

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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Dr. W. J. RICHARDSON

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PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. Professional services to the people of Greensboro and surrounding country.

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Piano Tuning

Respect whose work we guarantee. REFERENCES: Normal, Guilford College, Salem Academy, Prof. Shirley, And others.

A. D. JONES & COMPANY

PHOTOGRAPHER. HIGH CLASS WORK ONLY. Opposite the McAdoo House.

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PHOTOGRAPHER. Combined Assets over \$500,000

The Greensboro Fire Insurance Companies

For the last eight years, the people of Greensboro have been insured for less than \$1000 in the fire insurance. When you call for your home insurance, call for the best.

J. Simpson Schenck, Agent

LOCAL NEWS.

The best lantern on the market for 50 cents, at Gamble & Fulton's.

Haywood Alderman, Jr., has gone to Philadelphia to take a position with the Western Electric Company.

Miss Blanche May is in Baltimore this week attending the Armstrong, Cator & Company's millinery opening.

Mr. John L. Thacker has gone to New York to purchase the fall stock of Thacker & Brockmann. He is accompanied by his wife.

The full board of county commissioners was in session Monday and Tuesday. Little other than ordinary routine business was transacted.

Bring us your produce. We pay highest market prices for your chickens, eggs, butter and everything of the kind. GAMBLE & FULTON.

The dwelling house of the late Arthur Jordan, on North Greene street, was purchased at public sale Monday by Mr. E. D. Steele, of High Point, for \$1,450.

Mr. Walter Bandy and his sister, Mrs. Will Carr, are building a nice nine-room residence on West Gaston street, opposite Mr. George Donnell's home.

It is currently reported here that a smooth gentleman who came here recently unloaded about ten thousand dollars' worth of worthless stock on a bunch of Greensboro investors.

FOR SALE—A double-seated surrey, made by one of the most reliable manufacturers, and as good as new, will be sold at about one-half the factory price. Call at 130 Price street, Greensboro. 2t

Mr. Henry Clay Curtis has bought the D. E. Doggett property on West Lee street and will move there this week from Spring Garden street, where he has been living for several months.

Mr. S. Glenn Brown, of this city, was among the forty-six successful applicants for law license before the Supreme court last week. Of the class of fifty-three live were negroes, three of whom passed.

Messrs. John R. and Marshall C. Stewart leave this evening for a trip to St. Louis. They will stop over at Trenton, Tenn., on their return for a visit with the latter's brother, Mr. Chas. M. Stewart.

The Merchants Grocery Company has purchased the Hunter Manufacturing Company's big building on Buchanan street, and after making some improvements in the structure will move there next month.

Dr. Charles D. McIver went to Oxford this morning to make an address in the afternoon at the formal opening of the Oxford Female Seminary, which has just been rebuilt, having been destroyed by fire last winter.

Any one wishing to exchange a good large galvanized molasses boiler for a good evaporator will address J. P. Hoffman, Greensboro, N. C., R. F. D. 6. Evaporator will boil 60 gallons per day and is as good as new.

Your stock may be run down and in poor condition after a hard summer's work. International Stock Food judiciously used right now may be worth its weight in gold to you. Talk to us about it. TUCKER & ERWIN.

A good sized bunch of North Carolina editors passed through the city this week en route to New York to participate in the editorial conference which will be held tonight, to be followed tomorrow by a trip up the Hudson to Esopus, the home of Judge Parker. It will be one of the pleasantest trips of the year for the profesh.

Prof. H. B. Craven, who was a member of the faculty of Greensboro Female College last year, was here yesterday on his way to Wilson to become principal of the graded school in that place. He and his family have been spending the summer at Black Mountain. The latter are now visiting relatives at Trinity, Randolph county.

The labor day celebration Monday was a decided success, notwithstanding the fact that rain fell incessantly all morning, cutting out many interesting features of the parade. Hon. R. R. Lacy, state treasurer, and Mr. W. M. Tighe, of this city, made admirable addresses to a large crowd at the court house.

Application has been made at High Point for a franchise for an inter-urban traction company that proposes to build an electric line connecting Greensboro, High Point, and Winston and some of the intervening smaller towns. Articles of incorporation are now in the hands of the secretary of state providing for a capital stock of \$600,000, of which \$300,000 is already subscribed.

ANOTHER JAIL DELIVERY FRUSTRATED.

Jailor May Assaulted by Six Desperate Prisoners Sunday Evening.

The presence of mind of Mr. J. G. May, keeper of the county jail, prevented the escape of six desperate long-term prisoners Sunday evening. About 7 o'clock Mr. May started into the lower corridor of the jail to make his regular evening inspection and had scarcely swung the big outer door half open when he was seized by Charles Donnell, Alonzo Collins, Will Murchison and John Steel, all negroes, who were awaiting transportation to Raleigh the following morning to serve long terms for burglary. Before Mr. May could make any outcry he was felled to the floor by a blow on the side of his head by one of the men, whom it was difficult to identify in the semi-darkness, and choked into unconsciousness. Fortunately the key to the outer door, which he held in his hand, fell underneath him unnoticed by any one of the prisoners. Two white prisoners, C. C. Curtis and Charles Ford, also penitentiary prisoners, who were lurking in the corridor, rushed with the others to the outer door only to find it locked. In the meantime Mr. May's little daughter, who happened to see him start into the cell corridor as well as the attack of the men, gave an alarm, which was heard by Mr. May's son Gannon and Mr. Cox, a driver at the steamer headquarters across the street. They ran over to the jail, also finding the outer door locked, thus preventing them from rendering any assistance whatever. Mr. May on recovering consciousness was confronted with his own revolver in the hands of Donnell, who demanded the key to the outer door. Mr. May told the men he did not have the key and in fact did not know where it was and parleyed with them until he saw an opportunity to knock the weapon from Donnell's hand to the floor. In the scuffle which ensued Mr. May secured the weapon and tossed it out through the grating of the window to where his son and Mr. Cox were standing in helpless expectancy of seeing him shot at any moment. Realizing that they were foiled in their efforts to escape the men soon returned to their cells. An examination of the jail showed that a bar from a sink in the inner corridor had been used to prize a heavy brass padlock from the door communicating with the main corridor. Curtis, one of the white men, had secured the bar and planned the escape. He had, according to the other prisoners who had taken no hand in the affair, first failed to prize a bar from a window grating which had been cut half in two some months ago. It is to the credit of George Babcock, a white prisoner, and Green McAdoo, the colored wife-murderer under sentence of thirty years, that they remained in their cells while liberty seemed almost within their reach, making no attempt whatever to escape. Johnson Stroud, colored, who is also held for murder, and three white men awaiting trial or serving light sentences, apparently had no hand in the affair. They all refused to talk, however, until the six men had been removed from the jail the next morning. The problem of holding prisoners after their arrest naturally gives the county commissioners and sheriff much concern. Only last week extensive repairs were made in the jail, following the escape of four youthful prisoners who slipped through holes in the bars made some time before, and it seems that it will eventually be necessary to have the place under guard continually. What was supposed to be one of the strongest jail structures in the state turns out to be less secure than the old structure that it superseded.

On their return from the Asheville reunion Commander Whitted and Adjutant Wood were enthusiastic in their praise of the showing made by the members of Guilford camp in the parade of veterans. In addition to the honor of being the largest camp in the line the old vets from here made decidedly the best showing and were given quite an ovation when they appeared with canes bearing handsome little battle flags. Of the 104 men present 102 were in the parade, the only exceptions being Messrs. J. W. McNairy and John W. Wharton, of this city, both of whom sacrificed a leg in the service. Guilford camp is to be congratulated on the admirable conduct of its members while on the trip.

I wish to close up my business at Stokesdale by the first day of November. All persons indebted to me are requested to make settlement on or before that date.

Special Notice.

J. J. HILTON, M. D.

FATAL FALL FROM A TRAIN.

Young Georgia Soldier Meets Death in the Railroad Yards Here Sunday.

The breaking of a coupling of an extra northbound passenger train here Sunday afternoon about three o'clock caused the death of Private Frank H. Lester, of Co. L, Fourth Georgia Infantry. The unfortunate young man was standing on a platform of the train, which was being shifted to the pass track leading to Sergeant's foundry to clear for No. 97, the fast mail, when the coupling broke, the jar causing him to fall to the tracks, where he was crushed by the front trucks of the slowly moving car. From the hips down he was terribly mangled, while his head and face were badly cut and bruised. The regimental surgeon who attended him readily saw that his condition was hopeless, but had him transferred to the Greensboro hospital, where death resulted in about an hour. Mr. Lester was an excellent young man and stood high in the esteem of his comrades, who were much affected by his untimely death. He was a member of a prominent Americus, Ga., family and is survived by his parents and two brothers. He was a clerk in one of the leading business houses of Americus and a member in good standing of the Methodist church of that place. Lieutenant A. Fort, Jr., and Private C. A. Smith, of the Fourth Infantry, and Private T. B. Shipp, of the Hospital Corps, were detailed to escort the remains home, and they left here with the body at 7 o'clock that evening. The train bearing the command proceeded on its way to Manassas, Va., after an hour's delay.

Geo. A. Harrington Acquitted.

After a spirited legal battle involving some of the best talent of the Guilford bar and occupying two days of the special term of criminal court a jury of Geo. A. Harrington's peers declared him not guilty of burglary and attempted criminal assault on Mrs. Alice A. Harrington, of High Point, in May of this year. From a special venire of one hundred men Messrs. R. M. Greter, N. T. Pegram, B. G. Chilcutt, J. W. Webb, J. H. Clapp, D. F. Causey, L. E. Howerton, W. H. Elliott, J. G. Hackett, William Dennis, A. P. Watlington and J. D. Bowman were selected as jurors. The evidence went to show that some one entered the room of Mrs. Harrington on the night of May 25, but the intruder was frightened away by her screams, she having waked as the bed clothing was being pulled away from her. She is confident her unwelcome visitor was Harrington, although there was no light in the room other than that afforded by the moon, which was shining through a portion of an open window. The whole case seemed to hinge on the matter of identification, and the jury evidently gave Harrington the benefit of the doubt.

Before the adjournment of court Saturday heavy fines were imposed on several keepers of disorderly houses who had been convicted during the term, and they were also ordered to leave the state.

Capt. W. R. Jenkins has finished the macadam work on the road to Alamance church and moved his outfit to the Battle Ground road, locating the crusher near Kirkpatrick's brickyard. Nearly five miles of macadam were laid on the Alamance road, which, in addition to the two miles previously laid, give the people of southeastern Guilford the advantage of a seven-mile haul over a first-class road. The roadway is thirty feet wide, with a ten-foot strip of macadam along the upperside. The Battle Ground road will be thirty-six feet wide, with a twelve-foot strip of macadam in the center, thus giving room for a good dirt road on either side. What little grading is necessary on this road will be done by the macadamizing force. The state convicts at work grading the road east are making good headway and will probably finish within the next month.

Several hundred people, including the city authorities, witnessed a test of the new LaFrance fire engine at the city hall Monday evening. Mr. Asa LaFrance, who sold and tested the old engine here twenty years ago, was again in charge of the test Monday, handling the engine with the greatest ease and efficiency. Various tests of the capacity of the engine were made and it measured up to expectations in every way. The old engine will be sent back to the factory soon and thoroughly overhauled. It will be kept in reserve at the steamer headquarters and will perform many years of good service.

FOR SALE—A storehouse in a thriving school village. Address, G. W. Davenport, Whitsett, N. C.

GREENSBORO TOBACCO MARKET.

MARKET REPORT.

The receipts on our market for the past week have been the largest for any week during the new crop. Primings are coming in from all sections and we are having good sales almost every day, and while they are not very desirable, yet they are good enough to command good prices and farmers are highly pleased with their sales. Our market is quite anxious for this class of tobacco, and all our buyers are buying them freely, which keeps the price fully up to the high water mark, and farmers in this section are beginning to find it out. We shall be pleased to have your primings as long as you have them, and this market will also be very active on all tobacco throughout the entire season. We want your tobacco this year, and we feel that if you will give us a trial we will have no trouble in pleasing you.

F. R. Sheppard, R. S. Madden, J. C. Ingle and J. N. Lowe were among our good Alamance friends who were here during the past week with primings.

W. T. Jessup, of Hamburg, was here last week with primings and well pleased. He is a fisherman as well as a farmer and it always makes the writer fish hungry to call a Jessup's name.

Levi Walker, one of Guilford's best farmers and a brother of our beloved townsman Jno. M. Walker, was here with primings last week and will be back in a few days with another load.

S. T. Price, E. C. Friddle, J. C. Friddle, Lee Angel, W. H. Daniel, J. J. Leslie and a lot more of our good Rockingham friends were here during the past week with primings and were well pleased with sales.

J. R. Simpson, Thos. Roberts, Mack Simpson, P. H. Simpson, Joe Mitchell, John R. Simpson, E. H. Price and G. H. Price were among our good Rockingham friends that were here with primings during the past week. They made very satisfactory sales.

J. L. Turner, B. W. Johnston, H. G. Moore, J. R. Rumley, S. B. Hutchins, J. H. Pegram, T. J. Styers, Mrs. W. H. Holt, J. W. Pope and J. W. Paisley were some of Guilford's most prominent farmers who made satisfactory sales of primings on this market last week.

C. A. Christopher, G. C. Craig, C. Clapp, J. H. Clapp, W. H. Brookbank, Henry Reese, W. B. Anthony, J. W. Underwood, W. L. Miles, H. D. Kelum, L. E. Montgomery, J. E. Blackburn and L. A. Walker were here with primings the past week and made very satisfactory sales.

Stop! Wait! Listen!

A new firm wishes an introduction to the citizens of Greensboro and vicinity with a special five days sale of \$30,000 worth of dry goods well worthy of your attention. Messrs. Cannaday & Hinkle having purchased the large wholesale stock of the Hague-McCorkle Dry Goods Company, consisting of dry goods, notions, hats, caps and furnishing goods, for less than the wholesale cost, will place same on sale.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8TH, at 9 o'clock sharp, rain or shine, at 328 South Elm street, opposite the Odell Hardware Company. Remember the date, Thursday, Sept. 8th, at 328 South Elm street.

This is no fake, but a straight bona fide sale, as these goods were bought at much less than their real value and is good clean stock in every respect. This sale will give the people of Central North Carolina a rare chance to buy their fall and winter dry goods, notions, hats, caps and furnishing goods at less than wholesale cost. Everything must go. No goods held back. So first come, first served. We are here to stay and every line of goods that we handle will be replenished and sold as close as any merchant in the city for cash. One visit will make a customer of you. Satisfaction guaranteed to all. Any goods bought of us not perfectly satisfactory and as represented, money will be cheerfully refunded.

This is the first sale of this kind and magnitude that has ever been offered in this city. Just think of it. \$30,000 worth of nice choice stock to be sold at less than the wholesale cost of goods. No middle men—bought straight from first hands, and anyone that knows the Hague-McCorkle Company knows that they were shrewd, close buyers, and all this stock was bought in large quantities and at close figures to sell again to merchants—not at retail. So therefore you should avail yourself of this golden opportunity to inspect this stock and convince yourself that we are actually saving you money, and you can find out very readily by pricing same quality of goods at any store in Greensboro. You are cordially invited to come and inspect this stock. A share of your patronage is solicited. Respectfully, CANNADAY & HINKLE.

The Strength of a Bank

Is represented by its capital, surplus and careful management.

The Southern Loan and Trust Company

Was organized in 1890, but has been doing a Banking business only about three years. During this time its growth has been rapid but healthful, and today it is in the front of Banking institutions in Guilford county. Statement below shows growth since February 1st, 1899, to April 9th, 1903:

Capital and surplus Feb. 1st, 1899.....	\$ 44,372.95
Capital and surplus Feb. 1st, 1900.....	66,227.55
Capital and surplus Feb. 1st, 1901.....	103,789.13
Capital and surplus Feb. 1st, 1902.....	129,543.47
Capital and surplus Feb. 1st, 1903.....	155,236.42
Capital and surplus April 9th, 1903.....	166,696.66
Total assets April 9th, 1903.....	570,689.76

E. P. WHARTON, President. A. W. MCALISTER, Vice Pres. R. G. VAUGHN, Treasurer. DAVID WHITE, Secretary.

A Randolph man named Robbins, who came here Monday to make some purchases, was found unconscious in the Southern Railway yards several hundred yards east of the depot yesterday morning about two o'clock, his jaw having been broken and numerous other injuries inflicted in a manner that is yet unexplained. One theory is that he was struck by a train and another is that he was beaten and robbed of several dollars, his assailants leaving him by the track in order to avert suspicion. Dr. Broadnax, the railroad surgeon at this point, dressed the man's wounds and he was later sent to the Greensboro hospital.

Rev. T. J. Ogburn, secretary of the foreign missionary board of the Methodist Protestant church, has found it necessary to change his residence from Greensboro to Sherradenville, Pa., and will leave in a few weeks. He will take only his wife and the younger members of his family. His older daughters, Misses Ellen and Cary, who are teachers, will remain in North Carolina. His son Herbert, who has been with the Odell Company here for two years, will resume his studies at Oak Ridge Institute, and another son, Thomas, will return to the A. & M. College, at Raleigh.

Six more prisoners were sent to the county roads Monday, after failing to raise fines imposed in Superior court last week. The city contributed several good hands to the road force during the week, also.

City National Bank Greensboro, N. C.

CAPITAL - - - \$100,000 SURPLUS AND PROFITS, 16,000 United States Depository.

OFFICERS. W. S. Thomson, President. J. Van Lintley, Vice President. Lee H. Battle, Cashier.

DIRECTORS. W. S. Thomson, E. J. Stafford, C. H. Dorsett, Wm. Cummings, W. C. Rain, J. Van Lintley, J. A. Hoskins, J. C. Bishop, J. Allen Holt, J. A. Davidson.

We extend to depositors every facility consistent with prudent banking. Interest paid on time certificates of deposit.

WRITE OR CALL TO SEE US.

Don't Forget That \$10.00 Premium

The farmer exhibiting this fall at the Central Carolina Fair the best mule colt, 2 to 4 years old, bred and raised in the county, gets from us as a special prize

A \$10 Overcoat

The very best value that we have. Our object in giving this prize is to encourage our farmers to raise more mule colts, and better ones. Yours success is our success—see?

Chisholm, Stroud, Crawford & Rees
300 South Elm St.

Dr. GRIFFITH DENTIST

Affords the best inducements for you to give him your "Tooth Work" of any Dentist in this section of the country.

His Prices Are Right

His methods are the most modern and comparatively painless. 25 years experience. All work guaranteed.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain

OFFICE: Southern Loan and Trust Building, Greensboro, N. C.

The Greensboro Hospital

We have just received six new private room beds, making our number fifteen in all. We are open for the treatment of surgical and medical cases of a non-contagious character. Large airy rooms; quiet, restful location; competent graduate nurses.

Anyone desiring to put patients in the institution will please notify the Superintendent a day or two before hand, so as to be sure of a room.

Physicians may take patients to the institution and treat them.

Rooms—Private, \$15 per week; with two in room, \$10 apiece, including nursing and board.

J. P. TURNER, M. D., Supt.

DRS. J. T. J. BATTLE, E. R. MICHAUX, W. J. MEADOWS, CHAS. ROBERTSON, A. F. FORTUNE, J. P. TURNER, Hospital Staff.

Schiffman Jewelry Company

326 South Elm St., Greensboro.

Up-to-Date Jewelry of Every Description.

An Elegant Assortment of Goods Adapted for Wedding and Birthday Presents.

Call and examine our goods. It's a pleasure to show them.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

stops the cough and heals lungs

LOCAL NEWS.

Dr. J. S. Betts attended a family reunion at his old home in Lillington last week.

Mr. J. T. B. Shaw has moved his family from West Washington street to 218 Summit avenue.

Mrs. J. Willie Smith and her daughter, Mrs. R. G. Thomas, have returned from Piedmont Springs.

FOR SALE—Three fresh Jersey milk cows. J. A. GROOMER, 28-4f. R. D. 3, Greensboro, N. C.

Alamance Gleaner: Dr. Geo. Kernodle is closing out his stock of goods at the "Hub." He is speaking of moving to Greensboro.

Miss Lina Raven, who has been visiting the Brockmanns and other friends here the past month, returned to her home in Ft. Wayne, Ind., the first of the week.

A call for the Republican county convention was issued last week by Chairman R. D. Douglas. The primaries will be held September 16th and the convention on the day following, the 17th.

Mr. J. S. Hunter and family returned from Montreal several days ago. Owing to the continued wet weather Mr. Hunter failed to improve in health while there. He may find it necessary to return to Texas.

Mr. Charles P. Lee, who recently resigned as chief clerk to Assistant General Superintendent H. Baker, of the Southern Railway, is succeeded by Mr. L. E. Smith, of Freeport, Ill., who arrived in the city last week.

Rev. R. A. Brown left Saturday for his home in Waycross, Ga., stopping over at Lumberton on Sunday to preach to the Presbyterian congregation there. Mrs. Brown will remain here a few weeks longer.

Miss Elizabeth Moore, general secretary of the Young Women's Christian Association, has returned to the city from Asheville and is boarding at Mrs. Clifton's, on Arlington street. She will shortly resume the Y. W. C. A. work in this city.

General Carr's special train carrying hundreds of veterans home from the Asheville reunion reached this city Thursday afternoon. Everyone aboard spoke in the highest terms of the reunion and declared it was one of the most successful ever known.

Miss Virginia Estelle Tomlinson, who taught in the graded schools here last year, will be married at her home next Wednesday evening to Mr. Herman Cobb Smith, a prominent young business man of that place. Miss Mamie Stroud, of this city, will be one of the bridesmaids.

The McLean Grocery Company has bought the building lot south of the Patterson Company, on South Davis street, and will erect thereon a building for its own use. The new building have a frontage of 48 feet and will run back 120 feet to the side track of the Southern which was placed for the benefit of the wholesale stores on Davis.

John Y. Woods, the young man who had a pistol duel with U. S. Deputy Marshal Millikan in Rockingham county recently, was arrested in Charlotte while making his way to Atlanta last week and put under \$500 bond for his appearance here at the October term of Federal court. D. B. City, who is also wanted in connection with the case, will most likely be apprehended in a short time.

Alamance Gleaner: Mrs. Mary Kernodle, widow of the late George Kernodle, died at her home at Ossipee last night at 11 o'clock and her remains will be interred at Bethlehem this afternoon at two o'clock. She was about 78 years of age and was a most estimable christian woman. She leaves a son and a daughter, John T. Kernodle and Mrs. Gus. A. Garrison, and a host of relatives and friends to mourn her death.

Col. W. H. Osborn and Mr. C. A. Bray have bought four acres of land on Cedar and Spring streets from M. C. Patterson, of Richmond, and H. W. Cobb, of New York, being a part of what is known as the Alley land. The property is subdivided into nineteen lots, fronting on Spring, Schenck, Cedar and Greene streets, comprising an entire block with the exception of three lots. It is the intention of Messrs. Osborn and Bray to put these lots on the market. The property is only ten minutes walk from the business part of the city and is very desirable for building sites.

THE LADIES favor painting their churches, and therefore we urge every Minister to remember we give a liberal quantity of the Longman & Martinez Paint toward the painting. Wears and covers like gold.

Don't pay \$1.50 a gallon for Linseed Oil (worth 60 cents) which you do when you buy other paints in a can with a paint label on it.

8 & 6 make 14, therefore when you want fourteen gallons of paint, buy only eight of L. & M., and mix six gallons pure Linseed Oil with it, and thus get paint at less than \$1.20 per gallon.

Many houses are well painted with four gallons of L. & M. and three gallons of Linseed Oil mixed therewith.

These Celebrated Paints are sold by Southside Hardware Co., Greensboro; Gilsonville Store Co., Gilsonville; B. J. Sapp, Kernersville.

Serious Accident at a Railroad Crossing.

No. 97, the fast mail, running about fifteen minutes late, struck a wagon belonging to W. G. Jennings, the brick manufacturer, last Thursday afternoon at the East Washington street crossing and smashed it to pieces, killing one of the mules attached and injuring the other so it had to be killed. In the wagon were Mr. Jennings' little son Tom and a colored boy. The Jennings boy had both arms broken, the other boy escaping with numerous bruises. It was almost miraculous that both were not instantly killed. The crossing where the accident occurred is a dangerous one and was formerly protected by an automatic gong, but the gong was removed because of objections on the part of property owners nearby. A watchman should be stationed there night and day, as the approach of trains from the north is obscured by a high embankment.

The burning out of an electric transformer at the corner of Elm and Market streets last Wednesday evening at the hour when a crowd was assembling at the court house to hear the address of Judge Francis D. Winston, Democratic nominee for lieutenant governor, caused an unfortunate postponement of the engagement, as no other light was available, the building not having been piped for gas since it was remodeled. After a conference the executive committee announced through its secretary, Michael Schenck, that it was deemed best that Judge Winston should not attempt to speak in the gloomy room, where a solitary lamp shed its feeble rays, and after assuring those present that the Judge would return to Greensboro in the course of a couple of weeks the meeting adjourned.

Fearful Odds Against Him.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, O. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies: "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel Complaints. Only 50c. Guaranteed by all druggists.

Prof. J. M. Sharp, principal of Sharp Institute, over in Rockingham county, writes the PATRIOT that the main building of his school, which was destroyed by fire last April, is nearly rebuilt and his school will reopen September 19th. Assisting Prof. Sharp the coming year there will be a strong faculty of college trained men and women of the best qualifications, and he is offering strong inducements to young people who really want an education.

LETTER TO VANSTORY CLOTHING CO. Greensboro, N. C.

Dear Sirs: Pay more for Devore; be glad to. It is full measure and honest. Paint is a watch-dog. How would you like a watch-dog that would watch from two to five o'clock in the morning? That's short measure. How would you like a watch-dog that would wag his tail at a burglar? That's false paint. The burglar is rain and snow.

Go by the name: Devore lead-and-zinc. Yours truly, F. W. Devore & Co. The Odell Hardware Co. sells our paint.

Negroes Warned by Alabama Paper.

The Rev. C. A. Buchanan, colored, who published a paper called Teacher's Safeguard, at West Point, Miss., advocating social equality of the races, has been run out of town by a committee of white citizens, appointed by a mass meeting. It is charged that he was fomenting strife between the whites and the blacks. He was told that he would be allowed to take his effects with him or dispose of them before leaving.

The West Point Daily Times-Herald in the same connection has also published the following editorial on its front page with the heading in large black type: "Nigger, Be Good."

"The white people of the town have at last become inflamed. They don't ask you to be good as a favor; you have it to do. We are going to have no more midnight riding, a d—n sight less preaching, no nigger wenchies sitting around refusing to do honest work, and no big acting from any nigger that lives. If you don't do right, live right and make an honest living you will have to go. You know the white people are your friends when you do right. But you know, too, that we will not stand anything that smacks of social equality, snos, or Big Lie Nigger. You've got to do right. This means preacher, merchant, doctor, school teacher, farmer, laborer and nigger woman. As to the women, one washing won't support you, nor two. You have got to earn a living. Nigger, be good!"

Other Mississippi towns have warned Buchanan against coming there.

Holton-Williams Suit.

Winston-Salem, Aug. 31.—The \$10,000 suit instituted against Mr. N. Glenn Williams, a prominent citizen of Yadkin county, by United States District Attorney A. E. Holton is set for trial at the next term of the Forsyth Superior court. Mr. Holton asked damages in the amount stated for an assault upon him by Mr. Williams with a cowhide in this city last year. Able counsel have been employed on both sides.

A Power for Good.

The pills that are potent in their action and pleasant in effect are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. W. S. Philpot, of Albany, Ga., says: "During a bilious attack I took one. Small as it was it did me more good than calomel, blue mass or any other pill I ever took and at the same time the effect was pleasant. Little Early Risers are certainly an ideal pill. Sold by Howard Gardner."

BY SPECIAL REQUEST



of our numerous customers who did not secure a Rocker at our last great reduction sale, we will place 500 on the market and will sell one only to each person at \$1.95 each. Solid Oak, Mahogany, Leather Bottom, well made and finished, worth \$3.50. This offer is good for ten days only.

N.J. McDuffie

OPP. McADOO HOTEL.

Oil, needles, parts and attachments for all sewing machines at McDuffie's Furniture Store. 4-4f

A BIG CUT

IN THE PRICES OF

LOW QUARTER SHOES

which you cannot afford to pass by if you care to save money. No old stock. All new and up-to-date goods.

Men's \$5.00 Oxfords at \$3.90
Men's and Women's \$3.50 Oxfords at \$2.50
Men's and Women's \$2.50 Oxfords at \$2.00

Other goods and Shoes for girls and boys equally as low.
Men's Canvas Shoes cheap.
Yours for cash only.
Come and get the first choice.

Peebles Shoe Company

216 SOUTH ELM ST.

Administrator's Sale of Land.

I, the undersigned, Elam King, administrator of W. C. Coleman, deceased, and as commissioner, under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Guilford county, in the special proceeding entitled Elam King, administrator of W. C. Coleman, deceased, vs. Daniel R. Young, Sadie R. Johnson and others, will sell at public auction at the court house door in Greensboro, said county, at 1 o'clock P. M., on

Tuesday, Sept. 13, 1904.

that certain lot of land situate in Greensboro, said Guilford county, adjoining the land of J. A. Unthank and others, and the metes and boundaries of which are as follows: Beginning at J. A. Unthank's southeast corner, on Whittington street, and runs thence north 100 feet with said Unthank's line to a stake, thence east 87 feet and 6 inches to a narrow street, thence south along said narrow street 196 feet to Whittington street, thence west along Whittington street 84 feet and 5 inches to said Unthank's corner, the beginning point, it being the lot conveyed by E. P. Mayo and wife to said W. C. Coleman by deed dated September 20, 1893, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for said county in book 93 of deeds, page 66.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, balance on credit of six months with bond and good security, and title retained until all of purchase money is paid in full.
This August 11th, 1904.
ELAM KING, Administrator and Commissioner.

SAFETY AND PROFIT

Four per cent. interest beginning the first of each month and compounded quarterly. Your money back when you want it, and ABSOLUTE SAFETY as long as it stays with us, are some of the advantages put at your disposal by our Savings Department.

A PERSONAL INVESTIGATION SOLICITED

Greensboro Loan and Trust Co.

J. W. Fry, President.

W. E. Allen, Treasurer.

J. A. DODGIN, Manager Savings Department.



STERLING SILVER

We are displaying a splendid line of dainty novelties and substantial pieces of sterling silver.

We carry none but those bearing the trade mark of the best manufacturers.

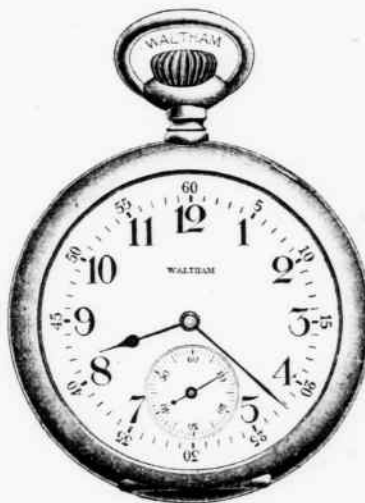
Our plated ware is also of the standard of excellence in quality and finish.

Our repairing department is unexcelled in the South.

BERNAU & ELLINGTON,
New Benbow Hotel. Jewelers and Opticians.

BETTER THAN EVER

Are we prepared to serve you.



New goods in all lines and prices lower than ever before. We have secured additional help and will be able to do repair work promptly. Call and see us.

ROSENBLATT & CO.
108 SOUTH ELM STREET.

REAL ESTATE

More than one hundred pieces of choice City and Country Properties for sale. Farms, Mineral and Timber Lands. If you have a farm or city property for sale write me, giving full particulars.

J. Stuart Kuykendall
Room No. 7, Greensboro Loan and Trust Building.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

WORLD'S FAIR

April 25 to November 30, 1904
Excursion Tickets Sold Daily
Season Ticket \$5. Sixty Day Tickets and Fifteen Day Tickets
THROUGH PULLMAN SLEEPERS
CAFE DINING CARS

N&W RY. CO.

THE
Norfolk and Western Railway
Offers to visitors to the
Louisiana Purchase Exposition
St. Louis, Mo.

Excursion Tickets
via
CINCINNATI, OHIO
or
COLUMBUS, OHIO

Pullman Sleepers are operated only by both the above cities, and passengers can take their choice.
Rates, Schedules, and additional information furnished upon application to Agents of the Company.

W. B. Beville, M. F. Brazz, Gen'l Passenger Agt., Travel Pass. Agt., ROANOKE, VIRGINIA.

VICK'S YELLOW PINE

CURES WORST COUGHS AND LUNG DISEASES

25 CENTS

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. A. G. Hume has returned from a visit of several weeks at Brevard.

Mr. I. Isaacson has gone to New York to buy his fall stock of clothing.

Al. G. Fields' minstrels opens the theatrical season at the Grand tonight.

Prof. E. J. Forney's family, who have been summering at Ryan, have returned to the city.

Frank Gorrell has gone to McConellsville, S. C., to become principal of the high school at that place.

Tom Pemberton, a clever young Greensboro pharmacist, left last week for Kingston, where he has a good position.

Mr. E. G. Glenn has gone to Manassas to spend the week as the guest of his brother, Major Ed. Glenn, of the Fifth Infantry.

The Willing Workers Society of Alamance church will give a lawn party at the manse Thursday evening, September 8th. The public invited.

Mr. J. H. Armfield is in St. Louis attending the national convention of postoffice clerks as the delegate of the Greensboro Postoffice Clerks' Union.

Next Saturday, September 10th, is the Jewish New Year, and all the merchants of that faith will observe the day as a holiday and close their stores.

Mr. Arthur Jackson, of near Toronto, Canada, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Jackson. He has not been here in eight years and notes many changes.

Mr. E. B. Gibson, of Columbus, Ga., came here last week to take the management of the furniture department of Mr. E. M. Andrews' Greensboro store. He will bring his family here in a few weeks.

The Southern Loan and Trust Company, of this city, purchased at par the entire issue of improvement bonds recently authorized by the town of Lexington. The issue amounts to \$60,000, and is dated January 1, 1905.

Prof. Frank Williams, a talented musician who has made Greensboro his home for a year or so, went to Montgomery, Ala., last week to take the leadership of the orchestra playing in the leading opera house of that city.

Some thieves entered the home of Mr. L. G. Thomas, a few miles east of the city, the other day while his family was absent and stole several dollars in cash. Another dwelling nearby was visited the same day with like results.

The Raleigh Post says that Mr. Stanley Hare, who has held a position in the internal revenue service for six years, has resigned to engage in other business. He is succeeded by Dr. J. W. Perkins, a prominent Republican of Guilford county. Mr. J. W. Brown, of Oxford, has also gotten "relief," having been appointed to a clerkship in Collector Duncan's office.

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court E. M. Douglas has been selected by the supreme court as its official representative at the congress of jurists and lawyers to be held at St. Louis September 28-30th. United States District Judge James E. Boyd, also of Greensboro, will attend the congress, he having been appointed by the president of the North Carolina Bar Association as a delegate at large.

Mr. Harvey Bell, eldest son of Rev. Thomas Bell, M. A., rector of St. Barbara's church here a few years ago, died recently at his home in Clifton Heights, a suburb of Philadelphia, at the age of 31 years. Mr. Bell had been in the employ of Pettingill & Company, the Boston advertising agents, for several years, and his health gave way under the strain incident to a reorganization of the company's affairs.

Married at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Saunders, on Lindsay street, Friday September 2, at 12 o'clock, Mr. R. S. Woods and Miss Lelia G. Parrish, Rev. L. E. Johnson officiating. The only attendants were Mr. Berry Holloman and Miss Bessie Saunders. The marriage was quite a surprise to the many friends of the two young people. The bride is a charming and talented young lady, while the groom holds a responsible position with the E. M. Allen & Company.

Mr. J. C. Harper, whose home is at Sings S. C., was painfully injured at Empress, Va., last week, where he had been engaged as a force of carpenters who were building a depot for the Southern Railway under a contract awarded Mr. J. H. Moore of Greensboro. A heavy piece of timber that was being unloaded fell on Mr. Harper, breaking three of his ribs, his left arm, and injuring him internally. He was brought to the Greensboro hospital Thursday evening and is getting along as well as could be expected.

A Boy's Wild Ride For Life.

With family around expecting him to get in a son riding for life 18 miles to get to King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep peacefully every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 25c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free to all druggists.

HOWLAND GETS THE A. & N. C.

Asheville Man's Bid Accepted—His Proposition Is for a Lease for a Term of 91 Years and He Agrees to Spend \$250,000 for Betterments During the First Five Years.

Newbern, Sept. 1.—The stockholders of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad, in session at Morehead City this afternoon, voted—893 to 67—to lease the road to R. S. Howland, of Asheville. The state vote was cast for the lease.

It was a distinguished gathering which met today to decide on the question of the lease of the road. Last night it was said the deal had really been consummated, needing only official endorsement. The local interest was satisfied the lease would be made and there was no crowd attending the meeting here, but outsiders were in evidence. Ex-Governor Jarvis, J. H. Poir, Governor Aycock and Messrs. Beckwith and Ballard, members of the board of internal improvements; Judge Womack, Colonel Davidson, and Attorney General Gilmer were among those present.

Shortly after 2 o'clock the meeting of stockholders was called to order by President J. A. Bryan, who nominated J. E. Robinson for temporary chairman, George Green secretary and C. L. Stevens assistant secretary. On call it was shown that a quorum was present. The chairman declared the meeting organized. President Bryan said it was the desire of Governor Aycock that the meeting adjourn to meet at Morehead City, and on motion adjournment was taken to meet at 3 P. M. at the Atlantic Hotel at Morehead. Special cars were provided and the crowd at once boarded these, which were attached to a shoofly train, which was held. The stockholders took dinner at the Atlantic Hotel at their own expense, and it was 4 o'clock before the meeting was called to order. The proxies' report was read by the secretary and adopted. It showed 17,262 shares represented with 1,410 votes. The temporary organization was made permanent. State Proxy J. W. Grainger said the governor had received two propositions for a lease of the Atlantic & North Carolina, upon which he and Mr. Ballard agreed as favorable. By mistake the secretary read a proposition from a Philadelphia syndicate, this being withdrawn before the meeting. The proposed corporation to be known as the Goldsboro, Newbern & Morehead City Railroad Company, signed by W. L. Kennedy, E. B. Borden, William Dunn and W. S. Chadwick, name a lease proposition for 91 years, to pay 3 per cent. the first 20 years, 3 1/2 the third ten years then 4, 4 1/2 and 5 per cent each successive ten years, and 6 per cent. the balance of the time. Various provisions were included to provide for interest on bonded debt, payment of taxes during lease, meeting all expenses, keeping property up and subject to expert examination by state; also to protect the road from damages, accept supplies on hand at market value, secure all rentals, deposit \$1,000,000 as security. The Howland proposition covered same interest rates for a term of years and was for 91 years and four months. It also agreed upon the various provisions as the first proposition and in addition agreed upon an expenditure of \$250,000 for betterments on the road during the first three years, the lease to be in the name of R. S. Howland, or the Howland Improvement Company, of North Carolina.

When the propositions were read E. C. Duncan offered a resolution that the Howland proposition be accepted. Col. Theo. F. Davidson was given permission to make a few remarks. He gave a sketch of Howland, of his \$300,000 investment in western North Carolina, his character and his reputation among the people of Asheville, among whom he has held in high esteem. He also told of his property holdings in Rhode Island, California and Cuba. C. E. Foy said he was against the lease and entered a protest, giving warning that if a lease was given its value would be tested in court. C. A. Flowers, holding stock proxy for Pamlico county, said he agreed with Mr. Foy. His people would favor lease for 25 years at 5 per cent, with 1 per cent added each additional ten years, with a security deposit by lessee of \$1,500,000. Governor Jarvis favored the lease and spoke eloquently, to which Mr. Foy again replied, opposing the lease by private stockholders of the road to Howland. On a vote on the Duncan resolution 893 favored it and 97 were against. The state vote being cast for lease.

NO SURPRISE AT RALEIGH.

Raleigh, Sept. 1.—No surprise was felt here at the news that R. S. Howland has secured the Atlantic & North Carolina Railway. He was the favorite from the start and the governor, Senator Simmons and other leading men were greatly impressed by his bid, enterprise and financial ability.

Great Reunion Closed.

Asheville, Sept. 1.—The reunion of the state's ex-Confederate soldiers closed last night with the presentation by home talent of "Under the Southern Cross."

At the business session General Julian S. Carr was unanimously re-elected commander. The following brigade commanders were elected by acclamation: Gen. P. C. Carlton, of Statesville, first brigade; Gen. W. L. London, of Pittsboro, second brigade; Gen. Metts, third brigade, and Gen. J. M. Ray, fourth brigade.

The veterans and visitors are leaving for home and every outgoing train is crowded. The reunion was one of the most successful ever held.

North Carolina Granite for Davis Monument.

Salisbury, Sept. 3.—The Balfour Quarry Company's pink granite has been selected by Sculptor Moretti for the Davis monument for Birmingham, Ala. This is a very important work, and the granites submitted were subject to rigid examination. This granite was selected from among some of the best in the country, including some well known New England granites. The same stone will be used in the agricultural building of the A. & M. College at Raleigh.

Farm for Sale.

One mile east of Whitsett Institute; three miles south of Gibsonville. Well watered, well timbered; with two tenant houses. Call on me or write for terms. LUCIAN MOORE, 32-1f Whitsett, N. C.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS CONFER.

J. Wiley Shook Says It Was a Hot-Air Affair.

Correspondence Charlotte Observer.

Greensboro, Sept. 3.—The state chairman of the Republican executive committee, Thomas S. Rollins, of Asheville, and state secretary R. H. McNeill, of Jefferson, arrived in the city last night to be present at the meeting of the executive committees at the Benbow Hotel this afternoon at 3 o'clock. There is the largest attendance of members ever known on such an occasion, the following being present: Executive committee for the state at large: Z. V. Walser, of Lexington; W. S. Pearson, of Morganton; E. W. Timberlake, of Salisbury; B. F. Mebane, of Spray; J. C. Meekins, of Columbia, and H. S. Harkins, of Asheville. Of the congressional district committee: A. Berry, D. W. Patrick, John E. Fowler, Claudius Dockery, J. E. Alexander, W. J. Sutton, W. A. Bailey, E. S. Blackburn, Thomas F. Rowland, J. L. Morgan.

The session of the executive committee lasted until 7 o'clock. It was entirely informal, almost the whole time being consumed in reports from representative Republicans from all sections of the state. These reports were all without exception freighted with extravagant notes of bright prospects in the coming campaign. The universal chorus was that the people were so prosperous they feared a change of the national administration, and so outraged at the Wats law, they were determined on a change of state and county affairs. J. Wiley Shook, of the mountains, remarked after the meeting closed that "it was the most magnificent exhibition and display of hot air and optimism ever known on the American, or any other continent; that there were speakers there from counties in the east which haven't cast over 40 white Republican votes in over 40 years, explaining and prophesying an almost solid Republican vote this year." There is no question but that the Republican leaders here are in as dead earnest to convince Chairman Rollins of the prospects of a Republican victory this year, as they were two years ago, with his father-in-law, Senator Pritchard.

Nothing of actual moment was done by the committee. It had been rumored that Romulus Z. Linney, candidate for elector-at-large, would be removed as a candidate on account of his attitude to Blackburn, the nominee for Congress from the eighth district, but nothing of the sort was done. On the contrary, the first mention of Linney's name brought such rounds of enthusiastic applause, and the desire of eastern members to have him canvass their section, indicated that he was the most popular man on the ticket. It also suggested the remark from a prominent Republican that Blackburn's defeat was desired by the office-holding element, because if elected, he would be the "boss man" of the party in the state in dispensing Federal patronage. The Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, I. M. Meekins, arrived tonight. He spoke at Graham today, reporting a large and sympathetic audience. Many members of the committee left on the early night trains, those from the east leaving at 1 o'clock.

In Praise of Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Allow me to give you a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mr. John Hamlett, of Eagle Pass, Texas. "I suffered one week with bowel trouble and took all kinds of medicine without getting any relief, when my friend, Mr. C. Johnson, a merchant here, advised me to take this remedy. After taking one dose I felt greatly relieved and when I had taken the third dose was entirely cured. I thank you from the bottom of my heart for putting this great remedy in the hands of mankind." For sale by Conyers & Sykes.

Wills' Book Store

225 S. Elm St., Greensboro, N. C.

HEADQUARTERS FOR SCHOOL BAGS, TABLETS, INK, PENS, PENCILS, BOOK STRAPS, EYE SHADES, SCHOLARS' COMPANIONS, BLACKBOARD CRAYONS, SLATES AND ERASERS. PRICES REASONABLE.

Farm Tenant Wanted

I want a tenant who can furnish hands to run two plows to take charge and run my farm. I will furnish two good horses, plows, etc. My farm is situated one-half mile of Pleasant Garden and 5 miles south of Greensboro.

I also have a Jersey-Holstein milk cow for sale. She is large and a good milker. Anyone wishing an opportunity to farm or buy a cow should call on or write me at once.

W. D. ROSS, 35-37 1/2 pl Pleasant Garden, N. C.

REMOVAL SALE

We expect to move our stock of Millinery on September 1st to the Benbow Arcade, opposite the Benbow Hotel, where we want to see all our customers.

Special bargains on all goods for the next 20 days.

Rosa Hamner-Carter 107 West Market St.

3 Spools
Thread 5c

THE BEE HIVE

320-322 SOUTH ELM ST.

2 Spools
Thread 5c

Fruit of Loom Bleaching at 3c a Yard

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

All customers that spend \$5 in our store can get ten yards of Fruit of Loom Bleaching at 3 cents a yard. This is one of the greatest money saving events in the history of this big store.

Wash Goods Sale

15 and 18c Lawns will go at 8c
8 and 10c Lawns at 5c
25 and 35c White Goods at 15c
25c Silk Gingham at 10c
75c Silk Linen at 25c
50c Silk Gingham at 18c

Men's Wear

75c Straw Hat at 39c
75c Cool Shirts at 48c
15c Collars reduced to 10c
39c Underwear at 25c
39c Suspenders at 25c
35c Neckwear at 25c
10c Half Hose, 3 pair for 25c
\$3 Shoes reduced to \$2.48

Muslin Underwear

Fine Gowns at 49c
Good Skirts at 49c
Corset Covers at 10, 25, 48c
Muslin Drawers at 25, 48c
These goods are far below real value.

Silk Sale

39c White China Silk at 25c
36-inch White China Silk at 59c
36-inch Black Taffeta at 98c
75c Foulards at 39c

Umbrella Sale

\$1.50 fine Silk Umbrellas, fancy handles, at 98c
\$2.50 very fine Silk Umbrella this sale at \$1.79

R. G. FORTUNE & CO.

\$500. Given Away

Write us or ask an Alabastine dealer for full particulars and Free sample card of

Alabastine

THE SANITARY WALL COATING.

Destroys disease germs and vermin. Never rubs or scales. You can apply it—mix with cold water. Beautiful effects on walls and in white and delicate tints. NOT a disease-breeding, out-of-date hot-water glue preparation. Kalsomine bearing fanciful names and mixed with hot water are stuck on with glue, which rots, nourishing germs of deadly diseases and rubbing and scaling, spoiling walls, clothing and furniture. Buy Alabastine in 5 lb. pkgs., properly labelled, of paint, hardware and drug dealers. Leaflet of hints on "Hints on Decorating," and our artists' ideas free. ALABASTINE CO., 103 Water St., N. Y., or Grand Rapids, Mich.

For sale by Southside Hardware Company and Wakefield Hardware Company.

Smithdeal's

Is the oldest (37 years) and first Business College in Va., (second in the South) to own a building erected for its use—one of the finest in Richmond. Endorsed by its students, business men and the press. *Philadelphia Stenographer* says: "It is the leading Business College south of the Potomac River."

"When I reached Richmond, I inquired of several business men for the best Business College in the city, and, without exception, they all recommended Smithdeal's as the best."—*Wm. E. Ross, Law Stenographer, Richmond.*

Single, Double Entry and Joint-Stock Bookkeeping, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Writing, Business Practice, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Commercial Law, English Department. Ladies and gentlemen. Day and night Sessions. No vacations. Students enter at any time. By Mail.—Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Penmanship, at home, to those who cannot come to College.

Special inducements to well educated young men, especially to teachers.

Write for catalog and full particulars to G. M. Smithdeal, Pres., Richmond, Va.

The Patriot and Tri-Week N. Y. World Both One Year, \$1.60

I. L. BLAUSTEIN'S

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

OF SUMMER CLOTHING

You Can Now Purchase Any Suit at Cost!

Remnants of Men's Fancy Cheviot Suits in nobby styles; some full lined, some half lined.

\$6.00 Suits for 3.75
\$7.50 Suits for 4.75
\$10.00 Suits for 7.00
\$12.00 Suits for 8.50
\$15.00 Suits for 10.00
\$18.00 Suits for 12.00

Remnants of D. B. Sack Suits for Men in mixed worsteds and chevviots. Every size in regulars, and some stout and lean sizes.

\$6.50 Suits for 4.00
\$7.50 Suits for 4.75
\$8.50 Suits for 5.50
\$10.00 Suits for 7.50
\$12.50 Suits for 9.00
\$15.00 Suits for 11.00

Remnants in black thibets and unfinished worsted Suits, single and double breasted.

\$7.00 Suits for 4.25
\$8.50 Suits for 5.25
\$10.00 Suits for 7.25
\$12.50 Suits for 9.00
\$15.00 Suits for 10.25
\$16.50 Suits for 11.25

Suspenders

Fancy Lisle Suspenders, good make, leather ends that will stand the pull, regular price 50c, special price

25c

Remnants in Boys' Clothing

Youths' \$5.00 Suit, all wool, long pants, now 3.00
Youths' \$6.00 Suit, all wool, long pants, now 4.00
Youths' \$7.50 Suit, all wool, long pants, now 4.75
Youths' \$9.00 Suit, all wool, long pants, now 5.75
Youths' \$12.00 Suit, all wool, long pants, now 7.75
Boys' \$1.50 Suit, all wool, knee pants, now .90
Boys' \$2.00 Suit, all wool, knee pants, now 1.25
Boys' \$3.00 Suit, all wool, knee pants, now 2.25
Boys' \$5.00 Suit, all wool, knee pants, now 3.50

Neckwear

A beautiful assortment of all silk Four-in-hands, regular 50c goods, special price

25c

TROUSERS, FURNISHINGS, UNDERWEAR

\$1.50 Trousers now .90
\$2.00 Trousers now 1.25
\$3.00 Trousers now 1.75
\$4.00 Trousers now 2.50
\$5.00 Trousers now 3.75
\$6.00 Trousers now 4.25

Gold, Silver and other high grade Negligee Shirts reduced.
\$2.00 ones are now \$1.35
\$1.50 ones are now 1.15
\$1.00 ones are now .65
75c ones are now .45

25c Underwear now 20c
50c Underwear now 35c
75c Underwear now 45c
\$1.00 Underwear now 65c
\$1.50 Underwear now 80c
\$1, 75c and 50c Straw Hats are now 25c.

304 S. Elm.

I. L. BLAUSTEIN,

Greensboro

GEN. STAKELBERG CUT OFF.

Japs Surround His 25,000 Men—Russians Abandon Liao Yang—Hope for the Relief of Port Arthur Now About Gone.

(Charlotte Observer, 4th.)

The flag of Japan flies over Liao Yang.

Field Marshal Oyama, who led his famous second army into Port Arthur during the Sino-Japanese war of 1894-95, and who in that struggle also captured Wei-Hai-Wei and Tientsin, today, by dint of incessant fighting in which his men were spared neither because of casualties nor because of hardships, holds sway over Liao Yang, and General Kuropatkin, through whom Russia believed its arms would be served, is in full retreat northward, while one of his chief aides, General Stakelberg, with his command, the First Siberian Army Corps, numbering 25,000 men, is cut off to the westward of Liao Yang.

The Russians are concentrating at Yental, but the dispatches thus far give no intimation as to whether or not they will make a stand there, or even if the Japanese are pursuing their foe in flight. This last blow to Russian arms, though it is spoken of in St. Petersburg as the logical consequence of Russian plans, doubtless will be taken much to heart by the subjects of Emperor Nicholas, who, after a succession of defeats and retreats by their army, have expected a finality of the struggle at Liao Yang in their favor.

In the loss of Liao Yang by the Russians, the Japanese probably will gain little except in the way of a strategic point, for the Russians blew up the magazines and set fire to the enormous quantities of army stores and provisions there before they evacuated.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 4.—All Russia will learn by the morning newspapers that General Kuropatkin's army is in full retreat to the northward, that Liao Yang has been abandoned, and that General Stakelberg's corps is surrounded and cut off.

Hopes of success raised in Russian breasts by telegrams from the commander-in-chief, published this afternoon, saying that the Russians had advanced against General Kuropatkin on Friday, and that an attack on the Russian right had been repulsed, proved short-lived. General Kuropatkin had scarcely begun the offensive against General Kuropatkin's army when he was compelled by the overwhelming force of the Japanese flanking movement to give up all idea of continuing his advance, and hurriedly withdrew in the direction of Mukden.

STAKELBERG'S FATAL BLUNDER.

The retreat is the logical consequence of the Russian plan of leading on and turning out the Japanese at the successive stations of the road northward, thus placing their foe at the disadvantage of a long march. The success of this plan was based on a blunder of General Stakelberg, who, in the words of General Kuropatkin, insisted on placing his own interpretation on orders, instead of obeying them. General Stakelberg erred in failing to cross the Taishan river when General Kuropatkin decided that the whole army should retreat to its northern bank, as was exclusively reported in dispatches to the Associated Press on September 1.

QUANTITY OF STORES LOST.

This blunder, it is feared, will involve the loss of the whole of the First Siberian Army Corps, consisting of the First, Second and Sixth Rifle Divisions, the Ussuri Cossack Brigade, the First Siberian Artillery Brigade and a sapper battalion. The abandonment of the whole position involves the loss of a great accumulation of stores, though it is believed that many of these already had been sent north before the commencement of fighting. It is more than possible, however, that the Russians destroyed what they could not remove.

ALMOST CONSTERNATION.

Something akin to consternation prevails among Russians who have learned of the disaster to General Stakelberg's corps. All realize that there is small hope now for the relief of Port Arthur, and the military officials are unanimous in the belief that it would only be folly for Kuropatkin to remain and run the risk of being surrounded with his whole army, and that the commander-in-chief, by his withdrawal north, has actually converted what might have been disaster to himself into what is regarded as a reverse for the Japanese, for the failure of the Japanese to hold General Kuropatkin's army and inflict a decisive blow, it is claimed, cannot be regarded otherwise than a reverse. Field Marshal Oyama's tenacious frontal attack and the clever flank movements could not have had any other object than to compel the Russians to accept the decisive engagements.

BAD EFFECT AT PORT ARTHUR.

General Kuropatkin's retreat will undoubtedly have a discouraging effect on the garrison of Port Arthur, which can no longer hope for relief from this quarter. It is doubtful, however, if the Japanese are in a position to press the siege, and it is more than probable that they have diverted a portion of the besieging army to reinforce their corps operating in Manchuria. This would account for the temporary lull in the fighting there. It is noticeable that the siege reports reaching here do not mention further assaults on the fortress, but only speak of bombardments.

Developments of the Past Week.

The past week has been by far the most eventful and important in the history of the Russo-Japanese war, and the forces of the Mikado have captured Liao Yang, and put General Kuropatkin and his Russian army to flight toward Mukden. This is the outcome of a battle in which over 500,000 men have been more or less actively engaged, and which is pronounced by competent authorities one of the greatest the world ever saw. The casualties have not been computed, but some have estimated that they will reach 20,000. This may be an exaggeration, but there is no doubt that the operations, and in fact the battle which is still in progress, beginning on August 24th, has indeed been bloody. The magnitude of the battle of Liao Yang, may, to some extent, be appreciated when it is recalled that the largest number of men engaged in any battle of the Napoleonic wars was at Leipzig

on the retreat from Moscow, where the allies had 300,000 and the French less than 80,000. The forces confronting each other at Borodino numbered 280,000; at Waterloo 190,000; at Fredericksburg, Va., 190,000; at Gettysburg about 150,000; at Gravelot 320,000, and at Sedan 334,000. The battle of Liao Yang has more than borne out the predictions that there would be terrible slaughter when the land forces came to try conclusions, and even the Japs themselves have doubtless been amazed at the way they have driven back the Russians. The nearest counterpart to it, in magnitude and duration is, according to The New York Sun, found in the fighting at Leipzig, lasting five days. The land victories of the Mikado's army are much more significant than the destruction of the war vessels of Russia, for it strikes at the very vitals of the Czar's power—at a point where it was supposed the Cossack would be hardest to overcome.

The capture of Liao Yang, the dispatches state, will likely have a bad effect upon the garrison at Port Arthur, which is now without hope of relief, since General Kuropatkin is put to it to save his own army. Liao Yang was selected by the general as his headquarters when the Japanese began to get a foothold upon the coast of Manchuria. It is about 300 miles from Port Arthur and midway between New Chwang, the nearest port, about 75 miles distant, and Mukden, the principal city of central Manchuria. There the Russians had established vast stores for the maintenance of their army, apparently regarding it as permanent headquarters. The enforced evacuation of the city, however, caused the stores to be destroyed.

Despite all their reverses, the Russian officers at St. Petersburg continue to put on a bold front, and assert that the movements are merely a part of General Kuropatkin's plan to withdraw inland and wear the Japanese out by forcing them to lengthen their lines of communication. A study of the maps will show how shallow this explanation is. The Japanese base is the sea, and from Liao Yang to the nearest port is less than 100 miles, while the city itself is on the Taishan river, navigable for small gunboats. Then, too, the railroad to the sea doubtless falls into the hands of the Japanese as fast as they advance, and this will be the case for the entire breadth of Manchuria. Therefore, while the Japanese have to transport supplies some hundred miles or so inland, the Russians must bring theirs for many more miles along the railroad.

In explaining their reverses at Liao Yang the Russians make General Stakelberg, the commander of the First Siberian Army Corps, numbering some 25,000 men, the scapegoat. It is asserted that instead of obeying the orders he received from General Kuropatkin, the general placed his own interpretation upon them and has been cut off from the main body in its flight northward. It would seem, however, that the whole Russian campaign has been one series of blunders if their defeats are to be thus explained.

With the almost unprecedented fighting around Liao Yang, the operations at Port Arthur, some 300 miles to the southward, have practically dropped out of sight. The latest news from there is that no further assaults have occurred during the past week, but that the bombardment has to more or less extent been kept up. Since the hope of relief has been cut off, Japan will likely content herself with awaiting the natural fall of Port Arthur rather than resuming the costly assaults upon the fortifications.

As a natural consequence of the victory won by Japan within the past few days, there has been a renewal of peace talk, but there is nothing of a tangible nature to bear out the idea that the matter of endeavoring to bring about a cessation of hostilities has even been seriously considered by any of the powers, and while Russia has been severely dealt with, she has by no means been whipped, unless she should elect to fight the war with the present forces and not send any new troops to the field. Her resources are doubtless yet tremendous, and she will probably be able to continue the fight for a long time, even though Japan's luck does not turn. However, the issue as to whether the Cossack or the Oriental shall dominate Eastern Asia is a great deal nearer settlement than at any time since the war began, and there is only encouragement for those who hope that the decision may be in favor of the little brown heathen as against the white men who should be engaged in better business.

The battle of Liao Yang, says The Philadelphia Record, "will likely be included in future editions of Creasy among the decisive conflicts which have changed the course of civilization." It is strange, yet only in keeping with their recent achievements in other matters, that the Japanese, who, only a few decades ago were included among the barbarians of the world, should be the victors in a battle whose magnitude in many respects excels all the others so far recorded in history.

There is a commercial feature in connection with this war which the South is especially interested in, and that is as regards the demand for cotton goods. It is believed that the end of the war will bring about an unusual demand for American fabrics from Japan. But the most significant result in this respect would doubtless come in case of Japan's final victory over Russia. Then would the ports of China be thrown open to the trade of the Western world to an extent that has only been dreamed of heretofore. It is not for this reason, however, that the sympathy of Great Britain and America are so strongly with the Japs, but rather because it is believed that he stands for the right against a domination that is not countenanced by the advanced thought of the Western world.

From 148 to 92 Pounds.

One of the most remarkable cases of a cold, deep-seated on the lungs, causing pneumonia, is that of Mrs. Gertrude E. Fenner, Marion, Ind., who was entirely cured by One Minute Cough Cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength." Sold by Howard Gardner.

AWFUL CRIME NEAR CLARKTON.

Mrs. George Packer Found in the Woods Near Home With Her Throat Cut and Her Body Covered With Bruises.

Wilmington, Sept. 3.—Mrs. George Packer, a respectable young white woman, was assaulted and murdered at her home near Clarkton, Bladen county, about 10 o'clock this morning, and the deed has fired the blood of all the people within a radius of ten miles of the place. There is no absolute clue to the fiend who committed the terrible crime, but it is the general belief that it was a negro. Several posses were formed during the afternoon and the whole country is being scoured but up to 9 o'clock tonight no one had been arrested, except a negro who had been working near the Packer home, but there is no evidence against him. Bloodhounds arrived at 10:30 o'clock tonight from Maxton, and were at once put on the trail. It is expected that the dogs will run down the criminal.

The woman was dragged to a point 200 yards from the house. Her face was beat into a jelly, her arms badly torn and her throat cut from ear to ear. The body was covered with bruises. She made a desperate fight, but a blow over the head with a piece of wood crushed her skull. The body was found about two hours after the crime was committed, by a small brother of the victim. He left her and went to Clarkton about 9 o'clock; she was alone, her husband being engaged at a lumber mill six miles away. When the boy returned home he found his sister gone. He saw signs of a struggle and followed the track to the point where the body was found. He immediately gave the alarm, and very soon hundreds of people arrived at the scene of the double crime. The boy says when he went to town he saw three strange negroes not far from the Packer home; also another negro was at work in a field not over 150 yards from where the outrage was committed. He was arrested, but declares he knows nothing of the crime and there is no evidence against him. The three strange negroes who were seen early in the morning have disappeared. There was no white man in the vicinity at the time the crime was perpetrated.

Feeling is running high and the whole county is alive with men who are making every effort to capture the culprit. If the guilty party is caught, and there is absolute proof of it, he will in all probability be lynched. The victim of the horrible crime was about 21 years of age. She was respectable and well thought of in the community. The place where the crime was committed is near an old lumber mill camp, and out of the way. It was therefore no hard matter for the perpetrator to escape.

Conscience Stricken. A London jurymen fainted the other day while the judge was charging the jury. The judge was saying: "You must give the statements of the witnesses for the defense full weight." At the words "full weight" the jurymen fainted. Later it was found that he was a coal dealer.

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Fall Clothing

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If you have a key to the money box call at once. You may be the lucky one.

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FACTS AND BARGAINS



THE city is full of cheap Clothing—if you buy with your eyes shut. But buy your Clothing as we buy ours—with your eyes open, and it will be dollars to you in the end. Our new Fall line of Suits in Cheviots, Cassimeres, Worsteds, Tweeds and Serges, in all colors, Double and Single Breasted Suits, are now in, and is by far the prettiest line we have ever shown.

Also the new line of Men's and Boys' Hats, Caps and Furnishings surpass anything ever shown in the city of Greensboro.

\$10 to \$12 will buy you an outfit in this new line that can't be duplicated anywhere in the state.

Call and see us. We guarantee your money's worth for every dollar you spend in our store.

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And other standard remedies. Everything in the drug line. Prescription work a specialty. Call or phone 89 and let me supply your wants.

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FALSE CLAIMS OF REPUBLICANS.

Financial Statement From the Records Show That the Democrats Expended Less in 1903 Than the Fusion Administration Did in 1900.

From the advance sheets of the Democratic Hand Book for North Carolina, soon to be issued, the following figures are obtained, and these also are not in any way contradicted by the figures given by the Fusion administration.

The figures given set forth the expenditures of the present Democratic administration of the state in 1903 in comparison with the Fusion administration in 1900. The Fusion administration charges the present administration with extravagance and attempts to create the impression that the expenses of the Fusion administration have been corruptly mismanaged. This charge is not true, as the following statement from the records of the office of the treasurer will show:

Amount paid out of the treasury in 1903 for public schools	\$ 200,000.00
Amount paid out of the treasury in 1900, the last year of the Fusion administration, for public schools	Nothing.
Amount paid out of the treasury for pensions to Confederate soldiers in excess of amount paid for like purposes in the last year of the Fusion administration	100,000.00
Amount appropriated for maintenance of insane in the hospital at Morganton in 1903 in excess of 1900	35,000.00
Amount appropriated for maintenance of deaf and dumb school at Morganton in excess of 1900	5,000.00
Amount appropriated for maintenance of deaf, dumb and blind institution at Raleigh in 1903 in excess of 1900	10,000.00
Amount appropriated for maintenance of university in 1903 in excess of 1900	12,500.00
Amount appropriated for maintenance of insane in the hospital at Goldsboro in 1903 in excess of 1900	18,000.00
Amount appropriated in 1903 for dangerous insane which were not provided for at all under the Fusion administration	6,000.00
Amount appropriated for maintenance of soldiers' homes in 1903 in excess of 1900	3,000.00
Amount appropriated for Normal and Industrial schools in 1903 in excess of 1900	15,000.00
Amount appropriated for Normal hospital at Raleigh in 1903 in excess of 1900	16,500.00
Amount paid out of treasury in 1903 for repairs on new buildings at colleges and asylums in excess of that paid in 1900	91,186.00
Amount expended in 1903 on the State Normal school in excess of 1900	200,000.00
Amount disbursed in 1903 for educational purposes in excess of 1900	1,628.06
Amount disbursed for educational purposes in 1903 in excess of 1900	119,371.77
Amount appropriated for the maintenance of asylums and hospitals in excess of the Fusion administration	831,557.77
Amount expended in 1903, last year of the Fusion administration, for the maintenance of asylums and hospitals	2,322,404.24
Amount expended in 1903, last year of the Fusion administration, for the maintenance of asylums and hospitals	1,648,012.72

ing the \$631,557.77 disbursed by the present administration in 1903 for schools and hospital buildings and repairs and equipment, in excess of the amount paid during the last year of Russell's administration for the same purposes, and the \$200,000.00 paid in 1903 in settlement of loan made necessary by the Russell administration, the disbursements of the present administration in 1903 were \$157,106.67 less than those of Russell's administration in 1900.

The disbursements in 1900, the last year of Russell's administration, were more than three times as great as the total disbursements in 1903, the last year of the Vance-Jarvis administration, and Russell spent during the last year of his administration for schools, asylums and pensions to Confederate soldiers \$631,557.77 less than the Democrats spent in 1903 for the same purposes.

Now for Color Photography.

The Kodak artist, weary with the season's uniform results of his skill, has cause for rejoicing. Color photography has been practically demonstrated in Paris, Berlin and Vienna, and is within the reach of all. If the news that comes from these different points is not shown to be misleading, the great mystery which so many scientists in all parts of the world have been trying to solve, of reproducing the colors of nature in a photograph, is a mystery no longer.

The invention is credited to the joint efforts of an Austrian and a German, Prof. de Slavick and Dr. Hezekiel, and, contrary to all previously tried experiments, the photographic instrument itself is only an incident to the operation. The paper on which the picture is printed produces the colors. The Ives process and the experiments of Charles Cros, Ducos de Hauron, Lippmann, and others, all proceeded on the hypothesis that in order to obtain color effects it was necessary to photograph the objects through screens, and combining the three colors thus obtained, to produce as nearly as could be the harmony intended.

The new process takes the negative after it is developed and fixed, and prints from it directly on the color-sensitized paper, and by a process of washing the most delicate differentiation of tone in the color scheme of nature is produced. The results obtained at first trial, by merely following the directions on the package of paper, are said to be perfect in the hands of a person of ordinary skill and judgment. The secret rests on scientific grounds, and is held to account readily for the wonders achieved. The paper is covered with ten chemical coatings, separated each from the other by layers of soluble gelatin and corresponding to the length of a certain light wave or certain shade of color. The light waves attack the chemical layers with more or less energy, and accordingly as they produce different colors are stopped in their passage through the layers. The paper is then subjected to a flow of water of a certain degree of heat, which dissolves the gelatin and exposes the different colors according to the amount of light energy with which they have been affected in the process of printing. When the process of washing the print is finished the picture stands out in the full radiance of the colors of nature, the blue sky with the white clouds, and the different shades of green of the foreground with the shades of green of the distant trees.

The process has become a fashionable fad in the cities named, and everybody is hunting up favorite negatives to print on the new paper. Thus amateur photography has received a new energizing force, which will add to the joy of living in those who pursue the art, while professional photography will be benefited no less.

Primary in South Carolina.

Democratic primary elections were held throughout South Carolina last week for state and county officers and members of Congress. Success in this primary insures success in the general election as the Republicans make no nominations except possibly in some districts for Congress. The state officers nominated without opposition were: For governor, D. C. Heyward; lieutenant governor, John T. Sloan; secretary of state, J. T. Gantt; attorney general, U. N. Gunter, Jr.; state treasurer, B. H. Jennings; comptroller general, A. W. Jones; superintendent of education, O. B. Martin; adjutant general, J. D. Frost. The renomination of Congressman George S. Legare, of the first; Wyatt Aiken, of the third; Joseph T. Johnson, of the fourth; D. E. Finley, of the fifth; and A. F. Lever, of the seventh districts is assured. A second primary will probably be held in the second and sixth congressional districts.

DUMPING RAILS INTO CANADA.

An Illustration of One of the Workings of the Tariff System.

Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

It is in the columns of the senior Republican organ of New York that announcement is made of the sale of 60,000 tons of steel rails by the United States Steel Corporation to the Canadian Pacific Railroad—"at the regular export price, which is generally believed to be between \$19 and \$21 a ton." The price demanded by the trust of a home railroad is \$25, which it is enabled to impose by reason of a customs duty on steel rails of \$7.84 a ton. That tariff just about measures the difference between the price charged an outside railroad and the home market price. To tax a home industry \$7.84 a ton, or a third more than a competing foreign industry, by virtue of the tariff, is what nowadays passes under the name of "protection to home industry." If this duty were swept away, the monopoly fans of the steel trust would be pulled out; it could charge home railroads only about what it is charging foreign, and it can afford to make rails at \$20 a ton for home roads, as well as for foreign roads.

Our Canadian neighbors should enjoy such a situation, and they say they would were it not for the fact that they have capital invested in a steel rail industry, and are without assurance that the United States steel trust would continue to sell at the low prices after they had destroyed the Canadian industry. And so they have put into effect an "anti-dumping" measure, which will apply to this particular export of steel rails. This measure provides that a dutiable article imported and sold in Canada at a price lower than that which prevails in the market of the exporting country shall pay an additional duty not more than half the regular duty and not less than the difference between the regular and the "dumping" price of the article in question.

For example, suppose the regular Canadian duty on steel rails is \$5 a ton, and the price paid by the Canadian Pacific road for these rails is \$20. Then the extra duty will be \$2.50, and the total customs tax on this importation would be \$7.50 a ton, bringing the price of the rails to the Canadian Pacific up to \$27.50 a ton, or nearly what the American roads have to pay. Thus, under the present anti-dumping act of the Canadian government, the Canadian Pacific will lose to that government all the advantage over American railroads which an American steel trust would give to it.

Provided, of course, the Canadian government can enforce its new law. That may seem an easy matter, but when nobody outside of the steel corporation on this side of the line can know exactly what the dumping price is in a particular case, how are the customs authorities of Canada to be sure that they know? Anyhow, some interest will be felt in the United States in the operation of this anti-dumping arrangement.

Davis' Only Son Typhoid Stricken.

Elkins, W. Va., Aug. 30.—John T. Davis, only son of the Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate, was brought home from New York today in the private car Graceland, suffering from a malignant attack of typhoid fever.

The patient was accompanied by his wife and children and Dr. Homer Gibney, of New York.

Mr. Davis was taken ill one week ago at the home of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Armistead, at Sea Gate, New York, and had grown gradually worse until it was decided to bring him home.

On arriving here he was taken in an ambulance to Davis Memorial Hospital where tonight he is pronounced by his physician, Dr. Golden, as being dangerously ill.

Senator Davis is very much distressed. His wife and his daughter, Mrs. Brown, died of typhoid.

John Davis is known and loved by young and old in Elkins, and sympathy for him and his family is universal.

Colony for South Carolina.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 29.—An agent representing a colonization society of the Northwest tonight closed a trade for 10,000 acres in Lexington county. This will be divided into farms of 40 acres each and will be sold to Scandinavian truck farmers, who will come here to escape the severe winters of the Northwest. The amount paid is nearly \$150,000. This agent will take up five other options before leaving the state and proceed to have them occupied by colonists. The tract sold today is about 20 miles south of Columbia, on the Southern's trunk line to Florida.

The Constitution or the Sword.

Could there be put in one short paragraph a more striking contrast of two men than that which Senator Joseph W. Bailey made between Roosevelt and Parker in his recent Brooklyn address when he said:

"THERE STANDS THE PRESIDENT, WITH HIS FEET ON THE CONSTITUTION AND HIS SWORD IN HIS HAND. HERE STANDS OUR CANDIDATE, WITH HIS FEET ON THE SWORD AND THE CONSTITUTION IN HIS HANDS. WHICH WOULD YOU CHOOSE?"

There, if you please, is the boiled down essence of the political contest now pressing upon us. On the one hand a tempestuous, self-willed, inordinately ambitious, erratic character, who is guided by his own desires and who brooks not even the constitution when it conflicts with him, a man who is typified by the sword and gun, a man run amuck with the idea of his own greatness, a man who believes "I am the state."

And on the other hand, who? A man whose very life marks him as a true conservator of law. A man who reveres the constitution, a man who can find in the law of his country ample grounds for every protection needed for its people, ample scope for every onward movement demanded by the advance of the age, a man of sane temper, of energetic vitality guided by reason, of equipoise of character, a man by whom every right of the people of this nation would be safeguarded without bluster, a man who is moved by the steady breeze of reason, not by the ill advised gusts of expediency for self and party.

If this nation seeks a return to its true principles there can be no doubt as to the result in November, for in the person of Judge Parker, Democratic nominee for President, there is embodied all that is safe, sane and sound. He stands for the constitution and what it means, while his opponent places his heel upon it, and with sword in hand, tilts at the world with the folly of a reckless boy, caring not for results except as they tend to glorify him.

A VERMONT'S THRIFT.

How the Village Miller Made Sure the Meal Was "Tolled."

The cloak rooms of the Capitol, the smoking parlors of the Senate and House, are the clearing house for the yarns gathered by the solons in their peregrinations through the country. During a lull in the exchange of campaign reminiscences a story was told of Yankee thrift up among the mountains of Vermont. In the little hamlet of Tunbridge, a sturdy settlement that nestles between granite-ribbed hills in Orange county, dwell some 1,200 intelligent, God-fearing citizens who give measure for measure and ask odds of no one. But down at the fork of the roads in the village is an old grist mill, and up on the hillside the tillers of the soil protested that the miller, one Cushman by name, exacted more grist as his commission than tradition allowed.

Instead of taking cash, millers commonly retain a portion of the corn meal or other grist as their payment. Now Cushman had three sons who helped in the mill. When a farmer backed up to the antiquated structure, left his corn, posted off to the village store, and an hour later returned to the mill for his meal, the miller, so the story goes, paused in his work, and shouted to his son, Axel:

"Axel, did you toll that meal?"

"Yes, father," answered the youth. The miller proposed to take no chances on losing his commission, and concluded that his son might be mistaken. He called to his second son:

"Eph," he called out, "how about that meal? did you toll it?"

"Yes, father, I attended to it."

The farmer tapped his boot against the whippstock while he wondered how many more times the same grist would have to yield the miller's commission. The miller was not yet satisfied, and sought final proof that his interests had been guarded. He thought of his third son. "Joe," he called out, "did you toll that meal?"

Once more the son interpreted the father's mind from afar off and answered: "Yes, father, I tolled that meal."

The miller was about to throw the meal-bag into the wagon, but suddenly paused. "Well," he ejaculated, as he turned to his eldest son, "you're all such pesky liars I'm dinged if I don't toll it myself to make sure." And, suiting the action to the words, the miller himself extracted the commission that the farmers say had been extracted thrice before.

Facts That Count in Life Insurance

It is not what you pay out, but what you get back. Read this letter:

Peacock & Gold Company, General Agents Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York, Greensboro, N. C.
Gentlemen—We beg to acknowledge receipt of checks aggregating \$2,527.00, payable to the various beneficiaries under Policies Nos. 60,569 and 73,331, for \$1,000 each, upon the life of the late W. J. Clary, of Greensboro, N. C.
These policies were taken out on April 30th, 1891, and December 28th, 1895, respectively, and since that time, in less than ten years, have accumulated \$27,000 in additional insurance. They have proven a very profitable investment, and the excellent earnings of same should be sufficient warranty of the excellent management of the company and another evidence of the truthfulness of its claim of the largest returns to its policy-holders.
Yours very truly, (Signed) ALICE P. CLARY

This only one among many. You can do the same for those you love.

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But you can buy one from C. C. Townsend & Co. as cheap as you can buy one at retail from any catalogue house or dealer on earth, and you will get with it a GUARANTEE FROM TOWNSEND & CO. AGAINST DEFECTS and won't have to send all the way back to the factory as you will if bought from catalogue houses. Come along with the lowest prices you can get and the cash and you get the vehicle.

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To Plant More Fruit Trees

Write for our free illustrated catalogue, also pamphlet on "How to Plant and Cultivate an Orchard."

Gives all necessary information.

Large stock, best trees, good assortment. Our trees are reliable—bear true to name. The only kind you can afford to plant.

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ESTABLISHED 1821.

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Address all letters to THE PATRIOT, Greensboro, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 7, 1904.

Already Admits His Defeat.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Mr. C. J. Harris, the Republican candidate for governor, has been to this city and New York recently. Mr. Harris is represented as having acknowledged that he expected the majority against him in the approaching election to range somewhere between 50,000 and 75,000, the figures being a mere matter of detail. The reporter in recording the admission of the Republican candidate, says it is refreshing to find a man who acknowledges that he is licked, even before the polls are closed. At Democratic headquarters it was remarked by one of those in charge, that while an honest confession might be good for the soul, it would hardly be good for the Republican managers, who were insisting that there were more than a fighting chance to carry two congressional districts in North Carolina. The figures given by Mr. Harris, said the Democrat in question, rather indicate that Republicans regard the whole field as unworthy of cultivation. But Mr. Harris has been heard to say within the past few days that he expected the Republicans to be successful in the Tenth. His personal efforts contributed largely to the success of Judge Ewart in the contest which that gentleman had to make for the nomination.

Negro Labor Experiment in the Durham Hosiery Mill.

Durham, Sept. 2.—The Durham Hosiery Mill is trying the experiment of working colored help. A mill has been fitted up with several machines, the old furniture factory being occupied, and negroes are doing the work. The experimental mill began work yesterday. If successful this will be the only hosiery mill in the United States in which colored help will do all the work.

It is contemplated by the management if the experiment proves successful that 250 machines will be installed in the colored cotton mill and manufacture about two thousand dozen hose per day. For the present, however, only a limited number of machines will be used.

This step was taken by the hosiery mill because, it is claimed, that it is almost impossible to get white help, at least all that is needed. The large mill of this company is pushed to its utmost to fill orders, and finally the colored help was sprung.

Mr. Julian S. Carr, Jr., is president of the Durham Hosiery mill. He hopes in time to make the colored mill as large as the old one.

Tragedy in Caswell County.

Reidsville, Sept. 4.—Green Evans was shot and killed by Tom Rice in Caswell county last night. Both parties are white. Evans is about 45 years of age, and is survived by a wife and several children, and Rice is a young man about 20 years old. The men quarreled over a crop of tobacco. Rice resorting to drastic measures. The homicide created much excitement—large crowds from the neighboring section visited the scene of the tragedy today. Rice immediately surrendered himself to the county authorities. Both men are well known and highly respected in Caswell, and the tragedy is generally regretted.

Prof. J. F. Bivins Killed.

Durham, Sept. 5.—Prof. J. F. Bivins, headmaster of the Trinity Park School, was killed this morning by falling from a train on the Seaboard road about six miles from Durham. He was returning with his bride of five days from a trip to Virginia Beach.

Neil Sellers and Dave Brown, two negroes who have confessed participation in the awful crime which caused the death of Mrs. Geo. Packer near Clarkston, last Saturday, narrowly escaped lynching at Wilmington last night, where they had been carried for safe keeping. Only the presence of the militia saved the brutes, and they were later transferred to the penitentiary at Raleigh to await trial.

Judge Cullen, of Brooklyn, has been appointed Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, of New York, succeeding Judge Alton B. Parker, resigned. Judge Cullen is a Democrat and is now serving as an additional judge of the Court of Appeals, a position to which he was designated by Theodore Roosevelt, then governor of New York.

Emergency Medicines.

It is a great convenience to have at hand reliable remedies for use in cases of accident and for slight injuries and ailments. A good liniment and one that is fast becoming a favorite if not a household necessity is Chamberlain's Pain Balm. By applying it promptly to a cut, bruise or burn it allays the pain and causes the injury to heal in about one-third the time usually required, and as it is an antiseptic it prevents any danger of blood poisoning. When Pain Balm is kept at hand a sprain may be treated before inflammation sets in, which insures a quick recovery. For sale by Conyers & Sykes.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure no pay. 50c.

BOARD OF ELECTIONS MEETS.

Registrars and Judges of November Election Appointed.

The Guilford county board of elections met in the office of the clerk Monday with John S. Michaux, F. M. Pickett and R. D. Douglas present. Mr. Michaux was elected chairman and Mr. Pickett secretary.

On motion the following were appointed registrars of the election in November:

Washington—C. A. Tickle. North Rock Creek—J. L. Whitesell. South Rock Creek—J. W. Summers. Greene—G. M. Amick. North Madison—J. R. Moore. South Madison—W. A. Heath. North Jefferson—W. L. Lindsay. South Jefferson—H. L. Hanner. Clay—J. H. Coble. North Monroe—J. J. Mitchell. South Monroe—Robt. Gilchrist. North Gilmer (outside)—R. G. Campbell. Precinct No. 3—G. H. McKinney. Precinct No. 4—Walter Greene. Fentress—R. F. Fentress. Center Grove—W. H. Warren. Precinct No. 2—W. R. Land. Precinct No. 1—J. H. Walsh. South Morehead (outside)—John W. Cook.

On motion the following were appointed judges of election: Washington—C. M. Zimmerman and M. V. Brown. North Rock Creek—H. B. Owen and Earle Fonville. South Rock Creek—Levi Barnhardt and Chas. W. Overman. Greene—R. D. White and John W. Corsbie. North Madison—Geo. W. Lemmons and J. D. Johnson. South Madison—John R. Boone and P. M. Michael. North Jefferson—J. W. Paisley and Wm. Cobb. South Jefferson—B. C. Troxler and M. C. Shaw. Clay—T. R. Greason and C. C. Causey. North Monroe—J. A. Beville and J. Lee Pitchford. South Monroe—Jas. A. May and J. R. Schoolfield. North Gilmer (outside)—John E. McKnight and Harrington Bunting. Precinct No. 3—H. W. Wharton and J. C. Bain. Precinct No. 4—J. R. Donnell and George W. Clapp. Fentress—John M. McCulloch and P. M. Riley. Center Grove—Levi Walker and Henry Gordon. Precinct No. 2—J. M. Pegram and G. Will Arnfield. Precinct No. 1—I. F. Bennett and R. G. White. South Morehead (outside)—L. E. Duffy and Adam Hinshaw. Summer—W. S. Groome and Shubal Davis. Summerfield—J. B. Ogburn and W. C. Deboe. Friendship—T. T. Dudley and N. M. Knight. Jamestown—H. F. Merritt and M. E. Futrell. Oak Ridge—Frank Barber and L. C. Hufflines. Deep River—Samuel Pitts and T. B. Gray. North High Point—A. R. Hammer and D. S. Gurley. South High Point—W. T. Parker and John F. Payne.

MAID AND MADNESS.

Close Relationship Supposed to Exist Between Love and Insanity.

New York Evening Telegram.

Love and insanity are blood kindred. They have formed the theme of master works in art; they have been the impelling force in crimes without number—a melancholy conjunction, dark with anguish and moist with tears; a tragic coupling out of which is born a Gorgon-headed grief. But this is an age in which precedent is either rudely disturbed or wholly ignored, and it is a pleasure to announce that the love and insanity tradition has been discredited, and Cupid can look the snake-crowned horror in the face without blinking an eyelid.

The Philadelphia heiress who eloped with a man who was twice in an insane asylum possesses all of the dauntlessness and determination of a great explorer.

The land of distorted shapes and vague shadows in which her beloved had wandered for many long days separated her from him as though he were in the infinite shadowland behind the stars—a far, fixed place like the asphodel meadows of the dead, from which none ever return. But he came back twice. Who shall say what call, what influence, reached him and led him back to the lucid sunlight?

This girl who loves him well enough to defy family and the fate which is upon him must realize that though far, far away, the land of shapeless things wherein he was held is still near. In the flutter of an eyelid or in the space of a brief sigh he may be carried again over the border.

Given the fact that a man deeply loves a woman, and providing she loves him in the same degree, she will go to any extreme for him; suffer pain, anguish, stand bravely under the poisoned stings of obloquy, or, if need be, lay down her life for him. A judicial observer will say that here is where love approaches insanity, and that if a young woman, under these circumstances, marries a lunatic she must be quite as insane as he.

Do not let us entertain such a thought for a moment. If we begin giving values to emotion in that fashion, sentiment and romance must be discredited and banished. Bulged-browed scientists may tell us just how much chemicals make up the human body; of the formation and operation of the brain, and the effect of various emotions on the heart action, but love, as great a mystery as life and death, will go on forever.

The devotion of the girl who is the bride of a man twice the inmate of an insane asylum should take rank among the great loves of history and legend.

In this hard, material age, it is a hopeful sign that all of the poetry and rhythm has not gone out of life, and the soft texture of romance is sometimes to be detected woven in the material commonplace like a delicate golden thread.

If you are a woman, reader, ask yourself if love is strong enough to hold fast and safe a man from the world of madness; to so envelop him and become a part of him that in the struggle, if come it must, the woman is fighting the common danger as stubbornly as the man? Or if it be so that the man cannot consciously resist, she will take on the fight alone.

Frequently it is difficult to hold a man's love under normal conditions. What must it be when a woman is apprehensive that she must combat unseen rivals for his heart—jeering shadow shapes that stand behind him, waiting, waiting?

Perfect love can work miracles. If a wife so studies a man's mind and moods and so assimilates with him that his soul is open to her as a day at noon; if she in turn gives back as much as she takes, and all of their mental and spiritual qualities so commingle that they are one mind and one soul, then has she the power to hold him against all save death. This is perfect marriage, of which, it is to be regretted, there are few today.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 50c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

KAUFMANN'S

306 SOUTH ELM ST.

Haberdasher. Men's Shoes.

\$5 and \$6
Oxfords!

Patent Colt,
Patent Vici, Black
Vici and Russia
Tan at

\$3.50

the Boyden and
Nettleton make.

Any Straw Hat
at Half Price

Now is your
chance to buy
some bargains,
but don't wait till
it's too late.

KAUFMANN'S

"THE MEN'S STORE."

One Price. Cash Only.

Spot Cash

Paid for green and dry Hides,
Sheep Skins, Tallow, Bees
Wax, Chickens, Eggs
and all Produce.
Wool, Washed and Unwashed.

A. C. FORSYTH

112 LEWIS STREET.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Friendship township leading from J. D. Hunt's barns southeasterly over the lands of N. M. Knight, J. D. Hunt and others, to intersect with a road leading from S. H. Davis to the Burnt Poplar, at a point near the road that leads to Jeff Smith's, this is to notify any person objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, Oct. 4th, 1904, and state said objection, otherwise the petition will be granted.

W. H. RAGAN, Chm. B. C. C.

GARDNER'S CHILL PILLS CURE
50c GUARANTEED 50c
DRUGGISTS
NORTH STATE CHEMICAL CO.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

HARRY-BELK BROS. CO.

World Challenging Bargains!

This great establishment is now all aglow with bargain offerings of the most dazzling brilliancy--bargains such as only this great concern with its dozen or more big stores throughout this section can afford to give. Come! We'll show you a tremendous variety to choose from in the very latest qualities and up-to-date styles. Throngs of eager purchasers will take advantage of this extraordinary sale. So we urge you to be on hand early. Scan these items:

Muslin Underwear

Children's Drawers at 10 cents up.
Misses' Skirts at 50 cents up.
Ladies' Gowns at 39, 50, 75 cents up to \$2.50.
Ladies' Drawers at 25 cents up.
Ladies' Skirts at 49 cents up to \$5.
\$1.50 worth of Towels for \$1.20, or 15c Linen
Huck Towels for 10c.

Special Trunk Sale

Special Trunk sale this week. Canvas flat top
Trunks, \$2.25 up.
Roller tray and automatic two tray Trunks, \$8
to \$18.

Special Millinery Sale

Our bargain guns have opened up in our Millinery Department. So catch the values as they fall.
Ladies' Fancy Trimmed Hats, worth \$2.50 to \$3,
at \$1.98.
All Pattern Hats from one-third to one-half off.
Veils and Veiling of every kind.
Now you may look where you will and you'll
not be able to duplicate the values we will offer.

5-Cent Counter

Pretty Sheer Batiste, White Lawn in short
lengths, value up to 10 and 12½ cents, on one counter
and at the one price of 5 cents.

Shoes and Furnishings

50 pairs Men's \$3 Shoes at only \$1.98.
48 pairs Ladies' \$2.50 and \$3 Shoes at \$1.75.
Men's \$1 Shirt at 50 cents.
Men's Negligee Shirts, regular \$1 Shirt, today at
50 cents.
15c Collars at 5c; Suspenders at 5c up.
15c Fancy Socks at 10c a pair.

Some Specials

25c Poplin or Rep at 10c a yard, one of the best
and most suitable for Shirt Waist Suits, scooped in
by us at half price; 1,200 yards while it lasts at 10c
a yard.
5c Colored Lawns at 2½c a yard.
100 White Quilts, worth \$1.50, special at 98c.
Danish Cloth at 15c a yard.
15c White Voile at 10c a yard.

HARRY-BELK BROTHERS COMPANY

CHEAPEST STORE ON EARTH

240-242 S. ELM ST.,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Mr. Man, 'tote fair'

with your good lady--buy that new
cook stove you have been promising
to get for her.

You know when you want a new plow, mowing machine, hay
rake or anything in your department, you get it. Now look after
her department. We carry a full and complete line of

STOVES AND RANGES

PRICES RANGING FROM

\$8 UP TO \$60

and can supply your needs in that direction. Remember that they
are fully guaranteed. We take the risk--if they don't do the work
you get your money back. You can certainly save money by trading
with us. Try it.

WAKEFIELD HARDWARE Co.

"THE STOVE PEOPLE."

THE CANDIDATE

Polling the largest vote in the next election for any office within the gift of the people of Guilford county will be declared the most popular candidate and will receive, with our compliments, (if he will accept them) a pair of

WALK-OVER SHOES

J. M. Hendrix & Co.

Neighborhood News.

Matters of Interest Reported by Our Corps of Correspondents.

Elberta Items.

Mrs. R. M. Gladstone spent part of last week with friends at High Point.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Foard are visiting relatives near Jamestown for a few days.

Mrs. Dorcas Roach, of Climax, recently visited her sister, Mrs. Levi Scott.

Messrs. C. E. Glass, W. F. Low and J. B. Huffman have returned from St. Louis.

Miss Annie Scott spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Scott near Greensboro.

Messrs. Hovie Mendenhall and Virtie Sharp will teach South Buffalo graded schools this year.

Terry and Charlie Sharp are again in school, the former at Guilford and the latter at Chapel Hill.

Miss Lettie Glass will leave Friday for Stateville, where she will teach school the coming year.

Messrs. Edie McLean and Netta Flemming spent a few days at Mr. Jas. Whiteley's, of our place.

Mr. Dorsett, of Randolph, has purchased Mr. John Moore's farm and will move his family there this fall.

Rev. R. A. Brown left Friday for his home in Waycross, Ga. Mrs. Brown and both will remain a few weeks.

Messrs. Leola Thom and Joanna Hardin were appointed teachers for the Tucker and Cedar Hill schools this year.

Among our late visitors were Messrs. Charlie Tucker, W. R. Troxler, Miss Vera Northam and Miss Mary McAdams.

Mrs. Malcomb and daughter, of Greensboro, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kirkman last week and attended the Moriah meeting.

Vetie and Gertie Sharp, Mamie Plunket, Lizzie Glass, Lillie Sharp, Albert Earnest, Terry and Charlie Sharp attended children's day services at Buffalo Sunday.

The meeting at Moriah conducted by the pastor, Rev. Pike, assisted by Rev. H. J. Hartzell, of Danbury, and Rev. R. B. Andrews, of Greensboro, was one of the greatest revivals we have had for years. The church was greatly revived and there were nearly twenty conversions. Mr. Hartzell was once pastor of this church and has many warm friends here.

Dak Ridge Items.

J. Kemp Dougherty, of Alleghany, has been added to our corps of teachers.

Mrs. Clara Case will enter the State Normal College at Greensboro this fall.

A. B. Lambeth visited Mrs. M. H. Hill here yesterday. She is not well at all.

Charles Bernard, Esq., of Raleigh, was here recently to place his son in school.

Mrs. J. W. Menefee, of Graham, was here last week to place her two sons in school.

J. W. Carter, a prosperous merchant of Winston, paid us a flying trip last week to place two sons in school.

John Harty Holt went to Chapel Hill Monday to enter the University.

Edna B. Holt also went down for a few days.

An enthusiastic meeting of students last week was decided to put on a play this fall, and meet at the school.

Mr. Wilson, who visited last week to place his son in school, expressed himself as delighted with the school and surroundings.

Among the new students we note Mr. B. B. Bynum, Merritt, Hubert

Bishop, Herbert Ogburn and Robert Walker.

Mt. Airy leads all towns in North Carolina in the number of students here. She contributes 12. Among other towns Charlotte contributes 3, Statesville 7, Morganton 2, Asheville 2, Lenoir 3, Shelby 3, Durham 8, Greensboro 5, Wilmington 7, Goldsboro 3, Wilson 7, Kinston 6, Newbern 3, Rocky Mount 3, Enfield 3, Louisburg 3. Among other states represented are South Carolina, Virginia, Georgia, Mississippi, Oregon, Connecticut and Texas.

Guilford College Items.

We have had plenty of rain during the past week.

Dr. Fox and son Tom are spending this week at the St. Louis exposition.

Miss Ella Peacock is still quite sick with fever. She is at the home of Mr. B. Y. Edwards.

Prof. J. Wilson Carrell, of Lewisville, called at the college last Monday on his way to Reidsville.

Miss Lina Worth, who has been with her sister in Charlotte for some months past, came home last Friday.

Mrs. Lydia Blair is slowly improving. She is spending a few weeks in Greensboro with relatives and friends.

Mr. Robert Dick, who is now with the Southern Loan and Trust Co., Greensboro, spent last Sunday at the college.

Mr. D. W. Lindley is pushing the work on his large new residence near this place, and will soon have it ready to move into.

Miss Auvella Lindsay left for High Point last Friday to be ready for school Monday morning. She takes charge of the seventh grade this year.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Blackburn returned from Morris Springs last Saturday. Mr. Blackburn's health improved considerably during his trip.

Mr. R. F. Causey, who has been managing the electric light plant at the college, has resigned and moved to Greensboro. Mr. Will Hinton takes his place here.

School opened in the college Tuesday with a large attendance, and students are still coming in. The indications now are that it will be a prosperous year with the college.

Whitsett Items.

An art class is being organized this term.

Mr. DeWitt Holt, of Graham, spent Saturday here.

Mr. G. W. Davenport is building an addition to his residence.

Regular services were held Sunday in the Reformed church.

Messrs. Barnhardt and Dick have returned to the University.

A lecture on "Training" attracted a large audience Saturday evening.

Quite a number of visitors attended opening exercises last Wednesday.

School has opened and students are entering daily. The attendance is excellent this year.

The reception will be held Saturday evening, Sept. 10th. All friends of the school are invited.

Prof. Whitsett was in Greensboro Saturday at a meeting of the county board of education.

The literary societies began their regular work last Friday with large numbers of new members.

Mr. S. C. Wooten, of Edgecombe, has been visiting here for a few days. He is on his way to enter the University.

Mr. J. R. Coleman, of the valley of Virginia, now a prominent business man of that section, was over the first of the week to enter his brother in school. Mr. Coleman was a student here eight years ago.

Brick Church Items.

Miss Dora Kinder, of Rowan county, is a welcome visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Fogleman, of Burlington, were here last week.

Mr. Thomas Coble, of Burlington, visited his mother here last week.

Mr. Joe Hoffman, of Elberta, attended a few services at Low's church last week.

Mr. J. M. May, of Greensboro, made a short visit to his parents here a few days ago.

Messrs. J. B. Robertson, C. C. Barnhardt and J. F. Greason have returned to college again.

Mr. and Mrs. Efrid, of Albemarle, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Fogleman last week.

Brookfield school closes September 17th. An entertainment will be given by the children at 10 a. m.

Miss Penny Phillips, an aged lady, was buried at Brick Church last Tuesday evening. Rev. R. R. Sowers performed the burial services.

Rev. R. R. Sowers has just closed a successful meeting at Low's church. He was very ably assisted by Revs. Wade, of Davidson, Lingle and Parker, of Gibsonville.

The harvest home and children's day exercises will be held at Low's church on the fourth Sunday in this month. Rev. Cox, of Burlington, will speak to the people in the morning. The afternoon will be devoted to the children's exercises.

Westminster Items.

Farmers are busy taking fodder.

Miss Hortense White is on the sick list this week.

A twelve pound boy arrived at B. A. Jordan's Sunday.

Mr. C. A. Parrish, of Greensboro, visited in this neighborhood Sunday.

Mr. Orville Willard has moved his saw mill to Frank Davis' place.

Miss Emma Thrift and Mrs. Virgil Beard visited friends in Greensboro Sunday.

Mr. N. L. Gossett is raising a crop of pumpkins on his house roof. Heat that if you can.

Miss Annie Thrift, who has been visiting her sister in Greensboro, returned home last week.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions, Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at all druggists.

Geneva Items.

The farmers are very busy saving tobacco.

The drought was broken last Wednesday night by a nice shower of rain.

Mr. C. W. Williams, of Burlington, is preparing to build a handsome eight-room residence at this place soon.

Mr. Samuel and Carey Williams have returned from a tour of western North Carolina. They report a very pleasant trip.

We notice quite a number of our boys and girls are going away to school this fall, and we are sorry to see them go. However, we hope they have enjoyed their vacations with us.

The protracted meeting closed at Glencoe last Friday. There were eleven persons received into the church. The meeting at Mt. Bethal closed last Thursday. There were several conversions.

Miss Eva Williams was severely burned about the face and arm a few days ago caused by the explosion of a package of gunpowder which she accidentally threw in the stove together with some loose paper.

A house party has been in progress at Mr. Joseph F. McCollum's for the past two weeks. Among the members we notice the following young ladies: Miss Beatrice Coltrane, of Randleman; Misses Mary Chambers and Mary Anderson, of Madison; Misses Gillie Griffin and Nettie Purgason, of Intelligence; Miss Connie Sikes, of Greensboro; Misses Nora and Bettie McCollum, Lucy Horsford and Minnie Price, of Summerfield. It is needless to say that there were numbers of young men there.

Center Items.

Mr. H. M. Hockett is slightly indisposed this week.

Mr. Z. G. Otwell's children are visiting near Tabernacle.

The camp meeting at Bethlehem closed last Friday night.

Mr. M. B. Murrow is at Grand Canyon with the local ball team.

Mr. Lee Cranford, of Pine Grove, leaves today for Jefferson Academy.

There is but little change in the condition of Mrs. D. L. Hodgins. She has slow fever.

Mr. M. Davis Branon, of Greensboro, will preach at Center next Sunday, the 11th. The public invited.

Hockett & Johnson have closed a deal with the Greensboro Table and Mantle Co. for 150,000 feet of oak lumber and are shipping right along.

Ask Mr. J. S. Murrow about the rain at his place last Thursday. He had to wade a small branch near his house which took him near the arm pits.

Mr. J. E. Candler, the Randleman rural mail route carrier, who passes near here, had his horse knocked down by lightning last Thursday evening.

Next Saturday, the 10th, is set apart to meet and clean off the graveyard and grounds at Center. All who have relatives and friends buried there are respectfully invited to come out and take a part.

Level Cross Items.

Miss Mary Swain, of Randleman, visited friends here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Farlow visited friends at Edgar last Sunday.

Mr. Clyde Hinchshaw, of High Point, is visiting his parents here this week.

Mr. J. G. Farlow is making preparations to build on his farm near this place.

Misses Beatrice Coltrane and Corrie Sikes have been visiting friends near Summerfield.

Misses Ruhamah Coltrane and Katie Ferree visited Miss May Davis at Edgar last Sunday.

Quite a number of our young people attended the camp meeting at Bethlehem last Sunday.

Mr. K. G. Coltrane is having a well dug on his new farm on the Greensboro and Randleman road.

Mr. Earl Roberson, one of our most excellent young men, who worked at High Point, was brought home with typhoid fever about two weeks ago. He died last Sunday and was buried at Center last Monday. Mr. R. M. Hodgins, of High Point, another former resident of this place, was buried here Monday. We with many friends wish to express our sympathy for the bereaved.

Collax Items.

C. R. Robinson has opened his new store at this place.

The Rev. I. O. Gray is holding services at Shady Grove for a week.

Tobacco is ripening rapidly in this section. Many are cutting and curing.

Boys in this neighborhood still seem to prefer watermelons served in the moonlight to any other place.

Some families in this neighborhood have recently been troubled with diphtheria, though none seriously.

Miss Daisy Atkins, a young lady of this neighborhood, left today for Tarboro, where she will act as nurse in a hospital.

WANTED—Bright, intelligent young men and women. We receive applications for full graduates for positions paying from \$450 to \$900 per year, many of which we cannot fill. These statements we make on our honor, and Peele College is reliable in every respect. In successful operation for four years. Not a single graduate out of a position today. **PEELE COLLEGE OF BUSINESS, Greensboro, N. C.**

Bring Me Your

PRODUCE

I guarantee the market prices and pay cash.

JAY H. BOONE

CITY MARKET.

CIDER MILLS

IT'S so easy to make a mistake. If it's the most cider and least loss of fruit that you desire you should try our Excelsior Cider Mills --double action, pressing and grinding at the same time. Saves labor, saves time. This is money, and better cider is more money. The Excelsior is guaranteed to be the best. Money refunded to dissatisfied customer--if we ever find him.

ODELL HARDWARE CO.

Greensboro, N. C.

BIG SHOE SALE

\$2.00 SHOE AT \$1.60

We have just bought 1,600 pairs of Johnson & Watson Greensboro made Shoes that are considered the best \$2 Shoe sold in the United States, but we will sell this lot at \$1.60 for cash only. So if you want to save 40c on a pair of Shoes come to see us.

WE MEAN TO SAVE YOU MONEY

J. B. MATHIS SHOE CO.

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August 1st, is the most
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OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of the PATRIOT.

Washington, Sept. 3.—Congressman Cowherd, chairman of the Democratic Congressional committee, has returned from his visit to the national headquarters at New York in a much more cheerful frame of mind than when he went. I asked him yesterday what message he had for the Democrats of the country and he said, "Tell 'em things is doing!" I am not certain how much money he got from the Sheehan end of the outfit, but he evidently got either a good deal of money or magnificent promises. He showed me a list of fifty-two congressional districts now held by Republicans, a large majority of which he expects to carry on November 8. Of course I shall not give the enemy important information by printing them, but they are in every sizeable Northern state, even Iowa and Minnesota. He is also busily engaged in making a list of available orators who are ready to jump into the ring. Mr. Cowherd thinks it quite as important to capture Congress as to elect Judge Parker, if only one should prove possible, for a Democratic Congress could so block the wheels of the imperial chariot that its running gear would be very badly damaged.

Republicans hope to carry Maryland, but the end of hope has not blossomed into expectation. Democrats believe that the large independent vote of Baltimore will be for the Democratic national ticket and that it will be large enough to save the state. It goes without saying that Senator Gorman, to aid his cousin, ex-Senator Davis, if for no other reason, will do all in his power. His colleague, Senator-elect Rainer, is going on the stump not only to cover all important towns in Maryland, but those of West Virginia. He will make the President's abuse of Admiral Schley a part of his arraignment of the administration and he is one of the most eloquent of platform orators.

Fall service has been inaugurated this week over the fine new steel railroad bridge across the Potomac. It has been three years in building and cost \$750,000. It is half a mile long and stands twenty-one feet in the clear above mean low tide—twice as high as the old bridge. Its companion, the new highway bridge, is being rapidly pushed forward and is its equal in excellence. The electric cars of the Alexandria and Mount Vernon railroad will continue to cross on the old Long Bridge until the completion of the new highway bridge.

The construction of the First Street tunnel running due north and south, through which all trains will henceforth enter the city and the Union Station from the southern end, is being vigorously and rapidly pushed. A mighty shovel is digging its way into Capitol Hill, and is now almost at the edge of the park. By the employment of the most ingenious modern machinery for excavation purposes only 200 men are needed, and they are carrying the tunnel forward at a rate of about 75 feet a week. All the motive power is electricity. It mixes the concrete, propels the shovels, runs the trains and swings the derricks. Masonry work is kept about 600 feet behind the excavating shovel. In three weeks the company will be boring underground along the edge of First street between the capitol and the congressional library. It will be about thirty feet below the surface.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, passed through this city a day or two ago on his return from the East. When asked why he did not take a more pronounced position on the tariff question in his speech at Brooklyn, he said it was no use to talk about impossibilities. The situation of the government is such that a large revenue must be raised. But he would have the tax fall upon the protected class which is better able to bear it, and would relieve the wage earners, who are the main consumers. He is for a sane, sensible revision of the tariff, whatever that may mean, but as Hamlet said to his mother, "Oh, reform it altogether."

While the Republicans are constantly telling the public that a high tariff is necessary to keep up the wages of the working men to a certain standard in this country, they neglect to put a high tariff on immigration, but allow millions of muscular laborers to flock in from Europe who are glad to work at any price. The truth is the trusts and the protected manufacturers want cheap labor, and they care little for the native-born American or his needs. As soon as the laboring men at this truth through their heads they will vote the Democratic ticket and put a stop to free trade in labor.

It is remarked that Mr. Roosevelt had little to say about national economy in his Oyster Bay speech of acceptance. It is a cardinal virtue, however, and applies to nations as well as men. The truth is while he has been President the national expenditures have increased to more than \$2,000,000,000, an excess of \$211,000,000 over the expenditures during the term of President McKinley. At this rate the nation will be driven into bankruptcy, or the taxpayers will revolt.

Indiana continues to remain an uncertain state and is giving much concern to the Republicans, although President Roosevelt professes to be indifferent to the situation.

Hon. B. F. Shreveley, of Indiana, gives it as his opinion that the Democrats can reduce the normal Republican pluralities in Vermont and Maine. And he says the situation in Indiana was never more promising.

If the last Republican Congress had cared anything about the common people—those who work in the fields and travel on the country roads—it would have made hand-some provision for the good road project. But when it comes down to a concrete case of actually passing a law in favor of the working men, or the farmers, the Republicans always halt and shuffle, and do nothing. In France they do things better. That country has 130,000 miles of macadam roads, which are kept in the best condition at a yearly cost of about 48 cents to each inhabitant. There should be half a million miles of such roads in America.

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When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure no pay. 30c.

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Take Tasteless Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

RANDOLPH REPUBLICANS.

Full County Ticket Put Out—Curious Freak of Lightning.

Asheboro, Sept. 3.—The Republican county convention was held here today and was largely attended and much enthusiasm prevailed. The following ticket was nominated: For the Senate, Wiley Talley, of Randleman; House of Representatives, Dr. S. W. Caddell and J. M. Allen; sheriff, Elwood Free, of Franklinton; register of deeds, E. P. Hayes, of Randleman; county commissioners, E. C. Phillips, J. H. McDaniel and J. Elwood Stanton. Hon. R. D. Douglass, of Greensboro, was present, and after the business of the convention was finished, addressed the audience on the issues of the day. His speech was well received and highly appreciated by the delegates present.

During a severe electric storm at Randleman on Thursday evening Mr. A. A. Steed's residence was struck by lightning and greatly damaged. The fluid first came in contact with the point of the lightning rod, broke it off and thence through rod and down into the second floor, tearing off ceiling and weatherboards and displacing the studding. Thence down to the first floor and out into the piazza, tearing the boxed posts asunder. Thence into the family room, burning a streak through the upper ceiling; down a rod from which a large lamp was suspended, shivering the shade into atoms and knocking the lamp to the floor. A newspaper lying near Mrs. Steed was gathered into the circuit and literally torn into shreds and left on the floor without the marks of fire upon it. Mr. and Mrs. Steed and a young man living with them were all in the sitting room when the house was struck, but all escaped injury, except being slightly shocked.

MEAT FAMINE AT ANY COST.

An Extreme Step Taken by the Strike Leaders at Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—"A meat famine will be forced at all costs. It is the best weapon with which to fight the trust packers, although it may not be welcomed by the independents."

In these words President Donnelly, of the butchers' national organization, today declared a boycott against all meat and announced that union men will quit in all packing establishments this afternoon regardless of where live stock is secured.

Donnelly's announcement was made at the conclusion of a meeting of the allied trades conference board.

The executive board of the Retail Meat Dealers' Association of Chicago had just been in conference with Mr. Donnelly and his associates, having come to ask certain concessions for the independent packers and to seek authority to attempt to bring about a meeting between the packers and representatives of the strikers.

By ignoring these latest attempts at peace and by adopting such an aggressive step, the strike leaders demonstrated the intention to make it a fight to a finish. Indications are that the five independent packers within the stockyards enclosure will join the big packers in their fight, while those outside will endeavor to continue operations with union crews. Within the yards the independents are obviously preparing for war, a wagon load of cots having been taken to one plant.

The police record of the strike at the stockyards station to date reads: "Assaults, 46; murders, 4; accidents, 97; removed to hospitals, 43."

Recognition of Bryan Men.

New York, Sept. 2.—Announcement was made at the national Democratic headquarters that former Senator James K. Jones, of Arkansas, who was chairman of the national committee during the past eight years, will be connected with the committee in an advisory capacity. Gen. Walsh, of Iowa, who was chairman of the executive committee during the last campaign, has been placed in charge of the national headquarters.

Messrs. Jones, Johnson and Walsh were the active managers of the campaign of 1900, and Mr. Bryan had no warmer supporters in the party than they. Among those who were adherents of Bryan at St. Louis none were more prominent than Johnson and Walsh.

Further announcement is made that Col. James Guifey, of Pennsylvania, member of the executive committee, will be at headquarters soon and give his time and attention to politics until the end of the campaign. It was stated by an official at headquarters today that the members of the executive committee decided to bring the old campaign managers into active service because there had been criticism among Bryan men that the whole management of the campaign had been turned over to the gold Democrats or those who had not supported the presidential nominee in two elections.

Very Low Rates Announced, Via Southern Railway.

Very low rates are announced via Southern Railway from points on its lines for the following special occasions:

LOS ANGELES AND SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.—Triennial Conclave, Knights Templar, September 5-9, 1904; Sovereign Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., September 19-25, 1904.

Rates for the above occasions open to the public.

Tickets will be sold to these points from all stations on Southern Railway.

Detailed information can be had upon application to any ticket agent of the Southern Railway, or agents of connecting lines, or by addressing the undersigned: R. H. DEBUTTS, Greensboro, N. C.

\$800,000 Fire in Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 3.—Fire on Front street, in the heart of the wholesale district, today destroyed property approximating in value \$800,000. The fire originated in the Oliver-Finnie Company's grocery from an unknown cause. The stock and building were destroyed. The building on the north of the Oliver-Finnie Company, owned by John Denie's Sons, and stored with lime, was partially crushed by falling walls. The Memphis Paper Company's buildings were crushed. They were also partially burned, as was the building of W. E. Early, a wholesale commission merchant, and the rear portions of J. T. Ferguson & Company's building.

INCREASED PENSIONS.

Not a Penny to Old Soldiers Save by Democrats.

The Democratic Handbook will say this on the subject of pensions:

Not a penny has ever been appropriated to the old soldiers of North Carolina except by authority of Democratic legislation.

In 1885 the first pension law was passed by the Democratic legislature, appropriating \$30,000 for certain classes of disabled Confederate soldiers, and that law has been amended by Democratic legislation until today the appropriation amounts to \$200,000 annually, and from 1885 until now the Confederate pensioners have received \$1,658,000.

For the totally blind and totally disabled Confederate soldiers the Democratic legislature passed a law allowing them \$120 a year. That class received last year \$11,280, and they have received in all \$99,345.

The soldiers' home was organized by the Democratic legislature of 1891, and there was expended that year \$2,250. That has gradually increased from year to year until this year the appropriation amounts to \$15,000. There has been paid to the soldiers' home since its organization \$130,500.

In the light of these facts we can not understand why the Republican platform should persist in stating that the Republican party favors liberal pensions to the Confederate soldiers. It is true that there is a certain class of Confederate soldiers to whom the Republican leaders and their party have been very liberal in giving pensions, but it is to those Confederate soldiers who, in the time of their country's need deserted the Confederate army and its cause and entered the union army. They are now permitted to draw pensions under Federal authority, and it is a little peculiar that this legislation was mainly promoted by a late Republican senator from this state. The fact is the Republican party in North Carolina cares nothing for the Confederate soldier, because the Republican party in this state was organized upon what was known as the union sentiment, and for that reason the Republican party has been strongest in those sections of the state where there were a great many Union soldiers.

An Evangelist a Forger.

Roanoke, Va., Sept. 1.—Rev. I. P. Martin, an evangelist, arrested here last Sunday, is badly wanted by the government for raising money orders. Postoffice Inspector M. W. Malone arrived here today from Washington and swore out a warrant before United States Commissioner White against Martin. Malone says he has every reason to believe that Martin is guilty of raising a large number of money orders in Virginia during the last few months. Recently, in Philadelphia, Martin, it is alleged, made more than \$1,000 by this scheme. Malone has in his possession a number of the raised orders. Martin this evening admitted his guilt. He will be held here until a Federal judge can issue an order for his removal to that state.

SKIN DISEASES

Altoona, Pa., June 20, 1903. I was afflicted with Tetter in bad shape. It would appear in blotches as large as my hand, a yellowish color, and scale off. You can imagine how offensive it was. For twelve years I was afflicted with this trouble. At night it was a case of scratch and many times no rest at all. Seeing the good the medicine was doing a friend who was taking it for Eczema, I commenced it, and as a result the eruption began to dry up and disappear, and to-day I am practically a well man. Only two tiny spots are left on the elbow and shin, where once the whole body was affected. I have every confidence in the medicine, and feel sure that in a short time these two remaining spots will disappear. S. S. S. is certainly a great blood purifier, and has done me a world of good. I am grateful for what it has accomplished, and trust that what I have said will lead others who are similarly afflicted to take the remedy and obtain the same good results that I have.

125 East Fifth Ave. JOHN F. LEAR.

While washes, soaps, salves and powders relieve temporarily, they do not reach the real cause of the disease. The blood must be purified before the cure is permanent. S. S. S. contains no potash, arsenic or mineral of any description, but is guaranteed purely vegetable.

Send for our book on the skin and its diseases, which is mailed free. Our physicians will cheerfully advise without charge any who write us about their case.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

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50 CENTS.

BEST TONIC. CURES BAD BLOOD. BY ALL DEALERS.



HINDIPO RESTORES VITALITY — Made a Well Man of Me. FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Paralysis, Falling Sperm, Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price 50 CTS. 6 Boxes \$2.50 by mail, in plain pack. 50 CTS. age, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN O'HARRA, Paris

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WHOLESALE PIANOS RETAIL GREENSBORO, N. C.

By Rev.
FRANK DE WITT TALMAGE, D. D.

ness," wrote Joseph Addison, "is afflicted on." But again surely did it would not, and a very useless, unfeeling victim in the case, although as the text says about the seven-million affliction. The fact that over assembled around drained by the epidemic Nile was not a patient was the host of millions who were living. It was only a few hundred that a little handful with their flocks and herds and and settled in the land during the presence, the famous statesman, that time the desert had multiplied and now they could be seen by the hundreds of only in numbers were seen, but in mental power and intellectual acquisitive. However, these people were the wealth of the land, the signs of the land they would soon be the nation. By a silent they threatened to take the Egyptian government, afterward the descendants of Afores, whose fathers, answered by Cortes, bided their soldiers worked out their seed, death by electricity a full blooded Indian to the Montezuma 1902 president of the Mexican

[illegible]

dicted the Hebrew slaves," says our text, "the more they multiplied and grew, and the Egyptians grieved because of the children of Israel." Labor's afflictions! We first find them in the American laborer being compelled to compete for work in a home market that is glutted with foreign manufacturers. We find them in the great army of invaders which each year disembarks at Ellis Island, New York's Castle Garden of the present day. We find them in the impoverished Italians and the Bohemians and the Portuguese and in the human offshootings of Europe who each year come to our manufacturers and foundrymen and contractors and say: "Let me handle your pick," "Let me lay your asphalt pavement," "Let me dig your mines," "Let me chop your wood," "Let me work in your foundries." "We are foreigners. We do not intend to become citizens of the United States. As soon as we can save up a little money we intend to return to our native land and live there. But meantime we will work cheaper than any American man can work. Why? Because our living expenses are practically nothing. We will live in dugouts. We will eat food that no American family would eat. We will buy our clothes and will wear the cheapest clothing." As a result of these conditions of living we can crowd your American workmen to the wall."

The American laborer, from this foreign competition, must have help, and help right soon, to save him from this condition of affairs. Our national legislature must give it. Shall we lift high our tariff walls to protect capital and not at the same time lift high our walls of immigration laws to protect our native workers? Is not the American laborer's sturdy arm as valuable in the shirt of our government as the capitalist's pocketbook? "What do you mean by such a statement as that?" Some one asks. "Would you start another Know Nothing party? Would your ballot box slogan be 'American work only for the American born'—American political offices only to be held by those cradled under the shadows of Mount Washington and Pike's peak?" Oh, no, I am not preaching any such political nonsense. I do not believe there ever was a political party wrapped in the swaddling clothes of so many errors as that born in 1855, and which, with ex-President Millard Fillmore as its presidential candidate, swept many of our northern states in 1856 with the political cry, "American only for the American born." American liberties and American prowess, both on land and sea, militarily and industrially, have been won and built up by American adopted sons as well as by her native born children. We have three of our greatest names: George Washington, our greatest captain in arms; Baron Johann De Kalb, who was shot at Camden in 1781, and Kosciuszko and Lafayette and many others, they were all foreign born. Who was the most valued statesman during Washington's administration next to the president himself? Alexander Hamilton, who was foreign born. Who was John Ericsson, the inventor of the Monitor, that revolutionized naval warfare and saved the American navy of Newport News? He was a Swedish-American; he was foreign born. Some of our greatest merchants, like A. T. Stewart of New York, our greatest philanthropist, the Andrew Carnegie of Pittsburgh, our greatest scientists, like Agassiz of Harvard, our social reformers, like Jacob A. Riis of New York, and the most eminent political leaders of our day, like Carl Schurz, once senator from Missouri and member of President Hayes' cabinet, they were all foreign born. If you blot out from our nation's history all the deeds which America's foster sons and daughters have accomplished for the land of their adoption, you blot out some of its brightest pages.

which seem to have the suicidal policy of antagonizing capital at all times and under all pretexts and of widening the breach between capital and labor, with the result that labor itself is the heaviest sufferer through their insane follies. The most brutal tyrant the southern negro knew in antebellum days was not the white man, but the negro himself who was made the overseer of the plantation. In the same way in many cases the most brutal tyrant the laboring man has today is not the capitalist, but the "walking delegate" or the mercenary political trickster who, as a laboring man, manipulates the executive committees which govern the labor unions for their own ruin. Of course this indictment is not universal in its application. There are many honest and upright and beneficent labor organizations, like that of which the late Mr. Arthur was president—namely, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Mr. Arthur brought that organization up to such perfection that it not only looked after the interests of the owners of the different railroads, but after the interests of the engineers themselves. There are many clear headed, sagacious and noble minded labor leaders whose object is not to disorganize the labor market, but to steady it, so that employers as well as the employed may have their due. "I do not believe in strikes for

Now, my laboring friends, mark you this. I am not claiming that capital is all right and labor is all wrong. I think some of the most merciless men in the world are to be found in the ranks of capitalists. Some of them will squeeze out of a worker his last drop of blood. Some of them have no more sympathy with the hunger and poverty of the worker than Marie Antoinette had with the suffering of poor Paris when she heard the cry of the mob, "give us bread! We must have bread!" "Why," said the shallow-brained Franch queen to one of her attendants, "why don't they eat cake?" But, while capital is sometimes more to be pitied, it is quite certain that if the labor unions will stage their petty bickerings and their unreasonable tyrannies and instead demand what is right capital will be compelled to yield to all of labor's just demands. So long as labor persists in making absurd claims just so long will labor not only be refused such demands, but labor will lose much of what she justly and rightfully ought to have. When a labor union comes and says, "capitalist, you must give the men I control to you and no others," then the capitalist, stung by such tyranny, replies: "rather than have you dictate to me what I shall do I will fight your organization to the last dollar. My forefathers died on Bunker Hill and at Valley Forge for liberty. Free I was born, free I shall live, and free I shall die." It is that against steel and it is the inexorable result of such a course of action. This is the spirit with which capital is to fight right-labor when labor makes absurd and unjust demands.

to another great affliction fraternal labor today is suffering. I allude not to the competition of American labor with the foreign hordes, but to that unnatural and ever increasing competition between our American boys and their American sisters in the labor market. Brothers struggle for bread in competition with sisters; fathers compete with their own daughters. Now, I know the few words that I am going to speak will not be peculiar with some, but what I have to say I hope may be heard patiently and with profit.

I yield to no man in my admiration for the girl who, being left fatherless and having no brothers capable of earning a livelihood for the bereaved family, goes forth to toil for the support of her widowed mother and her fatherless brothers and sisters. Many a noble girl is doing that and deserves to be honored for her conduct. Many a girl unsought in marriage, seeing her father gradually losing by age his capacity for work, takes up the burden of helping to provide for the family which he is no longer able to bear alone. All honor to her for the assistance she is rendering, and for the sympathy and reverence for her parents which she displays in relieving them of care and anxiety. Many a widow, clinging to her children and shrinking from the pain of having them scattered in the charitable homes of relatives or friends, finds employment by which she can support and educate them and fit them for their duty in life. God bless and help all such and give them the strength they need for their arduous lot! They should have our hearty sympathy and our cordial help in their self sacrificing labor.

But the spectacle of what such women are doing has stirred the ambition of another class of women. These are they who voluntarily and by choice elect to do a man's work in the world. In order that they may escape the drudgery of domestic service or the weariness of school teaching or in order to obtain money for extravagant dress and ornament or for luxuries which their fathers cannot provide, they thrust themselves into business pursuits, displacing some man who was earning a higher salary, and they help to depress the market rate of

I protest against a system which makes it impossible for a strong, able-bodied man to find work, forcing him to stay at home and live upon his younger daughters' earnings when they themselves should be at school or helping their mothers at home. There are only two ways to rectify this evil. Employers should hire their employees in two waves. First, when an application comes in for a place, give the preference to men who are husbands and fathers and the heads of families, second, to society's need as to employing a young girl in a school or factory or office. You must not let the law, the community and the others do what is wrong and support it. It is high time that some of our best clerks who are supporting families in a little extra spending in the school go back to their homes and domestically help to cure for their mothers and fathers and younger sister and brothers, where they belong.

The millions of the industrial workers of America are very smart. Indeed, I sometimes think they are almost badly off in America today as were the Israelites in the Egyptian capital over three thousand years ago. In a blinding way I have tried to present three or four of the difficult labor problems which confront the laboring classes of America at the present time. Do not, however, even for a moment suppose that I consider these problems and others like them impossible of solution. The same God who led the children of Israel out of their enslavement will yet lead his American children to freedom.

from their industrial troubles. In 1884 from the top of the great pyramid at Gizeh, I had two visions. In the first vision I looked toward the ruins of the capital of Memphis, in the midst of which I saw Pharaoh's palace, who lived the cruel tyrant, Isafet the ruler of the river Nile changed literally into a river of blood. I heard the cries of anguish as the poor Hebrew slaves groined and moaned in torture. But then I turned and looked to the far north. In my second vision I saw another sight, for there I saw the promised land of Canaan. I saw Moses at Joshua. I saw Jerusalem gleaming in the glowing sun. I saw the rich ruins of Elishah. I saw David and Solomon in all their glory. As Moses led the children of Israel out of Egypt at through the Red sea, I see some other man, heaven sent, as was Moses, rising up to lead the American laborers and American capitalists out of their selfishness and meanness. I see America in my second vision as the land of true freedom. I see all men, both laborers and capitalists, living together in harmony and love all living. Christ would have them live. May we of us, whether we work in broadness or in overalls, try to speed that millennium day by doing to our brothers as we would have our brothers do to us. Then all labor troubles will not be solved by the "black rule of selfishness," but by the "Golden Rule of Christian love."

At a sportsman's show in New York one of the novelties shown was a portable wireless telegraph apparatus which could be carried in a hunter's pack, says the New York Mail. It attracted much attention from the visitors.

Greensboro, N. C.