State Library

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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Does a general collecting business. Claims in any part of the state collected. Also acts as administrator and guardian.
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LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. John B. Fariss is in New York.

Mr. R. G. Hiatt made a business trip to the mountain country last week.

Mr. S. L. Gilmer is building a couple of nine-room flats on North Elm street.

Mr. Arthur B. Pearce is now a full fledged freight conductor on the Southern.

If you want a good suit of clothes cheap, call on R. P. Gorrell at 527 South Elm street.

Mrs. S. B. Andrews, of Charlotte, mother of Mr. E. M. Andrews, of this city, is desperately ill.

Mr. J. M. Wood, of Walnut Cove, now holds the position of collector in the Greensboro National Bank.

Extensive improvements are being made by the street force on Walker avenue, near the Normal college.

Another car of cotton seed meal and hulls just received. Get our prices on ton lots. TUCKER & ERWIN.

A new Elliot & Fisher book typewriter was installed in Register Kirkman's office at the court house Monday.

Misses Mary Miller, Maggie Burkett and Pearl Benbow spent Sunday at Oak Ridge with Miss Benbow's parents.

An attractive directory of the Western North Carolina Conference, which meets here next Wednesday, has just been issued.

Mr. D. W. Marsh has accepted the dual position of chief of police and tax collector at Thomasville, and entered upon his duties this morning.

Mrs. J. C. Frazier and mother, Mrs. A. Foard, returned last Thursday from Raleigh after a two-weeks visit with the family of Mr. C. L. Hanner.

At a civil service examination held here Saturday fourteen were examined for the position of clerk or carrier and ten for the position of rural carrier.

Our school baskets are the delight of every child that sees them. Get one now, while the assortment is complete. TUCKER & ERWIN.

A new fire insurance company which will have a half million dollars capital is being formed in Greensboro. It will not confine itself to North Carolina business.

Deputy Grand Master W. L. Woodard and a number of fraternal brethren from Greensboro instituted a new lodge of Odd Fellows at Gibsonville last Saturday evening.

Mr. D. F. Cooper, of White Oak, has sworn out a warrant charging John Lay with the larceny of $25 in gold from a trunk in Cooper's room. Lay is in Danville at present.

Ladies who want dress goods of any quality, from 25 cents to $1 a yard, will find it both pleasant and profitable to look through the new line displayed at Thacker & Brockmann's.

The name of Mr. D. B. Smith, a former Greensboro lawyer, appears among the incorporators of a new $500,000 life insurance company at Charlotte chartered Monday by the state.

Mr. A. C. Forsyth, of the firm of Forsyth & Watkins, is able to attend to business a part of the time. He is still going about on crutches, though his injured ankle continues to improve.

W. M. Staton bought a pair of Thacker & Brockmann's Douglas shoes first of January last and is still wearing them. They have been half soled three times and there is not a break in the uppers yet.

Prof. Thomas Newlin, of Guilford College, occupied the pulpit of the Friends church here Sunday morning, the pastor, Rev. Williams, being kept at home by the illness of a child suffering with diptheria.

It is reported that the equipment has been purchased for Congressman Blackburn's new paper, The Tar Heel, which is scheduled to make its appearance next month. Mr. G. S. Bradshaw, of this city, will be the editor.

Mr. R. A. Wheeler, of High Point, was here Monday. He is enthusiastic over prospects for the inter-urban electric line, now that a contract has been given out for the construction of the line from Winston to High Point.

A telegram informing Mrs. M. A. Murray of the desperate illness of her niece, Mrs. Reynolds, caused her to leave Monday night for East Orange, N. J. Mr. L. M. Scott, father of Mrs. Reynolds, has been there for two weeks.

Mr. S. N. Cone attempted to assault Mr. R. W. Haywood, editor of the Telegram, Monday evening in the lobby of the Guilford, but mutual friends interfered before any harm resulted. Mr. Cone took exceptions to the way a recent gambling case in which he figured was reported in the Telegram. In the mayor's court yesterday he was fined $20 and costs.

PRIMARY TEACHERS MEET.

A State Organization That is Doing Effective Work.

The Primary Teachers' Association of North Carolina met in annual session at 9.30 o'clock last Thursday morning in the Curry building of the State Normal and Industrial College the attendance numbering nearly 100. The association membership embraces a great many of the primary teachers of the state from the first to the third grades, inclusive. The opening session was called to order by the president, Miss Leah D. Jones, the secretary, Miss Anna Meade Michaux, being at her desk. The first subject discussed was "First Steps in Reading," by Miss Elizabeth Bernard, of Asheville; Mrs. Johnson, of Salisbury, and Miss Hattie Eldridge, of Greensboro. "Language and Written Work," was next taken up by Miss Hattie Dull, of Winston, and Miss Mary Owen Graham, of Charlotte. Miss Julia Raines, of Greensboro, then made an interesting address on "Manual Training," and at the afternoon session "Nature Work" was discussed by Miss Emma Blair, of High Point, and Miss Etta Spear, of Goldsboro. Miss Tillman, of Salisbury, spoke on the subject of "School Gardening," and Mrs. M. O. Humphrey, of Goldsboro, and Miss O'Neal, of Greensboro, addressed the association on "Number Work."

At 5 o'clock that afternoon an address on "Music" was given by Miss Margaret Gannon, of Greensboro, and at night a social meeting was held, short addresses being made by President George S. Sergeant and Messrs. C. H. Ireland and C. M. Vanstory, of the city school board of Greensboro; Supt. W. H. Swift, of the city schools; Dean J. I. Foust, of the State Normal and Industrial College, and others. Friday morning the members of the association visited the schools of the city and vicinity, and a business meeting was held at 2.30, followed by a Round Table, "Motor Work" being discussed by Mrs. W. F. Robinson, of Durham; Discipline by Miss Edith Royster, of Raleigh, and Home Study by Miss Annie Wetmore, of Pomona.

All the teachers, those at home as well as those who came from other places, were enthusiastic over the success of this, the first meeting. They feel that the interchange of opinion and the comparing of notes were helpful in the extreme and that they can go back to their work better equipped than ever before for their work. So enthusiastic are they over the good realized from the meeting that they have decided to seek to enroll in the list of members every primary teacher in the state.

A special effort that was mapped out at the meeting here is the formulation of a definite line of nature study for the three grades of the primary department.

The time and place for the next meeting were left open and will be announced later by the executive committee.

The officers of the association are: Miss Leah Jones, of Greensboro, president; Miss Emma Blair, of High Point, vice president; Miss Mary Owen Graham, of Charlotte, secretary and treasurer. These officers with the following form the executive committee: Miss Hattie Eldridge, Miss Myrtle McMasters.

Virginia Contractors Will Build Reservoir

Greensboro's new twenty-million-gallon reservoir will be built by a Martinsville, Va., firm of contractors, S. S. Ordway & Co., the contract having been placed by the water and light commission Saturday, the price being $40,000. The reservoir will be built on an elevation about three quarters of a mile this side of Reedy Fork. A contract for the pipe line had already been let to the California Redwood Company, and work on both contracts will be pushed rapidly to completion. Even under the most favorable circumstances several months will be required to complete the plant, involving an expenditure of approximately $125,000.

Richard H. DeButts, the clever and capable ticket agent of the Southern Railway here, was united in marriage last week at Belleville, Ontario, to Miss Mattie Foster Jones, a charming young woman who had spent nearly a year in North Carolina. After a wedding tour of the principal Canadian cities, New York and Washington, Mr. and Mrs. DeButts have returned to Greensboro and are making their home with Capt. and Mrs. D. D. DeButts.

It will pay any one wanting a piano or organ to write E. M. Andrews for his new system of purchase at 6 per cent. to the buyer. It costs you nothing for information. Be quick. Send at once. (Mention this paper.) 43 2t.

New Trial Begun in the Williams Case.

After a week had been spent in Federal court examining witnesses in the Williams cases a mistrial was ordered yesterday because of the illness of a juror, Mr. T. J. Wilson, of Rockingham county, and forthwith a new jury was empaneled and the case begun anew without objection. Six of the original jurors, Messrs. M. H. Robertson, D. A. Murray, W. I. Witty, Noah H. Smith, James Smith and Thomas Gourley, and six new jurors, Messrs. J. R. Cutchin, J. H. Rankin, A. C. Rankin, W. H. Rees, W. R. Land and W. H. Turner, all the latter from this city, comprise the new jury. The hearing of evidence followed promptly the completion of the jury, but some delay may occur because of the absence of witnesses who had already been discharged at the first hearing. A wagon load of records taken from the books of the internal revenue department, the railroads, express companies, etc., are to be considered in the hearing and two weeks or more will be occupied by the term, necessitating a postponement of the regular term of court beginning at Asheville next Monday.

Yadkin Man Loses a Leg in the Southern Railway Yards.

While wandering about the Southern Railway yards here Saturday evening under the influence of liquor, I. C. Warren, a young man from Huntsville, Yadkin county, lost a leg under a passing engine or train. No one witnessed the accident and it may remain a mystery as to just how it occurred, but when Warren was found a short distance west of the passenger station his leg had been nearly severed near the knee, and he was hurried to the Greensboro hospital, where amputation was made. Warren came here last week as a witness in the Federal court, and on Saturday had been to Winston, where he secured a supply of liquor. In a grip he carried at the time of the accident were two broken and two unbroken bottles of whiskey. Railroad employes who saw the man shortly before the accident say he was partially intoxicated then.

Furniture Manufacturers Meet.

The North Carolina Case Workers' Association was in session here Friday afternoon and night at the Benbow Hotel. Dr. W. G. Bradshaw, of High Point, is the president, and Mr. Charles Ragan, of High Point, is secretary. While it is called the "North Carolina Case Workers' Association," it is really an association of furniture manufacturers of the entire South. A goodly number of members were present at the meetings here and matters of moment to furniture manufacturers were discussed at length. Among the other business transacted was the election of delegates to the meeting of the National Case Workers' Association which will be held in Chicago on November 7. Those chosen were Dr. W. G. Bradshaw, of High Point; A. E. Tate, of High Point; W. P. Boatwright, of Danville.

Police Officers Exonerated.

The board of aldermen made a thorough and careful examination last night of the charges against several policemen charged with cruelty in making recent arrests and by a unanimous vote sustained the officers. A large number of witnesses were examined and it appeared to the board, after hearing all the cold facts in the case, that the officers were justified in their harsh treatment of Phillips and Loy, whose arrests gave rise to the charges preferred by Dr. Griffith. A recommendation that the officers be more careful in the future was disapproved by the board.

Superior Court News.

In the Superior court within the past week Annie G. Hardin was given $509.95 in her damage suit against S. A. Schloss. The case of J. M. Millikan vs. G. W. Denny, involving the right to use certain land adjoining their homes for alley purposes, was nonsuited and an appeal taken by plaintiff to the Supreme court. Charles David was awarded $500 damages for injuries received while engaged in the construction of the White Oak Mill. The case of Dean vs. Battle & Matthews has been before the court most of this week.

A twenty thousand dollar damage suit was instituted against the Southern Railway Company in Guilford Superior court Thursday by Col. John A. Barringer, attorney for Games C. Winningham, on account of the loss of a leg at High Point September 14th, when plaintiff's foot was crushed by the wheels of train No. 29 at High Point, necessitating amputation near the knee at the Junior Order Hospital in that town.

The Largest Bank in Guilford County 4%

Banking by Mail

Rural free delivery, now established in almost every section of the state, gives the farming communities the same banking facilities that are enjoyed by the city residents.

We pay 4% interest on savings accounts. Write for booklet telling how to send money conveniently and safely by mail.

Southern Life & Trust Company
Greensboro, N. C.
CAPITAL, $200,000.00 SURPLUS, $50,000.00
4% E. P. WHARTON, PRESIDENT R. G. VAUGHN, TREASURER A. W. MCALISTER, VICE-PRES. DAVID WHITE, SECRETARY 4%

GREENSBORO TOBACCO MARKET.

MARKET REPORT.

The receipts on our market for the past week have been quite heavy, and, in fact, they have been heavier than we had expected, especially so during the latter part of the week, Saturday's sales lasting until the afternoon.

The quality of the tobacco was about in keeping with past offerings, which run from common to good medium for the majority of it, but prices on all grades have steadily advanced for the past week and are now at the highest points they have been at any time during the present season. We have, however, had a few good medium wrappers during the past week which were eagerly sought for at good prices; in fact, our buyers are very anxious for all grades of tobacco and are paying outside prices to get it.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO FARMERS.

After November 1st there will not be any sales on this market on Mondays, because of the fact that our warehousemen want to get out into the country and talk with the farmers. This is according to the action of the Greensboro Tobacco Association, and we believe it will be helpful to everybody.

F. M. Lee, of Oak Ridge, sold with us the past week.

J. W. Sutton, of Summerfield, was here the past week and got good prices for his tobacco.

George W. Lindsay was here twice the past week, which shows what he thinks of this market.

Jeff. Huffines says to tell you that we are all here and living and will be glad to see everybody any time.

Milton Cummings, a faithful patron of this market, was here with tobacco the past week and got more than he expected.

T. M. Webb, of Brown Summit, sold a curing of fillers here yesterday for $92.50 and was very much pleased with his prices.

A. E. Fryar, A. G. Rankin and Lee Davis were among the prominent farmers of this county who sold with us the past week.

James Strickland, James Kellam, J. H. and J. T. Sharp, of Rockingham, were among the good patrons of our market the past week.

Mrs. H. A. Hooper had tobacco on our floors the past week, and judging from the prices she got she is a better farmer than Mr. Hooper.

Mr. S. S. Phillips, of Oak Ridge, who is on the jury this week, sold a load of tobacco with us Monday and was very much pleased with prices.

Our warehousemen say that farmers have been highly pleased with prices the past week and are very much encouraged at the outlook and with their sales.

S. W. Cobb was here the past week with tobacco. His prices ranged from $5.90 to $22.50, making an average of over 12 cents. Mr. Cobb was very highly pleased.

Yancey B. Low, B. B. Low, R. A. C. Kernodle and Jno. E. Iseley, of Alamance county, were among the good farmers who sold with us the past week and realized fine prices.

H. R. Gerringer, W. L. Morton, J. L. Sheppard and Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Scott were among the Guilford county farmers who patronized us last week and went home highly pleased.

Frank Barber, Frank Roach, M. G. Bevill, J. T. Huffines and R. M. Huffines were among the good farmers who patronized us the past week from this county and went home happy.

E. R. Warren, who is a good farmer in the northern part of the county, sold with us last Saturday. His prices ranged from $6 to $29, and it is useless to say that he was highly pleased.

Hugh Sharp, S. H. Troxler, Roscoe Sharp, Sam Sharp, S. G. Williams, L. S. Thomas, T. P. Williams and W. J. Simpson were here the past week from Rockingham county and were very much pleased with prices.

A. W. Gant and Miss Ida Gant sold with us last Saturday. Their prices ranged from $7.50 to $28 per hundred, which made a very handsome average for them. They got more than they expected and were highly pleased.

T. M. Morgan, Alex. Inman, R. T. Shaw, Oscar McCanless, C. A. and J. W. Harris, J. W. Fargis, E. J. and Jas. Wilson, Lewis Miles and Miss Flora Gerringer were among the well pleased patrons on our market this week.

We had a large sale yesterday which was a very satisfactory one. We did not see a single pile taken in, nor did we hear a single farmer complain about prices. Everybody seemed to have gotten more than they expected. Our buyers want tobacco and are always willing to pay for it.

Mac Fitzgerald, a good colored citizen of the northern part of this county, was here with a load of tobacco for which he wanted $100. He was afraid he would not get it because it did not weigh out as much as he expected. However, when he got his check it amounted to $113.16, so it is useless to say that he went home almost shouting.

Dr. Charles D. McIver, president of the State Normal and Industrial College, reached home Monday morning after an absence of two months spent in Europe. State Superintendent J. Y. Joyner, who accompanied him on his tour abroad, went direct from Washington to Raleigh. Both gentlemen enjoyed their trip hugely and both have profited by the observance of educational methods in the countries they visited.

If you wish to buy or sell any kind of Rough or Dressed **LUMBER**, Shingles, Etc., Etc., call on or write to
J. S. MOORE & COMPANY.
Office in Greensboro Loan and Trust Building, Greensboro, N. C. 1-tf

FOR LEASE—One two-horse farm. Good buildings, orchard and meadows. See me at once. ANNIE ROSS, 36-tf. Pleasant Garden, N. C.

If you want dry goods at the right prices, go to R. P. Gorrell's new store, 527 South Elm.

W. S. THOMSON, President. J. VAN LINDLEY, Vice Pres. LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.
The
City National Bank
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Greensboro, N. C.
CAPITAL, - - - $100,000
SURPLUS AND PROFITS, 30,000

Your stocking may be large enough to hold the savings for which you have labored and sacrificed, but is it safe enough? There is only safe way—

BRING YOUR MONEY TO THIS BANK

and deposit it in the Savings Department, where it not only will be safe but earn you money. Act now. Delays are dangerous.

DO you want to get the hay seed out of your hair? "Join the good roads gang." Do you want to keep good horses and good vehicles at a less cost than you are now paying? Then join the good roads gang. Do you want more schools and better schools at a smaller cost than you are now paying? Then join the good roads gang. Do you want to draw six loads of produce to market while the other fellow is dragging one? Then join the good roads gang. Do you want the best winter Suit and Overcoat that you ever owned for the price? Then see us, and see us quick.

Chisholm, Stroud, Crawford & Rees

300 South Elm Street.

Bedford's Liver Pills

The Pills that do not Gripe

50 in bottle for 25c

Your money back if not satisfied

FARISS-KLUTZ DRUG CO.

WE NEVER CLOSE.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Paul W. Schenck has returned from an extended business trip to Arkansas.

Mr. W. J. Jones has become traveling salesman for Vick's Remedies, representing Mr. L. Richardson, the manufacturer.

The Southern Life and Trust Company, of Greensboro, has organized another of its branch institutions at Albemarle, Stanly county.

The stockholders of the Greensboro Electric Company at their annual meeting last Wednesday re-elected all old officers and directors.

Siler City Grit: Mr. T. J. Murchison, who recently moved here from Greensboro, has purchased the stand and stock of goods of Mr. Claude W. Smith, in the old Riddle building.

Asheboro Courier: Married, at the residence of the officiating justice in Franklinsville township, October 22, 1905, Mr. J. F. Cross to Miss Jennie Allred, all of Millboro, E. L. York officiating.

Mr. Will Patterson, of Morganton, and Miss Mary Neece, of eastern Guilford, were united in marriage last Thursday afternoon at the Reformed parsonage in Burlington by Rev. J. D. Andrew.

Govenor Glenn has appointed Messrs. T. J. Murphy and J. S. Kuykendall, of this city, delegates to the Southern Conference on Immigration and Agriculture to be held November 9 and 10 at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Mr. W. B. Stewart, who has been in Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, for treatment for some time, returned last Wednesday night. He states that his stay at the hospital resulted in considerable benefit to him.

Asheboro Courier: Sheriff Finch showed us a basket of nice scalybark hickory nuts and a small hammer that he was sending to President Roosevelt. The basket was to be handed on the President's special when it stopped in High Point.

Mrs. B. B. Boulden and children have gone to Charlotte Court House, Va., to join Capt. Bouldin, who is superintendent of the schools there. Miss Helen Boulden will remain in Greensboro during the winter. She is stenographer at the Keeley Institute.

Judge A. L. Fitzgerald, a native of Rockingham county who has been living in Nevada for thirty years, came to Greensboro last week for a short visit with his sister, Mrs. J. J. Horney. Judge Fitzgerald is pleasantly remembered as one of the reunion visitors here three years ago.

A suit for $30,000 has been brought against the High Point, Randleman, Asheboro and Southern Railway Company by T. J. Murphy, as counsel for Mrs. Palie H. Cox, administratrix of Cyrus E. Cox, a railway postal clerk who received injuries in a wreck resulting in his death.

Salisbury Post: Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Fries, one time residents of Salisbury, but now of Greensboro, were here yesterday, the guest of Mrs. Fries' father, Mr. M. M. Bailey. They leave this week for Mexico for a several weeks' trip and on their return will locate in Atlanta for the winter.

Several stacks of straw and a pen of shucks were destroyed by fire at the county home last Wednesday. The blaze was prevented from spreading to adjacent buildings by the systematic efforts of Mr. J. A. Wyrick and his force of macadam road builders who were at work near the home.

Winston Journal, 27th: Mrs. Chalmers Glenn and her grand-daughters, Misses Annie and Ailsie Glenn, left Baleigh on Wednesday for Greensboro, where on Thursday they were joined by Mrs. James D. Glenn and yesterday the family went to Chatmoss, Va., to visit Mrs. James Glenn's mother, Mrs. Ailsie Hairston.

ALWAYS LIBERAL TO CHURCHES

Every church will be given a liberal quantity of L. & M. paint. Call for it.

4 gallons Longman & Martinez L. & M. paint mixed with three gallons linseed oil, will paint a house.

W. B. Barr, Charleston, W. Va. writes: "Painted Frankenburg block with L. & M. stands out as though varnished."

Wears and covers like gold.

Don't pay $1.50 a gallon for linseed oil, which you do in ready-for-use paint.

Buy oil fresh from the barrel at 60 cents per gallon and mix it with L. & M.

It makes paint cost about $1.20 per gallon. Sold by Gibsonville Store Co., Gibsonville, N. C.

Mr. T. J. Lowrey has sold The State Chronicle, a weekly paper published at Stokesdale the past year, to Prof. J. M. Sharp, principal of Sharp's Institute, Rochingham county, to which place the plant has been moved. Mr. Lowrey has returned to his old home at Mt. Airy, where he will conduct a furniture store. He was editor and publisher of The Mt. Airy News for a number of years.

Cleared for Action.

When the body is cleared for action, by Dr. King's New Life Pills, you can tell it by the bloom of health on the cheeks; the brightness of the eyes; the firmness of the flesh and muscles; the buoyancy of the mind. Try them. At all druggists, 25c.

Conditional Pardon for Guilford Boy.

The Raleigo News and Observer of the 24th said: "A conditional pardon was yesterday granted to C. C. Curtis, of High Point, by Governor Glenn, this to be effective during his 'good behavior, sober and industrious' condition. Curtis, a young white man about 17 years old, was convicted in Guilford county in August, 1904, of the larceny of a watch, this being found in his trunk in his boarding house, and was sentenced to three years in state prison. He contended that he had not put the watch in his trunk. Recently the man who roomed with him fled the state, and now upon the application of the two prosecutors, who say they do not believe he is the thief, and on the recommendation of the trial judge and the solicitor, Governor Glenn granted this conditional pardon."

A Surprise Wedding.

A surprise wedding took place last Wednesday night at 6 o'clock when at the home of Mrs. R. C. Ridge, on South Spring street, Miss Mrytie Scarborough and Mr. Will Coffin, both of Asheboro, were united in marriage, Rev. Dr. S. B. Turrentine officiating. The happy event was witnessed by a number of close friends of the bride and groom. Mr. and Mrs. Coffin left at once for their home. The bride graduated from the Normal College in 1901 and she is very pleasantly remembered here. She is a niece of Mrs. Ridge and a daughter of Mr. H. H. Scarborough, with Wood & Moring, Asheboro. Mr. Coffin is a successful and popular young man of his town.

Resolutions of Respect.

Be it resolved by the Southside Hose Company in meeting assembled:

That, whereas an all-wise Providence has seen fit to take from our midst our friend and brother, William L. Guthrie, in the first flush of young manhood.

Now therefore, we, though knowing our inability to comfort those with sorrow for a loved one cold in death, wish to pay our tribute to the memory of our friend and brother, and to express to them who mourn his loss our heartfelt sympathy in this their hour of affliction.

Be it further resolved that a copy of these resolutions be spread on our minutes, a copy sent to the family, and a copy published in the papers of city.

R. D. Douglas,
E. J. Mendenhall,
B. Phipps, Committee.

The Raleigh Post is the first paper at the capitol to denounce in unmeasured terms the peculiar graft that obtains there every time the city is filled with guests. The street car system, livery stables, restaurants, bootblacks and everyone else that doubles their rates to strangers on slight provocation all fall under the Post's lash and somebody is going to squirm. The Post has gone up against tough propositions before and it will not be worsted in this controversy, as every fair-minded man in the state will uphold it in its effort to correct an inexcusable abuse.

Mr. Paul C. Lindley, of Pomona, has instituted suit against the Fries Power and Manufacturing Company, of Winston-Salem, on account of injuries received by him in being thrown from his automobile, which was struck by a street car in the suburbs of Winston-Salem several weeks ago. The summons has been served but the complaint has not yet been filed, though it is understood that Mr. Lindley will ask for $6,000. His hip was badly hurt in the accident and he is not yet able to get around without the aid of crutches.

The Shiloh Methodist Protestant congregation is building a new church a short distance from Julian. Several families heretofore affiliating with that denomination at Shiloh and Tabernacle have organized to build a church in Julian and already have the foundation laid and material on the ground for the structure. It is believed that the Julian church will be added to the Tabernacle circuit.

Letter to The Patterson Co., Greensboro, N. C.

Dear Sir: The handsome residence of Oliver Gildersleeve on Main street, Portland, Conn., was painted in 1888 with Devoe and again in 1901.

There's 13 years; there are hundreds of such; the difficulty is to hear of 'em.

Reminds us of another. The Farrington residence, Rockland, Maine, was painted Devoe 21 years ago; the paint was in fair condition 5 years ago, when we saw it; don't know any more. Our agents here, Messrs. Farrand, Spear & Co., know. Enclose a stamp, if you write 'em.

Yours truly,
78 F. W. Devoe & Co.

The Odell Hardware Co. sells our paint.

The Buckhorn dam in the Cape Fear, recently completed at great cost, has already given rise to complaints from landowners who fear their property and health will be damaged. The dam has backed up the water in Deep River at Lockville, twelve miles distant, six and one-half feet. The electric plant which will be operated at the dam is yet to be installed.

Governor Glenn refuses to pardon W. R. Murray, who at the January term, 1905, of Durham Superior court, was tried for murder, convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to two years on the public roads of Durham county, but he modifies the sentence so as to permit Murray to serve his time in jail.

Oil, needles, parts and attachments for all sewing machines at McDuffie's Furniture Store. 4-tf

THE NEW

Plantrs Warehouse

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Sold tobacco for Mr. Lee Davis at the following prices: **$11.00, $12.50, $20.00 AND $30.00,** making an average of over 19 cents a pound.

Bring Your Tobacco to the Planters

and always get the highest market prices for every pile. We are always glad to serve you. All grades of tobacco have advanced and we are making some nice sales now. Bring us your next load and be convinced that the Planters is the place to sell your crop. Hoping to see you at the Planters soon, we are, Your friends truly,

J. J. Meador AUCTIONEER

R. O. Gamble PROPRIETOR

See my home made shoes before buying your winter shoes. I have the best shoe on the market.

J. Frank Ross,
39-tf Pleasant Garden, N. C.

All the **Newest Things** in Good Shoes

The BEST QUALITY and LOWEST PRICES

We carry a large stock and NOTHING BUT SHOES

Our entire time is spent LOOKING AFTER YOUR SHOE WANTS

We give you the very best for your money and can take care of ALL YOUR SHOE WANTS, from the cheapest Solid Leather Shoe to the best Shoe made, and from the smallest Infant's size to the largest sizes for Men and Women

Strictly ONE PRICE

PEEBLES SHOE CO.

216 S. ELM ST.

One Million Assets

OVER 5,000 DEPOSITORS IS THE RECORD OF THE

Greensboro Loan and Trust Company

IN FIVE AND A HALF YEARS

We solicit the business of the public and guarantee the best possible services.

We are authorized to act as Guardian, Receiver, Trustee, and Executor of Estates.

OFFICERS

J. W. Fry, President. W. E. Allen, Treasurer.
J. Ad. Hodgin, Manager Savings Department.

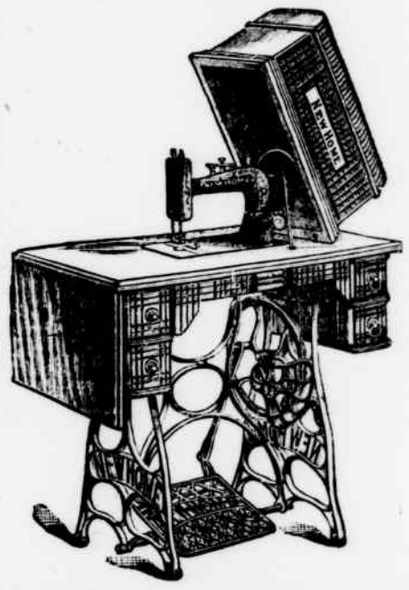
N. J. McDUFFIE

FURNITURE AND SEWING MACHINES

The Best Time to Buy a Sewing Machine.

Home is not complete without one. It is the most useful article in the house. We are making a run in this particular line and have placed on sale the New Home, Climax, New Ideal and Standard Sewing Machines at unusually low prices. Other exceptional values in cheaper machines—$12 to $25.

Repair Department—We have a regularly appointed repair shop in connection with our store, in charge of a machinist of over twelve years experience in repairing all kinds of Sewing Machines, both for family and manufacturing purposes. All work fully guaranteed. Oil, Needles, parts and attachments for all Sewing Machines.



FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

Cash or credit.

N. J. McDUFFIE

OPPOSITE McADOO HOTEL. GREENSBORO, N. C.

Commissioner's Sale.

North Carolina, Guilford County. } In the Superior Court.

Mary I. Gordon, et al, vs. J. P. Harris, et al.

By virtue of the power vested in me by order of the Superior Court in the above entitled cause, I will, on

Monday, November 6, 1905,

at the court house door in Guilford county, sell to the highest bidder for cash, a certain tract of land in Center Grove township, Guilford county, adjoining the lands of T. J. Starrs, J. P. Warren, Julia Lewis and others, containing seventy-seven (77) acres, being a part of the lands formerly owned by Peter Harris.

This October 3rd, 1905.

GARLAND S. FERGUSON, JR., Commissioner.

GARDNER'S CHILL PILLS CURE

50¢ GUARANTEED BY DRUGGISTS 50¢

NORTH STATE CHEMICAL CO. GREENSBORO, N. C.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

MUNICIPAL MATTERS.

Paving Regulations Fixed—Telephone Franchise Wanted—Charges Against Police Officers.

Several important ordinances relating to street and sidewalk paving were passed by the Board of Aldermen in regular session last Friday night. In addition to this Dr. J. W. Griffith preferred charges of cruel treatment to a prisoner against Chief of Police Neeley and three other officers, an application for a franchise for the North State Telephone Company was made, and a lot of routine business transacted.

One of the most important ordinances passed at the meeting was one offered by Alderman Thompson, which provides that after the new vitrified brick pavement is put down on Elm street anyone taking up the pavement or any part of it shall be fined $50, and every brick so removed shall constitute a separate and distinct offense. It is provided, however, that in cases of extreme emergency the city may remove the pavement. This ordinance is passed in order that when the new pavement is put down it cannot be removed for putting down pipes, as is often done. Wherever the pavement is put down the street will have to be tunneled from the side in making connections of pipe instead of going down from the top of the street. The Board of Aldermen say that it is impossible to have a good street so long as it is constantly being torn up and carelessly replaced. This ordinance was unanimously adopted.

Alderman Hunter offered an ordinance which requires that hereafter all sidewalks laid on the city shall be of cement or granolithic, and that the sidewalks shall be of the standard width and style provided for by an ordinance already in force. Another ordinance was passed in this connection providing that the sidewalks of certain streets in the city should be required to be repaved as soon as the curbing is placed. The following streets are required to be paved of cement or granolithic, five feet wide: Mendenhall from West Market to Spring Garden; Morehead avenue from Spring Garden to Jackson; Cedar from West Market to Bellemeade; Eugene from Sycamore to Walker avenue; Gaston from Davie to Forbis; Walker avenue from Mendenhall to city limits; Schenck from North Elm to Greene; Pearson from Gorrell to Douglas; Gorrell from Asheboro to Martin; Edgeworth from Bellemeade to Greene; North Elm from Schenck to city limits, and Fifth avenue from Percy to Franklin.

The following streets are to have concrete sidewalks four feet wide as soon as the curbing is placed: Rankin from Mendenhall to Tate; Ashe from Washington to Gaston; Bragg from Asheboro to Martin.

Alderman Hunter, chairman of the street committee, stated that four concerns were now furnishing curb for the city and arrangements are being made for more.

Dr. J. W. Griffith came before the board and preferred charges against Chief of Police Neeley and Officers Causey, Glenn and Small, and after the reading of the charges they were referred to the mayor and city attorney with instructions to call a meeting of the board for an investigation of the charges. Dr. Griffith read the following as the charges against the officers:

"To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

"Gentlemen: I hereby prefer charges against Chief of Police Neeley and Officers Glenn, Causey and Small, for cruel, unreasonable and uncalled-for treatment of a prisoner while in custody of said officers Sunday morning, October 8, 1905.

"I charge that said Officers Glenn, Causey and Small, after arresting one Tom Phillips, on South Elm street, near Washington, instead of calling the patrol wagon and taking the prisoner to the station house in a manner becoming the dignity of the law, and the city they represent, did seize and drag the said prisoner up South Elm street to near the Greensboro Electric Company's offices, exposing his nakedness and tearing his clothing, making the scene very objectionable and revolting to the numbers of people on the street at the time, and after such cruel and inhuman treatment, being protested against by a citizen of the city, continued the same treatment without in any way trying to avert the same.

"I charge also that Chief of Police Neeley, while said prisoner was lying quietly on the ground, flat of his back, did seize him by the throat and choke him without reason or necessity.

"I charge further that Officers Small and Foushee, on the same date, on South Elm street, near the Southern Railway crossing, struck and otherwise unreasonably abused one John Lloyd, under arrest and a prisoner in their charge, and after same was handcuffed and in the patrol wagon, did choke and beat said prisoner with a "billy" in such a shameful and brutal manner as to make the scene revolting and horrible in the extreme to the many ladies and gentlemen on the street, returning to their respective homes from church services."

Dr. Griffith said that in preferring these charges against the officers, he did it not on account of any ill feeling he bore towards the officers, but in order that the board might be informed of their conduct and steps taken to right the wrong.

E. D. Steele, of High Point, secretary and treasurer of the North State Telephone Company, made an application to the board for a franchise for his company to establish and maintain a telephone system in Greensboro, and upon motion the application was referred to a committee composed of Aldermen Harrison, Brandt and Wysong. The committee will report at a meeting to be held next Tuesday night.

P. D. Gold, Jr., asked that the board appoint a committee to confer with the County Highway Commission and Contractor Abbott in regard to extending West Market street to the city limits. A committee composed of Aldermen Thompson and Wysong was appointed.

Judge R. C. Strudwick appeared before the board and asked that a plank walk be put down on South Edgeworth from McGee to Washington street or south to Walker avenue. The request was not granted on the ground that the property-owners are required to keep the sidewalks in condition. Judge Strudwick said that South Edgeworth street was a "disgrace to any civilized community on the American continent."

Capt. J. W. Fry, chairman of the board of cemetery trustees, stated that in order to make the needed improvements at the cemetery three lots owned by Mrs. N. G. Jones are necessary. Capt. Fry proposed that the city issue its note for the amount of $1,020, the price of the lots, and pay for same out of money realized from the sale of lots at the cemetery. The keeper's house will be moved to the lots, which are in front of the cemetery.

Alumnae Bazaar and Chrysanthemum Show.

The local alumnae of Greensboro Female College are busy with preparations for the chrysanthemum show and alumnae bazaar to be given for the benefit of the college November 16, 17, 18.

This plan for raising $10,000 to be used in aiding the completion of the front of the building, was devised by the alumnae in their annual meeting at the last commencement in June. The local arrangements were entrusted to the alumnae of Greensboro, with the expectation that the alumnae throughout the state would co-operate with them in this important work.

The managers have not been disappointed in this expectation, for there have been many responses in the way of handsome pieces of handiwork and money contributions for the purpose of helping on the good cause. The alumnae of Winston, Raleigh, Newburn, Reidsville and other points, have united in their several communities to send handsome donations, while individuals here and there throughout the state have sent their tokens of loving interest in their alma mater. Nothing has been more gratifying or touching than the remembrance shown by members of the classes of '46, '48, '57, and other early dates in the history of the college. What a tribute from these daughters, whose temples, now adorned with the snow of many winters, come with their offerings to show their appreciation of the blessing which their alma mater has brought to their lives.

Doubtless there are some former students of the college who, owing to a change of name or of residence, have not received a notification of this plan. Should this notice come under their observation, we trust they will feel prompted to join with their sister alumnae in making the alumnae bazaar a grand success, worthy of the great old institution for whose benefit it is given.

Contributions from old students or other friends of the college may continue to be sent to Mrs. Lucy H. Robertson, Greensboro, N. C., up to the opening of the bazaar.

Children Bitten by Mad Dog.

Siler City Grit: A mad dog over about Cole's Store, Randolph county, bit two children Sunday morning, one of whom was Johnny Mann, the eight year old son of Mr. W. H. Mann, who received a severe bite in the mouth, tearing out several teeth. He was carried to Greensboro Monday and from there carried to some other place for treatment. The name of the other child was not learned. In its course the mad dog bit several other dogs. So far as we are informed the dog supposed to have hydrophobia is still at large and when last seen was near Causey.

A special sent out from Raleigh last Wednesday said: In the Supreme court this morning the damage suit of Col. W. H. Osborn vs. Col. Leach and the News and Observer was formally reported compromised and settled in that the defendants have agreed to pay $1,000 damages and all costs in the case, amounting to about another $1,000. It is understood that the $1,000 paid is to be divided among the counsel for the plaintiff. Col. Osborn insisting that all he wanted in prosecuting the case was vindication from the charges in the libelous article published."

Saved by Dynamite.

Sometimes, a flaming city is saved by dynamiting a space that the fire can't cross. Sometimes a cough hangs on so long, you feel as if nothing but dynamite would cure it. G. T. Gray, of Calhoun, Ga., writes: "My wife had a very aggravated cough, which kept her awake nights. Two physicians could not help her; so she took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which eased her cough, gave her sleep and finally cured her." Strictly scientific cure for bronchitis and La Grippe. At all druggists. Price 50c and $1; guaranteed. Trial bottle free.

To Meet in Greensboro.

An invitation extended by the various colored churches and educational institutions of Greensboro has been accepted by the colored Young Men's Christian Association of the United States to hold its sixteenth annual conference in this city and the meeting will be held November 30th to December 3rd, at which time delegates will be in attendance from all the associations of the country, besides prominent speakers and leaders among the colored people. It is estimated that there will be about 150 visitors and delegates here.

Mr. J. E. McKnight might appropriately be termed the "marrying squire," if his matrimonial docket were offered in evidence. He officiated at three weddings last week, two white and one colored couple availing themselves of his magisterial services. On Saturday evening he married Mr. James Pate and Miss Eva May Davis, both of Guilford county, at the home of Mr. Charles Morris in White Oak. The same evening at his residence he married John A. Forbis and Miss Pearl Freeman, both of the Marshall Mills. The groom is a son of Capt. J. W. Forbis, of eastern Guilford, and the bride is a daughter of Mr. Gaston Freeman.

E. M. Andrews, of Greensboro, N. C., has something new in the piano and organ trade. It pays to the purchaser 6 per cent. on their own account. Send for catalogue stating the price you want to pay, etc. (Mention this paper.) 43-2t.

It is expected that the new Catholic hospital on Summit avenue will be completed early in January, if not before. Delay in receiving material has hindered the work somewhat of late, but satisfactory progress is now being made.

LAND POSTERS—25 cents a dozen, printed on heavy cardboard.
36-tf. E. L. TATE, 118 N. Elm St.

The Clegg Commission Co. has just received another car of choice bananas.

Terrific Race With Death.

"Death was fast approaching," writes Ralph F. Fernandez, of Tampa, Fla., describing his fearful race with death, "as a result of liver trouble and heart disease, which had robbed me of sleep and of all interest in life. I had tried many different doctors and several medicines, but no benefit, until I began to use Electric Bitters. So wonderful was their effect, that in three days I felt like a new man, and today I am cured of all my troubles." Guaranteed at all druggists; price 50c.

Many children inherit constitutions weak and feeble, others due to childhood troubles. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will positively cure children and make them strong. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Holton's drug store.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

T. J. McADOO
ALL KINDS
Electrical Supplies
GREENSBORO, N. C.

L. FRANCIS HANES
PHOTOGRAPHER
HIGH CLASS WORK ONLY.
Studio: Opposite the McAdoo House.

Dr. Griffith
DENTIST

I can make it to your advantage to give me your Dental Work.

You Can't Beat My Prices

nor get better work anywhere. If my work fails I will make it good—I guarantee it.
I have a modern equipped office and I show my patients courteous attention.

OFFICE OVER GARDNER'S DRUG STORE

BIG REDUCTION IN MILLINERY

We are selling all our Summer Millinery at a big reduction.

ALL NEW
UP-TO-DATE GOODS

We have a beautiful line of collars, belts, and in fact everything in ladies' furnishing to offer our customers.

Mrs. Rosa Hamner Carter
Benbow Arcade, Opp. Benbow Hotel.

It's a Fact

that everyone in speaking of buying FURNITURE says you can get better goods and save money if you will only go to the big Furniture Store opposite the court house. We carry everything in Furniture.

CARPETS, MATTINGS, STOVES, RANGES.

Huntley = Stockton = Hill Co.
110-112-114-116 N. ELM ST., OPP. COURT HOUSE.

FOR YOUR ROOFS

If you believe in Quality; if you want the best for your money; if you want Durability and Satisfaction, you will insist upon having

PAROID ROOFING

and will not take an imitation. Paroid is admittedly the standard roofing of the world. It has taken us nearly 100 years to perfect it. Any one can lay it, in any kind of weather—and it "stays put." Weather proof, wear proof, contains no tar. Slate color. Complete roofing kit in each roll. Before you repair or build send for **FREE SAMPLE** and book on "Building Economy." It will save you money.

FOR SALE ONLY BY
GUILFORD LUMBER COMPANY
GREENSBORO, N. C.

SEND FOR FREE SAMPLE

ATTENTION!

We are now ready to serve our patrons with the best of MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, HATS and SHOES the country affords

We have made great preparations for fall and winter trade, as we want to beat all previous records, and we are confident that we will do it, as we have both the right kind of goods and the right kind of prices. In order to start off the season with a boom we offer special bargains in every department. Notice a few of the many inducements we shall offer during this season. You will be surprised to learn what a few dollars will do for you here in the way of Clothing.

Men's and Youths' Suits

Men's and Youths' Cassimere Suits for	$ 5.00—worth	$ 7.00
Men's and Youths' Cassimere Suits for	6.50—worth	8.50
Men's and Youths' Worsted Suits for	7.50—worth	9.00
Men's and Youths' Thibet Suits for	9.00—worth	10.50
Men's and Youths' Unfinished Worsted Suits	10.00—worth	12.50
Men's and Youths' Fancy Worsted Suits for	12.00—worth	15.00

These suits are well tailored and are of the richest colorings.

Boys' and Children's Clothes

Our Boys' and Children's Clothing Department is of SPECIAL INTEREST. We carry an enormous assortment in a large variety of prices. They are substantially made. The seat and knees are doubled and the seams are sewed with silk.

Children's Blouse Suit, 3 to 11	1.50, worth	$2.00
Children's Russian Blouse ...	2.00, worth	2.75
Children's Sailor Suit	3.00, worth	4.00
Children's Norfolk Suit.....	3.50, worth	5.00
Children's Buster Brown	4.00, worth	5.50
Boys' Norfolk Suit, 12 to 17 .	1.50, worth	2.00
Boys' Clb. Suit, 12 to 17	2.50, worth	3.00
Boys' Clb. Suit, 12 to 17	3.00, worth	4.50
Boys' Clb. Suit, 12 to 17	3.50, worth	5.00
Boys' Clb. Suit, 12 to 17	4.00, worth	5.50
Boys' Clb. Suit, 12 to 17	5.00, worth	6.00

Shoes for Men and Boys

Our stock consists of a large variety of Shoes in all grades of leathers for various purposes, and you'll find no trouble in getting just what you are wanting in quality, style and price.

Our 98c Shoe for Men is worth $1.50.

Our $1.50 Shoe for Men is worth $2.25.

Our $2.00 Patent Leather Shoe for Men is worth $3.00.

Our $2.50 Patent Leather Shoe for Men is worth $3.50.

Our $2.50 Box Calf Shoe for Men is worth $3.50.

Our $2.50 Vici Kid Shoe for Men is worth $3.50.

Our Heavy Shoes are the best that you can buy for the money, and every pair is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

OUR HAT AND CAP DEPARTMENT SALUTES YOU

We always maintain complete stocks of Hats and Caps. You will be surprised at the excellent values we give you for the moderate prices, which range from $1 to $5.

We have every good kind, color and shape of Hat and Cap that's worthy of consideration. Every man looks best in some particular style of hat. Come and see what kind of hat your particular style of beauty requires. Expect more for your money and you'll not be disappointed.

We are at your service and always ready to show you.

I. L. BLAUSTEIN
304 SOUTH ELM STREET.

THE AUTOCRACY IS DOOMED.

Appalled by Outburst of Russian Wrath the Czar Strikes Shackles From His People.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—As the result of a series of special ministerial councils under the presidency of Count Witte, held to adopt measures to deal with the situation, the new national assembly of law and laws granting practical freedom of the press and of speech and meeting, will be promulated forthwith.

Upon the peremptory demand of Prince Hilkoff, the minister of railroads, the budget covering the remuneration of railroad employees will be revised to meet the promises last spring. Unless this was done the prince announced that he would resign.

Count Witte, even in advance of the promulgation of his formal appointment as premier, completely dominates the situation.

Interesting details have been learned regarding Count Witte's interview with Emperor Nicholas last week, at which it was agreed that the time had come to limit the autocratic power and give the people a real share in the government of the empire.

The emperor asked Count Witte to speak frankly, and after listening to the stateman's exposure of the situation, he appeared to be utterly unnerved by the deplorable state of affairs and cried out that he was weary of the struggle and left like leaving all and fleeing to Darmstadt, hence probably the origin of the report that the emperor was going abroad.

Count Witte, however, told the emperor that in his opinion not even a republic could now save Russia from anarchy. It was the emperor's duty to the people and the country to face the situation by meeting their wishes, namely, to abrogate the autocratic power and grant a constitution by creating a ministry responsible alike to the crown and the representatives of the nation. The emperor finally accepted, requesting Count Witte to draft a project which in skeleton form he approved last Sunday, when the count agreed to accept the premiership on condition that he could name the ministers and that they should report to his majesty only through himself as head of the cabinet.

RUSSIAN RAILWAY LINES TIED UP.

Strike Contagion Spreading—Entire Empire Resembles a Volcano.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—Russia is practically isolated today from the rest of the continent of Europe as the international train service on all the lines have virtually ceased. The tie-up in the interior is more complete than yesterday. The only trains running are operated by the railroad battalions The strike contagion is spreading. All classes of workmen are organizing similar strikes and industrial life in the country is coming to a standstill. The situation can not long continue. Either the workmen will soon be starved into submission, or pillage, with military interference and bloodshed on a large scale, are bound to follow.

At Moscow, 600 cabmen have already fought the strikers, whom they charge with taking the bread out of their mouths. In many cities, especially at Moscow, the question of food is becoming extremely serious. Collisions between troops and strikers are reported to have occurred at several places. At Ekatorinoslav, a regular pitched battle between soldiers and strikers was fought, and the city was left in darkness. But, as a rule, the revolutionary leaders are keeping their men in hand.

Communication by telegraph with many interior points is interrupted.

The whole country is becoming alarmed and in St. Petersburg an incipient panic prevails. The boats and the Finnish trains, now the only means of egress, are crowded with people fleeing abroad. The situation here has grown much worse over night. The ranks of the 40,000 workmen from the mills and factories who joined the strikers yesterday were increased by 50,000 more this morning. All the employees of the port, 4,000 in number, walked out and 12,000 other men from the steel works left work in a body.

LIKE A BESIEGED CITY.

The inhabitants of St. Petersburg awoke to find the capital resembling a beleaguered city. The shops in the Vasilostrov districts and in all the suburbs are closed, windows are boarded and barred, and mounted patrols are to be seen everywhere in the streets.

Except in the heart of the city, women are afraid to venture out. Workmen are gathering at all the places frequented by Father Gapon, but they are quiet, and the Cossacks have had no provocation to interfere. The general appearance of the town is menacing.

The prices of food have gone up, and the supply of beef is only sufficient for three days, but there are ample supplies of wheat and rye for two months. The emperor and the court at Peterhoff are supplied by a warship from St. Petersburg. All the families who can afford it have laid in supplies and can stand a siege. The suffering is the heaviest on the poor who live from hand to mouth. All the bakers sold out their bread before noon. The meat dealers have been ordered by the revolutionists not to deliver meat to the troops, under pain of death, and, consequently, the soldiers are living on canned food. The butchers have notified their patrons that the meat markets will probably be closed tomorrow because of lack of meat. All the St. Petersburg schools were closed today.

ALARM INCREASES.

During the afternoon, the alarm in St. Petersburg increased. The meat markets were raided by anxious purchasers and all the oil and candles were sold out. The people feared that the city would be plunged in darkness, but General Trepoff acted energetically. The troops took possession of the water, gas and electric light works, and a strong guard was placed around the treasury.

Jewelers hurriedly sent their stocks to places for safekeeping, and the shopkeepers continued the work of boarding up their windows this afternoon.

During the afternoon, striking workmen began marching into the outlaying districts and inviting their comrades to join them. The police and troops did not interfere, but by General Trepoff's orders, the spirit shops were closed. During the day the pharmacists formally struck.

The police are becoming frightened, many of them offering their resignations.

Reports from the interior say that the troops are moving a few trains, but with great difficulty. The strikers are tearing up the tracks.

Civil War in Russia Near.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 27.—That the present situation cannot end without bloodshed, is the conviction prevailing in the higher government circles, which from moment to moment are expecting a conflict between the troops and the revolutionists in St. Petersburg and news of trouble in the provinces, especially at Kharkoff, which has been declared in a state of war. The governor of Kieff has been instructed to take all necessary measures to restore order, which the local government and the commander of the troops are unable to maintain.

One of the most prominent members of the Emperor's council received the Associated Press today and said with every evidence of deep emotion:

BLOOD SHED ONLY CURE.

"The situation is a grievous and a painful one and I see no way out of it except by the employment of armed force. Please do not misunderstand me. I look upon the prospect with tears but it is becoming more and more evident that the troops will be compelled to fire. I can see no other possible outcome. The revolutionists and terrorists are absolutely bent on forcing a conflict upon us, and nothing we can do will satisfy them. The extension of the suffrage and the right of assembly will be nothing to them. They are determined to have bloodshed, and we cannot avoid the issue. It is a frightful disease from which Russia is suffering and, sad and painful as it is, the government must act with force."

WILD RUMORS IN CAPITAL.

During the afternoon the wildest rumors spread and the city was seized with a semi-panic. The students began to congregate at the University in the Vassili Ostroy district announcing that they intend to hold the building as the students of Kharkoff held their university against the military and to hold a big meeting tonight to which workmen of all the social grounds are invited. Warnings having been issued last night that the government would not permit revolutionary meetings at the universities and higher schools under the guise of students assemblies, General Trepoff despatched troops to surround the building. To add to the alarm, the strikers have succeeded in stopping the machinery of the electric light plant and the city is plunged in darkness.

TROOPS POURING IN.

Re-enforcements of troops are pouring into the city. The yellow cuirassiers, the Hussars, and the Omsk Regiment have arrived here from Tsarkoe-Selo and six thousand soldiers are coming by water from Revai.

Several trains with military escorts have made their passage from Moscow, but the railroad tie-up is practically as tight as on yesterday. The government's railroad battalions are now exhausted. The last were sent to Moscow and Syzeran last night.

The most alarming reports are circulating about affairs in the South of Russia. Private reports received here are said to confirm the stories of the mutiny on board the battleship Catherine II and the destruction by incendiaries of the battleship Patellemon formerly the Kniaz Potemkine, but the authorities do not confirm the rumors and telegrams of inquiry remain unanswered.

PEASANT UPRISING FEARED.

In the interior of Russia the people have neither mail nor newspapers and are the prey to the wildest stories of what is occurring. This is considered to be a bad side of the situation, as it is feared it may lead to peasant uprisings, which, in the absence of troops, might result in frightful excesses.

In some towns a reign of terror is reported to exist. At Minsk the people have shut up their houses, the governor having warned them not to venture in the streets at the peril of their lives.

LAST RAILROAD LINK BROKEN.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 27.—The last link of the railroads binding the capital with the outer world was broken late at night when the Finland Railroad suspended service between St. Petersburg and the Finnish border. Telegraphic communication is still open, but there is a possibility that the cable operators may be compelled to join a general strike of telegraphers today. Up to the present there is a total absence of disorder.

RUSSIAN CRISIS AT HAND.

Rumble of Revolution Loud—Czar Cowers in His Palace and Does Nothing to Meet the Storm.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 29.—While the day passed quietly, without bloodshed in the Russian capital, and while the city is outwardly calm, today's developments all indicate that a crisis is imminent. Although the streets are filled with troops, and re-enforcements are now pouring in from Finland, the government seems utterly powerless to cope with the situation, and many calm observers seem seriously to believe that the present regime is tottering to its fall.

Differences have developed between Count Witte and Gen. Trepoff, and while the precious moments pass, the Emperor, surrounded by the imperial family, remains shut up at Peterhoff, seemingly still hesitating as to what course to pursue.

EVEN CZAR'S GUARDS WAVERING.

Grave doubts are expressed as to whether even the imperial guards can now be relied upon. Discontent is rife. Early this morning the Fourteenth and Eighteenth Equippage of sailors of the guard, who have been shut up like prisoners in barracks, on the Moska Canal, demolished the windows and furniture, and in the afternoon a detachment consisting of four officers of the guard went to the lawyers' assembly, and told the barristers that many officers and a large part of the troops were disgusted with the government, and ready to enlist in the movement for freedom. They asked for aid towards effecting organization and said they had discussed among themselves the questions of resigning, but decided to show that people in uniform could help to achieve liberties.

The foreign embassies have discussed the situation, but have as yet taken no steps regarding the safety of foreign residents. As a precaution the State department at Washington has been requested to confer authority for the charter of a vessel and to hoist on it the American flag as a refuge for Americans.

MOSCOW STORM CENTER.

Most interesting by far, however, is the news from Moscow, the real Russian capital, which, according to private reports, the municipal council and the committee of public safety are sitting continuously and where a struggle is momentarily expected between the "League of Russian Patriots," a reactionary organization led by the priests, and the newly organized militia, and students. The Moscow municipal council is also reported to have sent an ultimatum to the Emperor demanding the promulgation of a constitution.

Although it is impossible officially to confirm these reports, they seem to admit of no doubt that the anti-government forces have the upper hand.

The government is no longer in communication with the forces in the Far East except by cable by way of China.

CZAR HOPELESSLY WEAK.

The situation cannot well be exaggerated. With the present indecision of the Emperor, the government has neither a head nor a policy to meet the crisis, and things seem to be drifting toward anarchy. The revolutionists openly declare that the government has ceased to exist and that nothing remains to his majesty except to abdicate. With a firm hand at the helm and a rational policy, however, all might quickly be changed.

The strikers apparently are without funds and must soon be exhausted, as was made evident by the action of the strike committee here practically being forced to hold up the city for food.

Representatives of the Associated Press drove through all sections of the city today. Troops were everywhere in evidence as if to overawe the people, but although there are many rumors of bloody collisions, none of them could be authenticated. There were great crowds of workmen in the industrial quarters, but their behavior was orderly.

The Russian capital is like a city in the possession of a foreign army. Tonight again the soldiers are bivouacking in the darkened and otherwise deserted streets. The Nevsky Prospect alone is flooded by the glare of the great searchlight fixed on the spire of the admiralty building.

Danville Theatre Burned.

Danville, Va., Oct. 29.—Fire late tonight destroyed the Academy of Music here, entailing a loss of $25,000. A stage hand lost his life in the conflagration. Mr. John B. Wood is lesseee and Mr. Ernest Melton is manager.

Raleigh Dispensary Sales.

Raleigh, Oct. 28.—The dispensary board of Raleigh reports that liquor sales during November exceed those of last November $1,000. Last week's sales were $9,862, being $2,000 greater than any previous week.

Indigestion, constipation, dyspepsia, kidney and liver disorders, and all stomach troubles positively cured by using Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Holton's drug store.

FOR

Men's Suits

Boys' Suits

MEN'S PANTS and BOYS' PANTS

MEN'S OVERCOATS and BOYS' OVERCOATS

MEN'S SHIRTS and BOYS' SHIRTS

MEN'S UNDERWEAR and BOYS' UNDERWEAR

HANDKERCHIEFS COLLARS TIES SOCKS ETC.

We give you best values, and with every Suit (Men's or Boys') we give FREE a handsome Clothes Brush.

Come "early and often." Don't forget the place.

The

Merritt-Johnson Company

308 S. Elm, Opp. McAdoo

PHONE NO. 680.

There's a Difference

You're going to put your feet and money into Shoes of some kind this fall, and it makes the greatest difference in the world what kind of Shoes you put them into. If you will COME HERE FOR YOUR SHOES you'll GET THE BEST pair your feet or your money ever went into ---and you'll not pay too much for them either. Yours to please,

WARD SHOE CO.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Hides **Furs**

FORSYTH & WATKINS

Wholesale Fruits and Produce

We buy and guarantee prices on Hides. When you have Furs to sell you can do no better than see us.

References and business house in this city.

GREENSBORO, - - N. C.

Furs **Hides**

GARDNER'S

Almond Cream Lotion

AN ELEGANT PREPARATION FOR CHAPPED HANDS AND LIPS, SUNBURN, TAN, AND ALL ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN

Gloves can be worn immediately after using this lotion. It softens rough skin and keeps it in good condition. It contains nothing injurious and is an elegant preparation for use after shaving.

DIRECTIONS—Apply the lotion while the skin is dry and rub until it disappears. Care should be taken to use good soap, as poor soap is often the cause of rough and discolored skin.

HOWARD GARDNER

DRUGGIST

NOT ON THE CORNER.

Peele

For Five Years

not a single full graduate of this business school has failed. It has standing applications for its full graduates, besides scores of others. No questionable methods. Educational. Doesn't desire those who want merely a smattering.

JUDSON PEELE, Prin.,
Greensboro, N. C.

Owing to the Charcoal

and other ingredients of

Kellum's Sure Cure

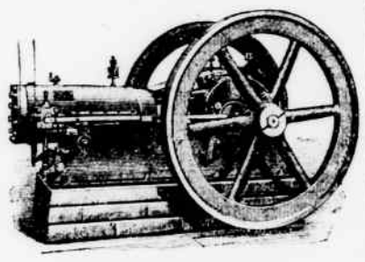
FOR INDIGESTION

it stimulates and excites the digestive organs and juices to perform their natural functions. This once done you soon find your life brightened and your health restored and your indigestion removed. Yes, not like the artificial or pepsin digestives that help only for a time, but cures permanently by curing naturally. In a few short years this our leading preparation has won "name and fame" over this fair land and beyond the sea. So if you are a member of the vast army of dyspeptics, suffering with sour stomach, nausea, nervousness and heartburn, get a bottle and never regret it.

Sold by local druggists and F. F. & B. A. Raynes, Stokesdale; H. C. Brittain, Summerfield; Pinnix Drug Store, Kernersville; Gibsonville Drug Company, Gibsonville. Try a free sample.

L. Richardson Drug Co.
Greensboro, N. C., Distributers.

GROWING POPULAR!



The "Foos" Gasoline Engine

For threshing, farm and factory purposes. Wipe Type Igniter and Geared Valves have removed all doubt. They are the engines.

Steam Engines and Boilers

new and second hand, at right prices.

Carolina Machinery co.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Schiffman Jewelry Company

328 South Elm St., Greensboro.

Up-to-Date Jewelry of Every Description.

An Elegant Assortment of Goods Adapted for Wedding and Birthday Presents.

Call and examine our goods. It's a pleasure to show them

Notice by Publication.

North Carolina, Guilford County. } In the Superior Court.

Susan F. Vaughn vs. Samuel H. Vaughn.

The defendant, Samuel H. Vaughn, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county, North Carolina, brought by the plaintiff to obtain an absolute divorce from the defendant Samuel H. Vaughn. The said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear before the judge of the Superior Court of Guilford, at Greensboro, Guilford county, North Carolina, on the 11th day of November, 1905, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for relief demanded in the said complaint, which relief will be granted on the hearing of the defendant will take notice or show cause to the contrary.

Given under my hand and office in Greensboro, Guilford county, North Carolina, on this the 27th day of September, 1905.

JOHN J. NELSON, C. S. C.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

PLAN TO COLLECT SOUTHERN BONDS.

Holders' Committee May Turn Over Some of the Repudiated Debts of Venezuela.

New York, Oct. 25.—On the ground that the international policy of the government with regard to the liability of South American republics to their creditors is inconsistent with repudiation of their bonds by the states of the Union, appeal has been made to President Roosevelt to force a settlement of the dispute between some Southern states and holders of bonds issued by the "reconstruction" state governments.

These bonds, amounting now to $40,000,000, in which the National government is interested to the extent of $1,500,000, were put out during the years immediately following the civil war, notably by North Carolina and South Carolina, Georgia, Arkansas and one or two other states.

The bonds having been repudiated on the ground that 'carpet baggers" received the proceeds of them and that it is unjust to tax the people of the states concerned for payment of money for which they had little or no benefit.

By the bondholders' committee, of which John G. Carlisle is chairman, other members being Jefferson M. Levy, Henry H. Mellville and L. E. Whicher, W. E. L. Andrews as counsel, it is maintained, however, that there is a moral as well as legal obligation on the part of these Southern states to pay off the bonds in question, and that it is to the national interest that this should be accomplished.

CHANCE FOR VENEZUELA.

To bring the matter to an issue, in case other means fail, it is announced that some of the repudiated bonds may be turned over to Venezuela in order that the South American republic may bring suit against one or more of the states of the Union, and thus give an object lesson of what the holders of the bonds regard as an inconsistency.

A letter, addressed to the President by Mr. Andrews, urges Mr. Roosevelt that he interfere to bring about a settlement of the dispute by arbitration before the bondholders are forced to resort to "forensic warfare of international proportions, with the consequent injury to these states."

Secretary Loeb has replied on behalf of the President that the subject will receive careful consideration. Mr. Andrews, however, is hopeful of more definite and speedy action than his reply would indicate. He said tonight he had received information from Washington that the President would discuss the matter in addresses he will deliver during the Southern trip.

SINISTER INFLUENCE.

"The successful efforts made on behalf of these debtors," said Mr. Andrews in his letter to the President, referring the Southern states whose bonds have been repudiated, "to defeat the recent arbitration treaties, introduced a sinister element throughout our public affairs. These communities entertain the well-founded apprehension that their bonds would pass into the hands of foreign governments and would thus become the subject of arbitration.

"If this action, based upon such motives, be allowed to permeate the direction of our national policy, it may easily become detrimental to our amicable relations with other countries.

"It is a strange commentary on the proud position and high credit of our national government that its protection from foreign complications by treaty arrangements should be thwarted by some of its defaulting communities, apprehensive that arbitration would result by their creditors. In its efforts to apply the Monroe doctrine our government is placed in an awkward position by the misconduct of these states."

PLANT FRUIT TREES YOUNG.

Experience Shows That Small Ones, Especially Peaches, Do Better.

Many, if not all, who begin to plant fruit trees are apt to plant them as large as they can get. But this is not wise. Young trees are found to do better. A man of much experience with fruit trees and nurserymen, says this about it:

It cannot be too strongly urged on the one about to set out an orchard to plant young trees in preference to older ones. The man who has but a small city garden, who has room for but a tree or two, is to be excused when he seeks trees of good size.

Sometimes with good care a large tree thrives and bears quicker than a small one, but take it all through, the small tree does better every time. Nurserymen will tell you that in their own interest they prefer to sell small trees. There is less complaint for customers of loss of trees, and there is more profit to the grower in small trees than large ones.

Time was when a nurseryman set out a block of trees, he sold from it for several years, until practically all the trees had disappeared. He does not do it now. If a block of apples, pears, peaches and like fruits are not sold in two or three years—one year for peaches—the ground is cleared of them and a lot of small ones set out. This pays very much better than the old plan, and it is much to the customer's interest to have the young trees.

In the case of the peach, a strong one, one year from the bud, should be about 5 feet high, and usually it has a few side branches. The best way to proceed with such trees when planted is to cut off the side shoots, leaving but the bare main stem. New shoots will then break freely, and the branches can be regulated to have them low or high as desired.

Apple, pear, cherry and and similar fruits are best at two years, at least there is no loss from their being over large at that age. There is no need to remove entirely the branches of these, as is best for peaches, but the shoots may be shortened and care given to having the branches where they are wanted, and that one does not crowd the other. Do not set out large trees and expect them to do as well as small ones.

Rev. E. P. Conrad Resigns.

Winston-Salem, Oct. 25.—Rev. E. P. Conrad has resigned the pastorate of Auzsburg Lutheran church, of this city, and accepted a call from the Lutheran church at Colburn, Ind., 52 miles from Indianapolis. Mr. Conrad left today for Davidson county to spend a few days with his parents, who reside near Lexington, before going to his new charge.

ROOSEVELT HAD TO VISIT HER.

Mother's Bridesmaid Wouldn't Go to Reception, But Received Him.

Atlanta Correspondence N. Y. Sun.

Calling him Theodore and patting him on the shoulder, a dame of the old regime received President Roosevelt last Friday in Harrington Hall, her home, at Roswell.

Mrs. Baker was bridesmaid when the President's mother was married. She had been invited to the reception at the old Bullock home, but said the President must come to her.

Secretary Loeb said this could not be, as it was contrary to all precedent for the President to visit private homes during an itinerary.

The President missed Mrs. Baker at the Bullock home and asked for her. Loeb told of her refusal to attend a public reception, and the President said he must see his mother's bridesmaid. So he decided to cut out established precedents that he might meet and chat with the girlhood friend of his mother, and at his suggestion Barrington Hall was included in the itinerary.

When President Roosevelt entered the old home with Mrs. Roosevelt he found Mrs. Baker seated, dressed in black, trimmed with white lace about the collar and cuffs. She wore a lace cap and was the picture of contentment.

"And this is Theodore," she said, extending her hand. "I am so glad to see you, Theodore." Then patting the President on the shoulder, she told him how his mother looked when she was married.

Where the Presidents Were Born.

The following interesting extract is taken from an article prepared and circulated by the New York Herald:

"In this one state of Virginia seven presidents were born, beginning with George Washington, who took office in 1789 and ended with Zachary Taylor in 1849. Then the star of the empire began to create a new environment for presidents and a new fulcrum on which factions could be balanced and soon Ohio came to the front as a new mother of presidents and gave us five in comparatively short time, beginning with Ulysses S. Grant, who took office in 1869, and ending with William McKinley, who was inaugurated in 1897.

"With twelve presidents to the credit of Virginia and Ohio, the remaining thirteen are divided between commonwealths, the great Empire State having only three, Martin Van Buren, Millard Fillmore and Theodore Roosevelt—no more than the much smaller state of North Carolina, with Andrew Jackson, James K. Polk and Andrew Johnson. The second state in the Union, the Keystone state, of mighty industries, is the mother of but one president, James Buchanan—half as many as Massachusetts, with the two Adamses, and the same number that New Hampshire, Kentucky, Vermont and New Jersey have, with Pierce, Lincoln, Arthur and Cleveland."

Honored by Roosevelt.

An incident of President Roosevelt's trip through the state that is especially pleasing to the people of Thomasville and of Trinity College was the compliment the President paid to Mr. William A. Lambeth by asking that young gentleman to accompany him on his trip. Young Lambeth is a graduate from Trinity College, and made the speech on behalf of the student body of Harvard University at the commencement a few months ago, when the annual address was delivered by Mr. Roosevelt. On the occasion Mr. Roosevelt was much impressed with the young North Carolinian, congratulating him warmly and laughingly accusing him of making his (the President's) speech.

A few days before the President started on his Southern trip he asked Secretary Loeb if he could locate Mr. Lambeth. The secretary did not know that Thomasville was the home of the person in question, and he wired the authorities at Trinity College, who put him in communication with Mr. Lambeth at High Point. The chief executive then asked Mr. Lambeth to join his party at Raleigh, and needless to say, the invitation was accepted.

Where Wives are Swapped.

A few weeks ago, the state of Wilkes startled the world by claiming to have in her borders the only two men in existence who had actually swapped wives. However, according to the Mt. Airy Leader, Surry never allows her banner to trial in the dust, for she can now boast of such a case, and besides the Surry county people "turned the trick" in a strictly legal way. At the last term of the Superior court for Surry county, two couples from near Round Peak applied for and secured absolute divorces upon statutory grounds, in which the husbands of two women were named as co-respondents. David Tourney and Ab Montgomery were neighbors and for some time they had been making "goo goo" eyes at each other's wives. The law severed the irksome bonds of matrimony, and a few weeks ago David married Ab's wife, while the marriage of Ab to David's divorced wife has also been celebrated.

Holt-Barnes Marriage.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 25.—Miss Edna Barnes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lemuel Franklin Barnes, was married this morning at 10.30 o'clock at her home on Floyd avenue to Mr. Eugene Holt, of Burlington, N. C. The ceremony was performed by Rev. John Y. Downman, the pastor of All Saints Episcopal church. The wedding was elegant in its appointments, but very quiet, there being present only relatives and immediate friends.

Inter-Urban Contract Signed.

High Point, Oct. 25.—All doubt has been relieved as to the building of the High Point and Winston Inter Urban Railway in the signing here yesterday of the contract for the construction work. The road will now be completed without delay. For a year or more this road has been the talk and all along the promoters said it would be built. About two months ago rails were laid in the city. The work will start at the end of the line where the work was left off.

Pain may go by the name of rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, pleurisy. No matter what name the pains are called, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will drive them away. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Holton's drug store.

EXCURSIONS TO THE WEST

To the Pacific Coast—to California, Oregon, Washington—round-trip, long transit and return limits, liberal stop-over privileges.

The rate is practically on the basis of one fare for the round trip. Of course, if you wish to visit *both* California and *Oregon* or Washington, the cost is slightly more.

These reduced rates are in effect on certain dates in months of May to October, inclusive. They apply from all Eastern points via Chicago, St. Louis or Memphis gateways. The Rock Island System will take you up in either Chicago or St. Louis, or at hundreds of other Middle West points and carry you to the Coast in through Standard or Tourist Sleepers with unexcelled Dining Car service. The Rock Island also affords a choice of routes: on the "Scenic" route you can stop off in Colorado—see Salt Lake City—visit Yellowstone National Park; on the "Southern" route you can go via El Paso, thru New Mexico, then "up coast" to San Francisco and on to Portland or Seattle if desired.

In short, these Pacific Coast excursions offer an unusually good chance to see our western country in a comprehensive manner.

If you desire to go only as far as Colorado, there are excursion rates in effect to that section and return, all summer long, specially reduced June 30 to July 4, August 12 and 13, and August 30 to September 4. Extension trips to Ogden or Salt Lake and return at low cost also.

From September 15 to October 31, 1905, one-way tourist or "colonist" tickets will be on sale to California and the Pacific Northwest—about half regular fare.

If interested, send name and address on this coupon, designating which booklet wanted and to what point you plan to go. Name probable date of start also, so we can advise definitely with respect to rates, etc.

Address
JOHN SEBASTIAN,
Pass. Traf. Mgr., Rock Island System,
CHICAGO.

Send Colorado / California booklet and rates.
Name
Address
Leave about
Destination

Rock Island System — Southern Pacific — El Paso Route — Company

America's Greatest Weekly, The Toledo Blade, Toledo, Ohio.

The best known newspaper in the United States—circulation 185,000—popular in every state.

The Toledo Blade is now installed in its new building, with a modern plant and equipment, and facilities equal to any publication between New York and Chicago. It is the only weekly newspaper edited expressly for every state and territory. The news of the world so arranged that busy people can more easily comprehend, than by reading cumbersome columns of dailies. All current topics made plain in each issue by special editorial matter written from inception down to date. The only paper published especially for people who do or do not read daily newspapers, and yet thirst for plain facts. That this kind of a newspaper is popular, is proven by the fact that the Weekly Blade now has over 185,000 yearly subscribers, and is circulated in all parts of the U. S. In addition to the news, the Blade publishes short and serial stories, and many department matters suited to every member of the family. Only one dollar a year.

Write for free specimen copy. Address THE BLADE, Toledo, Ohio.

The Blade and the GREENSBORO PATRIOT both one year only $1.25. Send all orders to the PATRIOT, Greensboro, N. C.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure no pay. 50c.

Notice by Publication.

North Carolina, Guilford County. } In the Superior Court, Clerk's Office.

Lucy Dick, Douglas Dick and Mary E. Dick, all infants and children of John M. Dick, without regular or testamentary guardian, by their next friend, John M. Dick,

vs.

James A. Shaw and his wife, P. M. Shaw, and John Dick, all of full age, and Leslie Dick, Anna Rankin Dick and Robert P. Dick, the three last infants without general or testamentary guardian. All the defendants above named are children of Frederick N. Dick, deceased.

The defendants, James A. Shaw and his wife, P. M. Shaw, and John Dick, all of full age, and Leslie Dick, Anna Rankin Dick and Robert P. Dick, the three last infants, without general or testamentary guardian, heirs-at-law of Frederick N. Dick, deceased, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county North Carolina, for the purpose of selling certain real estate, situate in Guilford county, North Carolina, now belonging to the said plaintiffs and defendants as tenants in common, as set out in the petition in the said cause.

And the said defendants will further take notice that they are required to appear before the undersigned at his office in the court house in Greensboro, Guilford county, North Carolina, on the 6th day of November, 1905, and answer or demur to the complaint or petition in said cause, or the plaintiffs will apply to the court for relief demanded in said complaint, and which in the absence of some defense to the contrary will be granted.

Done at office in Greensboro, N. C., on this the 20th day of September, 1905.

JOHN J. NELSON,
Clerk of Superior Court of Guilford County, N. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners asking that the road be made public in Jefferson township leading from the McConnell road at a point near W. A. Causey's to the Hanner & Reynolds mill, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, November 7th, 1905, and state said objection, otherwise petition will be granted.

W. H. RAGAN, Chm. B. C. C.

COLONIST RATES

To **CALIFORNIA, OREGON, WASHINGTON** and the **NORTHWEST** on sale September 15th to October 31st.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

Tourist Sleeping Cars St. Louis to Los Angeles and San Francisco daily, leaving St. Louis 9 A. M. and 10.10 P. M., via Missouri Pacific and Denver & Rio Grande.

We Are Opening Up a New Territory in Arkansas
THE WHITE RIVER COUNTRY

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY for you to secure a home cheap. Low rate tickets (Round Trip) are now on sale via the Iron Mountain Route to points in Arkansas, Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory the first and third Tuesdays of each month up to and including December. Homeseekers' tickets will also be sold to certain points in Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico and Utah.

Write me if you want reliable information.
Free literature mailed on request.

Missouri Pacific &
Iron Mountain Route.
Texas & Pacific Ry.
International & Great Northern.
Denver & Rio Grande R. R.

I. E. REHLANDER,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

Farmers of Guilford

Improve Your Stock

I have for sale at farmers' prices

LARGE ENGLISH BERKSHIRE PIGS, BOARS AND SOWS

These pigs are from imported blood out of pedigreed and registered stock.

C. W. TATE
Box 204, Greensboro, N. C.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Henry B. Donnell, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to me on or before October, 5th, 1906, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement.

This October 3rd, 1905.

W. M. DONNELL,
Administrator.
Douglas & Douglas, Attorneys. 30-6w

JERSEY MALE CALVES
At Great Bargains

With such breeding as Golden Lad, first prize winner over Jerseys 1890; Golden Love, first prize two-year-old bull at Pan-American 1901; General Merrigold, sire of twenty-one heifers that sold at an average of $144 each. The breeding of these is correct. Prices right for immediate acceptance.

Address,

JOHN A. YOUNG
GREENSBORO, N. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners asking for the opening of a public road leading from Mt. Hope church to J. R. Melanc's place, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before the said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, November 7th, 1905, and state said objection, otherwise said petition will be granted.

W. H. RAGAN, Chm. B. C. C.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

The Greensboro Patriot.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

Published Every Wednesday.

W. M. BARBER & CO.

SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents. In advance.

Entered at the postoffice in Greensboro, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Remittances made by check, draft, postal money order, express or registered letter will be at the risk of the publishers.

Address all letters to

THE PATRIOT,
Greensboro, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1, 1905.

CZAR GRANTS FREEDOM TO ALL RUSSIA.

Imperial Edict Includes Freedom of Conscience, Speech, Union and Association.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 30.—Tonight the autocracy of the Romanoffs and the old order of things cease to exist in Russia.

Emperor Nicholas has surrendered and Count Witte comes into power as Minister President with an imperial mandate which will enable him to convert the farcical national assembly into a real legislative body, elected by greatly extended suffrage, and to confer upon the people fundamental civil liberties, including free speech.

WITTE CARRIED POINTS.

These welcome tidings reached St. Petersburg shortly before 6 o'clock this evening. Count Witte had spent the day with the Emperor at Peterhof, going over the final draft of the manifesto to which he insisted that certain minor modifications be made, and before taking the tram for St. Petersburg he telephoned to a friend that the Emperor had affixed his signature and that the imperial mandate comprising the conditions upon which he had agreed to accept office was in his pocket. These include freedom of the press, the right of assembly and the immunity of the person, including the right of habeas corpus.

CZAR WANTED AMERICAN PLAN.

Count Witte insisted on a cabinet on the British model with a selected Premier responsible to the Imperial Douma, or Parliament, while the Emperor clung to the appointment of members of the cabinet on the American plan by the Emperor as Chief of State.

The State department has instructed Charge D'Affaires Eddy, in case of emergency, to give American citizens asylum at the embassy, and if necessary to charter a steamer.

Foreign Minister Lamsdorff is re-assuring the ambassadors by formally guaranteeing the safety of foreign residents. He announces that the government is prepared to afford them military protection in St. Petersburg and elsewhere in the event of disorders.

The following is the text of the imperial manifesto:

RUSSIA'S MAGNA CARTA.

"We, Nicholas the Second, by the grace of God Emperor and Autocrat of all the Russians, Grand Duke of Finland, etc., declare to all our faithful subjects that the troubles and agitation in our capitals and in numerous other places fill our heart with excessive pain and sorrow.

"The happiness of the Russian sovereign is indissolubly bound up with the happiness of our people, and the sorrow of our people is the sorrow of the sovereign.

"From the present disorders may arise great national disruption. They menace the integrity and unity of our empire.

"The supreme duty imposed upon us by our sovereign office requires us to efface ourself and to use all the force and reason at our command to hasten in securing the unity and co-ordination of the power of the central government and to assure the success of measures for pacification in all circles of public life, which are essential to the well-being of our people.

"We therefore direct our government to carry out our inflexible will in the following:

PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES.

"First—To extend to the population the immutable foundations of civic liberty, based on the real inviolability of person, freedom of conscience, speech, union and association.

"Second—Without suspending the already ordered elections to the State Douma, to invite to participation in the Douma, so far as the limited time before the convocation of the Douma will permit, those classes of the population now completely deprived of electoral rights, leaving the ultimate development of the people of the electoral right in general to the newly established legislative order of things.

"Third—To establish as an unchangeable rule that no law shall be enforceable without the approval of the State Douma, and that it shall be possible for the elected of the people to exercise real participation in the supervision of the legality of the acts of the authorities appointed by us:

"We appeal to all faithful sons of Russia to remember their duty towards the fatherland, to aid in terminating these unprecedented troubles and to apply their forces in co-operation with us, to the restoration of calm and peace upon our national soil.

"Given at Peterhof, October 30, in the eleventh year of our reign.

(Signed) "NICHOLAS."

The Winston tobacco board of trade adopted strenuous measures last week to induce the Southern Railway to handle the tobacco that is being shipped there, claiming that much of it is being damaged by the delays to which it is subjected. The railway officials have already taken steps to improve the situation and will do all that could reasonably be asked in the way of enlarging the freight facilities in Winston, where much of the trouble has occurred.

Samuels in Another Scrap.

Winston-Salem, Oct. 25.—News was received here today of a lively fight which occurred at Pilot Mountain a few days ago in which only fists were used. The participants were George W. Samuels, the ex-revenue officer, who made an assault upon Editor Bob Deal, of the Wilkesboro Chronicle, a few months ago, and Sid Venable. Both are fine specimens of manhood and the mix-up is said to have been equal to a prize fight. According to report Venable knocked Samuels down and disfigured his face. The trouble, it appears, originated by information received by Venable to the effect that Samuels had reported to revenue officers that Venable had a quantity of whiskey hid in an old field. Samuels recently lost his job in the revenue service. He and J. W. Hasty were convicted at the last term of Wilkes court for making the assault on Editor Deal and were given terms on the roads. Both appealed to the Supreme court, however, and are now out on bail, pending a hearing by the higher court.

Woody Monument Unveiled.

A recent news letter from Saxapahaw says at a recent reunion of the Woody family at Spring church a nice monument was unveiled bearing the following inscription: John W. Woody and Wife, Pioneer Settlers and Parents of the Woody Family, South. The monument is of North Carolina and New Hampshire granite and was unveiled by little Thomas Clarkson Woody, of High Falls.

John W. Woody and wife came from Maryland and took up land in that vicinity during the reign of the Lords Proprietors. They have many and distinguished descendents scattered over the United States, though only a few members of the family remain within the limits of the original settlement.

Interesting exercises preceded the unveiling, especially the review of the history of the Woody family in America, given by Prof. John W. Woody, of Guilford College. The reunion ended with a sumptuous repast in the grove nearby, enjoyed by the forty-odd persons in attendance.

Sued Party Managers.

Aheville, Oct. 26.—The most original law suit which has been brought in this state for many years, is the action for $20,000 damages, which W. H. Anderson, of Hendersonville, yesterday instituted against Republican Chairman T. S. Rollins, Revenue Collector Harkins, District Attorney A. E. Holton and United States Marshal Milliken.

The basis of the action is that these men promised Mr. Anderson to obtain for him a good government position, and then failed to do so, not even making an effort in that direction.

As a legal proposition the claim is laughed at by lawyers of this city, but as Mr. Anderson has an established reputation as a lawyer, it is supposed that he merely seeks in this action to lay bare some of the inside workings of the Republican organization in this state and make them matters of record.

The action dates back over five years.

Negro Congressman's Fate.

Angusta, Ga., Oct. 30.—George Washington Murray, once admitted to the counsels of the nation as a member of Congress from South Carolina, negro though he is, will have to spend the next three years cracking rock and road building as a member of the chain gang of Sumter county, though he is the largest land-owner in that county. The Supreme court today denied the appeal of his attorneys for a re-hearing and the remittur went down this afternoon. His punishment is for forging the names of ignorant negroes to land leases.

President Roosevelt reached Washington yesterday morning on his return from a tour of the South. The return trip by boat was without incident after leaving New Orleans until a coast storm was encountered which caused a wide divergence from the usual route.

New Advertisements.

The Johnson & Watson Co. will put on sale Saturday, November 4th, about 300 pairs of men's shoes ranging in price from $1.39 to $2.

Blaustein asks your attention to his incomparable stock of men's, boys' and children's clothing and shoes.

If you are looking for anything in the sporting goods line, the Wakefield Hardware Company has it.

The J. B. Mathis Shoe Co. have everything in shoes you are looking for—and at the right price.

Dorsett & Stafford make a warm proposition in dress goods, underwear, outings, etc.

The City National Bank offers you a safe depository for your money.

The largest stock of ladies' coat suits, cloaks and skirts in the city will be found at The Hub.

Some good bargains in harness can be found at C. B. Robeson's.

J. P. Cannaday is offering some special prices on underwear.

The Southern Life and Trust Company wants to send you a booklet telling all about "banking by mail."

Mrs. Steve Wheeler, of Guilford College, advertises mammoth bronze turkey toms for sale.

Cotton Gin Days.

The cotton gins of W. Reynolds & Co. at Tabernacle will be operated on Wednesday and Friday of each week until further notice. 44-4t

Girls wanted to make overalls. Good wages. Nice clean work. Cheap board.
17-tf. HUDSON OVERALL CO.,
Old Centenary Church Building.

Try the International stock food and be convinced that it will benefit your stock. Every package guaranteed.
TUCKER & ERWIN.

Genuine Danish cabbage, the best in the world for kraut, just received. See us before you buy.
CLEGG COMMISSION CO.

GREENSBORO TOBACCO MARKET.

Big Increase in Sales—A Short Review of the Market—Its Progress and What It Is Doing.

Greensboro Telegram, 29th.

There is no other tobacco market in this section which is better located and better equipped to do a big business than Greensboro, and the farmers in this section are fast realizing this, which is substantially shown by the fact that it so far shows 53 per cent. increase over last year's sales for the same period. There is no market in this section giving more general satisfaction among its sellers than Greensboro. A good many intelligent farmers have tried this market and others with identically the same tobacco, having divided their tobacco by the stick, and selling on different markets without letting either market know what they had done, and not a single farmer has been learned of who did not get fully as much or more on this market than he did on the one he was comparing it with. In one instance a man averaged $2 per hundred more here than he did on the other market. In another instance the farmer got the same for one pile of tobacco on both markets and $1.50 a hundred more on Greensboro market for every other pile he had on the market. These are the facts as they come from the farmers; and, while the general price on tobacco this season runs from $6 to $12 per hundred, yet there are a few people who have fine crops of tobacco who are getting very much better prices when they come to market. One man averaged $40 per hundred on this market last week, another averaged between $19 and $20 per hundred and so on down the list. "In every instance the quality of the tobacco fixes the price on it," said a buyer, "and whenever tobacco is fine one can expect a fine price on this market." Common tobacco is said to be selling better in proportion than the good medium grades and farmers are very much pleased with prices on these grades.

With the increased facilities for handling tobacco on this market there is no hesitancy in guaranteeing every farmer in this section that he can be as well treated here as he will be anywhere and get fully as much, if not more, for his tobacco than he can get anywhere.

Our Fall
LINE OF
Howard
Hats
ARE HERE

ALL THE
NEW STYLES
AND
SHAPES

Howard
$3.00

S. J.
KAUFMANN
One Price Cash Only
306 S. ELM ST.

JOHN. R. EDMUNDS
CIVIL ENGINEERING AND SURVEYING
Any orders addressed to me at 416 Church street, Greensboro, N. C., will receive prompt attention.

Some of the GREAT BARGAINS For This Week

AT HARRY-BELK BROS. CO.

DRESS GOODS

50-inch all wool Dress Goods, made to sell for $1 per yard, 3 pieces scooped in by us at half price, our price	50c
50c and 75c Dress Goods at	39c
50-inch wide Mohair at	48c
7½c Outing at	5c
10c Colored Chambries at	5c
10c Cheviots for shirts at	8½c
Good Bleaching at	5c
Good Sheeting at	5c
5c Plaids at	3½c
5c Ginghams at	2½c
Calicos at	3½c

SHOES! SHOES!!

Largest stock to select from in Greensboro. School Shoes, Farm Shoes, Men's and Women's Shoes.

Ladies' Heavy Shoes 50c up. Men's $1.50 Sunday Shoes at 98c. Children's Shoes 15c pair up.

If dollars are of value to you try us on Shoes. We carry the best Shoes money can buy.

Portia Shoes for Ladies, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50, best Shoe on the market.

Try our $1.25 and $1.50 Shoes, solid leather and warranted to wear.

TABLE LINEN

70-inch wide all pure bleached Damask, worth 75c, special price	50c
Good Damask at	25c
Towels at 5 and	10c

HOSIERY

20c Ladies' Hose at	10c
15c Heavy School Hose at	10c

CLOTHING

Men's Suits up to the minute in fashion—$2.98 up.

$5.00 Suits at	$ 3.98
$7.50 Suits at	4.98
$10.00 Suits at	7.50
$15.00 Suits at $10 to	12.50
Overcoats	$3.48 up
Boys Suits 98c up to	5.00
On Job Counter, Suits worth $7.50 and $10, at	5.00
$1.25 Pants at	98c
10c Socks at	5c
50c heavy Underwear at	35c

CLOAKS, COAT SUITS, RAIN COATS AND FURS

Ladies' Cloaks	$2.48 up
$7.50 Cloaks at	5.00
$10.00 Cloaks at	7.50
Coat Suits	5.00 up
See our special at $10 and	15.00

Rain Coats $7.50 up to $20. Full line.

MILLINERY

Big assortment of Ladies' and Misses' and Children's Hats at 50c up. Can't be matched in style and price.

Purchasing Power of One "Brownie"

1 yard Embroidery	1c	2 Packs Hair Pins	1c
1 yard Ribbon	1c	3 Collar Buttons	1c
12 Safety Pins	1c	25 Envelopes	1c
1 Paper Pins	1c	24 Sheets Paper	1c
2 Lead Pencils	1c	1 Man's White Necktie	1c
7 Pen Staffs	1c	1 Card Hook and Eyes	1c
1 Looking Glass	1c	1 Cake Soap	1c
6 Pen Points	1c	1 Box Blacking	1c
1 Pocket Book	1c	1 Paper Carpet Tacks	1c
25 Marbles	1c	2 Pair Shoe Strings	1c
2 Balls Sewing Thread	1c	1 Yard Lace	1c
13 Fish Hooks	1c	Many others at same price.	
3 Boxes Matches	1c		

YOURS FOR BARGAINS,

arry-Belk Bros. Co.

"CHEAPEST STORE ON EARTH"

SAY, MR. MAN!

If you are in the notion of buying a Gun--any kind of a Gun--Single Barrel, Double Barrel, Hammer or Hammerless, you will do well to see what we have in that line. To the best of our knowledge and belief, we have the best selected stock and the best values this season that we have ever shown. In Hunting Coats, Leggins and other "Sporting Goods" we are the people. You will agree to this when you see our line.

WAKEFIELD HARDWARE CO.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Time Has Arrived

when SHOES must be purchased for the entire family. We are in a position to supply your wants and would be glad if YOU would make it a point to see OUR SHOES before you buy.

We can and will make prices low.

J. M. Hendrix & Co.

Neighborhood News.

Matters of Interest Reported by Our Corps of Correspondents.

Summerfield Items.

Miss Annie Doggett has entered school at Guilford College.

Mrs. Byrd, from Cumberland county, is visiting her son, Capt. B. Z. Byrd.

Mrs. T. B. Doggett reports quite a pleasant trip to friends in Davie county.

Miss Minnie Craddock, of Reidsville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Sutton.

Miss Cam Rhodes is spending several days with Miss Annie Donnell in Greensboro.

Mrs. Sallie Brookbank, one of our oldest ladies, sustained quite a painful injury by a fall recently.

Mrs. E. H. Medearis has so far improved as to be able to walk out, after a severe illness of eight weeks.

Miss Emma Highfill has returned to her home here after spending some time at Greensboro and Liberty.

Died in this place, on October 4th, Mrs. Tom Crutchfield. She leaves a husband and four small children.

Mrs. Kime, of Burlington, after spending some time with her mother, Mrs. S. E. Harris, has returned home.

Miss Lou Ross, a charming lady of Albemarle, has kindly consented to teach a limited number of music pupils here.

Mrs. Harrett Gamble is at the bedside of her daughter, Mrs. R. O. Gamble, who is very low with fever in your city.

Rev. J. F. Kirk has just closed a very successful meeting at the M. E. church here. He was assisted by Rev. L. W. Harris.

Miss Sue Willis has returned to her home at Leaksville after spending some time with her brother, Dr. H. Willis.

Mrs. J. J. Everette, of Scalesville, spent several days with her daughter, Mrs. John Simpson, who has been quite ill.

The public school here is being taught by Miss Ida Millis, of Guilford College, as principal, and Miss Mat Medearis as assistant.

Died, at the residence of Mrs. Rebecca Ogburn, Miss Beckie Taylor, an aged lady who had made her home there for a number of years.

Whitsett Items.

Prof. Whitsett spent last Saturday in Greensboro on business.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Davenport visited Burlington Friday last.

Students registered last week from Wake, Rockingham and Guilford.

Misses Beatrice and Lillian Hatcher visited friends at Gibsonville Saturday.

Rev. J. D. Andrew will preach at the Reformed church next Sunday at 3 P. M.

Mr. N. L. Hobbs was called home to Gates county last week on account of sickness.

Messrs. Utz, Parker and Wooten went to Burlington Saturday on a business trip.

The owners of the hunters' lodges near here are expected Tuesday from New York.

Mr. W. A. Jenkins, of Chapel Hill, was a visitor for several days the first of the week.

Her many friends are very glad to see Mrs. F. K. Trogdon at home again after an absence of several week.

The library has added a large lot of very valuable books the past few days. It is used a great deal by the school.

We were pleased to have as visitors last Saturday Mrs. Ward, of North Wilkesboro, and Misses Maude and Carrie Landreth, of Greensboro.

Needmore and Poorhope Items.

Aunt Hulda Gamble is still in feeble health.

Mr. J. W. Gamble is expecting the bird hunters in soon.

Mr. A. S. Coltrane has been in Asheboro trading horses the past week.

Mr. W. H. Vickery, who has had a severe attack of malaria, is up and out again.

Mr. S. E. Anthony has work with Guilford Lumber Company in Greensboro at present.

We are glad to see S. E. Murrow, who has been confined to his bed for some days, able to be out again.

Mr. Jonathan Hodgin is improving his house by painting it. Mr. John Adams is doing the work.

Mrs. Leola Osborne, of your city, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Elwood Kirkman, recently.

A great many of our children have entered school at Pleasant Garden and speak in very complimentary terms of the school.

We are looking forward for a pleasant time at Center quarterly meeting, which will be held the second Saturday and Sunday in November.

Mechanicsville Items.

Mr. John Johnson had the misfortune to lose a fine horse last week.

Mrs. Martin Smith, from Wallburg, visited Mrs. A. C. Clinard Sunday.

Mrs. E. A. Hammer was very sick last week, but is better at this writing.

The weather was so unfavorable on last Sunday but few attended services at the new church.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Willard, from Waughtown, spent Sunday night at Mr. E. A. Hammer's.

Mrs. E. R. Clinard visited her son, Mr. A. C. Clinard, of this place, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Jester, of Hickory chapel, visited their son, Mr. Carl Jester, of this place, last Sunday.

Miss Lillie Montgomery and Mr. Homer Ritchie surprised their friends by slipping off to South Carolina and getting married last week.

The first services were held in the new Primitive Baptist church here last Saturday. Quite a large crowd was present, some coming from a distance, spending the night with friends. Revs. Gould Ashburn, W. P. and Moses Willard were present. The preaching was excellent. There were two immersions on Saturday.

Hinton Items.

Mr. J. W. Allred is still on the sick list.

Mr. J. A. Starr is suffering with neuralgia.

Mr. J. R. Stewart is reported much better.

Mrs. B. A. Parker is laid up with lagrippe.

The recent rains were very acceptable to our farmers.

We have recently suffered with the prevailing malady—colds.

Miss Cecil Starr came home from the Greensboro graded school to spend Sunday with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Causey visited their son Henry last Saturday.

Rev. S. M. Rankin has gone to Presbytery at Red Springs and Mrs. Rankin is visiting her brother at Smithfield.

Mr. R. C. Woods is the happiest man on the north side of Alamance creek. It's a girl. Mr. John McMasters is rejoicing over the arrival of a son.

Pine Grove Items.

Mrs. Essie Kirkman has moved to Pleasant Garden.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. Oscar Fentress is quite sick.

Miss Loula Fentress will begin her school at Concord November 13th.

Mr. Herbert Cobb will begin his school at this place November 6th.

Mr. Lee Cranford, of McLeansville, visited his home here a few days past.

Mr. John Hardin, of Liberty College, visited his parents here last Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Sallie and Mabel Fentress, of the State Normal College, visited their homes here recently.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather a great many were disappointed in going to Level Cross last Sunday.

Real Progress of the Negro.

Washington Post.

It is pleasant and reassuring to hear on such high authority as that of Prof. Booker Washington, the head of the Tuskegee Institute, that the Southern negroes have accumulated, since emancipation, something like $300,000,000 worth of property. In twelve of the former slave states they own 173,000 farms, and in addition to this they support 28,000 churches. We have no statistics as to the social clubs, debating societies, and so on, but it is safe to assume that progress in these respects has been even greater. The chances all are, moreover, that Prof. Washington has not included in his estimates the real estate or the personal and commercial assets of that very numerous class of colored persons who were free before the civil war, and who, in such cities as New Orleans, for example, represented a great many millions of money, to say nothing of a very high grade of social culture and virtue. Perhaps it would not be extravagant to add another $100,000,000 to the general aggregate on this score, thus giving us in round numbers $400,000,000 of wealth for the 9,000,000 of colored people in the United States—in other words, $44 and more per capita.

This seems to us to be a very satisfactory showing. Certainly it suggests that the colored man and brother, in the southern states at least, is not seriously handicapped so far as concerns his efforts to accumulate property of the marketable description. We gather, in fact, the impression that Southern negroes are quite free to pursue profitable avocations, to acquire wealth and to provide homes for their families, and, as Prof. Washington has already shown, they enjoy equal advantages with the whites when it comes to "swearing off" their taxable values with the assessor. All things considered, therefore, it seems a good time for calling in this eternal cry about the square deal, the downtrodden negro, the door of hope, and all the rest of it. Perhaps, if some gentleman with a gift for computation were to calculate the per capita wealth ot the whites and the blacks, respectively, in this country, he would find that Prof. Washington's pleas for the exaltation of his race have already received a favorable response.

Everything depends, of course, upon the individual's interpretation of the terms "opportunity" and "welfare." If Prof. Washington has in view the unrestricted access to hotels, theatres, fashionable restaurants, and such matters, no doubt the race is still oppressed. If, however, acquisition of property, protection in its enjoyment, the right to seek material happiness and prosperity, and the chance to rise in the social scale generally—if all this means opportunity, doesn't Prof. Washington really think it time to cut off his complaints and lamentations, erase the color line, and adjust his otherwise useful work to the standard of plain American citizenship? Clearly, the negro is doing very well, and quite as clearly he is doing so without opposition by the whites. If the negro doesn't go on and do still better for himself, he alone will be to blame. So far as we can see, the only obstacles in his path are contrived by so-called leaders and prophets who make a profession of it.

R. S. Perry, a farmer 65 years old, was killed while walking on the Southern Railway tracks near Raleigh Saturday morning.

Roosevelt and the Tariff.

Washington Post.

Between the two extremes of tariff for protection only and tariff for revenue only are the conservative protectionists, of whom the late Samuel J. Randall was the chief in his day. These believe in a tariff for revenue amply sufficient to meet the demands of honest and economical government and levied in such way as to give our manufacturers incidental protection. It was not intended to increase domestic monopolies, but to stimulate our industries and encourage our competition. The difference between Mr. Randall and Mr. Mills was that the former preferred to raise revenue from iron and steel and their resolvents, and the latter would sooner have put a duty on tea and coffee. The difference betwen Mr. Randall and Senator Foraker in their views of this question was even sharper. Randall favored a tariff for revenue with incidental protection; Foraker advocated a tariff for protection with incidental revenue.

President Roosevelt is a conservative. In some of his writings, discussing the question of a doctrinary, he seems to agree with Mills, but as a practical statesman, clothed with the responsibilities of official duty, he agrees with Randall, and has advised the leaders of his party to reduce duties until they are within the bounds of moderation, and thus reform the tariff, until it shall cease to be a shelter for monopoly.

His recommendations fell on deaf ears. There was one conclusive answer to all his logic—the country was prosperous. It was no use to argue with the standpatters that the prosperity was as much due to the settlement of the coinage question and the railroad devolopment of the great valley of the Mississippi as it was to the tariff, and that it came and abided with us in spite of, and not because of, excessive protection. You would as well have entered upon a discussion of the fine arts with "a convocation of politic worms" supping off the flesh of some Polonius. It was natural. The party had achieved the greatest of political victories, and on this occasion victory was unusually insolent.

But they had reckoned without the President of the United States, and that President Theodore Roosevelt. His is a unique position. In a political sense he is the most independent of all the Presidents. He was the issue and he was indorsed as none who had preceded him had been indorsed, if we leave Washington out of the account. It was Monroe's politics that prevailed in 1820. It was the cause of the Union that triumphed in 1864; but in 1904 it was Theodore Rooseveit, the man who swept all before him. He knows that. The country knows it, or, if they don't, they will probably find it out before the frost is on pumkin and the fodder is in the shock.

The President is in earnest. He believes things. What is more to the purpose, he has the gift of making men believe in him. He has thrown down the gauntlet to the standpatters. He will be a brave man that takes it up.

These are matters for Senator Hale, Senator Aldrich, Speaker Cannon, and Representative Grosvenor to ponder.

Meanwhile, some of the candidates for the Republican nomination for President might find melancholy profit in a cogitation of them.

The Idle Rich in America.

The poor soul who has such heaps of money that he does not know what to do with himself is almost as much the sport and prey of the winds that blow as the tramp, who, though he recks not whence his dinner may come, takes life as he finds it and makes himself merry on the highway. The idle millionaire, whether he has a title or not, must follow the fashion if he would keep in the swim; and to keep in the swim is the one objective point. For him the year is subdivided, laid out in regular parterre, like an Indian garden, and he must even fulfil his destiny as a gentleman of wealth and leisure. He is rarely happy. He buys a place, lives in it awhile, and goes away. "So awfully dreary, doncherknow." He buys a yacht, tires of it, sells it, and buys another. "Nothing like the water, doncherknow." The automobile craze caught him where he was weakest—for fast, fast, faster is the aim—and he is now scudding and scorching over the world's byways, having found a new and costly toy—a veritable Flying Dutchman, only on the land, not on the water.

In a word, fortune's favorite is never happy except when he is giving proof that he can spend more money than his rival, yet wretched when he finds how little it brings him, either of distinction or diversion.—Henry Watterson in the November Cosmopolitan.

Monroe Shipley, a blacksmith of Waughtown, was instantly killed by a Winston street car Saturday night. The street car company was wholly irresponsible for the man's death.

I have the best wheat fertilizer on the market. See me before buying.

J. FRANK ROSS,
39-tf Pleasant Garden, N. C.

There was a heavy snowfall in western Missouri and Kansas Monday.

If You Want the Best Prices

for your Chickens, Eggs, Butter, and Produce of all kinds, come to

COE BROS.

523 SOUTH ELM ST.

THE "NO FENCE LAW"

Is all right, but the progressive farmer can't get along without pasture and hog fence, and if he is an extensive fellow you will find him with his poultry under wire. We are agents for a number of the best wire fence manufacturers in this country. Drop in, see the fence and let us quote you prices, or write us and we will mail you catalog.

ODELL HARDWARE COMPANY

GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Bee Hive

AUTUMN'S FALL PROCESSION OF MILLINERY

A WONDERFUL MILLINERY SHOWING

FALL AND WINTER STYLES

as produced by French and American artists, who have made a life study to create refined and tasty headwear.

EVERY SHAPE---EVERY COLOR COMBINATION

The handsomest Millinery in the state. We want you to see it. We extend you a cordiai invitation to be here, and you will be received with open doors. Welcome!

SCHIFFMAN BROTHERS

320-322 SOUTH ELM STREET.

No Cut Sale, But—

BIG VALUES FOR YOU IN SHOES

WE carry the largest stock of Shoes in Guilford county and WE WANT YOUR SHOE TRADE. Our stock is complete in every class of Shoes, from a work-day Shoe to the finest dress Shoes. All made of solid leather, at the price that will give you the best value.

MEN'S all Solid Leather Heavy Work Shoes	$1.25 to $2.00
MEN'S all Solid Dress Shoes in Vici, Box Calf and Patents	2.00 to 3.50
LADIES' all Solid Heavy Shoes	.90 to 1.50
LADIES' all Solid Dress Shoes in Vicis and Patents	1.25 to 2.50

CHILDREN'S SHOES

We must not forget the Children's Shoes. We give special attention to Ohildren's Shoes, and we want you to bring them to us to be fitted. Our Children's Department is complete in every line and nothing but the best is sold—at the lowest prices.

J. B. MATHIS SHOE CO.

302 SOUTH ELM STREET

Don't Buy a Watch

until you have seen our

$5.00

ELGIN OR WALTHAM

R. C. BERNAU
JEWELER

School Books
SCHOOL SUPPLIES

Remember we keep everything you need in School Supplies.

Slates
School Bags
Cloth Erasers
Maps Globes
Blackboard
Cloth
Etc. Etc.

Respectfully,

Wharton's Book Store
Under Benbow Hall.

Modern Dentistry

Teeth Extracted Without Pain by the Philadelphia Dental Association.

Our splendid success we attribute to our policy of using the best material obtainable and never slighting any work, however simple. Our prices are the lowest possible consistent with first class work. We are here to stay. All work guaranted. Office over Greensboro National Bank

I Make a Specialty of Placing

Fire Insurance

On good FARM PROPERTY in strong old line companies. Come to see me for information and rates when you are in town.

R. W. MURRAY
308½ SOUTH ELM ST.

IT PAYS
To Plant More Fruit Trees

Write for our free illustrated catalogue, also pamphlet on

"How to Plant and Cultivate an Orchard."

Gives all necessary information.

Large stock, best trees, good assortment. Our trees are reliable—bear true to name. The only kind you can afford to plant.

J. Van Lindley Nursery Company
POMONA N. C.

PITTS & MONROE
DEALERS IN
Building Material

Call and see us for prices before placing your orders. We carry the largest stock of Rough and Dressed Lumber and Shingles in the city and can fill your orders promptly.

We have a large stock of Fencing and Barn ... on hand at all times at bottom prices. Very close prices given on car lots.

... Corner South Ashe street and Southern ... st.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates

The Weather Bureau and the Farmer.

Prof. Willis L. Moore, Chief of the Weather Bureau, in Farmers' Bulletin, No. 98.

While the greatest element of error in the work of the Weather Bureau is in the making of rain forecasts, yet these predictions greatly benefit the agriculturist. Owing to the peculiar topography of California and its proximity to the ocean, and to the fact that storm conditions universally travel from the west, the bureau is able to make rain predictions of great value to the farmers in that section. The value of the orange crop averages about $5,000,000 per annum; of the raisin crop about $3,000,000. Raisins are cured in the sun, and are subject to injury by rain if the workmen are not warned in time to stack the trays. Before the weather service was extended over California the loss to this crop from unexpected rains amounted to hundreds of thousands of dollars annually. Testimony from hundreds of owners of vineyards shows that practically not a pound of raisins has been damaged by rain during the past four years.

January 1, 1899, there were in the states of the Rocky Mountain slope 21,000,000 head of sheep and 13,000,000 head of cattle, exclusive of milch cows, horses and mules. Cattle will live through all except the severest blizzards, but great loss is suffered by sheep owners unless they are able to protect their flocks.

The cold-wave warnings for these states have attained a much higher degree of accuracy in recent years. A system is now in operation over the Rocky Mountain region which enables the bureau to forewarn stockmen, though but a few hours only, of the coming blizzards.

An unusually cold wave swept over all the states from the Central Rocky Mountain plateau eastward to the Atlantic Ocean in January, 1887. According to estimates from shippers and others, the enormous sum of $3,504,000—three and one half times the expense of maintaining the entire meteorological service of the government for one year—was saved as the result of the department's warnings.

The floods of 1881 and 1882 caused a loss of not less than $15,000,000 to property in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys. The floods of 1882 caused a loss of 138 lives in the region from Cairo southward to New Orleans. The loss in the Ohio Valley alone by the flood of 1884 is variously estimated from $10,000,000 to $25,000,000.

During the great flood of 1897 its many stages were very accurately forecast a week in advance throughout practically the whole river system. The value of property saved by flood warnings during this flood in the lower Mississippi Valley certainly amounted to many million dollars.

When the Mississippi River at New Orleans was at the highest stage ever known, warning was sent there that within five days there would be a rise of one foot. The rise came as predicted, but the levees had been strengthened and raised. Without the raise in the height of the levees the loss of life and property would have been unparalled.

The bureau achieves its most signal success in its warnings of storms destructive to marine property and life. During the past four years not one of the twenty West Indian hurricanes which have swept our seaboard has visited a single port without the danger warnings preceding the storm, and as a result the loss of life and property has been infinitesimal in comparison with the destruction which ensued before the organization of the department's meteorological service. Conservative marine insurance people estimate that each of these storms would leave from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 worth of wreckage for them to settle for were it not for the advance information by the Weather Bureau.

Production of Stone in 1905.

A report on the stone industry in 1904 is among the recent publications of the United States Geological Survey. It is published as an extract from the volume "Mineral Resources of the United States, 1904," and is intended for general distribution.

The total value of stone reported in 1904 was $74,200,361, which is a gain of $1,254,453 over the value of stone in 1903, when it amounted to $72,945,908. The corresponding gain in 1903 over 1902, when the figures were $69,830,351, was $3,115,557. In 1902 the gain over 1901, when the total value was $60,275,762 was $9,554,589, and in 1901 the gain was $12 267,023 over 1900.

In 1904 granite, marble and limestone increased in value, while slate and sandstone decreased.

Granite showed the largest increase. In 1904 its total value, including that of trap rock, was $19,992,983; in 1903 it was $18,436,087, a gain of $1,556,896 for 1904. The granite production increased from $15,603,793 in 1903 to $17,169,437 in 1904, a gain of $1,465,644, and the trap rock from $2,732,294 in 1903 to $2,823,546 in 1904, a gain of $91,252.

Sandstone, including bluestone, decreased in value from $11,262,259 in 1903 to $10,295,933 in 1904, a loss of $966,326. The value of bluestone included in the sandstone was $1,779,457 in 1903, and $1,791,729 in 1904, an increase of $12,272. The sandstone figures decreased from $9,482,802 in 1903 to $8,504,204 in 1904, a loss of $978,598.

The value of marble increased from $5,362,686 in 1903 to $6,297,835 in 1904, a gain of $935,149.

The slate output was valued at $9,256,885 in 1903, and at $5,617,195 in 1904, a loss of $639,690.

The limestone output remained nearly the same, being valued at $31,627,991 in 1903, and $31,996,415 in 1904, a gain of $368,424 in 1904.

IN MEMORIAM.

ELLEN J. FENTRESS.

Ellen J. Watson was born June 4, 1840, and departed from this life October 14, 1905, being 65 years, 4 months and 10 days old. She was united in marriage to H. W. Fentress April 27, 1864. Their union was blessed with six children, all of whom survive the deceased. The husband preceded her in death several months ago. Early in life she connected herself with Alamance Presbyterian church and ever after lived a consistent Christian life. Though a great sufferer for many years, she bore her afflictions bravely, and when this last sickness came upon her realized her weakness and how near she was death's door, often expressed a willingness and readiness to go and be with her Savior, where she would be at rest.

Advertised Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Greensboro, N. C., Oct. 25, 1905:

J. D. Burton.
Harry Craige
Mittie Crutchfield.
John Cobelan.
Jules Candler.
Lula Durham.
S. Doggett.
Chas. Dalton.
M. M. Dorsette.
Arthur DeBerry.
C. W. Davis.
J. P. Elledge.
Miss Fyle.
M. C. Foster.
George Fowler.
Esther Caldron.
Minnie Flintall.
Lizzie Fisher.
Will Fargis.
Fletcher Evans.
Gertrude Gunter.
Lula Graham.
John Griffin.
G. F. Grantham.
E. P. Grantham.
Eddie Green.
Mintie Hutchens.
Mrs. J. G. Hollingsworth.
T. A. Hester.
H. S. Harrell.
R. H. Harden.
J. F. Ireland, 2.
T. B. Jacocks.
Henry B. James.
Etta Kestler.
Mrs. S. P. King.
R. E. Kane.
Mr. Klegman.
Rachel King.
Roger C. Lycom.
Anna Eliza Little.
Jos. C. Linton.
Dennis Ledbetter.
A. E. Legare.
Mamie Lane.
Wm. Luther.
Jinnie McBeth.
R. B. Miller.
Jim Meceiver.
Martha McNear.
Alice McKay
Chas. McGrady.
W. L. Marks.
C. B. Marshburn.
Ella F. Mack.
Hannah M. Coe.
A. V. May.
Lewis Mulican.
Chas E. Murr.
Geo. Monroe.
E. D. Morgan.
Robt. Null.
Chas. Overby.
Eliza Oldham.
John Powell.
E. A. Pleasants.
J. T. Pigg.
Hampton Phillips.
Mollie Pearce.
J. W. Peebles.
C. E. Parlier.
L. P. Parker.
A. H. Rudd.
Noma Roggers.
A. Rosenberg.
J. E. Roberts.
Robe Rend
Fisher Rivers.
Caroline Shoffner.
Jno. H. Smith.
F. C. Smith.
A. Smith
Mandy Summers, 3.
Carrie L. Simpson.
Mrs. Ida Simonton.
Asbury A. Shaw.
Jessie Short.
Salie Salmon.
Quint Tickel.
Jno. E. Torpley.
J. A. Wood.
Chas. W. Woolen.
Nannie Ward.
W. H. Williman.
Pressie Williams.
Walter Wails.
Wm. Wagstaff.
Myrtle G. Watlington.
Jno. Walker.
Zora Wagner.
Wm. Williams.
Capt. E. Wikson.
Ana Williams.
W. L. Wilson.
Andrew Wilson.
Lonnie Young.

PROXIMITY.

W. W. Lee.
E. D. Freeman.
N. S. Archer.
Lue Zenneton.
Rush Winfrey.
Crim Young.
Daisy Mebane.
G. C. Thompson.
Mossie York.
Dock Tivell.
F. T. Hamilton.
Etta Ezell.
Henry Evans.
B. Edwards.
Ida F. Dodson.
J. M. Minibee.
C. H. Heritage.
W. A. Johnson.
T. J. Jefferson.
J. W. Neese.
Tom McCollum.
L. L. Moore.
Nannie Loomis.
Mack Pender.
Lenin Peff
Dockie Terrell.
Florence Young.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised in THE PATRIOT, and give date of list

In order to insure prompt delivery of mail please have it directed to proper street and number or route.

Mail addressed to initials and fictitious names cannot be delivered.

Revenue stamps and stamps cut from stamped envelopes cannot be used for postage.

TYRE GLENN,
Postmaster.

TO THE PORTLAND EXPOSITION.

Visit Colorado and California on the Way Out and Back.

Greatest variety of attractions to the Pacific Coast tourist. You can spend some time in the Rocky Mountains, visit the Yellowstone Park, attend the Portland Exposition, sojourn in Southern California, return over Southern Route by way of El Paso, through New Mexico. Or, you can go via Minneapolis and St Paul and Northern route in either direction. Send for Rock Island folder and details of summer excursion rates. John Sebastian, Passenger Traffic Manager, Rock Island System, Chicago.

Thirty Horses and Mules Burn.

Charlotte, Oct 25.—In a fire that destroyed two livery stables in this city today thirty head of horses and mules were burned. All the animals that perished in the flames were owned by country people who came to Charlotte to attend the county fair. The fire originated in the rear part of Cochrane & Co.'s stable, and before the flames could be arrested nearly half the block was destroyed. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

If you are troubled with indigestion, constipation, sour stomach, or any other pain, Holster's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Holteh's drug store.

FERGUSON
THE BARBER

IN THE McADOO HOTEL, HAS THE BEST EQUIPPED BARBER SHOP IN THE STATE

A MODERN BATH ROOM

JUST INSTALLED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SHOP ENABLES HIM TO OFFER THE BEST ACCOMMODATIONS FOR BARBERING AND BATHING TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

It Surpasses ALL Other CHURNS, makes More Butter, makes it Easier and Quicker than any Other Churn, and after churning you have Buttermilk With No Water In It.

A man's work is from sun to sun,
A woman's work is never done;
If wife's gratitude Hubby would earn,
Buy her at once a PERFECTION CHURN.

W. P. Bennett, Farmers Warehouse, Greensboro, N. C., Local Agent.

Keeley Cure

For Drunkenness and Drug Using

Please write us. Correspondence confidential.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE. Dept. L., Greensboro, N.C.

Our Illustrated Handbook Sent Free On Request.

CATARRH ANNOYING—DANGEROUS

Catarrh is usually regarded as nothing more serious than a bad cold or slight inflammation of the inner skin and tissues of the head and throat, when it is, in fact, not only a vexatious and troublesome disease, but a complicated and dangerous one. It is true that Catarrh usually begins with a cold in the head, but when the poisons, which are thrown off through the secretions, find their way into the blood, it becomes a constitutional trouble that affects all parts of the body. It has more annoying and disgusting symptoms than any other disease. There is a sickening and offensive discharge from the nostrils, a constant buzzing noise in the ears, headaches and pains in the eyes are frequent, while filthy, tenacious matter drops back into the throat requiring continual hawking and spitting, and in certain stages of the disease the breath has an odor that is very offensive. Catarrh is worse in Winter, because the cold weather closes the pores and glands, and the poisons and unhealthy vapors which should pass off that way are thrown back on the tender linings and tissues, causing the inflammation which starts the unhealthy secretions to be absorbed by the blood. When the blood becomes diseased with this catarrhal matter all kinds of complications may be looked for. As the blood circulates through the body the foul matter finds its way into the stomach, ruining the digestion and producing chronic Dyspepsia, or Catarrh of the stomach. It also affects the Kidneys, Bladder and other members of the body, while the general health is weakened, appetite lost and the patient feels despondent and half sick all the time. But worst of all, if the trouble is not checked the lungs become diseased from the constant passage of poisoned blood through them, and Catarrh terminates in Consumption, the most fatal of all diseases. You cannot get rid of Catarrh by treating it with sprays, washes, inhalations, etc., because they only reach the membranes and tissues, while the real cause of the trouble is in the blood. These relieve the annoying symptoms for a time, but the poison is all the while getting a stronger hold on the system and when they are left off will manifest itself in worse form than before. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and when it has cleansed the blood, this pure, rich stream circulates through the body, carrying healthful properties to the diseased parts. Then the inflamed membranes and tissues begin to heal, the discharges cease, the general condition of the system is strengthened, every one of the annoying and disgusting symptoms pass away, and the patient is left in perfect health. S. S. S. is the best remedy for Catarrh. It goes right into the blood and removes all effete matter and catarrhal poison and cures the disease permanently, and at the same time builds up the entire system by its fine tonic effect. S. S. S. is a purely vegetable remedy—non-injurious to the system and a certain, reliable cure for Catarrh. Catarrh sufferers will find our free consulting department helpful in advising local treatment to be used with S. S. S.

Several years ago my blood was bad and I had in addition a dreadful case of Catarrh. My nose was stopped up, I had headaches, ringing noises in my ears and felt unfit for work. I commenced the use of S. S. S. on the recommendation of a friend, and in a short time it cured me sound and well. It put my blood in good condition and I have never had the slightest return of the Catarrh since that time.

GEO. D. CARR,
No. 209 Edgar St. Evansville, Ind.

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

It's What You Receive That Counts.

Note the benefits to the policy holders of

The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York

EDWARD W. SCOTT, PRESIDENT.

Through the agency of Gold & Gold, Inc., and their predecessors has been returned to Carolina policy holders in ten years over $500,000, besides loaning them over $300,000. And at present protecting them to the extent of nearly $5,000,000. Such are the practical results of Life Insurance in THE PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE.

Reliable men wanted to represent us in every county in North Carolina.

GOLD & GOLD, Inc., General Agents,
Successors to Peacock & Gold Co. GREENSBORO, N. C.

ACID IRON MINERAL

Contains the most wonderful combination of health giving factors ever discovered. It is a natural remedy compounded by nature, therefore contains no narcotics. It is king of all inflamation. Put it on a wound and it quickly stops the flow of blood and heals the wound. If the inflamation is external take A-I-M. It does precisely the same work for the raw stomach of the dyspeptic, the ulcerated throat, inflamed bowels, kidneys or liver as if they were external and could be cured before the eye.

A-I-M is unequaled for diseases peculiar to women. It builds up the broken down system and enriches the blood as nothing else will. 50c per bottle. Ask your dealer for it, or write

ACID IRON MINERAL COMPANY,
Salem, Va.

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King's Business College.
INCORPORATED

RALEIGH, N. C. Bullen Building.
CHARLOTTE, N. C. Piedmont Ins. Building.

These schools give the world's best in modern Business Education. Oldest Business College in North Carolina. Established. Positions guaranteed, backed by written contract. No vacation. Individual instruction. We also teach Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Penmanship by mail. Send for Home Study Rates. Write today for our Catalogue, Offers and High Endorsements. They are free. Address, KING'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Raleigh, N. C., or Charlotte, N. C.

COLDS THAT HANG ON

So frequently settle on the lungs and result in Pneumonia or Consumption. Do not take chances on a cold wearing away or take something that only half cures it, leaving the seeds of serious throat and lung trouble.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures Coughs and Colds quickly and prevents

Pneumonia and Consumption

CONSUMPTION THREATENED

C. Unger, 211 Maple St., Champaign, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and I was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since."

HAD BRONCHITIS FOR TWENTY YEARS AND THOUGHT HE WAS INCURABLE

Henry Livingstone, Babylon, N. Y., writes: "I had been a sufferer with Bronchitis for twenty years and tried a great many with poor results until I used FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR which cured me of my Bronchitis which I supposed was incurable."

THREE SIZES, 25c, 50c and $1.00— Refuse Substitutes

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

J. C. HELMS, DRUGGIST, OPPOSITE M'ADOO HOUSE

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of the PATRIOT.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Interest has shifted during the week and has passed from the President's order making it possible to dismiss peremptorily Civil Service employes, and now the railroad and canal questions are again assuming their normal prominence. The President, who will be back in Washington by the time this is in print, has given the country an opportunity to know that he has not changed his mind on these important subjects, and it is thought he has in his utterances anticipated his message to Congress. Two important conventions on railway rate legislation are now assembled in the United States, one big convention in Chicago and another very small and, from its own point of view, very select convention in its committee room in the capitol. The country in this case will lack no campaign of education.

If the President does not decide to make a run to Panama and look over the canal for himself when he gets out into the gulf with three fast government cruisers he will arrive in Washington about November 1st, and he will in any event have broken the unwritten law that the President must not, during his term, go beyond the limits of the United States. Technically he may be within the limits as long as he is on board an American ship and under the flag, but both in the gulf and in the Atlantic he will be in neutral waters and many miles from shore.

Washington is anticipating not only an exciting political session, but a very gay and brilliant social season. The city has made unusual preparations for the entertainment of the leisured fashionable contingent that spends the winter here in yearly increasing numbers. Probably not less than fifty apartment houses have been built during the summer, and these, added to the numbers of similar houses, will have the effect to make living more comfortable and less expensive than in former years. The increase in the number of apartment houses has had a marked depressing effect on the hotel industry. Hundreds of people who were formerly in the habit of boarding at the large hotels now seek the more comfortable and less expensive suites of rooms to be found in the new apartment houses. Washington is far from being the most beautiful capital in the world, and this boast is made only by those unfamiliar with the better capitals of Europe, or by those, if familiar, who are quite regardless of the truth. There is here the plan and foundation of a city in every way worthy to be the capital of the greatest nation in this hemisphere. Buildings are under construction on Capitol Hill and to the north of the capitol and south of Pennsylvania avenue which will involve a gross expenditure of over twenty millions of dollars, and when completed probably within five years will greatly enhance the dignity of the capitol. One of the District commissioners is now lecturing in different cities of the United States in an effort to arouse national interest in the improvement and beautification of the capital of the United States. The District of Columbia, embracing the city of Washington, has neither voice nor vote in national or municipal affairs. The city and district are governed by Congress, and Congressmen, as a rule, are so much interested in their own state or district affairs that they find it both unprofitable and ungrateful to give time and vote money for streets, parks and public buildings in Washington.

If there were no other way of telling that Congress would soon be in session the appearance of the first delegation of Indians on the streets of Washington would be a sign. As the days begin to shorten and the time for the opening of Congress approaches the Indians arrive at the old Beveridge House on Third street, where they have made their headquarters ever since they first had a cause to be presented to the "Great White Father" and Congress. During the session of Congress there are always from twenty to forty Indians in the city transacting business with the Commissioner of Indian Affairs or lobbying for more favorable legislation in the House or Senate. The first to arrive this year was Andrew John, of the Senecas, an Indian as familiar with Washington as most Congressmen. He was a favorite of the late Senator Quay, and has been of great benefit to the Bureau of Ethnology in securing photographs of his tribe and in repeating and interpreting their legends and songs. Following him came Rolling Bear, of the Tuscaroras, and some Omahas, all of whom have been spending time at the Bureau of Ethnology, where they have more or less reluctantly consented to be measured and photographed for the records there. Two of them speak English, but they walk the streets in their blankets and seem to be as much interested in the sights as they are objects of interest to the people.

When a government department undertakes to clean house it does it thoroughly and without any penurious regard to what the cost may be. The Treasury Department is being cleaned this year of the smoke and dust that has accumulated upon its exterior walls, and for many weeks workmen have been going over it inch by inch with scrubbing brushes, scrapers and mild acids. They began on the lower stories first, and with this part white and the upper part a dusky gray the great building has had a chilly appearance of being out in its underwear. The work progresses, though, and before many weeks the building will be clean from top to bottom and the marble once more restored to its brilliant whiteness.

At the same time work on the interior of the capital has been going on and at a cost of forty-five thousand dollars that building will be made clean, comfortable and wore attractive than it has been for many years. In order that some of the "hot air" of the legislative chambers may not return to asphyxiate the members all the flues have been equipped with exhaust fans and the ventilation perfected at a cost of ten thousand dollars. Every year for forty years the rotunda walls have been treated to a coat of paint, but last year Architect Elliot Woods, of the capitol, succeeded in persuading Congressmen who couldn't have told the color of the walls if their next election had depended on it, that the paint must come off. During the summer workmen have removed these forty coats of paint and gotten down to the original brown sandstone of which the walls were constructed. The hideous chandeliers have been replaced by 19,000 incandescent lights, the picture frames have been gilded, the plumbing has been renewed, more light has been let into the Senate and House, regardless as to whether they could stand it or not, and last but not least, the capitol has been scrubbed from top to bottom, so that not a germ lurks about to menace the health of our law makers.

War on the Tobacco Trust.

New York, Oct. 27.—Figures showing the so-called tobacco trust has raised prices and how independent manufacturers are combating these prices were given today by Hiram D. Miller, of Philadelphia, president of the Independent Tobacco Manufacturers' Association of the United States, at the fifth annual convention of that organization. He said in part:

"Today the manufacture of licorice paste is almost exclusively in the hands of the tobacco trust. Licorice, which a few years ago cost us five or five and one-half cents per pound, is now costing us ten and one-half cents to eleven cents per pound. I believe it to be to our interest to appeal to Congress to aid us against this unfair monopoly.

"We have today fair competition with the tobacco trust in the purchase of leaf tobacco and in the disposing of our manufactured products. A year ago the trust had the leaf tobacco interests in such shape that it was hard for some independent manufacturers to procure leaf, even at an advance of 75 to 100 per cent. over the actual value. It was almost impossible in some sections of the country for independent manufacturers to get their goods distributed. Today these conditions do not exist, and if we stand shoulder to shoulder and work as a unit with the investigating committee appointed in Washington, which is now investigating the conditions and manner of doing the business of the so-called trust, I believe the open market, with fair competition, will be established."

The association decided to have a label put on all goods made by its members, but did not designate the kind of mark to be used.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Hiram D. Miller, of Philadelpha; vice president, Hugh Campbell, Richmond; secretary, Walter H. Friedlander, Cincinnati; treasurer, John W. Surbrug, New York.

The following executive committee was chosen: Samuel Bloch, Wheeling, W. Va.; George T. Brown, Winston, N. C.; Samuel Harris, New York; Albert Weisert, St. Louis, and C. D. Laruse, Richmond, Va.

A committee consisting of President Miller and Vice President Campbell was appointed to look into the licorice situation, especially with a view to the establishment of a plant for the manufacture of licorice paste under the control of the manufacturers' association. The committee is to report the result of its investigations to the association at a special meeting to be held in Cincinnati within six weeks.

President in a Collision.

U. S. Flagship West Virginia, Oct. 27.—Via New Orleans, Oct.—At 11 o'clock last evening, through confusion of signals, the fruit steamer, Esparata, collided with the lighthouse tender Magnolia, which was conveying the President, Secretary Leob and Dr. Rixey, to the cruiser West Virginia. The rail and port bow of the Magnolia were damaged and two or three holes made in the hull below the water line. No one was hurt.

The Magnolia, immediately on being struck, was beached, her bow being hard and dry. After a careful examination of the damage to the vessel, it was evident that there was no danger and the President and his party went to bed. Major Craighill, of the United States engineers, was aboard the Magnolia. His ship the Ivy, a sister ship of the Magnolia, had preceded the Magnolia and was some distance ahead. A boat was immediately put off for the nearest telephone, about a mile and a half away, and the order given to head the Ivy off at Pilot station, and have her return for the President and his party. The transfer was made at 3 o'clock this morning. The vessel got under way immediately and the West Virginia was boarded on schedule time.

A Timely and Important Work.

In all the twelve years that Professor Hugo R. Meyer has been gathering material for his "Government Regulation of Railway Rates," just published by the Macmillan Company, there has been no moment when its appearance would have been so timely or when it would have attracted so much attention as at present. On the eve of the assembling of a Congress that is likely to give a large part of its attention to the question of railway rate legislation and at a time when the whole country is discussing the subject, a straightforward statement of the effects of government regulation in foreign countries and an intelligent application of the conclusions deduced from these results of the tranportation situation in the United States is greatly needed. This is what Professor Meyer's volume affords, and for this reason it will be welcomed by legislators and men of affairs as eagerly as by the students of economic questions to whom a work ordinarly would appeal.

Terrible Affair in Virginia.

Gloucester Courthouse, Va., Oct. 28.—When R. E. Gressett came out of his home in King and Queen county this morning about sunrise he was shot with a rifle by W. D. Coker, who had been concealed under the high steps. When Gressett fell he begged Coker not to shoot again, and Mrs. Gressett also ran out and begged him not to shoot again. Coker came up close to Gressett and fired again, killing him instantly. Coker then sent word to officers to come to his home at Greenwood, as he had shot Gressett. Just as the officers drove by to W. D. Coker's house they heard a gun go off, and they found Coker dead. He had killed his wife and two little girls, one six and the other nine years old, and had laid them out. Coker came from South Carolina about eight years ago. The two men lived about two miles apart. No one knows of any ill feeling between the men prior to the tragedy.

A grocer who sands his sugar has more grit than principle.

GENERAL FUNDS RUNNING LOW.

Need Emergency Application at Once—Only a Million Left.

Washington, Oct. 28.—The funds of the isthmian canal commission are running very low, and today there is only about a million dollars in the ten million dollars appropriation made by Congress in June, 1902. It is the intention of Secretary Taft and the commission to make every effort to procure an emergency appropriation from Congress immediately after that body convenes in December. At the rate the money is going out of the treasury now the commission will have absolutely nothing on January 1, and many bills of large amounts will fall due early in 1906.

It has not been decided just how much Congress will be asked to appropriate. One of the principal reasons for Secretary Taft's visit to the isthmus is to ascertain for himself just what has been done and how the money has been spent. With facts and figures he will return to Washington well fortified for what may be a contest to get money, and a large amount of it, from Congress in a very short time. It is essential that the emergency appropriation be made before Congress adjourns for the Christmas holidays, or the working force of the canal will have to go without pay until Congress does act.

Contracts which will not be filled until some time next year have been made recently. Some of them run into the hundreds of thousands, but it will not be necessary to pay for these materials until they are delivered on the isthmus. Roughly estimated the contracts already made and those contemplated by the commission and not yet filled aggregate about $9,000,000.

It is the opinion of Secretary Taft that contracts for all of the equipment necessary for the building of the canal will have been made on next June 1st.

The officials of the administration commission aver that there has been no waste of money. The $10,000,000 appropriation has lasted for more than three years. One large item which should, in their opinion, be counted as an actual expenditure on the canal is that for the purchase of two steamers, costing $1,300,000. The steamers were purchased last July, and were immediately leased to the Panama Railway Company, which could not afford the vessels, and the investment is now earning about 6 per cent. for the commission.

A financial statement covering the expenditures from June 28, 1902, when Congress appropriated $10,000,000, until last June 30, the end of the fiscal year, was made public today. It shows that during the period covered by the statement, three years almost to a day, the expenditures amounted to $4,009,543, with a balance of $6,083,415. The commission had $92,959 to come into its treasury aside from the ten millions. The greatest item of expenditure is under the head of "materials, supplies and equipment purchased," amounting to $1,087,726. On the actual construction work $694,292 was spent. There were a number of items that ran into the hundreds of thousands. The work of sanitation cost $208,641, and the cost of asylums and hospitals was $159,852. The construction and repairs of buildings cost $305,100. The materials and supplies division on the Isthmus was operated at an expense of $206,750, and the office of the chief engineer cost $116,505. Another large cost was the purchase price of Panama Railway stock, which was taken out of the funds of the commission. This amounts to $155,657. The machine shop expenses were $67,154, and $186,154 was spent in building waterworks and sewers. The Isthmian Canal Commission itself cost $137,714.

Shonts Denied Story of Friction.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Chairman Shonts of the Isthmian Canal Commission today issued a signed statement practically denying that there is any friction between Secretary Taft and himself. The statement is brief and relates to recent publications to that effect. Mr. Shonts is still confined to his residence, but Mr. Bishop, of the publicity division, issued the statement from the offices of the Isthmian Canal Commission.

A Twice-Told Tale.

There are at least 8,000 people in the United States who are interested in the pollution of the inland waters of the country, for an edition of that many copies of Water-Supply and Irrigation Paper No. 103 of the United States Geological Survey, which was a review of the laws forbidding that pollution, was exhausted almost as soon as published. In response, therefore, to what seems to be a popular demand a new edition of the paper almost as large as the first—7500 copies—has been ordered and will soon be available. It is gratifying to note the interest which this paper has awakened, and it is to be hoped that those who have consulted it have been moved not by a desire to evade these important laws but by a determination to fulfill or enforce them.

The author of the paper, Mr. Edwin B. Goodell, devides his subject into two parts: (1) A summary of the common law upon the subject of water pollution—i. e., the law as pronounced and determined by the courts indedependently of legislative action, and (2) a summary or abstract of the statutes enacted by the various legislatures for the correction of the evil. In this second edition the section on pollution under the common law has been amplified to include the arid states and territories, and the statutes passed since the first eddition was prepared have been added to the second part of the discussion.

In discussing the principles and decisions applied to water pollution under common law Mr. Goodell presents them in the following groups:

a. The rights of riparian owners to pure water as against one another.

b. The rights of the public (as distinguished from individual owners) to have inland waters kept free from pollution by riparian owners or others.

c. The conditions under which, and the extent to which, public municipalities may use inland waters in disposing of sewage matter from public sewers.

In presenting the statutory restrictions of water pollution, Mr. Goodell classifies them according to states: Those that maintain partial restrictions, those with general restrictions, and those with severe restrictions. The general rules are laid down, the rights and duties of riparian owners, the rights and duties of municipal corporations, the rights and duties of the public, the public rights and duties enforced by statute. A final chapter on the progress of legislation closes the paper.

Mr. Goodell has presented the subject of anti-pollution laws in a manner which will be of assistance to public officials, water companies, manufacturers, farmers, and legislators, rather than the members of the bench and bar. Those desiring copies of his paper, which is entitled "A Review of the Law Forbidding Pollution of Inland Waters of the United States, should apply to the Director of the Geological Survey, Washington, D. C., for Water-Supply and Irrigation Paper No. 152. This report is published for gratutious distribution.

Guilford County Leads.

Raleigh Post.

The reports of the various county superintendents of education to the state superintendent, and two-thirds of these reports are in, reveal that Guilford county has led the state in its increase of white children of school age. In 1904 Guilford had 10,725 white and 4,599 colored children, between the ages of 6 and 21 years, while the report for 1905 shows 11,737 whites and 4,299 colored. This is an increase of 1,012 for the whites and a decrease of 300 for the colored. No other county thus far makes such a showing for white children. Surry probably comes next with a white increase of 640.

Girls, if you want red lips, laughing eyes, sweet breath and good looks, use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. The greatest beautifier known. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Holton's drug store.

MILLINERY

Mrs. N. C. Weatherly

Solicits your inspection of her large and elegant assortment of Hats for Ladies and Children. You will find prices reasonable and the goods the latest and best to be found in the Northern market. She has a nice line of Kid Gloves. All the new shades Ruchings, Collars, Etc., Etc. See her before you buy. Southern Trading Stamps with all cash purchases.

109 W. Market Street

IF YOU

WANT A BARGAIN

Call at J. A. Cannaday's

501 Cor. S. Elm-Fayetteville.

Men's Underwear, - 75c Suit
Boys' " 25c to 75c Suit
Ladies' " 25c to $2 Suit
Ladies' Skirts, - $1.50 to $12
Ladies' Up to Date Hats, - $2 to $5
Furs from - - $1.50 to $6

If you want a bargain just call to see us. We have prices to suit you.

J. A. CANNADAY

Dry Goods, Notions and Shoes

501 South Elm Street, Greensboro.

USE HELMS' CROUPALINE

FOR CROUP AND COLDS

In children—also soreness in chest and colds in adults. Physicians prescribe it and get the best of results. Sold by all druggists.

25c for 2-oz. Box

J. D. HELMS

Manufacturing Chemist,

310 S. Elm S., Greensboro, N. C.

Opposite McAdoo Hotel.

Combined Capital, $325,000 — Combined Assets over $500,000

The Greensboro Fire Insurance Companies

Have, in the last eight years, saved to the people of Greensboro not less than $40,000 in the cost of their insurance. When you insure call for your home companies.

J. Simpson Schenck, Agent

Administrators' Notice.

Having this day qualified as administrator of the estate of W. A. Pegram, deceased, this is to notify all persons indebted to said estate to make payment to us, and all persons having claims against said estate to present them to us within one year from date, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This 24th day of October, 1905.

J. A. PEGRAM,
D. P. LEMONS,
Administrators.

44-6t

THE HUB

BENBOW ARCADE, OPP. BENBOW HOTEL.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Ladies' Coats, Suits, Skirts and Dress Goods

to select from in Greensboro, and the prices are moderate for fine goods.

Infants' and Children's Coats, Dresses, Underwear,

Hats, Sweaters, Cloaks, Saques and Hoods, all priced at a saving.

Blankets, Spreads, Flannels and Outings

A department store in assortments. Goods are priced less.

THE HUB THE HUB

New York Clothing House

Special Offerings of Fall and Winter Goods

Anticipating a big business this fall our buyer has just gotten back from the market where he bought a larger stock of Clothing than ever before. Therefore we are in position to save you money on your fall purchases.

Be sure to see us before buying.

MEN'S CLOTHING

We sell the W. S. Peck Clothing and this is our ninth season that we have handled this famous make. There is a reason why we stick to the W. S. Peck Clothing—it's the best. Every Suit guaranteed to fit and not fade. Price ..... $10 to $22

MEN'S AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS

Big line of all the newest styles in Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps just received.

THE RAQUET

Men's Hats, 50c to $3.00
Boys' Caps, 25 to 50 cents
Men's Caps, 25 to 75 cents

Boys' and Children's Clothing

We wish to call special attention to our line of Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats. We have the best line of these goods ever shown in Greensboro. All sizes up to 17.

Suits from $1.50 to $6. Overcoats from $2 to $6. Full line Boys' Odd Pants, 50 and 75 cents.

The above are only a few of the many good things we have to offer you. Give us a call. We are always glad to show goods whether you buy or not.

NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE

I. ISAACSON, PROPRIETOR

332 SOUTH ELM ST., GREENSBORO, N. C.

IN MEMORY OF MORTON.

Grover Cleveland Makes Principal Address at Unveiling of Monument.

Nebraska City, Neb., Oct. 28.—A number of distinguished people attended the unveiling of the monument to the late J. Sterling Morton in Morton grove today. Besides ex-President Cleveland and the sons of Mrs. Morton there were: Adlai Stevenson, of Illinois, former Vice-President; Richard A. Olney, of Boston, former Secretary of State; David R. Francis, of Missouri; Hillary A. Herbert, of Alabama, former Secretary of the Navy; John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, former Secretary of the Treasury, and Judson Harmon, of Ohio, former Attorney General in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. The guests arrived here by special train.

The principal address was made by ex-President Cleveland. He and Mr. Morton were very warm personal friends and their political sympathies were thoroughly in keeping with each other.

Mr. Cleveland spoke as follows:

I have not come to the surviving family of J. Sterling Morton, and to those who were his intimate friends and neighbors, for the purpose of bringing from afar superfluous recital of his virtues and mental endowments. You who, within the sacred precints of his home, knew the warmth of his love, you, who daily found cheer and delight in the sunlight of his steady, constant friendship, and you, his immediate fellow-citizens, who have been stirred to admiration and attachment of his unselfish and effective labor in behalf of those with whom his lot was cast, need no words of mine to arouse in your minds the sentiments which befit this commemorative occasion. Even though all were silent the beautiful monument here erected would itself eloquently signify the love and friendship and admiration which are today revived by the recollection of an affectionate, dutiful and useful life.

But I am not here without a mission. I would fain interpret this monument's message to me, as it recalls my close companionship and co-operation, in the discharge of the highest public duty, with the man we honor. I am here to give evidence concerning the things he revealed to me in the light of that companionship and co-operation. This is but to testify to his lofty civic righteousness, his simple and sure standards of public morality, his stern insistence on official honesty, his sturdy adherence to opinions deliberately and conscientiously adopted, his generous concession to others of every result of their efforts and his passionate desire to serve the best interests of his fellow-countrymen.

STOOD FOR THE RIGHT.

I am not required, for the sake of exaggerated tribute, to insist that in the mere possession of these virtues our friend was distinguished above all others. But it must be said that he stood out from amidst a vast congregation of others who believed and knew the right as he believed and knew it, he was willing to fight and suffer, not only in a small arena of private and social existence, but in the fiercer, deadlier amphitheatre of public life. He believed that the same care and good faith exacted by a trust undertaken for an individual were due to the people from those who assumed official responsibilities, and he believed that waste in public expenditure was sin. These beliefs were not is his mind mere comfortable sentiments, mildly stimulating to self-righteousness, but were active incentives to battle The noxious atmosphere of governmental extravagance could not blind his eyes, nor could the ridicule of those who had learned to scoff at official economy, or the threats of those who perfidiously contrived to appropriate public funds to private gain, drive him to compromise with wrong. Bold and defiant in the midst of it all, he took brave counsel of conscience, as did the dauntless Father of the Reformation, who cried out to his tormentors: "I cannot and will not retract anything, for to act against conscience is unsafe and unholy."

Thus it was that our friend's fine moral perception and his love of rectitude shed a bright and unwavering light on the path of official obligation, and thus did his clear discernment of duty lend impressiveness to his efforts towards the highest usefulness in public office. It was, however, his keen intelligence and his worldly wisdom that taught him that an effective equipment for the public service needed a large admixture of sterner stuff, and there was never a servant of the people who, in their cause, met misrepresentation and unjust accusation with more fortitude, or saw the submergence of friendly relations with more resignation, or dealt harder blows to dishonesty and wrong, whether lurking with friends or foes.

WORKED FOR THE WEST.

As a pioneer among the settlers of the great West, he espoused with affectionate zeal every movement or interest that promised its development and prosperity; but even this he did with such strict subordination to the commands of conscience, and with such courageous reliance upon the strength that comes of clear conviction, that in advocating his beliefs on economic and financial topics, he did not hesitate to attack the opinions and prejudices of those with whom he had made his home. There was no bitterness of heart in all this, but there was the positive, rugged earnestness of a strong determined man, quite content to trust time and sober second thought for his vindication.

Our friend loved nature with constancy and delight, and through nature he was led to a reverent love of the Maker of the Universe. He served the purposes of God on earth and taught his fellow-countrymen to realize their relationship to nature and the Father of all created things, when he established the planting of trees as a custom of general observance among our people. This work was done without trumpeting the praise of the man who founded Arbor Day, and without perverting its beneficent design to the exploitation of his fame. It was done modestly and quietly—in keeping with the disposition of its promoter and his estimate of reasonable service. No beautiful crest or elaborate coat of arms would so well illustrate his grand simplicity or typify the spirit in which this project had its rise and completion as its symbolization by a growing tree surmounting the homely legend, "Plant trees."

Though the erection of this monument may have had its beginning in the loving appreciation of Arbor Day, we cannot escape the feeling that it would tell but little of the story of the life and career of the founder of that day if there were not imperishably inscribed upon it the words, "Pioneer, Statesman, Scholar," as well as "Tree Planter." And even with all that has been here builded and inscribed, those who knew him best and loved him most cannot see in this dull, cold effigy any presentment of the tenderness and unceasing affection of the father and brother, and the cheerfulness and mirth which in his hours of relaxation he brought to his home and fireside, nor the open-heartedness and contagious good humor which he gave to intimate companionship. The monument that recalls these features of his heart and soul is built on the hallowed ground of memory.

A LESSON TAUGHT.

And yet none of us should go from this place untouched by the lesson which this statue teaches. Here we should learn that character, uncorrupted by the contagion of ignoble things and unweakened by the corrosion of sordidness and money-madness, is the corner-stone of every truly useful life, and of every genuinely noble achievement. We shall do violence to the moral sense which God had vouchsafed to humanity if amid the surroundings we close our minds to the truth, that character represents the real value of a man according to the unalterable standard of fine gold, and that it differs immeasurably from reputation which measures a man's worth by the shifting and untrue standards of mean ambition or successful cupidity. We have fallen upon days when our people are more than ever turning away from their old faith in the saving grace of character, and flocking to the worship of money-making idols. Daily and hourly in the light of investigation and exposure, characterless lives are seen in appalling numbers, without chart or compass crowded upon the rocks and shoals of faithlessness and breach of trust. How ill have these wrecked lives exchanged the safe course and the harbor of honor and usefulness which character and rectitude point out, for a wild and headlong rush over unknown seas in a consuming search for pelf.

If our people every return again to their trust in character as a steadying force in our restless enterprise and immense material growth, it will be when they take to heart the full significance of such a commenoration as this. We memorialize a man who not only earned the lasting honor of his countrymen, but whose life, in all things worthy of such endeavor, was abundantly successful. As a pioneer who labored to improve the new country of his home, he lived to see it blossom as the rose; as a scholar he cultivated his own mental powers and acquired knowledge in order that he might be able to instruct and benefit others; as a statesman he left the impress of high aspiration upon our citizenship, and of usefulness and fidelity upon our public life; and as the father of tree-planting he gained the grateful remembrance of the old and young of the present generation and that of generations yet unborn. All these things he wrought out through the power of a strong, wholesome, patriotic and beautiful character.

Let those of us who were his fellow-citizens and knew his life heed his example to the end that our work may be more unselfish and more loyal to the purposes of God and the betterment of our fellow-men. Let his sons, in whom was centered all his worldly pride, remember that the only success that is satisfying and honorable is that achieved in their father's spirit and high resolve.

It is fitting that this monument should recall memories that must not die. It is well that it should arouse the living to noble endeavor. But to the dead it avails not. He has reared his own monument "more durable than brass or stone."

Armfield-Armfield Marriage.

High Point Ledger.

Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents 5 miles from this city, Mr. Frank Armfield, of Monroe, led to the hymeneal altar Miss Lucile Armfield.

The home had been beautifully decorated for the occasion with choice flowers. Dr. Stephens, of Monroe, was best man, and Miss Hetty Jarnagin, of Tennessee, was maid of honor. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. E. M. Armfield.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. L. Siler, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of this city. The wedding march was rendered by Miss Pattie Lee, of Monroe.

After the ceremony a luncheon was served, after which Mr. and Mrs. Armfield came to the city and caught the 10 o'clock train for the North for their bridal trip.

The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Armfield, Sr., and is very popular among her many friends here and elsewhere.

The groom is a young attorney of Monroe and has a large practice. He is also a very prominent man in political circles of his district, being the presidential elector at the last general election.

Among those present from out of town were Mr. and Mrs. John L. King, Greensboro; Mrs. J. M. Wharton and Mrs. Ragsdale, of Jamestown.

Record-Breaking Month for High Point.

The past month has been a lucky one for High Point. During that time seven factories have been organized, an all-night system of electric lights has been secured, the President of the United States made a visit, two new insurance companies caitalized at $100,000 each are on the way, the contract for the building of the High Point and Winston Inter-Urban Railroad has been signed, the opening of the greater Elwood hotel building, the assurance of a modern passenger depot, the enlarging of the silk mill, which will be the largest of its kind in the South, the biggest gain in population by immigation and birth, and various other things not in mind at this writing, which go to make up great industrial strides for High Point. October, 1905, will be booked as a record-breaking month.

Pain may go by the name of rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, pleurisy. No matter what name the pains are called, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will drive them away. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Holton's drug store.

OUR RALEIGH LETTER.

Correspondence of the PATRIOT.

Gorman News Bureau,
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 30, 1905.

Raleigh had two dangerous and possibly fatal fires yesterday (Sunday), in which over $50,000 worth of property was destroyed and four children were so badly hurt that they were taken to the hospital for treatment. Two of them are so badly injured that they may die.

The fire in which the children were injured was at the Catholic Orphanage, near Raleigh, outside the city limits and beyond the reach as the city water system, so that the firemen could do but little towards extinguishing the flames. The four little boys were hurt by jumping from the third story of one of the principal buildings, the building being completely destroyed, all except the brick walls. The loss is $25,000. This is a most deplorable loss, for the orphanage has been established only after hard work and many struggles extending over a period of many years and was just getting in good working shape, and was doing much good in caring for helpless and homeless little orphans.

The other fire was in a mercantile establishment, that of Walter Woolcott, in the very heart of the city, the building containing a stock of drygoods valued at $40,000, which was almost completely destroyed or ruined by the flames and water. The fire was extinguished before the building was much damaged. This fire, which occurred in the early morning, before daybreak, caused much excitement, the people in a number of nearby buildings, including the Yarboro hotel, getting out and many removing their effects, because of the threatening probability that the fire would soon spread. It was checked and confined to the one building, however.

The preliminary trial of the two fakirs, Clark (alias Morris, the Jew) and Lileston, who are charged with killing a man named Smith from Petersburg, Va., in the union depot here on Saturday of fair week, is again in progress today. It is a very complicated case, the man Smith having been shot, apparently, while Clark and Lileston were firing at each other in the crowded waiting room. It has been shown, however, that bad blood existed between all three of the men, they having been mixed up in a gambling row here the previous evening, and it is claimed that Smith was purposely murdered by one of the men now on trial.

Governor Glenn appoints Archibald Arrington, who for nearly two years has been teller of the state treasurer, his private secretary. Arrington is a son of the late ex-sheriff John P. Arrington, of Nash county, a special friend of Governor Glenn, who says by the appointment that he honors the memory of his friend.

Principal Game Warden John W. Upchurch, with headquatrers at Raleigh for the past two years, is ordered to Currituck Sound and will have charge of the very important patrol there. He has done work all over the state.

LLEWXAM.

A man's actions are seldom as good as the sample submitted.

Two Great Remedies

For over 35 Years the Standard of Home Preparations.

Seven Barks Will instantly relieve and positively cure every ailment and disease arising from the stomach, bowels, liver or kidneys—whence 90 per cent of all diseases emanate. It cleanses, purifies, strengthens and tones up the entire drainage and digestive system. Price 50c. a bottle.

You Have HEARD OF Thousands of American families will have none other. For headaches of any kind, constipation, dizziness, dyspepsia, nervousness, bad taste in mouth, distress after eating, etc., nothing will give relief so quickly as these palatable little pills. Price 25c. **Globe Pills**

SOLD BY

FARISS, KLUTZ & CO.
DRUGGISTS.

Complete Line of

RELIABLE GOODS

BULB SYRINGES
50c to $1.00

FOUNTAIN Syringes
75c to $2.00

ATOMIZERS
50c up

Water Bottles, Bulbs, Rubber Tubing, Bottle Fittings, Trusses, Supporters, Etc.

You will always find best values at

FORDHAM'S DRUG STORE
514 South Elm St., Greensboro, N. C.

Elberta Poultry Yards
Barred Plymouth Rock Poultry

Eggs for sale at $1.00 per setting of 15.

ADDRESS
J. P. HOFFMAN, R.D.6, Greensboro, N.C.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Elizabeth E. Friddle, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to me on or before the 1st day of November, 1906, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement.

This 28th day of October, 1905.
44-6t S. A. GREESON, Administrator.

THE JOHNSON & WATSON CO.

112 SOUTH ELM STREET

Will Put on Sale Saturday, November 4th

300 PAIRS MEN'S SHOES

Slightly damaged in the process of manufacturing, consisting of McKay Sewed and Goodyear Welts.

Price for this lot:

$1.39 TO $2.00 PER PAIR

These Shoes would be good values at $2 to $3 a pair.

Don't overlook the fact that we have

A Complete Line of Our Famous "Biltmore" $2.50 Shoes
IN ALL LEATHERS.

Buy direct from factory and save dealer's profit.

THE JOHNSON & WATSON COMPANY, Manufacturers
RETAIL STORE, 112 SOUTH ELM.

The Greensboro Hospital

We have just received six new private room beds, making our number fifteen in all. We are open for the treatment of surgical and medical cases of a non-contagious character. Large airy rooms; quiet, restful location; competent graduate nurses.

Anyone desiring to put patients in the institution will please notify the Superintendent a day or two before hand, so as to be sure of a room.

Physicians may take patients to the institution and treat them.

Rooms—Private, $15 per week; with two in room, $10 apiece, including nursing and board.

J. P. TURNER, M. D., Supt.

DRS. J. T. J. BATTLE, E. R. MICHAUX, W. J. MEADOWS, CHAS. ROBERSON, A. F. FORTUNE, J. P. TURNER, } Hospital Staff.

GOOD
Farms for Sale

115½ ACRES
5 Miles west from center of this city, on Railroad and Macadam road. 8 room dwelling and good large barn. At a bargain for quick sale.

100 ACRES
Near Battle Ground. New dwelling and new barn. Good land. $2,700.00.

248 ACRES
No buildings. Near Battle Ground. Wood enough to pay for farm. Well watered. Price $2,000.00.

305 ACRES
Fine land on Brush Creek. 10 miles northwest. Only $8.00 per acre.

134 ACRES
4 miles southeast. 8-room house, barn and other outbuildings. A splendid home. Only $4,500.00.

SAMPLE BROWN

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR
BARGAINS!

I have them. Have bought a job lot of Lap Robes, Horse Blankets and Storm Covers. Can give bottom prices on any of these goods.

Have a large lot of Buggy Harness, and will sell at close figures.

A good stock of Double Wagon Harness. The best $1.50 Wagon Collar on the market.

Look at my rat-proof Harness Oil.
Will exchange new harness for old.
Come and be convinced.

C. B. ROBESON
528 SOUTH ELM ST.

MAMMOTH BRONZE
TURKEYS

THOROUGHBRED YOUNG MAMMOTH BRONZE TOMS FOR SALE.

Second premium at Central Carolina Fair with great competition. Prices right.

Mrs. Steve Wheeler
Guilford College, N. C.

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The Greensboro Patriot
AND
AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST, the great rural journal of the East and South, is the best and most practical of its kind.

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THE PRESTIGE of AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST is partly due to the value of its general and special editorial features and policy. Of no less weight is the absolute reliability of its reading and advertisements.

FREE YEAR BOOK AND ALMANAC. All subscribing at once, as below, are presented, postpaid, with the AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST YEAR BOOK and ALMANAC for 1906. This great work is a Cyclopedia of Progress and Events in the Whole World.—A Market Guide; Complete Almanac; A Treasury of Statistics; A Reference Work on Every Subject of Timely Interest Pertaining to Agriculture, Industry, Commerce, Public Affairs, Household Education, Religion and Progress.

It is also an ALMANAC of Calendars, Weather, Astronomical Data, Hints for Each Month, etc. Weather Forecasts for each month.

A SAMPLE COPY of American Agriculturist will be mailed to you by addressing ORANGE JUDD COMPANY, 52 Lafayette Place, New York City.

EVERY FARMER needs this journal because it will help to make his farm more PROFITABLE. It covers The Field, Live Stock, Dairy, Horticulture, Poultry, Veterinary, Floriculture, Apiary, Entomology, How to Buy and How to Sell.

EVERY HOME needs this journal because it will help to make it BRIGHTER and BETTER. It covers the Kitchen, Dining-Room, Parlor, Fireside, Sewing-Room, The Study—For Old, Young, Married, Single.

Our SPECIAL Offer:

The Greensboro Patriot,	$1.00	$2.50
American Agriculturist, Weekly,	1.00	
Year Book and Almanac,	.50	

OUR PRICE FOR ALL, $1.30

Address THE PATRIOT, Greensboro, N. C.

Sale of Valuable Mineral and Timber Lands.

By virtue of an order of sale made by the Superior Court of Guilford county in the special proceeding entitled Henry A. Hege and others, ex parte, the undersigned commissioner will sell at public auction at the court house door in Greensboro on

Monday, December 4th, 1905.

at 12 o'clock M., a tract of land situate in said county and described as follows: Beginning at a hickory and stone, the northeast corner of a tract of land purchased by Paul Worth, Jonathan Anthony's line and corner, thence south 48 rods, thence west 24 rods, thence north 48 rods to said Anthony's line, thence east along his line 24 rods to the beginning, containing 7 1-5 acres more or less. See deed from Eli W. Hodson and others to R. A. King, Register's office, book No. 76, page 791.

This land is well timbered and is supposed to have valuable mineral on it. Sold for partition.

Terms of Sale—Cash on confirmation.
For further information apply to me.
This October 24th, 1905.
W. R. LAND, Commissioner.

EDWARD E. BAIN

MANUFACTURER OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

N. C. Long and Short Leaf Yellow Pine Ceiling, Flooring, Siding, Shingles Laths

and Building Materials of all kinds.

If you intend building write us for prices or call and see me before placing your orders.

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INDISPENSABLE TO
ALL COUNTRY RESIDENTS
Who wish to keep up with the times.

SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION, $1.50;
TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS, $2.50;
FOUR SUBSCRIPTIONS, $5.00.

Special Inducements to Raisers of Larger Clubs.

FOUR MONTHS' TRIAL TRIP 50 CENTS.

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ALBANY, N. Y.

☞ Subscriptions taken at this office. Both papers together, $2.00.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

Talmage Sermon

By Rev.
Frank De Witt Talmage, D. D.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 29.—That our lives here are a process of development and that the divine care and protection surround all who trust in God is the theme of the preacher in this sermon. The text is Psalm xl, 17, "The Lord thinketh upon me."

Spiritualistic mediums perpetrate many frauds. But the greatest of their absurdities is not found in the rappings and groanings by which they apparently summon the dead to their dark panelled rooms and compel them to speak to their insane victims. It is found in the ridiculous photography in which the dupes of spiritualistic mediums have their pictures taken, surrounded, as they are led to believe, by the spirit faces of their loved ones who are near to yet not of this earth. Have you ever seen any of these fictitious pictures? Within a few blocks of my old eastern home was a little stationery store which had its show windows filled with them. Raphael painted his "Sistine Madonna" surrounded by clouds of anged faces. Those deceitful photographs that I saw in that window showed believers in spiritualism surrounded by the faces of their departed kindred and dear ones and friends. There they were in those pictures, the living with the dead, side by side. Could any fraud be more bold, more cruel and more corrupt than that which declares that such pictures are genuine? And yet as I would stop and study these pictures on my way home during the winter afternoons I often said to myself, "Absurd those pictures are in reality, but how true they are figuratively!" A man is never a true man unless he always has many faces about him. You may think he is alone, but he is not alone. These faces, these many unseen faces, hover over him in benediction. They smile at him when he smiles. They go with him to places of evil resort and rebuke him while he is there. They joke with him. They plead with him. They pray with him. They come and sit by his bed when he is about to fall asleep. They greet him the moment when he awakens in the morning. Some of these faces are old. Some are young. Some are just budding into young womanhood. Some are middle aged. But these faces are always about us. They are about you. They are about me.

They are about us when we are at home; they are about us when we are away from home. We may be traveling in a railroad train a thousand miles away from our own firesides. It is the evening hour. We are tired of reading the book. We throw it down and rest our heads upon our hands and look out of the window and begin to see many faces. "Yes," we say to ourselves, "this is the evening hour. Our wives are putting the babies to bed." People may say we are alone in a railroad train, but we are not. We are home. I tell you we are home. We feel the baby boy climb up into our lap and beg us to tell him a story; we see our little girls sitting by the table studying their lessons. After the prayers have been said and the bedroom lights turned out and the last journey to the crib has been taken, with its drinking water and the good night kiss, we see our wife go and get the darning bag filled with a lot of the children's stockings. She sits down by our side. Then she looks up with a sweet smile and says, "My dear, let us have a good talk." As we talk she sews the big holes the boys have made in their stockings when they slid down the cellar door, which is their favorite toboggan. There she sits in the railroad train conversing. While we are thinking of our absent dear ones, by the telepathy of love we know they are thinking of us. They are constantly by our side. It is because they are ever present with us in thought that we try to be just as good and pure and true as if we could kiss their lips and talk to them in the flesh as well as in the spirit.

But are the faces of a father, a mother, a wife, a child, the only ones that are ever present with us, because they are always thinking of us as we are of them? Oh, no. David, the sweet singer of Israel, says there is another face which we must place over and above the human faces hovering about us. That is the face of God. He is thinking about us. He is planning for us. He is pleading with us. I want to impress on your minds the fact that the Lord's face is ever present with us and that he is continually thinking about us.

The Father's Care.

God plans for us as a developing friend. He is like a true parent who has a child given into his care by the birth angel. The true father does not look into the face of a child and say: "Now I have a child I will shield him. I will always keep him by my side as a helpless child." Oh, no. That is not the true father's way. No sooner is the little child born into the home than at once the parent begins to plan ahead for that child. He plans for him as a baby, as a boy, as a youth and as a fully developed man. He starts this planning ahead when he chooses the name for the christening. The selection of the baby's name is no easy task. The mother may be of a poetic temperament. She may desire to give her son a name euphonious as some of the romantic names of the wild woods. But the father says: "No. My son in all probability is not going to be a poet or a musician. He is going to be a plain, practical business man or a lawyer or a doctor or a minister. He must have a good, sound, common sense name that will not make him a laughingstock among his associates and one that can easily be remembered. Call him Joseph or James or William or Edward or John." The planning of the parents for the child starts at the christening.

Then comes the question of school. Perhaps the father has amassed some wealth. The money question is not a pressing one in the home. Where shall the boy get his education? The mother may desire to have her son go to one of the aristocratic private schools of the city, where he will have for companions the sons of wealthy families. Again the hard headed common sense of the father comes to the rescue. "No," he says. "No private school for my boy. My father sent me to a private school. There I dabbled a little in a dozen different studies and did not master any one of them. My boy shall go to a common public school, where the foundations and the rudiments of an education are pounded into him. I want him to master the 'three Rs'—reading, writing and arithmetic. I want him at fifteen years of age to know how to write a letter. That is what thousands of college bred men do not know. I want him to learn to spell and punctuate correctly. After the rudiments of an education have been soaked into him, then we can talk about private schools or a university course."

Learning Self Reliance.

After the school days are over what happens? The common sense father makes the boy start out for himself. If the lad enters business, he makes him work in another store where the father is not. If possible, he sends the son away for a little while, to work in another city among strangers, so that the boy learns to think for himself and stand upon his own feet. The wise father does all this not because he is hard hearted; not because he wants to get rid of the boy. He puts the burden of life upon the boy because he is a true friend to the child, planning his best development. He wants to make the most out of his son and bring him to the highest physical, mental, moral and spiritual development. God is doing for us in a wide sense what the earthly parent is doing for his child in a limited sense. He is placing his burdens upon us to develop us. He is not making us struggle for the mere pleasure of seeing us suffer. He is compelling us to be caretakers that we may grow in strength and climb the higher mountain peaks of inspiration and power which he has lifted for our thrones, and yet today there are but very few who have grace enough to thank God for the divine hand which has smitten them as well as for the divine lip which is ready to speak the words of comfort and good cheer.

Spiritual Growth.

Spiritual growth is not developed so easily near the perfume of a flower garden as among the thorns and the lacerations, the agonies and the sufferings of a ravine of thickets. The strongest wing, the keenest eye, the swiftest foot and the sharpest intelligence are not found in the meadow lands, but in the deserts. There the lizards must run like the lightning or the strong beaked "road runner" will snap them in twain. There the buzzard, with his great wings spread abroad as the sails of a ship, must be able to course on hour after hour in search of food and with almost omniscient eye watch the tacking wings of other buzzards miles away to see whether they have found any meat, or else that buzzard must soon starve and die. There the coyote must have the wisdom of the serpent, all the stealthiness of the fox, all the speed of the deer, the olfactory sensitiveness of the hound, or else the rabbit and the ground squirrel can never be his. To live in the desert the spring must be as swift as the panther's; the endurance must be so great that waters a hundred miles away are not out of reach to quench the parching thirst. Every ear must hear the slightest whisper; every intelligence must be the most far reaching, or else the beast, the bird or the serpent will die. In the deserts of life God best develops us, not in the meadow lands. Not in the easy places do we become the strong, true, pure, good and noble men he intended us to be. In the desert places we find the highest development of moral and spiritual life. The strongest flowers grow not as hothouse plants, but like the trailing arbutus and the crocus, scenting the hillsides near timber lines, whose lullaby is the whistling wind of the early spring and whose soft couch is not the green grass, but a white quilt of drifting snow. Canst thou not realize that the harder the wind blows the more easy is it for the sea captain to trim his sails and the swifter the ship's speed toward the desired harbor?

Beneficent Troubles.

Troubles are beneficent when packed upon a man's back in certain quantities. They may and do develop the physical and mental and spiritual man. But though the soldier goes forth with a brave heart to fight the battles of his country, with a haversack upon his shoulder, he could not fight, no matter how brave the heart, if he had a convict's chain riveted to his ankle and a mountain of oppression tumbled over upon his breast. Thus, while it is the duty of a true parent to put certain burdens and cares upon his child to develop him, it is also the father's duty to see that his child shall not have too great burdens to bear, which will break his back and crush his will. As does a true father, so God plans for us. "Whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth. God dealeth with you as with sons. For what son is he whom the father chasteneth not?" That means as the father reproves, rebukes and exhorts and develops the child by the heavy hand of trouble so God the Father deals with his own. But in Corinthians I also read these words as a qualifying clause: "God is faithful, who will not suffer you to be tempted above that ye are able, but will with the temptation also make a way to escape that ye may be able to bear it." That means that when troubles or temptations come upon us greater than we can bear then the Lord, who is always planning for us, will step in and stand between us and that temptation. Thus I find God the developing friend. In the next place I find God the protector, God the shielder, God the warder off of too great dangers when we are not able to care for ourselves.

Must Be Helped.

Let me illustrate how well nigh impossible it is for some men to help themselves unless they are first helped by others. Last summer it was my privilege, with a couple of gentlemen, to go camping through the mountains of southern California. For a long time I had wished to penetrate these mountains and go and live for awhile upon some of the Indian reservations. The great "San Luis Rey festival" was to take place among a couple of these tribes. We timed our trip to witness this festival, so important in Indian life. There I saw some of the old Indians, almost as ignorant and superstitious as their ancestors were centuries ago. An old Indian missionary told me some of the strangest facts about them. Said he: "Do you know that many of these Indians believe in ghosts and apparitions, just as did their grandparents? Though they talk but little during the day, yet they hesitate to go out at night because they are afraid of the darkness. They always whistle or sing to keep the spirits from tearing them to pieces. Then there is another peculiarity about them. With all the advancement of civilization everywhere seen, many of these Indians have never learned even the commonest laws of health. They build their adobe houses with no adequate means of ventilation. When they become sick some of them will go to bed. Then they will have erected four posts at the four corners of the bed, in the old Louis XIV style. I have seen the friends cover these posts over with blankets and not leave one loophole for the fresh air to get in. There the sick man will lie and simply be smothered to death. On account of bad ventilation we find that most of these Indians die of consumption, although these mountains furnish the air which cures the white men of consumption when they come here and live in the open." These are only a few of many similar statements made to me about the Indian's backwardness.

The Ignorance of Indians.

Amazing is the ignorance of the Indian. There in these festivals you see the old men dancing in their bare feet to the wailing songs of the old squaws, the same kind of dances their forefathers danced fifty, sixty, seventy, years ago. Instead of being men and women they seem to be just little children. As lambs they are led to the slaughter by the sins of the white man. The Christian church must go in and put her strong arm between these Indians and sin, ignorance and superstition. It must go in, else the Indian shall be wiped off the face of the earth. The reason the old western proverb "There is no good Indian except a dead Indian" has such a universal acceptation is because the American Indian, unless helped by the Christian day school, the Christian church and the Christian missionary, will never be able to help himself. The white man's sins will smite the red man down before he has time to open his eyes to see the white man's virtues. God speed the arduous work of the American missionary for the salvation of the red man and the red woman! These poor aborigines are being tumbled into drunkards' graves by the white man's whisky; they are being morally corrupted by the white man's licentiousness; they are being ground down into misery and want by the hell fires of the white man's gambling passions, which are destroying their lives for this world and for the next. It is impossible for some men to overcome some temptations in their own strength.

But, thank God, the dangers and temptations that surround you and me are not insurmountable if we only call on God for help. The true father places his strong arm about his boy's heart when the surges of temptation roll in to submerge him. God the Father will throttle the hissing throat of that deadly serpent of evil if we will only beg him to rescue us. He will take away that agonizing thirst for drink. You know you have been fighting it for years. Yes, he will make you pure in mind and heart if you only run to the cover of his wings. He will lift you up, as you would run to the rescue of your boy when he is confronting some sudden and imminent danger, if you will only call to him as your child calls to you: "Help, father! Help! Help!" The Lord sends us trouble to develop us, never to crush us. Those overwhelming mountains of trouble and temptation that are rolled upon us do not proceed from his hand. These mountains, these insurmountable mountains of temptation, are everywhere around. Then it behooves us to stay very close to the side of that loving Father who is always thinking and planning for us. Stay by the Lord, who will always protect us when it is necessary for us to be spiritually protected.

The threatening dangers ahead in the Christian's life are insignificant in comparison to the peril from which Christ delivered him in the past, when he said to him, "Thy sins are forgiven thee." Those ahead may be compared to the ship in the last throes of the tornado. The cordage is being stretched to the utmost. The sails, like huge balloons filled with gas, are swelling larger and larger, until they seem about to burst. The helmsmen are clinging frantically to the wheel. The great beams and the planks of the hull are groaning, while the huge waves toss it as a chip is turned a somersault over the mill wheel. All is anxiety. The pumps are at work. The danger is great, but there is yet hope ahead. With a strong keel under him and the sails still holding to the masts, the sea captain has hope, no matter how loud may be the shrieking of the euroclydon.

But, though the spiritual, moral, mental and physical dangers ahead may be likened unto the stout ship struggling to round the Cape of Good Hope, the spiritual catastrophes of that past time when we were in enmity with God were like a ship which has been wrecked. What a scene of terror is that storm! The masts have been cut down or snapped by the wrenchings of the wind like dry twigs snapped in the fingers of a little child. The lifeboats have been stove in or pulled off from their derricks by the angry waves. The rudder chains no longer can be used, for the rudder has long ago been battered away. The anchors are not able to retard the doomed ship onrushing toward the rocks. Soon the deathknell of the surf is heard. The ship comes nearer and nearer to its grave. All the demons in the caverns of the cliffs above shriek in pandemonium of joy. Then the waves come together in one last effort. They put their broad arms under the doomed ship. Together they lift it with one mighty heave. They drop it with one sudden, shattering jolt upon the rocks. For now the rocks crush through the hull's bottom as easily as a pile driver could mash an eggshell. Such is the figure of the awful spiritual catastrophe of our past life. It was bombardment of sin after sin. It was yielding to temptation after temptation. At last we were morally wrecked. We were spiritually doomed. We were shattered upon the awful rocks of despair and eternal death. Then we did not need a protector nearly so much as we needed a divine recreator, a redeemer. We needed a divine chart, not so much to save us from future sins as one who would blot out the awful record of our past sins. This obliteration of the past is just what the Lord God Almighty will do if we will let him. Through the atoning blood of Jesus Christ all this can be do. Read the third chapter of Acts. "Repent ye therefore and be converted that your sins may be blotted out." Yes, we have been crushed upon the rocks of eternal death, but Christ can lift us up and place us upon the rocks of eternal life. Hallelujah! For the Lord God omnipotent saith it.

A Peaceful Scene.

Let us return to the peaceful scene of my text. As we climb the Judaean hills, where sits the shepherd poet watching his sheep, we see a transcendent beauty shining from the face of the psalmist. David is not looking down to earth, but away off. Far, far away is his vision. He seems to be watching his dear ones. He looks as though all the treasures of the hills and all the wealth of the seas were about to be given him. He seems to hear music sweeter than any human being ever heard before. We look at his raptured face a moment. Then we ask: "What is it, David? What do you see? What do you hear? What treasure is yours?" He looks about at first dazed. Then he comes back to earth as he answers: "Why, I was softly singing to myself that Fortieth Psalm. I composed it many years ago. I did not then realize all I wrote. When I came to the words, 'The Lord thinketh upon me,' I began to summarize all the care God has taken of me in this world. Then I began to see visions of the glories of the land which he is preparing for me beyond. God is thinking of me. Yes, he is preparing them all for me when the right time comes for me to possess them. Look, cannot you see those glories now?" As David talks his interpretation of my text seems very plain and very simple. God is again dealing with us as a father would deal with his child.

God says, "Nothing is too good for his children when the right time comes." So he thinks ahead and plans ahead for us. When the right time comes—and come it will—God is going to give us a great mansion in heaven. Yes; you can picture it—a white marble palace, with mosaic floors and rainbowed fountains. It may have terraced gardens surrounding it. Our palace will be as good as that. There is nothing too good for God's heavenly children. There he is going to give us health—immortal health. No pain, no suffering, no heartache, is to be there. Nothing is, then, too good for us when the right time comes. Then he is going to give us back our loved ones. Some of us are very lonely now. We will not be lonely then. Nothing will then be too good for us in celestial companionship. Then God will give us a crown. Then we shall have endless communion with his own dear self. Oh, my friends, will you not let God go on planning for you and thinking for you? Was it to be wondered at that the radiant face we saw as we climbed the Judaean hills and looked at the shepherd poet of Israel was celestial in its reflection when we realize that David was catching a glimpse about what the Lord was planning for him beyond the grave? Will you let God plan for you such a future?

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The Lutheran Church.

The Lutheran church is not one that makes as much fuss as some others, but its growth is remarkable. According to the latest statistics, its increase in North America for the four years from 1900 to 1904 has been 534 pastors, 722 churches, 1,208 parochial schools and 1,102,300 members. The total membership for the Lutheran church in the world is now put at 70,158,727. There are 14,314 deaconesses —Church Economist.

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Schedule in Effect June 11, 1905.

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No.22 P.M.	No.24 A.M.		No.23 P.M.	No.21 P.M.
2 50	7 30	Lv Winston	Ar 10 00	2 00
3 28	8 13	Lv Walnut Cove	Ar 9 20	1 21
3 59	8 48	Lv Madison	Ar 8 51	12 48
4 03	8 50	Lv Mayodan	Ar 8 47	12 44
5 00	9 50	Lv Martinsville	Ar 7 49	11 45
7 25	12 30	Ar Roanoke	Lv 5 15	9 15

Nos. 21 and 22 daily. Nos. 23 and 24 daily except Sunday.

WESTBOUND LEAVE ROANOKE DAILY.

4 10 a. m. for East Radford, Bluefield, Tazewell and Norton and points west. Pullman Sleeper to Columbus. Cafe car.

5 15 a m. (Washington and Chattanooga limited for Bristol, intermediate stations and the South and West. Pullman Sleepers to New Orleans and Memphis.

4 25 p. m. the St. Louis Express for Bluefield, Pocahontas, Kenova, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City, Columbus and Chicago. Pullman Sleepers Roanoke to Columbus and Bluefield to Cincinnati.

4 35 p. m. daily, for Bluefield and intermediate stations

4 45 p. m. daily for Bristol and intermediate stations, Knoxville, Chattanooga and points South. Pullman Sleeper to Knoxville.

9 10 a m. for Bristol and for Bluefield Norton, Pocahontas and Welch.

NORTH AND EASTBOUND LEAVE ROANOKE DAILY.

1 50 p. m. for Petersburg, Richmond and Norfolk. Pullman Parlor car Roanoke to Norfolk.

1 45 p. m. for Washington, Hagerstown, Philadelphia and New York, via Hagerstown and Harrisburg. Pullman Sleeper to New York.

8 10 p. m. for Hagerstown. Pullman Sleepers to Philadelphia.

1 01 a. m. for Richmond and Norfolk.

12 01 a. m. (Washington and Chattanooga limited) for Washington Philadelphia and New York via Lynchburg. Pullman Sleepers to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Sleeper to Norfolk.

7 10 a. m. for Lynchburg, Petersburg, Richmond and Norfolk.

8 05 p. m. daily for Lynchburg, Richmond and Norfolk. Pullman Sleepers.

DURHAM DIVISION—DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
5 15	7 30	Lv Durham	Ar 9 00	9 05
11 20	11 59	Ar Lynchburg	Lv 4 30	3 00

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IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 6, 1904.

This condensed schedule is publised as information and is subject to change without notice to the public.

4.12 a. m., No. 39 daily, Atlanta Express for Salisbury, Charlotte, Atlanta and points South. Pullman Sleeper and first-class coach Washington to Atlanta.

5.52 a. m., No. 33 daily, Florida Express for Salisbury, Charlotte, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Charleston and points South. Pullman Sleepers to Jacksonville, Port Tampa and Augusta. First-class coach Washington to Jacksonville. Dining car service.

6.35 a. m., No. 11 daily for Charlotte, Atlanta and local points.

6.55 a. m., No. 37 daily, Washington and Southwestern Limited, Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers to New Orleans and Memphis, Pullman Observation car to Macon. Solid Pullman train. Dining car service.

7.10 a. m., No. 8 daily for Richmond and local points. Connects at Danville for Norfolk.

7.20 a. m., No. 108 daily for Raleigh, Goldsboro and local points. Connects at Durham for Oxford, Henderson and local points. At Goldsboro for Newbern and Morehead City.

8.10 a. m., No. 237 daily for Winston-Salem, Wilkesboro and local points.

9.50 a. m., No. 151 daily except Sunday. freight and passenger, for Madison and local points.

12.10 p. m., No. 36 daily, U. S. Fast Mail for Washington and points north. Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers to New York. Day coaches New Orleans to Washington. Dining car service.

12.51 p. m., No 30 daily, Florida Limited. Pullman drawing room sleeper to New York. First class coach to Washington. Dining car service.

1.27 p. m., No. 136 daily for Raleigh, Goldsboro and local points.

1.26 p. m., No. 130 daily for Sanford and local points.

1.45 p. m., No. 207 daily except Sunday for Winston-Salem and local points.

Ramseur Trains—No. 154 leaves Greensboro 8.00 a. m.; No. 230 leaves Greensboro 3.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

3.03 p. m., No. 97 daily, U. S. Fast Mail for Atlanta and points south. No provision for handling passengers on this train.

4.35 p. m., No. 131 daily for Mt. Airy and local stations.

1.25 p. m., No. 7 daily for Charlotte and local points.

7.03 p. m., No. 29 daily. Florida Limited. Pullman drawing sleeping car to Jacksonville. First class coach Washington to Jacksonville. Dining car service.

7.22 p. m., No. 45 daily for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points south. Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers to New Orleans. Day coaches to New Orleans. Dining car service.

7.30 p. m., No. 235 daily for Winston-Salem and local points.

10.51 p. m., No. 38 daily, Washington Southwestern Limited for Washington and all points north. Pullman Sleepers and Pullman Observation Car to New York. Solid Pullman train.

11.00 p. m., No. 12 daily for Danville, Richmond and local points.

12.35 a. m.—No. 34 daily for Washington and points north. Pullman Sleepers and through day coaches. Carries through sleeper Charlotte to Richmond, Va.

1.04 a. m., No. 40 daily for Washington and points north. Pullman Sleeper to Washington. First-class coach to Washington.

1.10 a. m., No. 112 daily for Raleigh, Goldsboro and intermediate points. Pullman sleeper Greensboro to Goldsboro.

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WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1, 1905.

LOCAL NEWS.

Go to R. P. Gorrell for all kinds of good shoes, cheap.

Mr. J. F. Ross, of Pleasant Garden, is reported on the sick list this week.

"Battle Axe" shoes for men, women and children are sold by Thacker & Brockmann.

Col. Staples now has his law office in the Bevill building, on the corner of North Elm and Gaston street.

Prof. Charles G. Mann, an aged German mining expert who has lived in High Point for many years, is critically ill.

Miss Mary Ferree, of Randleman, is recovering rapidly from the effects of a recent operation at the Greensboro hospital.

Rev. J. D. Andrew, of Burlington, is conducting a series of meetings in the First Reformed church at High Point this week.

Captain T. M. Webb, of Brown Summit, a juror in the Superior court, was called home last week by the death of his wife's mother.

Last Wednesday Mr. Frank Nance, of High Point, and Miss Sallie Coble, a daughter of Mr. William Coble, of Radleman, were united in marriage at the home of the bride.

Ernest Causey, of High Point, who went to jail some time ago under a charge of larceny, gave bail Monday for his appearance at the December term of criminal court.

Anything in the music line can be found at E. M. Andrews' music house. If not in stock it will be ordered—anything from a jew's harp to a pipe organ. Get prices and be convinced. 43-2t.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Andrews died Saturday morning at the home of its parents on Schenck street. The remains were sent that afternoon to Bear Creek for interment.

Elkin Times: W. M. Bell left yesterday for Greensboro, where he has accepted a position with the Odell Hardware Company. Mr. Bell is a good business man with large experience in the hardware business.

That five-pound milk pail of coffee we sell at $1.00 can't be beaten for the price at any store in Greensboro. We have another shipment of that two-for-thirty-five grade, also. It's one of our best sellers. TUCKER & ERWIN.

Squire Pinkney Wall returned Saturday from a pleasant visit of a month with his sons John W. and James W. Wall, at Bluefield, W. Va., who came over with him for a week's visit at their old home.

An overcoat was stolen from the hallway of Mr. J. E. Latham's residence on West Washington street Friday evening while the family was at supper. A servant saw the intruder but could not furnish a description of him.

Mr. J. H. West lost a new tent and quite a quantity of novelties which he had at the Burlington fair last week. An adjoining tent took fire and the flames consumed it and Mr. West's property before anything could be saved.

U. S. Marshal Millikan went to Asheboro Monday to attend the funeral of one of his most efficient deputies, Mr. J. S. Free, who died at Spencer Friday night after a brief illness with pneumonia. Mr. Free leaves a wife and nine children.

Messrs. F. M. Pickett, of High Point, L. A. Walker, of Summerfield, and J. C. Murchison and B. H. Merrimon, of Greensboro, are among those mentioned as possible successors to Mr. W. C. Boren, who resigned recently from the county highway commission.

High Point Enterprise: Mr. Brokaw has on his place a few miles south of High Point over 3,000 pheasants. The number increases rapidly and in a few years this bird will be more numerous than quail. There is a law which protects them eleven months in the year.

Rev. R. W. Culbertson, of Mebane, stopped over here Sunday on his return from synod to preach the dedicatory sermon at Midway church, east of the city, but owing to the inclement weather and consequent small congregation the service was postponed to a date to be fixed later.

Thacker & Brockmann are carrying a large stock of carpets, rugs, mattings, art squares, floor oil cloths, window curtains and shades this season. Buying and selling for cash enables them to sell at very low prices, and they make it a point to sell only such goods as they can recommend.

Mr. J. F. Jordan, who went to Virginia last week with his dogs to participate in the interstate contests, captured about all of the prizes offered. There were nearly 200 dogs in the contest, but of the twelve to finish eight were Mr. Jordan's. His young dog Flora distanced the pack by 200 yards and captured the fox in one of the finest chases ever witnessed in the Old Dominion and lasting over five hours.

Mr. J. C. Cobb, of McLeansville, brought in a pea vine the other day that he believes can not be surpassed in size by anything grown in the county this year. This one vine covered an area of nearly 300 square feet, some of the branches being over twenty feet in length. The peas are of a small dark variety, the seed being furnished by a northern gentleman who has the hunting privilege on Mr. Cobb's land.

Mr. J. J. Coble, manager of the Singing Sewing Machine Company's office at Asheville, died Monday and his remains were taken to his former home near Hartshorn, Alamance county, for interment. Mr. Coble was a capable business man in the prime of life. His wife, who was a sister of Messrs. H. W. and J. B. Clendenin, of this city, and one child survive. Judge A. L. Coble, of Statesville, is a brother of the deceased.

Mr. J. R. Robinson, who has been a member of the police force for a few months, resigned last week to resume his former duties as chief attendant at the Keeley Institute. Mr. D. F. Busick, who this morning became the county jailor, succeeding Mr. May, resigned, had held a position at the Keeley since his retirement from the police force last summer, he and Mr. Robinson virtually having exchanged positions at that time.

The sin of covetousness caused some one to hurl a brick through a large plate glass in Mr. R. P. Gorrell's store windows on South Elm street late last Friday night, where some clothing and shoes were on display. A timely yell from Mr. Gorrell, who rooms on the second floor of his building and suspected instantly what was wrong, caused the robber to flee empty handed. He reached a window in time to see his unwelcome visitor disappearing down the street.

Last evening at 6 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother on North Elm street Miss Nina Brown and Maj. R. M. Albright were quietly united in marriage, only the relatives of the families being present. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. W. Smith, and the bride and groom left shortly afterward for Florida on their bridal trip. Maj. Albright is now living in Raleigh as manager as the North Carolina Car Service Association and he and his bride will reside there.

Mr. Lewis Burtnett, of this city, received a telegram yesterday announcing the death of his brother, Mr. A. B. Burtnett, a prominent business man of Oklahoma City, Okla., who was in Greensboro only a few weeks ago on a visit. The message gave no details, but it is supposed Mr. Burtnett died suddenly, as two of his brothers were taken that way. While here he was apparently in excellent health, but spoke of being troubled occasionally with rheumatism. He was about 55 years of age.

The silver wedding anniversary celebrated by Mr. and Mrs. John W. Wharton, Jr., at their home seven miles north of the city last Wednesday, was an occasion of genuine pleasure for these excellent people and a houseful of their nearest friends, including a number from Greensboro. A sumptuous dinner was served and later the merry company heard some delightful music rendered by Messrs. Roy and Lahser, who recently came to Guilford from Berlin, Germany. The were assisted by Miss Hattie Wharton, pianist. Numerous presents, valuable and beautiful, were left to remind Mr. and Mrs. Wharton of the occasion they so graciously commemorated.

Mr. Luke W. White, manager of the hunting lodge and territory near Pleasant Garden, informs the PATRIOT that he has leased the shooting privileges on all the land controlled by him last year and that trespassers will be dealt with according to law. Mr. White and his fellow sportsmen pay not only the non-resident hunters' tax, but the state, county and special school taxes as well on all lands they control, and while they do not wish to offend any one they want it to be understood they will make no compromise with intruders. Guilford county profits in various ways by the presence of non-resident hunters, as they not only pay their taxes and maintain expensive lodges, but make war on all natural enemies of birds and feed the birds during the stormy periods of winter.

Fine Attendance at Rural Schools.

County Superintendent Foust is elated over the reports he is receiving from the rural public schools of the county that have already opened, particularly as regards the enrollment and attendance. In a number of the schools the attendance is already so large that the teaching force is inadequate. For instance the Bessemer avenue school expected to utilize two teachers, but three are now required. Three teachers can not do justice to the 135 pupils that attend the Guilford College school and arrangements are being made for another. Pleasant Garden expected to employ two teachers but saw before school opened that three would be required and started off with that number. The Brightwood school in Monroe had only one teacher last year. This year it has two. Gibsonville has three teachers and another is badly needed there and will have to be supplied. Jamestown opened with four teachers—not one too many to meet the requirements there. The Hodgin school in Morehead now has 76 children enrolled and must of necessity have two teachers shortly. In fact all the Morehead township schools opened with a much larger enrollment than last year. Other schools might be included in this list but enough are mentioned to show that the increased attendance is not confined to any one locality. It might be added, however, that the schools mentioned are all in local tax districts and their success only emphasizes the fact that where a first class school is established the people appreciate and patronize it.

A Creeping Death.

Blood poison creeps up towards the heart, causing death. J. E. Stearns, Belle Plaine, Minn., writes that a friend dreadfully injured his hand, which swelled up like blood poisoning. Bucklen's Arnica Salve drew out the poison, healed the wound, and saved his life. Best in the world for burns and sores. 25c at all druggists.

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If you have wood to sell call and see me. I think we can trade.
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Call and see our line before purchasing your Fall Hat. We carry the most EXCLUSIVE LINE in the city and can give you the BEST style and quality.

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