

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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GREENSBORO, N. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1905.

NO. 5

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Piano Tuning

Have an expert whose work we guarantee.

REFERENCES:
State Normal, Guilford College,
Greeneboro, Salem Academy, Prof. Shirley,
And others.

A. D. JONES & COMPANY

GREENSBORO, N. C.

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PHOTOGRAPHER

HIGH CLASS WORK ONLY.

Office Opposite the McAdoo House.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cotton continues to sell for 7 cents,
with few offerings.

Plenty of bran, shipstuffs, cotton seed
meal, etc., at Tucker & Erwin's.

Mr. W. J. Blackburn has been at
home nursing an attack of la grippe
for several days.

The Davidson College and Wake
Forest base ball clubs are scheduled for
a game in Greensboro on May 3rd.

Another lot of that good coffee—as
good as the best—two pounds for 35
cents.
TUCKER & ERWIN.

Mr. D. N. Kirkpatrick, one of Guil-
ford's best known men, is sick with
pneumonia at his home just north of
the city.

Mr. Charles Field is now in charge
of the rental department of the Carolina
Real Estate and Investment Com-
pany's business.

Drummers' carpet samples, all wool,
36x40 inches, only 35 cents at Thacker &
Brookmann's. Also new matings and
carpets just received.

Encouraging word comes from Mrs.
C. L. Lamb, who underwent an operation
at a Baltimore hospital last week.
She is improving steadily.

When you come to town make our
store your stopping place, whether you
buy from us or not. You are welcome.
TUCKER & ERWIN.

The Central Carolina Fair Association
has moved its office over the Sykes
Drug Company, in the mill formerly
occupied by Messrs. Millikan & Bain.

Mr. S. C. Dodson, one of oldest citi-
zens, is quite ill at his home on East
Market street. His daughter, Mrs. W.
C. Crutcheff, of Mobile, Ala., is at
his bedside.

Mrs. Mary Brandt, Miss Ellen Brandt
and Master George Brandt left yester-
day at noon for a two-months' trip to
Washington, New York and other
northern cities.

Mr. B. F. Page, who holds a position
with the L. Richardson Drug Com-
pany, will be united in marriage next
Wednesday afternoon at Asheboro to
Miss Bertha Camilla Coffin.

Several cases of larceny and vagran-
cy, with two for intoxication, have
been heard in the mayor's court the
past week. One defendant acquired
his jag in a neighboring town.

Messrs. H. I. Thomson and J. T.
Sweett and others of Greensboro are
interested in a new lumber concern
that was organized at Sanford last
week with a capital stock of \$10,000.

We have just bought a big lot of
Wood's early varieties of seed potatoes,
such as Early Bliss, Wood's Earliest,
Junior Pride, etc. See us before you
buy.
TUCKER & ERWIN.

At the annual meeting of the Sher-
wood Bobbin and Manufacturing Com-
pany last week it was decided to in-
crease the capital stock to \$50,000. The
company had a very successful year in
1904.

The J. P. Seales Cigar Company, of
Greensboro, was chartered last week
by the secretary of state with an au-
thorized capital of \$50,000. The com-
pany is authorized to deal in all tobacco
products and manufacture the same.

The cold wave which struck North
Carolina last week was dissipated only
to be followed by two or three inches
of snow which came Sunday night and
is still very much in evidence, although
the weather is not particularly dis-
agreeable.

It's a long time between drunks at
the city lockup, but they show up oc-
casionally. The effect of the prohibi-
tory ordinance is felt in the mayor's
court about as much as anywhere, the
docket having dwindled to small pro-
portions this year.

There is renewed agitation for a Vir-
ginia-Carolina professional base ball
league embracing the cities of Lynch-
burg, Danville, Greensboro, Durham,
Raleigh and Winston-Salem. "King
Kelley" is here figuring with local en-
thusiasts in regard to the matter.

A new spur track, parallel with the
tracks on which the Winston-Salem
trains stand, is being built along the
ends of Rowe & Roach's marble yard
and the J. I. Case Threshing Machine
Company's warehouse. The new track
extends across Ashe street. The work
is moving forward rapidly and the
track will soon be completed.

Mr. S. W. Cobb, who lives a few
miles northeast of McLeansville, lost
one of his barns by fire last Saturday,
together with a quantity of feed and
some farm machinery. The blaze
started from matches that his younger
children were playing with. The
building was insured in the Farmers'
Mutual for \$100, less than one-half its
actual value.

Charley Archer, the popular mail
carrier on rural route No. 5, lost a
pocketbook Monday evening contain-
ing \$15.80. He was bringing a load of
fodder from his farm north of town
when the purse slipped from his pocket.
He will appreciate any information
concerning the present whereabouts of
the money and will pay a reasonable
reward for its return.

Local Republicans, without regard
for the Blackburn Tar Heel Club, are
apparently gratified over the promised
visit of Vice President-elect Fairbanks,
who comes on the night of February
22nd. It isn't every town in the United
States that can attract a president or
vice president, and the distinguished
visitor will be accorded a fitting wel-
come, as his mission is not a political
one in the strict sense of the word.

Mr. W. T. Powe, manager of the
Odell Hardware Company's mill sup-
ply department, was called home last
week by the serious illness of his father,
Mr. W. E. Powe, of Morganton, who
died Sunday afternoon at the age of 77
years. Mr. Powe was one of the lead-
ing men of Burke county. He had
been mayor of Morganton for several
terms and had served on the board of
county commissioners for a long period.

Miss Ethel Bennett, a student at the
State Normal and Industrial College,
was called to Rockingham county last
week by the death of her grandmother,
Mrs. William Bennett, who died at her
home five miles north of Stokesdale on
Thursday after a brief illness. Mrs.
Bennett was over seventy years of age
and leaves a husband and three chil-
dren. She was an excellent woman
and had exerted a great influence for
good in her community.

Judge Shaw cleared the criminal
court docket last week and will pass on
the merits of the cases on the civil
docket the remainder of the special
term. Last week the charge of murder
against Johnson Stroud, colored, was
not pressed owing to the absence of
three important witnesses. G. A.
Summers was convicted of embezzle-
ment after a legal battle of more than
ordinary note, but sentence in the
case has not yet been pronounced.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Karl
Ljung was painfully burned Thursday
morning. During the temporary ab-
sence of the mother from the room the
child fell from a high chair about
which its three-year-old brother was
playing, and landed near a grate filled
with red-hot coals, which scorched his
face and hands badly. In another
moment its clothing would have burst
into flame. The only permanent in-
jury will be the probable loss of a por-
tion of one finger.

The Elks Club, composed exclusively
of members of the Greensboro lodge of
Elks, has been organized with Julian
Price as president, P. D. Gold, Jr., vice
president and L. J. Brandt secretary
and treasurer. The board of directors
is composed of David Dreyfus, Dr. L.
M. Humphrey, C. R. Brown, R. D.
Douglas, S. J. Kaufman, Ernest Clapp
and D. H. Collins. The club will oc-
cupy the fifth floor of Mr. C. N. Mc-
Adoo's building adjoining the post-
office, which will be completed in
April.

Burlington News: Mr. Walter Ker-
noodle, son of Sheriff Kernoodle, and
Miss Wynona Somers, daughter of Mr.
J. W. Somers, former county commis-
sioner, were married at the residence
of Dr. Loftin Kernoodle at Ossipee, last
Wednesday, Rev. S. F. Nicks officiat-
ing. The bride is one of the prettiest
and most charming young ladies in
the county, and the groom is a clever
young man who has many friends who
will congratulate him upon winning
so beautiful and charming a young
woman.

At a congregational meeting of Bethel
church last Sunday a unanimous call
was extended to Rev. S. M. Rankin,
pastor of Alamance and Springwood
churches, who will also serve this
church hereafter. This is Rev. Mr.
Rankin's home church, and he under-
takes the work there with pleasure.
His appointments for the charge are:
Alamance, the first, third and fifth
Sundays at 11 o'clock; Springwood, the
second Sunday at 11 o'clock, and
Bethel, the fourth Sunday at 11 o'clock
and the second and fifth Sundays at 3
o'clock.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Farmers'
Mutual Fire Insurance Association is
called for Saturday March 4th, 1905,
at 12 o'clock M. at the court house in
Greensboro. A full attendance is de-
sired, as matters of importance are to
be discussed.

JOHN A. YOUNG, President.

Lap robes and horse blankets at cost
at Townsend & Co.'s. Come quick if
you want a bargain. 3-4t.

One of Our Most Successful Financial
Institutions Changes Its Name.

The announcement of the change of
the name of the Southern Loan &
Trust Company to Southern Life &
Trust Company comes at the close of
a most successful year in the history of
this progressive institution. This
change of name has been made in re-
cognition of the importance which its
life insurance business has developed
into. This branch has kept pace with
the company's record for success in all
its undertakings and has contributed
its part to the \$30,000 which has been
added to the company's surplus during
the year 1904. By economy of man-
agement and conservatism in the se-
lection of lives insured, this company has
achieved results upon its initial life in-
surance operations such as have been
accomplished by no other legal reserve
life insurance company within the last
20 years. This record, the immensity
of the opportunity which is presented
to a safe, sound, conservative home life
insurance company, and the fact that
"there is nothing human which is
more secure than a well established
life insurance company," have induced
the directors of the company to recog-
nize this branch of the business as co-
ordinate with its Trust Banking de-
partments by adopting for its corporate
name "Southern Life & Trust Com-
pany."

Coincident with this change of name
the Southern Life & Trust Company
has sold its real estate and real estate
loan business to the Southern Real Es-
tate Company, a corporation just or-
ganized with a paid in capital of \$25,-
000, and will in the future confine its
operations to the three closely allied
branches of business, administrations
of trusts, banking and life insurance.
The company starts into 1905 with a
surplus security to its patrons of \$245,-
000.

When it is recalled that in 1890, four-
teen years ago, this company began
business here with \$25,000 capital, and
that by persistent work and persistent
success in everything undertaken this
modest initial capital has grown by its
surplus earnings into \$245,000, it will
be seen that this institution has grown
as Greensboro has grown, and that it
furnishes one of the best examples of
the city's growth and progress.

Guilford's Official Salary Bill.

Representative Gordon, of this coun-
ty, yesterday introduced a bill in the
legislature fixing the salaries of the
Guilford county officials. It does away
with the fee system now in vogue and
provides salaries as follows: Sheriff,
clerk of the Superior court and register
of deeds, \$2,000 each; treasurer \$900.
The court clerk and register of deeds
are each allowed \$1,000 for clerk hire or
as much thereof as shall be needed.
The sheriff is allowed an office deputy
at a salary not less than \$300 per an-
num. Deputy sheriffs will continue to
receive fees for their services. A jailer
who will receive not less than \$50 per
month is to be appointed under the
provisions of the bill, the compensation
to be fixed by the board of county com-
missioners. All fees, commissions,
profits and emoluments accruing to
the county officials shall be turned
over to the treasurer, who shall hold
same as a separate fund, and after pay-
ing the salaries provided for he shall
turn the balance over to the highway
commission to be used by said commis-
sion in the permanent improvement of
the roads of Guilford county. The law
would take effect on and after the first
Monday in December, 1906, when the
terms of all the present county officials
expire. The measure meets with wide-
spread approval, not even developing
opposition on the part of the officials
themselves, as their successors, who-
ever they may be, are the ones affected.
It is certain that the road fund of the
county would receive a substantial
"donation" each year. We will print
the bill in full in our next issue.

To Breeders of Fine Horses.

Persons interested in raising fine
horses can have an opportunity to
breed to one of the finest horses ever
bred in North Carolina or raised in
Virginia (Wealth, 2.10, by Gambetta
Wilkes, dam Magnolia by Norfolk by
Nutwood), by writing to C. P. Van-
story, Greensboro, at once and booking
their mares by February 15th. Fee
\$20 for the season or \$25 to insure. 4t

Central Carolina Fair Dates.

The dates have been fixed for the
sixth annual fair of the Central Caro-
lina Fair Association as October 10, 11,
12 and 13, 1905.

NOTICE—A stray hog came to my
place, four miles southeast of Greens-
boro, on or about January 10th, 1905.
The owner can have same upon identi-
fication and paying the usual charges.
J. H. SHARP.

GREENSBORO TOBACCO MARKET.

MARKET REPORT.

The receipts on our market for the
past week have been the lightest for
several weeks owing to the very cold
weather which prevailed last week and
the snow which has covered the ground
and stopped traffic the first part of this
week; however, the farmers are the
gainers in these light sales as prices are
the best they have been since Novem-
ber, and we would urge upon farmers
the importance of selling all the to-
bacco they can in the very near future
while prices are good, as we feel that
they are better now than they will be
a little later on. Our market is in the
best condition it has been in this year
and we want tobacco and must have it
if the price is an inducement. We
hold as large orders on this market for
tobacco as is held on any market three
times the size of this one. This fact
always causes tobacco to bring good
prices with us.

J. L. Elliott, a prominent farmer of
this county, was here with tobacco
last week and was well pleased with
his prices.

C. G. and J. I. Lindsay, two promi-
nent young farmers from Chatham
county, were here with tobacco last
week and went home delighted with
prices.

W. D. Whitesell and S. E. Jeffreys,
two very prominent farmers from Ala-
bama county, were here with tobacco
the past week and carried home more
money than they expected to get for
their loads.

J. H. Barham, A. L. Ryan, S. A.
Kirkman, T. J. Styers, L. E. Howerton
and Charlie Smith were among the
prominent farmers who sold tobacco
with us the past week and were highly
pleased with prices.

C. T. Weatherly, a very prominent
farmer and fine tobacco grower of this
county, was here with tobacco the past
week. His prices ranged from \$8.50 to
\$33 per hundred. He went home more
than pleased with his prices.

Lee Groome, a very prominent farmer
living south of town, was here with
tobacco this week and was highly
pleased with prices. Mr. Groome is a
judge of the weed and knows when he
has full value for his tobacco.

J. H. Stanfield, an excellent farmer
of the northern part of this county,
was here with tobacco the past week
and demonstrated the fact that he is a
tobacco raiser as well as an opossum
hunter. He got good prices and was
well pleased.

IMPORTANT TO EVERY FARMER.

We are in the market for scrap, but
it costs us very much more to pick it
in town than it does you to have it
picked in the country, consequently
the price must be lower when it is not
clean. Please have your scrap thor-
oughly cleaned before put it on the
market.

Engineer Puryear's Funeral.

The remains of Mr. R. O. Puryear,
the Southern Railway engineer who
met death at Reagle last Friday, as
told elsewhere in this issue by a dis-
patch from Spencer, were brought to
Greensboro Saturday at noon, and after
lying in state at the passenger station
until 4.30, were interred at Greene Hill
cemetery.

The funeral over the remains of Mr.
Puryear was held in the Methodist
Episcopal church at Spencer Saturday
morning, conducted by Rev. J. E. Gay.
A special car attached to train No. 36
brought the funeral party to Greens-
boro. The exercises at the grave were
in charge of Chief Engineer J. L. Al-
len, of Division 375, Brotherhood of
Locomotive Engineers. The members
of the brotherhood and also a large
number of Knights of Pythias attended
the funeral in a body. The floral offer-
ings were most beautiful. The pall
bearers were Messrs. B. D. Martin, J.
B. Bradley, R. L. James, C. V. Clark,
C. M. Thornton, C. W. Payne, W. L.
Wiseman and W. H. Houston.

The board of aldermen has instructed
Mayor Osborn and Acting City Attor-
ney Taylor to ask the legislature now
in session to pass an act giving the city
power to sell the bonds authorized by
an act of legislature at par and pay a
commission not to exceed 6 per cent.
for selling the bonds. The bonds in
question are: \$100,000 fifty year 4 per
cent. bonds for water works, \$75,000
fifty year 4 per cent. bonds for sewer-
age and \$75,000 fifty year 4 per cent.
bonds for streets. The bonds shall not
be sold for less than par.

Fiendish Suffering

is often caused by sores, ulcers and can-
cers, that eat away your skin. Wm.
Bedell, of Flat Rock, Mich., says: "I
have used Bucklen's Arnica Salve, for
Ulcers, Sores and Cancers. It is the
best healing dressing I ever found." It
soothes and heals cuts, burns and
scalds. 25c at all druggists; guaranteed.

Young Man

Did you ever have
the opportunity of
going into a nice
little business of
your own, provided
you could put up
\$500?

The Opportunity

may come again,
and the wise thing
for you to do is to
get ready to avail
yourself of it. It is
easy.

Get a Home Bank

Come, get one of
our little "Home
Banks" and drop
into it \$1 Monday,
50c Tuesday, 25c
Wednesday, 10c
Thursday, 5c Fri-
day, 1c Saturday,
and thus cultivate
the habit of saving.

Southern
Loan and Trust Co.

Death of Mrs. C. C. Gorrell.

Mrs. C. C. Gorrell, one of the best
known women of Greensboro, died at
her home on South Ashe street last
Thursday afternoon after a lingering
illness and was buried Saturday after-
noon, funeral services being conducted
by her pastor, Rev. E. W. Smith, D. D.
Mrs. Gorrell was 77 years old and had
spent most of her life in Greensboro.
For a short period she lived in Win-
ston. For over fifty years she had been
a devoted member of the Presbyterian
church. She was noted for her christian
works outside of her own denomina-
tion, however, having been zealous in
the temperance cause for a long time.
Loving tributes to her memory were
heard at the funeral service. The pall-
bearers were Messrs. Wm. Love, J. A.
Odell, J. M. Hendrix, R. G. Vaughn,
W. C. McLean and W. E. Beville. In-
terment was made in Greene Hill cem-
etery. An unusually large circle of
relatives and friends mourn the death
of this truly good woman.

For Sale.

The parsonage, situated near the
County Home, belonging to Buffalo,
Bethel and Midway Presbyterian
churches, will be sold at public auction
at the court house in Greensboro on
February 18, 1905, at 12 o'clock. We
are offered ten dollars a month rent,
but the property must be sold for divi-
sion. Two and three-quarter acres in
lot. Terms cash. 5-3t

TRUSTEES OF BUFFALO CHURCH.

City National Bank
Greensboro, N. C.

CAPITAL - - - \$100,000
SURPLUS AND PROFITS, 18,000

United States Depository.

OFFICERS.

W. S. Thomson, President.
J. Van Lindley, Vice President.
Lee H. Battle, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

W. S. Thomson, E. J. Stafford,
C. H. Dorsett, Wm. Cummings,
W. C. Bain, J. Van Lindley,
J. A. Hoskins, J. C. Bishop,
J. Allen Holt, J. A. Davidson.

We extend to depositors every facility con-
sistent with prudent banking.
Interest paid on time certificates of deposit

WRITE OR CALL TO SEE US.

When You Can Why Don't You

WEAR
GOOD CLOTHES?
THEY COST
LESS THAN THE
INFERIOR KIND.
CLOSING OUT
PRICES ON EVERY
WINTER
GARMENT
THAT WE HAVE--
SUITS,
OVERCOATS,
UNDERWEAR AND
ODD PANTS.

Don't get the idea
that we are
giving things away.
We are not.
But we are giving
great values
at a small cost
to you.

**Chisholm,
Stroud, Crawford
& Rees**

300 South Elm Street.



DENNY BROS.

WATCH, CLOCK AND
JEWELRY REPAIRING

PROMPT SERVICE. GOOD WORK.
WE PLEASE OTHERS.
WHY NOT YOU?

522 S. ELM ST., GREENSBORO, N. C.

**Dr. Griffith
DENTIST**

In the future my office will be on South Elm street, opposite the postoffice, over Howard Gardner's drug store. Increasing business demanded more and better adapted rooms. Bear in mind the change. Prices you can't duplicate.

Schiffman Jewelry Company

326 South Elm St., Greensboro.

Up-to-Date Jewelry of Every Description.

An Elegant Assortment of Goods Adapted for Wedding and Birthday Presents.

Call and examine our goods. It's a pleasure to show them.

FOLEY'S HONEY-TAR
Cures the cough and heals lungs

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Will Simpson is here from South McAllister, I. T., on a visit.

Manager Wood has sent out new Bell telephone directories that are a decided improvement over the old ones.

A party of fox hunters made ready for a trip to Manchester last week but the cold wave caused an abrupt change in the plans.

The Southern Loan and Trust Company, of this city, has been granted permission by the secretary of state to change its name to the Southern Life and Trust Company.

If you want to make a good investment in Greensboro real estate, in three new dwelling houses and lots that will pay a good per cent. on the investment, call on C. C. Townsend & Co. 3-4t.

In the United States court last week Judge Boyd signed an order of discharge for Percy V. Kirkman, of High Point, also an order of discharge for the People's Fuel and Ice Co., of Winston.

Mr. Airy Leader: The many friends of Capt. Claude H. Beard, who has been quite sick for some time, will be pleased to learn that he has made great improvement during the past few days.

Mr. F. B. Ricks has returned from New York, where he went to purchase goods for the new men's furnishing firm of Ricks, Walker & Batchelor, which will begin business in the Benbow Arcade in a few weeks.

Mr. D. E. Thomas, who was called to Asheville last week by a telegram telling of the critical illness of his son, Guy Thomas, returned Thursday night accompanied by his son and the nurse who has been attending the young man.

A blazing chimney at the home of Mr. Charles Fields, on Percy street, caused the fire department to be called out Wednesday evening about seven o'clock. No damage resulted. The following evening an alarm was turned in for a similar cause on West Sycamore street.

In the matter of Deal and Murray, bankrupts, of Newton, an order was signed in the Federal court Thursday for a meeting of creditors for a proposition made by the bankrupt for compromise to pay secured debts in full, and 20 cents upon the dollar on unsecured debts, and the costs.

Mr. J. O. Tate, who has been in the office of the Postal Telegraph Company in this city, has been promoted to the position of manager of the High Point office and left Thursday for that place to begin work. He will be succeeded here by Mr. Julian Frazier, a former student of Guilford College.

High Point Enterprise: Supervisor Stanley was here Saturday. He informs the Enterprise his force is at work making the new road running up the river from Freeman's Mills to the Modlin farm, about three and one-half miles from High Point. The health of the convicts is good with the exception of one case of pneumonia.

On account of the increasing amount of business the Southern Railway will soon increase its force of train dispatchers in this city by adding three men to handle the trains between Greensboro and Danville. The three men who have formerly done the work will be assigned to duty dispatching the trains between Danville and Monroe.

Mr. C. H. Wilmoth, the well known piano man of Charlotte, has rented one of the store rooms in the building occupied by the Huntley-Stockton-Hill Co. and will open a Steiff piano depot there. The business will be in charge of Mr. P. M. Asbury, of Charlotte. He will be assisted by Mr. W. C. Hicks, who will come up from Charlotte in a few days.

High Point Enterprise: The fire insurance agencies of O. W. Carr & Co. and W. C. Jones & Co., have been merged. W. C. Jones, E. R. Carr and Jos. D. Smith, secretary High Point Fire Insurance Co., giving their individual attention to the business of the new firm. The business will be conducted in Mr. W. C. Jones' building on Main street.

The stockholders of the Vanstory Clothing Company held their annual meeting last week. The reports of the officers showed a splendid increase of business. All the old officers were re-elected as follows: C. M. Vanstory, president; W. G. Balsley, vice president; G. A. Rankin, secretary and treasurer. These and John R. Cutchin and T. L. McLean are the board of directors.

ALWAYS LIBERAL TO CHURCHES

Every church will be given a liberal quantity of L. & M. paint. Call for it. 4 gallons Longman & Martinez L. & M. paint mixed with three gallons linseed oil, will paint a house.

W. B. Barr, Charleston, W. Va. writes: "Painted Frankenburg block with L. & M. stands out as though arnished."

Wears and covers like gold. Don't pay \$1.50 a gallon for linseed oil, which you do in ready-for-use paint.

Buy oil fresh from the barrel at 60 cents per gallon and mix it with L. & M.

It makes paint cost about \$1.20 per gallon. Sold by Gibsonville Store Co., Gibsonville, N. C.

Interesting Educational Statistics.

The following interesting educational statistics taken from the latest census reports, were read by President Melver at a recent public gathering at the State Normal and Industrial College:

"Of the fifty-two states and territories, nine are more illiterate than North Carolina. The percentage of illiteracy of North Carolina's total population is 28.7; native white population, 19.5; foreign born population, 6.1; colored population, 47.6.

"The nine states and territories more illiterate than North Carolina are: Alaska, 41.6; Louisiana, 28.5; South Carolina, 35.9; Alabama, 34; New Mexico, 33.2; Hawaii, 33.1; Mississippi, 32; Georgia, 30.5; Arizona, 29.

"While the percentage of illiteracy for the total population of North Carolina places it tenth from the bottom, North Carolina's native white population is next to the bottom, New Mexico alone having a greater percentage of native white illiteracy.

"North Carolina's foreign white population is well educated and only four states—Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Utah—stand better than North Carolina so far as illiteracy of foreign born white people is concerned.

"North Carolina's negro population is less illiterate than the negro population of Louisiana, Alabama, South Carolina, Georgia and Mississippi.

"The white women and girls of North Carolina outnumber the white men and boys by 7,000, but the illiterates among the women and girls outnumber the male illiterates by 11,000. This is the largest excess of female illiteracy over male illiteracy in any state in the Union.

"The census shows that while the percentage of illiteracy for the total population of North Carolina is 28.7, the illiteracy of the female population is 29.9 and that of the male population is 27.4.

"Considering the white race alone, the percentage of illiteracy is 19.6; for native white men and boys the percentage is only 18.5; while for white women and girls it is 20.7.

"The cheapest and surest way to abolish illiteracy is to educate as many as possible and as well as possible those who are to be the mothers and teachers of the children."

Capt. L. C. Hanes, whose illness was mentioned in previous issues, died last Wednesday morning at his home on Lithia street and his remains were taken to Lexington for interment Thursday afternoon. Capt. Hanes had been an invalid for some time, but recently sustained a stroke of paralysis, since which there has been little hope of his recovery. He was an excellent man and made many friends here in the comparatively short time that he was a resident of Greensboro. His wife, one son and two daughters survive.

One daughter, Miss Myrtle, is just recovering from an attack of typhoid fever. The son, Mr. L. F. Hanes, and other daughter, Mrs. Mamie Neal, accompanied the remains to Lexington, the former home of the deceased, where interment was made after an appropriate service conducted by Rev. Mr. Huggins, pastor of the M. E. church there. Capt. Hanes was a veteran of the civil war and was in his 77th year.

Dr. A. S. Orne and wife, of New York, are here working for the enactment of a curfew law which will save children from the temptations that beset their pathway after night. Dr. Orne believes that the home, clean, holy and attractive, is the place for children, and that the increase in juvenile crime is the direct result of parental indifference. He declares that there is an imperative and immediate demand in North Carolina for a "compulsory school law," to keep the hundreds of children off the streets by day during school hours; a "curfew law" to keep the thousands of children off the streets after dark, and a "juvenile court law" to take charge at once of tens of thousands of homeless, helpless children, who, if left loose longer, will inevitably become criminals.

LETTER TO C. W. HOECKER, Greensboro, N. C.

Dear Sir: Some think we take a good deal of risk in inviting complaints of Devoe lead-and-zinc—we authorize our agent to sell it under this guarantee:

"If you have any fault to find with this paint, either now in putting it on, or hereafter in the wear, tell your dealer about it."

"We authorize him to do what is right at our expense."

The following story tells how little the risk is:

J. H. Asher & Co., hardware dealers, Rhinebeck, N. Y., have sold Devoe from '76 to now; have sold thousands of gallons and have had just one complaint in all this time.

Three sides of a house were perfect; the fourth was as bad as the three were good.

Explanation—It rained the night before the fourth side was painted; and the painters didn't wait for the wood to dry.

What is done in such a case? What ever the dealer, who sold the paint, considers it fair to do. We leave it to him. He may not do exactly what we should do if we were there; but we are not there. The best we can do is to leave it to him. Yours truly,

F. W. Devoe & Co.

The Odell Hardware Co. sells our paint.

Recent changes in the addresses of two well known Methodist Protestant ministers will interest our readers. Rev. C. E. M. Raper now lives at Dabney and Rev. Edward Suits now lives at Lexington.

Peculiar Disappearance.

J. D. Runyan, of Butterville, O., laid the peculiar disappearance of his painful symptoms, of indigestion and biliousness, to Dr. King's New Life Pills. He says: "They are a perfect remedy, for dizziness, sour stomach, headache, constipation, etc." Guaranteed at all druggists 25c.

Precious Stones in 1904.

The world's production of precious stones was less in 1904 than in 1903, but in the United States the year was one of great eventfulness and prosperity for the precious stones industry.

Although no diamonds are produced in this country, so many are purchased and worn that the condition of the trade is of great interest to many Americans. The value of the diamonds cut in the United States at the present time is greater than the value of those imported during many previous years.

It is interesting then to know that the troubles in the diamond-cutting industry, both in Europe and in America, have been adjusted. The strikers among the diamond cutters of Amsterdam, which were of long duration and threatened to be disastrous to the diamond trade, are apparently settled for a period of at least three or four years.

Beginning January 1, 1905, diamond cutters in the United States will work 44 hours a week, and from the last of August at an advance in wages of 20 per cent. The general prosperity of the country in 1904 was reflected in an unusual demand for the cut stones. The greatest diamond known in history—the "Excelsior" or "Jagersfontein"—was imported into the country last year and cut up into ten diamonds which weighed from 13 1/2 to 68 carats each. The original gem weighing 340 1/2 carats and was the whitest of the world's large diamonds.

Many new gem discoveries were made in southern California during 1904. They included magnificent blue and white topaz, weighing more than a pound apiece, which are crystals quite equalled those of Siberia; beryls from 3 to 6 inches long and 1 or more inches in diameter, varying in color from pale green to a deep sea-green tint; crystals of rose-colored beryl (a rare variety) found at Mesa Grande, Pala, and Hemet; axinite, a gem mineral not known until lately in good crystals in this country, but found in 1904 in beautiful crystals near Rimcon; epidote in crystals only 1 inch long and one-eighth of an inch in diameter, but transparent; and magnificent red, green and yellow tourmalines, found in abundance at Mesa Grande, Pala, and other localities in San Diego county.

Crystals of tourmaline that are very large and beautiful but have little value were found, for the first time in 1904, near Rumford Falls, Maine. Turquoise has been mined with some success at a number of localities in New Mexico, Arizona, Nevada, and California. The semi-precious stone peridot, olivine, or chrysolite, as it is variously known, has been found in great quantities at Talcott, Arizona, immediately associated with or enclosed in volcanic rock. Thousands of beautiful gems, 1 to 5 carats in weight were cut from this mineral and extensively sold throughout the United States. The entire output of 1904 and all previous outputs of the sapphires found at Yogo Gulch, Montana, have been disposed of at the present time by the companies that operate these mines from London.

The above facts are taken from a preliminary report which Mr. George F. Kunz has made to the United States Geological Survey.

WANTED—Parties living in the country to string bags. Apply at No. 303 South Davis street, Greensboro, for prices paid. 50-St

GOLDEN BELT MANUFACTURING CO.

500,000 shingles, \$1.25 to \$2 a thousand, at Townsend & Co.'s. 3-4t.

All of the
Style
and the
most
Comfort



Ralston
HEALTH
Shoes \$4.
UNION MADE

NEED NO
BREAKING IN
COMFORTABLE
FROM
THE START
MADE IN
ALL LEATHERS
AND
ALL STYLES
WITH
WATER PROOF
SOLES
SOLD ONLY BY

**Peebles Shoe
Company**

216 SOUTH ELM ST.

SAFETY AND PROFIT

Four per cent. interest beginning the first of each month and compounded quarterly. Your money back when you want it, and ABSOLUTE SAFETY as long as it stays with us, are some of the advantages put at your disposal by our Savings Department.

A PERSONAL INVESTIGATION SOLICITED

Greensboro Loan and Trust Co.

J. W. FRY, President. W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer.
J. AD. HODGINS, Manager Savings Department.

STERLING SILVER

We are displaying a splendid line of dainty novelties and substantial pieces of sterling silver.

We carry none but those bearing the trade mark of the best manufacturers. Our plated ware is also of the standard of excellence in quality and finish. Our repairing department is unexcelled in the South.

BERNAU & ELLINGTON,

New Benbow Hotel. Jewelers and Opticians.

A Great Medical Discovery!

These dangerous, because sudden, diseases—Croup and Pneumonia—easily treated and completely conquered by

VICK'S MAGIC CROUP AND PNEUMONIA CURE

If you have it in the home you may feel as secure as if the family physician lived with you. Readily relieves Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Stiffing Head Colds, Muscular Rheumatism, Swellings, Bruises and all Itching Troubles. Price at your druggists or dealers 25 cents, or mailed direct by us to you for 20 cents.

Vick's Little Liver Pills, 25c, are the best and most innocent Vegetable Laxative for adults and children.

Build up the run down system with Vick's Aromatic Wine of Cod Liver Oil. It is the great restorative tonic and is pleasant to taste as sherry wine. Price \$1. Trade supplied by

L. RICHARDSON DRUG CO.

WHOLESALE AND MANUFACTURING DRUGGISTS,
GREENSBORO, N. C.

LARGEST COMMERCIAL SCHOOLS IN THE CAROLINAS.

KING'S BUSINESS COLLEGE

CAPITAL STOCK \$30,000. INCORPORATED.

RALEIGH, N. C. Bollen Building. CHARLOTTE, N. C. Piedmont Ins. Building.

These schools give the world's best in modern Business Education. Oldest Business College in North Carolina. Established and guaranteed, backed by a written contract. No vacation. Individual instruction. We also teach Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Penmanship by mail. Send for Home Study Rates. Write today for our Catalogue, Offers and High Inducements. They are free. Address KING'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Raleigh, N. C., or Charlotte, N. C.

FERGUSON

THE BARBER

IN THE MCADOO HOTEL, HAS THE BEST EQUIPPED BARBER SHOP IN THE STATE.

A MODERN BATH ROOM

JUST INSTALLED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SHOP ENABLES HIM TO OFFER THE BEST ACCOMMODATIONS FOR BARBERING AND BATHING TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

REAL ESTATE

More than one hundred pieces of choice City and Country Properties for sale. Farms, Mineral and Timber Lands. If you have a farm or city property for sale, write me, giving full particulars.

J. Stuart Kuykendall
Room No. 7, Greensboro Loan and Trust Building.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners asking for the opening of a new public road in Washington township running from Liberty Street to a public road in Rockingham county at the county line, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, February 7, 1905, and state said objection, otherwise the petition will be granted. W. H. RAGAN, Chm. B. C. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners for the opening of a new public road in Washington township leading from the Oostep-Busick's store road west to Apple's chapel, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, February 7, 1905, and state said objection, otherwise the petition will be granted. W. H. RAGAN, Chm. B. C. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners asking for the opening of a new public road beginning at the present northern terminus of North Elm street in the city of Greensboro and running north and northeast to the old road leading to Buffalo church, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, February 7, 1905, and state said objection, otherwise the petition will be granted. W. H. RAGAN, Chm. B. C. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners asking for the opening of a road in Jefferson township beginning at the old Fayetteville road in front of the old academy north of Greensboro and running west to and intersecting with the Greensboro road via T. B. Donnell's, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, February 7, 1905, and state said objection, otherwise the petition will be granted. W. H. RAGAN, Chm. B. C. C.

The Greensboro Hospital

We have just received six new private room beds, making our number fifteen in all. We are open for the treatment of surgical and medical cases of a non-contagious character. Large airy rooms; quiet, restful location; competent graduate nurses.

Anyone desiring to put patients in the institution will please notify the Superintendent a day or two before hand, so as to be sure of a room. Physicians may take patients to the institution and treat them.

Rooms—Private, \$15 per week; with two in room, \$10 apiece, including nursing and board.

J. P. TURNER, M. D., Supt.

DRS. J. T. J. BATTLE, E. R. MICHAUX, W. J. MEADOWS, CHAS. ROBERTSON, A. F. FORTUNE, J. P. TURNER,

Hospital Staff.

OUR RALEIGH LETTER.

Correspondence of the PATRIOT.

Gorman News Bureau.
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 31, 1905.

One of the most interesting discussions of the week in the senate was that engaged in on Wednesday and Friday over the bill to enable married women to make contracts.

The first day's argument resulted in a drawn battle, with honors even. The bill was defeated on that day by the vote of 23 to 21, but in less than an hour a motion to reconsider was adopted by the vote of 21 to 19, and the bill set for Friday at noon.

One-third of the supporters of the measure changed their minds within the two days interim and the bill (which a senator privately characterized as an attempt to compel women to wear pants) was defeated by the vote of 23 to 14.

It was a rich treat to hear some of the speeches on this question, and the senate galleries were filled with the women who graced the occasion with their presence.

Speaking of speeches, one of the most earnest and beautiful flights of oratory that has resounded through the historic hall of the house in many days was the masterly speech of Cameron Morrison, of Rockingham, on the question of giving Richmond county prohibition.

Whatever a man's honest convictions may be on the subject under discussion, the red blood of life tingled in his veins as he listened to Mr. Morrison.

A gentleman present, who disapproved with the position of the speaker, said to me: "It was one of the finest things I ever listened to."

The voice as much as the language thrilled the listener. Who that heard it will ever forget the eloquent, tuneful challenge:

"Come to the scratch, gentlemen!"

During the week the senate passed the bill increasing the salary of the Supreme and Superior court judges to \$3,500 per annum, the majority being one, three senators not being present. There has followed considerable criticism, and much can be said pro and con. But it does seem that North Carolina can afford to decently compensate the splendid men whom she has elevated to the bench, and surely \$3,500 is none too much. It means more nearly adequate compensation for sixteen Superior court and five Supreme court judges.

The child labor question is bobbing up again, and today (31st) there will be a hearing before the committee on manufactures and labor on one of the pending bills. Mill owners who have expressed themselves on the subject say that they deprecate any agitation of the subject at this time, when labor conditions are apparently so peaceful and satisfactory.

It would take a book heavy enough to break ice to record the arguments that could be made on this anti-child labor proposition. It is one that appeals to the hearts of all good men—in the abstract. But there is a right and a wrong way of going about the accomplishment of "reforms." This writer is on record as being eternally and everlastingly opposed to the professional "reformers," unless he sees more good results from their labors than he has yet been able to observe. God bless the little children, the kingdom of heaven is peopled with them, and the little ones in this world make the world all the better—though they be guarded by homespun or broadcloth surroundings. As an eminent man said: "God must love the 'common' people, because He made so many of them."

Whether some of their guardians are divinely appointed is a question.

The dealing in cotton futures is affected by a bill of Mr. Stewart, of Harnett, which has been favorably reported by the committee, which will appear as the calendar for consideration Thursday of this week. The second section of the bill defines "bucket shops," which it makes unlawful, and a misdemeanor to operate, as follows:

"A bucket shop is a place where are posted or published from information received as the same occurred the fluctuating prices of stocks, bonds, petroleum, cotton, grain, provisions or other commodities or of any one or more of the same in trades made or offered to be made on boards of exchange or by any person, firm, corporation or organization and where the person or persons carrying on the bucket shop either as principal or agent pretends to buy or sell or goes through the form of buying or selling then and there to any other person or persons any one of the said commodities at a certain price fixed by or according to aforesaid prices posted or published, but whereon neither party actually buys such commodity and neither party actually sells same. That each day or part of day's operation of the said bucket shop shall constitute a separate and distinct offense."

General James D. Glenn, of Greensboro, who is the private secretary of his brother, the governor, assumed the duties of that position formally yesterday. General Glenn is one of the best and most popular gentlemen in North Carolina and will become one of the most excellent and popular secretaries that has ever graced the seat of that important office.

As predicted in these letters the day following his nomination, Governor Glenn is starting out with his face set to a four-years' career in the gubernatorial office that any state in the American Union will be proud to match. A true, warm-hearted, Christian gentleman, of the highest order of ability, Robert B. Glenn is making a fine chief executive.

Senator Charles F. Toms has been called home by the illness of his distinguished father in Henderson county. His friends hope that Mr. Toms, senior, will speedily recover his accustomed good health and that the eloquent and able young senator may soon be in his seat in the senate again. The speech of Senator Toms the other day, in presenting the new gavel to Lieut.-Gov. Winston, was an oratorical gem, of purest ray serene.

LLEWAXAM.

War News of the Week.

Charlotte Observer.

A week ago all eyes were turned upon events transpiring in St. Petersburg to the neglect of the situation in Manchuria, where nearly a million men, with 2,500 guns, were drawn up in battle array. Now, however, the center of public interest has been largely shifted again to the hostile camps along the Shakhe river near Mukden. Whether with the design of arousing the patriotism of the people at home and thereby divert their attention from the strike and the bloodshed incident thereto, or as a natural outcome of his plans, General Kuropatkin has suddenly become active and Russian dispatches from the front assert that a battle of even greater import than that at Liao Yang is imminent. It is stated that the Russians have made preparations for the receipt of an immense number of wounded even as far back from the front as Harbin, some 200 miles north of Mukden. It is stated at St. Petersburg that General Kuropatkin intends to drive the Japanese from their winter quarters, and that an effort will be made to cut off Japanese communication along both lines to the sea.

An engagement of considerable magnitude was in progress on January 25th and 27th, and over 1,000 wounded Russians had been taken to Mukden up to Friday night. It seems that despite the cold, conditions are favorable for fighting, the ground is frozen hard, and the rivers are solid to a depth sufficient to allow the ready passage of soldiers and artillery.

There is little news from Tokio regarding the present operations in Manchuria, and this lends color to the idea which seems to be current in St. Petersburg that the fighting in the Far East is largely forced by reason of the serious situation in Russia itself. A dispatch from Field Marshal Oyama tells of the beginning of the fight on the 25th inst., when Kuropatkin advanced a full corps upon the Japanese position, and one victory is claimed for the Japanese.

Advices from Tokio indicate that the fighting of Saturday and Sunday resulted in victories for the Japanese, the Russians being put to flight.

It is estimated that the Russians have nearly 300,000 men and over 1,100 guns in position, and it is regarded as likely that the Japanese are fully as strong, so that if the expected general engagement takes place any time soon, it may be in the nature of a decisive conflict. The thermometer in the vicinity of Mukden at this time remains considerably below zero, but both armies are doubtless pretty well acclimated, and in position to do great slaughter.

Russia being without a capable fleet, has only the one hope of driving the Japanese back through Manchuria whence they came, and this is apparently too big a task for Kuropatkin's army, which in some quarters is regarded as not in a position to more than hold its own in case of a general movement. A St. Petersburg correspondent of a London newspaper hints that there has been serious mutiny among the Russian troops at Mukden, owing to the privations they had to undergo, and it is asserted that the Japanese along the Sha river are keeping the Russian troops fully acquainted with conditions at home. As bearing on this alleged situation at Mukden, the St. Petersburg correspondent of The London Telegraph asserts that Kuropatkin's offensive power is seriously hampered by the obstinate reluctance of the soldiers from the European provinces to advance against the enemy. General Kuropatkin's army is also said to suffer from a shortage of food, and a dispatch of much graver import, but the contents of which are unknown, is said to have reached St. Petersburg during the past week, and caused a hurried counsel of the war party. These things add still further to the intimation from St. Petersburg that Kuropatkin has taken desperate chances in order to detract attention from troubles at home.

Reports from Tokio tell of work being done to put the warships in good condition and plans for the new vessels to take the place of those destroyed. Fifteen sub-marine boats will be provided this year, and ten of these have already arrived, with American instructors. It is expected that the Japanese will soon begin a blockade of the port of Vladivostok, Russia's only remaining port in the Far East, where a remnant of the Port Arthur fleet took refuge some months ago. Japan is apparently concentrating her forces for a decisive blow during the coming spring. A fifth army, under command of Lieutenant General Kawamura, whose position has been that of commandant of the Tenth Division in the Japanese War department. All men under 40 years of age in Japan are drilling and the calling out of many more reservists and conscripts is contemplated.

The strike situation in Russia has greatly improved so far as actual bloodshed is concerned, and in many instances the men are returning to work, and the authorities appear to have the situation pretty well in hand in St. Petersburg and Moscow. The strike, however, is spreading and the news from Poland is by no means reassuring. The attempt of unarmed men to oppose soldiers with modern firearms has of course failed, and revolution in the form of street demonstrations such as those undertaken Sunday a week ago with such bloody results have in most cases been abandoned. In place of open revolt, however, we have stories of many plots to overthrow the government. Russia is naturally a hot-bed of secret plans to cause a revolution, and a London dispatch to The New York Sun says there are millions of conspirators in the Czar's domains at this time, and it is said that much of their energy is being devoted to the military, and the statement of the St. Petersburg editors to Prince Mirsky that the time was at hand when the government could no longer rely on the troops is regarded as the truth. The Czar, himself a weak man, is said to be entirely under the domination of the Grand Duke Vladimir and Sergius, his brothers, who are represented as playing the part of the power behind the throne with a general belief among European students of the situation that Sunday's butchery was sought by the grand ducal coterie with the view to bringing about a crisis in Russian affairs.

The situation in Russia, while apparently less critical, in the matter of the shedding of blood, is yet by no means one of tranquility.

Another case of Rheumatism Cured by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

The efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the relief of rheumatism is being demonstrated daily. Parker Tripett, of Grigsby, Va., says that Chamberlain's Pain Balm gave him permanent relief from rheumatism in the back when everything else failed, and he would not be without it. For sale by Conyers & Sykes.

THE METCALF BANQUET.

High Point Prepared to Royally Entertain the Secretary.

High Point, Jan. 27.—The banquet to be given by the Manufacturers' Club of this city on the evening of February 6th is to be one of the most auspicious events in the history of the state. Secretary Metcalf, the guest of honor, will leave Washington on the morning of February 6th in a special car attached to No. 97, the first mail. In his party will be the minister from Cuba, Senators Simmons and Overman, Congressmen Kitchen, Page and Dixon of Montana, Vice President Finley and M. V. Richards of the Southern Railway, Thomas Nelson Page, Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, of Charlottesville, and other personal friends of Secretary Metcalf.

Letters of acceptance are coming in from leading manufacturers, bankers, lawyers, editors, college presidents and others representing this and other Southern states.

All arrangements for this banquet are now complete and High Point is prepared to entertain in splendid style the distinguished visitors who will assemble here. Officials of the Southern Railway are extending every courtesy. A number of them will attend the banquet.

Confesses to Robbing Mail.

Charles Gilbert, the mail carrier between the mountain towns of Burnsville and Ivy, who is in jail for robbing mail pouches, has made a full confession to Postoffice Inspector Reddy. He first succeeded in getting some registered letters through a hole worn in a pouch, and later beat a hole with a stone in a pouch, this time getting \$2,230, all except \$50 in checks. He did not know that the checks were useless so far as he was concerned, so he buried them and the registered letters, pocketed the money and resigned as carrier. He then rode around that section looking at various farms, intending to buy one with the checks. Gilbert is young, says he cannot read or write and that he does not know a \$1 from a \$10 bill. He is now in jail at Burnsville.

NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States, For the Western District of North Carolina.

In the matter of Thos. J. Gardner, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Thos. J. Gardner, Greensboro, in the county of Guilford and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given, that on the 23rd day of January, A. D. 1905, the said Thomas J. Gardner was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the law office of Col. F. P. Holgood, in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1905, at twelve o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

J. E. ALEXANDER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Winston-Salem, N. C., January 24, 1905.

Notice by Publication.

North Carolina. In the Superior Court, Guilford County.

Lillie Riddle vs. G. F. Riddle.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of said county to dissolve the bonds of matrimony subsisting between the plaintiff and the defendant; and the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear at the April term of Superior Court of said county to be held on the 17th day of April, 1905, at the court house of said county, in Greensboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 21st day of January, 1905.

JOHN J. NELSON, C. S. C. G. S. Bradshaw, Attorney.

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This 21st day of January, 1905.

JOHN J. NELSON, C. S. C. G. S. Bradshaw, Attorney.

REAL ESTATE WANTED AND FOR SALE

If You Want to SELL, Fill Out, Cut Out, and Mail This Coupon to Us Today.

.....1905

Carolina Real Estate and Investment Company, Greensboro, N. C.

Please send without cost to me, a plan for finding a cash buyer for my property which consists of.....

in the town or city of.....

County of..... and State of.....

and which I desire to sell for \$.....

The plan is to be based upon the following brief description of the property:

.....

Name.....

Address.....

If You Want to BUY, Fill Out, Cut Out, and Mail This Coupon to Us Today.

.....1905

Carolina Real Estate and Investment Company, Greensboro, N. C.

With a view of buying, I desire information about properties which correspond approximately with the following description:

Kind of property.....

Size..... State.....

City or County or part of State preferred.....

The price must be between \$..... and \$.....

I will pay..... down, and the balance.....

.....

Name.....

Address.....

THE METCALF BANQUET.

High Point Prepared to Royally Entertain the Secretary.

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All arrangements for this banquet are now complete and High Point is prepared to entertain in splendid style the distinguished visitors who will assemble here. Officials of the Southern Railway are extending every courtesy. A number of them will attend the banquet.

Confesses to Robbing Mail.

Charles Gilbert, the mail carrier between the mountain towns of Burnsville and Ivy, who is in jail for robbing mail pouches, has made a full confession to Postoffice Inspector Reddy. He first succeeded in getting some registered letters through a hole worn in a pouch, and later beat a hole with a stone in a pouch, this time getting \$2,230, all except \$50 in checks. He did not know that the checks were useless so far as he was concerned, so he buried them and the registered letters, pocketed the money and resigned as carrier. He then rode around that section looking at various farms, intending to buy one with the checks. Gilbert is young, says he cannot read or write and that he does not know a \$1 from a \$10 bill. He is now in jail at Burnsville.

NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States, For the Western District of North Carolina.

In the matter of Thos. J. Gardner, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Thos. J. Gardner, Greensboro, in the county of Guilford and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given, that on the 23rd day of January, A. D. 1905, the said Thomas J. Gardner was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the law office of Col. F. P. Holgood, in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1905, at twelve o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

J. E. ALEXANDER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Winston-Salem, N. C., January 24, 1905.

Notice by Publication.

North Carolina. In the Superior Court, Guilford County.

Lillie Riddle vs. G. F. Riddle.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of said county to dissolve the bonds of matrimony subsisting between the plaintiff and the defendant; and the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear at the April term of Superior Court of said county to be held on the 17th day of April, 1905, at the court house of said county, in Greensboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 21st day of January, 1905.

JOHN J. NELSON, C. S. C. G. S. Bradshaw, Attorney.

Notice by Publication.

North Carolina. In the Superior Court, Guilford County.

Lillie Riddle vs. G. F. Riddle.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of said county to dissolve the bonds of matrimony subsisting between the plaintiff and the defendant; and the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear at the April term of Superior Court of said county to be held on the 17th day of April, 1905, at the court house of said county, in Greensboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 21st day of January, 1905.

JOHN J. NELSON, C. S. C. G. S. Bradshaw, Attorney.

SOLD

Have sold most of my farm. About 100 acres land, mill and water power left. This includes all the buildings. Going to sell this, too. Best place for roller mill out. One mile from Jimtown, and they've got all the schools, churches, etc., you're looking for over there. Don't get left.

O. C. BENBOW, R. F. D. 2, High Point, N. C.

Executrix's Notice.

Having qualified before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county as executrix of the estate of W. D. Ross, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to me on or before the 15th day of January, 1905, or this notice will be filed in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. This 15th day of January, 1905.

ANNIE V. ROSS, Executrix with will annexed of W. D. Ross.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

WHEN IN THE CITY

Why Don't You Drink

the best and purest fountain drinks? Also fancy drinks and ice cream a specialty. These can only be had at my fountain.

Helms' Cold and Grippe Capsules

Cure colds and la grippe. Price the box.

Helms' Croupaline for Children

Cures cold and croup. A box should be in every household. Price 25c.

Helms' Violet Velvet Cream

Cures chapped hands, face and lips, and keeps them soft and beautiful. Price 25c.

Helms' Headache Powders

Four doses for 10c.

And other standard remedies. Everything in the drug line. Prescription work a specialty. Call or phone 89 and let me supply your wants.

J. D. HELMS

310 South Elm St., Opp. McAdoo Hotel, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Wood's Seeds.

Canada Field Peas

sown with oats, make the earliest, best and most nutritious forage crop that can be put in. Must be sown early for best results.

Wood's Quarter Century Seed Book tells all about this valuable crop, giving the practical experience and opinions of our customers, and also telling all about the best Farm and Garden Seeds for the South. Mailed free on request. Write for it, and Special Price List of Farm Seeds.

T. W. Wood & Sons, Seedsmen, RICHMOND - VIRGINIA.

WOOD'S SEEDS

GRAND PRIZE - ST. LOUIS, 1904. GOLD MEDAL - PARIS, 1900.

Inventory Sale

Every Suit and Overcoat must be sold at about cost rather than to carry them over. You cannot afford to let these pass at such prices, and now is the time to make your purchase and save money.

Men's Fine All-wool Suits

In a great variety of patterns, which are difficult to distinguish from Tailor Made Suits, sold all season for \$8.00, now \$5.75.

Men's Fancy Cheviot Suits

Well made, nicely trimmed and fine fitting, sold all season for \$6.00, now \$4.00.

Our Finest Suits

In stock, which are equal to fine custom suits, sold all last season for \$18 and \$20, and well worth that price, now \$12.50.

Boys' and Children's Clothing

Boys' and Children's Double Breasted Norfolk and Sailor Suits reduced from \$2 to \$1.25.
Boys' \$3.00 Double Breasted 2-piece Suits and Norfolk Suits, pants double seated and knec, at \$2.00.
Boys' and Children's Suits in all styles reduced from \$4 and \$5, to \$3.30.
Children's Novelty Overcoats, sizes 3 to 9, reduced from \$3.50 to \$2.50.
Boys' Long Full Cut Overcoats, with belt, that were \$5, now \$3.25.

Reductions in Furnishings

All \$1.50 Shirts reduced to \$1.00
All 1.00 Shirts reduced to75
All .75 Shirts reduced to50
All 1.00 Ties reduced to75
All .75 Ties reduced to50
All .50 Ties reduced to25
All 2.00 Gloves reduced to 1.25
All 1.50 Gloves reduced to 1.00
All 1.00 Gloves reduced to75
All .75 Gloves reduced to50

Men's Wash Vests

\$1.50 Vests now \$1.00 \$2.00 Vests now \$1.25
\$2.50 Vests now \$1.75 \$3.00 Vests now \$2.00
\$3.50 Vests now \$2.50 \$4.00 Vests now \$3.00

Men's Cheviot, Cassimere and Worsted Suits

In dark and light patterns, suitable for either business or dress purposes, reduced from \$10 to \$7.25.

Men's Fine Cheviot and Worsted Suits

The kind you would have to pay a tailor \$25 for, sold all season by us for \$12.50 and \$15.00, now \$9.50.

Men's Overcoats Reduced

One lot of Men's Heavy Overcoats, made of a good substantial cheviot, sold all season for \$5.00, now \$3.75.
Men's Black Frieze Overcoats, winter weight Overcoats, finely made and fine fitting, reduced from \$7.50 to \$5.00.
Men's Black and Oxford Overcoats in the newest loose fitting styles, never sold for less than \$10, go at \$7.00.
Men's Fine Overcoats in a variety of styles and lengths, well tailored and extremely stylish, were \$12.50, now \$9.00.
Men's Dressy Overcoats, in all lengths as well as the long fancy overcoat, cut in the most fashionable styles, reduced from \$15 and \$18, now \$12.25.

Men's Trousers

All \$2.00 Trousers now \$1.25
All 2.50 Trousers now 1.75
All 3.00 Trousers now 2.25
All 3.50 Trousers now 2.75
All 4.00 Trousers now 3.00
All 4.50 Trousers now 3.75
All 5.00 Trousers now 4.00
All 6.00 Trousers now 4.75

It will certainly be an advantage to you to visit this store during the early part of sale.

304 S. Elm, **I. L. BLAUSTEIN,** Greensboro

MAY THWART PRESIDENT.

Deadlock Over Programme—Administration Supporters Still Have Hope—Details of Charges Brought Against Messrs. Kitchin Come to Light.

Washington, Jan. 28.—President Roosevelt has pinned his faith to an extraordinary session of Congress, as he no longer hopes to secure at this session remedial legislation, the promotion of which he has made the chief end in life. There is almost a complete deadlock at this time in Congress over the President's programme and the prospect of affirmative action is at present very unfavorable. Some of the administration's supporters in the Senate and House are not discouraged however and think it may yet be possible to secure action in modified form upon some of the resolutions of the Executive. The most discouraging outlook confronts the railway rate legislation. Well-informed men in the Senate have almost come to the conclusion that action of a materially beneficial nature is not likely at this session. The House committee on inter-state and foreign commerce is so badly tangled over the railway rate bill that nothing practicable seems to be in sight. The President had, of course, to abandon some time ago his desire for tariff legislation and the words, "tariff revision" are never heard at the capital these days. It seems probable that the President will be frustrated in his efforts to obtain action on the arbitration treaties. The naval programme of the administration certainly is not to be passed and the Navy department will have to content itself with a great deal smaller establishment than has been proposed.

FOR RELIEF OF MRS. MOFFITT.

Mr. Simmons has introduced in the Senate, and Mr. Page in the House, a bill which asks for \$15,000 for Martha A. Moffitt, of Ashboro. Mrs. Moffitt is a widow of Eli A. Moffitt, who was killed by a moonshiner while he held a position of deputy collector under Mr. Simmons. No exact precedent for the allowance of such a claim has been found, but it is not unlikely that the bill will be passed.

CHARGES FALL FLAT.

At the beginning of this session of Congress, Hon. W. W. and Claude Kitchin each received a letter from the Attorney General, giving information that he had been accused of having violated the law; that the charge had been investigated and found untrue, and that the department had recommended that the accused be indicted for subornation of perjury. The papers on file show that in last August one M. L. Reddick wrote to Henry C. Payne, then acting chairman of the Republican national committee, that he had information that would counteract the effect of the speech of Hon. Claude Kitchin on President Roosevelt, which the Democratic national committee was circulating to a large extent. He said he was a McKinley-Hobart elector, and claimed to be a detective, and said that while conducting detective work he had ascertained that Mr. Kitchin, in January, 1901, had proposed to secure a pardon for one W. R. McBroom, a Federal prisoner in the Nashville penitentiary, for the sum of \$250, and that immediately thereafter this money was registered to Mr. Kitchin, at Washington, D. C., and McBroom was soon discharged from the prison. Reddick offered his services, and the Department of Justice employed him to obtain affidavits in support of his charge. Reddick soon thereafter furnished two affidavits, one signed Joe Grogan, the other J. A. Sherman. Each affidavit stated that he had, in January, 1901, read a letter from Hon. Claude Kitchin, to McBroom, making the above proposition; that in said letter McBroom was directed, in case he accepted the proposition, to send the money to W. W. Kitchin, and that thereafter the affiant saw the sum of \$250 in currency counted out by McBroom, put in an envelope and addressed to W. W. Kitchin. Reddick also reported that the assistant postmaster at Nashville, Tenn., sealed up the letter, and would testify to the same facts.

Upon the receipt of these affidavits, the whole matter was referred to Hon. Holmes Conrad, who, after consultation with the Attorney General, decided to have the information verified from an independent source. For this purpose, an experienced postoffice inspector was detailed. After concluding his investigation, he reported that the assistant postmaster at Nashville knew nothing whatever of the charges made by Reddick. He further reported that although he had been to the residence, as given by Reddick, of Sherman, and to the firm for whom Sherman was said to work, he had been unable to find any trace of any such man. He reported further that Grogan, whom he found engaged in a poker game, in Oklahoma, stated that McBroom appeared to be a wealthy man, having with him in the penitentiary more than \$500 in cash at one time; that he had had no talk with Reddick, except at the time he signed the affidavit. The inspector found that this man had served a term in the penitentiary, and in last August was with Reddick when Reddick wrote his letter to Mr. Payne. The inspector also discovered that Reddick himself had served a term of four years in the penitentiary, being there with Grogan, and that McBroom, while a prisoner, had only deposited with the officials there the sum of \$35. The penitentiary officials read all letters sent and received by prisoners. McBroom, who is now dead, was in identical circumstances.

After careful consideration Major Conrad concluded that the affidavits procured by Reddick were perjured, and recommended that Reddick be prosecuted for subornation of perjury. The Attorney General concurred with Major Conrad, and the proper district attorney was directed to take charge of the matter for that purpose.

Reddick was arrested last Saturday in Mississippi, and his preliminary examination was set for February 2nd. Until the receipt of the letter from the Attorney General, neither of the Messrs. Kitchin had any information concerning any of the above, though Mr. W. W. Kitchin received in October (this was as it afterwards developed) after the government had discharged Reddick and paid his bill of over \$500, a letter from M. L. Reddick, stating that an effort was being made to indict him; that he had been employed to procure affidavits; that he

had not been treated fairly, and proposing to turn over to Mr. Kitchin all the affidavits, papers, etc., if Mr. Kitchin would pay him a reasonable compensation for his time and expenses for bringing them to him. To this letter, Mr. Kitchin replied that, as he (Reddick) did not name his employer, he (Mr. Kitchin) was in ignorance as to whether it was political or private malice that engaged his services; that while he would like to know the slander and the slanderer, in order that he might denounce them both, he would not pay or appear to pay one cent in the matter. He then received a telegram from Reddick, stating that if he did not want the papers, they would be turned over to the Associated Press. Mr. Kitchin replied that he could do as he saw fit in the matter, but that whatever he or the Associated Press did, would be done on their own responsibility. The people of the fifth district will remember that Mr. Kitchin, during the campaign, referred to this letter and telegram of Reddick to him and denounced the effort made against him, although at that time he did not know the exact nature of it. McBroom registered his petition for pardon to Mr. Kitchin, and Mr. Kitchin transmitted the same to the department, recommending its favorable consideration. Around these facts, Reddick wove his entire fabrication. Mr. Claude Kitchin never heard of McBroom until the receipt of the Attorney General's letter.

Mail Crane Hits Engineer R. O. Puryear.

Spencer, Jan. 27.—Engineer R. O. Puryear, of this place, was struck in the head by a mail crane and instantly killed, at Reagle, two miles north of Spencer, at 10:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Puryear was running passenger train No. 33, which was about five hours late, and was making about 50 miles per hour when the accident occurred. The blow was so terrific that he never knew what struck him. Robert Ford, the colored fireman on the train, saw the engineer place his head out at the window, as he was accustomed to do, and instantly sank in his seat, a dead man. The top of his head was torn off by the iron on the mail crane, and his face was mashed beyond recognition. The remains were brought to Spencer on the same train, the colored fireman being at the throttle when the train had been stopped, and Conductor Royal had boarded the cab, and remained at the side of the form of the dead engineer.

Mr. Puryear was one of the oldest and best known men on the Southern system, and was universally liked by all who knew him. He formerly resided in Greensboro, to which place the remains will be taken Saturday for interment. He leaves a wife, two children, a mother and two sisters and a brother.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the K. of P. lodge, the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. and the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church have each furnished handsome and costly floral designs for the funeral.

Train Wrecked in Attempt to Open Up Snowbound Track.

Freehold, N. J., Jan. 26.—Nearly thirty persons were injured, one probably fatally, when a train that was sent out to open up the snowbound Mattewan and Freehold division of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, was wrecked today at East Freehold. The accident happened in a deep cut through Brier Hill. The train was made up of two heavy engines, a passenger car, and a coal car. The front engine, in bucking a ten-foot drift in the cut, left the track, and, pushed by the second engine, was thrown up on the snow into a field. The cars were thrown from the track and the passenger car turned over. Most of the thirty passengers were cut by glass and many received severe bruises. Peter Dryson, engineer of the first engine, had both legs severed and it is believed will die. His fireman, Michael Dolan, was badly crushed and Dr. O. C. Bogardus, sheriff of Monmouth county, had his left hand broken and was cut about the head.

Duke Hearing Today.

New York, Jan. 27.—Hearing of the application to have a commission appointed to inquire into the mental condition of Brodie L. Duke, of Durham, N. C., which was to have taken place in the state Supreme court here today, was put over until February 1st. The continuance was granted upon application of counsel for Mr. Duke's son, Lawrence Duke, the petitioner.

Mrs. Brodie L. Duke, who was indicted in Texas on a charge of obtaining money under false pretences, and is now being held to await the arrival of a warrant, was arraigned in court today and her bail was reduced from \$5,000 to \$1,500. A hearing in her case was set for February 3rd.

Won't Let Negro Troops Go.

Atlanta, Jan. 29.—Negro troops from Georgia will not be allowed to attend the inauguration of President Roosevelt March 4. Governor Terrell will not grant permission to the colored troops to leave the state.

The Lincoln Guards, of Macon, commanded by Sandy Lockhart, have already made arrangements to attend the inauguration of the President, but when formal request for leave of absence of the company is made, it will be denied by the governor, on the ground that he does not want the state of Georgia represented on such an occasion by negro troops.

Heavy Loss on Orange Crop.

Tampa, Fla., Jan. 27.—Additional advices from throughout the orange belt show that of 500,000 boxes of oranges and grape fruit, remaining on the trees, about 75 per cent. has been frozen and made unsalable. A large portion of this loss falls upon the buyers, who bought the crops on the trees, although some growers have been heavily hit.

Reports from Arcadia and other De Soto county points say oranges on young trees and practically all vegetables were killed, but the grape fruit was only slightly damaged. The temperature went lower there than here, the minimum at Arcadia being 18.

Many Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, break up colds in 24 hours, cure Fevers, Measles, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destructive Worms. Address Allen S. Glasco, Lefroy, N. Y. 541

MOVEMENT A FAILURE.

Russian Revolution Far in the Future, Writer Says—Workers Thoroughly Cowed.

London, Jan. 26.—Dispatches received here this evening indicate that the St. Petersburg strikers have been cowed into submission by the despotic policy of the grand dukes, and that order once more prevails there, the agitation for reform having failed for the present. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Mail telegraphs:

"Except that Cossacks still patrol the streets, St. Petersburg today is in its normal condition. The political cyclone has been shifted to the provinces, and many of the men employed in the smaller factories are returning to work. In fact, it seems that military methods, together with promises of concessions, have detached from active participation in the popular movement that mass of simple workmen who believed the presentation of a petition to the Czar would accomplish all they desired. To them, both the method of repression and the promises equally appealed. They are prepared to return to work and wait to see what happens elsewhere. There remain the uncompromising agitators, fortified in numbers and purpose by recent events.

REVOLUTION HAS FAILED.

"It may as well be recognized at once that, considered as a movement which was to accomplish a revolution out-of-hand, or even to compel the granting of a constitution by a pacific manifestation, the agitation completely failed. It has accomplished its educational purpose, but it will be a long time before that is translated into effect.

"The strength of the agitation was largely due to the resolution of the professional classes to pursue according to their own way the policy of walking in procession to the muzzles of guns, which workmen did physically and literally on Sunday. In the former case a demand was made that their representations be conveyed directly to the Czar, just as the workmen claimed the right to present their petition. The procession of literary men had moral instead of physical force, but the personal risk was equally as great, for every member of those societies came openly forward and risked his all on the word of the administration, just as the men risked their lives on the touch of the trigger.

"According to the best information all the provincial demonstrations will have similar results to those in the capital.

The Innocent Spectator.

The Chinese are in some respects the worst sufferers by the war in Manchuria. It is reported that 30,000 of them are homeless about Mukden and in a starving condition. They have no rights, apparently, that either Russians or Japanese are bound to respect.

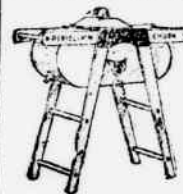
There's a pretty girl in an Alpine hat, A sweeter girl with a sailor brim, But the handsomest girl you'll ever see, Is the sensible girl who uses Rocky Mountain Tea, Holton's drug store.

I Make a Specialty of Placing Fire Insurance

On good FARM PROPERTY in strong old line companies. Come to see me for information and rates when you are in town.

R. W. MURRAY
308 1/2 SOUTH ELM ST.

The Perfection Churn



SAVES A WOMAN'S BACK. MAKES MORE BUTTER EASIER AND QUICKER THAN ANY OTHER CHURN, AND AFTER CHURNING YOU HAVE BUTTERMILK WITH NO WATER IN IT. :: :: :: ::

A man's work is from sun to sun, A woman's work is never done; If with gratitude Hubby would earn, Buy her at once a PERFECTION CHURN.

W. P. Bennett, Farmers Warehouse, Greensboro, N. C., Local Agent.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of authority and power vested in the undersigned by a decree of the Superior Court of Guilford county in the special proceedings entitled S. G. Wheeler, administrator of Anderson Dark, deceased, vs. John Dark, he will sell at public auction for cash at the court house door in said county at 12 o'clock M.,

Saturday, March 4th, 1905,

the following parcels or tracts of land, in Friendship township in said county, bounded as follows:

First Tract—Beginning at a stone in Cobb's corner and running south 72 poles to a stone in Thorneberg's line, thence north 61 poles to a stone in Cobb's line, thence north 44 poles to a stone in Cobb's line, thence north 44 poles to a stone in the beginning, containing eleven (11) acres more or less.

Said lands being known as the Anderson Dark land.

This 28th day of January, 1905.

S. G. WHEELER, Commissioner.

Geo. S. Bradshaw, Attorney.

LAND SALE.

By virtue of authority in the undersigned vested by a decree of the Superior Court of Guilford County in the special proceedings entitled Thomas D. Causey and others, ex parte, he will sell for cash at public auction to the highest bidder on

Saturday, February 25th, 1905,

at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, in said county, a tract of land in Friendship township in said county adjoining the lands of J. J. Causey, Pink Weathers, J. Thomas Cobb, Charlie Weatherly and others, containing 15 acres more or less and known as the lot of land sold to the auctioneers in the case of Causey et al. vs. the late George W. Wolfe et al. and the said land being sold for partition of the Causey heirs.

This 28th day of January, 1905.

S. G. WHEELER, Commissioner.

J. S. Bradshaw, Attorney.

THIS AD. IS WORTH READING!



SCHLOSS BROS & CO
Fine Clothes Makers
BALTIMORE NEW YORK

Vanstory Clothing Co.

THE ONE PRICE CASH CLOTHIERS.

QUICK SELLING PRICES

We handle nothing but first class goods; no shoddy shop worn stuff goes from our store. What we sell you we guarantee the best market values or your money back.

Nineteen = Four

Winds up satisfactorily to us. We have tried hard to please our patrons and feel sure from your able support that you have appreciated our efforts.

Now we have lots of goods just the same kind that we sold during the holidays, but they come in singles, pairs, remnants and so on. For the next thirty days we are going to give you bargains in Dress Goods, Underwear, White Goods, Ladies' and Misses' Jackets and Furs.

We will also offer you some great bargains in Ready-to-wear Hats--Hats that are trimmed in the very latest style. "This is your opportunity."

DORSETT & STAFFORD

230 SOUTH ELM STREET.

Eggs 28c Dozen!

Why not put the old hens to laying? Just think of it! Three dozen eggs will bring you almost a dollar. Spend 25c for the remedy. I have

International, Rust's and Lee's Poultry Supplies

Call. I will take pleasure in telling you what I know about the above remedies.

Howard Gardner

DRUGGIST AND SEEDSMAN

DEMOCRATS MAY LOSE EAST.

Division of the School Fund—Repeal of Merchants' Purchase Tax—Teachers' Assembly Not to Meet at Seaside.

Raleigh, Jan. 25.—In an interview with Representative Winborne, the introducer of the bill to amend the constitution so that after each race, white and black, had been provided with four-month schools, there may be discrimination, he said that while everybody really favored the amendment, some were afraid to change the present status of things, thinking it in politics; that his amendment was very different from the one proposed heretofore, giving white taxes for white schools and negro taxes for negro schools. It was nothing of that kind. He declared that unless something of this kind were done, the Democrats will lose eastern North Carolina. Out of the white voters in that section of the state in the last election the Democrats got only three in five, while the Republicans got the other two, and the votes fell off a third, as compared with what it was four years ago, a great proportion of the whites simply staying away from the polls. He says that all through the eastern part of the state that white voters are waiting to see what the legislature would do on the public school question and on the liquor question. He says that some of the people, he finds, want to defer to Northern sentiment, but there is nothing of this. Only three other states in the Union have in their constitutions such a provision regarding education as North Carolina has now.

FIRE COMMITTEE MEETS.
Today the legislative committee of the State Firemen's Association met with Insurance Commissioner Young and Messrs. Alex Webb and A. W. McAllister, representing respectively the North Carolina Home and the Greensboro group of four fire insurance companies. There were present J. D. McNeill, the president of the state association, and also the president of the national association; R. D. Douglas, vice president of the national association, and Chiefs F. N. Taylor, of Greensboro; H. T. Day, of Tarboro; A. H. Boyden, of Salisbury; C. C. Cooper, of Reidsville; Walter Woodcock, of Raleigh, and W. S. Orr, of Charlotte. The committee is preparing amendments of the inspection and building laws, the purpose being to enforce the state law, which city and town authorities are ignoring. President McNeill spoke of the bill introduced in Congress by the Pennsylvania representative to put all fire insurance matters under federal supervision, and said he was bitterly opposing this, and said that he was going all over the United States making a fight against it, and regards it a dangerous measure.

Chief McNeill was asked about the North Carolina firemen, and said there are now 79 fire departments, with 1,500 white firemen and about 400 colored. A good many of the latter have dropped out, but at Raleigh and at other points in the east the colored firemen are strong, and give extremely valuable service, which is deeply appreciated.

TEACHERS NOT TO GO TO THE SEASIDE.

The North Carolina Teachers' Assembly will not meet at any seaside summer resort this year. The executive committee has decided that much, but has not yet decided upon the meeting place. It is said that in selecting the place the executive committee will have in mind the enlargement of the membership of the association, and will meet in the place that will contribute most largely to that end. In addition to the teachers of North Carolina, plans are taking shape to have present educators and public men of national reputation from other states. Educational and civic specialists will address the assembly, and an effort will be made to enroll several thousand teachers. The purpose is to make the assembly more of a business organization, with less of the excursion idea in its summer meetings. If the plans do not miscarry, the next meeting will be a great educational convention, that will attract the attention of the people of North Carolina and of other states. The executive committee in charge of the affairs of the Teachers' Assembly consists of the following: J. I. Foust, State Normal and Industrial College, president; W. D. Carmichael, Durham public schools, secretary; Dr. Stevens, of the Agricultural & Mechanical College; Dr. Eben Alexander, of the University; Dr. Sykes, of Wake Forest College; Dr. Mims, of Trinity College; Dr. Whitsett, of Whitsett Institute; Superintendent Matheson, of Durham; Superintendent Anthony, of Cleveland county.

SEASIDE FIRE WASTE BILL CONSIDERED.

The House and Senate insurance committee this afternoon took up Senator Seales' bill amending the act to prevent fire waste. This was explained by J. D. McNeill, A. W. McAllister, R. D. Douglas and Senator Seales. Representative Murphy urged a favorable report. Mr. Robinson opposed this, saying the bill should first be printed and submitted to the people. Insurance Commissioner Young suggested that it should be made applicable to towns having 1,000 inhabitants or more. Five hundred copies will be printed. The committee decided to favorably report the Senate bill regulating the division of commissions with non-resident agents. Insurance Commissioner Young addressed the committee regarding insurance upon public buildings, saying that while insurable property is worth \$5,000,000, the amount on which there is insurance is only \$5,000,000, and that about a million and a half ought to be insured, which could be done for less than \$10,000.

MERCHANTS' PURCHASE TAX ABOLISHED.

The senate and house committees on finance this evening unanimously decided to strike out from the revenue

Perfect Confidence.
Where there used to be a feeling of uneasiness and worry in the household when a child showed symptoms of croup, there is now perfect confidence. This is owing to the uniform success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the treatment of that disease. Mrs. M. I. Eastard, of Poolsville, Md., in speaking of her experience in use of that remedy says: "I have a world of confidence in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for I have used it with perfect success. My child Garland is subject to severe attacks of croup and it always gives him prompt relief." For sale by Conyers & Sykes.

act what is known as the merchants' purchase tax, in accordance with a special recommendation of the state auditor. Five hundred merchants petitioned for such a course.

Norman H. Johnson, attorney for the Merchants' Association, says that 5,100 names were signed to the petitions, and that telegrams poured in all day to members of the assembly. The measure, he says, will bring great contentment to the merchants throughout North Carolina.

OLD DIVORCE LAW FAVORED.

The house judiciary committee devoted all the afternoon to considering divorce bills, and it was finally agreed to report a bill re-enacting the causes for divorce of the old Code, with the addition of giving divorce to wife being abandoned by husband in another state and returning to her home in this state. It was agreed to repeal the abandonment act of 1903, and a subcommittee was named to draft an abandonment clause and draw a complete substitute bill. The subcommittee consists of Winborne, Murphy, of Rowan; Murphy, of Buncombe; McNinch and Turlington.

RUSSIA'S HISTORY A STORMY ONE.

Twice Popular Uprisings Have Overthrown Ruler—Other Great Revolutions in the World.

New York World.

Russia has already been the scene of two great revolutions. The first popular uprising occurred in 1730, when Peter II was deposed and Catherine placed on the throne. Again in 1762 there was a revolution that grew out of the tyranny of the reigning house of Romanoffs that threatened to terminate their rule.

In this second uprising Peter III was forced to abdicate the throne, and the revolutionists crowned Catherine II in his place. Her reign was hardly less stormy than that of the ruler who had been dragged from the throne and murdered. The country was in a constant state of semi-revolution, and in 1774 the Cossacks entered into an open rebellion which lasted a year before the ruler succeeded in bringing them into subjection.

History tells of many revolutions among the nations of the world. The first about which there is anything like definite record was the fall of the Roman empire and the establishment of the republic on its ruins by Julius Caesar in 47 B. C. The next great revolution was in 331 B. C., when the Macedonian empire supplanted the Persian on the defeat of Darius Codomanus by Alexander the Great.

For more than two hundred years the world lived in comparative peace, but in 539 B. C. there came the third historic revolution in which the great Assyrian empire was destroyed and in its wake came the nation of the Medes and Persians, which was the work of Cyrus the Great. In 800 A. D. the spirit of revolution swept over Europe and the empire of the western Franks began under Charlemagne.

In the centuries that have followed not a nation on the globe has escaped a revolution. Portugal was shaken by one in 1640 and England experienced her first serious one in 1775 when the American colonies revolted and in 1776 came the Declaration of Independence. England had experienced another revolution in 1688 that was fraught with consequences nearly as great as those resulting from the revolt of her American colonies. In that great popular uprising there was such a demand for reforms that the crown could not resist it with the backing of armies.

One of the greatest rebellions in the history of the world was that of 1800 to 1865 in the United States.

Greensboro Man's Marriage in Charlotte.

Charlotte Chronicle, 25th.

At the home of Mrs. L. L. Otterborg, on North Poplar street, her daughter, Miss Laura Frances, and Mr. Herman F. Modlin, of Greensboro, were married at 9:30 o'clock this morning. The marriage was a quiet home affair, only a few relatives and friends being present.

The ceremony was performed in the parlor by Rev. Harris Mallinckrodt, rector of St. Peter's Episcopal church. The room was prettily decorated in palms, ferns and ivy. The bride's sister, Miss Edna, was the maid of honor and Mr. E. A. Eskridge, of Greensboro, was the best man.

The bride was gowned in a brown traveling suit, with hat to match, and carried a bouquet of bride roses and maiden-hair ferns. The maid of honor was dressed in blue mulle, trimmed in chiffon.


Mr. and Mrs. Modlin left on a morning train for Greensboro, where they will make their home. Mr. Modlin is proprietor of a cafe in his town and is a young business man of promise. His bride is the oldest daughter of Mrs. Otterborg and is a pretty and popular young woman.

For Shame.

Charlotte Observer.

We are not willing to believe that the dominant white race of North Carolina, as represented in the general assembly in session at Raleigh, will take a step toward cutting off the educational prospect of the negroes. We owe much to these people. Their value to the state is not to be computed by the figure they cut on the tax books. They are our labor. They dig out of the soil a large part of the wealth which we enjoy, and surely they are entitled to a part of that which they make. It is not right to shut the door of opportunity in their faces. As a race they are not capable of high intellectual development, but, child for child, they should have equal chance with the others of our population, and we do not understand how a person who would consign them to mental oblivion can sleep well at night. The negro race is full of frailties and infirmities, but it has also excellencies and the superior people owe obligations to it which are by no means to be disregarded. For the credit of the white people of North Carolina let us have done with the talk about dividing the school tax upon the basis of what each race pays.

The bill to extend the corporate limits of the town of Lexington has passed both branches of the legislature and has become a law. Thus a greater Lexington has been provided for. The bill provides that the inhabitants of the annexed portion shall not be entitled to the benefit of the graded schools until after June 1, 1905.



Peele College

A SCHOOL OF COMMERCE established to meet the requirements of young men and women who cannot at the time afford to spend from four to six years in the mastery of the classics, and yet desire to acquire an education superior to that offered by the ordinary commercial school.

BRANCHES TAUGHT

Arithmetic Including rapid calculation, etc. Bookkeeping For Bank, General Mercantile, Wholesale, Commission, Produce and Provision, and many others. Stenography Embracing collateral branches necessary to the success of reporters and amanuenses.	Typewriting This subject is taught in a satisfactory manner. No cheap machines used. Penmanship Taught in a practical manner. English Grammar and Composition This course is very thorough and class meets every day.	Commercial Law This subject is taught very thoroughly and interestingly. It embraces the subjects of contracts, mortgages, notes, drafts, checks, etc., and how handled and negotiated. Besides other very important chapters. These lectures are delivered on Saturdays and some of the afternoons, and do not necessarily require any time from the regular practical work of the departments.	Spelling There are no frills. The book deals with words that are practical. Civil Government These lectures really embrace other subjects in addition to those coming under the head of Civil Government, and are very helpful and entertaining. These lectures are also delivered on Saturdays.
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All subjects advertised are taught, and by experienced and well trained teachers. Decide what branches you desire to pursue and let us send you information.

AN ORDINARY KEEPER OF ACCOUNTS WITHOUT ANY GENERAL INTELLIGENCE CANNOT COMMAND ATTENTION AND RESPECT, AND, AS A RULE, IS EITHER A KNAVE OR A BORE.

Get the proper training—that which will not occasion regret. Full information will be sent upon application.

JUDSON PEELE, PRINCIPAL
GREENSBORO, N. C.

THE DANGER POINT IS MOSCOW.

Long-Meditated Strike There Begins Along the Same Lines as at the Capital.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 25.—The most startling feature in the situation tonight is the news that several factories in Moscow have closed, and that the workmen in the old capital of Russia are repeating the tactics of their fellow-workmen of the new capital, marching from shop to shop and mill to mill, demanding that the establishment should be shut down. The whole city is reported to be in a state of great excitement over the news, the bloodshed here yesterday, which had been planned for Wednesday, Moscow has more workmen and less troops than St. Petersburg, and besides, is just now the heart of the liberal movement, and the danger of bloodier occurrences there than have been witnessed here are proportionately greater. A rising at Moscow is also more likely to have greater results, industrially and politically, than that in St. Petersburg.

PROSPECT OF GENERAL STRIKE.

According to private reports, the workmen in several other big cities, notably Kharkoff, where large locomotive works are located, already have completed plans for a general suspension of work. Moreover, reports are current that the workmen, who otherwise would soon be forced back into the shops or starve, have received assurances of financial support from the sources which hitherto have furnished the sinews of war to the liberal and revolutionary agitation, but have not before been in touch with the labor movement. If the strike becomes general all over Russia, and especially if the railroads are drawn in, it might immediately force the nation to make peace with Japan.

The situation appears grave from every standpoint; but the authorities, although apparently somewhat bewildered, declare their purpose to stand firm, maintaining that it is their first duty to preserve order, scouting the idea of actual revolution. Seemingly, the Ministers are most concerned over the effect of the present situation abroad, where, they declare, exaggerated reports create a false impression.

CZAR MAY INTERVENE.

What, if any, steps have been taken, to meet the general situation has not yet been disclosed, but there are extremely significant reports tonight that Emperor Nicholas, in making the decision at the extraordinary meeting of the Council of the Empire at Tsarskoe Selo today, to declare St. Petersburg in a state of siege, announced that he had resolved to issue a manifesto to the people with a view to calming them, promising to create a mixed commission of workmen and officials to investigate and decide the questions of the demands of the strikers, especially the one affecting hours of labor, which Russian law fixes at 11 hours. Representatives of the workmen, according to this report, are not to be appointed, but selected by the laboring men themselves. This will be the first concession to the representative principle.

According to reports, the Emperor will also promise to investigate yesterday's events in St. Petersburg.

Dissolves Peabody Trust.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The trustees of the Peabody educational fund held a meeting here today and voted to dissolve their trust. A vote was also taken on the proposition to appropriate \$1,000,000 for the Peabody School for Teachers at Nashville, Tenn., and it was carried, the appropriation for that purpose being made by a vote that was unanimous.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure no pay. 50c.

Patapsco Guano

We wish to say that for the coming season we will handle the well known Patapsco Brands of Guano for wheat, oats, grass, Etc. If a car load can be made up at Guilford College, Battle Ground, Summerfield, Pleasant Garden, McLeansville or Morehead, or other nearby points, we will be glad to make these deliveries, as well as from our warehouse in Greensboro. Will be glad to take grain in exchange when it is desired. These goods need no comment, as the name is sufficient.

GUILFORD ROLLER MILLS

Facts That Count in Life Insurance

It is not what you pay out, but what you get back.
Read this letter:

Peacock & Gold Company, General Agents Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York, Greensboro, N. C.

Gentlemen—We herewith acknowledge receipt of checks aggregating \$2,327.00, payable to the various beneficiaries under Policies Nos. 64,569 and 75,331, for \$1,000 each, upon the life of the late W. J. Clary, of Greensboro, N. C.

These policies were taken out on April 30th, 1891, and December 28th, 1895, respectively, and since that time, in less than ten years, have accumulated \$27,000 in additional insurance. They have proven a very profitable investment, and the excellent earnings of same should be sufficient warranty of the excellent management of the company and another evidence of the truthfulness of its claim of the largest returns to its policy-holders.

Yours very truly, (Signed) ALICE P. CLARY

This only one among many. You can do the same for those you love.

Provident Savings Life of New York
PEACOCK & GOLD COMPANY,
General Agents for the Carolinas, 301 South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.

Keiffer Pears

THE GREAT MONEY MAKER.

Magnum Bonum Apples

THE BEST APPLE IN CULTIVATION.

IT PAYS

To Plant More Fruit Trees

Write for our free illustrated catalogue, also pamphlet on "How to Plant and Cultivate an Orchard." Gives all necessary information.

Large stock, best trees, good assortment. Our trees are reliable—bear true to name. The only kind you can afford to plant.

J. Van Lindley Nursery Company
POMONA, N. C.

Notice of Sale for Partition.

North Carolina. In the Superior Court, Guilford County. Before the Clerk. Centie Taborn, John Herbin and Fannie Ayers, corner, running thence north 25 poles to a stone between two cedars, thence west 45 poles to a stone on D. P. May's line, thence south 30 poles to the road above mentioned, thence northeast with the road 65 poles to the beginning, containing one acre more or less. The above land is sold for partition. This January 4, 1905.

Saturday, February 4, 1905.

At 1 o'clock P. M., at the court house of said county, sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to-wit: A certain tract or parcel of land in Guilford county, North Carolina, Centre Grove township, adjoining the lands of William James, D. P. May and others, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on the road, William James' corner, running thence north 25 poles to a stone between two cedars, thence west 45 poles to a stone on D. P. May's line, thence south 30 poles to the road above mentioned, thence northeast with the road 65 poles to the beginning, containing one acre more or less. The above land is sold for partition. This January 4, 1905.

THOMAS C. HOYLE, Commissioner.

JOHN A. YOUNG
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Combined Capital.	Combined Assets over
\$325,000	\$500,000

The Greensboro Fire Insurance Companies

Have, in the last eight years, saved to the people of Greensboro not less than \$40,000 in the cost of their insurance. When you insure call for your home companies. : : : : : : : : : :

J. Simpson Schenck, Agent

NAGGING PAINS

Newport News, Va., July 22, 1903.

Last summer while recovering from illness of fever, I had a severe attack of Inflammatory Rheumatism in the knees, from which I was unable to leave my room for several months. I was treated by two doctors and also tried different kinds of liniments and medicines which seemed to relieve me from pain for awhile, but at the same time I was not any nearer getting well. One day while reading a paper I saw an advertisement of S. S. S. for Rheumatism. I decided to give it a trial, which I did at once. After I had taken three bottles I felt a great deal better, and I still continued to take it regularly until I was entirely cured. I now feel better than for years, and I cheerfully recommend S. S. S. to any one suffering from Rheumatism. 613 32d St. CHAS. E. GILDERSLEEVE.

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid or some other acid poison in the blood, which when deposited in the muscles and joints, produce the sharp, cutting pains and the stiffness and soreness peculiar to this disease. S. S. S. goes directly into the circulation, all irritating substances are neutralized and filtered out of the system, the blood is made pure and the general health is built up under the purifying and tonic effects of the vegetable remedy. Write for our special book on Rheumatism which is sent free. Our physicians will advise without charge all who will write us about their case.

SSS

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
For Piles, Burns, Sores.

The Greensboro Patriot.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

Published Every Wednesday.

W. M. BARBER & CO.

SUBSCRIPTION:
One year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents. In advance.

Entered at the postoffice in Greensboro, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Remittances made by check, draft, postal money order, express or registered letter will be at the risk of the publishers.

Address all letters to

THE PATRIOT,
Greensboro, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 1, 1905.

The Weekly Newspaper.

Wilmington Messenger.

The Gastonia Gazette announces that it will advance the price of its subscription from one dollar to one dollar and a half a year. This is not done because of any contemplated enlargement or material improvement of the paper, but, as the editor says, for purely business reasons. The increased cost of living and of labor in the printing business and the advance in the price of paper has made this increase of fifty per cent. in the price of the paper a necessity.

We are not surprised at this announcement. We do not see how an editor can issue a first-class weekly paper for the small subscription price of one dollar a year. The surprise is that the Gazette has not made this change before this and that others have not done likewise.

The daily paper which also issues a weekly or semi-weekly edition has the advantage in the matter of saving expenses over the paper which has only a weekly or semi-weekly edition and still, none of the former class in this section of the country is getting rich by any means with their dollar-a-year editions. If they cannot make anything off their publication how can the other class of newspaper men be expected to do so?

And again, a man who will not pay a dollar and a half for fifty-two issues of his county paper ought not to be furnished one at any price. The fifty cents additional is very little to each individual subscriber, but the sum total amounts to a good deal with the man at the other end of the line. This same rule applies to prompt payment of subscriptions to weekly papers and weekly editions of the dailies. Take a paper with, say, six thousand names on its weekly list. If every man pays his dollar promptly this means six thousand dollars in cash to the proprietors. Every dollar that is held back from him is just that much lost by him. To lose the fee of one subscriber who has taken and read the paper for a year is not much, but when you begin to multiply that by ten, twenty, fifty and a hundred it will amount to a great deal in the course of a few years. These subscribers are scattered all over the state. There are few of them who cannot afford to pay the one dollar at the time of subscribing and to pay again every time the year's subscription expires. The one dollar is very little to each one of these subscribers, but when they all come to the newspaper proprietor they count a good deal. The man who fails to pay his subscription does not save much. He has cheated the editor out of only a dollar; but when such cases pile up by the score it is a serious matter to the newspaper man who depends on these individual dollar subscriptions to keep his business going and to provide for the maintenance of himself and his family. Were all newspaper subscribers to realize the condition many more of them would be a great deal poorer than they are in paying their subscriptions. With a great many it is thoughtlessness. They think a dollar is a small amount; that their single payment won't help the editor much; that it will do as well to pay it at any old time. These lose sight of the fact that there are many others who take the same erroneous view of the matter.

Grafters Lose Last Chance.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The application for a writ of certiorari in the case of August W. Machen, Dr. George B. Lorenz, Diller R. and Samuel A. Groff, convicted and sentenced to two years' imprisonment and \$10,000 fine each for conspiracy to defraud the government, in connection with the sale of letter box fasteners to the Postoffice department, was denied by the Supreme court of the United States this morning, without comment.

This deprives the defendants of their last chance of evading punishment in the courts, and they will now be sent to the Moundsville, W. Va., penitentiary.

Machen was seen immediately after the decision of the Supreme court had been rendered, but he declined to make any statement.

Machen was superintendent of the rural free delivery from the date of the organization of that department until a year ago, when he was arrested and after a lengthy trial sentenced by Justice Pritchard.

About two weeks ago George Holmes and Ed. Gibson, two negroes of Concord, had a difficulty. When the fight was over Gibson had a cut in the forehead. It is not known whether Holmes cut him or not. Gibson went to Washington city and died there last week. Holmes has been arrested and the affair will be investigated.

H. C. Trott, a Salisbury barkeeper, was arrested last week on a warrant issued from Charlotte. Trott being charged with violating the anti-jug law by shipping liquor to Charlotte. Trott waived examination and gave bond for his appearance at court.

Four negro boys, ranging in age from six to fifteen years, were burned to death in their home near Newbern Thursday night. Their parents had gone away and the house was burned with the children in it.

A Gazetteer of Indian Territory.

With the exception of the small reservations in the northeast corner, the entire area of the Indian Territory has been surveyed and mapped on the scale of 1: 125,000 by the United States Geological Survey. The atlas sheets made from these surveys have served as a guide in the preparation of a recent bulletin published by the survey, which is entitled "A Gazetteer of Indian Territory." In it is given the location of every station, village, town, creek, river, hill, railroad, and reservation in the territory, with the name of the atlas sheet on which it may be found. Mr. Henry Gannett, the author of the bulletin, has also written an introductory chapter to the gazetteer proper, in which he relates many interesting facts concerning the territory.

The great body of the territory is divided among five Indian tribes. They are the Cherokee, whose reservation is in the northern part of the territory; the Creek, in the central part; the Seminole, just west of them; the Choctaw, in the southeast; and the Chickasaw, in the southwest. Besides these there are a number of small tribes that have reservations grouped in the northeast corner of the territory. On these reservations the people have developed a considerable degree of civilization and have been long known as the Five Civilized Tribes. Each tribe has its own system of government, which is patterned in many ways after our state governments, with a governor, a legislature, and a judiciary of its own. Until recently, the lands were held in common, and occupation gave all the title that was needed. There was an abundance of good land for all and no occasion for the clashing of interests. Their cupidity having been aroused by this condition of things, many white men settled in the territory, married Indian wives, and thereby acquired tribal rights. Many squaw-men thus obtained valuable coal lands, timber lands and farm lands. Others followed in their wake, and settled without permission, until the whites in Indian Territory in 1900, as shown by the census returns, outnumbered the Indians many times. This situation is a perilous one for the Indians, as it is not credible that white men in such overwhelming numbers would long remain subject to Indian laws and without title to the lands which they were occupying. The lands have therefore been sub-divided into townships and sections preparatory to allotting them to the Indians in severalty and breaking up their tribal governments. The allotment has been completed and it is probable that a territorial form of government will be substituted in the near future for the Indian governments.

The total population of the territory in 1900 was 392,060, of which not less than 302,680 were white, 52,500 were Indians, and 36,853 were negroes, either former slaves of the Indians or their descendants.

The chief industries of the Indian Territory are farming and cattle raising. The rainfall is ample and the soil rich, and nearly every crop produced within the limits of the United States can be raised in the territory. The prairies of the Cherokee Nation have been in large part leased to cattlemen and enormous herds range over them.

In 1900 the number of farms in the territory was 45,505, and 15.4 per cent. of the territory was under cultivation. The average size of the farms was 100 acres, considerably larger than the average in the United States.

This bulletin, which is scheduled as No. 248 on the survey's list of publications, is published for free distribution, and may be obtained on application to the Director of the United States Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

Two Women Cremated.

Burlington, Jan. 31.—News has reached here from Tony, Caswell county, 20 miles north of Burlington, of the burning yesterday of the home of Mrs. Sarah A. Florence, mother of Mr. A. G. Florence, of the mercantile firm of Florence & Walker, of this place, in which Mrs. Florence and her daughter, Miss Bettie Florence, were burned to death.

The fire was discovered about 1 o'clock in the afternoon and an alarm given. Upon the arrival of neighbors Miss Florence who was in the yard at that time, ran into the house, when the walls gave way, entombing the two women. The charred body of Miss Florence was taken from the ruins, but that of Mrs. Florence was burned to ashes. Two hundred and seventeen dollars in gold coin was taken from the ruins.

Child Labor Bill Killed.

Raleigh, Jan. 31.—The house and senate committees of manufactures and labor voted almost unanimously to-night to report unfavorably the bill regulating the employment of minors in factories. Dr. A. J. McKelway, promoter of the bill, made the only speech in its advocacy. Arguments in opposition were made by leading cotton mill presidents and owners of the state. There was an immense audience, manufacturers from all over the state being present.

The nomination of Mr. C. A. Reynolds as postmaster at Winston-Salem has been confirmed by the United States Senate.

Dr. Geo. M. Ivie, of Leaksville, died at an Asheville sanatorium last week of tuberculosis.

GREENSBORO MARKET REPORT.

Eggs, per dozen, 20 cents.
Hens, 15 to 40 cents each.
Winter Chickens, 25 to 30 cents each.
Green Hides, per pound, 7 cents.
Green Sheep Skins, 35 to 75 cents.
Green Shearling, 5 to 20 cents.
Dry Hides, salt, 8 to 15 cents.
Dry Hides, flint, 10 to 12 cents.
Beeswax, per pound, 22 to 25 cents.
Corn, per bushel, 45 cents.
Wheat, per bushel, \$1.20 to \$1.25.
Oats, per bushel, 45 to 50 cents.
Tallow, per pound, 4 to 5 cents.
Wool, washed, per pound, 25 to 30 cents.
Wool, unwashed, 1er pound, 18 to 24 cents.
Ducks, 25 to 35 cents each.
Geese, 30 to 40 cents each.
Turkeys, 12 1/2 to 15 cents per pound.
Sweet Potatoes, 50 cents per bushel.
Butter, 20 cents per pound.
Parsnips, 70 to 80 cents per bushel.
Turnip Salad, 75 cents per bushel.
Kale Salad, 50 cents per bushel.
Spinach Salad, 60 cents per bushel.
Country Hams, 12 cents.

New Advertisements.

When you can you should wear good clothes. An exceptional opportunity for getting them is offered by Chisholm, Stroud, Crawford & Rees.

A great clearing sale of all winter goods is advertised by the Harry Belk Brothers Company. You can save 50 per cent by buying now.

The Wakefield Hardware Company will sell you one of the best steel ranges you ever saw for just a trifle more than a good cook stove costs.

A fine lot of bargains in new dress goods, silks, gingham, shirts and shoes is offered by the Bee Hive this week.

The ploughing season will soon be here and you may need a plow. Get the best manufactured from the Greensboro Hardware Company and you'll have no regrets.

There's a hereafter in this world as well as in the next. Read Thacker & Brockman's ideas on this matter. They have been doing business ten years and are willing to be judged by their past record.

O. C. Benbow advertises the remainder of his property for sale, which consists of about 100 acres of land, mill and water power.

S. Glenn Brown, attorney at law, has a professional card in this issue.

A Certain Cure for Chills.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Chills, Frostbites, Bumps, Swelling, Swollen Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c.

Oak and Pine Lumber.

If you wish to buy or sell any kind of rough or dressed oak or pine lumber, call on or write J. S. Moore & Co., Room 2, Greensboro Loan & Trust Company, Greensboro, N. C. Phone 104.

KAUFMANN'S

306 SOUTH ELM ST.

Haberdasher.

Men's Shoes.

READY

AND READY

TO MAKE YOU READY

BATH ROBES

\$4.00 to \$15.00

MUFFLERS

50c to \$5.00

HANDKERCHIEFS

5c to 50c

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS

25c to \$1.25

UMBRELLAS

50c to \$8.00

SUSPENDERS

25c to \$2.00

FANCY HALF HOSE

15c to 50c

HOLIDAY NECKWEAR

25c to \$1.25

CUFF BUTTONS

SCARF PINS

And hundreds of other

articles too numerous to

mention.

A full line of

MEN'S SHOES, HATS

AND CAPS

KAUFMANN'S

"THE MEN'S STORE."

One Price.

Cash Only.

TO REDUCE STOCK

A word to our patrons and friends. We will sell

Millinery At and Below Cost

for the next 20 days in order to reduce stock and make room for spring goods.

Mrs. Rosa Hamner Carter

Benbow Arcade, Opp. Benbow Hotel.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of W. J. Ector, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to me on or before the 14th day of February, 1905, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement.

This 31st day of January, 1905.
C. P. FRAZIER, Public Administrator.
As Administrator of W. J. Ector.
J. S. Cook, Attorney.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

Of All Winter Goods at a Great Reduction!

You can save 50 per cent. by inspecting the odd lots and remnants we are now offering.

Remnants of Woolen Goods at just half price.

Coat Suits

We have divided the Coat Suits in four lots.

Lot No. 1 at \$ 5.00
Lot No. 2 at 7.50
Lot No. 3 at 10.00
Lot No. 4 at 15.00

Jackets and Cloaks

Lot No. 1, regular \$7.50 and \$8.50 Jackets, at \$ 4.98
Lot No. 2, regular \$10 and \$12.50 Jackets, at 7.50
Lot No. 3, regular \$15 and \$16.50 Jackets, at 10.00
Lot No. 4, regular \$18 and \$25 Jackets, at 15.00

Clothing

All Winter Clothing greatly reduced.

\$5.00 Suits for \$3.98
\$7.50 Suits for 4.98
\$10.00 Suits for 7.50

Hosiery

100 dozen Ladies' Fleece Lined Hose, worth 15c a pair, 3 pairs for 25c
50 dozen Boys' and Girls' Ribbed 15c Hose at 10c

Millinery

All Pattern Hats at half price.

Come and get the choice. We save you money.

HARRY-BELK BROTHERS COMPANY

THAT CHEAP STORE—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

240-242 S. ELM ST., GREENSBORO, N. C.

Steel Ranges!



The Range shown here is the best value for the money that we have ever seen. The workmanship, finish and material are strictly first-class. Body is made of 22 gauge iron, the oven of 18 and 20 gauge. It is lined with asbestos and has a cast iron reservoir, enameled. Has a duplex grate and can be used for either wood or coal—simply turn it over with shaker. Each and every Range is fitted with a pouch feed. The inside of the oven is aluminized, making it always bright and light. It has many advantages

which must be seen to be appreciated. It can be bought for almost the price of a good sized cook stove.

It will be to your interest to see this Range. It you cannot come send for catalogue and prices.

WAKEFIELD HARDWARE CO.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Cutting Prices

On All Winter Goods

CLOAKS
SUITS
SKIRTS
UNDERWEAR
AND
DRESS
GOODS

J. M. Hendrix & Co.

Neighborhood News.

Matters of Interest Reported by
Our Corps of Correspondents.

Brown's Summit Items.

We are glad to see Mr. Albert Troxler getting on so nicely.

Mr. E. H. Hopkins, of Reidsville, paid his father a welcome visit Sunday.

Mr. J. L. Tate and J. P. Dempsey, were in your city on business Monday.

Mr. John Nelson, who has been guarding convicts, is paying his relatives a visit at Friendship.

A very pleasant sociable was given at Mr. J. R. Faucette's Saturday night which was enjoyed by a lot of friends.

Miss Bessie Faucette returned from Reidsville Saturday, where she has been spending the past week with her uncle, Mr. John Lambeth, and other relatives.

Mr. B. A. Osborne and wife, of Rudd, were called down Saturday to see Mrs. Jane Faucette, who was stricken with paralysis. She is getting very feeble, yet we hope she will soon recover.

Late Saturday night some unknown thief entered the basement of Mrs. J. Lewis' home, taking seven pounds of nice fresh butter. The same night some one entered the cook-room of Mrs. W. H. Rankin, taking a pound of roasted coffee and the coffee mill.

Mr. Ramsey and family, from Virginia have moved to this place.

Mrs. Julia Ellworth is right sick. We wish her a speedy recovery.

Mr. J. H. McNeill has sold his store to Mr. A. W. Troxler and moved to his farm.

The new postoffice is completed. It is now under the control of Mrs. Ellen Hopkins.

The school at this place closed last Friday. Miss Osborn, the teacher, made many friends here.

Miss Ida Moore left last week for Manchester, Va., where she will spend a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Medley.

Simpson's Store Items.

Farm work is backward.

A Sunday school has been organized at Bethany.

The ice was thick enough last week to make a good harvest.

There will be a mock trial at Barham schoolhouse February 4th.

Mr. F. J. Baynes and family are visiting friends in Alamance county.

Mr. P. D. McCollum is wearing a broad smile this week. It's a girl.

Mr. W. H. Sharp, of Winston, was in this vicinity this week on business.

Prof. E. P. Ellington will address the patrons of Barham's district on February 13th.

The singing at Mr. D. J. Wall's last Saturday night was well attended and highly enjoyed.

Mr. James Dye, who has been gone a good while, has returned with the intention of staying.

The following is the honor roll of Barham school, taught by Mr. James S. Truett and Miss Lucy Horsford: Cora, Bessie and Maymie Lester, Blanche Barker, Lee Simpson, Mary Lou Cummings, Myrtle Sharp, Lucy Lester, Reuben Truett, Johnnie Barker, Jennie Cummings, Fryer Cummings, Bryan Truett, Barker Cummings, Essie Truett, Georgia Barker, Mary Barker, Fletcher Lester and Brown Simpson.

Center Church Items.

Aunt Sallie Hodgins is not so well as usual.

Miss Maud Coltrane, who is in school at Jamestown, visited her mother, Mrs. Nannie Coltrane, last week.

Miss Lillian Murrow, who has been clerking in Greensboro for Harry-Bell Bros., is at home for a while.

Mrs. Juanita Garrison and Miss Juanita Thom, of Missouri, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. J. S. Murrow.

Miss Susanna Osborne, school teacher at the Reynolds schoolhouse, is very sick with pneumonia. It is not likely that there will be any more school at that place this winter.

Work has been resumed at the Fentress mine on a small scale. We understand that it will not be long until we will hear the whistle at the Cook mine.

A most horrible accident occurred near here last Friday afternoon. The house of Emily Wilson, an old colored woman, was burned to the ground. She being helpless and unable to get out, was burned to death before aid could reach her. Her daughter and family lived only a few yards from her house, but they did not discover the fire until the roof was about ready to fall in. When they reached the fire their efforts were powerless to do anything. Her granddaughter lived in the house with her but was away from home at the time of the fire.

Rudd Items.

Our community is in fairly good health.

Mr. C. M. Kirkman's mother and sister visited him Sunday.

There was preaching at Lee's chapel the fourth Sunday by Rev. Haging.

Miss Jennie Osborne, who has been teaching at Brown Summit, came home Friday.

Mr. Jabe Pugh, our postmaster, visited friends and relatives in Randolph recently.

A card party at the home of Mr. J. W. Pugh was very much enjoyed Friday night.

Messrs. L. R. Walton and H. O. Fruit, of your city, were visitors here last Sunday.

Several of our young people attended a social at Mr. R. F. McNeely's Saturday evening.

Mr. J. H. Johnston, of Reidsville, visited her daughter, Mrs. Jas. A. May, near here last Tuesday.

Messrs. E. C. Geringer and A. N. Van Hook, of Benaja, were mingling with friends here last week.

Our new school house is nearing completion. We hope to be able to commence school the second Monday in February.

Whitsett Items.

Mr. F. K. Trogdon is in South Carolina.

Mr. J. F. Swift was in Greensboro last Friday.

Services will be held at the Reformed church next Sunday.

Mr. C. A. Wharton has just completed a splendid new barn.

Students entered last week from Chapel Hill and Grimesland.

The school groups of pictures will be taken some time in February.

Last Thursday was the coldest day yet for the winter. It was 9° above zero here.

Miss Blanche Rankin, of the Greensboro graded schools, visited her parents Saturday and Sunday.

The Senior class is arranging now for "Senior Evening," which exercises will be given in a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Greeson, of Burlington, were here Sunday visiting Mr. G. W. Davenport's family.

The Y. M. C. A. is in a very prosperous condition. A splendid public service was held Sunday morning.

Miss Lizzie Lancaster, of Oak Ridge, is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. F. K. Trogdon at "Hollywood."

Altamahaw Items.

Miss Lena Morton is quite ill with pneumonia.

Mr. Walter Shepherd spent Friday in Burlington.

Messrs. Bruce and Jerry Cook visited at Whitsett Sunday.

The school at the Hub, taught by Miss Edie Holt, closed last Friday.

Burning plant beds is the order of the day. Several have been burned in this neighborhood.

Messrs. Emma and Maud Apple visited their grandmother, Mrs. Lowe, last Saturday and Sunday.

There was a public spelling match at the Barber school-house the 18th of this month which was greatly enjoyed by those present.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Brown, of Rockingham county, visited Mrs. Brown's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Apple, near this place, last Saturday and Sunday.

Lacy, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Jones, of Ossipee, died of croup January 20th, and was buried the day following at Fairview church, burial service conducted by Rev. Betha.

Elberta Items.

Mr. Elihu Russon is very feeble.

Mr. J. A. Allred was a juror last week.

Mr. W. H. Reynolds and family attended the burial of Mr. Ollie Puryear at Greene Hill cemetery Saturday.

Messrs. Andy Plunket, Reuben Glass and Pinkney Tucker are wearing broad smiles. There is a new baby in each of their homes.

Mrs. Dr. Garrison, from Bessemer City, accompanied by Miss Juanita Thom, of Missouri, recently visited Misses Lillie and Leola Thom.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Rankin wish to tender their sincere thanks to their neighbors for the many special favors and deeds of kindness shown them during the recent critical illness of Mrs. Rankin, and also to express their warmest appreciation for the spirit of sympathy and anxiety manifested toward them throughout the entire community.

Centre Items.

The Breedlove brothers are visiting relatives near Julian.

Mr. Watson Elliott is remodeling his house and building more to it.

Mr. Ed. Marley's little boy, who was threatened with pneumonia, is better.

Mr. J. E. Hockett's entire family have been having a scourge of grip, but are better.

Mr. H. M. Hockett is confined to the house on account of severe bruises sustained by a fall.

Rev. Brannon preached an excellent sermon yesterday from 11 Kings 5:1. He preaches here every two weeks.

Mr. Bain, of Liberty, was at Johnson & Hockett's saw mill Saturday inspecting lumber which goes to England for ship-building.

Miss Lillian Murrow, of Greensboro, visited her parents here Sunday. She is very much missed in the Sunday school here since she left.

Gray's Chapel Items.

No news of importance. Success to the PATRIOT.

Mr. and Mrs. Erastus Cagle have a new comer at their house.

The coldest snap of the winter prevailed during the past week.

Died on Monday, the 23rd, the infant daughter of Mr. Wesley Routh.

Rev. Mr. Hutton, our pastor, preached an excellent sermon here last Sunday.

WANTED AT ONCE—Hands to cut 5000 cords of wood near McLeansville. OLDHAM & LOWE, Whitsett, N. C.

Oak Ridge Items.

The health of the school and community is well nigh perfect so far.

Several extensive improvements are on foot here, but we are just now not at liberty to speak.

The officers of the seniors for commencement have been elected. The junior class has also organized.

Mr. Fogleman, of the Postal Telegraph Co., Henderson, arrived today to take charge of the telegraphic department.

The condition of L. H. Lambeth, who is ill with cancer, grows steadily worse. He suffers very much, but is wonderfully patient.

Unusual sympathy is felt here for Mrs. Puryear, wife of the engineer who was killed last Friday. She is a daughter of Mrs. Chas. Case.

Level Cross Items.

Mr. Robert Clark is hauling wood for the Fentress Mining Co.

Messrs. Byron Otwell and Raymond Smith visited your city last week.

Some of our oldest citizens say they never remember colder weather than last week.

Mrs. Dr. Garrison, of Bessemer City, and Miss Juanita Thom, of Neesho, Mo., visited at Mr. K. G. Coltrane's last week.

One of the saddest deaths we ever heard of was that of "Aunt Emily" Wilson (colored) who was burned to death in her house last Friday about 12 o'clock. Aunt Emily was helpless, having been afflicted with rheumatism for years. She was by herself when her house caught fire, and not being able to walk was burned to death.

MR. BROKAW'S GAME PRESERVE.

The Fair View Park Property in Randolph County a Most Interesting Resort.

Charlotte Observer.

Mr. Henry E. Knox, Jr., the hydraulic engineer, spent yesterday at the Buford. Besides being a man of affairs, Mr. Knox is an up-to-date sportsman. He likes the well-bred bird dog, and is a good shot. He has visited some very interesting places, and first among them Fair View Park, the game preserve owned by W. Gould Brokaw, a multi-millionaire of New York city. Fair View Park is in Randolph county, near High Point, on the Asheville & High Point railroad. In speaking of the place, Mr. Knox said to an Observer man: "It is a great game preserve. Mr. Brokaw owns 3,000 acres and leases 27,000. He has an 8-foot game fence that encloses 1,000 acres. Inside of that enclosure, he has 45 elk, and 200 Kansas deer. He started with five elk and 80 deer; they are multiplying rapidly. More than 6,000 Monaghan and English pheasants have been imported and liberated on the place. Mr. Brokaw turns about 3,000 young ones aseason every year. The kennel department of Fair View Park contains about 60 pure-bred setters. Mr. James E. Little, a High Point boy, has charge the kennel. Mr. Brokaw maintains polo and golf grounds, and 20 polo prizes for himself and guests. "Partridges and wild turkeys are beginning to be very plentiful there. It is a great resort for a sportsman. Mr. Brokaw spends about five weeks out of every year there. He always gives a big house party Christmas. At present he is in Florida attending the automobile races. He is an expert automobilist, and has won many handsome prizes. "Mr. W. N. Elder, the manager of Fair View Park, is a Randolph county man. He is well and favorably known. The farmers who live near Fair View Park and know Mr. Brokaw like him. He is an all-round good fellow." The Brokaw preserve is destined to be one of the largest and most successful in the country. He is spending much money to start it off well. Mr. Brokaw is a man of leisure and wealth; he is 40 years old, and likes all sorts of manly sports.

Mr. Walter Thompson, superintendent of the Concord graded schools, was elected president of the North Carolina association of city school superintendents, which met in Raleigh last week. W. B. Dove, of Greenville, was elected vice president and J. C. Griffin, of Salisbury, secretary.

Mr. Washington Duke, an aged and wealthy citizen of Durham, fell in his home last week and fractured a hip bone. He is 84 years old and the injury may prove serious.

Spray is to have another large cotton mill with a capital stock of \$500,000. German capitalists are back of the project.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We have opened a full line of Staple and Fancy Groceries at the stand formerly occupied by Rankin Brothers, at 215 South Elm street.

Mr. John H. Rankin is with us and will be glad to have his friends call on him.

Bring us your Chickens, Eggs and Country Produce of all kinds, and make our store your headquarters when in the city. Very truly,

Ham Grocery Co.

Elberta Poultry Yards

FINE COCKERELS

For sale at one dollar each. I won four second prizes on cockerels at Central Carolina Fair last year. Address

J. P. HOFFMAN, Greensboro, N. C.

Countrymen and Farmers

Lend Us Your Ears!

Is there any reason why you shouldn't have as cozy and tasty a home as the city man?

Come to see us and examine our stock of Hardwood Mantels. We have them at low prices.

There is no piece of furniture that will add so much to your bed room, sitting room or parlor as a nice Mantel.

Walk right in our front door and ask to be conducted to our Mantel parlors.

ODELL HARDWARE COMPANY

GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Bee Hive

A Chain of Bargains!

DRESS GOODS

New Dress Goods--Japanette Voile, Crepe Voile, Spot Crepe, Laitska Voile, 25c and 30c values, this sale 15c, 18c

SHOES

Great week in Shoe Department. Samples, odds and ends to close at greatly reduced price.

SHIRTS

Fancy Stif Bosom Shirts, \$1.00 and \$1.25 value, at 79c
75c Negligee Shirts at 48c
New lot of Men's Ties, newest styles.

GINGHAMS

Just received 10,000 yards of Zephyr Ginghams, 12½c and 10c quality, this sale 7c

10,000 yards Apron Ginghams, 8c quality, at 5c

SILKS

Just received from Japan another shipment of those special values in Habutai Silks.

We are specialists in Silks and Ribbons.

SCHIFFMAN BROTHERS

320-322 SOUTH ELM STREET.

Coe Brothers

GROCERS

The Best of Everything in Groceries Provisions Produce, Feed Etc., Etc.

523 SOUTH ELM ST.

Wanted for Cash!

Dry and Green Hides, Sheep Skins, Rabbit Skins. Opossum, Mink and all kinds of Furs.

Beeswax, Chickens, Eggs and all kinds of Produce.

We carry a full line of Fruits.

FORSYTH & WATKINS

New Fields Bldg., 110 Fayetteville St., GREENSBORO, N. C.

If you want a good SURRY or BUGGY
If you want a good PLOW
If you want a good HARROW
If you want a good FEED CUTTER
If you want a good CUTAWAY HARROW
If you want a good GRAIN DRILL
If you want a good CORN PLANTER
If you want a good ENGINE
I am your ditcher,
R. S. PETTY

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Madison township beginning at a point near the Brooks Kernodle place and following the old Stage road nearly west and ending at the public road leading to Doggett's mill near Robert R. Smith's house, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, February 7th, 1905, and state said objection, otherwise the petition will be granted. W. H. RAGAN, Chm. B. C. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Jamestown township beginning at Clark Modlin's packing house and running northeasterly to and intersecting with the road running from Mitchell's Grove church to Oakdale factory near the North State mine, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, February 7th, 1905, and state said objection, otherwise the petition will be granted. W. H. RAGAN, Chm. B. C. C.

SLAIN BY THE KURDS.

American Consul Reports on Massacres in Turkey—5,000 Victims in Sassun.

The State department has made public portions of an important report recently made by Dr. Thomas H. Norton, American consul at Harput, Turkey, on the results of a tour of investigation made by him, under instructions from the department, through the vilayets of Bitlis and Van, which were the scenes during several months last summer of repeated attacks upon and massacres of Armenian Christians by the Kurds and other elements of the Moslem population. These disturbances, attended by frightful atrocities and savage cruelty, resulted in death, suffering, and destruction.

The principal object of the visit was for the better protection of American interests there, and the timely arrival of Dr. Norton, it is stated, contributed to a peaceful termination. No Americans were known to have been injured. Dr. Norton says that he is practically an armed camp, where Armenians are in constant terror.

SUFFERING AMONG SURVIVORS.

He estimates that in the Sassun district 5,000 lives were lost in last summer's massacres, including 2,771 children. Several thousand refugees who fled to Mush were forced to return to their ruined villages, where the vilayet authorities made an allowance of one cent a day per capita for food. The question for a moment, he says, is what is to be done to save the surviving population of Sassun, numbering 10,000 or more, from the results of insufficient protection and insufficient food.

PRESTIGE OF AMERICANS.

He speaks of the American schools and institutions, and says missionaries have much prestige. One salient fact, says the consul, is that the benevolence of citizens of the United States has accomplished more than the efforts of other nations combined in advancing the material, intellectual and moral welfare of the Americans and other classes in the interior provinces. Tribute is paid to the comparatively small group of American workers. He says the tide of emigration is directed almost exclusively to America, and that there is an increasing number of American citizens who have interests in the disturbed regions.

Circassians Revolt.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 22.—Capt. Culen, representative of the Imperial Marine Association of Yokyo, received a telegram from Constantinople tonight to the effect that 1,500 Circassians had revolted and killed the Russian guard, numbering 200, at Slavina, in the Caucasus, and that Russian and Turkish troops were crossing the frontier into the Caucasus to spread revolution in this province. This city is practically in a state of siege, he said, and communication is had only by dispatch bearers.

It makes no difference how many medicines have failed to cure you, if you are troubled with headache, constipation, kidney or liver troubles, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well. Hollister's drug store.

The Mysteries of Science.

A Bostonian was praising the other day the astronomical and literary work of Percival Lowell.

"Before the last eclipse," he said, smiling, "Mr. Lowell observed to an old colored man whom he liked:

"George, if you'll watch the chickens on at your place tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock you'll see them go to roost."

"Hi, hi!" George laughed. "Hi, hi! Dat's a good joke!"

"He thought you see, that Mr. Lowell was looking him. But when at 11 o'clock the next morning the sun darkened and the chickens did go to roost, George was amazed and somewhat horrified. He sought Mr. Lowell out and said:

"What you done told me wuz true, sah. Madi chickens went to roost, sah, just like you say dey would."

"Yes, George, I suppose they did," the astronomer returned.

"How long, sah, did you know about that?" said George.

"Oh, a long time."

"Did you know dey would go to roost a year ago?"

"Yes, fully a year ago."

"Well, dat beats all!" said George, in an awed voice. "Dem chickens wuz'n hatched a year ago."

THE DISCOVERER OF SEVEN BARKS

Was, thirty-five years ago, one of Germany's foremost physicians, besides he was a celebrated botanist and chemist. His discoveries were many and invariably successful. Perhaps his most important discovery was that of the great and popular preparation called Seven Barks—extracted from the bark of a specially grown Hydrangea plant. This bark grows in seven layers, each division possessing wonderful individual curative values. One acts as a gentle cathartic, another as an anesthetic, the third as a diuretic, the fourth as an expectorant while the other three layers produce wonderful, upbuilding tonic elements.

Most All Disease

emanates from the drainage system (the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys). When one of these organs becomes clogged or congested the others naturally suffer in sympathy, and it requires a thorough cleansing and the restoration of all of them before each can again fully perform its natural function.

Seven Barks

Contains nature-giving principles that will effect immediate relief and, in good time, a permanent cure of all such disorders. One 20-cent bottle will demonstrate its phenomenal value.

Talk with your druggist about it. He will send you a bottle free. If you are ill and cannot spare 20 cents for a bottle, write a postal and we will send you a bottle free.

LYMAN BROWN, Pharmacist, N.Y. City.

SOLE BY FARISS, KLUTZ & CO.

A Definite Move in Cotton.

Washington Post.

Appropos of the question now uppermost in cotton-growing circles, "What shall we do with the excess?" Mr. F. B. Hayne, of New Orleans, has just proposed a plan which has the merit of practical common sense. He offers personally to take 10,000 bales of the surplus which now threatens the destruction of market values, and to store it under an abundantly protected agreement to hold it intact until October 1, 1905. Upon this he will advance 5 cents per pound on reasonable and ordinary commercial terms. Mr. Hayne believes that at least 100 other individuals or business firms will enter into a similar arrangement, thus withdrawing 1,000,000 bales from the market and restoring that equilibrium of demand and supply, the disturbance of which has precipitated this widespread disaster.

Here, then, is a perfectly rational, businesslike scheme, susceptible of immediate exploitation, presenting no complications of any kind, and intelligible to the dullest mind. Mr. Hayne does not propose, as others have proposed, any needless expense in the connection, such as the shipment of the cotton to three or four central points and the building of temporary storehouses for its accommodation. He proposes, in fact, the storage of the surplus crop at interior localities convenient to the farms that produced it and the avoidance of all unnecessary charges and outlays. He says:

"If this is done, and it can be done without the least danger, what cotton remains in the hands of the farmers will increase in value not less than \$10 per bale. The fact that 1,000,000 bales, if not more, will be carried over to the next crop, would cause a material reduction in acreage. If the cotton trade is absolutely assured that 1,000,000 bales will undoubtedly be added to the next crop, and the acreage for next season is really reduced in the neighborhood of 25 per cent., there is no question to my mind that this 1,000,000 bales will sell much nearer 10 cents than 5 cents."

"The warehouse time receipts will form an absolutely safe collateral, and a loan on the terms mentioned will be entirely safe, as far as the lender is concerned. Banking institutions and individuals have an opportunity to lend money for the next six months at a fair rate of interest on a collateral that could hardly be better, and it would undoubtedly, as far as I can see, enable the farmer to obtain a much better price for the balance of his crop."

In this way the producer will secure for immediate purposes about as much as he would get if the crop were rushed upon the market and sacrificed, and he will still have security for such profits as may arise from any intelligent concerted action looking to a reduction of the crop for the coming season. Indeed, the mere fact that 1,000,000 bales are already in hand as a nucleus for future operations will act as a restraint upon those who might otherwise be tempted to speculate in large plantings during the next few weeks. There seems no doubt that a million bales or even more can be withdrawn in this way. Mr. Hayne himself is prepared to make a large increase upon the plan he has suggested, and he refers to banks and individual operators within his immediate knowledge that will at once take up a very large proportion of the remainder. And the chances all are that the cotton convention now sitting in New Orleans will adopt the project, thus solving the problem to which it relates and putting the planters upon their feet again.

The Twentieth Century Home.

With the February issue "The Twentieth Century Home" begins the second year of its existence. A comparison with the first number shows a marked improvement in appearance and in policy. Certainly no more attractive magazine reaches us. It bears every evidence of prosperity, proving that there was a large place in the minds and homes of the American people for a periodical devoted to the wider interests of thinking women. The leading article this month is an interesting study of the social conditions surrounding the women in India, by Edmund Russell, who is an authority on the subject. The illustrations are of great interest. Martha Washington Levy describes the achievements of the American Jewess, and there are many beautiful portraits to accompany the text. Other illustrated articles are "The Homes of Thackeray," by Frederic Taber Cooper; "The Story of St. Valentine's Day," by Millicent Olmsted—a timely article and illustrated with quaint old valentines; "Furniture of Noted Periods," a most useful and instructive paper, by Esther Singleton. For subjects intimately connected with the home, we have "Educational Training in the Secondary School," by M. V. O'Shea; "Oriental Cooking," the first of a series of practical articles by W. E. S. Fales; "The Luxury of the Modern Woman," by Mrs. Wilson Woodrow; "Overeating as the Great Cause of Disease," by Dr. E. M. Sill; "The Care of the Hands," by Eleanor Burton. Ralston Pyke's monthly theme is "The Art of Having One's Own Way." The departments are as interesting and valuable as ever. Interesting personalities are treated in sketches of the Marchioness Oyama, and Florence Seovel Shinn, the illustrator. Fiction is contributed by Carolyn Webb, Elliott Elmore Peake and Agnes L. Provost.

Gov. Glenn Urges New Buildings.

A message from Governor Glenn was received by the general assembly last week stating that there was absolute necessity for the provision of adequate departments for the preservation and safe-keeping of valuable papers now in the office of the secretary of state, superintendent of public instruction and insurance commissioners, and saying that the Supreme court building was not a proper, safe nor suitable place for the keeping of books. The governor said further that the rental paid for keeping law books and records, \$800, was too expensive and growing more so every year, and he recommended one or two things, a wing added to the state capital, or the erection of a building known as the Hall of Records on the corner of Salisbury and Morgan streets. The message was referred to the committee on public buildings.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. Sec. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

CONGO FREE STATE AFFAIRS.

Memorial by the Belgian Protective Association Presented to Senate.

Senator Cullom, chairman of the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, recently presented a memorial prepared by the Belgian Protective Association of America in answer to the charges brought against the Belgian administration of the Congo by missionaries.

The Belgian memorial is couched in conservative language, and explains the situation in the Congo as far as it has been developed. It lays stress on the fact that an international commission is at work on a general investigation of the affairs of the Congo Free State, and says that the independence and fairness of the commissioners and the wide powers of inquiry given them have caused general satisfaction that the inquiry will be impartial.

Speaking of this memorial, Baron Moncheur, Belgian Minister, said yesterday: "It is well known that the missionary societies are used by a group of Liverpool merchants as a humanitarian shield for an agitation the true purpose of which is to snatch the Congo from the Belgians and to bring the vast rubber trade to Liverpool. The Belgians in the United States have been angered by the unfairness of these attacks, mainly resting upon hearsay stories and exaggerated gossip of the natives. They have been roused also because the agitation by these Liverpool people is calculated to disturb the peaceful and prosperous business at present carried on between Belgium and the United States, and they have drawn up a memorial in defense of the Belgian administration of the Congo."

"One of the strongest points of the Belgian memorial, apart from the defense of the administration, is the fact that an independent, impartial, and fully empowered commission of international lawyers (a Belgian, a Swiss, and an Italian) is at present investigating the whole state of affairs in the Congo and that the British government has intimated to the most ardent foes of the Congo that, pending the work of the international commissioners in Africa, it was not prepared to countenance any unfair discussion of the wise step which the Congo government has taken."

Advertised Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Greensboro, N. C., January 25, 1905:

Miss Virginia Allison.
Joe Bradshaw.
Mr. M. H. Branham.
Miss Nettie Brooks.
Miss May Burk, (pka.)
Miss Ella Carter.
Miss Lizzie Chambers.
Miss Kate Clark.
Mr. M. H. Collins.
Mr. W. T. Collins.
Miss Nettie Corwell.
Mr. David Cooper.
Mr. Ciley Crates.
Miss F. Crawford.
Miss Bider Davies.
Mrs. Fannie Davis.
Mr. Allen Deas, Jr.
Mr. G. W. Dunston.
Mr. Arthur Dunham.
Mr. A. O. Dunston.
Miss Grace Ealing.
Miss Mattie Ellington.
Miss Lillie Fitzgerald.
Miss James Foushee.
Eliza Fruit.
Rev. T. A. Ferguson.
Mr. J. Gannis.
Mrs. Mary Garrett.
Mr. Jodge Gilliam.
Mr. J. W. Glenn.
Mr. Dennis Hackett.
Mr. J. F. Haywood.
Miss Carrie Hobkins.
Bob Homes.
Mr. Arthur J. Houser.
Mr. L. W. Hungerford.
Miss Vassie Huffman.
Mr. B. D. Jarrett.
Mr. W. L. Jones.
Mr. Clarence Jones.
Mr. John H. Parker.
Mr. E. W. Powe.
Mr. Susan Powers.
Mr. H. J. Poyor.
Mrs. Julia Price.
Miss Emma Rankin.
Mr. Pink Reynolds.

Mr. J. A. Robertson.
Miss Delia Russell.
Mrs. F. C. Scott.
Mr. L. S. Smith.
Mr. Yancy Sulphur.
Miss Eliza Stevens.
Mrs. Annie Stout, (col.)
Mr. Walter Tate.
Mr. J. T. Tolbert.
Mr. Wallace VanKuren.
Mr. Frank Walters.
Mr. James Watson.
Mr. Dol. Whitaker.
Mr. Jno. W. Whitt.
Mary Whitsett.
Mrs. L. D. Womble.

PROXIMITY.

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Mrs. Carrie Cheek.
Mrs. Dasy Davis.
Mr. Jeff Lister.
Mr. J. D. Lamb.
Mr. Robert Overman.
Mr. Frank Parrish.
Miss Mary Phillips.
Mr. Ephraim Walker.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advised in THE PATRIOT, and give date of list.

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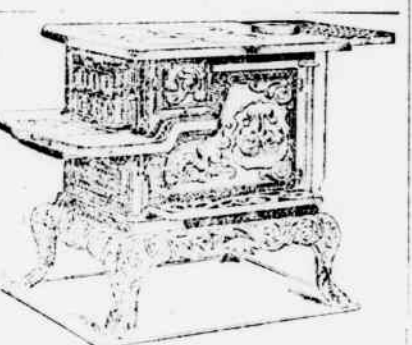
TYRRE GLENN,
Postmaster.



One of the greatest American millionaires once said to his physician, "A million dollars, Doctor, for a new stomach," and then the sick man groaned and turned away. One of a man's greatest pleasures is that born of a keen appetite, vigorous digestion and a good dinner, and this belongs to many a good fellow who is living on small wages, but the rich man without a stomach has to forego the good things of the table because his stomach rebels. Without a healthy stomach and a good digestion, our blood is thin, watery and poor, our heart action is weak, our liver does not do its duty, and man is miserable and unhappy. In this condition man is prey to the germs of influenza, consumption, malaria and all the ills that he is heir to. Consumption can be treated by natural methods which are as close to nature as possible.

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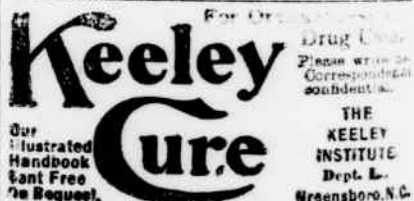
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stops the cough, heals and strengthens the lungs. It contains no harsh expectorants that strain and irritate the lungs, or opiates that cause constipation, a condition that retards recovery from a cold. FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR is a safe and never failing remedy for all throat and lung troubles.

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J. D. HELMS, DRUGGIST, OPPOSITE M'ADOO HOUSE.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of the PATRIOT.

Washington, Jan. 28.—An unusual and dramatic scene was presented in the House of Representatives this week, when, railroad rate legislation being under discussion, the Democratic leader, John Sharp Williams, appealed in his efforts to curb the power of the railways. "We are committed to this proposition because it is Democratic in principle," declared Mr. Williams, "and I do not hesitate to say that we are glad to find the President of the United States on the question is more of an American citizen, more interested in the welfare of all people, than any particular Democrat or Republican." Then turning to the Republicans, Mr. Williams said, "We will toe-mark the President's tracks on this subject and call on you as American citizens to help us to toe-mark them." Mr. Williams' remarks were greeted by a burst of applause from both sides of the chamber, although it was noteworthy that many of the Republican "leaders," among them Cannon, who was not in the chair, Dalzell, Grosvenor, Payne and others failed to applaud and even looked disgusted.

Mr. Williams' remarks followed soon after a caucus of the Democratic members of the House, at which it was determined to support the President in his movement for railway rate control, such action, it having been argued, being dictated by patriotic motives, which should stand above partisan considerations. It is also true that the Democrats in the Senate will stand solidly in support of any measure sent over from the House which carries into effect the President's recommendations, although it is entirely possible, even probable, that Senator Elkins, as chairman of the Senate committee on Interstate Commerce, will be able to prevent any measure of real value being reported to the Senate.

That there is no possibility of railway legislation at this season is conceded by those familiar with the legislative situation. The Senate leaders have craftily brought about a situation which precludes the possibility of any important legislative enactment before March 4. To accomplish this end they once more made a tool of the ever willing junior senator from Indiana, Mr. Beveridge. Senator Beveridge was told to bring in the statehood bill and that the leaders would help him pass it, although they never intended so doing. Mr. Beveridge, never loath to assume a role which makes him the center of attraction, gladly responded and for days and weeks the statehood bill has dragged its weary way through the Senate, Mr. Beveridge believing he was making progress, while the leaders declared that "nothing could be done until statehood was disposed of" and all the while were laughing in their sleeves. Now it has become evident, even to Mr. Beveridge, that he cannot pass the bill, but he does not even now know that he has been made the cat's-paw of the leaders.

The best policies of the President have no more spacious friend, no more covert enemy, than Speaker Cannon. The President recently declared that any government employee who exerted influence with members of Congress to obtain an increase of salary must be

discharged. This did not please Mr. Cannon, who is an ardent spoilsman, and he immediately passed the word that "lump funds" must be abolished, and so they are being. "Lump funds" are appropriations made in lump sums for the several departments, so made that the respective cabinet officers may at their discretion reward worthy employees with increases of salary. Opposed to the "lump fund" is the "statutory roll"—that is, a list of places for which Congress fixes the salaries. Clerks in all departments are being transferred to the statutory roll so that their salaries cannot be increased except by Congress, and those who actually deserve and to whom their chiefs would like to give increases, must appeal to members of Congress or go without.

Another instance of Mr. Cannon's efforts to defeat the wishes of the President recently came to the attention of your correspondent. The President extended the civil service classification to include some 600 employees appointed as "laborers," but doing clerical work and having served several years. As long as they were "laborers" they could not be paid over \$75 a month. Several secretaries wished to promote the more efficient of these employees and to that end asked the President to include them in the classified service. He did so and immediately the House provided that clerks so classified should receive a maximum salary of \$75 a month, thus defeating the intention of the President and demonstrating to the clerks that they must acquire "influence" with Congress if they ever hoped to better their condition.

Instances without number could be cited where Congress has covertly defeated the efforts of the President to establish an efficient civil service where merit should gain promotion and political influence prove of no avail, where the faithful, trustworthy employee, rather than the political henchman, who never fails to go out in his district and hustle for the re-election of his congressman, should win recognition, promotion and increased remuneration. Usually these tricks of Congress are too complex to make it possible to expose them in a newspaper article. The public does not understand, rarely can be made to understand, and too often does not care. "It is none of my business anyway, and it is too deep for me to understand," I haven't the time anyhow," says the average "good citizen," and he goes his way entirely oblivious of the fact that what the President is trying to do by means of civil service reform is to cheapen the cost of the government to every citizen of the United States by making it an object to the government employee to render the most and the best service of which he is capable. Of the average citizen it may be said, with apologies to Kipling:

"The worst of it is he—If not know,
And never could understand."

Passengers in Peril.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 28.—A cylinder exploded on a Norfolk and Southern passenger steamer in Pamlico Sound during the blizzard last night, and blew a hole in the bottom of the steamer. Twenty-two passengers had narrow escapes.

READY TO AID THE PRESIDENT IN RATE FIGHT.

John Sharp Williams Makes Plain Statement for Democrats of House—Minority Members Will Toe the Mark.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The agricultural appropriation bill was considered in the House, but debate turned principally on the topic of restricting railroads in the matter of freight rates, the Hepburn bill forming the basis of the discussion. Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, said that the Democratic party was committed to views such as were expressed by the President in his message to Congress.

Under latitude of debate, Mr. Scott, of Kansas, discussed the question of discriminating rates by railroads and said there had been a demand from the agriculture section of Kansas for relief.

He called attention to the Hepburn bill regulating rates charged by railroads which, with the exception of a few details, he said fully met the demand for remedial legislation.

Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, inquired if the present interstate commerce commission had done anything which justified their being legislated out of office.

Mr. Scott replied that he was relying on the good sense and discretion of the President in the matter, whose hands should be untied in order that he might have absolute freedom to secure men whom he thought best suited to the work.

A general debate followed on the railroad question.

As spokesman for his party on the floor Mr. Williams said that the Democratic party was committed without addition or subtraction to the recommendations of President Roosevelt in his recent message. The Democrats, he said, "were glad to have the President's views because it was Democratic doctrine," and ought to be American doctrine.

"We will toe-mark the President's tracks on this subject," declared Mr. Williams amid general applause. "And," he added, facing the Republican side, "we call on you as American citizens to help us to toe-mark them."

Mr. Bell, of California, made a vigorous speech in favor of railroad rate revision.

He directed attention to the alleged condition of the incorporation laws of New Jersey, which, he said, had brought to that state the fame of being the breeding place of mosquitoes, corporations and trusts, and were so framed as to protect New Jersey, leaving them free to prey upon the rest of the country. He charged that the impression had gone abroad that Congress had become subject to corporate influence, and said that if there was such influence in the halls of Congress it should be promptly expelled.

Mr. Bell ascribed sinister motives to the use of certain language in the preparation of the law creating the interstate commerce commission which provoked a spirited discussion between himself, Mr. Mann, of Illinois, and Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, the last named asserting it as his belief that railroad influence was felt in the Senate at the time the so-called Cullom bill establishing the interstate commerce commission was substituted by the Senate com-

ference for the so-called Regan bill. The latter bill, he declared, would have fulfilled the requirements.

The present so-called Hepburn bill, Mr. Mann said, was the product of the brain of Mr. Hepburn himself.

Mr. Bell expressed the hope that Mr. Hepburn when he came to explain the bill would prove that there was nothing sinister in its language. At present, however, he asserted the bill was so worded as to constitute a reasonable fear that it was susceptible of a double meaning. Every hint of vagueness and indefiniteness, he contended, ought to be removed.

Dozen Vessels Ashore.

Boston, Jan. 28.—New England was engaged today in shaking itself from the grasp of yesterday's blizzard and reckoning the damage caused by the severest storm in six years.

On land the loss was comparatively small, being confined practically to the transportation companies, but along the coast the list of marine accidents showed one steamer, eleven schooners, and a small sloop ashore between Rock Island, I. I., and Eastport, Me.

Most of these vessels can probably be floated, but the steamer Georgetown, Portland for Newport News, is in a very bad place.

Narrow escapes from death in the terrible seas that swept the coast were many and in a number of cases deliverances were almost miraculous.

Extension of the Strike.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 29.—The most serious feature of the strike situation is its continuous extension on the Baltic provinces and in Poland. Strikers are cutting telegraph wires and interrupting communications and fears are expressed of most serious disorders, especially in Poland.

THE STRIKE IN WARSAW.

Warsaw, Jan. 18.—A hundred thousand people are now out on strike. Thus far there have been no disturbances of any importance. The street cars are not running and no newspapers were published this morning.

There is practically no bread left in the bakeries.

About 100,000 persons have struck at Lodz. Telephone communication with that city has been interrupted by the strikers.

State Normal Directors Appointed.

Appointments of directors of the State Normal and Industrial College were announced Saturday by Governor Glenn, and among these is ex-Governor Aycock, who before his election as governor was a director, a vacancy existing when the appointment was made.

The appointments, to fill vacancies, made by the governor are Dr. T. S. McMullen, of Hertford, Perquimans county, first district, to succeed W. P. Shaw, of Winton; Hon. C. B. Aycock, Goldsboro, second district. The new appointments sent to the senate for confirmation are Hon. S. M. Gattie, Hillsboro, fifth district, re-appointed; Hon. James Sprunt, Wilmington, sixth district, to succeed J. F. Post, Wilmington; Hon. C. H. Mebane, Newton, ninth district, to succeed himself.

McCUE HEARS HIS DOOM.

Supreme Court Denies His Appeal for Review—Last Resource Exhausted.

Charlottesville, Va., Jan. 28.—At 10.30 o'clock this morning the news of the refusal of the Supreme court to grant a writ of error and supersedeas upon the supplementary petition of the attorneys of ex-mayor J. Samuel McCue, was received here. A half hour later a newspaper man called upon the condemned man in his cell at the city jail and found him writing a letter to his aunt, Mrs. Marshall Dinwiddie. In reply to the query if he cared to hear the news from Richmond, McCue said: "Well, I suppose they refused the petition for a rehearing."

He was told that the court had refused it, and for a moment he was silent, his lips twitching nervously. Then he said:

"Well, I will get justice in heaven." He wept for a while, and then, turning to the letter, which was in the nature of a final communication, he read it to the visitor, interrupted at times by his tears. The letter was constructed largely of Scriptural quotations and couched in affectionate and religious phrases. It made no disclosures, and was more in the form of homily than a communication. This read, he repeated his frequent phrase that he did not want anything he had said reported to the newspapers. Throughout the interview the prisoner's manner was that of a man not surprised by the terrible news, although he has within the week expressed the expectation that a new trial would be granted him.

DENIED BY SUPREME COURT.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 26.—The Supreme court today denied the supplementary appeal for review in the case of Samuel McCue, of Charlottesville, condemned to hang February 10 for the murder of his wife, Mrs. Fannie M. McCue, September 4, 1904. It was McCue's last hope, for Gov. Montague, when he granted a respite to McCue, announced that he would take no further action in the case. The court declares that the evidence points with unerring certainty to McCue as the man guilty of a most atrocious homicide.

The governor granted the respite partly because of a desire to give McCue additional time to wind up certain business, but in the main that the court might pass on the supplementary appeal. This having been denied, McCue's last hope is gone, and he will be hanged two weeks from tomorrow.

Girl Burned Orphanage to Escape From Studies.

An investigation of the fire which destroyed the Belle Green orphanage, at Montreat, in the Blue Ridge mountains, shows that a little girl inmate is the incendiary. The girl, who is not of very bright mind, had been told by some one that if the building were burned she would not have to study what she considered a suggestion. The result is that this child and the other orphans are miserably sheltered in an old store at Montreat, in need of clothing and the necessities of life. Montreat is in Buncombe county, but most of the orphans are from other counties and so they cannot be taken in the children's home at Asheville.



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Better peaches, apples, pears and berries are produced when Potash is liberally applied to the soil. To insure a full crop, of choicest quality, use a fertilizer containing not less than 10 per cent. actual

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Atlanta, Ga.—22 1/2 South Broad St.—Oct.

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OUR LIGHT--We have the best light in North Carolina to sell Tobacco under. It is a mellow soft light that puts the "Sunday Clothes" on Tobacco.

OUR FORCE IS NOT EXCELLED by any. With M. T. Wagoner and G. Rank Herbin as solicitors, A. J. Apple as floor manager, our Mr. R. W. H. Stone to show your Tobacco up in his quiet way, and Bill Brandon to auctioneer it, how can you expect to get more anywhere in the world? Come and see us. We are yours to count on.

SMITH & STONE, Props.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Greensboro, Jan. 31, 1905.

Greensboro, in common with all the other markets of this belt, has felt the effects of the cold weather on sales the past week. We realize that it has been almost an impossibility for our friends to get their leaf to town, and we hope for their sake as well as our own that there be an improvement in weather conditions before the week is out. What leaf has come in sold well, exceptionally well, in fact, and the general opinion of everyone familiar with the market is that prices are stiffer than at any time since November. The demand continues strong, and while such a condition prevails prices will be steady.

There are various and sundry reasons why the remainder of the 1904 crop should be marketed at the earliest opportunity, and we would advise our friends and patrons to bring in their leaf as soon as possible. We will use our best efforts to get full value for every pile offered on our floor. Remember that the Banner is unsurpassed in facilities that contribute to the comfort and satisfaction of the farmers.

Respectfully yours,
SMITH & STONE.

FIRST SALES:

Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays

Talmage Sermon

By Rev.
Frank De Witt Talmage, D.D.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 29.—From an accidental reference to an ancient oriental marriage custom the preacher in this sermon draws lessons applicable to modern life. The text is Psalm xlv, 8, "All thy garments smell of myrrh and aloes and cassia out of the ivory palaces."

The marriage bells are chiming. The glorious robes of a kingly bridegroom and of his bride, the daughter of a queen, and the garments of her many bridesmaids are rustling. Royal jewels are flashing. The most skillful of musicians are playing. And as the wedding march sounds forth the marriage procession is approaching the king's throne room over boulevards of gold. The numberless inhabitants of the metropolis of the universe, with its walls of Jasper and its gates of pearl and its palaces of spotless ivory, are making the welkin ring with hallelujahs of never ending joy. The banquetting house is prepared with the wedding supper for the coming guests, for the Divine Bridegroom of my text is bringing his queenly bride to her place at his side, over which hangs the banner that his hands have placed there, the banner of love. Never on earth nor in heaven has been seen and never shall be witnessed a wedding procession like unto this. Gorgeousness infinite, wealth and power unlimited, splendor and magnificence passing all understanding, will there be manifested on every hand.

Earth has beheld some wonderful wedding pageants. When the present Emperor William of Germany was married to the beautiful Princess Augusta Victoria the representatives of all the civilized governments of the earth were there. Among Berlin's guests at that time were the king and queen of Saxony, the Grand Duke Alexis of Russia, Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria, the crown prince of Sweden, the present king of England, the late Duke of Aosta of Italy and scores of other nobles. The young bridegroom came from Potsdam at the head of his magnificent foot guards to meet his bride. On the day of the ceremony the houses and the stores and the public buildings were decorated. When the nuptial vows were taken the cheers of the people who crowded the streets about the royal palaces echoed the thirty-six salutes of artillery which thundered the news to the world that Prince William and Princess Augusta Victoria were one.

When Napoleon III. in 1853 rode to the Cathedral of Notre Dame to be united in marriage with Eugenie, the most beautiful woman in Europe, the progress was one continuous ovation. Seated in the wonderful glass coach that had been built for the coronation of his illustrious uncle, the emperor passed through long lines of his enthusiastic subjects, who rent the air with their voices. When the young queen of England became the bride of Prince Albert in the royal chapel of St. James nothing that the money, the wealth and the love of a nation could do to make the wedding ceremony impressive and joyous was left undone.

Memorable Spectacles.

Memorable in the annals of the world are such spectacles, in which all that human ingenuity could conceive has been done to render the nuptials of the rulers of nations scenes of overwhelming magnificence. But the culmination has yet to come—now here, but in that glorious realm in which the Lord of Hosts has set his throne. The marriage of the Lamb will be the grandest and most glorious of all unions, when Christ takes to himself his church, which he has redeemed with his precious blood, "a glorious church, not having spot or wrinkle or any such thing, holy and without blemish."

Human imagination fails to conceive of a spectacle so glorious. Let us instead of dwelling on the marvelous scene take but one detail of its beauty, the wonderful garments with which the Divine Bridegroom is to be robed on that glorious occasion. The psalmist mentions them in the words of my text. They are wedding robes that have the aroma of myrrh and aloes and cassia. Let us try to describe them and to learn a few practical gospel lessons from them.

The royal robes of the Divine Bridegroom will be the most expensive of all garments. Costly was the wedding apparel of Louis XIV., which he wore when he was married to Maria Theresa of Spain; of Prince Ferdinand when he stood by the side of his bride, Isabella of Castile; of the dauphin of France, who, as Prince Francis, married the beautiful Mary, queen of Scots; of Emperor Nicholas II., who in 1894 gave his heart and hand in marriage to the beautiful Princess Alix of Hesse; of Napoleon Bonaparte when in 1810 he wedded Marie Louise in the place of the dethroned and exiled Josephine. But the robes of the Heavenly Bridegroom will surpass all these in their value. How do we know? The oriental imagery of the text signifies it. Fine and beautiful in texture, they are to be perfumed with myrrh and aloes and cassia out of the ivory palaces.

By the adornments of a robe you can form some estimate of its value. Let me take you into the Berlin palace, where are guarded the royal jewels of

Prussia. I lift before your eyes the beautiful diamonds and pearls which the Hohenzollern queens have worn for generations. Then I say to you, "When the eldest daughter of Queen Victoria married the Crown Prince Frederick, she wore these gems." What would you answer? "Ah," you would reply, "her wedding dress must have been made of very expensive material to have been appropriate for such adornments as those." Suppose I should tell you that when the noted German archaeologist Dr. Schliemann made his explorations under ancient Troy he found there the costliest of feminine and masculine adornments. There were waistbands of gold, earrings of gold, bracelets of gold, headbands of gold, diadems of gold, finger rings of gold. "Ah," you say, "if the ancient inhabitants of Troy had such rich waistbands as these, truly the ancient dresses and robes must have been of the most expensive materials." No wonder, then, that Agrippina, wife of Emperor Claudius, had a robe made entirely of gold. No wonder, then, Darius, king of the Persians, had a golden mantle with jeweled clasps and with two great golden war hawks woven into the texture. No wonder that among the royal wardrobe of Herod the Great was found a garment made entirely of silver threads and that Philip the younger wrote of a Roman lady who had a dress made up entirely of precious pearls. If the adornments of the apparel of the ancients were so expensive, we can understand why Solomon and Pythagoras and Cato and Pambius and Plinius by "sumptuary laws" tried to restrict extravagance in dress.

An Oriental Description.

Now, what gold and silver and precious stones in dress mean to the western mind myrrh and aloes and cassia in a sense mean to the oriental mind. As I would say to you, "Her dress was sparkling with jewels," the oriental, to speak simultaneously and expensively of apparel, would say, "His garments were aromatic with myrrh and aloes and cassia." Myrrh was one of the treasures of the east. When the wise men came to bow at the manger, what expensive presents did they bring? Gold and frankincense and myrrh. These oriental sages would not have offered to a king a present of myrrh unless it had been of great value. Dr. Kitto tells us this: "Myrrh was offered in presents, as natural products were in those days, because such as were procured from distant countries were very rare. In the same way we often hear of a rare animal or bird being presented to royalty in the present day." The alchemist of Cochinchina wrote Dr. Faussset, "are worth their weight in gold." The value of cassia also was enormous. It was used, as Dr. McIntock informs us, as an ingredient in the costliest unguents. When the psalmist tells us that Christ's wedding garments smell of myrrh and aloes and cassia we know that he means us to understand how precious they will be.

Let us consider what makes them precious. They are the glory of our Lord. He will wear them in joy and gratitude for the sacrifices his people have made in his cause. They are going to cost all the moneys we give to our churches and to our reformatory institutions. We must give this money for Christ's robes. He bids us give. They are going to cost all the moneys we send to foreign missions. "Go teach all men" is the Bible command. Not only have they cost money, but blood. They are going to cost all the blood of the martyrs which has been shed in the past. Ah, now the expense of those wedding robes is rolling up. If the dead body of a common laborer slain by an express train in New York state is worth \$5,000, how much must have been worth the martyred blood of a Paul, a Peter, a Stephen, a Polycarp, a Justin Martyr, a Novatian, a Hilary, an Ephraim, a Gilead, a Muler, a John Rogers, a Lawrence Sanders, a John Harper, a Brecheux, a Lalande and of the thousands and the tens of thousands of men and women slain by sword and spear and battle-axe or burned at the stake and tortured with untold agonies in many "chambers of horrors." God alone can know how the value of Christ's wedding garments is increasing.

The Supreme Cost.

But the supreme element in the cost of those wedding garments is the blood of Christ himself. It was by his own suffering and death that he won the right to wear them. Do you wonder that Isaiah when in prophetic vision he sees these wedding robes describes them by their color—the color of the bloody sacrifice? "Who is this?" cried he, "that cometh from Edom with dyed garments from Bozrah—this that is glorious in his apparel? Wherefore art thou red in thine apparel and thy garments like him that treadeth in the wine vat?" Ah, my friends, I am glad today we can talk about the royal crimson and not the royal purple of Christ's wedding garments. I am glad that even in heaven, when looking upon the divine face of Jesus, we shall not be allowed for one moment to forget the enormous cost in money and blood of the marriage robes in which Christ will be clad as the Bridegroom when he takes the church as his bride in eternal nuptials. Am I going beyond my right in declaring that Christ's wedding robes are to be the most expensive of garments?

But, drawing near to the Divine Bridegroom, I find that Christ's wedding robes have a wonderful curative quality. Their touch is like the cool hand upon the fevered brow. Oh, yes, they are more than that. Their touch gives spiritual and physical healing. It is like the healing power of Christ's earthly robe when the border of it was pressed just an instant by the forefinger of the poor woman who had an issue of blood for twelve years. No sooner did her flesh come in contact with its folds than immediately "the

woman was made whole from that hour." We have read how the ancient devotees used to travel many miles to be cured of their physical pains at the tomb of St. Ann de Beaurieu, or at the "healing spring" of Lourdes, or by the flowing robes of St. Anthony, St. Patrick or St. Bernard, but never did tomb or fabled water or flowing garments of dead saints have such curative qualities, spiritual or physical, as will have the wedding garments of Jesus Christ.

Their Healing Virtues.

How do I know this? The symbols of the myrrh and the aloes and the cassia teach it. They were all used medicinally. "The myrrh, as is well known," writes an authority, "was celebrated for its use in medicines. The ancients prepared a wine of myrrh and also an oil of myrrh. It was found as an ingredient in many of the celebrated compound medicines." "Myrrh is especially of great use," says another author, "along with aloe medicines and compounds of iron." The medicinal quality of aloe is defined in every dictionary, and cassia was also used as a drug by the ancients. Thus when we come in touch with Christ's wedding garments we know that they are going to heal all of our diseases and assuage all our pains and be the balm which will take away every heartache. In Goethe's "Faust" we are taught that the royal robes of God shall appeal to us mostly by sight and not by touch. But I would change the wording of the master poet of Germany, as I describe the healing qualities of Christ's wedding garments, as follows:

Here at the robbing loom of time I ply
And weave for God the garment thou
Felt'st him by.

Pain, sickness, suffering, pain of the head, pain in the heart, all to disappear before the touch of Christ's wedding robes. Oh, think of the blessed rapture of such a wedding ceremony with the Divine Bridegroom! I remember some years ago I was called to officiate at the saddest wedding of my life. A young woman was dying. Even then the summons of death was pounding at her bedroom door. But before she left earth she wanted as a bride to clasp the hand of the lover by her side. We silently entered the sickroom. The breathing was heavy and low, but the eye of the sufferer was bright and happy. A strong young man stood by the side of the sickbed. The nuptial vows were spoken. The young bridegroom could give to the bride his love, but he could not give to her health. The words "I'll death do you part" never had such solemnity for me as at that service. Even then death was saying to the couple being wed: "You must part. You must part at once. I am death, and I am coming to court your bride." But at the heavenly marriage of the Divine Bridegroom there shall be no pain on any face, no heartache in any breast, no hacking cough, no fearful eye. The garments that smell of the myrrh and the aloes and the cassia are curative robes. They are wedding garments scented with myrrh, a medicine, and with aloes, a medicine, and with cassia, a medicine.

A Joy In Suffering.

But have the royal robes of Christ no higher purpose than the mere prevention of pain or of heartaches? If that be all the efficacy of these wedding garments of the Divine Bridegroom, then I say let me have my pain and heartaches. There is sometimes a joy in suffering. There is sometimes a peace in pain. As Tennyson writes, "It is better to have loved and lost than never to have loved at all." That wedding ring upon your hand—would you wish never to have had it placed there? It may be many years ago since the hand that put it upon your finger was laid out all the memories you have had with that earthly life? "Oh, no," you answer, "No, no! My joy today is in living in the beautiful halls of memory and in thinking over again all the happy days we spent together. I would sooner have had a dear husband as he was and have him taken away than never to have known what the companionship of such a husband meant to a wife." If you have an incurable physical pain, would you have the physician give to you an opiate to deaden your sensibilities and your mind for years to come? "Oh, no," you answer, "then I would be nothing more than a hibernating creature or a log or a stone. Better my thinking mind with pain than continual unconsciousness without pain." Well, then, the wedding robes of Christ must do more for us than merely alleviate suffering, else we would want none of them. I would not wish to live a thousand years on earth if to do it I would have to endure the mere animal existence of an Australian aborigine, even though then I might not know physical or mental suffering.

Thus I come to the climax of my subject. The royal robes of Christ give to us a positive assurance that the marriage ceremony of the Divine Bridegroom and of the church, his bride, is to be a beginning of never ending joy, not the mere end of sorrow or pain or suffering or death. Prove this, you say, I will. "Ho, Nicodemus," I cry, "whither art thou going? Friend, why is thy countenance so sad? Why dost thou hug to thy side that great burden of a hundred pound weight?" At once Nicodemus, the same Nicodemus who came to Jesus by night, looks up, and I see that his eyes are filled with tears and his face drawn down by a great sorrow. "I am going," says he, "with this hundred pound weight of myrrh and aloes to enshroud the body of Jesus Christ, who has just been crucified. We are going to bury the Saviour's body in the tomb of Joseph of Arimathea. I wish his body to be preserved by these spices as long as possible." "What, Nicodemus, will these spices of myrrh and aloes preserve the body of Jesus?"

"Yes," answered the ruler of the Jews, "they will. If you will examine the mummies preserved for thousands of years in the Egyptian tombs you will find that these spices were the chief causes of their preservation." Herodotus, the "father of history," nearly 500 years before Christ was crucified, records that the Egyptians always preserved the bodies of their dead with these spices. "They then fill the body with powder of myrrh and aloes and cassia and other perfumes, except frankincense." Thus we find by these two statements that the wedding garments of Christ not only have a curative, but also a preservative, quality. That means, carrying the figure up to its acme of symbol, that the wedding garments of Christ will never fade or grow old.

Garments Will Never Fade.

No, they will never become yellow and worn, as are some of the bridal dresses that were worn many years ago. They will never be put aside as useless. The wedding songs that we shall sing at the marriage of the Lamb shall never have an end. The rapturous joy with which we greet our dear ones on the other side of the Jordan shall never grow monotonous. The loving kiss which the Divine Bridegroom places upon the lips of his bride shall never become cold and indifferent. The myrrh and the aloes and cassia shall preserve and increase joy, even as the wedding garment of Christ shall halt and cure and kill sorrows. Oh, yes, these wedding robes of Christ are to be aromatic robes, symbolical of never ending peace. The ever increasing joy of earth shall roll and swell and continue to increase through all the coming ages. "Hosanna, blessed is the king of Israel that cometh in the name of the Lord! Hosanna!"

From whence come these alms laden with odor of the myrrh and the aloes and the cassia of Christ's wedding garments? They come from the "ivory palaces of heaven." Mark you well my answer. Not from one ivory palace, but from many. That means that when we as part of the church are to be united to Christ we are going to keep our own individualities. Had my text said, "In the ivory temple of heaven," I might have had my doubts about it, but there is no doubt here. Just as you and I, perhaps, have been married in our own homes surrounded by our fathers and mothers and brothers and sisters and dear friends, so in that "ivory palace of heaven" we are going to have a "home wedding." Yes, they are all going to be there to meet us, just as they were when here. That little early headed daughter who slipped out of your embrace long years ago will be there, just as she was when here. That dear old mother who lived for you and died for you, she will be there. Not in a "celestial temple" but in a "celestial home," the ivory palace. Do you not see how near and familiar are the "old homesteads of heaven" glistening under the celestial sun? While they are, but they are the same kind of goodly firesides about which we have gathered while upon earth.

Many Ivory Palaces.

But, though there may be many "ivory palaces" in heaven odorous with the myrrh and the aloes and the cassia, I fear that some of us who are invited to be at the wedding ceremony may not be present. It is one thing to get an invitation to the marriage ceremony; it is another to be there. Shall we at this moment say to our Divine Bridegroom: "Jesus, thou Prince, we will not love thee; we will not unite with thee; we shall not live with thee in an ivory palace of heaven since we have not lived with thee on earth." Shall it be that all our dear ones who have gone beyond, who are waiting to listen to our nuptial vows with Christ in the ivory palace of heaven, shall have to wait for us in vain?

Supposing you refuse to meet the Divine Bridegroom at the marriage altar of heaven, what will Jesus do? What will your loved ones, your wife and mother and father and little child, who have gone beyond, what will they all do? Supposing, when you were about to be married, your fiancée had refused to appear. What would you have done? "Oh," you say, "that was impossible. She loved me too much not to have met me there." Can it be, O would be bride of Christ, that you love Jesus any less than your loved one loved you?

"Lead, O Saviour! Lead on! Even now we may hear the wedding chimes ringing for the nuptials in the ivory palaces of heaven."

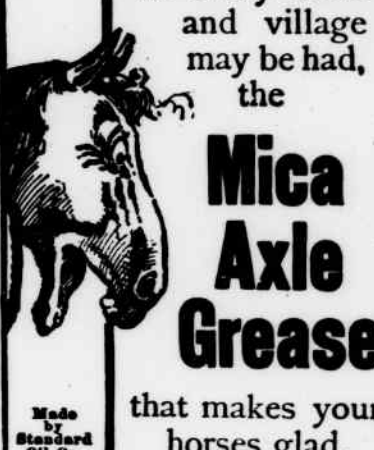
How long, oh Heavenly Bridegroom, how long dost thou delay? And yet how few are grieving? "That thou dost absent stay? The very bride her portion And aching bath forgot And seeks for ease and pleasure Where thou, her Lord, art not."

Awake, ye slumbering virgins! Send forth the solemn cry—
The Bridegroom draweth nigh
Let all our lamps be burning.
Our loins well girded be,
Each eager heart expecting
With joy thy face to see
[Copyright, 1905, by Louis Klopsch]

She Does Hate Men.

Miss Sarah Jackson, living near Dillsboro, Dearborn county, Ind., is such a consistent hater of men that she has provided in her will that no man shall have anything to do with her funeral. The driver of the hearse, the pallbearers and even the persons who fill the grave are to be women if the provisions of her will are carried out. The will sets aside money for the services necessary in connection with her burial and stipulates that none but women shall be employed in any capacity. Miss Jackson is said to have been crossed in love more than forty years ago and not to have spoken to a man since she moved to the little farm on which she lives, all her transactions taking place through a servant, who has been with her many years.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

In every town and village may be had, the
Mica Axle Grease
that makes your horses glad.



RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS
Are different from all other medicines. Each performs a specific duty, thus doing away with drastic purgatives and curing by the
Mild Power Theory.
One Pink Pill touches the liver, moves the bile, the bowels, the bowels. The Tonic Pellet does the rest.
Have one? Sample free at any drug store. Complete treatment, 25 doses 25c.
Crown Mfg. Co., N. Y. & Greenville, Tenn.
HOWARD GARDNER.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE
is the same good, old-fashioned medicine that has saved the lives of little children for the past 50 years. It is a medicine made to cure. It has never been known to fail. If your child is sick, get a bottle of
FREY'S VERMIFUGE A FINE TONIC FOR CHILDREN
Do not take a substitute. If your druggist does not keep it, send twenty-five cents in stamps to
E. & S. FREY
Baltimore, Md.
and a bottle will be mailed you.

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and Tonic Pellets Cure
All forms of disease caused by a Sluggish Liver and Biliousness?
The Pink Pill Cleanses
The Tonic Pellet Invigorates
The Little "Doctor's Book" tells all about it and a week's treatment free proves every word true. Complete treatment 25 cents.
Brown Mfg. Co., N. Y. & Greenville, Tenn.
HOWARD GARDNER.

\$500 Given Away
Write us or ask an Alabastine dealer for full particulars and Free sample card of
Alabastine
THE SANITARY WALL COATING.
Destroys disease germs and vermin. Never rubs or scales. You can apply it with cold water. Beautiful white on walls and in white and delicate tints. NOT a disease-breeding, out-of-date hot-water glue preparation. Kills germs bearing fanciful names and mixed with hot water are stuck on with glue, which rots, nourishing germs of deadly diseases and rubbing and scaling, spoiling walls, clothing and furniture. Buy Alabastine in 5 lb. pails, properly labeled, of paint, hardware and drug dealers. Leaflet of hints on decorating, and our artistic ideas free. ALABASTINE CO., 105 Water St., N. Y. or Grand Rapids, Mich.
For sale by Southside Hardware Company and Wakefield Hardware Company.

HINDIPO
THE NEW NERVE TONIC
AND KIDNEY CURE.
Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood, Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves, Clears the Brain, Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.
This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking. Price, 50 cents, 12 boxes, \$5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefited. Try it and be convinced.

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OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE
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FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds, Prevents Pneumonia

N. & W. Norfolk & Western
Schedule in Effect
May 29, 1904.
WINSTON-SALEM DIVISION.
No. 22 No. 24 No. 23 No. 21
P. M. A. M. P. M. P. M.
2 50 8 00 Lv Winston Ar 10 00 2 00
3 28 8 43 Lv Walnut Cove Ar 9 20 1 21
3 59 9 18 Lv Madison Ar 8 51 12 48
4 03 9 23 Lv Mayodan Ar 8 12 12 44
5 00 10 24 Lv Martinsville Ar 7 44 11 45
7 30 1 00 Ar Roanoke Lv 5 15 9 15
Nos. 21 and 22 daily. Nos. 23 and 24 daily except Sunday.

WESTBOUND LEAVE ROANOKE DAILY.
4 15 a. m. for East Radford, Bluefield, Tazewell and Norton; Pullman Sleeper to Columbus, cafe car, meals a la carte.
5 20 a. m. (Washington and Chattanooga limited for Bristol, intermediate stations and the South and West. Pullman Sleepers to New Orleans and Memphis; connects at Radford for Bluefield and Pocahontas. Cafe car.

4 25 p. m. the St. Louis Express for Radford, Bluefield, Pocahontas, Kenova, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City, Columbus and Chicago. Pullman Sleepers Roanoke to Columbus and Bluefield to Cincinnati. Cafe car.

4 35 p. m. daily, except Sunday, for Bluefield and intermediate stations.

4 45 p. m. daily for Bristol and intermediate stations. Knoxvilleville, Chattanooga and points South. Pullman Sleeper to Knoxvilleville.

9 10 a. m. for Bristol and for Bluefield, Norton, Pocahontas and Welch.

NORTH AND EASTBOUND LEAVE ROANOKE DAILY.

1 50 p. m. for Petersburg, Richmond and Norfolk. Pullman Parlor car Roanoke and Norfolk.

1 45 p. m. for Washington, Hagerstown, Philadelphia and New York, via Hagerstown and Harrisburg. Pullman Sleeper to New York.

8 19 p. m. for Hagerstown. Pullman Sleepers to Philadelphia.

11 40 p. m. for Richmond and Norfolk. Pullman Sleeper Lynchburg to Richmond and Norfolk.

12 01 a. m. (Washington and Chattanooga limited) for Washington, Philadelphia and New York via Lynchburg. Pullman Sleepers to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

7 10 a. m. for Lynchburg, Petersburg, Richmond and Norfolk.

8 05 p. m. daily for Lynchburg.

DURHAM DIVISION—DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M.
5 15 7 30 Lv Durham Ar 9 00 9 05
7 00 8 43 Lv Koxboro Ar 7 45 7 52
7 49 9 15 Lv Denington Ar 7 15 6 53
8 29 9 35 Ar So. Boston Ar 6 45 7 25
8 37 9 46 Ar Boston Ar 6 44 6 59
11 47 11 59 Ar Lynchburg Lv 4 30 3 00

For all additional information apply at ticket office, or to
W. B. BEVELL, M. F. BRAGG,
Gen. Pass. Agt., Trav. Pass. Agt.,
Roanoke, Va.

Southern Railway
IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 6, 1904.
This condensed schedule is published as information and is subject to change without notice to the public.
4 12 a. m. No. 39 daily, Atlanta Express for Salisbury, Charlotte, Atlanta and points South. Pullman Sleeper and first-class coach Washington to Atlanta.
5 32 a. m. No. 33 daily, Florida Express for Salisbury, Charlotte, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Charleston and points South. Pullman Sleepers to Jacksonville, Fort Tampa and Augusta. First-class coach Washington to Jacksonville. Dining car service.
6 35 a. m. No. 11 daily for Charlotte, Atlanta and local points.
6 55 a. m. No. 37 daily, Washington and Southwestern Limited, Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers to New Orleans and Memphis. Pullman Observation car to Macdon, Solid Pullman train. Dining car service.
7 10 a. m. No. 8 daily for Richmond and local points. Connects at Danville for Norfolk.
7 20 a. m. No. 108 daily for Raleigh, Goldsboro and local points. Connects at Durham for Oxford, Henderson and local points. At Goldsboro for Newbern and Morehead City.
8 10 a. m. No. 25 daily for Winston-Salem, Wilkesboro and local points.
9 30 a. m. No. 13 daily except Sunday and local points.
12 10 p. m. No. 26 daily, U. S. Fast Mail for Washington and points north. Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers to New York. Day coaches New Orleans to Washington. Dining car service.
1 21 p. m. No. 30 daily, Florida Limited, Pullman drawing room sleeper to New York. First-class coach to Washington. Dining car service.
1 27 p. m. No. 136 daily for Raleigh, Goldsboro and local points.
1 30 p. m. No. 130 daily for Sanford and local points.
1 45 p. m. No. 27 daily except Sunday for Winston-Salem and local points.
Ransom Train—No. 14 leaves Greensboro 8 00 a. m.; No. 20 leaves Greensboro 2 30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.
3 45 p. m. No. 35 daily, U. S. Fast Mail for Atlanta and points south. No provision for handling passengers on this train.
4 35 p. m. No. 61 daily for Mt. Airy and local stations.
1 25 p. m. No. 7 daily for Charlotte and local points.
7 03 p. m. No. 29 daily, Florida Limited, Pullman drawing sleeping car to Jacksonville. First-class coach Washington to Jacksonville. Dining car service.
7 22 p. m. No. 35 daily for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points south. Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers to New Orleans. Day coaches to New Orleans. Dining car service.
7 30 p. m. No. 25 daily for Winston-Salem and local points.
10 51 p. m. No. 38 daily, Washington Southwestern Limited for Washington and all points north. Pullman Sleepers and Pullman Observation Car to New York. Solid Pullman train.
11 00 p. m. No. 12 daily for Danville, Richmond and local points.
12 35 a. m. No. 34 daily for Washington and points north. Pullman Sleepers and day coaches. Carries through sleeper Charlotte to Richmond, Va.
1 04 a. m. No. 40 daily for Washington and points north. Pullman Sleeper to Washington. First-class coach to Washington.
1 10 a. m. No. 112 daily for Raleigh, Goldsboro and intermediate points. Pullman Sleeper Greensboro to Goldsboro.
C. H. ACKERT, Gen. Mgr.,
W. H. TAYLOR, G. P. A.,
S. H. HARDWICK, P. T. M.,
Washington, D. C.
R. L. VERNON, T. P. A.,
Charlotte, N. C.
R. H. DELBERT, Ticket Agent,
Greensboro, N. C.

HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Busy Medicine for Busy People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A Specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Acne, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Drug Company, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

Don't Take Chances

On Having Fever or Chills,
but

Take July Weed

And get your system in shape to ward
off all diseases. JULY WEED
is truly a health builder.
It makes you feel
strong and active.

Price 50c and \$1.00

Per bottle at your druggist, or sent to
any address upon receipt of price by

Fordham, Alford & Co.

Druggists and Seedsmen,
514 S. Elm St., Greensboro, N. C.

The Greensboro Patriot.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

TWELVE PAGES.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 1, 1905.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. John T. Pannill has moved his
family from Reidsville to Greensboro.

Mr. C. R. Elmore is now with the
Greensboro Real Estate and Loan Com-
pany.

The congregation of Buffalo church
has extended a call to Rev. J. W.
Goodman, of Hillsboro.

T. W. Wood & Sons' seeds are the
best and most productive for this coun-
try. See Tucker & Erwin.

Deputy Sheriff Crutchfield yesterday
captured John Smith, a county convict
who escaped three years ago.

Mr. Robert J. Allen, Jr., and Miss
Mary E. Collins were married last Sat-
urday by Rev. L. F. Johnson.

The Oak Leaf, a bright school paper
printed by the literary societies of Oak
Ridge Institute, is a welcome exchange.

The Randleman Times says Mr.
George Frazier, of Greensboro, has
bought a farm near Red Cross and will
move to it soon.

Major W. W. Wood attended the
funeral of a nephew, Mr. Walter
Bryan, at Cherry Lane, Allegheny
county, last week.

The girls' and women's shoes Thack-
er & Brockmann advertise at 95 cents
are going off rapidly. Don't wait if
you want a pair of them.

Mr. Duncan Levens, aged about 35
years, who lived near Mr. J. C. Fount's
store, in southeastern Guilford, died
Monday of pneumonia.

We have the most satisfactory five-
year old car ever offered on this mar-
ket. Call and see it and you will buy
one. TUCKER & ERWIN.

Mrs. E. A. and P. L. Wall, of the
Seaboard Air Line Railway, with head-
quarters in Raleigh, are here on a visit
to their father, Squire Pinckney Wall.

Mr. Jonathan Hodgins, who lives in
summer township, recently killed two
hogs that were prize winners. One of
them weighed 540 and the other 480
pounds.

Mrs. B. W. Rainey has sufficiently
recovered from her recent illness to be
able to go to Danville, Va., to visit her
parents. She was accompanied by a
trained nurse.

Graham Tribune: It is stated that
the full quota of stock required from
the people of Alamance for the electric
railway has been subscribed and that
the road is a sure thing.

Get our prices on all kinds of garden
and field seeds. We have just placed
our order with T. W. Wood for a car-
load of his fresh reliable seeds.

TUCKER & ERWIN.

Engineers are expected to begin work
seating the route of the proposed elec-
tric line from High Point to Winston-
Salem this week. The road from High
Point to Greensboro will not be located
until the other branch is well under
way.

Mr. James M. Rickman, of Virginia,
and Miss Lula Fuqua, of Spray, will
be united in marriage tomorrow even-
ing at 4 o'clock. They will come to
Greensboro for a short visit with Mr.
W. T. Pike, a kinsman, who lives on
King street.

Public Is Aroused.

The public is aroused to a knowledge
of the curative merits of that great
medicinal tonic, Electric Bitters, for sick
stomach, liver and kidneys. Mary H.
Walters, of 546 St. Clair Ave., Colum-
bus, O., writes: "For several months I
was given up to die. I had fever and
ague, my nerves were wrecked; I could
not sleep, and my stomach was weak,
from useless doctors' drugs, that I could
not eat. Soon after beginning to take
Electric Bitters, I obtained relief, and
in a short time I was entirely cured." Guaranteed at all druggists; price 50c.

Judge James M. Hobson, a promi-
nent citizen of Greensboro, Ala., who
had been planning a visit to this city
this winter, died of pneumonia Mon-
day night. He was the father of Rich-
mond Pearson Hobson, of Merrimac
fame, and was related to the More-
head family of this city.

Rural Mail Carrier Hockett, on route
No. 1 out of Greensboro, is about the
only man in the county who had no
complaint to make of the arctic weather
last week. He recently purchased a
modern mail wagon that has a good
heater attached and he makes his
rounds in absolute comfort.

The King's Mountain Hardware Co.,
composed of C. S. Elam and J. P.
Parker, filed a voluntary petition in
bankruptcy Saturday in the Federal
court and was adjudged bankrupt. The
matter was referred to John B. Spence,
referee, at Charlotte. Liabilities placed
about \$15,000, the assets, less exemp-
tions, at about \$12,000.

Mrs. L. W. Hall, a young woman
from Richmond, Va., who had been
visiting the family of Capt. H. D.
Knight here for a few weeks, died last
Friday morning from an illness with
which she was overtaken soon after
her arrival. Her husband and one
child survive. The remains were taken
to Richmond for interment.

Shoes! Well, we carry most every-
thing. Our Woonawalk for \$3.50, our
Touraine for \$2.50, our High Quality
for \$2, are good values. In vici, box
calf and calf skin, our Southern Girl
and Southland Belle for women are as
good as money will buy for the price.
See us. We will make it to your inter-
est to do so. FULTON BROS.

The basket ball game in Winston
Saturday night between the Y. M. C.
A. and Guilford College teams resulted
in a victory for Guilford, the score be-
ing as follows: Guilford College, 36; Y.
M. C. A., 17. The contest was wit-
nessed with intense interest by a large
crowd. The two teams will play a
game at Guilford College next Satur-
day night.

Reidsville Review: The white man
Johnson who was said to have "held
up" Mail Carrier Grogan on Monday
afternoon between here and Leaksville,
was given a preliminary hearing before
United States Commissioner J. T. Pan-
nill and bound over to Federal court
under \$200 bond. The party who had
the warrant issued for him, and who
claimed to have been robbed of \$25, did
not turn up as a witness, and the sup-
position now is that the men were
drunk when a fight ensued.

Mr. S. W. Davis, of this city, and
Miss Elizabeth Simpson, of Parley,
Caswell county, were united in mar-
riage at 8:30 o'clock last Thursday at
the home of the groom's brother, Mr.
J. R. Davis, in South Greensboro. The
ceremony was performed by Rev. Ira
Erwin, pastor of Centenary M. E.
church, in the presence of only a few
friends. The marriage was a runaway
affair, objections to the match having
been made by the bride's relatives.
Mr. Davis is a clever and industrious
young man. He was formerly in the
brokerage business here, but will take
a position this week with the Peacock-
Gold Company, of the Provident Sav-
ings Life Assurance Society. The
bride is an attractive young woman.
The happy couple will board with the
family of Mr. J. R. Davis temporarily.

Public Sale.

All the personal property of the late
W. D. Ross will be sold at auction at
his late residence near Pleasant Gar-
den on the 9th of February, 1905, at
which time much valuable property
will be offered, including horses, cattle,
hogs, grain and feed, farming tools,
household and kitchen furniture and
almost every thing to be found on a
farm. ANNIE V. ROSS,
331
Executor.

Mr. J. C. Reid, superintendent of the
Alamance cotton mills, in Alamance
county, who has made his home in
Greensboro for some time, is missing
and his family and friends are greatly
concerned over his actions. Two weeks
or more ago his wife was called to
Providence, R. I., to attend the funeral
of her mother. Upon her return she
was surprised to learn that during her
absence her husband had drawn all his
deposit, \$250, from the Southern Loan
and Trust Company and disappeared
without a word as to his intentions.
Since then nothing has been heard
from him.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they can-
not reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is
a blood or constitutional disease, and in order
to cure it you must take internal remedies.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and
acts directly on the blood and mucous sur-
faces. It was prescribed by one of the
best physicians in this country for years, and
is a regular prescription. It is composed of
the best tonics known combined with the
best blood purifiers, acting directly on the
mucous surfaces. The perfect combination
of the two ingredients is what produces such
wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send
for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Eggs For Setting.

I am prepared to fill orders for Buff
Orpington and S. C. Brown Leghorn
eggs at one dollar per setting.

5-4t R. S. SMITH,
R. F. D. No. 1, Guilford College, N. C.

Big shipment of T. W. Wood's gar-
den seeds just received. All varieties,
in five-cent papers or by the ounce.
TUCKER & ERWIN.

The Hiawatha Company's Entanglements.

Mention was made last week that
the Hiawatha Manufacturing Compa-
ny, at Gibsonville, upon the petition of
Messrs. Berry and W. W. Davidson,
had been placed in the hands of a re-
ceiver, Mr. J. A. Davidson, upon the
order of Judge Shaw. The receiver put
the mill in operation and was in a fair
way to satisfy all claims in full when
an involuntary petition in bankruptcy
was filed in the Federal court against
the company by W. C. Thurston, W.
E. Sharpe and Isham Ashworth. Upon
this petition Judge Boyd named John
L. Scott, Jr., as receiver. This conflict
in the management and control of the
property was promptly remedied by
Judge Boyd as soon as he learned of it
and he named Mr. Davidson as co-
receiver. The property is valuable and
it is presumed that differences among
the original owners is responsible
for the move now being made in
the courts. One thing is certain,
Mr. Davidson, the receiver, if left to
control the mill, will soon wipe out
all claims against it, when it can be
sold for its real value. He had already
arranged to double the output of the
mill by adding a night force and was
clearing, it is said, about \$30 a day as
matters stood. Another hearing in the
matter is set for next Saturday before
Judge Boyd.

A Touching Story

is the saving from death of the baby
girl of Geo. A. Eyer, Cumberland, Md.
He writes: "At the age of 11 months,
our little girl was in declining health,
with serious Throat Trouble, and two
physicians gave her up. We were al-
most in despair, when we resolved to
try Dr. King's New Discovery for Con-
sumption, Coughs and Colds. The first
bottle gave relief; after taking four
bottles she was cured, and is now in
perfect health." Never fails to relieve
and cure a cough or cold. At all drug-
gists; 50c and \$1.00 guaranteed. Trial
bottle free.

Oil, needles, parts and attachments
for all sewing machines at McDuffie's
Furniture Store. 4-4f



Furs and Skins

are put to many uses. The chief being
their use for clothing and warmth.
Since the world began man has hunted
for the animal skins.

WE BUY AND SELL

furs, skins, hides from the smallest to
the largest skins of the wild animals
for the fur and of the domestic animals
for the hides. We are ready at all
times to buy any and all kinds. We
especially desire—

Mink, Opossum, Red Fox, Grey
Fox, Coons, Rabbits, and everything
else that is desirable.

Mink skins are in strong demand
just now.

We pay spot cash and all express
charges on \$5.00 worth and over.

C. W. JENNINGS
THE BANANA MAN.

Farm for Sale

Having decided to go west I will
offer my farm for sale, consisting of
145 acres on Deep River, six miles from
High Point, in good state of cultiva-
tion, with good house and barn, and
all necessary outbuildings and orchard,
place well watered and timbered, has
good pastures, and only three quarters
of a mile from good local tax school
and church, and graded roads leading
out in all directions. Any one wishing
to buy a farm would do well to see me
at once. Call on or address

J. A. HENLEY,

3-4 R. F. D. No. 1, High Point, N. C.

PITTS & MONROE
DEALERS IN
Building Material

Call and see us for prices before placing
your orders. We carry the largest stock of
Rough and Dressed Lumber and Shingles in
the city and can fill your orders promptly.
We have a large stock of Fencing and Barn
Lumber on hand at all times at bottom prices.
Very close prices given on our lots.
Office: Corner South Ashe street and South-
ern Railroad.

Our Stock is More Complete

now than ever before and
can furnish everything in
the way of Stationery, Office
Supplies, Labor Saving De-
vices, Etc.

We make a specialty of Artist's Materials.

WILLS'S BOOK STORE

Plowing Season

will soon be here, and "it goes without saying" that you want the
best Plow the market affords and that money will buy.

We Have the Best Plow

that mechanical skill and human ingenuity can devise. Let us show
you its points of excellence. We would also like to supply you with

All Kinds of Farming Tools

as we carry only the best makes.

Full line of Builders' Hardware, Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
Come to see us. Yours to please,

GREENSBORO HARDWARE CO.

223 SOUTH ELM STREET

THERE IS A HEREAFTER

in business as well as in theology, and the merchant who
wants the right kind of a hereafter for his store has sure
got to treat people right and sell the right kind of stuff, es-
pecially if he expects to stay in the same town year after
year. If he intends to seek fresh pastures as soon as he
can "do up" the people in one community it doesn't so
much matter. We have been selling goods in Greensboro
for ten years and the people who traded with us the first
year are our friends and customers still, along with many
others added as the years passed by. That's pretty good
evidence that we have tried to treat them right and "tote
fair," isn't it? If there is ever an article sold in this store
that is not worth the price or is not just as represented, it
is because we are honestly mistaken about it, and no cus-
tomer ever makes a reasonable complaint here who is not
made satisfied if it is possible to satisfy him. That is how
the business was built up, and you may rest assured that
we are not going back on our past record in the future.

THACKER & BROCKMANN

WE KEEP Everything in the Drug Line

AND WE ARE MAKING A SPECIALTY OF

TRUSSES AND SYRINGES

WITH EVERY ONE WE GIVE OUR
PERSONAL GUARANTEE AND CAN
SAVE YOU MONEY

Fariss - Klutz Drug Company

121 SOUTH ELM ST.

OPP. GUILFORD HOTEL

GREENSBORO, N. C.