

# THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

VOL. 81.

GREENSBORO, N. C., MAY 14, 1902.

NO. 20.

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100 COURT SQUARE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

**Smithing Coal**  
The grade which we are  
a summer specialty of.

**STEAM and DOMESTIC**  
COAL

All kinds of wood.

**CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS**  
340 Drayman, 341 S. Davis St.  
Phone No. 8.

Business is promptly attended to.

## LOCAL NEWS.

Judge A. C. Avery, of Morganton, was in the city Friday.

Mrs. L. M. Michaux, of Goldsboro, is visiting relatives in the city.

Congressman E. Spencer Blackburn was in the city Friday morning.

Mr. W. I. Underwood, editor of the Textile Excelsior, Charlotte, spent Sunday here.

Capt. R. L. Vernon, traveling passenger agent of the Southern, spent last night in the city.

Mr. Lee H. Battle was among those who attended the Southern Baptist Convention at Asheville last week.

A good second-hand two-horse wagon, with bed and rigging, and a buggy and harness for sale cheap, at Hiatt & Lamb's, 19-21.

Mr. T. C. Hobbs and sister, Miss Mary, left last night for Charleston, where they will spend a week at the exposition.

Mr. E. P. Wharton left last night for Tallahassee, Fla., where he will spend two or three days looking after some business interests.

Solicitor A. L. Brooks is in Durham this week attending Durham Superior court for the trial of criminal cases. Judge Neal is presiding.

Mr. J. M. Walker, president of the City National bank, has recovered from a touch of malaria that kept him indoors for a few days last week.

Dr. McIver delivered a commencement address at the Alabama Industrial College for Women on Monday, returning home yesterday morning.

Mr. F. P. Morton left Monday for Brevard, where he will manage the Hotel Franklin this summer. His family will join him about the first of June.

Hon. Franklin McNeil, chairman of the Corporation Commission, will be at the court house next Saturday, the 17th, to take up any tax matters that may be desired.

Mrs. C. A. Bray left yesterday for Birch, Va., in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of her father, Mr. R. H. Greenwood, who is not expected to live.

Rev. G. H. Crowell, of High Point, filled Dr. Turrentine's pulpit at West Market church quite acceptably last Sunday, preaching two strong sermons to large congregations.

Mr. Roland Harris, for fifteen years a clerk at the Hotel Phoenix, Winston, came to Greensboro Monday to become head clerk at The Benbow. He is one of the best hotel men in the state.

Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Smith returned Saturday morning from Salisbury, where he had been holding a series of meetings that were reported quite successful by the local papers of that city.

Rev. R. W. Weaver, of Middletown, Ohio, who had been attending the Southern Baptist Convention at Asheville, stopped over here on his return to visit his relatives and many friends.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Thompson, died of pneumonia Sunday night and was buried Monday afternoon at Greene Hill cemetery, after appropriate services at the family residence on Gorrell street.

Mr. and Mrs. William Jones have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Ida Temesia, to Mr. William Walter Sellers, Wednesday morning, June 4, 1902, at 11 o'clock, at Grace Methodist church, Greensboro.

Hon. J. D. McNeill, of Fayetteville, spent Monday night at the McAdoo. He left yesterday morning for Asheville to arrange for the State Firemen's Tournament, to be held there in August. He is president of the North Carolina Firemen's Association.

Capt. N. P. Rankin, of Macon county, was here last week renewing old acquaintances and visiting his kinsmen. Memorial day afforded him an opportunity for meeting many of the men who were in his command in the army, and he was delighted with the cordial greetings he received.

Mr. W. E. Barr, for some time manager of the Greensboro office of the Standard Electric Company, left Monday to travel South Carolina and Georgia for the company, and Mr. Allan M. Cohen, manager for the company at Charlotte, will henceforth have charge of both offices.

"Fishing-pole thieves," persons who go about raising windows and fish clothing from bedrooms, without running the risk of possible capture and trial for burglary, which is a capital crime in this state, have been active in this city the past week or so. In a few instances they have made good hauls from the clothing they secured in this manner.

## Memorial Day Observance.

The observance of Memorial Day here Saturday excelled in every particular any occasion of the kind in recent years. The credit for each enjoyable feature of the day, with the exception of the delightful weather that prevailed, is due solely the Guilford Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, who with exquisite grace arranged every detail that contributed to the success of the occasion.

At ten o'clock the chief marshal, Dr. Chas. L. Scott, formed a procession at the public square that moved to the Grand Opera House, where the principal exercises of the day took place. The big auditorium had been tastefully and appropriately decorated, and it presented a pleasing picture when the vast audience, filling every nook and corner, had been seated. The veterans occupied a reserved section of seats in the orchestra circle. After music by the Proximity band, under the skillful leadership of Prof. James Dilworth, the master of ceremonies, Col. Jas. T. Morehead, called the Rev. G. A. Sparrow, of Washington, D. C., to lead in invoking Divine blessing upon the assembly. Music by the band, "Dixie," the most inspiring melody known to mortal man, was followed by a charming recitation by Miss Rachel Sims, teacher of elocution at Greensboro Female College. A bevy of beautiful girls, representing the thirteen states of the Confederacy, marching to the center of the stage amid the waving banners of stars and bars, sang "The Bonnie Blue Flag."

Col. Morehead then introduced Col. William A. Henderson, of Washington, D. C., the principal speaker of the occasion. Col. Henderson, at the outset, addressed himself particularly to the Daughters of the Confederacy, telling them that they had a great work before them and were doing it right well. Two lines of duty lay before them, he said. First, they had to take care of the past. He said he would not ask the South to forget her war—as well ask a mother to forget her child. He urged the women of the South to see to it that the glorious history of the Southland, particularly of North Carolina, be not left in oblivion. He took particular pride in the fact that he was a double grandson of North Carolina. This state had been shamefully neglected in histories, though it had a glorious record in colonial and revolutionary times. After tributes to the noble men, such as Andrew Jackson, James K. Polk, Andrew Johnson and others, who had brought fame to the fair name of the state, the speaker took up the real subject of his remarks, "A Soldier's Vacation During the War," and for nearly an hour he held the closest attention while he recounted many incidents of his soldier-life. His tributes to the bravery and gallantry of the boys who wore the gray were most brilliant, and elicited the heartiest applause. When he had finished he was presented with a beautiful bouquet of carnations by Miss Paisley Ellington.

Another selection by the band was followed by the bestowal of crosses of honor to the veterans, then the procession was reformed on North Elm street and marched to Greene Hill cemetery, where the band, Gate City Guards, under command of Sergeant Horace Weeks, veterans on foot and in carriages, the fire department, school children and citizens being in line.

At the cemetery Rev. Dr. Crawford, chaplain of Camp No. 795, U. C. V., offered an appropriate prayer, and masses of beautiful flowers were strewn over the graves of the honored dead.

Upon the return to the city a sumptuous dinner was served the veterans on the court house lawn. It was a veritable feast, and evoked a torrent of compliments. After full justice had been done to the dinner, pipes and tobacco, the gift of the American Tobacco Company, were distributed among the two hundred or more veterans present and the afternoon was spent in the most enjoyable comradeship. The day will be cherished in every heart that was quickened by the happy features that followed one another so closely.

The fifty-ninth annual session of the Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., is being held here this week, over one hundred and fifty delegates being present up to last night, while a number are expected to-day. The first meeting of the session was held yesterday afternoon, when Past Grand A. M. Scales extended the welcome of the Gate City to the visitors. On behalf of Grand Master R. W. Murray, who is a resident of the city, Past Grand Representative Lumsden, of Raleigh, responded. The business sessions began last night and will continue today and possibly tomorrow forenoon. Tonight the Grand Lodge will be entertained by the young ladies of the State Normal and Industrial College. The Odd Fellows of the city have left nothing undone that might add to the pleasure of their guests on this occasion, and the session bids fair to be a memorable one. Their lodge room on West Market street, which has recently undergone extensive repairs, is an ideal place for the meeting of such a body.

## What Thin Folks Need.

Is a greater power of digesting and assimilating food. For them Dr. King's New Life Pills work wonders. They tone and regulate the digestive organs, gently expel all poisons from the system, enrich the blood, improve appetite, make healthy flesh. Only 25c at Holton's.

## Work at the Iron Furnace Held Up.

Division Superintendent Isaac Prosser, of the Empire Steel and Iron Company, who has been here for several weeks working in a quiet way toward getting matters shaped up to put the company's furnace here in blast again, and incidentally making investigations as to the character and quantity of ore in several of the most promising ore beds in the state, received word last Tuesday night to go to work in earnest to prepare for the starting of the furnace. Since then he has had a force of men at work at the plant, securing measurements for the numerous castings and various parts of the equipment that needs to be renewed. Yesterday morning, for some unknown reason, he ordered all work at the furnace stopped. Just what has occurred to cause such an order to be promulgated is beyond the knowledge of everyone except those in executive control of the company's business. Mr. Prosser had such faith in the starting of the plant that he had just brought his wife here from Pennsylvania and was preparing to go to housekeeping. The company's chemist was sent here, material had been ordered to improve the facilities of the plant, and everything seemed to be moving harmoniously until the order came to shut down. We hope that the delay is only temporary, and that work may be resumed at an early date. At best it would require ninety days to rehabilitate the furnace, and we do not want to see the summer pass without a renewal of activities there.

## Municipal Affairs.

At the regular meeting of the board of aldermen Friday night a committee of five, Messrs. Ward, Bain, Denny, Glascock and Helms, was named to investigate the matter of a location and probable cost of a site for the new thirty thousand dollar library which Mr. Andrew Carnegie proposes to give the city.

An appropriation of \$100 was made the Gate City Guards.

An ordinance was passed forbidding the robbing of bird's nests and the killing of birds in the city, with the exception of pigeons and English sparrows, the penalty being fixed at five dollars for each offense. Prof. T. Gilbert Pearson, president of the Audubon Society, appeared before the board and advocated the measure.

The ten liquor dealers of the city all applied for a renewal of license.

An appropriation of \$36 per month was made for the running expenses of the new city library.

The finance committee was instructed to employ Prof. E. J. Forney, an expert accountant, to examine in detail the financial record of the city for the past year.

The sewer committee was directed to advertise for bids for the construction of a sewer from Walker avenue to the Phillips outlet, northeast of the city.

The police committee reported 1,062 warrants issued during the year and not a single complaint against the police force.

## Base Ball Notes.

The Greensboro league team, which opened the season at Newbern last week, will return home tomorrow for six games, three with Newbern and three with Raleigh. On the trip east the team won two of the three games with Newbern, two of the three with Wilmington and has lost two of the three games with Raleigh. The games at Wilmington were among the finest ever played by any teams in the state. Friday's score was 3 to 2 in our favor, and Saturday's score was 1 to 0, ten innings being required to determine the result. Fox made the one run that saved the day. Raleigh won Monday by a score of 4 to 3 and yesterday by a score of 8 to 0. It was admitted by unprejudiced witnesses that the umpire won the first game for Raleigh.

The games here Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week and the first three days of next week will be well worth seeing. Excursion rates will be available to those in surrounding towns who wish to see the games, which are to be called at 4 o'clock each afternoon.

## STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Raleigh	7	1	.875
Charlotte	5	3	.625
Greensboro	4	4	.500
Newbern	4	4	.500
Durham	3	5	.375
Wilmington	1	7	.125

James S. Manning, chairman of the executive committee of this judicial district, has notified Col. J. A. Barringer, member for Guilford county, of a meeting of the district committee at Durham, on May 20, to consider a date and place for calling the convention to nominate a solicitor for the district. The present solicitor, Mr. Brooks, has made a most excellent officer, and there will be no opposition whatever to his re-nomination. Still the formality of a convention must be had, and as there is no opposition, it would seem that Greensboro would be the most convenient place, and the day before or after the State convention the most appropriate time to hold it.

## TOBACCO NOTES.

Items of Interest to the Grower, the Dealer, and the Manufacturer.

## MARKET REPORT.

The receipts on our market have been very light for the past week, due to the fact that farmers have sold out, practically, all their holdings and are very busy with the growing crop. There was about twenty-five per cent. of the crop planted on last week's season in this immediate section and farmers were afforded a good opportunity for getting their land in shape to plant the remainder of their crops.

We had a very nice sale yesterday and the farmers were well pleased with prices. Buyers seemed to be anxious for what was being offered. Our manufacturers are also on the market and are very strong for stock, as they are busy at work every day.

The Greenville Reflector says the Imperial Tobacco Company has begun work on its new leaf building in that town.

New York, May 12.—M. R. Clarke, E. H. M. Gunn and J. D. Player, three of the most prominent men in the British Tobacco trade, arrived today on the steamship Saxonia. None of them would commit himself to any statement on the subject of the visit, but admitted they would leave at once for the South.

All of last year's crop of tobacco is practically sold and we are glad to say that Greensboro has sold her share of same and given entire satisfaction. Our warehouses are now being rented by able warehousemen, who will, no doubt, make it more to your interest to patronize us next season than for several years past. The market is in the best condition it has been for years and will be ready for primings whenever they are ready to be offered, as our buyers are now making big preparations for the new crop.

## IMPERIAL'S BUILDING PLANS.

The Imperial Tobacco Company, of Great Britain and Ireland, it appears, is committed to building brick fire-proof factories, or as much so as possible; these will be located in leading tobacco markets, and will comprise leaf re-ordering and drying plants for hogshead tobacco. There will be no occasion to store tobacco except temporarily prior to shipments to England, except that it may be desirable to sweat the tobacco in cheaper storage on this side. The lesser loose markets that are more or less unestablished on a firm basis, will doubtless be omitted as to brick buildings, but agencies or rented plants will suffice in such places temporarily. Mr. C. H. East, of Danville, is the company's architect. Kingston and Greensboro, N. C., and Danville, Va., are points that will have built plants. Already tobacco dryers have been engaged for these plants. In Danville the C. H. Hickey factory has been leased for a year. There will great disappointment among those tobacco dealers who had hopes of disposing of their factories to the Imperial.—Southern Tobaccoist, Richmond.

## TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND FRIENDS:

Having heard complaints as to the quality of the tobacco seed furnished by us to the planters of this section, we feel that a word of explanation is justifiable.

In order to meet the demands of the planters we ordered a supply of seeds from the oldest and most reliable seed house in the South, the R. L. Raglan Seed Farm, in Virginia, and we are at a loss to know why those seeds proved unproductive, as they were bought for and appeared to be the best on the market. We regret very much that they have not given full satisfaction, and hope that the shortage in plants will not materially reduce the crop that otherwise would have been planted.

Respectfully,

HARRIS & GAMBLE,  
Banner Warehouse,  
R. A. GILMER & Co.,  
Farmers Warehouse.

May 12, 1902.

## NEW FIRM AT THE FARMERS.

We are pleased to announce to our friends in Guilford and surrounding counties that we have formed a partnership for the purpose of managing a tobacco warehouse in Greensboro the coming year, and that we will have charge of the Farmers Warehouse on and after August 1st, 1902. The Farmers is one of the most desirable houses in the state for the sale of leaf tobacco, and we feel assured that we can serve our friends to the very best advantage. Thanking you all for past favors, and assuring you that the prospects for Greensboro's market are brighter than for years, we remain,

Yours truly,

R. O. GAMBLE,  
R. T. KERNOLLE.

May 12, 1902.

## BARGAIN

**100 CORSETS**  
50 CENTS

The regular price runs from \$1.00 to \$1.50. The following sizes now in stock: Nos. 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 29.

New lot Outing Quilt Scraps just in. Call quick before picked over.

## PROXIMITY MERCANTILE CO.

JOHN J. PHOENIX Manager.

## Another Manufacturing Enterprise.

Among the many important additions to Greensboro's varied industrial interests is one which will occupy a field as yet undeveloped, in a local sense, yet is quite promising nevertheless, as conditions here are favorable to the development of such an enterprise.

A number of local capitalists, among whom are men capable of directing the practical features of the business, has subscribed sufficient capital to establish a hardwood manufacturing plant here, and today the company will be incorporated with an authorized capital of \$25,000. Such men as C. H. Fisher, Neil Ellington, J. C. Bishop and C. E. Holton are the principal stockholders, and their names are a sufficient guarantee of the stability of the enterprise. Hardwood interior finishings will comprise the product of the plant. The company will organize at once and either buy or build a factory, the intention being to get to work on an extensive scale as soon as possible. The hard woods of this section, which have a reputation far and wide, will be utilized.

## Simpson-Shields Shoe Co. Reorganized.

The Simpson-Shields Shoe Company, one of the leading wholesale establishments of this city, was reorganized Saturday and will enlarge its field of usefulness to a considerable extent. Mr. G. T. Gaines, formerly of the Bay State Shoe and Leather Company, New York, whose headquarters have been at Lynchburg, Va., for some time, and Mr. J. A. Eflrid, of the wholesale house of Eflrid Brothers, Winston, have acquired stock in the concern, together with a few local business men, doubling the capital stock, and making it \$50,000.

As now organized, Mr. Gaines is president of the company and Mr. Eflrid secretary and treasurer. Both gentlemen will become residents of Greensboro at an early date. At present no changes are contemplated in the corps of traveling representatives or office force. We expect to see the company continue its prosperous career under the new management, as it has the prestige of an established trade of handsome propositions, a desirable location and exceptional facilities for doing business.

## Reveals A Great Secret.

It is often asked how such startling cures, that puzzle the best physicians, are effected by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Here's the secret. It cuts out the phlegm and germ-infected mucus, and lets the life-giving oxygen enrich and vitalize the blood. It heals the inflamed, cough-worn throat and lungs. Hard colds and stubborn coughs soon yield to Dr. King's New Discovery, the most infallible remedy for all Throat and Lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Holton's.

## CITY NATIONAL BANK

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Capital	\$100,000.00
Surplus and Profits	23,000.00
Stockholders' Liability	100,000.00
Security to Depositors	223,000.00

Beginning today this bank will issue Certificates of Deposit on which interest at the rate of four per cent. will be paid on deposits that remain three months. Money draws interest from date of deposit.

We solicit a share of your business.

J. M. WALKER,  
President.

LEE H. BATTLE,  
Cashier.







Correspondence of the Patriot.

Raleigh, May 12.—As I am about to begin this letter a well-known gentleman and Democrat nudges me under the fifth rib and says:

"Truly we have fallen upon strange times when the leading organ of our party makes of its leading editorial article a complaint against Senator Pritchard for recommending a man for postmaster in a certain town because that man was a Democrat two years ago and wore a red shirt—a man whom our organ says was in the last campaign one of the less than a dozen in that community who wore a red shirt. He was a freethinker, die-in-the-fight democrat, then he is understood to be a Prohibition Democrat now, which is not very far from the truth."

It is not of the ordinary run of campaign journalism, but it is one to judge by the present outlook the coming year promises to be an unusual one. North Carolina in these respects is no exception.

THE RALEIGH MATTER AGAIN.

At the question of whether the Democratic Party should nominate Judge Pritchard for Chief Justice by its platform, the party continues to be the subject of a leading topic of discussion. It becomes necessary to re-examine the matter.

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## Simmons' Good Day's Work.

Charlotte Observer.

Washington, May 6.—During the session of the Senate committee on public buildings and grounds today, Mr. Simmons, who is a member of the committee, performed some practical and valuable services for his state. He secured the consent of the committee to report favorably an amendment granting \$75,000 to repair the postoffice building at Greensboro, and also an amendment which carries \$135,000 for the purchase by the government of the court house at Winston, and \$25,000 for making improvements thereon. Both these amendments now go to the conference committee and it is believed that the Greensboro appropriation will be allowed to stand, as the merits of this proposition are universally admitted. Relative to the Winston appropriation there is a large element of uncertainty, as it is known that Chairman Mercer, of the House committee, will to a great extent defer to the wishes of Representative Blackburn, who has succeeded in holding the matter in abeyance in so far as the House committee is concerned. The committee also agreed to an amendment giving an additional \$5,000 to Elizabeth City.

Messrs. Simmons and Pritchard conferred at the White House today and conferred with the President with reference to an invitation which has been extended to him to attend the unveiling of the Ship monument at Charlotte. The President expressed regret at his inability to attend, saying he had an engagement to be in New York on the date of the unveiling. Secretary Hay will be unable to address the student body of Trinity College on the occasion of the commencement exercises.

Justice to Senator Pritchard.

To THE EDITOR: Your Washington correspondent gives Senator Simmons credit for securing the adoption of the amendment authorizing the repairs to the public building at Greensboro. In this he does me great injustice. I introduced the amendment in question and secured a promise from the chairman of the committee before I left Washington to the effect that my amendment should be reported favorably. Under the circumstances I am surprised that your correspondent should have made the statement that the amendment was secured by my colleague. It has afforded me pleasure to read Senator Simmons in all his efforts to secure legislation for our people, and I cannot believe that he furnished your correspondent the information which he used in his report.

J. P. FARMER, JR.,  
Member of the U. S. Senate, Raleigh, N. C., May 10, 1902.

Cold Weather North of U. S.

DETROIT, Mich., May 10.—Snow is falling today over the central part of the Lake peninsula, and from gloves in Western Michigan are reported a fall of six inches last night. Detroit City and South report light falls. At Greenville two inches had fallen at a clock and it was still snowing.

There were very heavy barriers of snow in Detroit this morning.

DETROIT, Mich., May 10.—The city is in the grasp of a heavy snow storm. Several hours after the fall began at 6 o'clock there were several inches on the ground. Peach trees in the western Michigan fruit belt are all in bloom, and it is feared that the storm may cause great damage among them.

SNOW FALLING IN CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, O., May 10.—A heavy snow storm set in here today, the mercury registering 35 above zero. Only once before since the local Weather Bureau office was established in this city, 30 years ago, has snow fallen so late in the season, that occasion being on May 11, 1888.

FREEZING WEATHER IN MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 10.—Rain which began to fall after midnight turned into snow early today. The ground was covered with a thin inch, but it soon melted. The temperature is about at freezing point, and unprotected stuff will suffer.

## NO SMOKE IN FIRING GUNS.

Valuable Discovery Made by American Ordnance Officer.

Washington, May 10.—Results have been obtained by the Ordnance officials of the naval gun-proving station at Indian Head, on the Potomac, through which a gun may be fired with the heaviest charge without showing the usual little cloud of white fog or vapor which smokeless powder gives.

The method through which this valuable development of burning powder without the least semblance of smoke being visible will remain a secret with the American Ordnance officers, and is the first successful effort made here and abroad by which guns may be fired with only the whiz of the projectile and the report of the discharge to proclaim the fact.

Lieutenant Joseph Strauss, the inventor of the superposed gun turret applied to the battleships Kearsarge and Kentucky, acting under direction of the Ordnance Bureau, has been conducting these trials for months. The process of igniting smokeless powder heretofore has been through the use of small quantities of black powder used in connection with the smokeless, and with which it is made to burn quickly.

The result has been to cause a slight cloud of faint white smoke—enough, however, to disclose the fact of the gun being fired. The new invention does away with the use of the black powder and enables the smokeless variety to be quickly ignited and made to burn as rapidly as under the old process, and at the same time produce no smoke.

Passenger Train No. 34 Wrecked.

Lynchburg, Va., May 7.—Train No. 37, Washington Southwestern, yesterday, in charge of Conductor J. M. Grogan and Engineer J. D. McCormick, was wrecked this morning at 2 minutes past 5 o'clock at Lawler's, about twelve miles south of this city. A freight train, south-bound, Conductor Joe Johns and Engineer C. Thompson, by some mistake occupied the main track and was struck by No. 37, which had the right of way.

The passenger engine, two postal cars, club car and Pullman sleeper were wrecked and injured to some extent. Engineer McCormick and Fireman Elmer Gordon, when they saw that the collision was unavoidable, jumped for their lives and escaped with cuts and bruises. W. J. Tucker, chief clerk, and J. D. King, colored porter, were slightly injured. The freight engine and five cars loaded with lumber and four were wrecked and burned. Not a passenger was hurt.

Clark Acknowledges Letters.

Raleigh, May 10.—Yesterday photographs of Judge Clark's letters to Governor Russell were sent by the latter to Judge Clark, but today there was a very interesting new development. A style printer, as Judge Clark's friend, called on W. H. Day and said that Judge Clark wished to see the original letters. Day said that they should have them upon promise to return them. This promise was made and the letters were returned to Mr. Day yesterday. Mr. Day said they were all in a Clark's writing. Judge Clark also decided that a statement be made that these were all his letters. Mr. Day endorsed on the envelope that these were so far as he knew all Clark's letters to Russell but that they were not all the letters Clark had written. Day said that Clark did not say whether he would publish the letters, but his impression was that Clark would publish them.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grover's Tasteless Salt Tonic, the formula is fully printed on every bottle showing that it is simply food and medicine in a palatable form. No cure, no pay, 50c.

Hon. W. H. Tate, Civil Governor of the Philippines, will sail for Manila on May 17. He will stop in Rome and confer with the Vatican authorities.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

VICK'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

40 IN VIAL. 25C. KEEP THE FAMILY WELL.

Capital, \$100,000.00. Surplus and Profits, \$35,000.00.

## Interest on Deposits

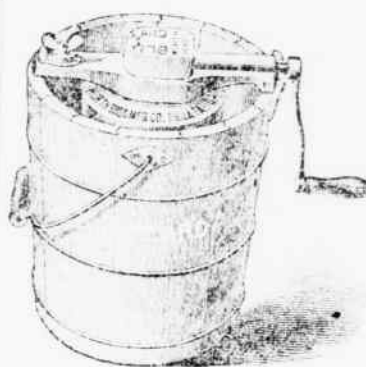
Money deposited in our Savings Department on or before May 1st will draw interest from that date at the rate of four per cent, compounded quarterly. Everybody is invited to open a savings account with this bank

## Southern Loan and Trust Co.

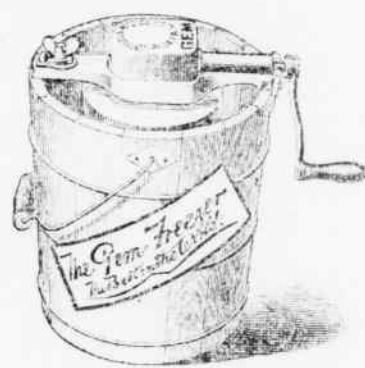
E. P. WHARTON, President.

R. G. VAUGHN, Treasurer.

## HOT WEATHER DOINGS



Ice Cream Freezers!



We Have the BEST.

The "Gem" is the very best double-action freezer on the market today. It freezes nice smooth cream quickly, and uses the very least quantity of ice.

We also have the "Blizzard," which is a good one and costs less. Then we have the celebrated Baldwin Refrigerators.

Keep the flies out with some of our nice Screen Doors and Windows. Then if you need a Hammock, we have them. Prices and styles to suit you.

Yours for comfort,

## SOUTHSIDE HARDWARE CO.

GROOME BUILDING, 525 SOUTH ELM STREET.

## Clothing! Furnishings!

From reference swatch to finished garment we know the Clothing business. When in need of a Suit, either Prince Albert, Frock or Sack, come to see us. Fit and quality guaranteed. Special discount to ministers.

Suits from \$5.00 to \$45.00

## MERRITT-JOHNSON Co.

308 South Elm St.

Grissom Building.

## No External Symptoms.

The blood may be in bad condition, yet with no external signs, no skin eruption or sores to indicate it. The symptoms in such cases being a variable appetite, poor digestion, an indescribable weakness and nervousness, loss of flesh and a general run-down condition of the system—clearly showing the blood has lost its nutritive qualities, has become thin and watery. It is in just such cases that S. S. S. has done some of its quickest and most effective work by building up the blood and supplying the elements lacking to make it strong and vigorous.

"My wife used several bottles of S. S. S. as a blood purifier and to tone up a weak and emaciated system, with very marked effect by way of improvement. We regard it a great tonic and blood purifier."—J. P. Dyer, Princeton, Mo.

S. S. S. is the greatest of all tonics, and you will find the appetite improves at once, strength returns, and nervousness vanishes as new rich pure blood once more circulates through all parts of the system.

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. It contains no minerals whatever. Send for our free book on blood and skin diseases and write our physicians for any information or advice wanted. No charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

VICK'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

40 IN VIAL. 25C. KEEP THE FAMILY WELL.

## Marriage Kept Secret.

White, N. C., May 7.—Quite a sensation has been created by the announcement that Miss Alice J. Dick, of this place, was married January 25th last, at Tarboro, N. C., to Prof. Eugene M. Rollins, who was principal of Oak Level Academy, Nashville, Nashville, N. C., the past year. Mr. Rollins is a talented young gentleman, educated at the University of North Carolina. Miss Dick was made teacher in his school the past year. She is a very beautiful and highly cultured young lady. The secret of her marriage has been perfectly kept and only one or two of her most intimate friends knew of it. Her announcement of the fact today came as a great surprise to her many friends, who hastened to extend their congratulations. Mr. Rollins is a native of Holly Springs, Wake county.

Special Low Rate Excursions via N. & W. Railway.

Federation Woman's Clubs, Los Angeles, Cal., May 1 to 8.

Travelers' Protective Association, Portland, Ore., June 3 to 7.

Mystic Shrine, San Francisco, Cal., June 10 to 11.

United Order Workmen, Portland, Ore., June 10 to 20.

International Sunday School Association, Denver, Colo., June 26.

Knights of Pythias, San Francisco, Cal., August 11 to 13.

B. P. O. Elks, Salt Lake City, Utah, August 12 to 14.

Write for information as to rates and dates of sale of tickets to W. B. Bevil, General Passenger Agent, Roanoke, Va.

Dangerous If Neglected.

Burns, cuts and other wounds often become troublesome sores. Even where delay has aggravated such injuries DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effects a cure. "I had a running sore on my leg thirty years," says H. C. Hartley, Yanketown, Ind. "After using many remedies, I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A few boxes healed the sore." Cures all skin diseases. Piles yield to it at once. Beware of counterfeits. Howard Gardner.

## A Sure Cure for Piles.

Piles are known by monstrous tumors causing intense itching and pain as well as blood. Bleeding piles yield to Dr. Ross's Ointment, which acts directly on the inflamed tumors, allays itching, and cures. Price 50 cents a jar, sent by mail. Circulars free.

Dr. Ross's Ointment, Philadelphia, Pa.





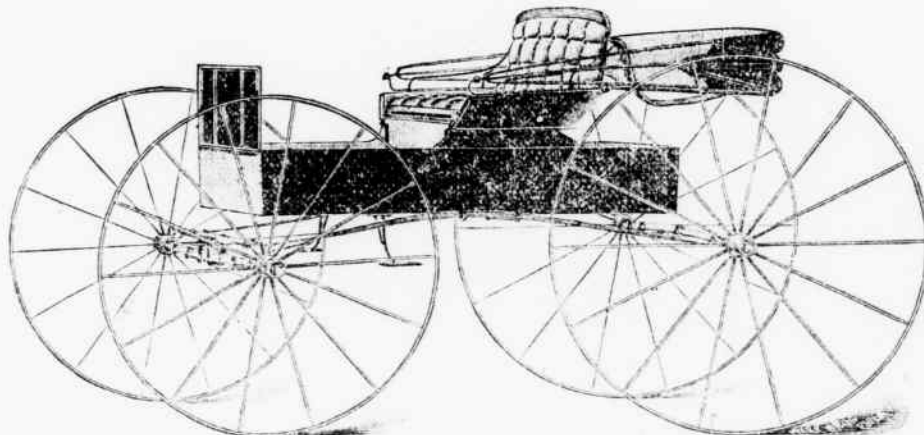
# THE REASON

Our store is so attractive is on account of the low prices that we quote, and the reason we can quote such low prices is on account of doing a cash business, and the reason we do a cash business is because it requires less capital and is better for the buyer and seller. Now if this is not so, we would like to hear the objective point; if it is so, come and see the values we are offering to suit the buyer.

NO HIGH PRICES  
ON ACCOUNT OF  
A BOOKKEEPER,  
COLLECTOR OR  
BAD DEBTS ---  
OURS IS A ONE  
PRICE CASH BUS-  
INESS.

## ONLY 19 DAYS

more until the Buggy will be given away. Re-  
member the time--June 2d, at 3 o'clock. Come  
and see how it is done. Buggy can be seen at  
M. G. Newell & Co.'s store.



ATTRACTIVE  
PATTERNS AT  
ATTRACTIVE  
PRICES SHOWN  
IN AN ATTRAC-  
TIVE MANNER  
should ATTRACT  
CUSTOMERS.



### MEN'S SUITS

We have never shown such an array of Men's Clothing any  
previous season.

Union Cassimere Suits	\$ 5.00
Gray Cassimere	6.50
Gray Flannel	7.50
Gray Clay Worsted	10.00
Fancy Worsteds	\$7.50 to 15.00

### MEN'S PANTS

You may be able to do without a coat but you must have pants.

Worsted Pants, black	\$2.00 to \$4.00
Worsted Pants, striped	1.50 to 4.00
Cassimere Pants	2.00 to 5.00
Paragon Pants	5.00 to 7.50

Have them in all styles and sizes, from 27 to 50 inches waist  
and 27 to 37 inches long.

## MATTHEWS & OGBURN

### OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of the PATRIOT.

Washington, May 12.—"The bill reported by the Philippine committee is one of the most impudent measures ever presented to a Congress of the United States," said Senator Dubois, of Ohio, yesterday when I asked him his opinion of the bill itself. "By the provisions of the bill a commission, composed of three men, is given the most absolute powers over the Philippines and their islands. The edicts of the commission will become laws unless they are negatively acted upon by Congress and, even if Congress had the time it would be impossible for it to judge of these edicts at this distance, 8,000 miles away. These three men can grant franchises to whomsoever they see fit and require in return for the same such compensation or no compensation as they choose. They can lease land in private tracts to corporations for whatever rental they desire. They can grant the privileges of cutting timber to such corporations as they may choose to defend and on such terms as they may be disposed to make. It is ridiculous to say that the Democrats are opposing a step towards the self-government of the Philippines. They believe the Philippines are entitled. The Democrats are doing all in their power to save the Philippines from being delivered to an oligarchy which can sell them, body and soul, from whose actions they have no redress, from a despotic government in which they have absolutely no voice."

"A careful reader of the Philippine bill will convince any intelligent person that the Philippine commission, should the bill become a law, would have powers that are today possessed by no European ruler save, perhaps, the Russian Czar. There are in the Philippines millions of acres of rich agricultural lands, more than there is in the United States west of the Mississippi River, and the other resources of the islands are beyond computation, and so long as human nature remains human nature the delegation of such plenipotentiary power to a commission composed of a few favored individuals is bound to result in corruption. It is folly to plead the high character of the present commission. Its members may all be dead in a month. As a general proposition, it is evident that the best men in the United States are not going to forsake their homes and their business interests and go to the Philippines to administer the affairs of the islands. The men who seek these positions will be the usual class of place hunters who regularly beseege the President for positions which carry handsome salaries. The passage of this bill will inevitably result in scandals from which the fair name of the United States will long suffer."

All last week in the Senate was spent in debating the Philippine bill and the prospects are that all this week will be spent in the same way. Senator Dubois tells us that he expects to address the Senate on the subject, and Senator Bailey told me that he would probably

do so. Senator Foraker will speak for the Republicans and probably Senator Spooner. The Democrats feel that they will be derelict in their duty if they do not completely expose to the public the situation in the islands and the probable results of the Republican policy which is un-American in every detail. The sudden death of three Democratic members of the House of Representatives early last week, Messrs. Cummings, Tracy and Salmon, seemed about to be followed by another on Friday when Delegate Smith, of Arizona, exhausted with his efforts in behalf of the Territorial omnibus bill, concluded a speech in favor of the bill and fell insensible with a slight stroke of apoplexy. Fortunately, however, he soon showed signs of recovery and is now regarded by his physicians as out of danger. The bill passed the House with the provisions, that the constitutional convention of New Mexico might change the name of that territory on its becoming a state, and that the convention of Oklahoma should adopt an irrevocable statute to the effect that the Federal government should have the privilege of attaching to the new state any or all of Indian Territory at any time.

Out of respect to its deceased members the House transacted no business on Monday and Tuesday and the passage of the territorial bill practically concluded its labors for the week. On Friday afternoon the private pension calendar was cleared and on Saturday eulogies were pronounced on the late Representative Polk, of Pennsylvania, and the late Senator Kyle, of South Dakota. This week the bill of Representative Adams so amending the statutes as to permit of the granting of passports to citizens of our insular possessions will be passed and will probably be followed by the Naval appropriation bill, which will doubtless occupy some time. There is a provision in the bill, as reported from the Committee on Naval Affairs, whereby the Secretary of the Navy is authorized at his discretion to build one or more of the new battleships in the government navy yards. This provision is approved by the labor organizations but is opposed by the Republican machine in the House, and in the Senate by Senators Hanna and McMillan, who are stockholders of the trust which now constructs the naval vessels of the United States.

There has been prevalent in Congress a grave suspicion that the affairs of the War department in the Philippines have been administered with a lavish hand. The figures disclosed by the voluminous documents forwarded to the House in regard to the Pacific transport service, and which were elicited from the Secretary of War only by the most peremptory resolution, immediately led to the belief that similar methods had been pursued in the Philippines and a resolution was passed by the Senate calling for information. To this resolution Mr. Root has replied that he cannot furnish figures during this session of Congress because they are almost inextricably involved with other statistics of the department. If

such is the case, it is argued, the accounting methods of the War department is sadly lacking in system, but the more plausible explanation, and the one generally accepted, is that the Secretary realizes that the figures will cast serious reflection on his party and that he has, in view of the approaching elections, concluded to suppress them for the present. His course is literally condemned even by the leaders of his own party who argue that the public soon forgets but will not forgive being kept in the dark.

### Laws of Babylon King Deciphered.

Paris, May 7.—Professor Morgan, the archaeologist, has succeeded in deciphering the laws of King Khammurabi of Babylonia, a contemporary of Father Abraham. The law books, written on clay, were discovered by the French exploration party by digging up the ancient city of Susa. Those stone law books will be the principal attraction of the archaeological exhibition at the Grand Palais, which was opened last Thursday.

The parts of the code deciphered by the professor deal with criminal, civil and commercial law. Here are extracts from the fundamental laws of the ancient Babylonian:

"The man who sets a house afire shall be thrown into the fire."

"The burglar, discovered in the act, has forfeited his life if he carry weapons on his body. He shall be hanged on the spot where he entered the house."

"He who destroys a fruit tree shall be fined ten pieces of silver."

"He who drives another man's ox to death shall give ox for ox."

"He who injures an animal shall be fined half the worth of the animal."

"A woman, inheriting house, field or orchard from her husband, must not be molested in her possessions, which she shall be free to leave to her favorite son. Her husband's children shall not be entitled to fight the testament."

"He who enters into contract without witnesses, or without any instrument in writing, shall not be allowed to carry his case before the courts."

Professor Morgan says the laws of Abraham's times are practically the same as the laws in force today.

### McLaurin Knocks a Man Down.

Washington, May 9.—There was an exciting scene in the lobby of a hotel here tonight, in which Senator McLaurin, of South Carolina, figured. The Senator was sitting in the dining room with a gentleman, when he became the object of some offensive attention from a man, whose name the Senator refuses to disclose, and who, the Senator says, was under the influence of liquor at the time. Shortly after this the Senator and his friend left the dining room and went to the cigar stand. While standing there the man who had followed the Senator from the dining room approached him, whereupon Mr. McLaurin knocked him down. The man's friends came to his assistance and ended the scene by hustling him away. The Senator was not struck. There were no arrests.

### Paris Green on Plants.

Statement by Tobaccoist, Richmond.

Putting of paris green on plants should be prohibited, as it has been done in some places. The subject was so important that we let our protest go dictated in advance of our own publication to the Evening Leader of Richmond.

"The practice, both dangerous and condemned for years in the West, of using paris green on tobacco plants in order to kill worms, has not only killed people through this most deadly poison, but has killed the price of tobacco in the neighborhood of such planters where it is used. We are sorry to see its use recommended in this section, where nearly all of our tobacco is for chewing purposes, and we shall protest against the practice, no matter by whom adopted."

"Paris green is especially dangerous in the hands of ignorant farmers, and particularly the negroes. The Western tobacco journals, as well as papers in the tobacco districts of Kentucky, have waged a continuous war for years against the use of the poison on tobacco. It has also been condemned by numerous tobacco traders and by the largest tobacco buyers in the West, and would therefore, undoubtedly be a great detriment to our tobacco growers to use it. In some states, we believe, if not in Kentucky itself, the law prohibits its use on tobacco, or at least has tried to do so."

There are some harmless ways of getting rid of the tobacco worm, the easiest of which is to kill the tobacco moth at the two periods of its life during the tobacco crop. Cobalt, used in solution in imitation "Jimson" weed blossom, of glass or porcelain, which was to be had some years ago, and which by sweetening the cobalt in the blossom attracted all poison to tobacco or hawk moth, has for years been used successfully. Also sticky matter, such as tar, syrup, etc., has been used with lights set up at sundown in jimson weed patches to attract the moth, which is then killed by hand, by paddle or left sticking there. This is far safer than risking life and the reputation of tobacco with paris green, and certainly is effective. True, paris green is used on some vegetables, but the case is different. In the instance of the potato the poison is put on the potato top, which nobody eats. The bulb underground is the thing which gets to the dinner table. Again, paris green is used on cabbage before it begins to head and before the poison has had any opportunity to be absorbed by the plant and become poisonous to man."

"Two years ago there was very much complaint in the West by those who analyzed their tobacco purchases and who found the killing quantities of poison which had accumulated on the plants. It got so in the end that buyers refused to take tobacco on which paris green had been used. The same thing may occur here. We have just discussed the matter with Mr. Watt G. Dunnington, of Farmville, representative here of the Austrian and Italian governments, and one of the largest

buyers in this country, and find that he is unqualifiedly opposed to the use of the poison and thinks the farmers ought to be warned."

One poisoned person, would condemn a whole section's tobacco crop from fear of use—nearly all tobacco or insect poison proper are really dangerous, patent compounds, more or less so, when sufficient. Poison on the ground around the plant, kills the cut worm before it gets to the plants."

### No Loss of Time.

I have sold Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for years, and would rather be out of coffee and sugar than it. I sold five bottles of it yesterday to threshers that could go no farther, and they are out again this morning.—H. R. PHILLIPS, Plymouth, Oklahoma. As will be seen by the above the threshers were able to keep on with their work without losing a single day's time. You should keep a bottle of this Remedy in your home. For sale by C. E. Holton, druggist.

Witnesses in the beef inquiry at Jefferson City, Mo., stated that the beef trust fixed prices on both cattle and meat at St. Louis.

### Children's Fertilizer.

That's a good name for Scott's Emulsion. Children are like young plants. Some will grow in ordinary soil. Others need fertilizers.

The nature of some children prevents them from thriving on ordinary food. Such children grow right if treated right.

All they need is a little fertilizer—a little extra richness. Scott's Emulsion is the right treatment.

Fertilizers make things grow. That's just what Scott's Emulsion does. It makes children grow in flesh, grow in strength, grow rich blood, grow in mind, grow happy. That's what we make it for.

Send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y. See and know all druggists.

### The Annual Commencement of Sharp's Institute.

The second annual commencement of Sharp's Institute, which was held April 27-30, was a grand success.

The closing exercises of the Y. M. C. A., on April 27, were highly enjoyed. A large audience assembled at an early hour to witness the Junior exercises April 29, at 7:30 P. M. The acts of the program received continuous applause from the audience while the recitations, dialogues, songs, etc., were being rendered. The music of the best string band was fine.

On Wednesday morning the audience was swelled to eighteen hundred people. The program opened by an invocation from Rev. J. A. Bowles, a prominent Methodist minister, by a contest in declamation and a literary address by Dr. Whitsett was given and up-to-date. He made an impression upon his hearers that is never to be forgotten. Dr. Whitsett is an elegant speaker and a leading educator of the state of North Carolina.

The contest in declamation at 11 A. M. was highly commendable. The seven reciters showed wonderful heart along that line. The medals were delivered to the successful contestants of Rev. Bowles and Dr. Whitsett. For the occasion was furnished by the Third Regiment band, of Raleigh.

Every exercise was a success and showed the school had for its high standard. In conclusion it was announced that the Raleigh Review would award a gold medal to the successful declaimer in declamation at the commencement of 1903.

Fall term opens September 1st.

### Ladies Can Wear Shoes

one size smaller after using Allen's Easy shoe powder to bed down the foot. It makes tight or new shoes feel like old shoes. It gives the foot the greatest comfort discovery of the century and prevents swollen feet, corns, and sore spots. Allen's Easy shoe powder cures for swelling, hot, inflamed, itchy, and sore feet. It is sold by all druggists and shoe stores. See, or write, Allen S. Key, 100 N. Y.

Graham Tribune: "Ladies of the cotton mill at 2400 Broadway, Friday night and the trouble was fully escaped destruction. The splendid water facilities of the mill have been lost. The damage exceeds \$1,000."

Do Your Feet Suffer? Allen's Easy shoe powder. If so, use Allen's Easy shoe powder. It cures Chapped feet, itching, swollen feet, at all shoe stores, 25c.

An electro-magnet of Allen's has been tested in Germany and has been able to throw a piece of iron 100 feet.

A Certain Cure for Chapped Feet. Shake into your shoes Allen's Easy shoe powder. It cures Chapped feet, itching, swollen feet, at all shoe stores, 25c.

The victorious insurance company of complete possession of San Francisco.

"Grippe Knockers" Cure the Severest Colds and La Grippe in Ten Hours. 25c.



## A DEFENCE OF JUDGE CLARK.

Batchelor Replies to Charges—He Brands Major Wilson's Letter a Concoction of Corporation Lawyers and Scores Ex-Governor Russell—Counter Charges Against Major Wilson's Party Loyalty.

TO THE EDITOR—It has been the immemorial privilege of a suitor who loses his case to "cuss the court," but the late pamphlet signed by James W. Wilson abuses the privilege. He not only cusses out the wrong judge, for Judge Douglas (not Judge Clark, as Major Wilson states,) wrote the opinion, which is an elaborate one, covering thirty-two pages, and can be found in L. N. C. Reports, pages 418-450, but with unparalleled cheek he assumes that his charges, absolutely unsubstantiated by a title of proof, are to be taken as true unless Judge Clark disproves them. Such a course is so contrary to the most elemental principles of fair play and justice as to need no discussion with any fair-minded man.

The whole performance is but the repetition of a similar scene which so lately failed at the impeachment trial. It is now rehearsed, with blowing horns and beating of drums, by the "anti-Russell-Jim-Wilson-Southern-Railroad-combination," with the addition only of several well known railroad agents as chorus boys. In fact the article was concocted at a meeting of railroad agents and attorneys recently held in this city.

It is here stated on the authority of the highest character, from the section in which Major John D. Shaw lives, that he left home to attend that meeting. He said there had been a meeting to bring out an independent candidate against Judge Clark, which he had not been able to attend, but now some papers had been found against him which would ruin him, and that he was going down to Raleigh "to fix up the matter" and defeat his nomination. About the same time Major James W. Wilson left Morganton, making very nearly similar statements to some friends of his, as is avouched by a letter from a well-known citizen of Morganton. The files of the Raleigh papers show an unusual gathering of railroad lawyers in Raleigh at that time. This combination to secure the control of the supreme court of the state, and to repeal and revise and change the decisions of that court which are repugnant to the corporations because fair and just to the public, sought to find the best mouthpiece for their purpose, and after considerable hesitation selected Major James W. Wilson. Knowing that a judge could not go into a newspaper controversy, these conspirators sought they had Judge Clark at their disposal by offering no proofs which his friends could answer, but charging, making charges without proof, and not allowing him to answer. Their object was to enmesh him personally in a state squabble, keep it up no matter what he said in reply, till the expiration, and then say it was beneath the dignity of the office to nominate such a man for Chief Justice.

They had lately used Mr. Page, the president of one of the subordinate railroads who, by the way, voted for the Republican candidate for President both in 1880 and 1890 to oppose Judge Clark's nomination by the Democratic party. His attack had specified the points of his charge and had therefore been promptly and effectively answered by Judge Clark's friends. It was at first thought that Page should again be used as their mouthpiece and he had boasted that he would issue this pamphlet, which can be proved by a well-known lawyer of his county, and he showed his knowledge of its contents and its being forthcoming in one of his many recent visits to this city.

But it was thought prudent, in view of the failure of his previous attack, to use another and it proves a more fortunate selection, for if ever a piece of words bore a hall mark James W. Wilson bears in his whole career for long years past the trade mark "Southern Railroad Company—their man."

The article starts out with a statement by the pamphlet writer, Mr. Wilson, that Judge Clark had done him a wrong in writing an opinion in his case when the record shows was written by Judge Douglas, and, getting hotter and hotter, it winds up by saying that he has no malice. This is a fair sample of the inconsistency and inaccuracy that pervades the whole of the joint production of the eminent railroad attorneys. In the light of a fair, impartial investigation, let us examine the charges. First they attacked Judge Clark's party loyalty. It is alleged that he was endorsed by the Populist convention of 1890, and did not decline the endorsement, while Judge Connor did. Let us see how the truth may be. The Populist convention met the first day of August, 1890. Mr. Butler had conceived the idea that he could achieve office, properly for his new movement, by adopting the plan of dividing the judges between the two political parties, and the custom in Illinois and several other states. In pursuance of this plan, the Populist convention passed a resolution that they would elect their judges for Faircloth, for Chief Justice, Furbush for Associate Justice, and for Judge Walter Clark to succeed himself as Associate Justice, and for Henry C. Connor to succeed Judge Amistad Barwell as Associate Justice. Two well-known Democrats, the other two gentlemen being equally well-known Republicans, Judge Clark was at the Supreme court room when he heard news of his endorsement, and as I learn from Hon. B. R. Lacy, our present public treasurer, he immediately sent for him and Hon. F. M. Simmons, then and now chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee and now Senator. Judge Clark stated to them, so Mr. Lacy says, that he was surprised, and said that the next day he would come out in such card as they thought proper, declining the endorsement, or he would take any other course they thought proper. Chairman Simmons advised him not declining, saying that he thought Judge Clark would probably be nominated for Associate Justice by the Democratic convention the following week, and that it was his duty to his party to do all the votes possible for the candidate of the Democratic party. Judge Clark told him he had carte blanche to write what he thought fit and proper. It was thought best to put it in the form of an interview, and the following interview was thereupon written entirely in Mr. Simmons' hand-writing, and was adopted by Judge Clark without alteration, and appeared next morning in the News and Observer, parallel with a column

containing the report of the Populist convention. The original in Mr. Simmons' hand-writing is still in existence, and is in the possession of Mr. Lacy at the public treasury, where it can be seen. Here is a copy as taken from the News and Observer, August 2, 1890, on file in the state library:

"AN INTERVIEW WITH JUDGE CLARK. Judge Clark was seen last night and said in substance that the action of the People's party in endorsing him for Associate Justice was neither sought for in any way, or encouraged by him; that while he greatly appreciated the desire of any body of his fellow-citizens to elect him to this position, it must be distinctly understood that he is a Democrat, and is not, and has not been a candidate for the nomination or endorsement of any party, except the Democratic party; that if nominated by the Democratic party at its convention on August 8th he would be a candidate for re-election, otherwise he would not be a candidate."

The News and Observer in commenting upon it states that Judge Clark and Judge Connor had been nominated without their consent, suggests a reason why Judge Connor would not be a candidate, and adds as follows: "Judge Clark is not in the same boat. Assuming the Democrats will nominate him, he will receive the votes of his own party and the Populists, and it may be that the Republicans will follow suit and he will be elected unanimously."

On the following day the News and Observer editorially, Capt. A. S. Ashe being the editor, said as follows: "It is well to observe that Judge Clark in his interview which we printed yesterday says in effect that the action of the Populists in endorsing him was without his sanction, and that he would abide by the action of the convention of his own party, just as if the Populists had taken no such action, otherwise he will be no candidate."

After these prompt and excellent declarations, the Populists and Republicans who voted for him could have no misconception of his attitude. Two days after Judge Clark's card Judge Connor published a very similar one in the News and Observer on August 4th. The following week, on August 8th, the Democratic convention met and with all the facts known to Chairman Simmons and other leaders, and indeed to the public, Judge Clark was unanimously nominated by the Democratic party. Judge Connor could not run against Judge Barwell, the nominee of his own party, but Judge Clark being the nominee of the Democratic party had no right to refuse any votes tendered for its nominee. His declaration that he had not sought the Populist endorsement is as explicit as can make it, it was written by the chairman of the Democratic party and was not denied by a single man, Populist or otherwise, in the whole state.

Two years later, as Major Wilson says, Judge Clark was tendered the Democratic nomination for Governor, and we know that he was unanimously endorsed for Vice President by the state convention, and later was voted for by several states at Chicago, as the running mate of Mr. Bryan, and his friends say he failed of the nomination solely and only because when a boy he had been a Confederate soldier. After these party endorsements, six or eight years ago, it is too late to question his party loyalty. We who live in Raleigh, where he has resided for nearly thirty years past, know that he has attended every Democratic primary and always voted the Democratic ticket without scratching. For a great part of the time I lived in the same ward and we voted at the same box. What better proof is needed? He has not canvassed, of course, since being on the bench, but before that he had canvassed and contributed liberally of his means to party success. What record can Major James W. Wilson show in this respect? Has he not held office under every political party in North Carolina since the war? Is there nothing in the fraud commission touching his dealing with Swenson and Littlefield in their performance in days of high Republicanism?

It is charged in the pamphlet against Judge Clark that he declined the Democratic nomination for governor, which he did because of his lack of means, as he stated at the time, to fill the position with the dignity due the state upon the then insufficient salary of that office with a young family to be raised and educated. It was suggested by his friends, not by him, that he could remain on the bench and be elected without canvassing. This had been done the year before by Chief Justice Turley, of Tennessee, who had been elected governor without canvassing and without resigning his position of Chief Justice, and the same thing had been done in New Jersey. This movement was especially opposed by the railroad element, whose principal desire then, as now, was to get Judge Clark off the bench. My recollection is that Judge Clark did not favor the proposition himself, and only agreed to it if the convention desired it; their judgment was also to the contrary, and that excellent gentleman and sterling Democrat, Cyrus B. Watson, was nominated and defeated. The history of the court since that date shows that Justice Clark rendered a real and substantial service to the public by declining to leave the bench. So much for the charge of party fealty. Judge Clark has never been a partisan on the bench, but in his opinions and his dissenting opinions, especially in the "office-holding cases," he has shown that in the construction of the constitution and all matters touching the inherent rights of the people and their right to voice their sentiments, through their legislature, he has clung to the faith of our fathers.

The charge that Judge Clark was a candidate for senator by the Populists against Senator Butler in the legislature of 1895 is so puerile that it must be one part of the pamphlet which is Wilson's own selection. "If anything was well known in the campaign of 1895 it was that if successful, Pritchard and Butler were to be the senators and it took the joint votes of the Republicans and Populists in the legislature to elect them. No living man could have defeated either of them with the followers they had just led to unexpected and unlooked for success. No suggestion of Judge Clark's candidacy was then heard of and if it were true would the Democracy the following year have tendered him the gubernatorial nomination and endorse him for vice-president? There are some things so extravagant that even inveterate malice and incipient dotage should not be made to assert them.

Next comes the charge that he is morally unfit, which will astonish the good people of North Carolina. The specification is that he has sat on cases which he has indicated to be brought. This charge is not only made without proof to sustain it, but proof to the contrary is readily accessible to every one. The only cases specified are those concerning the free pass indictments and the pending litigation as to the taxation of railroad franchises. The first indictment as to free passes is that of State vs. Southern Railway, 122 N. C., 1052, which was instituted by the grand jury in Wake county, the bill drawn by Solicitor E. W. Pou, the present member of Congress from this district, and the opinion in the Supreme Court was written by Judge Montgomery. Mr. Pou and the witnesses in that case are accessible and it is an insult to them as well as to the grand jury to allege that Judge Clark procured the finding or drawing of the bill, or the sending of these witnesses to the grand jury. The other indictment was State vs. Railroad, 120 N. C., 696, from Burke. The bill in that instance was drawn by Mr. Spainhour, the present solicitor of that district. The charge to the jury was made by Judge Stevens, and the bill was found by the grand jury and upon evidence of witnesses not one of whom probably ever saw Judge Clark. The result of these cases was to put some three thousand dollars into the school fund. The only other case mentioned is the pending litigation brought by Sheriff Jackson, of Washington county, against the railroad commissioners to compel the levy of taxes upon their franchise alleged to be worth more than \$100,000,000 which till now has been wholly exempt from taxation. Senator H. S. Ward, who instituted the action as attorney for Sheriff Jackson, has stated in most unequivocal terms over his own signature in the public press, that Judge Clark had nothing whatever to do with the instituting of that proceeding. He is a gentleman of the highest character and needs no voucher. The judge who charges a grand jury to indict those who commit murder or larceny, or other offenses against the law, cannot be said to instigate the proceedings, in such a sense that it is improper for him to preside at the trial of those against whom true bills have been found by the grand jury under his charge. Judge Clark has the courage of his convictions and no doubt stated publicly that the law against free passes was on the statute book, and ought to be executed, and he certainly also stated that if the law taxing the railroad franchises was to be enforced property of this kind worth \$100,000,000 ought not to remain untaxed while burdens of taxation were being borne by the farmer, the merchant and the manufacturer to the utmost limit of the law. If such expressions had any effect to procure the execution of the law against those whom the grand jury found guilty, it is certainly not to the discredit of one who so often required him to see to the impartial execution of the laws of the state. We need public officials who will instigate the impartial execution of the laws against all alike, against the rich as well as the poor, against powerful corporations as much as against the poor man who may steal a crust to appease his hunger. It will be noted that the complaint in the pamphlet is all of execution of the law, against railroads, of their being made to obey the laws against their habit of corrupting officials with free pass favors and against the execution of the statute taxing their property, which is now tax free.

Now as to Wilson's own case. Major Wilson, prior to the time that he was appointed to the railroad commission, had for many years been continually in the railroad service. It is well known that Governor Fowler refused on this ground to appoint him, though a former schoolmate and personal friend. The act was then changed so as to elect by the General Assembly, and his election by that body was earnestly advocated by the Southern Railway and its agents. After he became a commissioner there was a general demand in the state that the commission should exercise the power for which it was created, by reducing the rate of fare for passengers and freight rates for that had been publicly stated, and generally understood, that the object for which the commission had been established was the protection of the public from exorbitant railroad charges. The average rate of fare in the Union was less than 2 cents per mile, and while North Carolina was an average state in density of population, the rate here charged was and still is 31 cents per mile. Judge Clark stated in his speech, from which I take the above in substance that these rates were too high and ought to be reduced. Not long after that time Major Wilson and Otto Wilson, his colleague, as commissioner, were charged in an article in the News and Observer, written by Mr. Arceneille or Mr. Merritt, I do not recall which, as being engaged in running a hotel at Mount Knoll, in McDowell county. Wilson is landlord and S. Otto Wilson as tenant, the possibility of Otto's paying the rent being dependent upon the receipts of the hotel, and these receipts being dependent upon the favor of the railroads in making it a stopping place for their trains. These charges made in the public press compelled Governor Russell to institute an investigation. The commissioners were summoned and faced with the witnesses against them and they were adjudged subject to removal by Governor Russell. Judge Clark could have known nothing of the facts of this case, the transaction having taken place in McDowell county, and it never went before the Supreme Court, nor did the matter therein involved (the conduct of the two Wilsons) get before that court. It could not because the act creating the commission stated on its face that the action of the Governor in removing a commissioner was reviewable by the Legislature, and not by the court. It was subsequently reviewed by the Legislature, and notwithstanding all this appeals made by Wilson's lawyers to the party prejudice against Governor Russell, and for sympathy on account of Wilson's years, the Democratic Legislature virtually ratified Governor Russell's action, for it refused to elect James W. Wilson commissioner, though it gave him back salary for the time during which he had been suspended, and this by a close vote. The salary was secured by the active assistance of A. B. Andrews and his attorneys, and partly on a plea that there might be a fund to pay Wilson's lawyers. The case before the Supreme Court was an entirely different matter. It was brought by the new commission-

ers against James W. Wilson and S. Otto Wilson and presented an entirely different question—the dry proposition of law, whether the General Assembly had power to pass the act. The court held that the Legislature had the power, Judge Douglas writing the opinion, all but Judge Faircloth concurring, and the United States Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the North Carolina Supreme Court, and thus strong presumption is that the case was decided rightly. No wrong certainly can be imputed to Judge Clark because he agreed in the decision, even if it were true that he advised the Governor as to the other matter in the case tried on the issue of fact, as to the conduct of the two Wilsons. With the inaccuracy that pervades the whole pamphlet Mr. Wilson is made to state that Judge Clark wrote the opinion. An examination of it will show that the court did not pass upon the conduct of the Wilsons, and whether such conduct justified their removal, which was the only matter tried by Governor Russell.

But they say Judge Clark wrote Russell a letter and this is charged against him as a high misdemeanor, at the instance of an element in the Democratic party, which in the last two elections has been voting for a Republican for President of the United States. The "voluminous correspondence between Clark and Russell," about which railroad "law agents" have been whispering for months, has now dwindled down, it seems, to one note in pencil signed "W. C.," if reports coming from railroad circles are to be believed. And the numerous papers in the Wilson case alleged to have been fixed up by Judge Clark have shrunk to one paper said to be a brief or a legal form which Governor Russell submitted to Judge Clark and in which the latter made some interjections.

[Concluded next week.]

Don't Start Wrong.

Don't start the summer with a lingering cough or cold. A few doses of One Minute Cough Cure will set you right. Sure cure for coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts at once. Howard Gardner.

## NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County, Superior Court, February Term, 1902.  
Andrew Fuller vs. Dora Fuller.

It appearing to the Court in the above entitled action that the plaintiff has failed to appear and answer to the summons, which has been returned by the Sheriff to this office that the defendant cannot be found, and it further appearing to the Court that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of North Carolina and cannot with due diligence be found in the said state.  
It is therefore ordered by the Court that the defendant appear on the 9th day of June, 1902, and answer or demur to the complaint which has been filed in this office against the defendant asking for the dissolution of the bonds of matrimony between the plaintiff and defendant on account of adultery, and if the said defendant does not appear on the 9th day of June, at the Clerk's office, in the city of Greensboro, North Carolina, and answer or demur to the complaint aforesaid, then the plaintiff will proceed to ask for the relief demanded in the complaint. And it is further ordered that this notice be published in the Greensboro Patriot, a newspaper published in the city of Greensboro, for six successive weeks.  
This April 14th, 1902.  
JOHN J. NELSON, C. S. C.  
John A. Barringer, Attorney for Plaintiff.

# "Fitters of Feet"

That's just what we are. We fit the feet---fit them properly and neatly. Our spring goods are now all in, embracing all the most popular styles and makes. In justice to yourself call in and examine this line of Spring and Summer Footwear. And the prices are cheap, too. The values are as they have always been---the top notch of perfection. :: :: :: :: ::

## Ward Shoe Co.

"Fitters of Feet"

## The New York Bargain House

332 SOUTH ELM STREET

Goods 25 per cent. less than you will buy anywhere else in Greensboro. After a long selection we have our stock complete in

## Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing

Every garment is well made in up-to-date styles. We have bought them so we can sell them at 25 per cent. less than anybody else in town. We herewith quote a few prices:

Bargain No. 1—50 Men's Light Checked Cassimere Suits, \$4 value, at.....	\$2.50
Bargain No. 2—25 Men's fine Black Worsted Suits, \$5 value, at.....	3.25
Bargain No. 3—48 Men's fine Blue and Black Serge Suits, single and double breasted, well made, \$9 value, now.....	6.50
Bargain No. 4—35 Men's Unfinished Worsted, \$12.50 value, now.....	9.00
We offer a few special prices in Boys' and Children's Clothing:	
35 Child's Vest Suits, sizes 3 to 7, \$1.25 value, now.....	8.98
\$2.00 Boys' Suits at.....	1.50
\$3.00 Boys' Suits at.....	2.25
\$4.00 Boys' Suits at.....	3.35
\$5.50 Boys' Suits at.....	4.75

## New York Bargain House

CHEAPEST STORE IN TOWN

I. Isaacson, Proprietor. 332 South Elm Street.

## ASHEBORO STREET PHARMACY

420 ASHEBORO STREET

## FOR DRUGS

HAVING DOUBLED OUR CAPACITY WE ARE ENABLED TO SERVE THE PUBLIC MORE PROMPTLY THAN HERETOFORE, BESIDES MAKING MUCH BETTER FLOUR THAN WE HAVE EVER MADE. THANKING OUR PATRONS FOR PAST FAVORS AND SOLICITING A CONTINUANCE OF YOUR PATRONAGE, WE REMAIN, YOURS TO SERVE,

GUILFORD ROLLER MILLS CO.

GREENSBORO, N. C.



## Greensboro Patriot.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

Published Every Wednesday.

W. M. BARBER & CO.

### SUBSCRIPTION:

Year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents. In advance.

Sent at the postoffice in Greensboro, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Communications, unless they contain important news, or unless they are properly addressed to the publisher, are not published. If they are published, they will be at the risk of the publisher.

Advertisements made by check, draft, postal note, or any other registered letter will be accepted at the risk of the advertiser.

THE PATRIOT,  
Greensboro, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 1902.

The Raleigh Post copies the resolutions adopted by the business organizations of Greensboro last week and submitted to the people of the county for endorsement and comments as follows:

"There is in the minds of some a disposition to make a distinction between the treatment of a corporation and an individual" is the frank and truthful acknowledgment of the progressive business men of Greensboro, and they have taken the proper steps to dissipate such disposition, so far as Guilford is concerned, by having all the citizens of the county sign an agreement that "these corporations ought to have the encouragement and support of the people and ought to be accorded every consideration." If every citizen in each county in North Carolina would adopt and sign and adhere to such resolutions a revolution of far-reaching and up-building effect in the industrial interests of the state would at once follow, benefiting every class, save the vicious political demagogue who can only thrive upon the calamity of the people or a disturbance of their social conditions.

The resolutions are creditable to the sound, patriotic judgment of the business men of Greensboro and Guilford, and worthy of prompt adoption by the good people of all counties who wish their State to prosper and who wish to prosper themselves by honest means rather than the oppression of their industrious neighbors. The county and people who adopt and follow such policy as indicated in these resolutions will run far ahead of those who undertake to make distinction in treatment of the activities of their fellow citizens whether brought into use by corporate power or by individual endeavor. And they ought to so prosper. If the demagogues and disturbers can be put down, the old State has a magnificent future before it.

The Asheville Citizen, under the title, "The Right Sort of Spirit," says: "The Guilford people have in this action wisely, sensibly, effectively. Would you have a man visit you? Invite him. Would you have him live with you? Try to make it pleasant for him. Would you have him invest his money in your community? Then offer him inducements if you can; if you can't you can at least treat him fairly and give him your personal encouragement and support."

The Citizen is right. The condition of affairs which could render such resolutions necessary is the deplorable point in the case. That every interest, corporate or otherwise, shall be treated "fairly," justly, equitably, is all that any one has a right to expect or receive. And if the State is to continue to build up rather than contribute its resources to the upbuilding of other States this spirit of fairness must be re-established throughout the State, and observed by every department of the government, certainly maintained and enforced by an impartial, discriminating, just judiciary.

IN A FEW days we shall begin sending out statements to every one on our list in arrears for more than one year's subscription. We shall expect prompt returns from those receiving these gentle reminders. All the accounts on our books are small, but in the aggregate they amount to considerable—considerable more than we are able to carry. It has been our policy to allow subscriptions to be paid within the year, but a great many take advantage of our indulgence and neglect paying until we call on them. Sooner or later we shall adopt the cash-in-advance system, and then all the annoyance of bills and collectors will cease. Scattered over thirty-five states and territories, many of our readers are inaccessible to our collector, and we have recourse only to the mails to gather up what is due us, and we hope that there will be an effort made at this time to favor us to the extent that we shall indicate.

JUDGE CLARK's letters to Governor Russell appeared in the Sunday papers of the state, and they at once forced us to the conclusion that they were not up to the advance notices. Judge Clark is neither hurt nor helped by his publication. They simply show that the most cordial relations existed between Governor Russell and the writer, and a point has to be strained to declare them the basis of unprofessional actions. At most the Judge can only be charged with indiscretion in his relations with Russell and his friends here do not hold him to strict account for that, under the circumstances. The letters fail to cover near all the charges made by Major Wilson, but there is yet ample time for their consideration.

### Admiral Sampson Buried.

Washington, May 9.—With a pomp and circumstance exceeding that of any naval funeral in this country, in recent years, at least, the remains of the late Wm. Thomas Sampson, rear admiral of the navy, were buried in the Arlington cemetery.

### A TRAIN OF NAPHTHA CARS EXPLODES.

An Exciting Accident at Pittsburgh That Results in the Loss of Many Lives.

Pittsburgh, May 12.—The Shraden yard of the Panhandle Railroad was the scene this evening of one of the most disastrous explosions and fires known in this section for many years. A score of lives were lost and about 200 persons were so badly burned that according to the judgment of physicians in attendance seventy-five per cent. of them will die from the effects of their injuries. The cause of the catastrophe was the explosion of a train of naphtha cars, which were being switched at the yard, and in the switching the rear car telescoped a car forward. The leaking naphtha ignited from a switch light, causing an explosion, which threw the flames fifty feet high. Much of the escaping naphtha ran through the Crook's Run, to Esplanborough, a distance of one and one-half miles, and caused another explosion, blowing to atoms the Seymour Hotel and the Collins' House, on River road, and badly wrecking a frame building near by, in which were congregated 200 or more sports from Pittsburgh and vicinity, betting on the races, baseball, etc. Few of the occupants of this building escaped injury, many being badly hurt. Mrs. Seymour and her daughter, of the Shraden Hotel, were seriously, and it is feared fatally, injured.

The first car of naphtha exploded about 4:10 o'clock and the spectacle attracted a large crowd on the streets, lining the hills on both sides and parallel to the railroad. The second car exploded about 5 o'clock, but it was not until 6:15 o'clock, when three more cars of the deadly stuff went up with a roar that could be heard for miles, that the work of destruction really began. A torrent of flame blenched forth on each side of the track, sweeping back the terrified spectators like a charge of artillery and sending a shower of flame over them, resembling Mount Pelee on a small scale. The scene that followed beggars description. The successive explosions had heated the air to such an extent that before the third explosion many were rendered unconscious by the extreme heat and the gaseous fumes and were being carried away when the torrent of flame swept over the excited crowd.

There was an awful hush for a moment, then followed a scene of frenzy. Men and women, their clothing ablaze, their faces scorched and blistered, their hair burned off their heads, ran wildly shrieking, higher and thither, only intent on escape from that awful furnace of fire. Some gave vent to frenzied appeals to kill them and put them out of their misery, and little children with their curly locks and light summer clothing small pillars of fire, cried piteously as they were swept along by the tide of burning humanity. The Panhandle Railroad Company has succeeded in keeping communication open. The loss will amount to at least \$500,000.

### Portsmouth's Postmaster Missing.

Norfolk, May 12.—Postmaster Samuel Burroughs, of Portsmouth, is missing and Postoffice Inspector Bulla is in charge of his accounts, which are short. John W. Rutter has been placed in temporary charge of the office by Burroughs' bondsmen.

It is stated that the accounts of the missing Postmaster are short from \$2,000 to \$2,500. He was not known to be a speculator nor to have had other expensive habits. Mr. Burroughs' term expired the latter part of March, but he held over awaiting the action of the President in naming his successor. He has been very active in seeking re-appointment.

Mr. Burroughs was recently married and his wife, who has several children by a former husband, is still in the city.

### Tragedy in Mid-Air.

Paris, May 12.—Severo, the aeronaut, and one of his assistants, was killed by the explosion of Severo's air ship in making a trial trip this morning. Severo had invited a number of friends to witness the ascension and his wife and relatives were following the course of the balloon in motor cars. Suddenly, the spectators were horrified by a bright flash of light, followed by a loud explosion. The balloon, which at this time was 1,500 feet above the ground, fell rapidly, landing on the roof of a house. The aeronaut fell into the street and was dashed to pieces. The bones of his legs were forced through the soles of his boots. The man who accompanied him was burned to death. The accident is said to have been caused by a leakage of gas.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, May 9.—Fire this afternoon destroyed the main building and the chapel of the Iowa School for the Deaf, causing a loss estimated at \$350,000. The buildings were uninsured, the state carrying its own risks. Two hundred and sixty pupils and 63 teachers, officers and employees escaped without difficulty. This is the fourth state institution to burn within two years, the others being at Iowa City, Ames and Glenwood.

Pegram & Penn, tobacco manufacturers at Madison, made an assignment Friday. The firm has been in the manufacturing business for several years and the failure was a surprise to many people. The liabilities are estimated at \$40,000 and assets at \$18,000.

The town of Ayden, ten miles south of Greenville, was visited by a destructive fire Sunday, an entire block of buildings, including the largest business houses in the place, were burned, with less than one-third of the value covered by insurance.

Washington, May 9.—President Roosevelt today signed the Oleomargarine bill. The bill is intended to tax out of existence oleomargarine and other substances made and colored in the similitude of butter. Imitations must be sold as such.

**How is Your Liver?** If it is torpid and you are constipated, McDuffie's Little Blue Liver Pills will cure you, 25 cents. Howard Gardner. 10-ly

Paul Leicester Ford, the noted author, was killed in New York Thursday by his brother, Malcom, who then committed suicide.

### The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay.

### STRIKE OF THE COAL MINERS.

145,000 Workers Begin Their Struggle for Increased Wages.

Philadelphia, May 12.—Mine workers throughout the entire anthracite coal regions of Pennsylvania to the number of 145,000, formally began their struggle today for increased wages and shorter hours. Never in the history of hard coal mining has a tie-up been so complete, not one of the 137 collieries in the territory being in operation. There is every indication tonight for the belief that the suspension, which was to cover only the first three days of this week, will be made permanent by the Miners' General Convention, which will meet at Hazleton on Wednesday. Absolute quiet prevailed everywhere today. Predictions are made that if it is decided on Wednesday to continue the strike, the struggle will be longer and more bitter than was that of 1900, which lasted six weeks.

### New Advertisements.

You have just nineteen days in which to secure chances on that nice buggy Matthews & Ogburn are going to give away. See their adv. this week.

You spend two-thirds of your life in your shoes, so it is a good plan to have shoes that will give you "foot comfort" as well as style. Read what Thacker & Brockmann have to say about it in their new adv. on the last page this week.

R. G. Fortune & Co. advertise a great sale of summer goods this week. Ten-cent lawn is being sold at five cents. They are also selling millinery at reduced prices. See their new adv.

Everything new in summer millinery at Mrs. Rosa Hammer-Carter's. Read her new adv.

A big sale is on at Harry-Belk Bros. Co.'s store this week. For full particulars see new adv. in this issue.

### NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills, Fever and malaria. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price 50c.

### New Dental Office

## MODERN DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN

BY THE

Philadelphia Dental Association



They have recently perfected the process by which teeth can be extracted without pain, devoid of danger or the use of sleep-producing drugs. Anyone can have teeth extracted free of danger. No gas, chloroform or cocaine. They invite the medical profession of the city to be present and witness their method of extracting teeth without pain.

### PRICES.

The Very Best Set of Teeth guaranteed—\$5.00  
Second Grade Set of Teeth—\$3.00  
Gold Fillings—\$1.00 up  
Amalgam Fillings—\$1.00 up  
Porcelain Crowns—\$3.00  
Gold Crowns—\$2.00  
Bridge Work, per tooth—\$3.00  
Extracting without pain—25c  
Extracting without pain—50c

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Philadelphia Dental Association

Over Greensboro National Bank.

Dr. M. D. KING, Manager.

## WHEN YOU WANT

Garden Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Green Coffee at 10c. a pound, or

**ANYTHING IN THE GROCERY LINE**

give me a call. I buy all kinds of Produce and pay cash. :: ::

**JAY H. BOONE**

123 North Elm St., Near New Market.

**VICK'S TAR HEEL SARSAPARILLA**

50 CENTS.

BEST TONIC. CURES BAD BLOOD, BY ALL DEALERS.

**HARRY POEZOLT,**

—Merchant Tailor,

217½ S. Elm St., GREENSBORO.

Latest styles of Suits and Trousers to select from. Fit guaranteed.

## MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a mortgage given by W. R. Shepherd and wife, C. E. Shepherd, dated March 26th, 1891, and registered at the office of the Register of Deeds of Guilford county, N. C., in book 83, pages 188-189, given to C. T. Foust, I will sell on  
Friday, June 6, 1902,  
at 11 o'clock A. M., at the court house door in Greensboro, Guilford county, N. C., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, viz: In Guilford county, adjoining the lands of D. P. Foust, John Rankin, W. R. Smith, deceased, Polly Woodard, deceased, Peter Summers, deceased, containing 28 acres more or less.  
This April 25th, 1902.  
C. T. FOUST, Mortgagee.

# The Daisies and Buttercups

are pushing their pretty faces up for kisses from the sun. April showers are about over, but the fishermen are buckling tight their complements of war and looking for new pools to conquer. The small boy is in the garden digging for worms. The head of the household has already been touched for the new spring hat, or soon will be. Spring is here, for the almanac says so—all nature proclaims it. This establishment is a fashion plate of the season's newest and best styles, a place where all may trade. It may be well that consumers can't always see and realize how much under the cost of production we sometimes sell certain lines of goods, otherwise they would crowd us so that nobody could be waited on properly.

## THIS WEEK'S GREAT SALE

as usual, will be the topic of conversation, because we have arranged to have a big sale of Dress Goods, Shoes and Clothing in keeping with our former special sales. Unusual opportunities for all who are commercially inclined. In every department you breathe the sweet fragrance of all that is good and beautiful in early spring showing. We could give some special prices, but what's the use? We will down the prices of anyone this side of New York. Blowing don't count for much nowadays. The naked thing is what the people are looking for. We don't have to get a scarecrow to attract the people. Everybody knows that our capacity cannot be equaled. Come and see the values at

**Harry-Belk Brothers Co.**

CHEAPEST STORE ON EARTH.

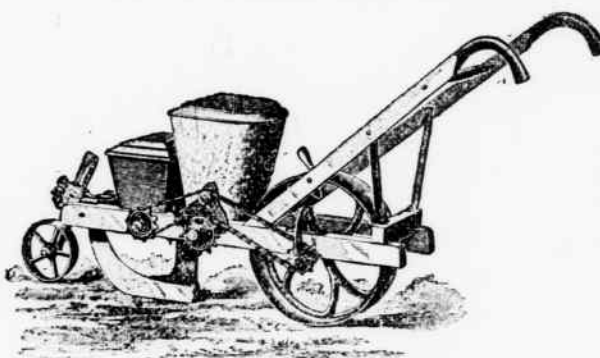
## THREE OF THE BEST

FARMER'S FRIEND CORN PLANTER

(LATEST IMPROVED.)

VULCAN CHILLED PLOWS

TIGER DISC PLOWS



We buy all these in car lots and guarantee either one of them to please you or your money refunded. Am now in my own store—the largest in town. Have no rent to pay, and I can and will sell you goods cheaper than ever.

Solid car each of Buffalo Pitts Harrows, Piedmont Wagons, Lynchburg Buggies, Barbour Buggies. Large stock of Carriages and Hacks. Also the celebrated Tapered Spoke Nissen Wagon always on hand.

537 S. Elm St.

**C. C. TOWNSEND**

GREENSBORO.

# Gardner's Chill Pills

**CURE**

OR YOU GET YOUR MONEY BACK

**PRICE 50 CENTS**

## HOWARD GARDNER

Cor. Opp. Postoffice,

GREENSBORO, N. C.



## NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Matters of Interest Reported by Our Corps of Correspondents.

### Whitsett Items.

Examinations are in full blast. Prof. J. H. Joyner spent Saturday in Greensboro.

The Y. M. C. A. held a public meeting Sunday.

There will be about twenty-five graduates this year.

Miss Ivetus Cobb, of McLeansville, was a visitor Saturday.

The entire program will be heard in the new school building this week.

Mr. W. C. Shaw, of the Asheville Gazette, was here the first of the week.

Music will be furnished commencement week by the Burlington cornet band.

Miss Blanche Rankin attended the Memorial exercises in Greensboro Saturday.

The institution favoring the Cone manufacturing mills is being numerously visited.

Visitations point to an unusually large crowd at commencement day, Wednesday, 21st.

The public Y. M. C. A. service will be held on Sunday, 18th. Annual service at 1 P. M.

The senior class gave an entertainment last Saturday night which was a great success.

The campus was never more beautiful than now. Visitors daily comment upon its beauty.

Miss Mary Olinger, a northern girl, is here. Mr. and Mrs. Stauffer, of New York, are here.

The students' badges were made by the W. H. & H. Co., of New York, and are very pretty.

Mr. W. H. H. accepted an invitation to spend in Durham the first, at the end of two of the excellent schools at 1917.

The privilege of refreshment in the Whitsett Institute commencement exercises was purchased by local parties, and will conduct two large stands in the new buildings.

Mr. W. C. Rankin, a graduate of the University of North Carolina, has been elected to the position of German tutor at the University of North Carolina for next year. He is a very talented young man and is highly winning.

The Whitsett seems to be entirely satisfied with the outlook for commencement. Many have already expressed their confidence in the success of the year. All the efforts of the state have granted the privilege, which will enable our graduates to reach us with less expense and delay.

### Ten Items.

Mr. J. H. Jones was in the city last week.

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### Oak Ridge Items.

Corn is coming up nicely.

Examinations are on in full blast.

Wheat crops are practically failures here this year.

Mr. Robinson, of Gastonia, was called home last week.

The evergreens and lawns around Oak Ridge are at their loveliest now.

Capt. R. S. Williams has been quite sick this past week but is better now.

Work on Donnell & Holt's new store is progressing rapidly. It is now enclosed.

Horace Whitsett, of Reidsville, and Miss Kerner, of Kernersville, were visitors here last week.

There are twenty-two members in the senior class and thirty members of the commercial and short-hand classes.

Misses Kerner and Lowrey, from Kernersville, were welcomed visitors to the Philomathean society last Friday night.

The Institute excursion on the 3rd of May, free to the students, was most enjoyable. Cloudless skies, pleasant crowd, ladies from Oak Ridge and Summerfield and good railroad service made the occasion very enjoyable.

Mr. L. H. Lambeth, of Battle Ground, was a visitor to his daughter, Mrs. M. H. Holt, Friday. Saturday he went to Winston to consult Dr. Balmson about a cancer on his hand. He is now at the Twin-City hospital, and will have an operation performed Monday.

The Oak Ridge Institute kids, the second nine, including no first team or substitute man, played with Salem Boy's School and players from Winston-Salem outside of Boy's School, at Winston Saturday. The score was a tie at end of ninth inning, 6 to 6, and there was not time to play off the tie.

Among those who attended the approaching commencement alumni banquet will respond to toasts are Governor Aycock, Dr. McIver, W. L. Spence, Esq., Prof. M. H. Holt, Hon. J. R. Webster, Geo. Stephens, Rev. C. L. Whitaker, Zeb Taylor, Esq., President Venable, Dr. C. L. Raper and others of the state's best known citizens.

The Reuben Rink Decorating Company are putting things in shape at the Institute. The chapel is being papered and the stage effect will be gorgeous. The office is being decorated and treated to a handsome velvet carpet. The walls of the school rooms are being handsomely tiled and wainscoted and painted. The Philomathean library society hall is being handsomely carpeted with Wilton velvet.

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### Guilford College Items.

Mr. Ernest Blackburn, of High Point, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Misses Tina and Kathleen Lindley are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Edwards.

Mr. R. W. Hodgins, of Greensboro, spent Sunday with his mother at this place.

Miss Helen Smith, who has been teaching in South Carolina, returned home Monday morning.

Miss Berta Hodgins, a Normal College student, spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Ida E. Millis.

The young ladies of the Philomathean literary society, will hold their annual oratorical contest next Friday, the 16th. Those of the Henry Clay society will hold theirs Saturday evening.

Mr. Sam W. Blackburn, who has been assistant in the telegraph office at Guilford for some time, left Monday morning for Roanoke, Va., expecting to take a position with the N. and W. railroad.

The Guilford people seem very much interested in the extension of the electric car line to this place. A very enthusiastic meeting of the citizens was held last week to discuss the subject, and another meeting is called for Wednesday evening to further consider the matter.

Among the many visitors who attended the contest Saturday night were: Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Cartland, Miss Alice Cartland, Miss Hackney, Mr. H. C. Taylor, and Mr. Blanchard, of Greensboro; Miss Annie Tomlinson and Mr. J. C. Hill, of High Point, and Miss Mary Belle Futrell, of Jamestown.

The oratorical contest of the Websterian literary society was held last Saturday evening. The speakers were: D. Ralph Parker, Irvin T. Blanchard, W. Falconer Landreth, Chas. M. Short, J. Mott Lindsay and M. Hardin, who deserve much credit for the manner in which they delivered their orations.

The orator's prize, Webster's unabridged dictionary, was won by Mr. Chas. M. Short. The subject of his oration was, "The Influence of the Public Educator." The judges were: Judge W. P. Rynum, Jr., Prof. C. A. Grimsly and Mr. W. E. Blair. The prize was presented by Judge Rynum in his usual entertaining style. A medal was also presented to Mr. David Couch as the one who has made the most improvement in society work during the year. The music was furnished by the Normal College orchestra.

McLeansville Items.

Mr. Herman Buchanan came down last week visiting.

Mrs. Walter Wagoner, who has been visiting her father, Mr. J. C. Brown, returned home after a week's visit.

Mr. John W. Davis, of Danville, Va., came over on his wheel Saturday, and was the guest of his brother, Mr. R. L. Davis, whom he had not seen for several years.

Two of our young ladies who are contestants for the medal at Jefferson Academy are sick and confined to their rooms, but we hope they will soon recuperate sufficiently to contest for the medal.

One of our citizens was in your city last Saturday and saw Mr. Will Collins, the undertaker, who told the gentleman that he had a hen that had laid one hundred and twenty eggs since the twentieth of December.

The county appears to be well supplied with young chickens. If nothing should happen to them, we think that the delegates to our convention in your city will be well supplied. If there should be an overplus, call on the old veterans.

We had but a short distance from here considerable hail last week. At Mr. Brooks Wyrick's the ground was nearly covered, and at Hines' Chapel there was considerable, hence the cool spell. We had a good rain Sunday night and everything looks nicely on the farm. Nearly all the corn is planted.

Capt. N. P. Rankin, of this county, but now of Macon county, gave us a visit and was the guest of his brother, Robert, last week. He participated in the Memorial services at your city and did justice to the beautiful report donated to the old vets. He told the writer that it was the best arranged affair that he had seen since the war. He met several of his company and enjoyed himself finely.

Hines' Chapel Items.

Mrs. Mary Hines improves very slowly.

Mr. W. R. Whitt, of McLeansville, visited here recently.

Rev. L. F. Johnson preached an excellent sermon here Sunday.

Mr. Thomas Weatherly was a caller at Mr. Melvin's Saturday evening.

It is rumored that a woolen mill is to be built near here in the near future.

Mr. C. A. Hines, of Jefferson Academy, spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

Messrs. J. T. and M. L. Wright, of Lee's chapel neighborhood, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in the neighborhood.

Mr. Oscar W. Hines, one of our brightest and most promising young men, has accepted a position for the summer at Colesburg.

The owners of the Reedy Fork roller mills here are contemplating making extensive improvements on their property. Part of the machinery has arrived and the work will soon be commenced.

Scalesville Items.

Corn has come up well in this section.

Miss Lucy Horsford, who has been on the sick list, is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Ladd attended the commencement exercises at Bald Hill.

Mr. D. S. Horsford, of Brown Summit, spent Saturday and Sunday with his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Walker, of Monroeton, visited the latter's mother, Mrs. Lawrence, recently.

Mr. G. W. Long has been at Summerfield the past week building Mr. T. Stanley a large feed barn.

Quite a number of our young people went to Mt. Airy on the excursion. They report a pleasant time.

Messrs. D. T. Ladd, Charlie Harris and Joe Long have returned home from Beaver Swamp, where they have been spending a few days hunting and fishing.

C. M. VANSTORY, President.

W. G. BALSLEY, Vice President.

G. A. RANKIN, Sec. and

# Vanstory Clothing Co.



## NO BETTER CLOTHING

ever sold than is now being sold by Vanstory Clothing Co. We have the finest and largest assortment of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits, Hats, Caps, Straw Hats and Underwear in North Carolina. When we can't supply your wants in this line it is useless to look elsewhere. We are still picking up odd Suits on our Bargain Counter. Any Suit in this lot at one-fourth off the regular price.



FOR BUSINESS DRESS OR EVERYDAY SUITS AND WORKING PANTS, OUR STORE IS HEADQUARTERS

T. L. McLEAN, Director.

J. VAN LINDLEY, Director.

JAS. R. CUTCHIN, Director.

# The Keystone Corn Planter

Cannot be Equaled for Accuracy, Strength, Easy Running and Low Price

It is made so you can easily see the grains drop without moving your position while planting. Can also be used for planting peas. They give perfect satisfaction everywhere.

## Odell Hardware Company

Greensboro, N. C.

### Fiftieth Marriage Anniversary.

On the 29th ult. it was my privilege and pleasure to escort to the county of Yadkin and attend the golden wedding anniversary of ex-Sheriff and Mrs. W. F. Shore, they having lived happily together under the "ties that bind" for fifty long years. It was a golden occasion. All the children and grand children, with husbands and wives, were there, and a large number of other relatives and friends. The day was an ideal one and the joyous associations of kindred and home folks with father and mother, recalling the place and incidents of earlier halcyon days was close kinship to heaven's sweet peace. The bounteous spread at the festal board was a golden charm and each attendant would give evidence of its fitness to satisfy the inner man. The blessings invoked by Mr. A. E. Conrad was a spiritual feast, and all together the entire company looked joy to joy and heaven's blessings were there. A photograph was taken of the party and scene and the day closed in peace and pleasure and the night passed with golden rest.

### Merry Oaks Items.

Mr. Andy Gerringer is now critically ill.

The Guilford poultry farm is now doing a good business.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gerringer visited Uncle Andy Gerringer recently.

We are glad to note that Mrs. Ella Wyrick is able to be out again.

Mrs. M. J. Rankin, of the Guilford poultry farm, visited Mrs. Wyrick recently.

Mrs. D. A. Smith and daughter, Nanine, spent Saturday night with Mrs.



**ORGANIZE THE PARTY?**  
to Democracy to Guard Against  
New Dangers.

THE PATRIOT: Why all this clamor  
for the reorganization of the Demo-  
cratic party? And from what source  
of power? Is it not on account of  
the selfishness of a few, who  
satisfied with the Democratic  
party who were led by the spirit  
of commercialism and mammon wor-  
ship, to desert the party of the people,  
of even hand justice and  
spirited American manhood,  
and 1900?

And charmed and dazzled by the  
banners of imperialism, and  
the gawgaws of wealth, extended  
commerce and the dream of  
great world power, they grew  
their devotion to honest truth  
in justice, and sought congenial  
ship in the Republican party, or  
its secret service organization, by  
themselves with the 130,000  
voted for Palmer and Buckner.

Not all this agonizing cry of re-  
organization, and anxious solicitude  
for democratic success in the future, come  
in those 130,000 who voted for Palmer  
Buckner and helped defeat the  
ty, for whose triumph they now  
cry, with groanings that are unutter-  
able?

How would the reorganizers have  
acted? I will tell you. By deserting  
principles of the party; by turning  
backs upon the wants of the coun-  
try and stopping our ears to the cry of  
people for relief. Can we hope to  
by turning our platform un-  
der is not left in it even a shadow  
of noble principles for which we  
have contended for the last decade?  
Can we win by offending and alienat-  
ing the 6,000,000 who stood firm for the  
party, the platform and its principles  
and voted for Mr. Bryan, and whose  
loyalty gleamed with increased bril-  
liancy even in the gloom of defeat, in  
1896 and 1900, in order to please and win  
back the 130,000 stragglers, whose al-  
legiance to party was so weak as to desert  
the cause of the people in the time of  
its sorest need, and whose respect for  
party majority rule has grown weaker  
ever since by their feeble arguments  
and vain efforts to justify their party  
perfidy and betrayal? Can we ever  
succeed by changing our position upon  
the great issues between the two polit-  
ical parties in this country without a  
change of conditions? I see no change  
of conditions in this country that  
could justify a change of position on  
the part of the great principles for which  
Democrats have contended, except  
financial question. And in may  
this is only a temporary change,  
caused by the war disturbances, and  
abroad and the failure of  
the policy of the Republican party, except  
as far as by these circumstances it  
is forced to be, to a limited extent, to  
adopt and carry out the Democratic  
idea of finance, to wit: To increase the  
volume of the currency and distribute  
it among the people. And this it has  
been compelled to do by the payment  
of government contracts and the vast  
increased number of government em-  
ployees.

Whatever the cause may be, we do  
see many products, and the creations of  
below, in almost every department of  
business, bringing higher prices at least  
for the present. So I think this would  
justify us in suspending for the present  
the agitation of the silver question and  
change of the financial system—not an  
utter abandonment of the principle,  
but a mere suspension of agitation, such  
as we have adhered to in regard to the  
tariff for the last two national cam-  
paigns. "Only this and nothing more."  
We never inspire the people with  
confidence in the tenets of Democracy  
by clinging to the enemy, nor by  
abandoning the position we have taken  
on the great questions of government.

If we were right four and eight years  
ago, it is right still. If the Republicans  
were wrong then they are wrong still.  
If they were right then, we were wrong,  
and we are wrong still. Can we stimu-  
late in our own hearts and gain re-  
sults by adopting their views? Will  
we not leave our forces over to their  
hands, and let them call us what they  
will, and then they were right will  
go? I believe we are right now, not  
withstanding a majority vote against us  
in 1900, for we are not always right.

The danger we should now most  
guard against is swerving too far from  
our former position.

It has been said that the face of man  
is easily turned from the grace of the  
dead to the home of the living. It is  
equally true that the adulation and  
praise of man is easily turned from the  
defeated champion and pariah to the  
victorious traitor and traitress.

We have evidence of this in the case  
of William Jennings Bryan, who has  
been the lion of the Democratic party  
for the last few years. What a different  
man would have been had he been elected.  
He may never be President, but the  
noble principles which he advocates  
will yet prevail, or this government  
will fall and fall and crumble into  
dust. Then why advise him who led  
us so gallantly—who so nobly and nobly  
defended the principles of the platform  
which the people made and chose him  
to defend? Though defeated, his words  
and deeds will live in the hearts of a  
grateful people as long as Americans  
love truth and virtue. And his de-  
fiance of the money power to always  
oppress the people, as expressed in that  
transcendently beautiful phrase—"you  
shall not press down upon the brow of  
labor this crown of thorns; you shall  
not crucify mankind upon this cross of  
gold"—will be treasured among the  
beautiful gems of literature as long as  
the English language is spoken.

Who thinks of trading the mem-  
ory of George Washington because he  
marked the frozen snow around valley  
forge with a trail of blood drawn from  
the feet of his faithful followers as they  
retreated before the legions of George  
the Third? Then why deride Mr.  
Bryan because the Democracy, which  
he so gallantly led, were defeated? He  
may yet be victorious. Is there a son  
of the South who would speak lightly  
because he fell on that fatal field at  
the Wilderness in 1863, leading a charge  
for the "lost cause"? Is there a Con-  
federate soldier with soul so dead as to

take the stainless sword of Robert E.  
Lee and hack and batter and deface  
the monument erected to his memory  
in the capitol square at Gettysburg  
because he was defeated at Gettysburg  
and was compelled to surrender to  
overwhelming numbers at Appomattox?  
Then, I ask, should there be found  
in all this broad and beautiful  
Christian land a Democrat so utterly  
destitute of gratitude and grace as to  
reproach Mr. Bryan, our noble, true  
and brave leader, simply because he  
was compelled to yield to the over-  
whelming influence of money?

So, then, as we love truth and virtue,  
let us heroically stand by our prin-  
ciples and honor those who have defend-  
ed them, even in the darkness of de-  
feat, being assured that triumph and  
rejoicing will come with the bright  
dawn of victory's morning in the near  
future—if we remain steadfast. As  
sure as there is a God of truth and jus-  
tice, if we are right, we will win; if  
we are wrong, we should not wish to win,  
and certainly cannot hope to win.

A shifting of sails to every adverse  
breeze, and changing of front at the ap-  
pearance of every little cloud that  
threatens defeat, is unworthy of confi-  
dence and inconsistent with truth and  
honor.

Would the principles of the Chris-  
tian religion ever have triumphed had  
the early martyrs and followers of the  
faith changed it to suit the great ma-  
jority of self-righteous Jews and un-  
believing gentiles who opposed its spread  
and threatened its overthrow and utter  
extinction? Would Washington ever  
have thrown off the yoke of British  
tyranny and oppression if he had  
changed his plans, at every little breeze  
of discontent, stirred by ignorance and  
misrepresentation, or given up in de-  
spondency at every little cloud of his ac-  
tivities? Could Jefferson have saved  
this country from the thralldom of  
centralized power in the Federal govern-  
ment by a weak heart and "anything  
to win" policy?

And how did Andrew Jackson sub-  
due the nullifiers and free the govern-  
ment from the smothering grasp of the  
national bank? Was it by a compro-  
mise, temporizing and vacillating atti-  
tude? No, but by an iron will, and a  
courageous course of conduct, tending  
to a definite purpose. And Mr. Ben-  
ton, in reviewing Jackson's works,  
said, "He overthrew the conspiracy  
of Calhoun and saved Rome, so Jackson  
overthrew the national bank conspir-  
acy and saved America."

It was by a stern adherence to the  
cause of universal freedom that the  
plain, unlettered Lincoln overthrew  
the slave and became President, and  
the shadow of negro slavery no longer  
darkens the fair name of America. So  
let us steadfastly adhere to our prin-  
ciples of plain truth and simple  
justice and we shall yet drive from  
power in our nation the party of trusts,  
of subsidies and of imperialism.

Very respectfully,  
JAS. W. FORTNEY,  
Greensboro, N. C., April 22, 1902.

**Three New Stars for the Flag.**

Washington, May 8.—Republican  
Senators this week will relieve the  
Democrats of the necessity of supply-  
ing all the speakers in the Senate on  
the Philippine government bill. The  
events last week caused them to de-  
cide to take part in the debate, and  
they will lead off when the bill shall be  
laid before the Senate at 2 o'clock to-  
morrow. Senator Lodge, chairman of  
the committee on the Philippines, will  
open for them with a set speech in sup-  
port of the administration's Philippine  
policy, with incidental reference to  
Major Gardner's report and other spe-  
cial phases of the Philippine question.  
Other Republican Senators who have  
indicated a purpose to address the  
Senate on the pending question are:  
Messrs. Foraker, Spooner, Burton, Mc-  
Comas and Platt of Connecticut. There  
probably also will be other Republican  
speakers. The Democratic members  
of the committee on the Philippines  
have no fixed plans except to have the  
debate on the bill continue for the pre-  
sent. They decline to estimate the  
time necessary to conclude considera-  
tion of the bill.

Other measures which will receive  
attention during the week are the  
sundry civil appropriation bill and the  
bill providing for the opening settlement  
of the Rosebud Indian reservation in  
South Dakota. The reservation ques-  
tion has priority of claim to considera-  
tion in the morning hour of each day,  
and the appropriation bill will be used  
"fill in," when no one is prepared  
to speak on either that bill or the Phil-  
ippine bill. The resolution providing  
for the recall of Major Gardner lost its  
position of advantage Saturday and is  
now on the calendar but the chances  
are that it will be revived and that it  
will receive further attention.

The principal feature of the pro-  
gramme in the House this week will  
be the bill to place three new stars in  
the American flag. The omibus bill for  
the admission of Oklahoma, New Mex-  
ico and Arizona to statehood will be  
called on Tuesday. The friends of  
the bill do not desire protracted debate  
on it and will try to secure a vote on  
that day. There is considerable opposi-  
tion to the bill on the Republican side,  
on the ground that the Territories are not  
yet fitted for statehood, but the friends  
of the bill entertain no doubt of its  
passage. The Democrats in caucus  
agreed to give their united support  
and at least sixty Republican votes are  
counted.

**A Remarkable Centennial.**

Centennials of many things are pass-  
ing before the American people with  
increasing frequency as the years zoom,  
but there are few to compute in impor-  
tance with an educational one which  
will occur in North Carolina next  
month. The oldest college in the  
South for girls and young women will  
be one hundred years old then, and  
the city of Winston-Salem is preparing  
an elaborate celebration of the Salem  
Academy and College's notable anni-  
versary, which is only the third of its  
kind in the United States.

**Colleagues Rebuke Tillman.**  
Charlotte Observer.

Washington, May 7.—"We not only  
put the heads of negroes in the sand,  
but we put their bodies into it." These  
passionate and bitter words, which had  
reference to a speech of Senator Pritch-  
ard on the Philippines, rang through  
the Senate chamber this afternoon, but  
they did not have the effect of startling  
any one, as they were uttered by the  
senior Senator from South Carolina,  
Benjamin R. Tillman. For one hour  
Tillman occupied the floor, his remarks  
being directed mainly towards Mr. Mc-  
Comas, who was unwise enough to  
bring up the question of Southern elec-  
tions, saying the votes against the bill  
would be cast principally by Senators  
from the states where the doctrine of  
the content of the governed was least  
observed.

Tillman advanced what were very  
good points if they had been clothed in  
language designed, biblically speaking,  
to turn away wrath, rather than to pro-  
mote such a feeling, but the Democrats  
apparently had a premonition that he  
would not so temper his remarks and  
almost with one accord retired to the  
cloak rooms from which they did not  
emerge until the speech had been con-  
cluded. This act involved a most sting-  
ing rebuke. The Democrats feared Sen-  
ator Tillman would do the cause more  
harm than good and did not care to be  
placed in the position of giving any en-  
dorsement to what he said, even by  
their presence. Not more than two or  
three Democratic Senators listened to  
the speech. Large numbers of Republi-  
can Senators remained in the chamber  
and the galleries were of course well  
filled. General Matthew C. Butler,  
whom Tillman succeeded, was in the  
chamber while the speech was being  
delivered.

Tillman spoke of the peace and  
friendship which existed between the  
negroes and their Southern masters  
prior to and during the civil war, and  
having in mind the large number of  
criminal assaults which the negroes  
have committed of late years, he said  
that there now hangs over the South-  
land an unnamed horror which made  
father or brother fear to leave his fam-  
ily at home unprotected in sparsely  
settled districts. This condition of affairs,  
he declared, had resulted very largely  
from new fangled notions of Republi-  
cans regarding the franchise and would  
afford a field which would keep en-  
gaged for a century all those who care  
to engage in the work of civilizing and  
Christianizing people without turning  
their faces towards the far East.

Senator Simmons will call on the  
President tomorrow and urge his ac-  
ceptance of an invitation extended by  
the people of Charlotte who wish him  
to attend the exercises incident to the  
unveiling of the ship monument.

Senator Simmons will also invite the  
Secretary of State, Mr. Hay, to deliver  
an address on the occasion of the com-  
memorative exercises at Trinity Col-  
lege.

A letter from President Fuller, of  
the North Carolina society in New  
York, says that not only the North  
Carolina Senators and ex-Senator Ran-  
som, but also Walter H. Page, a native  
North Carolinian, and present editor  
of The World's Work, had accepted  
invitations to speak on the occasion of  
the annual dinner of the society at  
Delmonico's.

**Carnegie's Gifts \$67,397,923.**

Philadelphia, May 8.—H. J. Wright,  
writing in the Philadelphia Press, says  
that before he sailed for Europe Wed-  
nesday Andrew Carnegie revised a list  
of his gifts.

According to this authoritative list  
the total of his donations is \$67,397,923.  
It is divided among the United States,  
Scotland, Canada, England, Cuba and  
Ireland in the order named. The  
United States naturally has the largest  
share. Scotland, which comes next in  
point of benefit, has received only about  
one-quarter of what has been given  
to the United States, and \$10,  
000,000 of the \$13,978,750 that went to  
Scotland was given in a lump to found  
a fund providing a college education  
for those who wish it but lack the  
funds.

The only other sum given by Mr.  
Carnegie that can compare in size with  
this one sum of \$10,000,000 is the \$10,  
000,000 donation for the establishment  
of a National University in Washing-  
ton.

In the past six months that were  
spent here by him he gave away more  
than \$20,000,000—or at the rate of \$111,  
000 a day. If Mr. Carnegie desires that  
his name shall become a household  
word throughout the country long  
after he is dead the fulfillment of his  
wishes seems assured, for new libraries  
bearing his name will have been estab-  
lished soon in 315 cities and towns in  
the United States alone.

His gifts are divided into these sums:  
United States, \$52,270,173; Scotland,  
\$13,978,750; Canada, \$575,500; England  
\$265,000; Cuba, \$252,000; Ireland, \$85,  
500; miscellaneous gifts to Great Britain,  
\$250,000.

**Whooping Cough.**

A woman who has had experience  
with this disease, tells how to prevent  
any dangerous consequences from it.  
She says: Our three children took  
whooping cough last summer, our baby  
being only three months old, and  
owing to our giving them Chamber-  
lain's Cough Remedy, they lost none  
of their plumpness, and came out in  
much better health than other chil-  
dren whose parents did not use this  
remedy. Our oldest little girl would  
call it the best for cough syrup because  
it whistles—JESSIE PINKNEY HALL,  
Springville, Ala. This remedy is for  
sale by C. E. Holton, druggist.

**Many Children Are Sickly.**

Mother Gray's Sweet Powder for Children,  
used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's  
Home, New York, Break up colds in 24 hours,  
cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Trou-  
bles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms.  
At all druggists, 5c. Sample mailed FREE.  
Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. It is

Mr. M. Rienda, a broker, testified  
before the Senate committee that if the  
duty on Cuban sugar is not reduced  
there may be a panic in Cuba.

**A City of 20,000 Destroyed.**  
St. Thomas, D. W. I., May 8, 7 P.  
M.—The British steamer Roddam,  
Captain Freeman, which left St. Lucia  
Wednesday for Martinique, returned  
there at 5 o'clock this afternoon, bring-  
ing a report that the town of St. Pierre,  
Martinique, has been totally destroyed  
by volcanic disturbances in the island.  
Almost all the inhabitants of St. Pierre  
are said to have been killed. The Rod-  
dam reports that all the shipping in  
the port has also been destroyed.

The Quebec Steamship Company's  
steamer Roraima is mentioned as lost  
with all on board. The Roddam was  
almost completely wrecked. Her cap-  
tain was seriously burned and seven-  
teen of her crew are dead.

**Wants Others to Know.**

I have used DeWitt's Little Early  
Risers for constipation and torpid liver.  
They are all right. I am glad to in-  
dorse them," writes Alfred Heinze,  
Quincy, Ill. Never gripe. Safe pills.  
Howard Gardner.

Secretary of War Root, in reply to  
the Senate resolution for information,  
accepts the responsibility for the policy  
of retaliation and concentration in the  
Philippines.

**Cooling Off.**

The man who would sit on a cake of  
ice to cool off would be considered crazy.  
Yet it is a very common thing for a per-  
son heated by exercise to stand in a cool  
draught, just to  
cool off. This is the beginning  
of many a cough  
which ultimately  
involves the  
bronchial tract  
and the lungs.

For coughs in  
any stage there  
is no remedy so  
valuable as Dr.  
Pierce's Golden  
Medical Discovery.  
It cures  
deep-seated, ob-  
stinate coughs,  
bronchitis,  
bleeding of the  
lungs, and like  
conditions which if neglected or unskill-  
fully treated terminate in consumption.

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medi-  
cal Discovery," and it is entirely free  
from opium, cocaine and other narcotics.  
Accept to substitute for "Golden Medi-  
cal Discovery." There is nothing "just  
as good."

"I took a severe cold which settled in the  
bronchial tubes," writes Rev. Frank Hay,  
of Northville, Jefferson Co., Kansas. "After try-  
ing medicines labeled 'cure croup, asthma with-  
out number, I was led to try Dr. Pierce's Golden  
Medical Discovery. I took two bottles and was  
cured, and have stayed cured."  
"When I think of the great pain I had to  
endure, and the terrible cough I had, it seems  
almost a miracle that I was so soon relieved."  
"That God may spare you many years and  
abundantly bless you is the prayer of your  
grateful friend."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical  
Adviser, containing 1000 large pages, is  
sent free on receipt of stamps to pay ex-  
pense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent  
stamps for the book in paper covers  
or 31 stamps for it in cloth binding. Ad-  
dress Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

**NEW MILLINERY**

MRS. NANNIE WEATHERLY

has a large and elegant stock of  
Millinery and Fancy Goods, in-  
cluding Gloves, Neckwear, Fans,  
Laces, Etc. See her before pur-  
chasing, for she is sure of sat-  
isfaction in style and price. You can  
get the Banner Fashion Sheets  
each month by calling for them,  
and through her the Patterns of  
the first grade at popular prices  
—10 and 15 cents.

**WANTED**

SECOND HAND EMPTY  
16-Gallon Oak Barrels

Good price paid for same, de-  
livered in Greensboro. Ad-  
dress, stating number for sale  
and price wanted.

**G. C. P. & S. CO.**  
Box 16, Greensboro, N. C.

**I GUARANTEE**  
To Extract Teeth  
Without Pain

And without any pain, swelling or sloughing  
following. A new preparation without cocaine,  
opium or anything that will in any way effect  
the system. Now is your time to get rid of those  
troublesome teeth WITHOUT PAIN. For the  
past two years I have tried everything on the  
market trying to find something that will do  
what this preparation will do. It is the ideal  
thing, and no other dentist in Guilford county  
has it or can get it. Don't take any "just  
as good." There are none. Give me a trial and  
if you don't find it as I say, it costs you nothing.

**DR. GRIFFITH, DENTIST.**  
Over Harry-Bell Bros. Store.

25c **VICK'S** 25c  
**TURTLE OIL**  
**LINIMENT**  
Best and Largest. All Dealers.

Cosy Corner, Lovers' Lane,  
Luna City, Moon.

**PATTON PAINT CO.**

Gentlemen:  
I have always been insulted  
By the Man who's in the Sun;  
He has always been most forward  
Since our cycle was begun;  
And the latest of his doings  
That has made me grow quite faint,  
Is the shine of his Corona.  
Since he used your Sun-Proof Paint.

Now, the Sun attracts attention  
(From the planets) more than I;  
So I asked what caused his brightness  
And he made this curt reply:  
"I use 'Patton's Paints' to paint with  
For they do not quickly fade.  
You should know they wear the longest  
Of many hundreds that are made."

I am writing you this letter  
To obtain the agency;  
So, whenever the Sun needs painting  
He will have to come to me.  
There is one more thing I'm wanting  
To help hold him in restraint—  
Forty gallons (silver color)  
Of your Patton's Sun-Proof Paint.

Yours truly,  
The Man in the Moon.

Send for book of Paint Knowledge and Advice free to  
**PATTON PAINT COMPANY,**  
Milwaukee, Wis.

For sale by Holton-Helms Drug Co.  
Greensboro, N. C.

J. W. FRY, President. J. S. COX, Vice President W. E. ALLEN, Sec. and Treas.

**GREENSBORO LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY**  
CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000.00.

"Take Care of the Dimes and the Dollars Will Take Care of Themselves"

Start a savings account for yourself in your old age.  
Start a savings account for your wife and each of your children and encour-  
age them to save and add to it.  
Four per cent. interest allowed on deposits of \$5.00 and upwards in our Sav-  
ings Department, provided they remain three full months from the first day of  
any month succeeding the deposit.  
Send your deposits or write for full particulars to  
**GREENSBORO LOAN AND TRUST CO.,**  
Greensboro, N. C.

The company also does a general Banking Business and acts as Receiver,  
Trustee, Guardian, Executor and Administrator of Estates.  
Safe Deposit Boxes in Steel, Fire and Burglar Proof Vault for rent.

**Provident Savings**  
**Life Assurance Society**  
INCORPORATED 1875.

**EDWARD W. SCOTT, President** 346 Broadway, NEW YORK

CONTINUED GROWTH—FROM OFFICIAL STATEMENTS.  
1895—FIVE YEARS' PROGRESS—1900

THE COMPANY  
HAS NEARLY DOUBLED ITS INCOME  
HAS MORE THAN DOUBLED ITS ASSETS  
HAS MORE THAN TREBLED ITS RESERVE  
HAS MORE THAN QUADRUPLED ITS EXCESS OF INCOME OVER DISBURSEMENTS

TOTAL PAYMENTS TO POLICYHOLDERS SINCE ORGANIZATION AND  
AMOUNT NOW HELD FOR THEIR BENEFIT, \$22,655,892.00.

If you desire safe assurance or a good agency, write for particulars to any of  
its Managers or Agents.

**J. STERLING JONES, Manager**  
GREENSBORO, N. C.

**GOOSE GREASE**  
**LINIMENT**  
**CO.**

**RICE'S**  
(TRADE-MARK.)

Greensboro  
N. C.  
U. S. A.

I CURE YOU ALL, BOTH GREAT AND SMALL.  
I CURE RHEUMATISM, CROUP, COLDS, GRIPPE AND ALL PAINS.

**WE**  
**HAVE**  
**MOVED**

TO OUR NEW ROOM,  
TWO DOORS NORTH  
OF OUR OLD STAND,  
IN THE NEW BEN-  
BOW HOTEL :: ::

**WHARTON BROS.**  
BOOKS and STATIONERY.

**Schiffman Jewelry Company**  
326 South Elm St., Greensboro.

Up-to-Date Jewelry of Every  
Description.

An Elegant Assortment of Goods Adapted  
for Wedding and Birthday Presents.

Call and examine our goods. It is a  
pleasure to show them.

**GARDNER'S**  
**CHILL PILLS**  
**CURE**  
50c  
NORTH STATE ST.  
GREENSBORO

**"Grinne Knockers" Cure the Severest Colds and La Grippe in Ten Hours. 25c.**



THE WEEK ABROAD.

The Varied Happenings of Many Foreign Lands.

The volcanic eruption in the island of Martinique, West Indies, seems to have destroyed most of the 25,000 inhabitants of the city of St. Pierre. A "great mass" of lava, according to a French officer, having fallen upon the city about 8 A. M., overwhelming it and all the shipping in the harbor. The eruption is worse than that which destroyed Heraklion and Pompeii, since at St. Pierre incandescent lava falling from the town, brought sudden disaster, while in the case of the Roman cities, lava flowed down the slopes, and the inhabitants had time to escape.

WIDESPREAD.

The attraction of the earth's crust, seems to be the cause of earthquakes and volcanoes, especially in the latitude of the West Indies. Very recently thousands of lives have been destroyed by earthquakes in Guatemala. For a number of years were troubled down on the coast of the Sierras, rendering 50,000 homeless. On May 3 the center of Vesuvius collapsed and manifestations followed. On the 10th of May, earthquakes were felt in Spain, France, and like phenomena were reported from many parts of the globe. Snow fell in England, Germany and the 7th of St. Pierre, and its warning on the 2d, when it was covered to the depth of one foot with "ashes," or lava.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Rever's weekly report chronicles the outbreak of action, 87 being taken in the Orange Colony. Two later 218 were taken after the same area, and on the 10th and 11th 17 more. O'okiep, in the Cape Colony, was relieved after a week's siege. Operations are vigorous in the Northern and Western Transvaal. In the latter quarter a railway was destroyed a number of British troops are reports of action taken by the British forces to subvert the Boer forces. In a speech Lord Roberts cannot be conceded to the Boers, again and again, and at the same time, there is, he says, no concession and no "getting the war." This is in reply to the Boer leaders, who affirm that the British Empire is only because the British Empire is the Boer Empire, to concede the Boer independence. However, that the British Empire is the Boer Empire, is a different matter.

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behalf of the plaintiff in a negligence suit against the Twenty-third street cross-town railroad, which was controlled by Jacob Sharp, who afterward gave the name of "boodle aldermen" to the world. On rising to sum up on behalf of his client Nolan launched forth into an attack upon Sharp, who had in no manner appeared in the case. Raising his voice to a pitch that could be heard by citizens in the City Hall park, he concluded his peroration as follows:

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Sent to be Reformed.

Boston will probably not relish the facetiousness of Governor Davis, of Arkansas, who has pardoned an erring colored brother out of the penitentiary upon the condition that he goes to Massachusetts to be reformed. The Governor, it is true, says that he has recently received assurances from citizens of Massachusetts of their earnest desire "to reform a certain portion of the negro population" of Arkansas. Governor Davis should not put the sincerity of our Puritan brothers to too severe a test, however. That they were once fond of citizens of African descent is undeniable. So great was their ancestors' affection for them in Colonial days that they sent ships to Africa and brought the unwilling sons of Ham to this country to be reformed through the processes of slavery. The reformation of the heathen was then a source of revenue. There is precious little profit in it nowadays, and Boston has grown lukewarm, except at election times, when the expression of a tender regard for the colored brother is thought to be smart politics.

McDuffie's Turpentine and Mutton Suet Lung Plaster is a certain cure for whooping cough, easy and comfortable, works while you sleep. 25 cents. Howard Gardner.

The Southern Railway and the Louisville & Nashville Railway are having a race in building to the Mingo coal fields in Tennessee.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

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**The Bee Hive**

320-322 SOUTH ELM STREET

**Great Sale This Week of Summer Goods**

**Ginghams and Fine Lawns**

10-Cent Lawn This Week at 5 Cents.

**Wonderful Millinery Show!**

Now is the time to buy a Fine Hat at a greatly reduced price.

**R. G. Fortune & Co.**

Phone 295

**A DROLL CHARACTER**

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"Does your honor think," responded Nolan, "that I came over in a hark?"

**PIANOS**

All shapes. Second-hand, Uprights and Squares, of many makes, at prices from one-fourth to one-third their first price. Knabe, Chickering, Hallett & Davis, Simpson, Steiff, Shomaker, Vose & Son. If you want a second-hand Piano at all come and select one. They are in the way, and I must have the room. Come and don't wait. They will go at the price I put on them. I shall be glad to have you come and examine my new Emerson Piano. You don't make any mistake when you purchase one of them. Ask to see the Angelus Piano Player. Plays any Piano. Call or write me.

**JOHN B. WRIGHT**

228 SOUTH ELM ST., GREENSBORO, N. C.

**Butter Making**

when the old fashioned churn has to be used, is not looked forward to with many pleasant anticipations, and is a "job" to be gotten rid of in the shortest way possible. This would not be the case if you used one of our up-to-date

**"ASPINWALL" CHURNS**

Butter making with one of them is a pleasure, and profitable as well. The finest grained butter, and the most of it, the least work and worry, butter made before you hardly know it, is possible with the "Aspinwall." Quality considered, this churn costs less than the old kind. We want to sell you one.



**WAKEFIELD HARDWARE CO.**

**VICK'S**

Warranted **Magic**

**Croup Salve**

25c. All Dealers.

Monthly Pains cured by Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

**Business Notices.**

**TAR HEEL COUGH SYRUP**

**HAVE YOU TRIED IT YET?**

A wonderful Remedy for Coughs, Sore Throat, Soreness in the Chest or Lungs, and incipient Consumption. The basis of "TAR HEEL COUGH SYRUP" is North Carolina Pine Tar and is always reliable. Sold by all dealers, 25c. Manufactured by

**Tar Heel Medicine Co.,**

Greensboro, N. C., U. S. A.



# Senator Vest Tells of Hampton Roads Conference—A Familiar Story Denied.

Washington Post.

An interesting chapter of history, which will especially appeal to ex-Confederates, was related in the Senate yesterday by Mr. Vest, of Missouri.

Mr. Vest stated that Senator Tillman had, in a speech delivered on Wednesday, repeated the old story that at the Hampton Roads conference between President Lincoln and Secretary Seward, on the one hand, and the commissioners of the Confederate States on the other, Mr. Lincoln had handed to Alexander H. Stephens a sheet of paper upon which was written only the words, "save the Union." According to the story, Mr. Lincoln had requested Stephens to take this almost blank paper and fill it with the conditions of peace between the two sections of the country. Mr. Vest said that he had heard this story for the first time in Henry Watterson's lecture on Lincoln, Col. Watterson undoubtedly relaying the story to be true and saying that it came from a neighbor of Stephens. It was denied, however, by Hon. John H. Reagan, formerly postmaster general of the Confederacy, and afterward a senator from Texas.

## SENATOR VEST'S NARRATIVE.

With this preliminary statement, Mr. Vest continued as follows:

"I know personally with having been present at the celebrated interview that the incident as related is without the slightest foundation. If true, it would place the government and officers of the Confederate State in the category of criminals because, if true, the Confederacy was offered all that it ever demanded in the wildest hopes of the most extreme partisan of the war if they would only return to the Union.

"In other words, to show how absurd the statement is upon analysis, it would mean that the Confederacy could have placed upon that open or blank sheet of paper a perpetual establishment of slavery, the right of secession, the most extreme demand that had ever taken locality even in the dreams of any Confederate.

"I happen to know from the lips of two of the commissioners—Alexander H. Stephens and R. M. T. Hunter—that no such incident ever occurred between the representatives of the United States and of the Confederate States at Hampton Roads. Upon the return of the commissioners of the Confederacy I heard their official report. Mr. Reagan also heard it, being a member of the cabinet, while I was a member of the Confederate Senate, and I am today the only surviving member of the twenty-six gentlemen who acted as Confederate commissioners.

## THE REAL STORY TOLD.

"What did happen at Hampton Roads beyond question was this: When the commissioners, if I may so term the President and the Secretary of state of the United States, met the commissioners of the Confederacy, Mr. Lincoln, addressing himself to R. M. T. Hunter, whom he knew very well, said: 'In the first place, gentlemen, I desire to know what are your powers and instructions from the Richmond government?' avoiding, as Mr. Hunter told me himself, the word Confederate states, but terming the government that of the Richmond government. Mr. Hunter, to whom the inquiry was addressed, said: 'Mr. President, we are instructed to consider no proposition that does not involve the independence of the Confederate states of America.' 'Then,' said Mr. Lincoln, 'the interview had as well terminate now, for I must say to you gentlemen, frankly and honestly, that nothing will be accepted from the government at Richmond except absolute and unconditional surrender. I may add,' he said, 'as the Chief Executive of the United States, in addition to this, that if you lay down your arms and submit to the authority of my government I will exercise the largest executive clemency to the lead and generals of the government at Richmond.'

"This terminated the interview, and as the commissioners of the Confederacy retired from the chamber Mr. Lincoln, addressing Stephens, who was the last to go out of the room said: 'Stephens, you are making a great mistake. Your government is a failure, and when the crash comes, as it soon must come, there will be chaos, and disasters which we cannot now foresee must come to your people.'

"This account of that interview, substantially and almost word for word as I have given it, came to me from Alexander H. Stephens and R. M. T. Hunter, one the Vice Presidents of the Confederate government and the Confederate Senate.

"But in addition, to put this matter beyond all sorts of dispute, Judge Campbell, than whom a more honest and frank and trustworthy man never lived, took down in pencil at that interview word for word what passed between the commissioners, but I never had any interview with Judge Campbell upon the subject. However, his account in writing was exhibited to many of his friends in the city of Richmond and among others to the Hon. James L. Pugh, the predecessor of my friend, the junior Senator from Alabama Mr. Pettus, at this time, who read that account and who has stated to often that it contained almost exactly the same description of the interview which I have attempted to give today.

## TO SET HISTORY STRAIGHT.

"I repeat that I have considered it my duty to make this statement in order that history may not be falsified, in order that the men who were said to have refused this offer at the hands of Mr. Lincoln should not be made to sin in their graves, for if they had refused what was said to have been tendered to them by the President of the United States they would have been accessory to the murder of every man who fell from that time in defense of the Confederate cause, and they would have given the lie to the intentions which they professed when they risked everything, everything that is held dear among men in defense of the Confederate cause.

"It may be but a very short time until I shall join the twenty colleagues I had in the Confederate Senate, and I do not want this statement, which I have no doubt the Senator from South Carolina believes to be true, to get into the records of this country without my statement of these facts and my solemn

denial of the shadow of truth of this assertion which has been going the rounds of the newspapers of the country for the last few years."

It is up to Judge Clark to publish his letters to Gov. Russell.

TO THE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA:

Some two or three weeks ago I felt it my duty to myself and also the Democratic party to make a statement relative to Judge Clark's democracy and fitness to sit upon the Supreme Court bench, and stated that if Judge Clark denied the charges I made proof would be forthcoming. I made this bold charge because I knew Democrats of the highest standing had knowledge of the facts. After a great deal of evasion of the main charge and efforts to belaud the issue Judge Clark was forced to call upon Governor Russell for the letters which contained the proofs of these charges, and I am informed today that copies of these letters were furnished Judge Clark with an offer to allow comparison with the original for verification. Now proofs of these two charges on these two points of material questions are in Judge Clark's hands. If he prints the letters, as he has promised to do, the public will feel that my charges were understatements rather than overstatements. If he does not print these letters it will be a confession of guilt upon his part. Let Judge Clark show his letters. He has been trying to belaud the issue by abusing Governor Russell, with whom he was extremely thick five years ago, as is shown in this confidential correspondence. He has been abusing Capt. Day, when Capt. Day appeared for Governor Russell and Judge Clark in their efforts to remove me. Judge Clark seems now to have a poor opinion of the friends with whom he was so thick in 1897.

It makes no difference who brought these letters out, or in whose hands they are; the question is, did Judge Clark write them? If he did he is guilty of instigating suits, concealing his connection and then sitting in judgment upon them. He must stand or fall by his letters; they are his utterances, no matter who handled them since.

Judge Clark does not deny that he had friends to ask Governor Russell to appoint him chief justice a year and a half ago; he does not deny that he asked Dr. Thompson to intercede for him; he does not deny that he was in correspondence and in conference with leading Populists. He fills nearly six columns of the paper with evasions and efforts to belaud the controversy; but there are mighty few direct denials in these six columns. He did not deny, because he knew the proofs would be forthcoming.

With this statement I am done. If the people want a chief justice who will uphold the traditions of the bench like Taylor, Rubin, Smith, Merrimon, and if he were not living, I would say Shepherd, they can easily find the man. On the contrary, if they want a Populist, a political manipulator, a man who sits up litigation, conceals his connection with it, and then sits upon the case, they have the opportunity. That man is at hand, Walter Clark.

JAS. W. WILSON.

## Mrs. Soffel Goes to Prison.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 10.—Mrs. Catharine Soffel, the wife of Warden Peter Soffel of the Allegheny county jail, who entered a plea of guilty to the charge of aiding in the escape of Edward and John Biddle, the burglar and murderers of Grover Kalmey and Detective Fitzgerald, was sentenced today by Judge Frazier to two years in the Western penitentiary. Mrs. Soffel received the sentence calmly. She was taken to the penitentiary this afternoon.

Walter Dorman, the member of the Biddle gang who turned state's evidence, and entered a plea of guilty to the murder of Kalmey, was called up and sentenced to death. It is understood that for the assistance rendered the state he will never be executed, and that the pardon board will commute his sentence to imprisonment for life.

## Farmers' Exports.

Our exports of \$52,000,000 worth of agricultural products in 1901 makes a new record, showing an increase of \$100,000,000 over 1900. Our imports of agricultural products, on the other hand, fell to \$32,000,000, making our agricultural balance of exports over imports \$20,000,000. Cotton was king, leading with a value of \$15,000,000, followed by breadstuffs, \$27,500,000; meat products, \$18,000,000; live animals, \$52,058,876; tobacco, \$27,500,000, and vegetable oils, \$18,500,000. Sugar is classed as an agricultural product and accounts for \$30,000,000 of imports, coffee for \$62,500,000, hides for \$3,000,000, silk for \$30,000,000, vegetable fibers for \$29,500,000, fruits and nuts for \$19,500,000, tobacco for \$19,000,000, wool for \$12,500,000 and tea for \$11,000,000.

## Sciatic Rheumatism Cured After Fourteen Years of Suffering.

"I have been afflicted with sciatic rheumatism for fourteen years," says Josh Edgar, of Germantown, Cal. "I was able to be around but constantly suffered. I tried everything I could hear of and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured, and I am happy to say it has not since returned." Why not use this liniment and get well? It is for sale by C. E. Holton druggist.

## Roanoke To Charlotte.

Winston, May 9.—The Norfolk and Western Railroad will operate a passenger train from Roanoke to Charlotte, via Winston-Salem, beginning May 25. Connections will be made from the North at Roanoke and from the South at Charlotte. The train to be operated will make round trips daily. If travel justifies it one or more vestibule cars will be operated on this line.

## For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Victor Nutall, an Atlanta boy, is charged with killing Colin McDougall, aged 6, by forcing him to inhale sewer gas.

## CONNOR FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE.

Reasons Why the Wilson Lawyer Should be Placed Upon the Supreme Bench.

Wilson Times.

TO THE EDITOR: Our state is fortunate in having a bar that is strong and upright and learned. It can easily supply material for a dozen Supreme courts, men who will interpret the law fairly and administer justice impartially. But, is this all that we desire in the justices of our Supreme court? Does not our state, especially at this critical period in its development, require something more than legal ability and upright character? Does it not expect and does it not need that all its highest officials, whether Governor, Supreme court judges, United Senator, or member of Congress, be deeply interested and actively friendly to every public movement that looks to the betterment of North Carolina?

A movement is gathering force now in our State for the improvement of rural schools and the enlargement of facilities for public education. Will it not be helpful for the state to have public officials who are broad-minded enough to see the necessity of this movement and big-hearted enough to sacrifice for it? The movement for good roads is equally important. The building up of our resources through public education, through community effort in all proper directions, should be deep in the hearts of all our highest public officials, whether executive, legislative or judicial. In short, we want for justices on the Supreme Court bench other qualities and other powers besides legal ability and upright character. We want unselfishness, broad-mindedness, public spirit, statesmanship and love of humanity. They were the qualities that distinguished William Gaston, one of the best beloved of all our great judges.

We have in our state today a man who will make a second Gaston, a lawyer, a jurist, a statesman, a scholar, a large-minded, big-hearted, patriotic, christian gentleman, Judge Henry G. Connor, of Wilson. Do you seek legal knowledge? He has it in abundance. Do you wish pure and lofty and lovable character? He is the peer of any man in America. Is scholarship desired? You will find it in Connor equal to the greatest scholars North Carolina has ever produced. Do you ask a friend for public schools? Let Connor's record as a citizen and legislator tell the story of his devotion, his labor, his sacrifices for education. No public man surpasses him. Do you wish a man of the people, a self-reliant, sympathetic, humane man? He has been a father to orphans, a friend and protector to the widows, and a kind helper to neighbors, a sympathizer with humanity in all its needs, troubles and struggles. He belongs to the whole state. He is respected and esteemed by men and women, too, of all classes and conditions, of all denominations, of all parties, of both races. He is loved and admired by those who know him best.

Place Henry G. Connor on the bench and he will bring back to North Carolina the noblest and best traditions of our great judiciary, the traditions of Rubin, Battle, Nash, Manly, Merrimon, Ashe and Davis. He will be a second Gaston, a learned, well-balanced, upright, broad-minded, public-spirited jurist. He will set another star to the glorious galaxy of the splendid Supreme Court justices.

McDuffie's Tasteless Chill Cure will build up broken down systems and make the blood rich and healthy. Certain cure for chills, guaranteed or your money refunded, 50 cents. Howard Gardner. 10-1y

## COMING TO COURT NEXT MONTH

?

If so we would like to make your acquaintance. Come into our store and let us show you all the pretty things we have. If you don't need anything now we are sure we can serve you later with

Watch,  
Chain,  
Silverware,  
Jewelry or  
Spectacles.

or when you need any repairing. We claim to have the prettiest store, lowest prices and best goods, and we want you to find it out.

R. C. Bennau

The Jeweler.  
New Bendow Hotel.

## MOTHERS

CAN DEFY

Croup, Chest Colds  
and Sore Throat  
among Children

BY USING

Vick's Magic Croup Salve

Is it not wonderful?

TRY IT. 25 CENTS.

# Do You Want a Dress?

WOOL OR COTTON  
HEAVY OR THIN  
LIGHT OR DARK  
FINE OR CHEAP

WE HAVE IT FOR YOU!

# S.L. Gilmer & Co.

The Dress Goods People

## ROAD NOTICE.

A petition is presented signed by citizens asking for a public road beginning at an old stump on west side of public road leading from Jamestown to Guilford College, on Shubal Coltrane's land, running thence northwesterly with said Coltrane's line 121 poles to public road in front of Henry Morrison's. This is to notify any and all persons who may object to said petition to appear before the Board and state same on the first Monday in June, 1902, otherwise said petition will be granted.

## Administrator's Notice.

Having this day qualified before John J. Nelson, clerk of the superior court of Guilford county, as administrator of the estate of Thomas Brooks, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to me on or before the 24th day of May, 1902, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. All persons owing said estate are hereby notified to make immediate settlement.

This 24th day of May, 1902.

W. C. DEBOE, Administrator.

## SYDNOR & HUNDLEY

Nos. 709, 711 and 713 E. Broad St., RICHMOND, VA.

The Greatest Stock of Fine and Medium

## FURNITURE

IN THE SOUTH

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

709-711-713 Broad St.,

RICHMOND

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT

# DON'T BUY AN IMITATION

BUT BUY THE

## "Continental" Disc Cultivator

" \* \* \* Is the greatest implement for the cultivation of corn that has yet been invented. You can cultivate any crop that grows in rows. It works tobacco finely. \* \* \* I would not take one hundred dollars for mine if I could not get another.

"(Signed) CARRINGTON GRIGSBY,  
"Smithfield, Va., April 2, 1901."



South Bend Disc and Turning Plows, small Cultivators, Continental Disc Harrows--best made--roller bearings, Engines, Thrashers, Saw Mills, Hay Presses, Mowers, Binders, Rakes, and anything in the machinery line you need at low prices.

# Greensboro Storage and Transfer Co.







LOCAL NEWS.

Two or three communications are crowded over to our next issue.

Plenty of cotton seed meal, bran, shorts, corn, oats and all kinds of feed at Hiatt & Lamb's.

Lightning burned a stack of hay belonging to Mr. Ervin Donnell, living east of the city, Saturday night.

Miss Daisy Edwards has gone to Morehead City to act as stenographer for Mr. A. N. Perkins at the Atlantic hotel.

Andrew & Sockwell are the local agents for the Leaksville Woolen Mills this season. Their adv. will appear in our next issue.

Rev. E. E. Gillespie is at Jackson, Mississippi, attending the sessions of the general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church.

Mr. John B. Wright, the piano and organ dealer, will have something to say next week that will open the eyes and purses of our readers.

A bicycle was stolen from Mr. J. S. Kuykendall last Thursday night. He left the wheel in front of a store and when he returned it was gone.

Dr. Charles D. McIver will speak at the opera house in Burlington Thursday night, the occasion being the closing of the Burlington graded schools.

Dr. W. A. Coble, of Brick Church, a staunch friend of the Patriot and one of the best men in Guilford county, was one of our callers last Wednesday.

Mrs. Letitia English, of Randolph county, came up last week to see her sister, Mrs. Robt. Hardin, who fell from a chair a few days ago and broke her hip.

Messrs. John A. Young and S. L. Frogson visited their orchards at Cove-land, Va., last week and found prospects good for fruit this year, excepting a probable shortage of apples.

Rev. J. Cleveland Hall, of Danville, Va., preached to the students of the State Normal and Industrial College last Sunday evening, filling the pulpit of the Andrew's church in the morning.

Aunt Betta Morehead, an old colored woman who has conducted a restaurant in this city for many years, fell and broke her hip one day last week while descending a short flight of steps on South Davis street.

Thirty-eight prisoners were taken to the convict camps yesterday. Mr. Tyson's force acquiring twenty of that number and Mr. Stanley's force eighteen. Only four white men were included in the number.

The marriage of Mr. J. W. Tyson, superintendent of the convict force, to Miss Pearl Watson, of Rockingham county, will take place at Benaja Sunday, the 15th. Rev. C. A. Cecil will be the officiating clergyman.

Mr. Owen Fields, of Banja, a flagman on the Southern Railway, was killed at Lynchburg, Va., last Friday morning. His remains were brought home that night and interred Saturday, Rev. Thomas Bell, of this city, conducting the services.

Mr. Ed. L. Tate, who has been running a printing establishment in this city for two or three years, went to Greenville yesterday to become foreman of the Reflector office. Brother Whitehead will find him a trustworthy and competent assistant.

Rev. G. A. Stauffer and wife, of Danville, spent last night here on their way to Classis, which meets at Reesville, Lincoln county, today. They will return next Monday. There will be no services at Brick Church Sunday because of Rev. Stauffer's absence.

Mr. and Mrs. James M. Apple, of Madison, have issued invitations for the marriage of their cousin, Miss Phylis Edna Teague, to Mr. Jackson O'Neill Ragdale, on the evening of Wednesday, May 21st, of 1902, Methodist Episcopal church, Madison.

Mr. A. E. Staley, now at the head of a prominent manufacturing concern in Baltimore, was called to his old home at Julian Saturday by the illness of his mother. Mrs. Staley has not enjoyed good health for some time and has recently developed a case of Bright's disease.

Reidsville Review: Ed. Fargis, a young white man of Greensboro, who formerly resided in this city, while stealing a ride on a southbound freight train Saturday night, fell from a car a few miles north of Pelham and was killed. The remains were carried to Greensboro for interment.

Mr. W. W. Rankin, of Monticello, who is now in his eighth-fourth year, passed through the city Monday on his way to Jamestown to visit his cousin, Mr. J. M. Wharton, and greet another friend of his youth, Mr. Greene Wharton, of Missouri, who was expected in Jamestown yesterday. The last named gentleman is perhaps eighty years old, and has lived in the west for over sixty years.

Superior Court Report.

Following is a list of the case disposed of by jury trials or pleas of guilty at the May term of Guilford Superior court, the State being named as the prosecutor in each:

Charles Bishop, failure to list taxes; judgment suspended on payment of costs.

George Brooks, incest; five years on roads.

Frank Lowe, assault and battery; judgment suspended on payment of costs.

D. V. Willhoyt, carrying concealed weapons; not guilty.

Thos. W. Kernodle, removing crop; not guilty.

Elwood Gray, larceny; four months on roads.

Robert Faribolt, affray; judgment suspended on payment of costs.

James Cole, carrying concealed weapons; \$5 and costs.

Jim Johnson, burglary; two years on roads.

Albert Smith, carrying concealed weapons; judgment suspended on payment of costs.

Same, assault; three months on roads.

W. R. Johnson, assault; four months on roads.

Cora Caldwell, resisting officer; \$5 and costs.

Joe Hayes, Hilliard Caldwell and Earl Watkins, larceny; judgment suspended as to Caldwell; Hayes and Watkins one year each on roads.

Will Claiborne, retailing; twelve months on roads.

Will Neal, larceny; two years on roads.

Arthur Taylor, larceny; six months on roads.

Douglas Hiatt, larceny; six months on roads.

Pink Guthrie, forcible trespass; one year on roads.

J. Roe Barnes, carrying concealed weapons; \$5 and costs.

Jesse L. Freeman, arson; five years on roads; appeal taken.

Aaron Reeves, public nuisance; twelve months on roads.

John Williamson, larceny; six months on roads.

Joe White, beating trans; one month on roads.

Grand Wall, assault with deadly weapon; six months on roads.

A. R. Argo and Penny McCoy, fornication and adultery; Argo four years on roads; judgment suspended as to McCoy.

Tom Williamson, larceny; twelve months on roads.

John Hillard, larceny; twelve months on roads.

Pleasant Thomas, larceny; twelve months on roads.

Oscar Robbins, forcible trespass; judgment suspended.

George Walker, larceny; four months on roads.

Pearly Green and Pinnacle Jones, affray; judgment suspended on payment of costs.

Charles Burkhead, carrying concealed weapons; four months on roads.

Bergonia Dockery, larceny; four months on roads.

Elliott Thomas, Fred Lee, Lee Evans, Lester Pearson, Hamp Carrington and Foster Stewart, beating trans; one month each on roads.

W. R. Johnson, non-support; judgment suspended.

Henry Tucker, affray; four months on roads.

Riley Brown, larceny; not guilty.

Grant Wall and Lee Campbell, affray; Wall eight months and Campbell two months on roads.

Richard Nicholson, larceny; six months on roads.

Foster Stewart, carrying concealed weapons; judgment suspended.

Claudia White, keeping disorderly house; \$50 fine and costs.

Arthur Matier, forgery; twelve months on roads.

Charles Cotton, larceny; six months on roads.

Joe Wright, retailing; six months on roads.

Jim Pickens, failure to pay costs; six months on roads.

Will Hubbard, retailing; two years on roads.

John Hubbard, retailing; one year on roads.

Emily Hubbard, retailing; judgment suspended.

James Simmons, forcible trespass; judgment suspended on payment of costs.

In the Hubbard cases there were six true bills against John Hubbard for retailing, five against Will Hubbard, five against Emily Hubbard and four against Banks Hubbard. Banks was not to be found, having disappeared soon after the tragedy at his home which resulted in the death of Seymour Shoffner.

A true bill was returned against Will Nelson for the murder of Seymour Shoffner. Nelson's whereabouts are unknown.

The cases against several High Point merchants for selling cigars to minors were not pressed.

Altogether the term was unusually satisfactory. Of the 187 cases on the docket Solicitor Brooks secured convictions in over a hundred. Quite a number were continued to the next term, which already gives promise of exceeding this one in point of cases docketed. Much praise is heard of the masterful and resourceful way in which Judge Neal carried on the business of the court during the week.

Mrs. Margaret Young, living near the old Young mill, six miles southeast of the city, and mother of Messrs. S. V. and D. W. Young, fell while descending the stairs at her residence one day last week and broke her thigh. Mrs. Young is well along in years and her injuries are more serious on that account.

Stand Like a Stone Wall. Between your children and the tortures of itching and burning eczema, scaldhead or other skin diseases.—How? why, by using Bucklen's Arnica Salve, earth's greatest healer. Quick cure for Ucers, Fever Sores, Salt Rheum, Cuts, Burns or Bruises. Infallible for Piles. 25c at C. E. Holton's drug store.

Just received, 50 pounds watermelon and cantaloupe seed, including Klicklee's Sweet, Kolb Gem and all the best varieties. 20-21 HIATT & LAMB.

Mrs. Bettie Hunsucker, living on the West side, near the mantel factory, was struck by Southern passenger train No. 36 Saturday at noon and thrown a distance of several feet, dying a few hours later from her injuries. She had occasion to cross the tracks just before the arrival of the train and on her return stood watching a freight that was shifting in the yards, unconscious of the fact that she was near the main line track, and the passenger train was upon her before she realized her danger. Her remains were taken to Moore county for interment, accompanied by Mr. J. T. Brown and family and Mr. Calvin Sheffield and family, the wives of each of these gentlemen being daughters of the deceased. Mrs. Hunsucker was about seventy-two years of age.

Messrs. Dixie Gilmer, of Mt. Airy, and E. G. Gilmer, of Greensboro, took charge of the McAdoo House in this city Monday. Mr. E. H. Ellyson, formerly of Danville, Va., withdrawing to assume the management of the Vade Mecum Springs Hotel, near Rural Hall. Mr. Dixie Gilmer managed the Blue Ridge Inn at Mt. Airy for some time and is thoroughly conversant with the hotel business. Mr. John A. Tucker, of Raleigh, will continue as day clerk under the new management, and Mr. T. E. Lynch, the night clerk, will engage in business at High Point. Mr. and Mrs. Ellyson have made many friends here, and their departure is regretted.

There is a Difference In buying from a firm who will back their statements and one who will not—it's such a satisfaction in knowing that if what you have bought is not all right it will be made right. Such a firm exists in the name of Matthews & Ogburn. They sell good clothing at reasonable prices and represent to you just what you are getting. These people are giving a buggy away purely as an advertising scheme to create trade. The plan on which it will be given has been examined and found to be absolutely fair and if whoever gets it cannot be present at the store on June 23 his interest will be protected just the same.

Paul, the bright little son of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Taylor, living on Tate street, died Monday night of spinal meningitis, after an illness of a fortnight. He had manifested the home for almost a year, and his death is a sore bereavement to the devoted parents. The remains were taken to Bertie county for interment.

NEW Summer Millinery

We have just received a new lot of

Flowers and Foliage, Ready-to-Wear Hats, &c.

Everything new received as soon as it comes out.

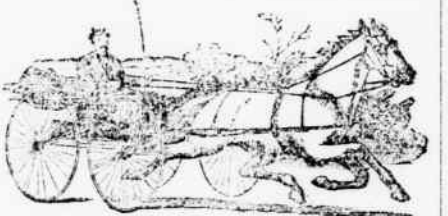
Mrs. Rosa Hamner Carter 107 West Market St.

We have a good trade out of town on these goods:

Good Green Coffee, 10c. a pound.  
Fine Loose Roasted Coffee, 15c. a pound.  
Best Hominny, 3c. a pound.  
Best Grits, 5c. a pound.  
Eight cakes good Soap, 25c.  
Call at A. S. Smith, 6 bales for 25c.  
California Prunes, 5c. a pound.  
Loose Soda, 2c. a pound.

Come to see us. We will treat you right.

Shaw Bros. & Co. 328 South Elm Street.



BUY YOUR BUGGIES AND HARNESS

OF Tatum & Taylor

Agents for Columbus Buggy Company and Nissen Wagons.

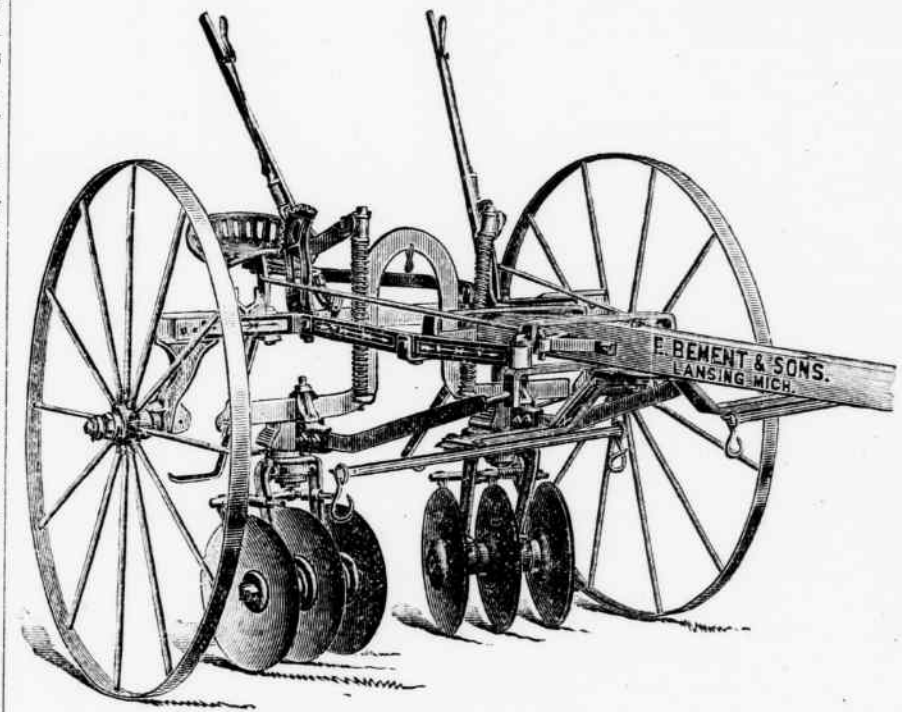
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