

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT.

VOL. 74.

GREENSBORO, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1895.

NO. 18.

THE PIEDMONT BANK

OF GREENSBORO, N. C.

Capital, \$70,000.00.

Surplus, \$7,000.00.

J. M. Walker, President. S. L. Trogon, Vice-Pres.

R. G. Vaughn, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

J. S. HUNTER, Wholesale Dealer, of J. W. Scott & Co.
ROBT. M. SLAY, Agency Southern Express Company.
H. W. COBB, Real Estate, Buyer for American Tobacco Company.
DEED PEACOCK, President Greensboro Female College.
R. M. DOUGLAS, Counselor at Law.

Business of Farmers, Merchants, and Manufacturers solicited. We shall be pleased to correspond with you and to make opening bank accounts or whose present bank accommodations are inadequate.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. M. HAYS, M. D.,
GREENSBORO, N. C.,
Physician and Surgeon.

Dr. W. J. RICHARDSON,
GREENSBORO, N. C.,
Physician and Surgeon.

Dr. W. H. Wakefield,
GREENSBORO, N. C.,
Physician and Surgeon.

Dr. J. E. WYCHE,
GREENSBORO, N. C.,
DENTIST.

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changing color, it should be worked with the hoe only by removing the crust of the hill and drawing loose earth around the plant. This destroys the crop of grass and helps to destroy the cut worm. But if the land between the rows has become foul, it should be plowed with bull-tongue or shovel at the first working. When the plants have covered the hills, say a breadth of twelve inches, they should be worked thoroughly with both plow and hoe. This plowing should be with bull-tongue or shovel, using short single-trees or shovel, and running it close to the plants, and throwing out the row with four or five furrows. If the land has become very foul, turning plow is preferable. With the hoe all the surface soil should be drawn into hills around the plants as at first. This working is a lay-by with the plow, which should never be used after the plants have come to top. But later than this, should the land again become foul, it should be scraped with the hoe only. Any vegetation which springs up after the plant has attained its growth does not harm, but is beneficial rather in keeping the lower leaves from being sandied, and to the eye of the genuine farmer it is unsightly, and is disadvantageous if a wheat crop is to follow—it had better be kept down to the last.

Major Ragland, Hycro, Va., says: "It is important to commence cultivation soon after planting, to loosen the soil and start the plants growing. Just at this point many planters fail to do their duty, which no subsequent work can atone for. Early, rapid, and thorough cultivation is necessary to produce first-class tobacco. If the preparation has been thorough, three plowing, followed each time with a hand hoe, will suffice for the crop.

"For the first plowing, no implement is better than the wing culter; the next best, the cultivator or double-shovel with coulter points. The second plowing may be effectively done with the turning-plow or cultivator. If grassy, use the first. The last plowing is most effectively done—three furrows with single shovel, a furrow on each side, then splitting the middle with third and last furrow.

"Never 'scrape down' tobacco with the hoe without putting back on the hill or bed as much dirt as is scraped down. This will prevent baking, and save many plants should a dry spell follow the hand-hoe working.

"Any process which stirs the soil effectively and often, and keeps the plants free from grass and weeds, will constitute good cultivation, no matter how and with what implement done. Old land will require more work in cultivation than new, and dark grades more than bright. Short single-trees should be used after the plants are half grown to prevent tearing and breaking the leaves.

Another contributor says: "The plants are set by hand, whenever they are ready and the season suits. As soon as they show signs of living the field is plowed with side grabs or small shovels, running as close to the tobacco as possible without covering it. This plowing is followed by the hoes, and in about ten days the second plowing is given with double shovels, throwing out the middle and giving a light mold to the tobacco. If there is any grass left the hoes follow the plows and where the plants are large enough small hills are drawn around them. The third plowing is done with straight shovels with cotton bows attached; as much dirt is thrown to the tobacco as possible, and if it has been well worked before, hoeing will not be necessary. If the tobacco is not too large, a fourth plowing may be given running a sweep through the middle, but if there is danger of breaking the leaves too much with the plow, a good hoeing, with flat hills drawn around the plant, will finish the cultivation."

The caution hinted at above in regard to breaking leaves when the tobacco is too large should be carefully considered. Careless hands can and often will do great damage to the crop, unless they are watched. It does not pay to use the plow when the leaves have grown a certain size, for the hoe can be made to answer all purposes. A little care along this line will save many pounds of fine tobacco in a single field.

INCOME TAX REHEARING.
The Argument on May 6 Will Be on the Merits of the Case.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25.—The argument to be made before the Supreme Court of the United States on Monday, 6th, should Justice Jackson fulfill the present expectation and be on the bench at that time, will be upon the whole merits of the income tax cases, and not simply upon the question whether or not there shall be a rehearing. This was learned this morning from an authoritative source.

Should Justice Jackson not be here there will be no argument, and in any event the decree of the court, announced on the 8th instant, will not be vacated or set aside until a majority of the justices have determined that it shall be after hearing another argument. Should there be such a reversal of the court's position it will be announced upon the disposition made of the petitions for a rehearing. There will be but one argument. It has not been settled who shall participate in it.

SOUTHERN GRANNY WOMEN.

They Kept the Mortality as Low as Regular Doctors Do.

The southern girl went around to spend an evening with the trained nurses at their home in west Twenty-first street. There were a dozen or more of them at home that night, and the southern girl had not been there very long before they were demanding to be told about those "female doctors down South."

"How many of you are M. D.'s? Hold up your hands," said the southern girl.

"Were any of you ever in Asheville, N. C.?"

Three or four affirmative answers were given.

"Good! Then you know where the Piedmont section of Women Doctors is. Well, these women doctors I'm going to tell you about flourished there long ago, even before any women in this State ever studied medicine, I guess."

"You see they had to take up the practice of medicine from sheer necessity. In the early days of the century regular physicians were scarce in rural districts, and this was particularly true of upper Carolina. The only physician in a county lived at the 'court house,' as the county seat was called. Consequently the people living in remote parts of the county would have to ride twenty or twenty-five miles for the doctor. When his office was reached he might then be on the opposite side of the county. This scarcity of physicians and the long distance to be traveled caused the people to rely more on simple remedies. The woman who was wisest in administering these soon became the neighborhood doctor. Her knowledge of herbs and roots and their various uses was of great value to the afflicted. Usually she added the practice of midwifery to the art of poulticing and blistering. This, too, grew out of the necessities of the people living miles away from the doctor."

"These 'granny' women, as they were called, were a sturdy, self-reliant set, and most useful in their neighborhoods. Often they would ride ten or twelve miles to attend a patient. Some of them were kept so busy that they found a good saddle horse a necessity, and they were just as ready to attend the calls of the sick, day or night, as a genuine man doctor. In cases of childbirth they would often remain with the patient several days, acting as nurse."

"Did they use any medicine?" asked one of the nurses.

"They used 'store' medicine very cautiously," answered the southern girl; "and their collection of drugs did not go beyond 'calomy,' 'laudamy,' 'camfide,' 'jollip' and tartar emetic. You learned female doctors and trained nurses may recognize these drugs."

"Of these 'granny' women two were especially prominent down to the civil war, and they continued to practice afterward as long as they were able to go. One of these was Granny McKown and the other Granny McCraw. They were as highly esteemed for their excellence of character and skill in the sick-room as the regular male graduates, and many families preferred these women, with their herbs, poultices and sympathetic ways, to the young graduates who seemed to know everything. The old doctors were always glad to have them on hand, especially in severe cases. If these women had been born later they might have gone to a medical college and have been leaders in the profession, or they might have done the very work that you all are doing."

"I wonder what the modern graduate, male, of course, would do," she went on, "in case he was called in suddenly to attend a patient, without his medicine case. I believe he would feel like an idiot searching around for rue or tansy or ground ivy to relieve pain. Even these 'granny' women couldn't spell the word botany, but they knew all about plants, and were self-reliant enough to use their knowledge."

"Can't you tell us some of the remedies they used?"

"Oh, yes! A poultice of catnip was used for any sort of swelling or 'rising,' and a tea of the same was used for 'innard' fevers."

"And, pray, what are innard fevers?" some one interrupted.

"Inward fever was a low, continued fever that never ran very high," answered the southern girl. "Balm tea was also used to cure fevers, and poultices of tansy and confrey were soothing and healing in cases of sprains and swollen joints. Children afflicted with hives were made to drink a tea made of yarrow and ground ivy. For pains and aches of any kind, such as toothache, neuralgia, muscular rheumatism and the like, the efficacious remedies were poultices made of catnip, featherweed and king-cure-all. Horseradish was administered for a cough, and lavender tea was given to stop nausea. Rosemary tea was considered a sure cure for hoarseness, and a tea made of thyme was given for dysentery. Children that were restless at night, awaking in great fright, were benefited and soothed by tea made of sage and mullein, and elecampane was thought to be the very thing for a cough."

"These are a few of the remedies used by your forefathers. They possibly were not very efficacious in healing, but they did no harm, and while they soothed and inspired

hope, nature would work out her cure. In the old days nearly every southern garden contained beds of all these herbs, and the places on the little streams where ground ivy, yellow root and other such remedies abounded were well known, by every family.

"If I didn't see the man standing there with that plum cake and tea I'd put on my coat and hat and get out on the stoop before telling you all that the rate of mortality was not greater under the regime of the 'granny' women than it is now with all of our drug stores and a doctor located at every cross-roads."—New York Sun.

Southern Beverages.

Down here in Mississippi the scuppernon grape finds its farthest southern foothold, I think; at least, I have not found it farther away. Travelers to Asheville and Florida will remember that it is the wine that is served at that celebrated railway restaurant in North Carolina where the proprietor and the waiters vie with one another in forcing "extras" and second portions of the nicest dishes upon the wayfarers. There can scarcely be such another restaurant as that. "Do have another quail," says the proprietor. "Let me give you more of this scuppernon wine. It is made near here, and is perfectly pure." "Won't you take an orange or two into the cars with you?" or "Here's a bunch of fresh flowers to give to your ladies."

The scuppernon wine has even more of that peculiar "fruity" flavor than the best California wines—a flavor that I am barbarian enough to prefer to the "puer" of the imported claret. You may have it with your meals in Biloxi. And if you are a drinking man, which Heaven forefend, you may have "toddy" in the style that obtains from Virginia to farthestmost Texas, and that has been imported to Arkansas, Missouri, and the Indian Territory.

It was on the banks of the Arkansas river, in Indian Territory, that I made the acquaintance of this method of—as a friend of mine would say—"spilling good liquor." The famous Indian champion, Mr. Boudinot, introduced me to a planter whose two cabins, side by side and joined by a single roof, formed the most picturesque home that I saw on that splendid river. I was introduced as plain "mister," but that would not do down there.

"Colonel Ralph," said the planter, "enjoy this year boundless panorama of nature. Feast ye, ye, ye, sah, on the beautiful river." (Then aside: "Wife, set out the mixer in the back room.") "Colonel Ralph, you are welcome to share with us this grand feast of scenery and nature's ornaments. But, sah, I think my wife has set out something—just a little something—in the house. I dun'no' what it is, sah, but if you find it good, I shall be delighted, sah."

So we went into the back room with this other Colonel Mulberry Sellers, and there on the dining-table stood a bottle, a bowl of sugar, three glasses and spoons, and a glass pitcher full of spring water.

"Serve yourself to a toddy, colonel," said my host.

"I'll watch you first," said I; "I don't know what a toddy is."

"Don't know what a toddy is?" said the hospitable man. "Why, sah, that does seem strange to me. Back in gran' old Virginia, sah, we children were all brought up on it, sah. Every morning my revered father and my sainted mother began the day with a toddy, sah, and as we children appeared, my mother prepared for each one an especially tempered drink of the same, sah, putting—I regret to say—a little more water in mine than the others, because I was the youngest of the children."

As he spoke, he dipped some sugar into his glass, poured in a little water, sufficient to make a syrup when the two ingredients were stirred with a spoon, and then emptied in an Arkansas "stiffener" of whiskey—a jorum, as the English would say. That is the drink of the South, where drinking, without being carried to any excess that I ever witnessed, still remains a genteel accomplishment, as it was held to be by the English, Scotch, and Irish who were the progenitors of nearly all our Southern brothers. —JULIAN RALPH, in Harper's Magazine for May.

Homicide in Ashe.

* ELKIN, April 24.—Deputy Sheriff's Neal and Donly, of Ashe county, passed through Elkin yesterday evening, having in custody a young man named Eller, whom they were taking to Winston for safe-keeping. Eller murdered a young man named Roy Latham, a son of the ex-sheriff of the county, on last Friday night. No particulars were given by the deputies, but a drummer, who came into town, said that Eller went to Latham's house, called him out and asked him to take a walk with him. They took a walk down on the river, when it is supposed Eller knocked him in the head and threw his body in the river. They were both young men, scarcely 21 years of age. Eller was taken to Winston for fear he would be lynched.

Pimples, blackheads, moles, freckles, tan and sunburn removed by Johnson's Oriental Soap. Medicinal. Richardson & Faris, Greensboro.

Hood's Pills have won high praise for their prompt and efficient yet easy action.

CHARLOTTE IN FLAMES.

The Queen City Visited by the Severest Fire in its History.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 25.—At 3:30 o'clock this afternoon fire was discovered in the third story of the big brick warehouse of Saunders and Blackwood, on College street, in the section occupied by the wholesale department of Brown, Weddington & Co. The warehouse was stored with wagons and wooden goods, and the origin of the fire is not known. Howell, Orr & Co., occupied two-thirds of the upper floor as a cotton storage room. A brick wall separates them from the hardware room.

The building is a very tall one, and the telegraph lines that run in front of it hampered the firemen and there was a considerable delay in running up the extension ladders and getting the hose to the windows. By that time the smoke was pouring forth in great volumes, the upper part of the building being at times entirely hidden from view. Thus started one of the heaviest fires in Charlotte's history.

In one hour's time the great warehouse was a mass of ruins. Wall after wall fell, crushing in the rear ends of the brick block facing Trade street east from the corner of College.

At 5:30 o'clock the big warehouse was in complete ruins. The stores of Harrison Watts, W. K. Burwell and H. G. Springs, on the north, were burning.

The stores of J. W. Brown, J. T. Scarborough, J. A. Overcash, Southern Chemical Company, H. G. Link, Field Bros., R. A. Duncan, W. H. Hoover and the offices of J. H. Sloan & Co., were crushed in by falling walls.

The lively stables, restaurants and saloons opposite Howell, Orr & Co., were saved. The loss is not less than \$125,000 partly covered by insurance.

HEIRS TO A LARGE ESTATE.

Some of Them Live in Forsyth and Guilford Counties.

A special telegram from Altoona, Pa., says that several persons in that vicinity have employed attorneys to press their claims as heirs in the estate of Robert Edwards, valued at \$500,000,000. The supposed estate consisted of eight-six acres of land fronting on the Battery and extending upon what is now Broadway. The land was secured by Robert Edwards from King George I. In 1770 Robert Edwards leased the land to the English Government, and soon after died. His nephew and namesake succeeded to the estate. This second Robert Edwards, during the Revolutionary war, made a second lease to the English Government for ninety-nine years. The heirs claim the property should revert to them, as the leases have expired.

The Sentinel is informed that there were three Edwards brothers who came to this country from England. One settled in New York, one in Pennsylvania and the third in Chatham county, N. C. The New York brother (owner of the estate) returned to England and died. He left no heirs, except the two brothers, who died many years ago.

Several descendants from the Chatham county brother are residents of Forsyth and Guilford counties. Among the number being Messrs. George Edwards, and W. A. and David Walker, of Winston.

If the large New York estate is ever divided among the living, the descendants in this section hope to come in for their share.—Winston Sentinel.

The World's Fair Prize for Rice.

CLARKTON, April 23.—It will doubtless be a surprise to your readers to learn that the World's Fair prize for the finest rice was gained by a North Carolinian in the face of exhibits from the great rice countries of the globe. Mr. J. M. Shipman, of Columbus county, about five miles from Clarkton, is the man to whom the prize was awarded.

Ward Wooten, colored, was in town some days ago and gave a graphic description of an event of ante-bellum days that has long since faded from the memory of the present generation. One morning over 35 years ago, while on his way to his labors, he heard a rustling in the bushes, stopped and spied a large buck. Ward says he threw down his bucket, axe and hat just as the sun was peeping up, and a short while before sun down he came out victorious—the only man in eastern North Carolina, who bears the remarkable record of out-running a buck. Ward has never been able to work much since his great exploit, while before he was hale and hearty. He literally ran himself to death. Many good men of Ward's neighborhood bear testimony to the veracity of his story.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gundersen, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at River Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at C. E. Holton & Co's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

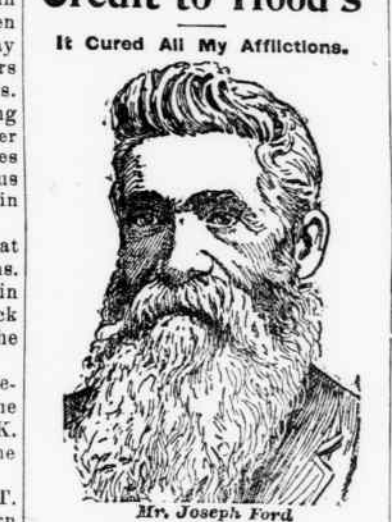
A RAILROAD CENTER.



Greensboro is the railroad center of North Carolina. It is the natural distributive point for the entire State, and is peculiarly well situated for manufacturing establishments of various kinds. It has a great abundance of raw materials close at hand at the lowest possible price. It has cheap labor, cheap coal, and a delightful climate. It has the very best school advantages and all modern improvements usually found in cities of double its size. These advantages deserve the careful consideration of capitalists and manufacturers, especially those contemplating a removal of their cotton plantations. For special or more complete information write to the Greensboro Industrial and Lumber Association.

Credit to Hood's

It Cured All My Afflictions.



"For ten years I have suffered terribly from general debility, and last winter was attacked on bad with kidney trouble, enlargement of spleen and heart disease, suffering great pain in my back, hips and legs. I read about Hood's Pills, and I bought one bottle and began taking it."

"After the first bottle I felt so much better that I decided to continue and have taken over six bottles. Today my health is better than it has been for more than a decade. I have no kidney, heart or spleen difficulty, and am in duty bound to give Hood's Pills the credit of curing my afflictions." J. J. FORD, Ridge Church, Va.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla and are gentle, mild and effective.

FOR CHILDREN

The old-fashioned and always reliable remedy for stomach disorders. One bottle has killed 614 worms. Thousands of people living today owe their life to this medicine. The same good medicine that it was fifty years ago. If your doctor or schoolkeeper does not know it, send 25c. for each bottle to E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

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PATRIOT CLUB RATES.

We call special attention to the following liberal club rates. By this arrangement you can secure two papers for about the same price as one. We can give you good rates on any paper published in the United States. At the price mentioned we will give the Patriot and

Atlanta Constitution	\$1.25
Richmond Times	1.50
New York World	1.50
American Agriculturist	1.50
Compendium	2.00
Century	4.25
St. Nicholas	3.25
Texas Blade	1.25
Democrat's Magazine	2.50
Country Gentleman	2.75

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. E. H. McKenzie spent Sunday at Salisbury.
Mr. B. H. Sloan is up and around again after a short illness.
Don't fail to read Thacker & Co.'s ad. in this issue.
The revival at Centenary church continues to grow in interest.
Miss Mabel Hill, of Danville, Va., is visiting in Greensboro.
The Brown Mercantile Co. has a new lot of goods in this issue.
Mr. Dr. Hodges, of Richmond, is the guest of his mother, Mrs. J. A. Hodges.
An interesting communication from Hillsdale will appear in our next issue.
New seed and sweet potatoes at Phoenix this week, and only 75 cents a bushel.
We have just received a splendid lot of cheese and "Italian" macaroni to go with it.
J. W. Scott & Co.
Buy your sewing machine oil, needles, parts and attachments from J. W. Scott & Co.
Grand balloon ascension and parachute jump from Pilot Mountain May 1st to 4th.
Mrs. E. H. Seales and Mrs. J. J. Seales returned last Monday from a visit at Henderson.
Conductors Morris and Westbury have been reinstated by the Southern, to the gratification of their friends.
The annual meeting of the State organization of the W. C. T. U. will be held in Charlotte June 19, 20 and 21.
J. W. Scott & Co.
Rev. W. L. Grissom, of the Christian Advocate, is at home again after a two weeks' visit in the eastern part of the state.
W. O. Duggett, of Brown's Summit, sold tobacco at the Banner to-day for \$9 a hundred, making an average of twenty-five.
Miss Lula McKee Woodell is visiting friends in Baltimore. She will spend part of her time in Washington City and other places.
Miss Rose Cleveland, a sister of President Cleveland, stopped over here on her way to New York.
Will Murray, of this city, won the mile race in the Athletic Day contests at Davidson College Saturday, making a record of 4 minutes and 52 seconds.
The Mt. Airy News of last week said: "Mrs. Cansey, of Greensboro, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. P. Allred, who has been sick for some time."
The base ball game between the Franklin-Marshall club, of Lancaster, Pa., and the Guilford College club was not played here Friday owing to the heavy rain.
Vandover & Co.'s new ad. in this issue cannot fail to attract the attention of our readers. Their immense stock will be found most attractive to retail buyers.
The Alliance store at Liberty was sold this week by the receiver, G. S. Brinkshaw, to Henry Mills, of High Point, and will be moved to the last named place in a few days.
At the session of Presbytery at Salisbury last week Mr. W. D. Wharby, of near this city, was chosen a delegate to the general assembly, which meets in Dallas, Texas, this month.
Flour is advancing every day, but we will sell this week at old prices. Letter in your supply of "Honest" at 45¢ per bag, or "De Soto" at 42¢ per bag.
J. W. Scott & Co.
Last Wednesday night Rev. W. S. Hays performed the ceremony of the wedding of C. F. Lohman and Miss Ada May at the residence of her father near this city. They left the next morning for Asheville.
The sight of a lifetime will be that of Pilot Mountain May 18th. Nine seconds, 5,000 feet before jumping from her mammoth balloon. You can stand to witness this wonderful performance. Go with Bogart's excursion.
For some unaccountable reason Mr. Washington failed to reach on time. We trust that no mistake has been made on our part. The interesting letters are the source of much information and pleasure to our readers.
Friday's Raleigh News and Observer said: "Mr. and Mrs. Cameron and family, of Greensboro, arrived here yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Cameron and her family will spend several weeks in the city, visiting Capt. Smith's family."
Mr. Henry Carmon and Miss Ada Seales were married on Tuesday morning last week at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. David Seales, near McLeansville, the Rev. C. B. Miller of Burlington officiating. Only members of the families and a few intimate friends were present.
An interesting sight will be the parachute jump from the largest balloon on record at Pilot Mountain on Friday, May 18th, by Miss Lena Nolan, the "Queen of the Clouds." She will fall 100 feet before the parachute opens. A postscript accompanies her in this issue. See advertisement of Bogart's excursion.

At the recent meeting of the State medical examiners of South Carolina, which was held in Columbia, Dr. J. R. Reitzel, formerly of Liberty, but now of Davidson, N. C., taking a post graduate course in medicine, was one of the twenty successful applicants to obtain license. His average in the examination was 93 per cent, the second best made.
—Ellis N. Stout, who, for the past year has been in our employ, leaves for Asheville May 15th, where he will establish himself in the job printing business. He is a sober, industrious young man, who is proficient in his trade, and with the new outfit which he has just ordered, we feel confident that it will not be his fault if success does not crown his venture.
—Our Pine Grove letter for this week contained a full account of the Gray-Needle wedding, but as we had already received a communication from our Pleasant Garden correspondent giving a report of the same happy event we were compelled by a rush of work to omit the first named letter. We will say in this connection, however, that two reports of any event are always acceptable in preference to none, even though it may be necessary to abridge them.
—Thirty-five of our brightest people will compose the caste of the District School, which is to be held at the Normal next Friday night. Great preparations are being made and as the ladies have taken the matter in hand we know it will be a complete success. Greensboro people should by all means avail themselves of this opportunity, as it will be one of the best entertainments the Y. M. C. A. has ever given. It will cost you only a quarter and hucks will carry you out there for ten cents.
Yesterday when the passenger train on the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railway, coming this way, reached Fayetteville, a tramp was driven off one of the trucks and told he would not be allowed to ride there. When the train was about thirty-five miles from Wilmington, Conductor Will Dodson saw smoke issuing from under a car and, lo! and behold, when he looked under the car there was the tramp on the truck quietly enjoying a pipe and reading a copy of the Messenger which he had managed to get hold of. He was again run out and was left standing on the side of the track—Wilmington Messenger, Sunday.

We had a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. Charles L. Stephens, editor of the Southern Leader. Mr. Stephens is making a tour of the state soliciting contributions to secure a silver service to be presented to the United States Cruiser Raleigh on behalf of the people of the Old North State. In several cities he has secured lady sponsors who will endeavor to raise the money by entertainments as ladies usually do. Miss Lillian Small and Miss Katherine H. Seales have consented to be the sponsors for this place. Two more popular girls could not have been chosen, and it is safe to predict that the enterprise they have espoused will be faithfully and successfully carried out.
—The Graham-Fowler wedding which took place last Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother on Ashe street, was a very pretty affair. The day could not have been more beautiful, and the decorated parlor and bright faces present all seemed to be in accord with the happy hearts which Dr. J. Henry Smith in a very impressive ceremony united into one. Miss Emma S. Fowler belongs to a well known family and is much loved by her many friends. Mr. John B. Graham is one of our most popular young men. He holds a responsible position with the Southern Railway company. The happy couple are making an extended tour in the north. May their lives be as bright and cloudless as the beautiful day on which they took their vows.
—We are called upon this week to report the death of another aged resident of our county, Mrs. Elizabeth McDaniel, who died near McLeansville Sunday evening at the ripe old age of 92 years. Mrs. McDaniel was born near Mt. Hermon church, in Orange (now Alamance) county in 1803, and her life has been marked by that piety and christian grace which is allotted to only those whose faith and works are in perfect harmony with the teachings and example of a Divine Master. She was the mother of our worthy friend and fellow-citizen, Dr. A. P. McDaniel. Her remains were laid to rest in the quiet churchyard at Bethel yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. Rev. Seabrook conducting an appropriate burial service. The resurrection morn will find her spirit at God's right hand.
—Those who remained away from Henry W. Blount's lecture at the court house last Friday night on account of the inclement weather are no doubt by this time regretting their lost opportunity to hear one of the most original and unique, saying nothing for eloquent and humorous lecturers in the field. His style is characteristic of himself—he called his lecture, very appropriately, a roving talk, for he touched upon many subjects and carried his audience with him in his flights through the firmament of eloquence. He compared himself to the minister who was told after finishing a discourse that if his sermon would not have caught it. As a story teller Mr. Blount has few peers. His humor is spontaneous. He has a keen sense of the ridiculous and the happy faculty of making others see things in the same ludicrous light. The audience was kept almost continuously in a roar of laughter, and the old court house rang with applause. We hope to hear him again.
Of Interest to Farmers.
The Industrial and Immigration Association frequently has letters from persons in various parts of the United States asking about farming lands near Greensboro—kind of soil, price, &c. It would be of very great assistance to the Secretary in answering these letters if the owners of farms who desire to sell them would send a description of them to the Secretary of the Association. W. E. KYLE, General Passenger Agent.

The committee consisting of J. H. Gilmer, J. T. Tate, J. Van Lintley, J. P. Harkness and D. W. C. Benbow, who were appointed by the I. & I. Association, met in the office of the Steel & Iron Co. Saturday, April 27th, 1895; all present except J. P. Harkness.
The committee organized by the election of J. H. Gilmer as chairman and D. W. C. Benbow as secretary.
Upon motion J. T. Tate explained the object of the meeting, saying that the I. & I. Association has in view the establishing of a permanent exhibit in the city of Greensboro of the resources and products of this county and that this committee was appointed to devise ways and means for aiding them in defraying the expenses of the exhibit, believing that such an exhibit would be of more real benefit to the citizen of Guilford than double the amount we propose to ask to be appropriated for this purpose, for no city in N. C. entertains more strangers; that the benefits from this kind of advertising can hardly be overestimated, and that by no other way for such a small outlay of money could the capabilities, resources and advantages of the county be made known to the outside world; that the success of the enterprise would necessarily depend upon the interest and co-operation of our friends in the county, and that the safest, surest and best way to improve the city was to build up the county, &c. Thereupon it was
Resolved, That this committee being a unit as to the advantage the whole county would derive from a permanent exhibit of the resources and products of the county, that we will in a body present the plans of the I. & I. Association and ask the county commissioners to appropriate to the use of this association and for the purposes herein set forth.
Resolved 2d, That the following gentlemen, distributed as they are throughout the county, some in each township, be requested to meet with this committee in the office of the Steel & Iron Co. at 11 o'clock, May 6th, and after discussing the subject be invited to join the committee and present the matter to the board of county commissioners in such shape as may be agreed upon: W. O. Donnell, Allen Holt, Sam'l H. Mendenhall, R. Wilburn, J. Elwood Cox, W. H. Ragan, Le Ogburn, R. M. Stafford, Thomas Dudley, S. W. H. Smith, J. S. Ragsdale, J. M. Wharton, S. T. Florence, Web McNairy, Judge D. Schenck, C. H. Hancock, Rev. P. Edmondson, David Hodgkin, Rev. P. L. Groom, Wm. Doggett, J. R. Moore, John E. McKnight, John Forsyth, John Kennett, Dr. West Coble, E. D. Hines, Robt. Rankin, W. L. Lindsay, W. O. S. Hannah, D. H. Coble, David Hunter, J. J. Busick, L. L. Kernode, C. R. Dick, B. Davidson, Dr. A. A. Coble, D. F. Bennett.
Resolved 3rd, That J. T. Tate and D. W. C. Benbow be authorized to learn where a suitable room can be secured for the purposes of this exhibit and upon what terms.
D. W. C. BENBOW, Sec'y.

—The home of Mr. D. E. Thomas was the scene of a very pleasant occurrence yesterday morning. His daughter, Dolly, and Mr. J. H. Hayden were married at 9:30 by Rev. Van Doren, of Henderson. The folding doors were thrown open, making one large room of the parlors and hall, which were tastefully decorated with flowers. The maid of honor was Miss Ethel G. Thomas, sister of the bride, and Mr. Wm. Adams acted as best man. While the wedding march was being beautifully rendered by Miss Alice Lambeth, of Thomasville, the contracting parties came slowly down the stairs and took their position on a beautiful moquette rug in the centre of this large room, where the impressive but brief ceremony took place. The bride was becomingly attired in a gray and garnet traveling suit. Mr. and Mrs. Hayden left on the 10:15 train for Henderson, where they will visit relatives of the groom. Mrs. Hayden having been born and reared in this place has a host of friends. Quite a number of handsome presents were received. We congratulate the young couple and wish them all happiness.
Who Citizens' Ticket.
The Citizens' meeting at the court house at noon to-day was presided over by W. P. Rynum, Jr. Messrs. M. G. Newell and B. C. Sharpe were secretaries. Col. Boyd was the choice of the meeting for mayor, all the wards not reporting. The nominations for aldermen were as follows:
First ward—B. H. Merrimon, W. J. Ridge.
Second ward—W. F. Bogart, W. M. Donnell.
Third ward—P. D. Price, H. J. Elam.
Fourth ward—J. P. Harkness, Jno. A. Barringer.
Fifth ward—J. Y. Smith, R. G. Hyatt.
Sixth ward—J. S. Hunter, J. H. Phinps.
Unveiling of Confederate Monument at Raleigh, N. C., May 20, 1895.
On account of above occasion the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railway Company will sell round-trip tickets to Raleigh, N. C., at rate of one cent per mile traveled: tickets to be sold May 19th and 20th, with final limit May 22nd. Rate from Wilmington, \$2.70; Fayetteville, \$1.55; Maxton, \$2.30; Red Springs, \$2.05; Lumber Bridge, \$1.90; Greensboro, \$1.60.
W. E. KYLE, General Passenger Agent.

—The Guilford county branch of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association of North Carolina will meet at the Court House in Greensboro at 12 o'clock on Friday, May 3rd, for the purpose of reorganizing this branch and to elect officers for the ensuing year. All members are earnestly requested to be present.
Very respectfully,
B. DAVIDSON, President.
A Road Mass Meeting
Will be held in the court house on Saturday, May 4, 1894 to which every tax payer living in Morehead and Gilmer townships is invited. The County Commissioners are unable to levy a tax to work the convicts upon the county roads. These two townships can use them, and this meeting is called to discuss what our best interest demands.

City Democratic Organization.
In response to the call issued last week the Democrats of Greensboro met at the court house Monday evening and perfected just what has been needed for years—a partisan city organization. The assembly was called to order by W. R. Land, who announced the object of the meeting, and requested that the officers be chosen. Col. J. T. Morehead was unanimously chosen chairman. He made a very appropriate speech of acceptance, avowing his approval of the movement which was to lead to Democratic victory as well as strengthen the party organization of Guilford county. He was heartily applauded.
Members of the press acted as secretaries.
When it was announced that the convention was ready for business Mr. Land read a paper explaining the political situation and the necessity of definite and aggressive action on the part of the Democrats, concluding the same by offering the following resolutions:
"Resolved 1st, That the nonpartisan, citizen meetings, heretofore nominating city officers, have failed to accomplish the purpose intended by the originators thereof, and many of our most conservative and patriotic citizens having persistently declined to attend such citizens' meetings, and many of those participating in said conventions refusing to abide the action of the same, resulting in some instances in the election of gentlemen by a minority of the voters of the city, and such nonpartisan action of the Democrats of the city, constituting as they do one-fourth of the Democratic voters of the county, having had the effect of demoralizing not only themselves, but the Democratic voters of the county also, whereby elections have been lost by the Democrats in more than one instance,
"Resolved 2nd, That there shall be a distinct organization of the Democrats of this city, and to that end the chairman of this convention appoint one Democrat from each ward, who shall constitute the City Democratic Executive Committee, and that hereafter this committee shall call ward meetings, and a city convention, giving notice of the time and place for holding the same; that the city convention shall nominate a candidate for Mayor, and the ward meetings shall select their candidates for aldermen, and the nominations so made shall constitute the Democratic ticket of Greensboro.
"Resolved 3rd, That this convention do now proceed to the nomination of a candidate for mayor, after which the subject of the nomination of aldermen by each ward, be taken up."

The first and second resolutions were adopted unanimously. The third resolution was discussed by D. Schenck, Jr., and Hon. Jno. L. King. Mr. Schenck asked that the question be considered fully before action was taken, his main point being to determine whether it was advisable to put a straight ticket in the field at such a late day. Mr. King expressed himself in favor of decisive action there and then, incidentally setting right some wrong impressions existing. He did not want the party to be found in the same uncertain position a year hence. When it came to a vote there was no dissenting voice.
The convention then proceeded with the nomination of a ticket. For mayor the names of L. M. Scott, Jno. N. Wilson, A. J. Seales and Jno. J. Nelson were read. The first ballot did not result in a nomination. The second ballot showed a good majority for Nelson and his nomination was promptly made unanimous upon the motion of Mr. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Seales.
The different wards then presented the following nominations for aldermen, which were unanimously ratified by the convention:
First ward—J. H. Dillard, Jr., D. Schenck, Jr.
Second ward—H. W. Cobb, J. M. Walker.
Third ward—P. D. Price, H. J. Elam.
Fourth ward—Neil Ellington, W. J. Blackburn.
Fifth ward—R. W. Brooks, R. G. Hyatt.
The sixth ward did not make nominations owing to the lateness of the hour. It was agreed that the chair should designate a time and place for a meeting of the Democrats of that ward.
At the close of the meeting Mr. Nelson was called out. He thanked the convention cordially for its action and called on his hearers to work manfully for the ticket nominated, promising, if elected, an administration of which every citizen might feel proud.
The chairman announced as the executive committee the following:
First ward—C. H. Ireland.
Second ward—Jno. H. Whitte.
Third ward—J. S. Michaux.
Fourth ward—Geo. H. McKinney.
Fifth ward—Ed E. Bain.
Sixth ward—A. C. McAlister.
The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the executive committee. The convention was harmonious in every respect. The best of feeling prevailed and it was evident that all trifling differences heretofore existing were forgotten in the laudable effort to give the city a safe and sound administration consistent with its dignity and position.
The ticket nominated Monday night deserves the unqualified approval of every Democrat as well as good citizen of Greensboro. It must be elected, so turn out and use every honorable effort in its behalf. We regret that the space at our disposal this week is limited. Too much could not be said in favor of this movement, which meets with our hearty endorsement in every respect. Success to the Greensboro Democratic ticket.

NEVER BEFORE
In the history of Dentistry have the public had the opportunity of having their dental work done in first class style by experienced operators and at prices that are within the reach of all. There is no excuse for anyone to neglect their teeth when THE NORTH STATE DENTAL ASSOCIATION is doing first class work at such low prices. We feel that our efforts to give everybody an opportunity of having good and healthy teeth are being appreciated, as evidenced by our continual increase of patronage. We are in the lead and up to date in everything we do. "Money saved is money made," and if you would come to see us with your dental work, we will save you MONEY EVERY TIME.
Yours truly,
DR. GRIFFITH, Dentist, Manager.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE
J. W. Scott & Co., Wholesale and Retail Agents.

Doings of the City Fathers.
The last regular meeting of the present board of aldermen was held Friday evening. Considerable business was transacted, a part of which was of a routine nature.
Chairman Cobb, of the electric light committee, reported that the lighting of the city would continue under the terms of the present contract until May 1st. Bids for the coming year were referred to the committee.
Chairman Baisley, of the water committee, submitted a favorable report, acknowledging harmonious relations between the water company, of which Gen. Glenn is receiver, and the city.
Chairman Wilson's report for the police committee was complimentary to chief and officers alike. No charges against the officers were sustained during the year, and good order has been preserved at all times.
The claim of \$10,000 presented by John W. Thomas for injuries sustained March 27, 1893, on account of defective streets was not allowed.
An ordinance requiring a record of all new dwellings, together with materials used and probable cost, to be filed with the city clerk, was introduced by Mr. Cobb and passed.
It was ordered that the bill of Orlando Epps, for balance due on heating apparatus for graded schools, should be paid if approved by board of education.
Chairman Harkness, of the firemen's committee, recommended that the unused hose cart be loaned to company No. 6, adopted.
Messrs. O. F. Pearce and C. H. Dorsett were made special policemen without compensation on the premises of West Market street church.
Messrs. Brooks and Baisley were appointed a committee to settle with the various city officers.
The petition of S. J. McCauley that his license be transferred to Jones & Co. was granted.
A motion was made by Mr. Cobb that a committee of six, consisting of the mayor and five citizens, be appointed to provide for the reception and entertainment of the North Carolina Press Association, whereupon Gen. J. D. Glenn, Messrs. John S. Michaux, J. W. Scott, C. M. Vanstory and J. D. Kase were named.
The board held an adjourned meeting Monday afternoon to complete some unfinished business.

Unveiling of Confederate Monument at Raleigh, N. C., May 20, 1895.
For the above occasion the Southern Railway Company will sell tickets to Raleigh and return at rate of one cent per mile traveled. Open to the public and organized bodies alike. Tickets on sale May 19th and 20th, good to return until May 22nd. For further information apply to Agent Southern Railway.
Notice.
Call at the Smithfield Music House if you are in need of a fine Piano or Organ. A. N. Barnes has just put in a nice lot of instruments there which will be sold at factory prices on easy terms. All persons indebted to Barnes Bros. for instruments will please make payments to Mr. Smithfield and get receipt.
The Odells will erect two new cotton mills at Concord. The contracts have been let.
When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she became a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

SEED
SWEET
POTATOES
75c. per Bushel.
JOHN J. PHOENIX.
New Cut Herring!
—We think they have reached bottom. And if you—
—want a barrel, we think—
—now is a good time to buy—
—Come in and take a look—
—at them and learn prices—
J. W. Scott & Co.

COME AND SEE!
You Will Not Be Disappointed.
Japanese Wash Silks 23
Wash Silks (pretty) 35
French Checks 40
Fancy Figured Silks 50
Black Taffeta, Bangaline (sold heretofore at 1.00) now 50
Black Satin Duchesse, worth 1.50, 1.00 1.00
Black Moire Silk, worth 1.25 1.00
Heavy Ribbed Hose, for boys or girls (sentless), at 2 pair for 25
(These goods will give you honest wear).
If you want the cheapest thing in medium quality for wash dresses, see our Thibet Cloth at 7
Now for a Word About Carpets, &c.
A Cotton Ingrain (worth two or three in Hemp) 20
All Wool Heavy Ingrain at 50
Special drive in Body Brussels (with border to match) 50
A Moquette (equal in wear to anything at 1.25) for 85
Oil Cloth in 1, 1½ and 2 yards 10
Stair Oil Cloth only 10
Also an excellent Linoleum, cheap. Our Chenille Portieres are artistic and cheap—some as low as \$2.25. For Lace Curtains in Irish Point and Nottingham. The quality and prices will surprise you. And we beg to call attention to the fact that we will have this week a piece of excellent Holland, so that if your shades are worn, and the rollers are not broken, we can refit them for you, making them as good as new.
These and many other bargains were secured during our recent visit to New York from the stock of E. S. Jaffrays & Co. Business is busy. You want to buy cheap. Well, we are in a position to put you on this basis. Very respectfully,

THE COX-PERRIE DRY GOODS COMPANY.
A TRUE STORY.
In a cabin at the foot of the Blue Ridge Mountain lived a beautiful girl with her aged father. They were very poor, and as their little "Mountain Home" was soon to be sold under a mortgage, they were with joy that the old father welcomed a suitor for his daughter's hand and wealth. The suitor, however, was a poor man, but he was a true man, and he had a heart as big as the world. He had a dark-eyed mountain lover, who was too poor to offer her anything but roses.
WHICH DID SHE CHOOSE?
The question is answered in the (3) verse song and chorus, entitled:
DIAMONDS OR ROSES.
Words and Music by C. H. ADAMS.

STANDARD MUSIC CO., : WINSTON, N. C.
Next door to Bank of Guilford, 214 South Elm St., Greensboro, N. C.

DO YOU RIDE A VICTOR?
The grandest outdoor sport is cycling; the best bicycle is a Victor, made in the largest and finest bicycle plant in the world.
OVERMAN WHEEL CO.
Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO.
DETROIT. PACIFIC COAST. DENVER.
SAN FRANCISCO. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

DOLLARS
AND
SENSE!
Are the two things most needed when purchasing a suit of clothes. However, let us say right here, that if you want to save
DOLLARS
AND
CENTS!
You can do so by purchasing of us. Our immense spring stock is all 1895 goods. We can convince you that our prices are right, if you know anything about the quality of goods. In
CONCLUSION
Let us remind you that our Clothing is of the very best, as regards workmanship, material and style. Not the ready-made clothing you see every day, but clothing which is made to fit you, and the prices to fit your pocketbook. Come in and we will do the rest.
E. R. FISHBLATE,
WILL R. RANKIN, Manager.
No. 230 South Elm Street, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Perhaps you have noticed that we don't claim to sell goods below cost or at half price all the time, and yet
The Store Keeps Growing
in the confidence of every one who has occasion to visit it. People who come in to look around very often buy before they go out, and having traded here once they are pretty sure to look up THACKER & BROCKMANN again when they want dry goods or shoes. But there is room for more customers and we would like to see your face, kind reader, in the store many times this Spring and Summer.

THE OTHER DAY
A BUYER SAID
TO US: "I must tell you candidly that you are the bargain house of the Clothing and Furnishing Goods trade of Greensboro—that is, on desirable things." We could not ask a better endorsement. Buyers appreciate the fact that every article in our store is bran new. It is a pleasure to assure our friends that they cannot find a single garment in our large stock that was not intended for the spring and summer trade of 1895.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED
Another big lot of of Spring and Summer Clothing, Hats, and Furnishing Goods—no truck, but the latest novelties in all these lines. A more complete line cannot be found anywhere.
Remember,
We want your trade and will do our best to keep it. We strive to please everyone—old or young, rich or poor. It will pay you to personally inspect our line of Men's and Boys' Clothing. Sincerely,
MOORE & MCKENZIE,
The Haberdashers.
233 South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.

IT DON'T TAKE AS MUCH
Money to buy a new dress now as it did last Spring. So don't think because your money is a little short that you must wear your old clothes. Dry goods are
MUCH CHEAPER
(Especially woollen goods) than they were last year. We have got our
NEW SPRING AND SUMMER
Stock opened up ready for inspection, and would be glad to have all our friends and the public generally call and see them.
Respectfully,
J. M. HENDRIX & CO.,
Greensboro, N. C.

Headquarters
FOR
SHOES.
For good Shoes at the very lowest prices. We have shoes in all grades. We have just received another lot of Sample Hats, Dress Goods, Pant Goods and Underwear at bottom prices. Come and see us, we will treat you right.
RIDGE & SHERWOOD,
Next door to Bank of Guilford, 214 South Elm St., Greensboro, N. C.

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The Haberdashers.
233 South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.

CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER.

His Opinion on the Income Tax is Now Made Public.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The text of the opinion of Chief Justice Fuller in the income tax cases, which was delivered on the 8th inst., was made public today. The opinion is preceded by an elaborate review of the history of the cases. The opinion proper is introduced with the statement that "the constitution provides that representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States according to numbers, and that no direct tax shall be laid except according to the enumeration provided for, and also that all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States."

The men, says the opinion, who framed the constitution had just emerged from the struggle for independence whose rallying cry had been that "taxation and representation go together." The mother country had taught the colonists that self-taxation constituted the main security against oppression.

The States were careful to see to it that taxation and representation should go together, so that the sovereignty reserved should not be impaired, and that when Congress voted a tax upon property it should be with the consciousness and under the responsibility that in so doing the tax so voted would proportionately fall upon the immediate constituents of those who imposed it.

More than this, by the constitution the States not only gave to the nation and concurrent power to tax persons and property directly, but they surrendered their own power to levy taxes on imports and to regulate commerce. So when the wealthier States as between themselves and those who were to come gave up for the common good the great sources of revenue derived through commerce they did so in reliance on the protection afforded by restrictions on the grant of power.

Thus, in the matter of taxation, the constitution recognizes the two great classes of direct and indirect taxes, and lays down two rules by which their imposition must be governed, namely, the rule of apportionment as to direct taxes, and the rule of uniformity as to duties, imposts and excises. "There have been from time to time intimations," said the Chief Justice, "that there might be some tax which was not a direct tax nor included under the words 'duties, imposts and excises,' but such a tax for more than one hundred years of national existence has remained undiscovered, notwithstanding the stress of particular circumstances has invited thorough investigation into sources of revenue."

He says in a conclusion: "We are of opinion that the law in question, so far as it levies a tax on the rents or income or real estate, is in violation of the constitution and is invalid. The constitution contemplates the independent exercise by the nation and the State, severally, of their constitutional powers. As the States cannot tax the powers, the operations or the property of a State. A municipal corporation is the representative of the State government. It was long ago determined that the property and revenues of municipal corporations are not subjects of federal taxation."

Just One More Case.

Near the adjourning of the Legislature the Democratic members of the lower house united in signing a protest against the falsehood which the record had been made to speak with reference to the adjournment in honor of Fred Douglass, and the Speaker ordered it to be spread upon the journal. After the adjournment it was discovered that it had not been so spread nor could the original be found. It has just now been discovered that it is in the possession of J. B. Moore, of Burgaw, Pender county, one of the clerks, who, the Wilmington Messenger says, claims that he picked it up off the floor and put it in his pocket. The Messenger pertinently inquires if he dropped it on the floor, and if so, or whether so or not, why he did not, when he picked it up, put it in its proper place instead of in his pocket. It might also be asked if Mr. Moore is just now having a "reddin' out" of his pockets, after his return from Raleigh, and if not why is he just now reporting his find? The public is quite familiar with the record of that Legislature for lost and stolen bills, and of the performances of its clerks, who were made in its likeness. This is just another instance, no more flagrant than a number of others already told of.—Charlotte Observer.

The executive committee, of the Atlanta Exposition favors holding a congress of religions during the fair.

Lego Items.

Wheat is looking well.

We are having another cold northeast rain.

Rev. Mr. Keith, of your city, preached at Walnut Grove yesterday at 3 p. m.

We hoped to have sent you some new subscribers ere this. Will endeavor to do so soon.

Deep River Nursery made its last shipment of nursery stock for the spring trade April 26th.

The fruit crop has pulled through so far and looks very flattering at present, especially small fruits.

We are sorry to note that W. A. Clapp has been quite sick for some days. Hope to see him out soon.

There is considerable dissatisfaction here among the colored people with the new mortgage law.

Rev. C. E. McL. Raper went to his field of labor on Saturday. He seems to have a great interest in his work.

The Sunday school reorganized at Walnut Grove yesterday, electing Wm. Jones, of Hill Top, superintendent. Success to the school.

We understand there is a petition out for working the convicts on the public road from Jamestown via our village to Guilford College. We endorse the plan as it is said to be the most public road in the county with the exception of the main leading roads into Greensboro and High Point.

Doctors J. R. Williams, D. A. Armfield, Justices B. F. White and Henry Wakefield were called together on the 23d inst to constitute a board for the purpose of filling the proper blanks to admit Mrs. D. B. Anderson into the State Hospital at Morganton. She will leave a husband and six little children.

The Poor Man's Dollar.

The Atlanta Journal says: "No class of our people have a more direct interest in the currency question than the wage-earners. They constitute the largest class of our entire population. Of the 22,000,000 people in this country engaged in work in all callings, trades and professions, about 7,000,000 are wage-earners in manufacturing, mining, transportation, building and other industries, not including agriculture. To these 7,000,000 must be added the millions of clerks and other employees who are dependent on their earnings of their labor."

"Should silver monometalism prevail, all these people will be paid in depreciated currency, and until they received \$2 for every dollar they get now, they would lose by the change. The decline of prices has made their wages and salaries more potent in providing the necessities and comforts of life. With every dollar they receive they can buy more now than they ever could before. They must know that there would be no commensurate increase of wages with the establishment of the single silver standard. It must not be forgotten that in a rise of prices labor is about the last thing to go up. With the same wages they get now 7,000,000 people in this country would have a good time paying twice as much as they now pay for everything they buy. This is what silver monometalism would drive them to. The poor man's dollar should be an honest dollar."

Cheap Lands.

Georgia is fortunate in getting rid of so many acres of poor land in a sickly part of the State—10,000 acres. But it gets 40,000 Northern settlers, of various nationalities we suppose, to cultivate and improve and help to develop the state. North Carolina has hundreds of thousands of acres of good, cultivatable lands that could be bought cheap by colonists. There is not a county that does not possess thousands of such acres and much of it really very desirable. North Carolina geographically is 500 miles across, and possesses a greater variety of climate, productiveness and attractiveness than any other State in any section of our great country. Its vast inland, sounds, bays and rivers water it as no other State is watered. Its variety of products eclipse all the states. Come and see. A trip from Norfolk through the sounds and then through the State to the Tennessee border will reveal sights to the prospector. Good lands in healthy sections can be easily and cheaply bought.—Wilmington Messenger.

Republican leaders are represented as anxious to conciliate the free-silver element in their party, and with this object in view are discussing the advisability of nominating Senator Dubois, of Idaho, for Vice-President. Thus far the republicans have rather dodged the responsibility of committing their party to any definite policy upon the silver question.

ROXBORO'S BANK FAILS.

Another Cashier Who Had Been Above Suspicion Goes Wrong.

ROXBORO, N. C., April 27.—On Monday morning it was ascertained that the Farmers' bank had been robbed of \$2,804. On Thursday morning Mr. M. H. Palmer, special bank examiner, arrived here, without any previous warning, to examine the bank's condition. He discovered a shortage and the books out of balance.

Soon after the discovery the cashier of the bank, Mr. W. T. Jones, surrendered himself to the sheriff, acknowledging that he had loaned money without the authority of the directors and that there was a shortage in his accounts.

No greater surprise could have come to our people. Mr. Jones was considered the best of men, and when the robbery occurred by some one entering the safe, no one ever dared suspect him, so correct had his character always been. Since the robbery he has talked too much and aroused suspicion.

Jones still denies any participation in or knowledge of the robbery. He admits \$2,300 shortage and has made a deed of trust securing that amount. He says that the shortage appearing on the books is accounted for by loans that he made for which he did not make security, and that when he tried to collect the money he could not get it.

The doors of the bank have been closed and the State Treasurer notified. A warrant was sworn out this evening by bank officials for Jones' arrest, and he is now in jail awaiting a hearing on a charge of embezzlement and robbery of the bank.

It is not known what the real shortage is. It is generally believed that it will reach at least \$5,000. But it is not believed that the depositors are in any danger, though the stockholders will lose heavily.

The bank has a paid in capital stock of over \$18,000 and was thought to be all right.

This is the first bank ever examined by Mr. Palmer, and his work has been well done.

Will Jones, as he is familiarly called, is about thirty years old, is the son of a prominent Person county farmer, who is still living, and in good circumstances. He has always stood well, and married a very fine lady, who, a few months ago, died from the effects of burns sustained from her clothing taking fire.

The bank was practically owned by Col. C. S. Winstead, who is well known as one of the best financiers and wealthiest citizens of Person county.

President Winstead's Statement.

RICHMOND, Va., April 29.—Col. C. H. Winstead, president of the Farmers' Bank of Roxboro, N. C., the doors of which were reported closed, owing to a small defalcation of the cashier, has telegraphed to the Richmond correspondent of the bank that the bank is all right and the report of its failure was false.

A Noted Minstrel.

M. T. Skiff formerly business manager for W. S. Scanlan, the Irish Comedian, suffered with Rheumatism for years without relief until he bought a bottle of Drummond's Lightning Remedy. Two bottles made a well man of him. There are a thousand remedies for Rheumatism, but none have received the unsolicited testimonials from prominent people as shown by Drummond's Lightning Remedy. When a cure is wanted send \$5 to the Drummond Medicine Co., 48 Maiden Lane, New York, and they will ship to your express address two large bottles of the remedy—enough for one month's treatment. Agents Wanted. 18-19.

Tabernacle Items.

Plenty of peaches, apples and fruits of all kinds left.

The farmers are busy with the midst of planting their crops.

Prof. M. W. Ball's school closed last Friday. They spent the day pleasantly by the water's edge in the capacity of a picnic party.

Pres. Rev. Ferree was with us third Sunday and gave us a very pointed sermon in his forcible way. We are always glad to have him with us.

Our Christian Endeavor society chose three delegates to attend the State convention at Winston, but only W. E. Woody answered to the roll call. The convention was enjoyed by all present, and was a success in every particular. There were one hundred and twenty-five visiting delegates present. Out of the four denominations represented a permanent State organization was completed.

A force of 400 men from the British fleet landed at Corinto, Nicaragua, Saturday and seized the town. The government closed the port as a place of entry, and the native population have deserted the place. It is feared this latest development may yet cause serious trouble.

JUMP FROM THE CLOUD

BOGART'S GRAND EXCURSION —TO— PILOT MOUNTAIN

ALONG THE BANKS OF THE ARARAT TO

MOUNT AIRY

Thence to the magnificent Granite Quarries of the Mt. Airy Granite Company,

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1895

Grand BALLOON ASCENSION

And Double Parachute Leap from Pilot Mountain

BY THE WORLD'S FAMOUS AERONAUT,

MILLE. LENA NOLAN,

Queen of the Air,

And DAISY, the Dog Wonder.



Under the management of the World's Famous Aeronautic Engineer,

Prof. Ed. R. Hutchinson.

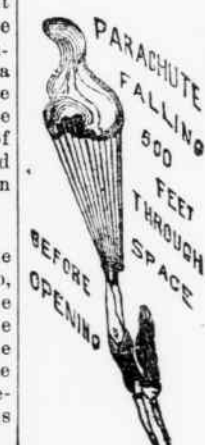
Don't fail to see these daring performers in their blood-thrilling parachute leaps, as they race to the earth from the height of 8,000 feet, falling through space with lightning speed for several feet before the parachute opens. Nothing like it ever seen before in this section.

The Mammoth Balloon "ATLANTA,"

Which will be used on this occasion, is the largest balloon in the country, being 85 feet high and 180 feet in circumference. It will be inflated by the new, novel and exciting process recently invented by Prof. Ed. R. Hutchinson, requiring but a few moments to fill this monster aerial ship.

EAST CAROLINA FISH, GAME AND INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION, NEWBERNE, N. C., March 1st, 1894.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—Milie Lena Nolan, under the management of Prof. Ed. R. Hutchinson, proprietor of the Grace Shannon Balloon Co., made four (4) day and one (1) night ascensions for us during our Fair Feb. 20-23. They were the finest ever seen in this State, if not in the South. They were made promptly at time advertised. We found them clever, courteous people, upright and honest, in fact reliable in every respect, carried out their contract to the letter. We have no hesitation in saying any one wanting business in their line cannot do better anywhere. We expect to engage them for our future Fairs as long as Balloon ascensions are an attraction. CHAS. REIKENSTEIN, Sec'y and Treas.



Music will be Furnished by the Oak Ridge Band.

Excursion Train leaves Greensboro at 7 o'clock, A. M.

Fare for Round Trip, \$1.00.

Returning, train leaves Pinnacle at 6:30 P. M., arriving at Greensboro at 9:15. This schedule gives six hours' stop at Pilot Mountain and forty-five minutes at the Quarries. Special cars will be reserved for the ladies, the schools, and others without escorts. A baggage car, in charge of a responsible person, will be attached for the accommodation of picnic parties who wish to carry luncheon with them. Tickets can be had at any time at the Bank of Guilford.

W. F. BOGART, Manager.

DAUGHTER'S LEARNED TO COOK.

have old-fashioned things, like
have just common soup, mince
and beans;
consomme, and things
of a book,
and sullen, since my daughter
to cook.

a piece of beef—just ordinary
pigs' feet, spareribs, too, and
things to eat;
aillet and ragout, and leg of mutton,
and an gratin, and sheep's head Hollandaise;
in Versailles—a la Dauphine—it's enough to
a cat!

I suffer deeply I invariably look
were delighted 'cause my daughter's
learned to cook.

—COURT CHALLIS.

THE WINSTON SENSATION.

Mr. Foy, of the Danville Star, Arrested for Seduction.

For several days it has been known that Winston has a sensation. Nothing could be ascertained of the facts, however, and the greatest efforts seem to have been made to hush the matter up entirely. Telegrams were sent and letters were written, but still nothing was heard from Winston. It is a strange fact, but a true one, that there has not been an arrival here from that town since the very mysterious sensation became noised about. The Winston paper referred vaguely to the matter, but gave no facts.

The first thing at all was a local item in yesterday's paper, a mere rumor, which said that Mr. Foy, a newspaper man, had been arrested for bigamy, he having a wife in Baltimore and being married in Winston. This rumor was incorrect.

Yesterday a reporter obtained from a responsible gentleman the following facts in the case: Mr. Foy formerly lived in Winston and owned and ran the "Twin-City Daily," an afternoon newspaper. Afterwards he sold his paper to Mr. Burbanks and moved to Danville, where he purchased the Evening Star.

When he moved to Danville Mr. Foy carried with him a young lady from Winston whom he had employed as a typewriter while there. This young woman is the cause of his present trouble. He also carried with him the brother of the young lady to whom he was married a day or so ago in Winston.

It seems that the typewriter has certainly been indiscreet, but whether or not Mr. Foy could be blamed is the question.

About a week ago Mr. Foy left Danville for Winston where he was to marry the young lady to whom he had been engaged for a year or more. When he reached the depot at his destination, however, he received a severe shock. No sooner had he stepped from the car than an officer walked up and presented a warrant for his arrest. The warrant was sworn out by his Danville typewriter and charged him with seduction.

Mr. Foy easily obtained bail and a telegram was received by the young lady he was to marry from her brother in Danville, saying that Mr. Foy's conduct had been honorable in every respect. Therefore they were married in spite of sensational charges.

The News and Observer's informant says that the sentiment in Winston is that Mr. Foy is a persecuted man. This probably accounts for the mystery in which the whole matter has been shrouded and for the dearth of details of the affair from that city.

It is said that the young girl who makes the charge of seduction is in a delicate condition and it is also said that a young man named Holland, of Danville, may be drawn into the case.

Of course this is simply Mr. Foy's side of the business, which is disgusting in any event. But in the absence of any report from Winston, it will have to go.—News and Observer.

Thom's Mill Items.

Quite a number of women spent the day at Mr. G. M. Glass' recently. Joe Huffman has a new engine which he will soon have in operation.

Mrs. A. Foard is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Hanner, at Greensboro, this week.

Our neighbors are getting on with corn planting nicely, and will begin setting tobacco plants soon. Several of our neighbors enjoyed a reception given at Mr. Simeon Hanner's on the 25th ult., in honor to their son, Will, who was married to Miss Emma Satterfield, of Danville, Va., on the 24th.

Half of the world's quinine product is used in the United States.

THE DEATH KNELL OF FUSION.

Capt. Eaves Holds an Autopsy.—In a Letter to Col. Cowles He Pronounces It Dead.

The following is a copy of a letter written by Capt. Jno. B. Eaves, ex-chairman of the Republican State executive committee, to Col. H. C. Cowles, of Statesville, a member of a national Republican committee:

DEAR SIR:—Your letter of a few days ago in which you ask my views in regard to several phases of the political situation received.

The county government law enacted by the recent Legislature bears no similarity to that expected at the hands of the fusionists. The same fear and distrust of the negroes is evinced that has always been shown by the Democrats. But the fusionists carry this feature of the law further even than the Democrats before them. The election of three commissioners is all right, but becomes a travesty upon local self-government when it is made so easy for the opposite political party to cause the appointment of two additional commissioners whose power when appointed will equal the power of the three elected by the people. This single peculiarity of the new law has stripped it of every vestige of kinship to that vouchsafed by the Republican State platform, in lieu of which it is a mean and cowardly excuse.

The passage of this law marks the end of fusion or co-operation between the Republican and Third parties in North Carolina. Since fusion's inception the Republicans have made concessions in principle and patronage, while in both the Populists have been dictators. In the State this was true to a marked degree. Now it appears to be encroaching upon the vital principles of national Republicanism as evidenced by the fact that some Republicans are not scrupling to lay aside the principles upon which the national Republican party has long been established and according to which it has conducted this government through its greatest prosperity, and to place in their stead the visionary and extravagant plank of the Populist platform. I refer to those Republicans who are advocating the idea of free silver. The Republican party will continue to advocate financial faith of the soundest kind, and those who wish to be of the party must do likewise.

This government can no more coin silver free while every other government of the first class refuses and maintains a gold standard than it can commit any other absurd impossibility. Under the present condition of things the United States will be safe financially only with gold as a standard and silver coined as fully as can be with a just parity between the two metals.

The next campaign will see the Republicans of North Carolina strictly in accordance with the national party and prepared for a straight fight in the State. In no other way can the manifold injuries already wrought by fusion be successfully overcome. In short this is the only policy and it is the one that will control in this State henceforth. The first work of the Republicans in the State should be the reorganization of the party on its original basis.

Very respectfully,
JNO. B. EAVES.

It Will Fall Like a Bomb Shell.

Hon. Jno. B. Eaves, of this county, who was chairman of the State Republican executive committee from 1888 to 1895, has addressed a letter to Col. H. C. Cowles, of Statesville, a member of the national Republican executive committee, in which he gives his views upon the result of fusion in this State and makes a prediction that fusion is at an end.

Those who know Mr. Eaves know that he is a Republican from principle and that he is the unrelenting enemy of any movement that may entail a compromise of the principles and integrity of his party. He was, as is well known, opposed to fusion last year. He is still as much opposed to it as ever, and has found nothing in the history or accomplishments of the movement to cause him to alter his opinion.

It is a very well established fact that Senator Pritchard is engaged in an effort to commit his party in this State to McKinley for the presidential nomination. It is also equally well known—inconsistent as it may seem—that he is trying to commit his party in this State for free silver.

Capt. Eaves' letter is a most important document and antagonizes Senator Pritchard's free silver movement. It is a strong argument in favor of the North Carolina Republicans' close adherence to the tenets and principles of the national Republican party.

We are permitted to publish a copy of Capt. Eaves' letter, and we predict it will fall like a bomb shell in the camp of the fusionists.—Rutherfordton Democrat.

New England Mills Advancing Wages.

An advance in wages from 10 to 12 per cent. over the rates which have prevailed since last August went into effect in the mills at Fall River, Mass., Monday, and the Boston Globe given an interesting explanation of the manner in which this increase was brought about.

When the weavers of the mills connected with the Manufacturers' Association struck last summer, causing the closing of the establishments in which they were employed, the mills owned by M. C. D. Borden, of New York, which were independent of the association continued to run and paid the old schedule of wages. When the other mills resumed work under the reduced price list the pay in Borden's mills was made to conform to the lower scale, but the promise was made that when business conditions justified it wages would be restored to the former figures. On the 10th of this month Mr. Borden posted notices in his mills informing his employees that the promised increase would go into effect on the 22d inst. His action was totally unexpected both by his employees and the other manufacturers and created a sensation in business circles.

"The effect of Borden's action," says the Globe, "was electrical in several directions. Printers, converters and other large consumers of print cloths immediately came to the conclusion that Borden had sized up the trade situation and had assured himself that the end had come to the 'low-basis' principle on which the market had been moving. Cotton had taken a very material advance and cloth must necessarily follow suit. The consequence was that everybody rushed in to secure goods at the then prevailing low price of 2 7-16 cents. Within twenty-four hours after the notices of restoration were posted cloth went up an eighth of a cent, and, with a continued active demand, crawled steadily up in the course of a few days to 2 1/2, an advance of 5-16 inside of a week."

The improvement in the cloth market suggested to the trades-union that they should make a demand for a general advance in wages, but before they could do so the Manufacturers' Association met and ordered a restoration of the old rates, under the apprehension that the operatives might ask an even greater advance if they did not anticipate their demands. "The card this keen-sighted and shrewd manufacturer so audaciously played," adds the Globe, "proved to be, as he had expected, a big trump. It has expanded materially the bargain to profit for himself and all the other mills, and brought joy and increased comforts to the working people of Fall River. The New Bedford mills have since been forced to follow the example of those in Fall River. This increase in pay means an increase of from \$15,000 to \$20,000 to the weekly pay-rolls of this town. The advance of more than half a cent in the price of cloth, which can be traced to the effects produced by this restoration of the old wage schedule, means that the mills will be realizing several times that on their weekly product over what they were two weeks ago."

Curiously enough, just when President Borden announced the increase in wages of his employees the other "mill directors were picturing the situation in colors of the deepest and darkest shades of blue, were insisting that another cut down was inevitable in the near future," and, probably in consequence of their melancholy predictions, "the market was stagnant and the lowest prices at which print cloths had ever been sold had been touched." In a short time after Mr. Borden's announcement there was a complete change in the situation. His bold stroke inspired everybody with confidence and stimulated trade. "Buyers rushed headlong to secure advantageous contracts; mill agents who a day before were willing to snap up any offers which were made at the then prevailing low quotations suddenly discovered that they weren't anxious to sell just yet, and turned the key on the lock of their storehouses."

The Globe's reports from other manufacturing centres in New England show that there is a revival of business all along the line, and that there was a solid basis for Mr. Borden's action. He had, doubtless, studied the whole field carefully and saw that the hour and the opportunity had come. All that was necessary was to put the ball in motion and give the proper stimulus to timid and sluggish capitalists. It was to a considerable extent the story of the old woman who couldn't get her obstinate pig home from market until she secured the aid of the cat by the promise of a bowl of milk. Then the instrumentalities which she had previously appealed to in vain were set in motion and each stimulated the other. The cat began to bite the rat, the rat began to gnaw the rope, the rope

began to hang the butcher, the butcher began to kill the ox, the ox began to drink the water, the water began to quench the fire, the fire began to burn the stick, the stick began to beat the pig, the pig jumped up from the puddle of sloth and ran home at a lively gait. All business interest in Fall River have been stimulated by Mr. Borden's bowl of milk, but the bowl of milk would not have been forthcoming except for the industrial possibilities and wider markets which are opening up to our manufacturers as a consequence of the tariff legislation of the last Congress. That legislation was not what it should have been, but, even mutilated as it was, it is already vindicating the wisdom of greater commercial freedom.—Baltimore Sun.

"Any Port in a Storm."

That's a good maxim, but it will not work as a rule in the purchase of a remedy for Rheumatism. Any of the cheap nostrums will not effect a cure—in fact none of them will. Get Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy, and a cure is certain. One bottle is worth a hundred of anything else, and for that reason it is the cheapest when a cure is wanted. The two bottles sent to any address by express upon receipt of \$5. Drummond Medicine Co., 48 Maiden Lane New York. Agts. Wanted. -19.

Speaker Crisp Declares for Free Silver.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 27.—Speaker Crisp in an interview at his home in Americus declared himself today to a staff correspondent of the Constitution in favor of the free coinage of silver. He believes the Democrats should nominate a Western man with a military record for President, and says the party should not nominate Mr. Cleveland for a third term; that no man should have a third term. The Speaker is in fairly good health, but his physician has ordered him to spend the summer quietly, and he expects to leave shortly for Asheville, N. C.

Cure For Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Large bottles only fifty cents at C. E. Holton & Co.'s Drug Store.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of the power vested in me by a decree made at the February term, 1895, of the Superior Court of Guilford county, North Carolina, in a certain case, wherein the Citizens' Building and Loan Association is plaintiff, and Lamon Gillette and Ediza Gillette are defendants, I will sell for cash on

MONDAY, MAY 27TH, 1895,

At twelve o'clock M., at the court house door in Greensboro, N. C., that parcel of land in the city of Greensboro, county of Guilford, state of North Carolina, beginning at a stake on the south side of the street marked P in the Jackson survey on the south side of Mile Run, thence south 14 degrees west 15 poles to a stake, thence south 76 1/2 degrees east 15 poles to a stake on the south side of the street, thence with the street north 76 1/2 degrees west 15 poles to the beginning, being lot 6 in the Jackson survey and containing 2 acres and 6 poles more or less and being same conveyed (said Gillette by deed of record in the Register's office of said county, Book 4, page 81. This the 27th day of April, 1895.

A. M. SCALES, Commissioner.

Special Notice.

NORTH CAROLINA. In the Superior Court, GUILFORD COUNTY, vs. Joshua S. Morrow, Plaintiff, Simpson B. Glenn, John Glenn, Robt. Glenn and Wm. Glenn, Defendants.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION FOR NON-RESIDENTS. The defendants, John Glenn, Robert Glenn and William Glenn, will take notice that a suit has been commenced in the Superior Court of Guilford County, N. C., for the foreclosure of a mortgage to pay the debt of the plaintiff in the above entitled action; and the said defendants will further take notice that they are required to appear before the judge of said Superior Court at Greensboro, N. C., on the 27th day of May, 1895, and answer or demur to the complaint which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court during the first three days of the term, or judgment pro confesso will be taken against them.

Done at office in Greensboro, N. C., this 15th day of April, 1895. ED. L. RAGAN, Clerk of said Court, Guilford County.

Administratrix's Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1895, At the late residence of Yancy Ballinger, deceased, the undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following articles of Personal Property belonging to the estate of the deceased, to-wit:

1 buggy, 1 one-horse rake, 1 two-horse mowing, 1 two-horse plow and harness, 1 two-horse wagon, 1 threshing machine, 1 outway for corn, 1 cow, 1 Jersey calf, 2 hogs, a lot of shell-corns and wheat. Also the following household furniture: 2 Bureaus, 1 bedstead, 2 sideboards, 3 rocking chairs.

Sale will begin at 10 o'clock, a. m., April 30, 1895. L. A. WINSTON, Administratrix of Yancy Ballinger, deceased.

INSURANCE AGENTS WANTED!

• Mr. J. S. C. Carpenter, General Agent of "The Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association of North Carolina," desires to say to the public that he has secured an amendment to the original law by which each Branch is liable for losses occurring therein. He wants agents in every county in the State, and correspondence is solicited. Address all communications to

J. S. C. CARPENTER,

Raleigh, N. C.

S-3m.

G. A. SMITH.

J. H. WHITT.

FARMERS' WAREHOUSE!

Greensboro, N. C.,

J. H. WHITT & CO., Proprietors.

We give below some of the prices made for a few of our customers within the past week. All good and fine tobacco is selling well.

L. W. ALLEN, Alamance Co.

9 lots.	38 pounds at.....	\$ 2 00
116 "	" " " " " " " "	2 90
74 "	" " " " " " " "	5 00
104 "	" " " " " " " "	12 50
236 "	" " " " " " " "	13 00
62 "	" " " " " " " "	17 50
38 "	" " " " " " " "	20 00
116 "	" " " " " " " "	20 00
56 "	" " " " " " " "	24 50
840 pounds for.....		\$106 87
Average, \$12.71.		

GEORGE WADE, Guilford Co.

9 lots.	40 pounds at.....	\$ 5 00
56 "	" " " " " " " "	9 75
60 "	" " " " " " " "	14 75
54 "	" " " " " " " "	16 00
26 "	" " " " " " " "	19 00
55 "	" " " " " " " "	30 00
25 "	" " " " " " " "	36 00
18 "	" " " " " " " "	40 00
18 "	" " " " " " " "	42 00
352 pounds for.....		\$ 67 15
Average, \$19.07.		

MONTGOMERY MAY, Alamance Co.

10 lots.	108 pounds at.....	\$ 5 00
48 "	" " " " " " " "	5 30
40 "	" " " " " " " "	6 00
34 "	" " " " " " " "	7 00
46 "	" " " " " " " "	12 25
40 "	" " " " " " " "	13 25
28 "	" " " " " " " "	14 75
50 "	" " " " " " " "	25 00
18 "	" " " " " " " "	29 00
20 "	" " " " " " " "	45 00
432 pounds for.....		\$ 55 52
Average, \$12.87.		

J. H. STEWART, Chatham Co.

12 lots.	36 pounds at.....	\$ 2 40
25 "	" " " " " " " "	2 40
116 "	" " " " " " " "	2 90
112 "	" " " " " " " "	11 00
38 "	" " " " " " " "	12 00
30 "	" " " " " " " "	20 00
12 "	" " " " " " " "	20 50
64 "	" " " " " " " "	22 00
166 "	" " " " " " " "	23 00
86 "	" " " " " " " "	32 00
30 "	" " " " " " " "	36 00
15 "	" " " " " " " "	40 00
738 pounds for.....		\$127 62
Average, \$17.29.		

J. J. FOSTER, Alamance Co.

7 lots.	190 pounds at.....	\$ 3 60
205 "	" " " " " " " "	7 00
76 "	" " " " " " " "	17 50
195 "	" " " " " " " "	17 50
26 "	" " " " " " " "	28 00
22 "	" " " " " " " "	35 00
64 "	" " " " " " " "	41 00
778 pounds for.....		\$109 83
Average, \$14.11.		

DICKEY & GRAHAM, Alamance Co.

7 lots.	86 pounds at.....	\$ 5 00
78 "	" " " " " " " "	9 75
92 "	" " " " " " " "	8 50
44 "	" " " " " " " "	13 25
42 "	" " " " " " " "	15 00
40 "	" " " " " " " "	25 00
66 "	" " " " " " " "	25 00
448 pounds for.....		\$ 59 12
Average, \$13.19.		

WM. PERRY & WARREN, Alamance Co.

7 lots.	74 pounds at.....	\$ 6 50
34 "	" " " " " " " "	7 00
125 "	" " " " " " " "	7 00
158 "	" " " " " " " "	12 00
80 "	" " " " " " " "	13 50
212 "	" " " " " " " "	21 00
96 "	" " " " " " " "	30 00
779 pounds for.....		\$119 02
Average, \$15.29.		

HENRY HALL, Alamance Co.

6 lots.	172 pounds at.....	\$ 2 00
134 "	" " " " " " " "	12 50
100 "	" " " " " " " "	12 50
134 "	" " " " " " " "	25 00
104 "	" " " " " " " "	25 00
86 "	" " " " " " " "	45 00
730 pounds for.....		\$130 89
Average, \$17.93.		

H. M. SOUTHERN, Stokes Co.

5 lots.	110 pounds at.....	\$ 5 10
100 "	" " " " " " " "	10 00
100 "	" " " " " " " "	11 75
140 "	" " " " " " " "	25 00
74 "	" " " " " " " "	31 00
499 pounds for.....		\$ 82 36
Average, \$16.50.		

SHERIFF R. T. KERNODLE, Alamance Co.

7 lots.	294 pounds at.....	\$12 75
488 "	" " " " " " " "	20 00
78 "	" " " " " " " "	20 00
370 "	" " " " " " " "	32 00
504 "	" " " " " " " "	43 00
42 "	" " " " " " " "	43 00
102 "	" " " " " " " "	44 00
1884 pounds for.....		\$130 58
Average, \$22.85.		

BROWN & OVERMAN, Guilford Co.

6 lots.	40 pounds at.....	\$ 4 10
40 "	" " " " " " " "	6 75
16 "	" " " " " " " "	10 25
55 "	" " " " " " " "	12 50
92 "	" " " " " " " "	31 00
70 "	" " " " " " " "	42 00
313 pounds for.....		\$70 77
Average, \$22.61.		

WESLEY PERRY & WARREN, Alamance Co.

180 pounds at.....		\$13 50
60 "	" " " " " " " "	14 75
130 "	" " " " " " " "	19 50
82 "	" " " " " " " "	20 00
102 "	" " " " " " " "	20 00
554 pounds for.....		\$109 40
Average, \$19.74.		

A. T. COBLE, Randolph Co.

16 lots.	80 pounds at.....	\$ 4 50
66 "	" " " " " " " "	5 00
92 "	" " " " " " " "	6 00
38 "	" " " " " " " "	6 75
20 "	" " " " " " " "	7 25
26 "	" " " " " " " "	15 00