Prof. Ray and lady, and the will endeavor to render it an agreeable and pleasant home for the young ladies who may be placed under their charge. ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT.

The Annual Commencement, on the last Wednesday in May. The Third Session commenced on the 11th of July, and will close the 7th December, 1860. Jamestown, N. C., July, 1860. FALL TRADE-DRY GOODS.

ANTER BROS. & CO., IMPORTERS AND Jobbers of Dry Goods, Nos. 254 and 256 Baltimore street, BALTIMORE, are now receiving their supply o DRY GOODS FOR THE FALL TRADE, which embraces a large and varied assortment of Do mestic and Staple Dry Goods of the best makes and brands made in the country. In Foreign Goods we will

be prepared to offer an unrivalled stock of both BRITISH AND CONTINENTAL FABRICS, ought in person by our Mr. L. L. Lanier, in the different markets of Europe. To close and responsible buyers we are determined to meet any market. N.B.—Orders will have prompt attention, and with

the same care as though buyers were present in person.

GREAT SALE.—Having qualified as Executors on the Estate of Moses H. Mendenhall deceased. on the 11th and 12th of September, A. D., 1860, at the dwelling of the said deceased, we will expose to public head Hogs, 2 four-horse wagons, 1 one-horse wagon and harness, 1 Buggy and Harness, a quantity of Baand contemplates the regeneration and union of all the free States—Honduras Guatemalla, dles, and sadles, two rife guns, 5 feather beds and a large amount of bed furniture, Household and Kitchen furniture, a large amount of Farming tools, two shares of stock in the N. C. R. R. Company, 300 bushels of of wheat, 500 dozen oats, hay, &c., and other articles unnecessary to mention. Terms made known on the

All persons indebted to the Estate of said decased are hereby notified to make immediate payment and and settlement, as longer indulgence cannot be given ; and all persons having claims against said estate wil present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their re-C. J. WHEELER, M. H. MENDENHALL, Jr.

North Carolina, Guilford County.-

PETITION FOR SETTLEMENT. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Walter A. Winbourne, the defendant in this case, is not an verrified by the affidavit of the plaintiff that A. J. Hale is Court, that advertisement be made for six successive weeks in the Greensborough Patriot, for said defendant to be and appear before the Justices of our said Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the next term, to be held for the County of Guilford, at the court-house in Greensboro', and the third Monday of November next, demur to said bill: otherwise the same will be taken. then and there to plead, answer or demur, or judgment will be taken pro confesso, according to law.
Witness, Lyndon Swaim, Clerk of said court at office, the third Monday of August, A. D., 1860. LYNDON SWAIM, C. C. C.

pr adv\$5 2-6w aluable Land for Sale.-I offer for sale my Plantation, situated six miles east of Greensborough, and a-half mile north of the rail road. The tract contains one hundred and fifty-five acres, abfifty-five of which are wood-land, heavily timbered. There are also some four acres of good meadow. improvements consist of a dwelling-house, a land

WM. F. BUTLER & SON.—No. 19 Pearl Street, Richmond Va., Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

other buildings.

CHINA. EARTHWARE & GLASS. Coal Oil & other Lamps, Looking Glasses, Casters & Fancey Goods. Have received of their own Importation from Engand direct to this Port, and from the American Manufactures, a very large and varied assortment of goods in their line, which they offer to the trade as low as they can be bought North of this market. Importing their own goods direct, as they have done for the last 23 years, they can and will sell as low as any Northern House—and respectfully ask the patron-

age of the Southern trade and public generally. Stone-ware at Factory Prices. Goods packed with great care, and forwarded with the least possible delay. Opring Fashions.-Mrs. Sarah Adams has Plowers, Ruches, &c., which for cheapness and beauty cannot be surpassed in this or any other market.

Bonnets from fifty cents to twenty dollars. Give P. MACHINIST, Hillsdale, Guilford county, will attend promptly to all orders. All work warranted to be executed in a workman-like style.

COFFEE! Coffee!! Sugar! Sugar!!

Just received a good supply of Rio, Laguira, and
Java Coffees, Brown and White Sugar. Adamantine Candles, &c. HUNT'S HOTEL HIGH POINT N. C.—This new and commodious house, is now open for the reception of boarders, and travelers, where every at

tention will be given, for the comfort of guests. N. HUNT Jr. WARRANTED.-Wyatt's TONIC CORDIAL one of the most pleasant and efficient remedies ever got up for Dysintery, Diarrhea, Flux, Cholic, and all bowel complaints, both of Children and adults. Price 25 cents. Prepared by W. H. WYATT, Apothecary, Nos. 186 and 188 Main Street, Salisbury, N. C.

aug24 Superior Coogne Water.—Treble distilled My reason for selling is that I have removed my hands to another estate.

WM A GRAHAM

Truggist and Apothecary, Nos. 186 and 188 Main St. Salisbury, N. C. Price 15, 25 and 50 cents.

Carolina, have associated themselves under the firm and style of CLARK AND PRICE, for the purpose of establishing and conducting a peramanent GALLERY in the town of High Point, and will furnish to the public any style of picture desired, in the highest perfection of the art, from the smallests photographic miniature, to a life-size Oil-painting, and embracing all the various styles and sizes of Ambrotypes, Melainotypes, Cameotypes, Patent Leather, Oriental Melainotype, (an improvement by Mr. Price.) Color-type in Oil and (an improvement by Mr. Price,) Color-type in Oil and Stereoscopic type. This last is a recent invention, presenting a most natural and beautiful appearance, o

life size, viewed through a magnifying lens connected with the case. Mr. C. of the firm, is a professional Painter, studied his art under the immortal Sully, of Philadelphia, and has been engaged in the same from his youth to the present time. He is the author of the Painting of the "Burial of the Savioux," now on exhibition. He guarantees that no piece shall pass from his easel but such as shall give entire satisfaction. He uses Woodward's Patent Solar Camera, by which wonderful inotrumen a perfect photograph of he subject, or an enlarged per-fect copy of a miniature is correctly thrown upon the canvass or on paper. It is produces a picture with all the features correct to the life, but may be improved in the coloring and expression by the finishing touch of the Painter's brush. By this process, persons may have the miniature of deceased or absent friends produced to life size by simply sending us the miniature and describing the color of the eyes, the hair &c. Mr. P. has been in the business for some years, and

as met with unbounded success, and has been turning out pictures of unrivaled excellence, specimens which may be seen by calling at the Gallery. Instructions in Ambrotyping &c., given on reasona-ble terms, and a certificate of proficiency furnished those who shall successfully study the art with us. Our prices will range from the lowest, say \$1,00, for simply Ambrotypes, &c., to life-size Oil Painting from \$25,00 to \$150,00.

Rooms for the present at Barbee's Hotel. CLARK AND PRICE.

ODE TO STRANGERS.

Among the houses in town, oh say if thou knowest, O'er which the gay standard of Fashion's unfurled, Where the welcome is warm and the prices are lowest And the Clothes are the cheapest and best in the world? If not—fly at once! To S. Archer & Co's betake you, They best can assist you to bear out your plan; They either have got, or will speedily make you, The best suit of Clothes ever seen upon man!!

S. ARCHER & CO., Would again call the attention of their old friends and customors, and rest of mankind" to their unrivaled stock of FASHIONABLE SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTH-ING, which was selected with their usual care, and especially adapted to the wants of this community, and at prices so low as to place competition at defiance. Our stock is complete and large-comprising the latest styles of Coats Pants and Vests, a superb stock plain and fancy Neck-Ties, Shirts, Drawers, Hats, ocs. Pistols, Perium y, and thousands of other ar-les too numerous to mention. We have Goods to the purses of all, and can sell whole suits at from 2.75 up. We were never better prepared, either in may favor us with their patronage.

100,000 FRUIT TREES.—At Luxum-burg, one mile south-west of Greens-mero,' N. C.—consisting of Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, Apricots, Nectarines, &c. The above number of Trees and Plants are now ready for sale by the subscriber. From eighteen years of practical experience, and knowledge in the nursery business he flatters him-self that he row has the most select collection in the outhern States. All orders promptly attended to, and Catalogues sent ree on application. Persons ordering Catalogues by mail will please inclose a stamp to prepay.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS.

John M. Clark, Wilmington; Rufus Scott, Fayetteville; J. & F. Garrett, Greensboro.
THOMAS H. FENTRESS. Fayetteville Observer, and Raleigh Standard will please copy three months, and forward account to me.

J. F. JOLLEE, at Winbourne & Witty's old stand, has just received his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of ladies' Dress Goods, gentlemen's Clothing in great variety, Cloths, Cassineres, Cottonades, fine and coarse Boots and Shoes for ladies and gentlemen, which I think I can beat the Jews selling cheap: Mardware, Queensware and Glass Ware, a good collection of school-books, and if any ody wants a cheap hat let them come to me, and they shall have it. I keep constantly on hand the best article of Sugar, Coffee, and Tea. In short, I have every thing usually found in Dry Goods and Grocery Store, ceased, consisting of the following property, to wit: 4 which I will sell chear for cash, or to punctual custo-head of horses; 6 milch Cows, 15 head young cattle, 40 mers on a short credit. I return thanks to my custo mers and friends for their very liberal patronage, and assure them that nothing shall be left undone on my

part to insure a continuance of the same. J. F. JOLLEF

1860

FALL IMPORTATION.

RIBBONS, MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS.
ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO., Importers and job-VELVETS, RUCHES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, STRAW BONNETS, FLATS, &C., No. 237 and Lofts of 239 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland, offer a stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given. Terms, months, six per cent. off for cash, par funds.

North Carolina. Randolph County. Office of Clerk and Master in Equity, Asheboro August 10th, 1860. Whereas, John B. Troy has filed in this office his am

ded bill of complaint against Nathan Spencer, J. W. Steed, A. J. Hale, and others, to recover from them, heir proportion of sums of money paid by him for not an inhabitant of this State, it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Greensboro Patriot notifying the said A. J. Hale, to appear at the next Term of the court of equity to be held for said county demur to said bill: otherwise the same will be taken as confessed and heard exparte as to him. Witness S. S. Jackson Clerk and Master in Equity

for Randolph county. At office in Asheborb', this the 10th day of August S. S. JACKSON, C. M. E. aug17 pr adv5 100-6w

NOTICE.—In pursuance of the provisions of a Deed of Trust, executed to the undersigned on 18th October, 1854, by the president and directors North Carolina Mining Company, and of record ne register's office of the county of Davidson, State North Carolina, for certain purposes therein set orth I will, as trustee in said Deed, offer for sale, for Lash, on the premises, at 12 o'clock, M., on WEDNES-DAY, the 5th day of September next, that valuable Mining Property, in Davidson county, known as the CONRAD HILL MINE,

ogether with all the Machinery, Engines, Pumps, Mining Tools and Materials thereunto belonging or appurtaining. Possession will be given upon the con summation of the sale. JAMES SLOAN, Greensboro, N. C., July 17, '60. 96 Trustee.

Taluable Lands for Sale.—I offer my Plantation for sale, containing 1563 Acres, more reless, lying on the waters of South Buffalo, two miles Greensboro, adjoining Gov. Morehead and others. There is on the premises a good two story house with six rooms and four fire places, with all necessary out buildings, a good well of water in the yard. Large apple orchard, early and late, with a fine assortment of fruit. Twelve or fifteen acres of bottom meadow in fine cultivation. Also a portion of bottom land well adapted to the growth of Wheat, Oats, Corn, and Tobacco. Persons wishing to select a good plantation and a desirable situation would do well to call on me immediately as I am determined to sell andchange my occu-pation. SEYMOUR STEELE.

J. Armfield's Patent Apple Parer, Cutter and Corer-Patented, December 20, 1859, will pesl cut and core thirty bushels apples per day the best Machine for the durpose of preparing apples to dry that has been invented, is now on exhibition at Jamestowa, by the Proprietors, A. Lamband J. J. Armfield and by their general agent, Wm. E. Edwards, at ensborough, N. C., WM. E. EDWARDS Coneral Agent.

Vadkin Institute.—Dadvidson County N. C. G. W. Hege, A. M. Principal, aided by competent ssistants. The tenth session will open on Monday, July 20,

1860. Tuition varies from \$8 to \$15 per Session. -Board at the Institute is \$6.50 per month. We offer inducements to young men. For Circulars or information address the Principal at Yadkin Insti-West-Green Nurseries, Near Greensbo

Greensberough on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, and other days, if necessary. For TICKETS apply at the Drug Store. WESTBROOK & MENDENHALL. Beeswax !- Wanted 20,000 pounds Beeswax, for day of August, 1860. which we will pay 25 cents per pound.
DRUCKER, HEILBRUN & CO.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED FAMILY SEWING MACHINES

New Styles—Prices from \$50 to \$125. EXTRA CHARGE OF \$5 FOR HEMMERS.

181 Baltimore St., Carroll Building, Baltimore R. & J. SLOAN, Agents, Greensborough, N. winding of thread; they Hem. Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own ourse to the handneedle, as is required

by other machines .-They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for one cent an hour, and are, unquestionably, the best Machines in the market for family sewing, on account of their simplicity, durability, ease of man agement, and adaptation to all varieties of family sewing-executing either heavy or fine work with equal ility, and without special adjustment.

As evidence of the unquestioned superiority of their Machines, the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company beg leave to respectfully refer to the following The undersigned, Clergymen of various denomina

tions, having purchased and used in our families "GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED FAMILY SEWING MACHINE," take pleasure in recommending it as an instrument fully combining the essentials of a good machine. Its beautiful simplicity, ease of man-agement, and the strength and the elasticity of its stitch, unite to render it a machine unsurpassed by any in the market, and one which we feel confident will give satisfaction to all who may purchase and use it Rev. W. P. Strickland, Rev. N. Vansent, Rev. R. B Yard, Rev. C. Larue, New York; Rev. E. P. Rodgers, D. D., Bev. W. B. Sprague, D. D., Rev. J. N. Campbell D. D., Albany, N. Y.; Rev. Charles Anderson, Rev. Charles Hawley, Rev. Daniel A. Temple, Rev. T. M. Hopkins, Rev. William Hosmer, Auburn, N. Y.; Rev. O. H. Tiffany, D. D., Rev. C. J. Bowen, Rev. Jonathan Cross, Rev. John McCron, D. D., Rev. W. T. D. Clem, Rev. W. H. Chapman, Rev. F. S. Evans, Baltimore, Md.; Rev. R. C. Galbraith, Gavanstown, Md.; Rev. T. Danghery, Waynesboro', Pa; Rev. Thomas E. Locke, Westmoreland Co. Va.; Rev. W. A. Crocker, Rev. Jno. Paris, Norfolk, Va.; Rev. J. F. Langean, Salem, Va; Rev. Ch. Hankel, D. D., Rev. C. A. Loyal, Charleston, S. C.; Rev. A. A. Porter, Selma, Ala.; Lev. Joseph J. Ewise, Speedwell, S. C.; Rev. B. B. Ross, Mabile, Ala.; Rev. J. L. Michaux, Enfield, N. C.; Rev. A. C. Harris, Rev. C. F. Harris, Henderson, N. C.; Rev. Henry A. Riley, Rev. A. L. Post, Montrose, Pa.; Prof. W. D. Wilson, D. D., Rev. W. F. Curry, A. M., Geneva, N. Y.; Rev. Elbert Slingerland, Scotia, N. Y.; Prof. John Foster, Rev. Francis G. Gratz, Rev. J. Turnbull Backus, D. D., Pref. Benjamin Stanton Schenactady, N. Y.; Rev. P. C. Prugh, Xenia, Ohio; Rev. B. W. Chid law, A. M., Rev. W. Perkins, Cincinnati, O; Rev. E. Grand Girard, Ripley, Ohio; Rev. A. Blake, Revr E. C. Benson, A. M., Prof. J. J. McElhany, D. D., Gambier, Ohio; Rev. F. Chester, Ironton, Ohio; Rev. E. F. Hasty, Cambridge City, Ind.; Rev. J. C. Armstrong, Saline, Mich., Rev. Arthur Swazy, Rev. A. Hunt, Galena, I'l.; Rev. Enstien Morbough, Cambringe City, Ind.; Rev Richard White, Milton, Ind.; Rev. Calvin Vale, Mariinsburgh, N. Y.; Rev. Joseph Eldridge. Norfolk, Conn.; Rev. John Jennings, Rev. H. L. Wayland, Rev. Willinm Phipps, Worcester, Mass.; Rev Osmond C. Baker, Bishop of M. E. Church, Rev. Tho Rathay, Reu. Henry E Parker, Concord, N. H.; Rev. G. N. Judd, Montgomery, N. Y.; Rev. A. M. Stowe, Canandaigna, N. Y.; Rev. William. Long, Cliff Mine,

Michigan. Office of exhibition and sale, J. R. & J. SLOAN'S. Greensborough, N. C. Send for a Circular.

CREENSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE. GREENSBOROUGH, NORTH CAROLINA. FACULTY. Rev. T. M. JONES, A. M., President.

and Professor of Natural Sciences and Belles-Lettres. W. F. ALDERMAN, A. M., Treasurer, and Professor of Ancient Languages and Mathematics THEO. F. WOLLE, Professor of Music. W. C. A. FRERICHS. Professor of Drawing, Painting, and French.

MISS BETTIE CARTER, Assistants in Literary Department, MISS ALLA D. CLARY, MISS A. M. HAGEN,

- Assistants in Music MISS FANNIE OGBURN. MISS ADDIE SUSSDORFF Miss L. C. VAN VLECK, Teacher of Guitar. REV. J. BETHEL, Boarding Department. MRS. C. SMITH,

TERMS PER SESSION OF TWENTY-ONE WEEKS Board, including furnished rooms, servants' attendance, washing, fuel, &c., (lights extra) \$50; Tuition \$20; incidental Tax, \$1; French, \$10; Latin or Greek, \$5; Oil Painting, \$20; other styles in proportion; Music on Piano, \$22.50; Music on Guitar, \$21; Graduation Fee \$5. The regular fees are to be paid one half in advance.

The Collegiate year begins on the last Thursday in July, and ends on the second Thursday in June.

The winter uniform is Mazarine blue merino, straw bonnets trimmed with blue; summer, plain white jaconet. The uniform is worn only in public. Pupils are not allowed to make accounts in the stores, or elsewhere, under any circumstances whatever. For further information apply to the President,

Boot and Shoe Store.—Having purchased of J. B. F. Boone his entire stock of Boots and Shoes, the undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Greensboro and surrounding country that they intend keeping a good assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES.

March 18, 1859.

and other articles connected with that line of business always on hand, which they are determined to sell very low, and for cash only. B. G. GRAHAM & CO. Opposite Brittain's Hotel.

productive—producing grain, grass and tobacco well.

It is also well improved, and has on it a good mill-seat. rely upon the faithfulness of their work and a lib. and fair dwelling house. This will be an excellent farm in a good and healthy neighborhood to any one wishing to buy, and who can see and judge for himself by applying to Wat Hopkins, who lives on the land, or Robt.

ALSO, At the same place, at the same time, I will rent for twelve months, the other lands owned by Andrew Matier, on Ross creek. The plantation will be divided to suit renters. Parties may rent by public auction, or private contract on that day or before. ALSO, At the same time and place, as guardian of James M. Mateer, I will rent for twelve months, the lands owned by John Matier at his death, on Big Troublesome, on the South side.

Sales and renting to continue over to the next day, if not completed on the first. Terms of selling and renting made known on the day of sale. JAMES M. DONNELL, Rockingham Co., July 17, '60. Milton Chronicle please copy for four weeks and send

bill to Patriot office for payment,

(TREENSBORO' MUTUAL LIFE IN-SURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY. This Company offers inducements to the public which few possess. It is economical in its management, and prompt in the payment of its losses.

The insured for life are its members, and they parti-The insured for life are its members, and they parti-cipate in its profits, not only upon the premiums paid To engage in an easy, honorable, money making bust in, but also on a large and increasing deposite capital kep in active operation.

A dividend of 67 % cent, at the last annual meeting of the Company, was declared, and carried to the credir of the Life Members of the Company. Those desiring an insurance upon their own lives, or on the lives of their slaves, will please address
D. P. WEIR, Treasurer.

North Carolina, Randolph County. Office of Clerk and Master in Equity, Asheboro', August 10th, 1860. Whereas, James W. Brower, executor of Phillip Siler

has filed in this office his bill of complaint against John Siler, Durham Siler, Andrew J. Siler, and others to obtain an interpretation of the will of Philip Siler, and thereby ascertain how much each legacy under the will is to abate, so as to enable the executive to pay the debts of the deceased. And it appearing by the allegations of said bill, verefied by the affidavit of Jonathan Worth, that John Siler, and Durham Siler are not inhabitants of this State, it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Greensboro Patriot notifying the said John and Durham Siler to appear at the next VV rough, N. C.—Persons wishing to visit the above establishment will find Hacks, Carriages, &c. at term of the court of Equity to be held for said county at the Court House in Asheboro' on the 4th Monday of September next, then and there to plead answer or demur to said bill, otherwise, the same will be taken as confessed and heard exparte as them.

Witness, S. S. Jackson Clerk and Master in Equity for Randolph county, at office in Asheboro' this 11th S. S. JACKSON, C. M. E.

prado 100-6w

rtue of the last will and testament of Ab scales Deceased I will sell at the late residence of said A. Scales on Wednesday the 19th day of September next, at public auction the following desirable lands, viz:

The lands known as the home tract, containing two thousand acres, the larger portion of which lies in Patrick County Va., on the waters of Crooked Creek, adjoining the lands of Marshall Hainston, those of the late Col. Jos. Martin Mrs. Mary McCabe and others, and a small portion lying in Stokes Co. N. C. adjoin-ing the lands of C. Zigler, John Chandler and others. 10 has on it a very handsome and commodious dwelling house, good ice house, negro cabbins, tobacco bar ni and other necessary out houses. This farm is regarded as one of the best in the country for producing fine Tu-bacco, as well as corn and other grain. It is well laid off, in good repair, with enough land cleared to work 25 or 30 hands to advantance. The tract lies in such a form, that it could be divided into three separate farms, all in good shape, though one of them would have but a small portion of cleared land upon it. The land lies well, a large portion of it rich bottoms, and a quantity of it timbered land of the best quality, the

WALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE!-By

timber is very fine. On the same day, or the day following, the traciknown as the mill tract, lying in Patrick Co., Va. on South Mayo River and and Spoon Creek, adjoining the lands of T. J. Penu Jos. Panniel and others, containing two hundred and fitty acres. There is upon this truct a very fine mill seat with sufficient water power for circular saw, flour and grist Mill and a good grist mill is now in operation upon it, and it is a fine location far any kind of machinery. The land is well adapted to the growth of grain and Tobacco, only a small portion of it in cultivation, has a comfortable dwelling house on the premises, the wood land is heavy timbered much of it suitable for Box plank, which is always in

demand at a fine price. On Friday the 21st Sept., the land known as the Carolina tract, lying in the county of Stokes, N. C., on the waters of Peter's Creek, adjoining the lands of Col Sam uel Hughes and others, containing twelve hundred acres. This land lies well, is also well adapted to the growth of grain and tobacco, is well improved, with comfortable dwelling and out houses. A large portion of said land is in original forest, finely timbered, and has upon it a good proportion of bottom and also a mill seat on the premises.

All of the above lands lie in a very short distance " the proposed extension of the Richmond and Danville R. R. and ten miles of the Dan River Coalfield R. R. in North Carolina. Any person wishing further information regarding the land can receive it by addressing the undersigned at Crooked Creek, Stokes Co. N.C. of Maj. J. P. Critz, at Penn's Store Patrick Co., Va., either of us will take pleasure in showing the land to any person wishing to look at it. Terms one third cash and the remainder in two annual payments with band and approved security. Title witheld until payment is R. D. HAY EXP. ju29

The old and wall to the control of the cold and wall to the cold and the c The old and well-known establishment of Drucker & Heilbrun in Charlotte, have this day opened a branch of their establishment in Greensborough, under the firm of Heflbrun, Drucker & Co. And we would respeetfully inform the citizens of Greensborough and vicinity that we have taken a part of the house of widow Adams, between McAdoo's and Caldwell's cerners, and have opened an entirely new stock of Goods consisting of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, BOOTS, HARDWARE GROCERIES, &c. all of which we will sell at GREAT-LY LESS PRICES than they have been sold for heretofore, and we therefore in site the attention of al those wishing to purchase, to our stock of Goods. DRUCKER, HEILBRUN & CO.

A. P. Sperry, of North Carolina, with GRAYDON, McCREERY & CO, importers and wholsale dealers in Foreign and Demestic Dry Goods. Fancy Goods, &c., No. 41 Barclay street, and 46 Park Place. (will remove in July next to the Appleton buildings, Broadway,) New York. Our stock will be complete by the 1st February, and

under the supervision of our Mr. McCreery (recently Shepherd & McCreery, Charleston, S. C.) will comprise every description of goods in our line, adapted to the Southern and South-Western trade. Merchants visiting New York are respectfully invied to give us a call.

Young's Smut and Screening Machine.—That Mill-owners may be satisfied that my Smut Machines are as good as can be made in any other factory in North Carolina, I would refer to the following persons, who are using my machine:

John I. Shaver, Salisbury, N. C.: R. C. Pearson,
Morganton, N. C.: Tire Glenn, Red Plaina, Yadkin Co. N. C.; Joseph Medley, Ansonville, Anson Co., N. C.; Giles Mebane, Mebaneaville, N. C.: M. L. Holme Gold Hill, N. C.; Gen. S. F. Patterson, Lenoir, Caldwell Co., N. C., and many others if required. apr 27 84-tf

IGHTNING RODS .- I shall keep constant ly on hand, a large supply of Lightning Rods, of my own manufacture, of the most improved style. Persons by addressing the subscriber at Rich Fork Davidson county, can have their orders filled at short notice, (75feb1860tf) JACKSON SULLIVAN.

NOTICE,—The subscriber still continues to keep up his SMITH SHOP at the William P. Cameold stand, half a mile from Dr. Glenn's, in the south east part of Guilford, where he is now ready, with two good SMITHS, to do any kind of SMITHING come y done in a country shop—such as ironing Bugger-Wagons, and all kinds of plain work, borne shoein, &c., on as reasonable terms as it can be done any where

in this part of the country. jan10-68-1y THOMAS CAUSEY. EXINGTON JEWELRY STORE .--VER WATCHES manufactured by Johnson of Liverpool, and Dixon of London. Also, the Silver Lever Lepine and common Virge Watch, with a variety JEWELRY of all descriptions. All of which will sold low for cash. Watches of all descriptions repaired

GEORGE RILEY MEDAR HILL FOUNDERY AND MA-Chine Shop. Conveniently located on the Alamance, in the county of Guilford, four miles so at of Gibsonville, and eleven east of Greensborough having been in successful operation for several years the proprietors, CLAPP, HUFFMAN & CO., continue to invite the patronage of the public. They make CUTTERS, SUGAR-MILLS, Tobacco-Presses, Braz-Sale and Renting of Lands.—As executor of Andrew Mateer, deceased, and by virtue of his will, on Friday, the 14th day of September, 1860, at the late dwelling of said Andrew Matier, to-wit: at the Troublesome plantation, I will sell at public auction, on Troublesome plantation, I will sell at public auction, on one who may wish to purchase, Wheeler, Millick A a credit of twelve months, the William Donnell plants- Co.'s celebrated Thrashing Machines. REPAIRS tetion, willed to John Watson. The tract contains 315 ceive immediate attention. Experience in their busi-acres or less, on Rocky branch. The land is good and ness, with the skill of their workmen make them con-

> rely upon the faithfulness of their work and a liberal patronage. All orders promptly attended to.
> Address, Alamance P. O., Guilford Co., N. C. CEO. W. CLAPP, Sup't. mar 30

Taluable Land for Sale.—Being desirons of changing my business, I offer for sale my val-lable plantation, situated two miles north-east from Greensboro, on North Buffalo creek. The tract contains about three hundred acres-about half of which Is under cultivation and the other half woodland, a large portion of which is very heavily timbered-there are about six acres of good meadow land. The improvements consist of a good comfortable dwelling house, good barn, and all necessary out-buildings.
96 tf SOLOMON D. HOLDEN

SAM'L G. THOMAS has removed his HAR NESS SHOP to the rooms recent'y occupied by F. M. WALKER, Esq., two doors North of LINDSAY Store, an limmediately opposite the New Court Hause, where he will be pleased to receive calls from his old friends and the public generally. It is his intentito keep constantly on hand a good assortment. Harness, and other articles in his line, which he will

be pleased to sell on reasonable terms. WHO WANTS TO MAKE MONEY! Any industrious man can make from \$1500 to \$2000 a year, clear of all expenses. Address the subscriber for particulars. Write your name, post office address, county and State, in a plain hand. Enclose

one Postage Stamp to prepay.

JAMES C. D. EDNEY, Mill Bank P. O., Granville county, N. C.

DIFLE GUNS. - I KEEP CONSTANTLY ON hand, at my shop, two miles North of James town, a supply of Superior Rife Guns, which will be sold at reasonable prices. As an evidence of my skill, and the excellence of my work, I will meation that one of my RIFLES TOOK THE PREMIUM at the State Fair at Raleigh last week. My address the state of the state Jamestown, Guilford county, N. C. N. B.—Persons sending orders by mail, should be particular in the direction of their letters, to avoid con

September 30, 1859.

Watsonville Female Seminary-Thefale W session of this school will commence on the First Monday in July, 1860, and continue for five months We have in our employ a full corps of teachers, and no pains will be spared to promote the advancement o young ladies who may patronize us.

A Large Stock of White Lead and

Dec. 20, 1858. 16

- me and political commune, of a coabout es allore Gae Laws," as they are pleased to term those taws of a portion of the States, which the functicism of northern politicians of the Smith, Garrison, and John Brown school have made necessary.

And because the safety of life and property, together with the best interests of master and slave, yea, of our whole country, have made it necessary for the Slave States to enact laws prohibiting the declaration of sentiments calculated to incite rebellion among the stave population :-- because Abolition sheets, like the Tribune and its satelites, find few readers there, they make a piteous moan over "Southern Gaglaves," "Southern Proscription, &c., and tell us we have no liberty of speech, no liberty of the press in our country, except it be in the Northern States.

Let my experience speak, and then decide as to the truth of their declarations. In March, 1855, I left the hills and valleys of Broome county, with my heart burning with youth-ful ardor to do something in the cause of my Divine Master. I was under commission from the American Sabbath School Union, to labor as a Missionary in North Carolina.

I reached the beautiful village of Greensboro' on the 5th of April, and was welcomed with a cordiality characteristic of the South. The first Sabbath I was there, I visited the Sunday School of the Presbyterian and Methodist Episcopal Churches, where I was as warmly welcomed by Pastors, Superintendents and pupils, as though I had been honored with a birth in their own "Sunny South." No man asked me my sentiments on the subject of slavery.

In the afternoon I was requested to preach to the negroes of Greensboro', and never did I see in my own native State, an assemblage of as well dressed, healthy, and happy look ing negroes, as those that then filled the large basement of the M. E. Church.

I have spent five years in different portions of North Carolina and never has the pulpit of any denomination been closed against me, and never have I been questioned as to my political views before being admitted to the sacred desk. Enough for them that I preach the gospet, and say nothing for or against slaver. This is the spirit of North Carolininte, when Abolitionists may call "(ing Law' if they please. With this let us compare abolition teleration

After five pleasant years spent in North Carolina, I returned a few weeks since to visit the old homestead, the friends of chilhood and youth, and the graves of loved ones gone home. And no place did I anticipate visiting with greater delight, than the house of tiod, where Sabbath after Sabbath I had sat to hear His word, and where I had so often been blessed. I anticipated great delight in again mingling the voic of praise and pray-er with those who welcomed us to their number when first I felt my sins forgiven, who afterwards said to me, "go preach the go-pel

In the absence of the Pastor of the Church I had been informed it was expected I would fill the desk; with this expectation I started for the house of God, on the morning of August 12th, hoping there to be blessed with the presence of tind, and to be enabled to serve Him by pointing sinners to Christ, and encouraging saints to hold fast their hope in had decided that only on one condition could I be admitted to the with. It was this: before I could preach "Christ and Him curcified," I must come at the feet of those abolition priests and repeat my political creed, which they kindly offered to teach me. In other words, I must declare myself opposed to slavery. Sooner shall my tongue cleave to the root of my mouth, than I desecrate the sacred desk, and the Lord's day, by such a course; hence my lips are scaled and the pulpit of that church, of which for nine years I was a member, is closed against me.

Here we see the slavenolder of North Carolina and the abolitionist of New York standing side by side. Look at them, and tell me which is armed with the largest "gag," which manifests most of that spirit which characterizes the "lover of liberty." As for me, give me the noble sors of North Carolina, as my, friends, but save me and my loved country from the spirit of Abolitionism. JOHN B. MARSH.

Against Coalition. The leaders of the Republican party are wonderfully exercised at the formation of a Union Electoral ticket between the Douglas and Bell men. They cry out against coalition, and insist that the Americans, or the Demoerats, as the case may be, have been sold out, and transferred to the ranks; of their enemies. Coalition is a terrible thing with the Republican politicians, except it is for the exclusive benefit of their party. How long is it since the Republicans coalesced with the Demoour county, in the election of a Board of Super - gainst the Americans! Coalition was all hight then. They united on several different occasions with the Demoand yet not one word did we then hear from

mericans had a majority in the Assembly .- F. Watson, Watsonville The Republicans then bargained for a coali- N. H. D. WILSON, tion with the Democrats of the House, which JED. H. LINDSAY, they carried out. The Democrats secured C. P. MENDENHALL, the Speaker, the Republicans the Clerk and PETER ADAMS. the minor offices Americans were cheated WM. H. CUMMING, out of both, though they bad a plurality of the members. The Republicans were not afraid of coalition then, even with the Demoerais. It is not the principle that causes the be sent to Republicans so much trouble; but the fact that in this unin of national men, they read their fate, and the doom that awaits Sectional Republicanism.—Seneca Falls Revellie.

Preserving Peaches.

Mr. Edward Baderoft of Athens, Ga., has brought the art of perserving peeches in their own inice to great perfection. In the first place he takes much pains to procure very fine truit, making the cultivation of fruit trees a part of his business, in which he is very successful. Having superior ripe peaches, a little hot syrup made from double refined loaf sugar and their own juice, heated with the pealed peaches, prepares them for the most perfect sealing in tin cans or glass bottles .-His rule is, one pound of sugar to two of fruit. ved without fermentation, rich peach juice may be used at the table in various ways and give satisfaction every day in the year. It should be bottled in the way described by a recent correspondent for putting up new ci. and pay up, for by so doing they will save cost and no day in their office, an assessment of 5 per cent. was mistake.

and pay up, for by so doing they will save cost and no day in their office, an assessment of 5 per cent. was made, and ordered to be collected. public patronaga .- Southern Fuld and Fire- poration,

A Telling Fact-An Irrepressiblble Con-

Par and and gated Jere Clemens is in o mild in Alabams, meeting the Yancevites n their stronghold, and combating, with all te powers of his rare cloquence, the fell purposes of the Disunionists. In a discussion, the other day, in Huntsville, he fixed the responsibility for the present unhappy condition of affairs on the proper shoulders, in a manner as irresistible and overwhelming as it was simple. We quote from the Huntsville In-

"Col. Clemens stated one fact in his maserly speech here on Monday last, that should open the eyes of the people; a fact that should pondered by every man who loves his country. Slaveholders in particular should think

In 1840, the Abolition vote was but a little over 7.000. In four years, under Tyler's administra-

on, who was elected as a Whig, but turned Democrat, it increased to more than 62,000! In four years, under Polk, it increased to more than 286,000!!

In tour years, under Fillmore, it fell off to ss.than 158,000!1 In four years, under Pierce, it increased to aore than 1,341,000!!!

Such facts as these need no comment. Senible men can read and understand. It is a fact plain as daylight that the tendency of Democratic administrations is to increase the slavery agitation and to endanger our instituons. Democrats cannot deny it. Figures show it, and everybody knows it. We were toled by the fire-eaters and secessionists in 1856 that Millard Fillmore was an abolitionist, and yet the records of the country show that he did more to quell abolitionism than any other President .- Richmond Whig.

Official Stealing.

The New York City Government is worse, possible, than the U.S. Goverment. They teal by wholesale and retail, and their constituents, like the people of the United States grin and hear it." Recently fourteen of the to attend the Sanitary Convention at Boston. They went thither .- staid one day and come back. The sum of \$2.500 was appropriated for expenses. The whole amount was drawn and disposed of somehow. The following statement of the actual expenses of the committee per capita, which comes to us from a J. P. Tatman. | jan20-6m reliable source, will show what became of

Going and returning fares, including charges for an entire state-room and meals, amountel, perindividual, to Add total carriage hire, (50 cents per hour,

Boston rate) between railroad station and Hotel bill for a day and a sif

Tatal for each individual Total for 14

\$280 00 of the individual members of the two Committees."

that the increase will be not less than it was from 1840 to 1850. The addition to the numbers within that period was 716 756; the rate bers within that period was 716,756, the rate May 16, 1856. of increase nearly 29 per cent; more precisely Him. But in this I was disappoined; before 28. 0 per cent. At this rate of increase, which New York have a per cent. See York have a per cent. Him. But in this I was disappoined; before reaching the Church I was informed that at is not likely to be less, computations have best terms, and forwards for 2½ per cent, commission.

25.0 per cent. At this rate of increase, which is not likely to be less, computations have best terms, and forwards for 2½ per cent, commission.

26.10 per cent. At this rate of increase, which is not likely to be less, computations have best terms, and forwards for 2½ per cent, commission.

26.21 per cent. At this rate of increase, which is not likely to be less. Computations have best terms, and forwards for 2½ per cent, commission.

27.22 per cent. At this rate of increase, which is not likely to be less. Computations have best terms, and forwards for 2½ per cent, commission.

28.20 per cent. At this rate of increase, which is not likely to be less. Computations have best terms, and forwards for 2½ per cent. Commission.

28.20 per cent. At this rate of increase, which is not likely to be less. Computations have best terms, and forwards for 2½ per cent. Commission.

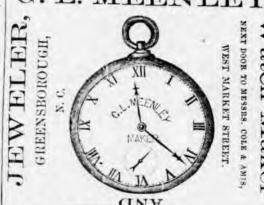
28.20 per cent. At this rate of increase, which is not likely to be less. Computations have best terms, and forwards for 2½ per cent. Commission.

28.20 per cent. At this rate of increase, which is not likely to be less. Computations have best terms, and forwards for 2½ per cent. Commission. population, within a few years. The figures Melodeons, flarps, Guitars, 8 are, indeed, startling, from their magnitude. sacred desk-r condition they and one who It is very certain that within the first quarter know me, well know I never would comply of the next century it will be at least fifty

Spring Sold.

The High Point Mineral Springs, with a quantity of land attached, has been purchased we understand, by Misses Barbee, of Barbee's Hotel in this place, who intend to fit it up for the accommodation of visitors. Of course not much can be done for the present season, but the High Point Springs will be a competitor in the race for public favor next summer. A road has been opened to the Spring, and conveniences arranged for those who go out to drink the water, and any who may conclude to give it a trial at present will find conveyances here ready at a short notice.-High

G. L. MEENLEY



REENSBOROUGH MUTUAL Pays all losses promptly!

DIRECTORS: John A. Mebane, W. J. McConnel, C. P. Mendenhall crais to defeat the Americans of this town, D. P. Weir, James M. Garrett, John L. Cole, N. H. D. Wilson, Wm. Barringer, David McKnight, M. S. Sher them against condition. And this was the case pretty generally throughout the State.

wood, Jed. H. Lindsay, Greensborough; W. A. Wright, Wilmington; Robert E. Troy, Lumberton; Alexander Miller, Newberne; Thadeus McGee, Raleigh; Thom-In the winter of 1855, on the meeting of the Legislature at Albany, it was found the A-borough; Rev. R. C. Maynard, Franklinton; Dr E.

Vice-President - - Attorney. Secretary and Treasurer. General Agent. J. A. MEBANE. Executive Committee J. M. GARRETT

All communications on breiness of the office, should PETER ADAMS, Secretary. Greensboro', N. C.

Large and Handsome Assortment A of Hardware—Among which may be found

Rim and Mortice Locks, Stock Locks, Pad Locks, Closet, Cupboard and Till Locks, A splendid assortment of Cutlery.
Fine and common Setts Knives and Force A beautiful kind of Pocket Knives Mill and Cross cut Saws,

Hand Saws-the Patent Combination Saws-Webb Saws and Key hole Saws, Trace Chains, Breast Chains, &c., Waldron's Grain Scythes and Grass do., Cast Butts, Wrought Hings, Screws, Patent Brads, &c. Key's Apple Pearers, &c., &c., &c.

R. G. LINDSAY. Without Regard to Cost!---We comfashionable and superior-made Clothing, such as all We did not know before we drank it of his kinds of patterns of Pants, Coats and Vests; a sumake, that the juice of delicious peaches is perb stock of plain and fancy Ties, Shirts, Drawers, capable of yielding a valuable wine. Preser. Hats, Shoes, Pistols, Perfumery, Walking-Canes, and a great many articles too numerous to mention. All those wanting to buy clothing cheaper than they were ever offered in this market, will do well to call on S. ARCHER & CO.

recently visited Mr. B's grounds, and having confidence in his skill and integrity, we therefully commend his nursey and fruits to the criminal confidence in his skill and fruits to the commend his nursey and fruits to the commend hi A. P. ECKLE, Mayor.

Business and Professional Cards.

JOS. UTLEY, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Fayetteville, N. C. 100-1y TAMES A. LONG .- Attorney at Law, will attend, all the Courts both County and Superior, of the Counties of Davidson, and Guilford. J. C. HEDGECOCK, ATTORNEY AT LAW Lexington, N. C. Feb. 17, 1858. 972 tf.

DR. A. A. HILL, LEXINGTON, N. C. OHN W. PAYNE, ATTORNEY AT LAW having permanently located in Greensborough, N. will attend the Courts of Randolph Davidson and Guilford, and promptly attend to the collection of all claims placed in his hands. Jan. 9, 1857. 915 tf

DR. W. P. PUGH IS FERMANENTLY SET-tled in HIGH POINT, N. C., where he will give his undivided attention to the duties of his profession. Special attention given to Obstetrics and the Diseases Women and Children. July, 1859.

DRS. COFFIN & COBLE, JAMESTOWN. purpose of PRACTICING MEDICINE in all its various branches. Special attention given to SURGERY. Office at R. R. Depot. Feb. 1859. 24 tf.

JAMES E. THOM having turned his attention to HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING, respectfully olicits the public patronage. Greensborough, October, 1859. D. MYERS, Commission Merchant,

OLD COUNTY WHARF,

Newbern, N. C., Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted t December 16, 1859. I SHELLY, Manufacturer of LADIES' FINE SHOES, BOOTS AND GAITERS, which he sells at wholesale and retail, Thomasville, Davidson

IOHN H. ROWLAND. | W. D. REYNOLDS. | J. H. ROWLAND & REYNOLDS, SUCCESSORS to Anderson & Reynolds, Grocers and Commission Merchants, NORFOLK, Va. Pay particular attention to the sale of Flour, Grain, Tobacco, etc., avoiding unnecessary charges, and rendering prompt returns. December, 1857.

Orders for shoes by the quantity promptly attended

J. HALE,-Late of Asheborough N. C., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Marshfield, Webster Co., Mo., will in future practice his profession in all the Courts, of the 14th Judicial Circuit Prompt and special attention given to the collection Aldermen were appointed, says the Times, of claims, and all other business of a legal nature in south-western Missouri.

M. C., with M'FARLAND, TATMAN & CO., Importers and wholesale dealers in FOREIGN and DO-MESTIC DRY GOODS, No. 247 Market Street and 234 Church Alley, between Second and Third Streets,
J. B. M'Farland, PHILADELPHIA. H. Berghauser,
J. P. Tatman. Jan20-6m J.R. C. Oldham JOHN M. CLARK, Commission Merchan

Wilmington, N. C. Keeps constantly on hand for sale, Fresh Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement and Plas-

Prompt personal attention given to consignments of Naval Stores, Cotton, Flour, Wheat or other country 1 00 produce for sale or shipment. apr 20

4 25 LEVI M. SCOTT. SCOTT & SCOTT, ATTORNEYS AND COUN Sellors at Law, - GREENSBOROUGH, N. C. Will attend the Courts of Guilford, Alamance, Ran-"The balance, \$2,200, went into the hands dolph, Davidson, Forsyth and Rockingham. All claims entrusted to them for collection, will receive prompt attention. Office on North Street, fourth door from Lindsay's corner.

Slave Increase

R. J. MENDENHALL, LAND AGENT, WILL
The new census will probably show the Warrants, make investments for capitalists at Western number of slaves in the United States to be rates, pay taxes, and transact a general real estate buover 4,000,000. This is on the computation siness, in Minnesota, Iowa and Wisconsin. Address Minneapolis, Minnesota.

ols, Covers, Music. etc. waslesale and retail. All Instruments warranted. Agent for "Lindsay's Patent Pump," Garden Engine, etc. Circulars of Instruments and Pumps sent free, on application. Refers to John A. Gilmer, C. P.

Mendenhall, D. L. Swain, and others. N. M. MARTIN, BRO. & CO., GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 139,

N. M. MARTIN, SON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Richmond, Va.

Petersburg, Va.

N. M. MARTIN, SR., H. A. MARTIN. H. L. PLUMMER, JR., W. K. MARTIN, N. M. MARTIN, JR. A Switter personal attention given to the sale of pro duce. Orders for goods promptly filled. 401y

OTTO HUBER, JEWELLER AND WATCH-MAKER, West Market, GREENSBORG', N. C., has on hand and is receiving a splendid and well selected stock of fine and fashionable Jewelry of every description, among which may be found several magni-

ficient sets of coral Jewelry.

He has also a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches. All repairing done in the BEST MANNER and warranted. All persons purchasing Jewelry, would do well to call on him before purchasing elsewhere, as he is confident that he can sell as good bargains as can be ought in this market.

August 1st, 1858. M. & G. LINES, Manufacturers and dealers om HEAVY DOUBLE-SOLED BROGANS, SINGLE-SOLED BROGANS, GENTS' KIP BRO GANS, and OXFORD TIES, at wholesale and retail,

Thomasville, N. C. Particular attention paid to double-soled Brogans, for egro wear, which are warranted to do good service at

LOW PRICE. The patrouage of the Southren people is respectfully olicited to this HOME ESTABLISHMENT, with the assurance that everything sold by us shall be of a good quality, and at a MODERATE PRICE.

J. F. HOWLETT W. HOWLETT & SON. DENTISTS, RE-. specifully offer their professional services to the citizens of Greensborough and all others who may de-sire operations performed on their teeth in the most approved, modern and scientific manner. They are odical Headache, or Bilious Headache, Bilious Fevers, amply qualified to perform all and every operation pertaining in any way to Dental Surgery, unsurppssed for Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitations, Painful Affec-

Philadelphia, and has been in the regular practice of Cure" removes the cause of these derangements, and the profession for over twenty years. They have furnished their Operating rooms on West Street, two doors above the BRITTAIN HOFSE, in a handsome and comfortable manner for the reception of by degrees become habited to do this their office of their Ladies, where one of the firm may always be found .- own accord. Hence arises what we term acclamitation. Ladies will be waited on at their residences if desired

SPRING TRADE. ELLETT & WEISIGER.

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS, No 167 Main Street, opposite Exchange Bank, RICHMOND, VA.

AVING made extensive preparations are now offering to the merchants of Virginia and North Carolina and Tennessee, at prices which cannot but insure a sale, the largest and most complete stock of Spring and Summer Goods ever gotten up in this market, which for quality, variety and elegance, cannot be excelled.
All they ask is a look before purchasing elsewhere.— Orders strictly and promptly attended to. Mr. J. L. Hutchinson, formerly of Union, Monroe ounty, Va., is interested in our business, and will levote to it his valuable services.

ELLETT & WEISIGER. 1v78mar16 DAPER HANGINGS. A fine assortment of Wall Papering, Window Sahdes, Fire Screens, &c., &c. Patent Roller ends and Pullies for Windows.

March, 1860. R. G. LINDSAY. NINE Carpeting. -- Ingrain, Taree-ply and Tapestry, Brussels, Rugs, etc.
R. G. LINDSAY. Office of the Greensborough Mutual Insurance Company, March 1st, 1860.—At a All those indebted to us will please come torward meeting of the Directors of this Company, held this

> PETER ADAMS, Secretary. ti77mar8 ANTED—an active YOUNG MAN to travel 1-3w

Scrofula or King's Evil,

s a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak and poor .-Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in any disease on any part of it.— No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is va-riously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disor dered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and above all, by the ven ereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children, unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit

the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed turbercles,; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous con-stitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; cobsequently, vast numbers perish by disorders, which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which deciminates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs arise from, or are agravated by the same cause. One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative dicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, The most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurga-tion of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence t should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as Eruptive and skin diseases, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Blains and Boils, Tumors, Tetter, and Salt Rheum, Scaldhead, Ringworm, Rheumatism. Syphilitic and Mercurial Diseases. Dropsy, Dyspepsia. Debility, and, indeed, all omplaints arising from vitiated or impure blood. popular belief in "impurity of the blood," is founded in truth, for scrofula is degeneration of the blood.—
The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla, is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions

Aver's Cathartic Pills. For all the Purposes of a Family Physic Are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who

at the a so simple and inviting. Nor only do they care the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Atmonac, containing certificates of heir cures and directions for their use in the following complaints : Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, and other kindred complaints, aris-

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF ough, Colds, Influenza. Hoarsness Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of con-sumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease. So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous

re the cases of its cures, that almost every section of buntry abounds in persons publicly known, who have country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apperiority of the i employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of monary organs that are incident to our climate While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

Fever and Ague,

From which mankind suffer over a large part of the globe, is the consequence of a diseased action in the system, induced by the poisonous miasm of vegetable decay. This exhalation is evolved by the action of a so-lar heat on wet soil, and rises with the watery vapor from it. While the sun is below the horizon this vapor lingers near the earth's surface, and the virus is taken with it through the lungs into the blood. There it acts as an irrating poison on the internal viscera and excreing organs of the body. The liver becomes torpid and fails to secrete not only this virus, but also the bile from the blood. Both the virus and the bile accumulate in the circulation, and produce violent constitutional dis-order. The spleen, the kidneys, and the stomach sympathize with the liver, and become disordered also. Finally, the instinct of our organism, as if in an attempt to expel the noxious infusion, concentrates the whole blood of the body in the internal excretories to force rushes to the central organs with congestive violence.— This is the CHILL. But in this effort it fails. Then the Fever follows, in which the blood leaves the central organs and rushes the surface, as if in another effort to expel the irritating poison through that other great ex-cretory—the skin. In this also it fails, and the system abandons the attempt exhausted, and waits for the recovery of strength to repeat the hopeless effort another These are the fits or paroxysms of Fever and AGUE. Such constitutional disorder will of course unermine the health if it be not removed. We have labored to find, and have found, an antiodote,

Ayer's Ague Cure,

Which neutralizes this malarious poison in the blood and stimulates the liver to expel it from the body. As it should, so it does cure this afflicting disorder perfect certainty. And it does more, or rather does what is of more service to those subject to this infecas it is absorbed, and thus keeps those who use it from its attacks; keeps the system in health although exposed to the disease. Consequently it not only cures, but protects from, the great variety of affections which ability or beauty.

The Senior of the firm has in his possession Diplomas Painful Affections of the Stomach and Bowels, all of from the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Amerian Society of Dental Surgeons, and Dr. S. S. Fitch of assume more or less the intermittent type. This "Agus ssume more or less the intermittent type. This "Ague cures the disease.

This it accomplishes by stimulating the exerctories

to expel the virus from the system; and these organs Time may accomplish the same end, but often life is not ong enough, or is sacrified in the attempt, while this "Ague Cung" dose it at once, and with safety. - We have great reason to believe this is a surer as well as safer remedy for the whole class of diseases which are caused by the miasmatic infection, than any other which has been discovered; and it has still another important advantage to the public, which is, that it is cheap as well as good.

PREPARED B DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.

SOLD BY PORTER & GORRELL, Greensborough S. Perry, High Point; Williams & Haywood, Raleigh; J. H. Holt, Graham. At wholesale by Purcell, Ladd & Co., Riebmond; N. F. Rives, Petersburg; M. A. & C. A. Sanios, Norfolk.

Brush Creek Land for Sale.-I wish to D sell my plantation, lying on the waters of Brush Creek, in the county of Gutlford, about nine miles North west of Greensborough. Said tract contains about 190 icres. A fair proportion of the land is heavily timbered; and that which is cleared is in a good state of cultivation,—a large portion of it being freshly cleared. The soil is suited to the production of tobacco, wheat, corn, &c. The improvements consist of a good dwelling, kitchen, barn, and other outhouses. Any letter addressed to me at Summerfield Post-office, Guilford ounty, N. C., will receive attention. I will take pleasure in showing the land to any one wishing to purchase a good plantation. F. P. TATUM. Guifford co., June 1, 1860.

UMBER! Lumber!! - Having purchased West of Thomasville, and formerly belonging to Dr. R. W. Glenn, I am prepared to fill, on short notice, all orders for LUMBER of every description. All persons who are now indebted to me for Lumber, are ANTED—an active YOUNG MAN to travel hereby notified not to pay the same except to myself or my order, and sell the best my order, and not to J. K. Bond. All orders for Lum-Books, Blank Books, Cap, Letter and Com. Wri \$50 Sewing Machine made. A very liberal salary will be paid. Call soon.

W. I. McCONNEL.

W. I. McCONNEL.

W. I. McCONNEL.

W. I. McCONNEL.

W. I. McCONNEL. W. J. McCONNEL. ti75feb 15

KENDALL'S CARRIAGE FACTORY,



Near Thomasville, Davidson Co., N. JOHN KENDALL

ctfully informs his friends and the public that is at his old stand manufacturing Carriages. Thankful for the very liberal patronage he has received for the last twenty years, he hopes by strict attention to business, with a desire to give satisfaction, to merit a continuance of the same. He warrants his work to be made of the BEST MATERIAL and by experienced workmen in each branch of the business. His work will compare favorably with any made in the State for neatness and durability. He is determined to sell and do work in his line on as good terms as an y work done elsewhere, that is well done. He has now en hand, finished, the largest stock of Carriage;, Rocknways and Buggies, ever offered in this part of the country, and a very large lot of work near-ly finished, which will be finished daily; all of which will be sold very low for cash, or on short time to punctual customers. All work made by him is warranted twelve months with fair usage, and should it fail by bad workmanship or material, will be repaired free f charge.

Persons wishing to buy would do well to call and examine for themselves.

Orders thankfully received and promptly attended to.

Repairing done on short notice and on ery reasonable terms. July 1, 1859. JOHN KENDALL.

42 tf

OYSTER SALOON.—The subscriber is pleased to inform the citizens of Greensborough, that h has opened his OYSTER SALOON on St opposite Weatherly's store, and next door to Parker's Harness Shop, near the old stand of Rankin & McLean, where FRESH FISH, and FRESH OYSTERS, either in the shell or otherwise, can be had at all times, ei ther by the WHOLESALE or RETAIL. Oysters will be served up at all times, in every variety of forms to suit the taste of customers. A variety of other articles will also be kept constantly on hand—such as Cigars,

Confectionaries, &c. The subscriber, when not in the Eastern part of the State himself, will always have an agent there, so that he will have constantly on hand a supply of Fresh Fish and Oysters. (jan20ti) E. J. WADE.

North Carolina, Guilford County.-A. D. 1860. Sherwood & Long vs Pylades Smallwood

W. A. Burr, Adm. vs same. E. J Hale & Son vs same. Attachments.

In these cases, it is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Greensboro Patriot for six weeks successively, for defendant Pylades Smallwood, to be bowed down with pain or physical debility, is as-bowed down with pain or physical debility, is as-pleas and Quarter Session, at the uext Court, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the Court house in Greensboro', on the third Monday of August next, then and there to replevy, plead, and answer or demur, otherwise udgment will be taken pro confesso and the land levon ordered to be sold.

Witness, Lyndon Swaim, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the third Monday of May, 1860. ju12 6w LYNDON SWAIM, C. C. C.

DEEWORTH FEMALE SEMINARY Greensborough, N. C. ng from a low state of the body or obstruction of its | This Institution has been in successful operation for twenty years, and for the last nine under its present

The Course of instruction is designed to afford to Southern parents an institution, in which can be se-cured every advantage afforded by the very best Fem ale Seminaries in the country. The liberal patronage we have received, whilst it has enabled us to offer superior facilities for the acquisition of a thorough educatic n, encourages un also to hope that our efforts are appreciated, and that soon all our Southern girls will receive

The Faculty consists of Seven Gentlemen and four

The next session will commence August 1st 1860. For Catalougues containin &c., apply to RICHARD STERLING. may25

NOTICE.—The firm of PULLIAM & BETTS baving this day ceased, William H. Betts will continue in the NEGRO AUCTION business, and has taken into Co-partnership with him E. J. Gregory.— They will conduct the business under the firm of Bette & Gregory, at their Sale Room on Franklin Street, four doors below Wall Street, and about one Square below the former office of Pulliam & Betts, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage which was so liberally extended to William H. Betts while in the firm of Pulliam & Betts.

They have obtained the services of Mr. Bushrod W. Elmore as Clerk, who has an interest in the business WM H RETTS

E. J. GREGORY.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES, Chemicals, just now receiving the largest stock of the above-mentioned articles ever offered in this market. One of the firm has just returned from the northern markets, he has been for several weeks selecting with extreme care every article pertaining to the drug business. We especially invite the attention of Physicians to our unusally heavy stock and splendid assortment. We feel confident that we can fill their orders with excellent quality of Drugs, and on such liberal terms, as to give entire satisfaction.

JEW FIRM, -The Firm of FISHER, FOARD & HOOKER, having been dissolved, we the undersigned have associated ourselves together under the Firm of FOARD & HOOKER, for purpose of coninuing the former business at the same place. We are thankful to our friends and customers for the past favors and hope by a CORRECT, ENERGETIC and PROMPT system of doing business to merit and re-ceive an increased patronage. We shall be able to furnish STAPLE DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PRO-VISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY, NEGRO CLOTH-ING, FARMINC TOOLS, Guano, Plaster, Lime, NORTH CAROLINA FLOUR, CORN, HAY, FISH, CYPRESS tion. If taken in season it expels it from the system SHINGLES, &c., &c., at as low prices as any other house in Eastern North Carolina. Having our own Vessels, Wharf, Drays, etc., we will pay particular attention to the FORWARDING AND COM-

MISSION BUSINESS. We will also make liberal cash advances on Consign-JNO. F. FOARD, O. HOOKER-Newbern, N. C., May 29, 1860.

Buckets! Buckets!! 1860 Patent Carpet Sweeper, Carpet Tacks, Wooden Trays and Kitchen Bowls, Well Rope, Bed Cord, Plough Lines, Garden Lines, and Chalk do., NEW Style Spring Hats--1859.

New Style Soft Hats, The Young Gents Moleskin Hat, The Picolomini Soft Hat, The Union The Filmore Blk Cap and a variety of other styles. Also, Straw, Leghor and Panama Hats. March, 1860. Polting Cloths and Burr Mill Stones

The genuine Anker brand Cloths of all Nos. from 1 to 11 inclusive, kept in full supply on hand. French Burr Mill Stones of any size to order, and warranted, delivered at Wilmington, Fayetteville, or any Station on the North Carolina Rail-Road. R. G. LINDSAY. April, 1859. Corner of Elm and Market St.

We have now in Store and for Sale, and offer them at LOWER PRICES, for CASH, than they can be found. Any person buying twenty dollars worth or more of Dry Goods, and paying cash, shall be entitled to five per cent. discount. W. J. McCONNEL. General Assortment of Hardware Grain and Grass Scythes, Nails, Cordage, etc. R. G. LINDSAY,

Corner of Elm and Market Streets. OR SALE .- A QUAKER CITY SEWING MA-Apply to NOR SALE, -One of Many and Wood's Respers ly used one year, in good order.

W. J. McCONNEL. and Mowers, which will be sold for \$85.00; on-

Thomasville, Davidson county, e promptly attended to.

VALENTINE CROTTS.

VALENTINE CROTTS.

VALENTINE CROTTS.

Thomasville, Davidson county, ting Paper.

Ink, Envelopes, Steel Pens, &c

March, 1860.

R. G. LINDSAY

subscribers on the 20th of May last their man George; about 25 years of age, yellow complexion, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, quick spoken, laughs frequently and loud when in conversation, wears his hair long, and is a little round shouldered. and weighs about 170 or 175 pounds. George is an unusually smart and fine looking Negro; he formerly belonged to Mr. Saml Bethel of Caswell county, and is supposed to be in his former neighborhood. The above reward will be given for said negro if confined in any jail so that I get him again. For further par-ticulars, address A. A. Patillo, at Yanceyville, or the subscribers at Pactolus, N. C.

C. & D. PERKINS.

JOTICE .- Taken up and committed to the Jail of Guilford county, oh the 4th of December, 1859 a negro boy aged about 22 years, dark copper color five feet six inches high, and weighs about 144 pounds says that his name is WILSON, and was raised by a Mr. McRae, near Bristol, Va.—was sold to a trader named Klipper, and ran away from him near Peters-burg—jumping from the train. Said boy had on when arrested a brown Kentucky Jeans Coat, green check Casimere Pantaloons, and a white wool Hat. No marks except a scar on the left side of his head which is not discernable except when his hair is pushed aside.

The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be dealt with according to law.

jy5 68tf

C. A. BOON, Sheriff.

195 68tf C. A. BUOM, Salety, un Raleigh Standard copy six months, weekly, un less sooner ordered out.



CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND CHARLES STREETS BALTIMORE, MD. THE Largest, Most Elegantly Furnished, and Popu-lar Commercial College in the United States. De-signed expressly for Young Men desiring to obtain a

Thorough Practical Business Education in the shortes

essible time and at the least expense. A Large and Beautifully Ornamented Circular, con taining upwards of six square feet, with Specimen of Penmanship, and a Large Engraving (the finest of the kind ever made in this country) representing the Interior View of the College, with Catalogue stating terms, &c , will be sent to Every Young Man on application, Free of Charge.

Write immediately and you will receive the package by return mail. Address, E. K. LOSIER, Baltimore, Md. marl-ly

North Carolina, Guilford County, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term A. D. 1860 James N. Nelson, Guardian, vs John H. Bennett.

Allen Lowry vs same. C. A. Boon vs same. Attachments. In these cases it appearing to the satisfaction of the inhabitant of this State; it is ordered by the Court, that advertisement be made in the Greensborough Patriot for six successive weeks for said absent defendant to be and appear before the Justices of our said Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the next Court to be held for the County of Guilford, at the Court House in Greensborough, on the third Monday of August next, then and there to replevy, plead, answer or demur, or judgment will be rendered pro-confessed, and the property levied on ordered to be sold according to law.
Witness, Lyndon Swaim, clerk of said court, at office,

MONTICELLO MALE AND FEMALE ACADEMY The second session of this school will commence on he 18th July, under the charge of competent teachers m both departments, The prospects of the school are good, and its success so far all that its friends could expect. It is the determination of the Trustees to leave nothing undone to make it equal to any school in the country. It is situated in a healthy and moral neighborhood, and in every way offers advantages to parents and guardians equal to those offered by any ther school in this country.

the third Monday of May, A. D., 1860. jull2 6w LYNDON SWAIM, C. C. C.

TRMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Primary English Branches, Higher do. and Mathematics. Classics and do. Contingent fund, Music and the Ornamental Branche

Languages, charged extra at the usual prices.

Board can be had in good families, at a convenient listance from the school house, at \$6.00 @ \$6.50 per ISAAC THACKER. Chm'n of the Board.

July 1, 1859. ARRIAGE SHOP .- I have just put up a of town where I will be pleased to receive a call from any one wishing any thing in my line. I will either have on hand or make to order, Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, &c., which will be sold on accommodating terms. And I will promptly repair such work as may de left at my shop. I would hereby return my grateful thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore re-

ceived, and hope that my long experience in the bu-siness, and street attention to my work will ensure M. B. ARMFIELD.

SPRING. ROBERT G. LINDSAY, s now receiving and opening a large and handsome Stock of SPRING COODS. Ladies Dress Goods in variety,—Ladies Lace and Embroidered Goods, Gloves, Hosiery and Shoes.

Doe-Skins-English, French and American fancy Cas- North-Eastern Rail-Road, will be ferwarded free ef simers, double and single width-Superior Margilles Vestings, &c., &c. The public are invited to call and examine his stock as he feels satisfied he can please. mar15tf

Gentlemen's wear, an excellent stock- the and

\$50 Reward.—We will give a reward of fifty dollars for the delivery of our boy Lindsay in Greensborough jail, with evidence to convict any person who may be harboring him; or we will give wenty dollars for his delivery in Greensborough jail. All persons should feel an interest in the arrest of said boy. He is about twenty-one years old, five feet ten inches high, dark complexion, white teeth, and weighs about one hundred and sixty-five pounds. DONNELL & HIATT.

VALUABLE LAND for Sale. - HAVING valuable plantation, situated about two miles North of Lexington, and near the road leading from Lexington to Salem. The tract contains about 246 acres, and is well suited to the growing of Tobacco. It also contains a large quantity of very valuable MEADOW land. The improvements consist of a large and good Dwelling House, good Barn, and all other necessar, out-buildings. Persons desirous of purchasing a good farm, near a pleasant village, and near a Railroad, would do well to call and see for themselves. tf75feb1860. VALENTINE SOWERS.

W C.DONNELL'S Photographic Gal-• lery is now opened, and Cameotypes, Melaino-types, and AMBROTYPES, which cannot be surpassed for DURABILITY and BEAUTY are taken in Lockets, Pins and Cases, to suit the tastes and purses of all .-Having permanently located in Greensborough, they confidently expect a liberal patronage. Call and examine Specimens, and learn the Prices. Rooms formerly occupied by A. Starrett, second story of Garrett's brick building, West Market St ,

Greensborough, N. C. Sept., 1859. NEW Hotel in Statesville. Would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a **Hotel** on South Street, in STATESVILLE. N. C. His table will always be furnished with the

no trouble or expense in making the weary traveler comfortable. Statesville, October 16, 1258. DAINTING. -- THE UNDERSIGNED IS PRE pared to do House, Sign and Ormamental Painting at short notice and on the most reasonable terms. Persons who are desirous of engaging his services in the above business, will please call and see him at his residence at Rich Fork, Davidson county, or address him at that place or Lexington, and their orders will be

attended to. July 24, 1855. ANDREW CALDCLEUGH Jorth Carolina, Randolph County.

August 10th. 1860. Whereas, Thomas Brooks has filed in this office his bill of complaint, against Henry B. Elliott, Wm. S. Marsh, and others, to recover the amount of a bond, which he

alledges to be lost. And it appearing by the allega-tiods of said bill, verified by the affidavit of B. F. Hoover, that Henry B. Elliot is not an inhabitant of this State, it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Greensboro' Patriot notifying, the said Henry B. Elliott to appear at the next Term of the court of Equity to be held for said county at the Court House in Asheboro' on the 4th Monday of September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said requested to report to the Sheriff. heard exparte as to him.

VALUABLE PROPERTY For Sale. executed of P. R. Wharton, dec'd, I wish to sell a very valuable Tract of Land lying in the county of Rockingham North. Carolina, on the waters of Tromblesome Creek. Said Tract contains about four hundred acres, with about one hundred and forty of bottom, which is very rich, and so situated as not to be subject to over-flow. be subject to over-flow. A part of the bottom is in a high state of cultivation, and the balance in the asign-al forest. The upland is productive and valuable, well timbered.

timbered. There are some improvements on the premises, among which I will mention a tolerably good dwelling, an excellent barn, and a number of other ouildings, that could, with a little repairing, be fit for It is seldom that so valuable real estate can be purchased in this part or the country. Any person wishing to purchase a first rate plantation, will find it to his inerest to call and examine the land, and learn terms.

I wish also to sell a first class Steam Saw Mill which is located on the above tract. Said steam Mill has only been running some four yoars, as good as new, in good condition, is in a neighborhood where there is great demand for lumber, and has heretofore commanded a heavy custom. The steam Mill will be sold ded a heavy custom. The steam Mill will be sold with the land or detached with a small portion of the land, and sold separately, as may best suit purchasers.
On the same tract, there is a new store house, situated at a very desirable stand for a store, at a public place, and where the surrounding neighbors are anxious for goods to be kept and a good business could be done. The Store house, with a sufficient quantity of land attached, for mercantile purposes, could be either leased or purchased on reasonable terms.

I am consident of consmumating a trade, whenever a man applies who desires to purchase such property, as I am sure the property will recommend itself, without any farther description from me. The land is immediately on Troublesome Creek, some 3 miles below the old Iron Works, and 41 miles East of Menticello, on the road leading from Danville to Greensboro". Any person wishing to confer with me on the subject, will find me at my residence in the county of Reckingham, two Miles North of Monticello, Guilford county, N. C.

The Danville Register will copy until forbid, and orward act to this office.

CARD .- Intending to move by the 1st of March. A 1860. to the house now occupied by Messre. McKinsey, Flood & Co., (at the Market House.) we avail ourselves of this method to inform our friends and the public generally, of the proposed change, and to assure them, that with enlarged facilities for conduct-ing our business, we shall be prepared to offer for CASH or to prompt paying dealers on short time, the usual variety of Goods kept in a first-class Grocery House,

WM. W. WHARTON.

at the lowest market rates. Returning thanks for the generous patronage heretyfore extended to us, we hope to have the opportunity, at our new location, of serving our friends and the public, in such manner as to merit a continuance of their favors.

GRASTY & RISON. Danville, Va., Eebruary 20, 1860.

As Agents for the sale of Reese's Manipulated Gua which is equal to the Peruvian, and \$10 in the ton cheaper-we are prepared to furnish it from our Store, or upon notice, from Ringgold or North-side Stations, at the Richmond price, adding freight. Send in your Orders in time.

GRASTY & RISON.

QUAKER CITY Sewing Machines. J. & F. GARRETT, of Creensborough, sole agents for the State of North Carolina. In offering these machines to the public, we do so

with full confidence that they will give entire satisfaction. We do honestly believe that this machine is the best adapted to all kinds of sewing-from the coarsest kerseys to the finest Swias muslins—of any other ma-chine that has been patented, from the fact that our machine has two holes on the bed plate, one for fine sewing, and one hole for coarse sewing. We have sold between seven and eight thousand dollars of the Qua-ker City machines in North Carolina, and we feel that the reputation of the Quaker City machine is fully es-tablished. Persons wishing our machine without the case should send us \$50. The machine with case is sold at \$65. We sell the hemmers at \$5; oil-can, 25 cents; screw-driver, 25; needles \$1.00 per dozen.— Persons that wish any references as regards the Quaker City machine, we can refer them to over one hundred gentlemen in the State that are using our machines. Send on your orders for machines. They shall be promptly attended to.

WALKER'S CORN HUSKER.—A NEW and useful invention, for which we have just obtained a Patent. A Good corn husker is a muchine long sought after by our farmers, as being one of the hand can husk from thirty to thirty-five barrels of corn per day, leaving the shuck in a most admirable condition for feeding stock. It is remarkable for its simplicity, cheapness and durability, and will require but a few minutes to satisfy the most incredulous of its practical utility. This Machane is one among the few new invention that will STAND THE TEST, and go into general use upon its own

merits. As we are desirous of introducing it into all the States of the Union as early as possible, a rare opportunity to MAKE MONEY will be offered to those who may desire to purchase State rights. Persons at a distance desiring further particulars will please address

the subcriber at Greensborough, N. C. WM. E. EDWARDS, Agent. August 11, 1859. QAIL-ROAD NOTICE! NEW, CHEAP AND EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE FOR FREIGHT FOR THE INTERIOR OF N. CAROLINA!

Merchants and others about purchasing their Fall and Winter supplies, are requested to notice that by the completion of the North-Eastern Rail-Road from Charleston, South-Carolina, to Cheraw, the advantages of a cheap and expeditions route from the Sen-board has been opened to them.

All Freight consigned to the care of the Agent of the

No charge will be made for storage at Cheraw; all Goods will be taken care of in the Company's Warehouse until sent for. A Schedule of charges for transportation of Freight will be found at the Post Office.

S. S. SOLOMONS. Engineer & Superintendant August 6th, 1858.

EW YORK AND NORTH Carolina The Atlantic and North Carolina Rail fload being now completed to Beaufort Harbor, I have determined to locate at Carolina City, for the purpose of doing Forwarding and General Commission Business, and hope by promptness and strict at tention to merit your patronage and support. Being the Agent of Murray's Line of First Class Packets, to CAROLINA and MOREHEAD CITY every effort will be made to make this the cheapest and most expeditious route to New York. Vessels will be loaded and discharged at my Wharf (adjoining the Rail

Road Wharf,) and thereby save CARTAGE and LIGH TERAGE. Particular attention will be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of Produce. WILLIAM B. GRANT. All shipments of Produce to D. Colden Murray, New York, will be forwarded free of Commission.

Carolina City, N. C., July, 1858 .- 995 if. 540 ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.—Having determined to make Vest, I offer for sale my valuable lands, East of Lexington-one mile of the N C R Read, did

44 miles from Thomasville Depot. The tract contains 540 acres. It is in a compact form, and can be divided into two desirable tracts. About 340 acres are well timbered. The lands are well adapted to raising tobacco. They are also well adapted to the raising of Wheat and Corn. There is on the premises 20 acres of good meadow, and a valuable orchard. The improvements are desirable. Said lands will be sold privately, and if not disposed of before the 1st of December, 1860, will be old at public sale. For further information address the subscriber at Rich Fork, P. O., Davidson county, WM. F. HENDERSON.

jan17tf Taxes! Taxes!!-Circus Riders, Stage Play ers, Itinerant Singers, Insurance Companie Bank Agencies, Brokers, Express Companies, Billian Tables, Bowling Alleys, Livery Stables, Dentists, Purtriat Painters, Vendors of Playing Cards, Lightning Rods, Auctioneers', Merchants, Ready-Made Clothing, Patent Medicines, Peddiers.

For the benefit of those engaged or interested in either branch of the above business, I append the 57th Section of the Revenue Law, from which they will discover what the penalty is for non-payment of their respective Taxes:

"Sec. 87. Every person that shall carry on any business intended to be taxed, as per schedule B., without having previously received a license as required, shall, in addition to the taxes, forfeit and pay one hundred dollars, to be collected by distress or otherwise, by the sheriff, one-half to his ewn use; and the other half to the use of the State." C. A. BOON, Sheriff.

C. A. BOON; Sheriff.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS. As required by law, notice is hereby given, that I have received the Tax List for 1859. Those interested will do well to call at the Court House, where the List is open

Witness S. S. Jackson Clerk and Master in Equity for Randolph county at office in Asheboro', this 10th day of August 1860. S. S. JACKSON, C. M. E.

JAMES A. LONG, ATTORINEY AT LAW,
GREENISBOROUGH, N. C.

H. SACKERMAN & CO.,

aug10-99

best the market affords. His constant aim will be to N. C. promote the comfort of his guests; and he will spare P. S .- I would take in exchange for the above tract of Land YOUNG NEGROES, at fair prices.