

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT.

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The Greensboro Patriot

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J. H. HUNSEY, Editor & Proprietor.

GREENSBORO, NOVEMBER 17, 1882.

Bad hailing is now all the rage. Every fellow who can raise a gun and a "carp" spends a good portion of his time in the fields.

Note change in the arrival and departure of trains.

Beginning next month, the railroad men who now run between this place and Charlotte will be required to run from Danville to Charlotte. This move will vacate a number of tenement and boarding houses in this place. In Danville houses are being run up in a hurry, so as to be ready when the change comes. The employees don't relish the idea of a change, but it can't be helped.

A Glimpse of Greensboro.
We were somewhat surprised at the many large and handsome business houses and residences of Greensboro, and the number of busy people on the streets and in the stores. Everything bespoke thrift and prosperity. — *Correspondent Thru Observer.*

A Hoosier Raid.
From Daily Patriot Nov. 17th.

An excursion party from Indiana, numbering about 250, arrived here last night from Indianapolis. They are all natives of Ohio, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, and South Carolina. They made a raid on mine host, of the Central, for breakfast and later on Vanstoy's livery stable. Many of them have not visited North Carolina in twenty years. They all look well and vigorous, and are fine specimens of Hoosier manhood.

Davidson.
The official vote gives Bennett 39 majority and Scales 121. Pinnix, for the Senate, 109 majority, and for the House, Beale, 118, and Harris, 201. All Democrats.

Official Vote of Stokes.
Congressman-at-Large—Bennett 1,220; Dockery 597.
Judge Supreme Court—Ruffin 1,134; Folk 415.
Congressman, 5th District—Scales 1,327; Winston 457.
Scales—Watson 1,285; Wilson 490.
Folk—Phillips 1,272; Terrell 374.
Sheriff—Dalton 1,273; Estes 868.
Whole ticket elected. Bottom knocked out of Coalition in Stokes. K.

Official Vote of Rowan.
Bennett 1,591; Dockery 1,374. W. M. Robbins 1,541; Tyre York 1,411. Thos. Ruffin 1,568; Geo. N. Folk 1,342. The whole Democratic county ticket elected. W.

Official Vote of Rockingham.
For Clerk—Settle 2,079; Busck, Independent Democrat, 920. Settle's majority 959.
For Sheriff—Johnson 2,160; Fields, Independent Democrat, 1,076. Johnson's majority 1,084.

For the Senate—Scott 1,759; Simpson, Independent Democrat, 1,205. Scott's majority 554.

For the House—Glenn 1,561; Webster 1,510; Reynolds, Independent Democrat, 1,351; Glenn's majority over Webster is 206. Reynolds, Independent, majority over Webster is 41.
[Reynolds is a Democrat and will go into the Democratic caucus. Webster lost 30 votes by ballots being put in wrong boxes.]

For Congressman-at-Large—Bennett 1,946; Dockery 1,113. Bennett's majority 833.

For Congressman, 5th District—Scales 1,954; Winston 1,157. Scales majority 797.

For Judge Supreme Court—Ruffin 1,695; Folk 1,020. Ruffin's majority 943.

Dr. Craven's Funeral.
From Daily Patriot Nov. 16th.

An immense concourse of people attended the funeral services over the late Dr. Craven at Trinity College yesterday. The large college chapel was filled at an early hour. The services were conducted by the Rev. M. L. Wood, assisted by Dr. T. M. Jones, president of Greensboro Female College. Mr. Wood preached in a profoundly impressive manner from the 19th chapter and 4th verse of St. John: "I must work the work of Him that sent me while it is day; the night cometh when no man can work." He alluded frequently to Dr. Craven's efforts in building up Trinity College, and the deep interest he felt in its success. He paid a just and eloquent tribute to his character as a man, as the president of Trinity College, as a friend to the young men of the country and as a Christian. Every word that fell from the lips of the earnest and eloquent preacher went straight to the hearts of every one in the vast audience, which seemed bowed with inexpressible grief. The funeral procession reached from the college building to the college cemetery, near a half mile distant.

The editor of the PATRIOT is the recipient of a magnificent bouquet of roses from Mrs. G. L. Anthony. The collection embraces 18 different kinds of roses and "are presented to the PATRIOT as a testimonial of its valuable services in the late campaign." We beg to assure Mrs. Anthony of our profound appreciation, and to say that the PATRIOT seeks no higher endorsement than the approval of the noble women of "old Guilford."

Supreme Court—Fifth Judicial District.

Woodson Daniel et al. vs. Wiley J. Laughlin, from Randolph; argued by Scott & Caldwell for the plaintiffs; no counsel for the defendant.
State vs. Julius Reynolds, from Guilford; argued by Attorney General Kenan for the State; no counsel for the defendant.
W. P. Conrad et al. vs. J. L. Morehead et al. from Guilford; put to the end of the district.
Thomas Myers and wife vs. Richmond & Danville Railroad Company, from Guilford; argued by Scott & Caldwell for the plaintiff, and David Schenck for the defendant.

Hurrah For Guilford.

Guilford has gone Democratic by two hundred, Ha, my boys, you Revenue felt over there in Caswell the other day who were confidently prating on Guilford's going for Winston, what'd we tell you? Glorious old Guilford! We knew it was your hair to go off loaded this time. Join hands with our good old Rock. Shake boys. Where's the Maine man?—*Reidsville Times.*

A Recipe to Make Pretty Women.

A celebrated beauty, whose complexion at 60 was fresher than that of our women at 30, told me her secret this summer, writes a New York correspondent, and it was divided into two parts: First, she never used a washrag or towel on her face, but washed it with her hands, rinsing it off with a soft sponge. She used clear water in the morning, but white castle soap or very warm water at night, and, after drying it on a soft towel, she would take a flesh-brush and rub her cheeks, chin and forehead. Second, if she was going to be up late at night, she always slept as many hours in the day as she expected to be awake beyond her usual time. She finished her little sermon on beauty preservation by saying: "Soft water and sound sleep keep off wrinkles and spots, and girls should give more attention to this than they do, for
"With the coming of the crows' feet
Is the going of the beauty's feet."

Death of John W. Freeman.

John W. Freeman, Esq., died at the residence of Dr. Foulk's in this county Sunday evening about 4 o'clock, of inflammation of the stomach. In the death of Mr. Freeman Guilford loses one of its most enterprising, worthy and public spirited citizens. The deceased was educated at Trinity college, and up to the close of the war followed teaching. He was the founder of Jamestown college and followed his profession in other localities with great success. At the close of the war he was comparatively a poor man, and settling down on an impoverished and barren farm, he began a struggle which has distinguished him as one of the leading spirits of Guilford county. By industry and intelligent application he succeeded. He invested judiciously in manufacturing and unaided he achieved a success that few men enjoy. As the result of his labor he leaves to his family a large and valuable estate, and to the people of Guilford an example worthy of the highest emulation. He was universally esteemed and his loss will be deeply felt in the county.

R. & D. R. R. Earnings.

The Richmond and Danville road's gross earnings and expenses for October were as follows: Gross earnings, \$182, \$436,500; 1881, \$376,300; increase \$60,200, 16 per cent. Expenses, \$182, \$206,500; 1881, \$202,300; increase \$4,200, increase 2 per cent. Net earnings, \$182, \$230,000; 1881, \$174,000; increase \$56,000, increase 35 per cent.

A Kitten With One Head and Two Bodies.

Mr. Thompson, of South Buffalo, brought to the PATRIOT office to-day a kitten born with but one head and two distinct bodies below the base of the thorax. It has two lower jaws and two tongues. The monstrosity was born alive on the day of the election, but lived only a short time. One of our doctor's says that he has examined the books and found that often an animal has been born with two heads and two bodies, but he did not find any case where there was but one head and two distinct bodies.

Cleveland's majority in New York has reached 191,000 and the returns are not all in.

Think of four Democratic congressmen from the Hubbell-Hoar-Conger cursed State of Michigan.

Glorious old Guilford. Keep her in line boys.

The fifth district shows larger Democratic gains than any congressional district in the State. Corresponding gains in the other seven districts would give Bennett 15,000 majority in the State.

Randolph, "the old Reliable," wheels into line with a solid 500 Democratic majority for Scales, and names him for our next Governor. Carry the news along the line.

Sam. Ashe whispers in our left ear that "Bennett is certainly elected." Carry the news to the "Pee Dee wagner."

The Democratic majority in the Legislature promises to be small. This we regard fortunate for the State and the Democratic party. Father Evans will be there with his fool-killer's club, and we look for some wholesome and wise legislation.

When Gaither Hall, who is a Presbyterian elder at Hickory, knocked Ellis down, he made one of the best licks of the campaign.

The Raleigh Observer has got Bennett's majority down to 850, and swears by these figures.

NORTH CAROLINA

It Looks Squally For Bennett.

RALEIGH, Nov. 11.—Mott claims Dockery's election by 1,880 majority. Coke claims Bennett's election by 2,000. The best opinion is that it will take the official vote to determine. Republicans concede a Democratic Legislature by a reduced majority. Coke claims a majority of 8 in the House and 13 in the senate. One edge of the cyclone seems to have barely missed the Democratic household. Latham is defeated. Robbins gets in by the skin of his teeth. Democratic chickens are easy and quiet with a "Liberal" demand. "Old Fifth" has done nobly, and it is already talked here that ALFRED M. SCALES will be the next Democratic Governor of North Carolina.

THE OLD DOMINION.

Wise's Majority Growing Beautifully Less. RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 11.—Wise's majority is growing beautifully less and smaller by degrees. It is now whittled down to 700, with 12 counties to hear from. These counties gave Cameron 410 majority over Daniels for Governor. Whatever the result there will be a contest in the House. Massey will contest Wise's seat, and the evidence of fraud is overwhelming against him. There seems to be no doubt that Massey will be seated. R.

NEVADA.

A Democratic Congressman Elected. RENO, Nev., Nov. 10.—Downing, the Republican candidate for Congress, is defeated by Cassidy, dem., by from 500 to 700 votes.

LATER.

Nov. 11.—A full count of the State shows the election of Cassidy, Democrat, for Congress, and Adams, Democrat, for Governor. Legislature is a tie on joint ballot.

BLAINE.

Says He is Not a Candidate For The Presidency.

Boston, Nov. 11.—Ex Secretary Blaine said to a personal friend yesterday: "I wish it distinctly understood that I am not a candidate for presidency or any other political office, and nothing can induce me to become such."
[He had just heard from Tuesday's election.]

CALIFORNIA.

A Clean Democratic Sweep.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—Twenty-six thousand votes counted this morning confirm last night's report of the probable result. There has been a clean Democratic sweep. Stoneman's majority increases as the returns come in. The Senate will probably stand 28 Democrats and 12 Republicans, the Assembly 67 Democrats and 23 Republicans. The defeat of Page (rep.) for Congress is confirmed by further advice.

Foundered in Mid Ocean.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Dispatch has been received in this city, which states that the Oriental steamship, Austral, has foundered at sea. No details are given.

NEW YORK.

Cleveland's Majority 200,000, and Still Growing.

ALBANY, Nov. 11.—The Evening Journal estimates Cleveland's majority at 200,000. Hill's majority at about 119,000. Ruger's majority at 73,000. Gen. Slocum's majority at 107,000, and claims that the Erie canal amendment is adopted by over 200,000 votes and the judiciary amendment by at least 55,000 votes.

Robbin's Close Shave.

Special to the Patriot.
STATESVILLE, Nov. 10.—Robbin's majority is 100, with Ashe, Alleghany and Watauga counties to hear from. These counties gave Arnfield 336 majority. Allowing for all losses we estimate Robbin's majority at 200 in the district.

J. P. C.

Twentieth Senatorial District

ORANGE.
Cameron Democrat 1,099, Strayhorn 1,089, majority 10. Evans, Democrat, 1,112. Riggs 1,016 (Evans majority 96).

Cameron 1,166, Strayhorn 950. Cameron's majority 216. Evans 1,092, Riggs 792. Evans majority 300.

CASWELL.

Cameron 1,244, Strayhorn 1,599. Strayhorn's majority 355. Evans 1,250, Riggs 1,597—Riggs' majority 347.

PERSON.

Cameron 1,074, Strayhorn 1,014. Cameron's majority 60. Evans 1,136, Riggs 954. Evans majority 182. Evans majority in the district 231. Strayhorn's majority over Cameron is 69.

VIRGINIA.

Massey Versus Wise.

Special to the Danville Register.
RICHMOND, Nov. 10.—3 P. M.—John S. Wise's majority is now whittled down to 4,000. The general impression here is that he will be counted out on account of fraudulent votes.

Duplin County.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE.
Bennett, 1,800; Dockery, 1,250. CONGRESS, 3d DISTRICT.
Green, 1,800; Cannady, 1,250.

SENATE.

Dorch, 1,730; Hill, 1,065; McMillan, Liberal, 1,285.

HOUSE.

Stanford, 1,646; Cavanaugh, Liberal, 1,275.

CLERK SUPERIOR COURT.

Broadhurst, 1,600; Peter Kornegay, Liberal, 1,172.

SHERIFF.

Hurst, 1,525; Blackmore, 1,175. Bowden and Moore were elected treasurer and register without opposition, receiving 2,300 votes each.

Election Notes.

The Republicans have the Illinois legislature by a majority of 12 to 16 on joint ballot, which means the election of a Republican United States Senator.

The Democrats have the New Jersey legislature on joint ballot by a majority ranging from 3 to 7.

The Iowa Congressional delegation will stand: Republicans, 7; Democrats, 4.

Chalmers, Republican, elected in the 2d Mississippi district. Van Eaton, Democrat, defeats Lynch, Republican, in the 6th district.

The Republicans carry the 9th district of Kentucky, with chances for a Republican in the 10th. All the other Congressional districts are Democratic.

The Democrats have a majority of eleven on joint ballot in the Pennsylvania legislature.

It is conceded that Ochiltree, Independent, has carried the 7th Texas district by almost 500 majority.

Kellogg is elected in the 3rd Louisiana district.

The cotton crop is now estimated at seven millions bales. The largest ever made.

The fifth district is always the battle ground in North Carolina, and as she goes so goes the State. In the last election, as in former ones, her true sons came to the front nobly.—*DUFFY in the Charlotte Observer.*

Glory! Glory!! Too much glory! It bewilders us! and we feel like going crazy over joy!—*FATHER EVANS.*

The New York Sun nominates "for Speaker of the House of Representatives" Samuel J. Randall, and in that connection prints the following "platform":—

I. A radical reduction in the expenses of the government.
II. Return every superfluous office-holder to private usefulness.
III. Abolition of the internal revenue system.
IV. Radical reform and simplification of the tariff.
V. No subsidies; no jobbery; no stealing no waste.

There is a vague impression in Raleigh that one edge of Tuesday's cyclone barely missed the Democratic party in this State. The statisticians are at work, and both sides claim the Congressman-at-large. Chairman Coke is confident of Bennett's election, while chairman Mott is equally confident of Dockery's election. The inference is left that it will take the official count to determine the result. Democracy cannot share its glory locks at "old Guilford" and the 5th Congressional district. We have done our duty, and have entered the winning horse for the gubernatorial race two years hence.

We notice the election of W. M. McAdoo to Congress in the State of New Jersey. He belongs to the North Carolina stock of McAdoos, and his triumphant election to Congress at the age of 29, shows the stuff North Carolina boys are made of.

York will be a good enough Democrat to vote to repeal or modify the internal revenue laws and to equalize the tariff. He will vote against the "Prohibition" too—if he gets a chance. Doubtless some fool will want to pass a national Prohibition law.

AS IT LOOKS NOW.

The Congressional returns are now so far complete as to enable the political status of the next House to be pretty accurately determined. The later returns have continued to show Democratic gains and will apparently run their majority up to about sixty. In such hitherto safe Republican states as Iowa and Michigan the Democrats have divided the delegations. Making due allowances for districts still doubtful, the returns indicate that the next House will stand as follows:

Democrats, 196; Republicans, 123; Readjuster-coalitionists, 5; Greenbackers, 1. Total, 325. Upon this basis 117 of the Democratic members-elect are from the northern States or states that were loyal during the war, including Missouri and Kentucky in this designation, and 79 are from the southern confederate States. The Democrats have a majority in the Congressional delegations from twenty-two States, the Republicans have thirteen, with Illinois, Florida and Virginia equally divided. This control of the State delegations will be of no value, unless the next presidential election should fall before and be thrown into the House. It now looks as if the two Virginia readjusters will hold the balance of power in the next Senate. Giving Colorado to the Democrats, and allowing Nebraska (which is placed in doubt by to-day's dispatches) to the Republicans, the Senate, after the 4th of next March, will stand 37 Republicans, 37 Democrats and two Readjusters. Should the Democrats and anti-monopolists in the Nebraska legislature combine and elect an anti-Republican Senator, that would tie the next Senate, including the Readjusters with the Republicans. The latest reports from Illinois are that the legislature is in doubt, with the chances in favor of the Democrats. Should these chances be realized the Democrats will have a prospect of controlling the next Senate by a majority of two. In order to bring about this result, however, Nebraska must elect a Democratic or anti-Republican senator. Should Illinois elect a Democrat and Nebraska a Republican, then the Senate will be a tie if the two readjusters vote with the Republicans. Several independents have been elected to the Illinois legislature, and they may be able to hold the balance of power and bring about the election of Senator David Davis as they did six years ago.

[The above was prepared for Saturday's paper. Later returns show that the Democratic majority in the House will be 70 or more. The Illinois Legislature is certainly Republican, which assures a Republican Senator from that State. The Nebraska Legislature is also Republican. The effect of this is to destroy Malone as a balance of power in the Senate.]

Garrison, Democrat, is elected to Congress in the 1st Virginia district over Mayo, by 34 majority.

Governor-elect Pattison, of Pennsylvania, will not be thirty-two years of age until December next, and hence stands in no danger of being struck by Presidential lightning, as she will not have reached 35 years of age, the constitutional requisite, in 1884. He bears his new honors with becoming modesty, and believes that Tuesday's result was an "uprising of the people for a people's government, and means the overthrow of boss rule." Mr. Pattison seems to have properly diagnosed the verdict.

The election returns all point unmistakably to ALFRED M. SCALES for our next Governor. It may be well not to overlook this fact.

So it turns out that the anti-litiquo Republicans have saved General Apathy of the Democratic party from dire disaster.

It is too awfully awful to think of Bennett being defeated. But the Raleigh Observer, who rises after the sun is well up, greets him as "Congressman Bennett." It is all cloud and mist up this way.

Reflections on the result in North Carolina are withheld for fuller returns. "Indications" are not reliable data for vigorous editorial fulminations. We are not in that ecstatic frame of mind most conducive to cock crowing.

DEAR COKE—Accept keg of mails, expressed to-day. Remember the "old Fifth" in your jollification. No irony intended.—*PATRIOT.*

The Republicans have a majority of about thirty on joint ballot in the Michigan legislature and nine-tenths of the Republicans elected are said to be Ferry men.

The Virginia delegation in the 48th Congress will be Garrison, George Wise, Cabell, Tucker, and Barbour, Democrats, and Libbey, Bowen, Hooper and Paul, Mahoneites. The vote for Congressman-at-large shows that Massey in his fight against blank tax receipts, insolent interferences of United States officials, and the solid negro vote, accomplished wonders. He has whittled down Malone's boasted twenty thousand majority to insignificant figures, and put in peril Gov. Cameron, who solemnly pledged a Richmond audience the night before the election that if John S. Wise was not elected he would resign his office. There is hope for

UNHAPPY POLITICS.

What a most unsatisfactory life the life of professional politicians must be! The vast majority of them go from disappointment to disappointment. For every position there are at least a hundred candidates; hence, of necessity, ninety-nine applicants are disappointed. I do not suppose that all the complaints made all up and down the land are founded in unadulterated patriotism. The simple fact is, the disappointment is more than they can bear. By an inexorable law, we cannot have more than six Presidents in a generation. What a discouraging thing to seek the Presidency, when out of the one thousand who think themselves fit for the office only five men can get it! There is more probability that any of them will be struck with lightning than that they will get to be President. If you, through love of city, or State, or nation, seek official position, go ahead; but if you seek it for a livelihood, or seek it for fun, you make a terrible mistake. Always vote. Always attend the caucus. Always use you best influence for the betterment of the public interest. But he who enters politics as a profession, hoping from it to get high and famous places, is in all probability committing a fatal blunder. Through all the wards, through all the townships, through all the States at this time, either through failures to secure nominations, or through failure of election after being put on the ticket, there are people sore of head and sore of heart, east down and misanthropic. The time was when men were so far from office-seeking that they had by penalties to be compelled to take office. The Court of Plymouth, in 1632, enacted that "whoever should refuse the office of Governor or should pay twenty pounds sterling, unless he should be chosen two years successively, and who ever should refuse the office of councilor or magistrate should pay ten pounds." No more such compulsion is necessary, and the scramble is terrific, notwithstanding all the peril, financial, social, moral and eternal. Macanlay wrote: "Every friendship which a man may have becomes precarious as soon as he engages in politics." Thomas Corwin, the great orator of Ohio, said to a man who wanted him to get him an official position at Washington: "Accept a clerkship here and you sink at once all independence. I may give you a place to-day, and I can kick you out again to-morrow, and there is another man over at the White House who can kick me out, and the people by-and-by can kick him out, and so go on. But if you own one acre of land it is your kingdom, and your cabin is your castle. You are a sovereign, and you will feel it in every throb of your pulse, and every day of your life will assure me of your thanks for having thus advised you." But if you have a mission in public affairs, advance confidently. Whatever our hands findeth to do in any department of social, or civic, or religious duty, let us do it. The weeks go by, and swifter than the comet in our morning heavens we are speeding on into the great future. What we have to do for this world's improvement we must do quickly or never do it at all. Napoleon said that the Austrians failed at Rivoli because they did not know the value of minutes.—*Dr. Talmage, in Frank Leslie's Sunday Magazine for December.*

Green is elected to Congress from the 3rd district by 489 majority.

Five different cases are now pending before the United States Supreme court which involve the constitutionality of the Civil Rights bill.

There is a probability that Prohibition has defeated McRae for judge in the Fayetteville district. If true it will simply be disgraceful to the State. Of all public officials our judges ought to be teetotalers. For the sake of decency let us hope that McRae will pull through.

In all the counties of the State except nine Dockery has a net majority of 652. The nine counties not heard from gave Jarvis a net majority of about 1650. Out with your pencils and figure it down to suit yourselves.

A dispatch received late Saturday evening announced the defeat of W. M. Robbins for Congress in the 7th district. Dr. Tyre York, of Wilkes, is the successful candidate, his majority being estimated between 50 and 100. This is not official, but his election is conceded by Robbins himself. We expected a close race and we are not surprised at the result. We knew that York was a strong man in the mountain counties. In Wilkes he is invincible. In Ashe and Alleghany he has a strong personal following. In these counties we knew that it would be almost impossible to successfully as-

sail his Democracy, albeit he was the avowed candidate of Mott and his cause was openly championed by the revenue officials. He has been a Democrat of the old school, and maintains that he is a Democrat still. He favors the abolition of the internal Revenue laws and the equalization of the tariff. As a member of the State Legislature he has been conspicuous among Democratic reformers. In Congress we believe he will be in full accord with the Democratic party, on all the great questions of tax reform. He has been elected as an anti-prohibition Democrat. We do not regard his election as a "Liberal" triumph, and an analysis of the vote will sustain this opinion.

It was Republican vices and not Democratic virtues that won last Tuesday's election. That at least is one way of putting it.

We have met the enemy and they are— How is it, anyhow?

Not a single Greenbacker has been elected to Congress.

About 950,000 votes were cast in the State of New York on the 7th inst. There were but 8 counties—Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Onondaga, Putnam, St Lawrence, Washington and Yates—which gave Republican majorities, and the total of these is but slightly over 7,000 votes. In 1881 forty-two counties went Republican and 46 in 1880.

THE ROSSIES MUST GO.

The American people are a tolerant people. They will bear much, although they sometimes grow restive under the burdens put upon them by the politicians. It has long been a theory among smugglers that it is no crime to cheat the government, and with a certain class of politicians, that it is equally admissible to grow rich by public plunder, by levying blackmail on legislation, and by all the arts and devices to which unprincipled men, when in possession of political power and influence, are tempted to resort. The most corrupting agents in American politics are that class of men whom we have come to know as "the bosses." They have kept their followers together by the dispensation of patronage and by dividing among them a small part of the spoils surreptitiously obtained. This political dictation and domination, and the system of corruption by which it has been maintained, has grown stronger, more absolute and more despotic year by year, until the indignation of the people could no longer be restrained, and they have risen in their might to put it down. The moral of the lesson in Baltimore on Tuesday, and in nearly all the States of the Union where elections were held, might be summed up in this one terse, strong legend, written in letters of light: "The bosses must go!" The flat has gone forth from Maine to the Pacific, from the northern lakes to the Gulf of Mexico, that the boss system and all the evils that it implies must be suppressed, and so far as it may be possible to effect it, the venality and corruption with which of late years our politics have become saturated, shall no longer become a scandal and a byword in the homes of a free people.—*Baltimore Sun.*

"TRIFLES."

The old saying that all things are measured by comparison is true, and nothing is little with man or great with God. Little things are greatly in the majority. Who can name five distinctively great men among the fifty millions of people in America? Yet we go on increasing in material wealth, elect new judges and turn out old ones, [laughter] and change our political bosses as we please. Not once in a century appears a man who can speak great words. Yet many able speakers abound, and we get along without them. We have few raptures and agonies, (not three in a lifetime,) but experience many lesser joys and pains. Small things can exist without great ones, but the great are dependent upon the small. Oceans are made up of drops, mountains of atoms. A congregation can exist without a pastor, but the pastor, must have a congregation and the general army, except in some parts of the country. God has bestowed great care on small things, but mountains and rivers are thrown about loosely. The great Artist has expended infinite skill, not so much in a blazing star, but in some little part of some little insect. If a steamer could be fitted with locomotive apparatus as powerful in proportion to its size as that of a house fly the round trip across the Atlantic ocean could be made in sixty minutes. If a baby would grow as fast as a silk worm the first thirty days of its life it would be as big as Jumbo. African ants build houses which in proportion to their size are thirty

times larger than the greatest efforts of human architects.

If a boy possessed the jumping of the flea in proportion to his weight he could go over Washington Monument at a bound. Oil painting, etching, lithography, telegraphy, the use of printers' rollers, and many other inventions were made by trifling accidents. Many of the world's great historical events were caused by trifles. In individual history events trifling in themselves have produced great effects. An unsalable book, presented by a peddler to his father, caused the conversion of Richard Baxter, and gave to the Philip Doddridge, Wm. Wilberforce, Thomas Chalmers, and the story of the "Dairymen's Daughter." Dyspepsia is no small matter, but comes of trifles.

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JOHN B. HUSKEY,

Editor & Proprietor.

GREENSBORO, NOVEMBER 17, 1882.

PEOPLE'S CHOICE FOR GOVERNOR

ALFRED M. SCALES,

OF GUILFORD.

FOR GOVERNOR IN 1884.

Do the Democrats desire to elect their Governor in 1884?

They must nominate a man with an unsullied private character.

They must drop the politician.

—New Bern Journal.

The Patriot has named him.

ALFRED M. SCALES, of Guilford.

—Lead by Sam Tate, the Burke Democrats have won a brilliant victory over the Mott gang. Tate's majority is 290, which is a decided gain over the Jarvis vote. Tate had to fight the world, the flesh and the devil, and his triumph deserves honorable mention.

Cope Elias is wanted down this way. Express him C. O. D., care Patriot, Greensboro, N. C.

—If it is in order, we move that the Western Reserve be turned over to the Tennessee Readjusters.

—The official vote gives Scales 2901 majority in the district, which will do as a starter in the gubernatorial race.

—Georgia has another wonder in the person of Master Gratton Colvin, a six year old infant, who electrifies large rural audiences with his extraordinary oratory.

—The claim that York's election is a "Liberal" triumph is preposterous. He was endorsed by the Republican convention as an anti-Prohibitionist, and was voted for and elected by anti-Prohibition Democrats. There is no "Liberal" victory here to burn tar barrels over.

—The election of the negro O'Hara in the 2nd Congressional district is a decisive victory over the Revenue Ring. He drove the machine candidate, Hubbs, out of the race and scored a brilliant victory over Mott and his "gang."

—Our esteemed correspondent "R" strikes the key note in her bright and readable letter on "Bread and Housewifery." Other contributions from "R's" facile pen in printings.

—The Republican party is not a fit subject for an autopsy, for it is not yet dead. It still lives, although, in the words of a good old hymn, it lives "at a poor dying rate." It still holds more than a hundred thousand offices under the Federal Government, still has a majority in the House, is still able to control the Senate when Mahone is present, and was able, last week, to carry Iowa and Illinois, and to elect two of three out of fifteen governors. These are tangible proofs that the party has not bidden a final adieu to this mundane sphere.

But the party is sick, fearfully sick, and the Republican doctors are in a state of anxiety so extreme as to lead to the supposition that their fees are contingent on bringing the patient back to health.

—The North Carolina Coalition seems likely to more nearly realize the hopes of its founders than was apparent from the first dispatches. It is probable that four Coalition Congressmen have been elected there, including Dockery, Congressman-at-large. Also that the whole judicial State ticket is elected. We wait the full returns with hope. —National Republican.

We note the following errors:

(1.) Not a single "Coalition" Congressman has been elected.

(2.) Dockery is not elected.

(3.) The entire Democratic judicial ticket is elected.

—Mr. David Murray, a highly esteemed citizen of Duplin county, died suddenly last week.

—When Hyde, Clay, Graham, Albigany and Ashe are heard from, we can tell exactly the size of Benjamin's superlative majority.

We can say with certainty that Swift Galloway has been elected solicitor in the Duplin circuit. This will be terrible news to colored Republicans in Duplin and State.

—As Graham goes to the State.

—We had hoped to be able to announce to-day with absolute certainty the result of the election for Congressmen-at-large, but the cold wave came along and wood jumped up to \$2.50 per cord.

BY BUTLER.

Be it understood that we enter no protest against the election of Benjamin F. Butler as Governor of Massachusetts. On the contrary we are elated, and in this spirit we indulge the following retrospect:

Ben Butler voted for Jefferson Davis in the Charleston convention and afterwards became the most odious of federal generals; first famous for his march through Baltimore, next acquiring the title of "Beast Butler" at New Orleans, afterwards shaded down to "Spoons Butler," on account of suspicious unconnected with missing table ware, and a belief that he was hardly ferocious enough in war to be entitled to the name of "Beast Butler" without further qualification; then outlawed by proclamation of Jefferson Davis in obedience to the general demand in the Confederacy; the hero of a powder explosion at Fort Fisher which we can testify of personal knowledge failed to wake up the garrison, where it was expected it to blow up the fort; "bottled up" at Bermuda Hundreds and the hero of Dutch Gap canal, dug for what none knows, and now elected governor of Massachusetts after having fathered or supported every Republican measure of the worst days of that party, after having opposed every liberalizing tendency, every reform, every measure of reconciliation, the liberal Greeley movement, Sumner's protest against Grantism.

If ever a man was baptised in all Republican blunders and wicked policies of all kinds, except the electoral fraud, it was Ben Butler, and yet he turns up a Democratic leader and reformer.

Ring down the curtain.

—If Graham fails to do his duty, we shall hold Cape Elias responsible for Bennett's defeat, and shall forthwith institute proceedings looking to his summary removal to East Tennessee.

—Wanted.—The 184 Democratic votes lost in Craven county.

—Wanted immediately.—The full returns from Graham county.

Bennett is elected.

—The State Senate will stand 34 Democrats, 16 Republicans, and the House about 72 to 48, giving a Democratic majority of 42 on joint ballot.

—The quiet of Charlotte was disturbed yesterday by the cries of an eight year old boy, who was beastly drunk on the streets.

—Mrs. Laura E. Colston, wife of Gen. Colston, died in the Asylum at Raleigh yesterday.

—Of course Bennett is elected. The majority is not as large as Cleveland's in New York. Can didly it is hardly big enough to crow over.

THE RACE FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

Talk About the Cabinet Changes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—The boom started by Col. Bob Ingersoll last week to put Gen. Sherman in the presidential race for 1884 as the saviour of the "grand old party" seems to have flattened out already. Gen. Sherman will be on the retired list of the army at that time, and will draw a life salary of \$17,500 per annum, and it is doubtful whether he would give up his changes on the retired list to be a candidate of either political party. It is also doubtful that he would make a strong candidate for the presidency.

In consequence of the numerous rumors of cabinet changes that have been going the rounds since election day, a feeling of uneasiness prevails at the Postoffice Department. It appears that Postmaster-General Howe does not feel entirely secure in his present position from the fact that he allowed his son to retire from the chief clerkship of the department and accept a position in the department of Justice at a smaller salary. The vacant clerkship has been offered to several of the subordinates, but they have refused to accept it on the ground that they prefer to retain their present positions rather than accept a promotion which may prove only a temporary advantage.

Mr. Hendricks Getting Well.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 14.—Mr. Hendricks continues to improve, and there is every indication that his disease will prove to be self-limiting. Mrs. Hendricks said to a reporter that the disease is thoroughly conquered. Mr. Hendricks eats well and sleeps well, and he has nothing to do now but rest until restored. He is looking quite bright and appears animated and cheerful.

A POLITICAL DEATH.

A Party Without Future and Without Hope.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 14.—Samuel F. Barr, Senator Cameron's former private secretary, and now a member of Congress from this district, in which he was re-elected on Tuesday by a bare majority, in an interview yesterday said: "The Republican party has no future; their place is fixed." Being asked whether he looked on the party as dead, he said: "Yes; the only issue we have had for the last five

years has been the tariff. The only party supposed to be friendly to the tariff has gone to pieces by electing a free trade Congress, and has nailed the coffin lid down by electing enough Democratic legislatures in Republican States to re-district the country so as to secure the supremacy of free trade Democracy. The Democrats have been held together by English money for twenty-two years expressly to break down protection. No such reservoir from which to draw constant supplies will be found for the Republicans in defeat, and, without either offices or money, you will find the party going steadily to pieces. Before the opportunity of regaining the State legislatures for another Congressional apportionment recurs the Republican party will have passed into history as the most eminent instance of self-destruction on record."

Good Sleighting and Skating.

WINNEPEG, MANITOBA, Nov. 14.—The Red river is frozen over and there is fair sleighting here.

EXTINGUISHED.

The Original Match Dead.

NORRISTOWN, PA., Nov. 14.—George W. Burgess died here last evening, aged 78 years. He was the first manufacturer of friction matches in America, having commenced the business in New York city in 1831.

DISSOLUTION OF GRAB, GONGE & COMPANY.

There is nothing more complimentary to our institutions than the calm after election. The ballot box is designed in the providence of God to right all wrongs. The foreign despots said it was dangerous to give the people the free ballot, and that a republican government would degenerate into a mobocracy. Indeed, before election it did sometimes look as if anarchy was about to take possession of the people. How the republicans and democrats glared at each other! But after they had read the newspapers on Wednesday men went back calmly to their business, perhaps a little jaded—the stump orator eating troches for sore throats—but all as calm as if nothing had happened. All were confident of the permanency of American institutions.

Never before had there been such intelligent and independent voting. It was an election that taught the politicians that the people are determined no longer to be bound with the shackles of party—that no longer could a few wirepullers assemble in back rooms, duffed by the fumes of tobacco and whiskey, and there make the ticket that would be elected. The wirepullers no longer presumed that the people would read no further than the party badge at the head of the ticket. They know now that the people will read the whole ticket through and erase and insert whatever names they please. The lesson of the election, which is that the people are tired of bossism, tired of the wicked disbursement at Washington, tired of excessive taxation and tired of the political hacks who have been sucking out the life blood of the nation. It's high time that the political firm of Grab, Gonge & Co. dissolve partnership.—From *Tatnag's Friday evening lecture*.

BREAD, HOUSEWIFERY, & C.

EDITOR PATRIOT.—It has been asserted, perhaps by some "crusty old bachelor," that Southern women, as a class, are poor bread-makers. It is humiliating as well as mortifying, for this assertion to even have the appearance of being truthful; but from the various comments and reports coming up from the late Guilford Fair held at Greensboro, we must acknowledge that one would be led to conclude that we have not been misrepresented in this particular.

We would by no means undertake to put down any kind of industry, yet it is a matter of wonder why the contrast should be so striking in the quality of the bread and the quality of the embroidery; the former being "the staff of life," and cannot be dispensed with, the latter a mere ornament.

It would be considered almost insulting for any one to ask if the average quality of the bread on exhibition, shall be taken as an average sample of the bread these fancy workers subsist on. And yet it has been asked.

A physician, the superintendent of an insane asylum, gave it as the result of his observation, that badly cooked bread and hard fried meat were fruitful promoters of insanity; a large per cent. of those who came under his care having lived on such diet. We, as wives, mothers, sisters and daughters may ask ourselves, "are we, with bad bread, helping to fill up our insane asylums?"

There are some good bread-makers among us, and in order that there may be more, let it not be regarded as degrading to acquaint ourselves in kitchen-ology and learn to make good, wholesome bread; both the making and the eating of which will do their part in giving color to the cheek and brightness to the eye.

The good of our country at heart prompts the penning of these lines, and dear sisters, may we go on

ward and upward in this department of housewifery until it may be truthfully said of each of us individually, "she hath done what she could."

And now let us hear the conclusion of the whole matter, by adopting the sentiments of that noble, gifted christian gentleman, Dr. Tatnag, who says: "We masculines have yet to learn that the kitchen is the most important end of the household. If that go wrong, the whole establishment is wrong. It decides the health of the household and health decides almost everything."

"Hard bread, too great frequency of puddings and custards and un-masticable beef have decided the fate of sermons, store-houses, legislative bills and the destiny of empires. It will never be known how much the history of the world was affected by good, or bad cookery.—Let no housekeeper, therefore, despise her occupation, but rather pray for grace to fulfill her mission."

"The toils and fatigues and vexations of such a sphere may be unappreciated by husbands, fathers and mothers, but God knows and sympathizes."

"If, according to the Bible, God puts into a battle His people's tears He will count the number of sweat drops on your forehead while bending over the stove in the midsummer solstice."

"Be faithful! There will be a grand supper after a while for the preparation of which you will have no anxiety. It will be the marriage supper of the Lamb and you will be one of the banqueters."

R.—*River Side Home, Nov. 12, 1882.*

THE DEMOCRATIC POLICY.

Samuel J. Randall says:

"I believe that the recent Democratic success means a declaration by the people in favor of greatly reducing public expenses both in the federal and State governments. Such reductions are easily attainable, and can be secured without friction to proper administration. There are many other questions vital to the prosperity of the country that must be met, and among these no one is of more importance than the doing away with the internal revenue system. As for myself, I am in favor of an absolute and entire repeal of all such taxation. The Republicans made a fatal mistake in not co-operating with the Democrats in the last session of Congress in securing the then proposed reduction of \$50,000,000. Now the whole system must go."

"I do not favor a tariff enacted simply for the sake of protection, because I doubt the existence of any constitutional warrant for it. It would manifestly be in the nature of class legislation, and to such legislation, favoring one class at the expense of another, I once always been opposed. In my judgment the question of free trade will not become a live political issue in this country during our lives, so long as we continue to raise revenue by duties on imports, and therefore the discussion of that principle is absolute waste of time. There is hardly a man in public life who advocates free trade pure and simple. Nobody wants direct taxation."

"The people are opposed to all subsidies and all kinds of jobbery. Reform in the civil service of the government is needed, and the enactment of laws to prevent the enforced assessment of officeholders salaries, whether such officeholders are under federal, State or municipal control. I think I can assure the public that nothing will be done by the Democratic party, which will in any degree disturb or embarrass our present business prosperity."

Mr. Randall said that he regarded the result of the election in his State as a complete and final overthrow of bossism. "The leaders of all parties and factions," he said, "would do well to fully understand this feature of the result."

Every Democrat in the land can unqualifiedly assent to the views so forcibly and perspicuously presented by Mr. Randall.

The State Legislature.

Religious Observer.

Unofficial returns and a close estimate indicate that the Senate will stand 34 Democrats and 16 Republicans, and the House 72 Democrats and 48 Republicans. On joint ballot the Legislature will stand 106 Democrats and 64 Republicans. The last Legislature stood, Senate 38 Democrats to 12 Republicans, and the House 74 Democrats, 2 independent Democrats and 44 Republicans.

TO THE MEMORY OF H. CRAVEN.

D. D. L. L. D.

TRINITY COLLEGE, Nov. 8, 1882.

—Whereas, It hath pleased God, in His infinite wisdom and goodness, to take from us our venerable and beloved president, Dr. B. Craven; and whereas, we as a school, feel deeply bereaved by this painful dispensation of Providence, and desire to mingle our sighs and tears with those of the bereaved—to tender our heartfelt sympathy and to leave on record some testimonial of our appreciation of the character and worth of this great man; therefore, we will be complied with if the next platform of the brave old party will confine itself to the declaration of one great principle—to the installment in its rightful place of a neglected question. Something like this is needed to thrill the universal heart: "Turning from its glorious past, Republican party again takes up the march of progress, earnestly declaring in favor of so advancing the Federal constitution as to make it treason for Democrats to wear red shirts." If there be those who think such a suggestion seems like trifling with grave topics, we ask them to explore the Republican record for the past ten years, at least, and see if this "issue" does not fairly consist therewith. No party can long command public confidence unless it has something to do of more importance than babbling tales of its youth.

amiable, loving, he never withheld from us any favor which he considered necessary to our comfort and improvement, but always, with an affection which no student could mistake or misapprehend, he kindly denied us whatever his far-reaching judgement perceived to be for our hurt.

Resolved, That we do greatly love him and will ever strive to cherish the manly sentiments and the worthy ambition which he instilled so diligently to instill into our hearts.

Resolved, That as a token of our sorrow for him, we dress in the sable habiliments of mourning, the front of the college, the chapel, and each society hall, and that each wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and resolutions be sent to the family of the bereaved, be spread upon the records of each literary society and be furnished the Nashville *Christian Advocate*, Raleigh *Christian Advocate*, Methodist *Advance*, and *The News and Observer* for publication.

W. P. BYNUM, W. A. SMITH, ALBERT ANDERSON, F. M. SHAMBERGER, W. C. BIERCE, sub-committee for the Senior Class.

[The PATRIOT needs no request to publish the above resolutions. Apart from higher considerations, its circulation in the county where Dr. Craven was born and raised entitle them to publication, without regard to the discrimination of the "sub-committee of the Senior class."]

Food Makes the Man.

Speaking roughly, says the *Lancet*, about three-fourths, by weight, of the body of man is constituted by the food he consumes, and the remaining fourth by the solid material he appropriates. It is therefore no figure of speech to say that food makes the man. We might even put the case in a stronger light and affirm that man is his food. It is strictly and literally true, that "A man who drinks beer thinks beer." We make this concession to the teetotalers, and will add that good food and beer is by no means a bad thing, when the food may be the intellectual value of the commodity commonly sold and consumed under that name! It cannot obviously be a matter of indifference what a man eats and drinks. He is, in fact, choosing his animal and moral character when he selects his food. It is impossible for him to change his inherited nature, simply because the necessities of development occupy more than an individual life, but he can help to make the particular stock to which he belongs more or less beery or fleshy or watery, and so on, by the way he feeds. We know the effect the feeding of animals has on their temper and very natures; how the dog fed on raw meat and chained up so that he cannot work off the superfluous energized material by exercise becomes a savage beast, while the same creature fed on bread and milk would be as tame as a lamb. The same law of results is applicable to man, and every living organism is propagated "in its kind" with a physical and mental likeness. This is the underlying principle of development. Happily the truth is beginning, though slowly and imperfectly, to find a recognition it has long been denied.

Desperate Fight in Rutherford County.

Shelby Auditor.

Messrs. Wm. Suttle, Barney King, Gaither Trout and John Harrell on Tuesday disturbed the monotony of Forest City by firing pistols at each other, and showed they were bad shots. Wm. Suttle and Barney King in the morning had a quarrel, which was renewed in the afternoon, Wm. Suttle leaping from his buggy and firing his pistol twice at King, who returned the salute with two shots—one came very near scalping Suttle. Then Gaither Trout added to the entertainment by shooting at Barney King. Wm. Suttle was dangerously hurt in the head by John Harrell. As all were bad shots, nobody was killed. The above are all prominent citizens of Rutherford county.

—Swift Galloway is elected Solicitor of the third district by about 1,900 majority.

The Call for an Issue.

Washington Post.

From the sulphurous canopy that still enshrouds the political battle-field comes the latest cry of the shades of the dead. Mr. Philip Hooks Sasser died early yesterday morning, in the forty-first year of his age, and his body will be borne to his last resting place from Christ Church this afternoon. Mr. Sasser was a member of Manly's battery and was greatly distinguished for his gallantry. A faithful and a brave soldier has gone to meet his chief.

A Prayer for the Undertaker.

Richmond (Va.) Religious Herald.

At a funeral in this city, recently the minister made a special prayer for the undertaker. The novelty of the petition startled the audience and brought a smile even to the deeply saddened face of the undertaker. The appropriateness of such a special petition at a funeral may well be doubted; but at the same time, it must be felt that the life of an undertaker is not favorable to piety. He is brought almost constantly into the presence of death, but his connection with it is a purely commercial transaction. He is much more likely to regard the event in the light of a trade than to draw lessons of warning from it.

—If our extreme temperance friends could be induced to study the election returns of Iowa and Kansas they could not help learning a useful lesson. Public sentiment demands the regulation of the liquor traffic by stringent license laws, but there is not a State in the Union where a prohibitory law can be effectively enforced.—Post.

Seymour vs. the C. F. & V. R. R.

Railroad Observer.

In 1855 Silas Seymour made a contract with the Western Railroad Company, now the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad Company, for the construction of its railroad from Fayetteville to Deep River. The contract was made in the name of the Railroad Company of the first part, and Silas Seymour as one of the parties, and he may associate with him under the name of S. Seymour & Co. of the second part. After Seymour & Co. had performed

ATLANTIC AND NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

The Best Lease Declared Forfeited.

Raleigh News-Observer, Nov. 12.

The stockholders meeting of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad was held yesterday according to adjournment, Col. L. W. Humphrey in the chair. The report of Gen. Gaston Lewis, the expert who recently walked from Morehead City to Goldsboro, was read. He reported the portion of the road below Newbern in very bad order, with from 350 to 500 cross-ties per mile needed immediately. The cars are in fair order, but engines in bad order, overtaxed and run down. Dr. T. D. Hogg's supplementary report, as expert, to his report of last August, was read. He commenced at mile 47, and consequently did not see the worst part of the road. Gen. Lewis reported the road damaged 30 per cent. in the last 16 or 10 months. The meeting after mature deliberation, declared the lease forfeited, by a stock vote of 1,345 to 494.

Judge W. J. Carruth, for himself, W. J. Best and others, entered a protest against the action of the meeting declaring the lease forfeited.

A resolution, introduced by Mr. Washington Bryan, to authorize the board of directors to lease the road for a sum not less than \$40,000, or for a period less than thirty years, subject to the approval of the stockholders in special meeting, adopted by a stock vote of 1,242 to 525.

Judge Carruth made a very sensible speech, stating emphatically that they were now somewhat in the centre of a situation, and if let alone in her vote which gave 177 to the Carolinian, well known, was placed at the head of affairs, and general confidence would be restored.

Mr. Busbee offered a resolution looking to the interest of the Smithfield people.

The meeting adjourned after tendering thanks to the chairman.

Craven Democrats.

If the State goes Democratic Craven county will be entitled to no credit. The Democratic strength in the Jarvis-Buxton campaign was 1,212 votes. This year Bennett would have had only 892 votes if all had been counted—a loss of 340. But as this was not bad enough, Swift Creek failed to send in her vote which gave 177 to Bennett (a majority over Dockery of 148) thus reducing the Bennett vote to 715—a loss of 49. In one or two more years there will be nothing left of the "fire trial." The only consolation is that the Republicans did still worse and Dockery ran behind the Buxton vote 597 votes.—New Bern Journal.

[There were "Craven" Democrats all over the State.]

STATE INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Concord Register.—We have a sample of cotton bolls brought in by Mr. J. Cochrane, of Harrisburg, that are the largest we ever saw. Fifty matured bolls produced one pound of seed cotton. Mr. Cochrane has about 100 bushels of seed and he offers it for sale at \$1 a bushel.

Newbern Journal.—Five hundred bushels of rice sold yesterday at \$1.05 for best quality. Our cigar manufacturer, Mr. C. Erdmann, shipped on the *Shoebondah* yesterday, to Elizabeth City and other points, 18,000 cigars.

Lexington Dispatch.—At the Conrad Hill mine, bearing gold and copper ore, there are now 130 men at work. The shaft has reached a depth of 293 feet. Five stamp batteries are constantly at work with necessary concentrating machinery. The mine is also furnished with a copper ore smelting furnace with a capacity of ten tons per day; a copper refining furnace turning out the highest grades of copper ingots; a roasting shed with a capacity of 100 tons, and four three-hearth reverberatory furnaces. There is also a plant for the chemical treatment of copper ores, with eight solution tanks and leaching and precipitating vats. This works is operated by the Messrs. Clayton & Co., who also operate the Ore Knob copper mine in Ashe county.

Death of Phil Sasser.

Railroad Observer.

Another gallant soldier has passed over the river and rests now in the shade of the trees. Mr. Philip Hooks Sasser died early yesterday morning, in the forty-first year of his age, and his body will be borne to his last resting place from Christ Church this afternoon. Mr. Sasser was a member of Manly's battery and was greatly distinguished for his gallantry. A faithful and a brave soldier has gone to meet his chief.

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a considerable amount of work, amounting as the claim shows to over \$100,000, they were turned off, and immediately brought an action of covenant in the United States Circuit Court for this district, claiming \$150,000 on account of work actually done; and the profits which they would reasonably have made, if they had been permitted to fulfill their contract. The plaintiffs were then represented by Mr. Henry W. Miller and Patrick Winston, Sr., and the defendants by Hon. George E. Badger. When the war came on, Judge Biggs, Confederate States Judge, ordered the case to be dropped from the docket. After the close of the war J. W. Hinsdale, Esq., was employed by the plaintiffs, and upon his motion the case was re-instated on the docket, and new pleadings were filed, all of the papers having been lost. The defendants were represented by Hon. J. C. MacLack, W. McLea, Esq., and Messrs. Moore & Gatling filed a plea of "non est factum." The cause was first tried before His Honor Judge Brooks at June term, 1878, of the United States Circuit Court, and when the plaintiffs offered the contract in evidence, it was objected to by the defendant's counsel and ruled out on the ground that the contract declared upon by the plaintiffs was not the contract declared upon by the defendant's counsel, and the case was then re-tried. Twelve months later the cause came on to be tried before Judge Bond, when the same point was made and ruled in the same way by him, in deference to the opinion of Judge Brooks. The plaintiff sued out a writ of error to the Supreme Court of the United States and there the case peened for three years, until last month. It was argued by Hon. S. F. Phillips and J. W. Hinsdale, Esq., for the plaintiffs in error, and by Messrs. Merrimon and Fuller in person and by Messrs. McLea and Gatling by brief for the defendant. The judgment of the Circuit Court has been reversed by the Supreme Court.

A new form of Dental Disease.

One of the English medical journals mentions a recent case of toothache in the right lower canine of a child of ten years. The circumstances showing a new and peculiar form of destructive energy. It was found that a large portion of the enamel had disappeared from the front surface of the tooth, as if chipped violently off, and though the dentine was all exposed, there was no softening or appearance of decay. The disease, which had commenced in several of the other incisors (teeth), appeared first as a small white spot in about the thickest part of the front surface of the enamel, and then suddenly, disintegrating, this came away, exposing the remaining sensitive enamel and the dentine. This disease is altogether a different thing from the gradual decay, or wear, of the teeth, frequently met with in adults, and so far as is known, there has been no similar instance of such decay.

But One Greenbacker Left.

Charlotte Journal.

The only Greenbacker elected in South Carolina was a Dutchman named Foulitz, for Coroner of Berkeley county. It could have been entirely appropriate for him to have held an inquest over his party in the State, but even the corpse could not be found.

Eating a Bouquet.

From the Orange Times.

At a hotel in this city Saturday a couple from the country, of Millesian extraction, took seats at the dinner-table. Directly

greater hubbub or hypocrisy than the current pretence, in some religious circles, that pastors and preachers are better able than others to get along without diversion. A man whose time is spent almost entirely in contemplating the sins of the world and hearing of humanity's weaknesses and troubles is the last one who should be called to account for enjoying anything that is funny yet not improper.

"O my! How brutal! How shocking! You are a nasty, black nigger," she said, shaking her finger under his nose, and bobbing her head backwards and forwards, "and you ought to be whipped within an inch of your life!"

"O my! How brutal! How shocking!" said the old man, imitating her voice, as he moved off.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTOR of the last wills and testaments of George C. Mendenhall and Delphia Mendenhall, deceased, before J. N. Nelson, probate judge of Guilford county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estates to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estates are hereby notified to present them on or before the 1st day of January next, 1883.

CYRUS P. MENDENHALL,
Oct. 11, 1882-aw.] *Executor.*

W. THOMPSON, Principal.
J. HERNDON, Jr., Teacher of Vocal Music.
S. W. G. TURBENTINE, of Inst. Music.
A. CAMPBELL, Teacher of P. E. and Music.
The school opens its Fall session Aug. 12, 1922, and will close at the expiration of twelve weeks. We have good accommodation, school apparatus and will guarantee entire satisfaction in every particular.
Term per term five months, \$10 to \$15
Board and washing, \$5 to \$6
The school is non-sectarian. It is located in a very healthy section, being in the extreme western part of Alamance county, 14 miles from Graham. For further particulars address Principal at Patterson's Store, N. C.

ALL GOODS
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No charge for boxing or drayage.
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Very Respectfully,
J. W. SCOTT & CO.

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Solicited.
Transient Board, \$1.50 Per Day.
Give me a trial.
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J. HERNDON, Jr., Teacher of Vocal Music.
S. W. G. TURBENTINE, of Inst. Music.
A. CAMPBELL, Teacher of P. E. and Music.
The school opens its Fall session Aug. 12, 1922, and will close at the expiration of twelve weeks. We have good accommodation, school apparatus and will guarantee entire satisfaction in every particular.
Term per term five months, \$10 to \$15
Board and washing, \$5 to \$6
The school is non-sectarian. It is located in a very healthy section, being in the extreme western part of Alamance county, 14 miles from Graham. For further particulars address Principal at Patterson's Store, N. C.

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