

THE PATRIOT.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Wednesday Oct 23, 1878.

P. F. DUFFY, Editor.

FOR CONGRESS:

ALFRED M. SCALES,
Of Guilford.

A Minority Party.

The Republican party has always been a minority party. It came into power in 1860 by a division in the Democratic ranks, and elected Lincoln against a minority of nearly a million; they elected him a second time when the Northern States only voted and when the bayonet was supreme.

They elected Grant the first time by disfranchising the white voters of the Southern States and enfranchising the negroes, and a second time they elected him by appealing to sectional prejudices and with the aid of the same negro vote although still in a minority of nearly a half million. And they capped the climax of this minority record by stealing the last presidency when they were not only in a minority (as usual) in the popular vote but also in the States.

It was never the party of the people; it never represented the people. It was sectional in its origin, got into power by dissensions amongst Democrats, and has been perpetuated since by war, infamous proscriptions, enactments, the aid of the Southern negro, and the numerous rings of plunderers who sprang up out of it, were enriched and made powerful by it through favoring financial legislation.

Its history has been one of sectionalism, hate, proscription, plunder, deceit, treachery, contempt of law, and unqualified meanness and devilment from the day it got into power by an accident until now when the only hold it has left on the government is its representative fraud in the White House. It is fit that the party of fraud, itself a fraud from the beginning, should be represented by a fraud.

After an interval of a few weeks the Chairman of the Republican Ex-Committee of this district publishes a card from Mr. Barnett, of Person county, saying that he will support Tourgee for Congress. He writes to say that he is informed that we stated he would not support Mr. Tourgee. He was mistaken. We did not say he would not; it has taken a long time to get an answer. We asked the same question about several other leading Republicans. Why don't the chairman ex com. get cards from them also, beginning with Col. Henderson? Barnett's card looks lonesome all by itself.

Mr. Barnett says he don't know any Republicans over there who will not support Mr. Tourgee. If that be so we are better informed on Person affairs than Mr. Barnett, for we do.

Neither Gen. Seales nor the Democratic party desire anything but that dollar which means a dollar; but they do contend that there should be money enough in this great country to carry on its legitimate business. There are now about six hundred and fifty millions of paper money in this country. Of this there is not one half in circulation. The Banks are afraid to put it out for various reasons and either hoard it or buy more bonds with it. Let the Government issue a sufficiency of its own Greenbacks and make it legal tender and at once you will see property returning to its real value and a new tide of prosperity set in. Speed the day.

Col. Winston in his card of withdrawal uttered one solemn truth, which it behooves us to ponder. "The most dangerous condition of the Republic," he says, "is when its citizens refuse to exercise the sacred right of voting." Everybody will admit that it is a patriotic duty. Is it not also a religious duty? unquestionably it is both. Every good citizen when he deliberately considers the question must see that "self" is not alone concerned, but that his neighbor has a right to his cooperation in maintaining good government. That the government itself is based upon the idea that he will help to direct its affairs, and that he who holds the destinies of nations in his hands, when he gave him political freedom, at the same time imposed upon him the solemn duty of maintaining it in its original purity.

Even if Mr. Tilden did send those cipher dispatches (which he didn't, however) about the only difference between him and Hayes would be that Hayes beat him ciphering. Hayes' ciphers won.

Col. T. M. Holt was re-elected President of the State Fair.

Trying to Rouse the Negroes.

Not counting much on white votes the friends of A. W. Tourgee are making a desperate effort to get the colored voters into line. We understand a negro speaker appeared in Reidsville the other night, harangued some of the colored people as he got to attend the meeting, and devoted himself exclusively to denouncing and misrepresenting General Seales. He is employed to do that work in Rockingham County.

In this County they are holding night meetings, especially for the colored voters, and black bills are printed having filled in pencil the time and place of meeting. We are in receipt of one of these bills announcing that A. W. Tourgee and Gen. S. A. Douglas would address a night meeting at Bethel, on 16th inst., when Tourgee was in Davidson county. We don't know where Douglas was. Neither of them attended the meeting however. The object is not to make speeches to the negroes but to get them together and organize so they can be got to the polls on election day. Mr. Tourgee has his strikers out doing this work while he is on the stump.

They will bamboozle some of the more gullible negroes into these organizations, no doubt, but the secret league business don't take as well amongst them as when they were deluded by the "forty acres and a mule" promise.

Mr. Tourgee's main dependence is in the negro, without whom he wouldn't get votes enough to be worth counting.

Our friends, however, must be on the alert and not prove indifferent from overconfidence whilst these secret organizations are going on.

How The Republican Vote Dwindles.

The Republicans consoled themselves after the recent elections by claiming an immense gain in Ohio. Official returns show that they beat the Democrats but 3,151. They are in the minority in that State 50,352. If the Republicans see anything in these figures to comfort them they are easily comforted. The Republican majority of 58,000 in Iowa has dwindled down to a little over 5,000.

Tuesday, the 5th of November, two weeks from yesterday, will decide whether Alfred M. Seales in whom everybody has confidence, or Albion W. Tourgee, the political tramp, is to represent the honesty, the truth, the patriotism and the interests of the good people of this District. Citizens of old Guilford, if you are willing that Tourgee should be your exponent morally or politically, you have only to stay away from the polls and let him carry the election by default. If you are not willing to this, arouse yourselves to action, talk with your neighbors, go to the polls yourselves and urge your neighbors to go. Avoid this burning shame.

Party fealty does not require Republicans to support or vote for A. W. Tourgee, for he is not the nominee of the Republican party. He is simply a self-nominated candidate, afterward endorsed by the handful of so-called delegates (who were never chosen by any convention) that assembled at Graham. He is in no sense of the word a nominee of the party and Republicans are free to support him or not, just as they would any other independent candidate. It was to get around this difficulty that the sham convention was called at Graham. It was no convention in the proper sense of the word, and no member of it had authority to endorse Tourgee or anybody else.

We urge the Township Committees and the different members of the County Executive Committee to go actively to work. The same old organizations are still in existence. The time is short. Gentlemen, arouse your people to the duty of the hour. Let there be a generous and patriotic rivalry between the Townships as to which shall make the largest gain for Seales.

Elections for members of Congress are still to take place in the following States:

Mississippi, November 4; Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Wisconsin, November 5. In the Territory Idaho holds her election November 4, and Arizona, Dakota, Montana, New Mexico and Washington, November 5.

(From North Star of March 7th, 1878.)

Gen. Seales is not the man to be whipped into a wrong position towards his constituents by a few irresponsible newspapers. He has the boldness to do what is right, regardless of the party lash.

Gen. Seales is loyal to the Democratic party but will cheerfully serve the Republicans in Washington.

Gen. Seales is loyal to the Democratic party, but he is a man who will cheerfully serve the Republicans of the district when they have any business which they want attended to in Washington.

The Raleigh Observer says the next State Legislature will stand thus:

	DEM.	REP.
Senate.....	34	16
House.....	79	41
Total.....	113	57

Democratic majority on joint ballot 56. It is said that Judge Tourgee contemplates returning to Philadelphia after the election. -Raleigh News.

The Cipher Slanders.

Mr. Tilden's Denial.

I have read the publications in the Tribune of the 8th inst. purporting to be translations of cipher telegrams relating to the canvass of votes in Florida at the Presidential election of 1876; and have looked over those printed in the Tribune of this morning relating to the canvass in South Carolina.

I have no knowledge of the existence of these telegrams, nor any information about them except what has been derived from or since the publications of the Tribune.

So much for these telegrams generally. I shall speak yet more specifically as to some of them.

First—Those which relate to an offer purporting to have been made in behalf of some member of the State Board of Canvassers of Florida, to give, for a pecuniary consideration, certificates to the Democratic electors who had been actually chosen.

None of these telegrams, nor any telegram communicating such an offer or answering such an offer, or relating to such an offer, was seen by me, translated to me, or the contents of it in any manner made known to me. I had no knowledge of the existence or purport of any telegram relating to the canvass of votes in Florida, or the fact that such an offer of the Florida certificates had been made, until long after the 6th of December, at which time the certificates were delivered and the electoral votes cast; and when the information actually reached me as of a past event, it was accompanied by the statement that the offer had been rejected.

Secondly—As to the publications in the Tribune of this morning purporting to be translations of cipher telegrams relating to the canvass of votes in South Carolina in 1876 which I have seen since I wrote the foregoing, I can speak of them no less definitely and positively. No one of such telegrams, either in cipher or translated, was ever shown to me, or its contents made known to me. No offer or negotiation in behalf of the State Canvassers of South Carolina, or of any of them, or any dealing with any of them in respect to the certificates to the electors, was ever mentioned or sanctioned in any manner by me directly or through any other person. I will add that no offer to give the certificates of any Returning Board or State Canvassers of any State to the Democratic electors, in consideration of promises of office or money or property; no negotiation of that nature in behalf of any member of such Board or with any such member; no attempt to influence the action of any such member, or to influence the action of any elector of President and Vice President by such promises, or without my knowledge of acquiescence. No such contemplated transaction could at any time have come within the range of my power without that power being instantly exerted to crush it out.

A belief was doubtless current that certificates from the State of Florida conforming to the actual vote of the people were in the market. "I have not the slightest doubt in the world," said Mr. Seales, "that a recent interview with the time, in which that (Florida) vote could have been bought, if Mr. Tilden had been dishonest enough to desire it done, for a great deal less than \$50,000 or \$200,000." It was known that either one of the two members who composed a majority of the Florida State Canvassers could control its action and give the certificates to the Democrats. Either one of them could settle the Presidential controversy in favor of the Democratic candidates who lacked but one vote.

How accessible to venal inducements they were, is shown by the testimony of Melin, the Chairman of the Board of State Canvassers, in his examination before the Potter Committee in June last. He admitted that the true vote of the people of Florida was in favor of the Democratic electors, and that the fact even appeared on the face of the county returns, including among them the true return from Baker County, notwithstanding the great frauds against the Democrats in some of the county returns. He also confessed that in voting to give the certificates to the Republican electors, he acted under the influence of promises that he should be rewarded in case "Mr. Hayes became President," adding that "certainly these promises must have had a strong control over my judgment and action."

After the certificates of the Louisiana Returning Board had been repeatedly offered to Mr. Hewitt and others for money, they were given in favor of the Republicans. The Returning Board, which had a large majority of the voters, and the members of this Returning Board who possess the most important Federal offices in that State.

The pregnant fact always remains that none of these corrupt Democrats gave their certificates to the Democratic electors; but they all did give them to the Republican electors.

I had a perfectly fixed purpose, from which I never deviated in word or act—a purpose which was known to or assumed by all with whom I was in habitual communication. If the Presidency of the United States was to be disposed of by certificates to be won from corrupt Returning Boards, by any form of venal inducements, whether of offices or money, I was resolved to take no part in the shameful competition, and I took none.

trusts of the Government, and untrammelled by any obligations to special interests. I had been nominated, and I was elected without one limitation of my perfect independence. To have surrendered or compromised the advantages of this position by a degrading competition for Returning Board certificates would have been to abandon everything which could have sustained me in the larger struggle that victory would have imposed upon me. I was resolved to go into the Presidential chair in full command of all my resources for usefulness, or not at all.

While thus abstaining from any ignominious competition for such certificates, I saw these certificates obtained for the Republican electors who had not been chosen by the people and denied to the Democratic electors who had been chosen by the people. These false and fraudulent certificates, now confessed and proved to have been obtained by corrupt inducements, were afterward made the pretext for taking from the people their rightful choice for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

These certificates were declared by the tribunal to which Congress had abdicated the function of deciding the count of disputed electoral votes to be the absolute and indisputable conveyance of title to the Chief Magistracy of the nation. The State of Florida, which had united all her executive, legislative and judicial powers to testify to Congress, long before the count, who were her genuine agents, which had by statute caused a re-canvass of the issue of new certificates, and a formal sovereign authentication of the right of the true electors to deposit the vote entitled to be counted, was held to be incapable of communicating to Congress a fact which everybody then knew and which cannot now be disputed. Congress, though vested by the Constitution with the authority to count the electoral vote; though unrestricted either as to the time when it should receive evidence, or as to the nature of that evidence and though subject to no appeal from its decision, was declared to have no power to guide its own count by any information it could obtain or by any authority which it might accept from the wronged and betrayed State whose vote was about to be falsified.

The monstrous conclusion was thus reached that the act of one man holding the deciding vote in a Board of State Canvassers (for without his concurrence the frauds of the other Returning Boards would have failed), in giving certificates known at the time and now by himself confessed to be false and fraudulent, and confessed to have been obtained by the promise of office, certificates whose character was known months before Congress could begin the count, must prevail over all the remedial powers of the State of Florida and of the Congress of the United States combined, and must dispose of the Chief Magistracy of this Republic.

S. J. TILDEN.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16, 78.

Judge Tourgee.

From the Milton Chronicle.

The re-construction measures are fresh in the minds of all our older citizens, and the plans adopted to induce men of any influence to join the Federal party. The following letter will tell the policy of the Republican party. It was written to a candidate for office, and who was afterwards elected on the Republican ticket. His name is not published because he is dead:

Raleigh, N. C., March 12th, 1868.

DEAR SIR: The report of the committee passed today. Your name is on the list. You need not be about it. If you are a Republican candidate, you will undoubtedly be elected. You had better write once to Mr. D. W. Hudson, Sec. Republican State Committee, Box 122, Raleigh, as a private letter will soon be made up. State the facts in your case plainly. Republican candidates and the best chance. This is strictly private.

Yours Respectfully,

A. W. TOURGEE.

This letter speaks for itself. The removal of disabilities was strictly for the benefit of the Republican party, especially for Republican candidates. All others were to be held under bands of disability until the Republican party could be induced into power.

Nor is this all which was enacted by this unblushing carpet bagger. At the time the foregoing letter was written, its author was a member of the State Convention, which framed the Constitution of 1868. In that instrument is the following remarkable clause: Art. 4, Sec. 32. "The officers elected at this first election held under this Constitution shall hold their offices for the terms prescribed by them respectively, next ensuing after the next regular election for members of the General Assembly. But their regular term shall begin upon the approval of this Constitution by the Congress of the United States." The Constitution elsewhere provides that the terms of office for judges shall be eight years; Clerks of Superior court four years, and Sheriffs two. But it will be remembered, that some of the sheriffs of the State, at the expiration of two years, claimed that they held over, under this 32nd section. Suits were instituted, and the cases went up to the Supreme Court, when the case was decided in favor of the sheriffs. Under that decision all the judges held office for two years instead of eight, the clerks held office six years instead of four, and the sheriffs held office four years instead of two. It is said that Tourgee was the author of that famous 32nd section, by which the people were actually cheated out of two years in several offices named; for when they voted for judges, for example, they thought that they were voting for them for only eight years; but it turned out that they were voting for them for ten years. Some critical readers of the Constitution, when it was submitted to vote of the people, objected to it on this very section, taking ground that the first elected officers would

claim two additional years to their terms of office, but the position was flatly denied by Republicans. We all know how it turned out.

Now, we want no man to represent us in Congress who is guilty of such legislation as that famous 32nd section. Such a man is capable of too much mischief to be trusted to make laws for the people. If there has ever been a time in the political history of the Fifth District when the united energies of the Democratic party were called for, now is the time. The defeat of Seales would be a burning shame, sufficient to make me, not only our own cheeks, but the cheeks of our children and grand children. It would be a foul blot upon our escutcheons.

Some Results of the October Voting.

(From the New York Sun.)

The losses of the Republicans in members of Congress from Ohio and Indiana, by which the majorities in those two delegations are reversed, may be said to settle one important point. In case the election of President should be by any combination of events be thrown into the next House of Representatives, the Democrats will have a majority of States, each entitled to elect two members, and the Republicans to the fifth of November should surpass all expectation. The following table gives the political status of all the States in the present House, except those in italics, which have been changed by the recent elections:

DEM.	REP.	DIVIDED.
Alabama,	Colorado,	California,
Arkansas,	Illinois,	Florida—2.
Connecticut,	Iowa,	
Delaware,	Kansas,	
Georgia,	Maine,	
Idaho,	Massachusetts,	
Indiana,	Michigan,	
Kentucky,	Minnesota,	
Louisiana,	Missouri,	
Marion,	Nebraska,	
Massachusetts,	Nevada,	
Michigan,	New Hampshire,	
Minnesota,	New Jersey,	
Missouri,	North Carolina,	
Nebraska,	Pennsylvania,	
Nevada,	Rhode Island,	
New Hampshire,	South Carolina,	
New Jersey,	Texas,	
North Carolina,	Virginia,	
Pennsylvania,	West Virginia—30.	
Rhode Island,		
South Carolina,		
Texas,		
Virginia,		
West Virginia—30.		

The Democrats have gained Indiana, Oregon and Ohio, and the Republicans have gained Colorado. Of the two divided States, the Democrats may fairly expect to carry Florida, which would give them twenty-one votes in the House out of thirty-eight. California may go either way. The Republicans have a bare majority of one in the present delegation from New York, and the Democrats have one in that from New Jersey. Both of these States may be reversed next month. In order to acquire a majority the Republicans would have to win New Jersey and the divided States of California and Florida, and to take Connecticut from the Democrats to the divided column. In other words, they would have to gain every possible vote, because the majorities in all the States but those named are either positively Democratic or Republican.

The Democratic Gains—The House Democratic Sure—Voorhees Safe.

The Baltimore Sun says: The elections so far for members of the Forty-sixth Congress show a net loss to the Republicans of eleven members, of whom the Democrats gain five, the Greenbackers gain five, and in the third district of Vermont there was a failure to elect, though the Greenback and Democratic candidates had a large plurality, and will doubtless be chosen at the special election. In each case the Greenbackers were elected by a fusion with the Democrats. The Republicans lose three Congressmen in Indiana, three in Ohio, two in Iowa, two in Maine, one in Vermont and one in Oregon, while they only gain one—the representative from Colorado. After the settlement of the contested cases the Democratic majority in the last House was over twenty, and from present appearances it is likely that majority will be at least doubled in the Forty-sixth Congress. The latest reports from Indiana are to the effect that the Democrats will have a clear majority in the next Legislature of that State, in which event the re-election of Hon. D. W. Voorhees to the United States Senate is assured.

Gold and Silver at Values.

The New York Graphic, in combating the idea that the world should pay homage to gold as the standard of value, says:

First.—Four times as many people in the world use silver as gold, and a hundred times as many handle silver coins as handle gold coins.

Second.—More gold than silver is mined every year, the excess being more than \$25,000,000.

Third.—Gold is far more fluctuating and unstable than silver.

Fourth.—The world's production of gold during this century has varied from \$3,000,000 a year to \$163,000,000 a year, while the world's production of silver has always been between \$20,000,000 and \$75,000,000 a year.

Fifth.—Anybody with a tin pan can find gold, but silver is mined under great mountains, and in such combinations that it can be produced by the aid of expensive machinery; therefore the annual harvest of silver is sure to be much the smaller.

Sixth.—The action of Germany has given gold the market price of labor (which is the ultimate standard of values) but the great demand for silver in the world is sure soon to re-establish relations, and there is more likely to be a "glut" of gold than silver in the world within the next three years.

At St. Louis the colored Republican have formerly repudiated the Republican party, with the cutting remark that the claim of that organization to dictate political action to colored men is a piece of unadmitted impudence. Such "ingratitude"—Louisville Courier Journal.

They do things better in the Second District in this State. A few white Rads have declared that O'Hara, colored, the regular Radical nominee, must "step down and out" to oblige Lo'Humphrey, who "panted himself" a few years ago, and allow him to draw the \$3,000 per annum. It remains to be seen if O'Hara will obey the mandate, and if the "colored Republicans" of the Second District will do as their brethren in St. Louis, "repudiate" both Humphrey and his newly found party—Winnington Star.

Not to vote at all, is to vote for Tourgee. Choose between the two men.

A Splendid Tribute.

Heroism of the Southern People in War and in Pestilence.

(From the London Standard, Sept. 7th.)

The younger among us cannot perhaps remember the keen, warm sympathy with which the English of 1861-65, witnessed the struggle maintained by their Southern kinsmen against six-fold odds of numbers and odds of position, resources, vantage ground, simply incalculable. Even those who from sympathy with the Northern States were unfavorable to the cause of a great nation revolting against a real tyranny could not but feel proud of our near kinsmen—so designated by their enemies—which, on fifty battle fields, maintained a contest such as no other race has ever last, when all hope was gone, held for six months, with 45,000 men against 150,000, a slender line of earthworks thirty miles in length; who marched out 28,000 strong, and after six days retreat in face of a countless cavalry and overwhelming artillery and infantry pressing them on all sides, surrendered at last but 8,000 bayonets and sabres. It is this people, the flower and pride of the great English race, on whom a most terrible, the most cruel, when all hope was gone, held for six months, with 45,000 men against 150,000, a slender line of earthworks thirty miles in length; who marched out 28,000 strong, and after six days retreat in face of a countless cavalry and overwhelming artillery and infantry pressing them on all sides, surrendered at last but 8,000 bayonets and sabres. It is this people, the flower and pride of the great English race, on whom a most terrible, the most cruel, when all hope was gone, held for six months, with 45,000 men against 150,000, a slender line of earthworks thirty miles in length; who marched out 28,000 strong, and after six days retreat in face of a countless cavalry and overwhelming artillery and infantry pressing them on all sides, surrendered at last but 8,000 bayonets and sabres. 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LOCAL ITEMS.

X Persons receiving THE PATRIOT with a cross before their names are reminded that their subscription will expire in two weeks, and that the paper will be discontinued if not renewed within that time.

Joint Canvass.

Liberty, Randolph county, Thursday, October 24.
Patrons, Store, Alamance county, Friday, October 25.
Patrons, Store, Alamance county, Saturday, October 26.

APPOINTMENTS OF GENERAL SCHOOLS.
Hon. A. M. Sales will address the people at the following times and places:
Mills, Cassell Co. Monday Oct. 28th.
Rockingham, Co. Tuesday Oct. 29th.
Alfred, York, Co. Saturday Nov. 2nd.

Don't forget the oyster supper at Good Templar's Hall Friday night.

Mr. E. P. McNeelhall, who has been out for some time, is able to attend to business again.

The Allen Brick Machine, a Greensboro invention, was awarded the gold medal at the Raleigh Fair.

AMUSEMENTS.—Harlow, Primrose, West Moore will entertain our people Dec. 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st.

Greensboro Lodge of Good Templars holding its 10th anniversary. At last meeting there were six initiations—one lady and five gentlemen.

The Trustees of Oak Ridge Institute are soliciting donations to Rev. J. C. Ayer, of New York City, for the gift of 20 copies of Good Templar's writings.

There is a revival in progress in the Methodist Church this week. Miss Painter, sister of Mr. Moore, who preached with so much effect a year ago, is taking an active part.

Guilford County has the credit of having the finest exhibition of farm products on exhibition at the State Fair.—This is a great measure due to the interest of Mr. W. H. Wright in securing contributions from our farmers.

Mr. Levi Houston received the top premium on the harness and saddle exhibited by him at the State Fair. They are both fine specimens of workmanship, and were struck in them was put in by hand.

Five Prizes.—Mr. Geo. W. Albright presented last week with some of the best produce ever seen. They are a cutting which originated in his place, and were struck in them was put in by hand.

The New Garden Fair will be held tomorrow. Admission 50 cents for family tickets \$1.00. Persons paying as much as \$1.00 will be allowed to exhibit articles of commerce for premiums offered.

Mr. J. G. Cleveland, the active manager of the State Sewing Machine at this place, is attending a general meeting of the managers at Richmond.

The annual monthly services will be held at the Methodist Church on Sunday next, commencing at 10 o'clock. The Father's House is expected to officiate. The public are invited.

Book Binding.—Mr. Peter L. Ray has a new stock of book-binding material and is now ready to do any work of the kind in nice style and at prices as low as possible. He guarantees satisfaction as to work and price.

Mr. James McCauston, a veteran of the war of 1812 died at his home near Oak Ridge, on the 17th inst., at the age of 83. He was well known in this county, and is highly respected and honored for his many services and fine qualities.

Good Templars Convention.

Brother Patton, I am requested by the Good Templar's of the State to call a County Convention of the Good Templars of Guilford County, to be held at the residence of Mr. J. C. Ayer, on the 28th inst., for the purpose of organizing for the coming year and other business connected with the order, which I have held for near ten years. The convention will be held at the residence of Mr. J. C. Ayer, on the 28th inst., for the purpose of organizing for the coming year and other business connected with the order, which I have held for near ten years.

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OBITUARY.

Died of diphtheria, on the morning of the 16th of October, in the tenth year of her age, Patsie, second daughter of James W. and Mattie A. Albright. Notwithstanding the untiring efforts of her kind and skillful physician to detain her here below, the "Angel Physician" called her to "come up higher."

Little Patsie, they tell me, was a child of God, that God had sent his holy angels to say to her, "Come up higher." Now in the next life, she is playing a part in the drama of the "Angels of the Kingdom of Heaven." Her parents mourn for her, but earth was not her abiding place; a more glorious destiny awaits her. It is thy privilege to wake the golden life, to shine in the Celestial Choir in singing praises to the great Redeemer. Thou hast joined the little angelic circle. Hand in hand thou goest with the bright children of the Lamb, in the flower garden of the Celestial City. I can see thy little face beaming with love and hope, making one of the band of little children, that have gone before, with Jesus Christ their great Captain as their leader, who said, "suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven." Patsie, mourn not for her; she hath a home high in the Heavens, whose maker and builder is God.

P. L. S.

Second hand Organ \$3.00 apply quick.

W. S. MOORE.

Ask your grocer for the best soap now used—either brand, "Moon," "Honest," "Vaseline," "Irish," "Pure" or "Cottage," and take no other. If your grocer does not keep either of the above brands, call on us—we keep all—and many other cheaper grades. HOUSTON & BRO.

MILLINERY.—I am now opening a new and most desirable stock of Millinery Goods for the Fall and Winter season, and am prepared to order customers extra inducements this season, in style, quality and price. Call and examine for yourselves.

Orders from a distance promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

MRS. C. C. GORRELL.

Have you seen those new style calicos at Sample S. Brown's? If not go and see them at once. 5,000 yards opened last Saturday.

A nice and well selected stock of Plain and French Confectioneries, also Foreign and Domestic Fruits, will be kept constantly in store for the Fall and Winter trade by

E. M. CALDWELL.

Candy at 15 cents a pound; fine candy 30 cents at Post Office.

Ice cold soda water at 5 cents a glass at Post Office.

We wish to purchase 200 bushels yellow peas and 250 bushels Bolted Corn Meal.

J. W. SCOTT & CO.

Sweet Oranges, Lemons, Raisins, Figs, Prunes, at Post Office.

Look at those \$1 shoes and \$2 boots at S. S. Brown's before you buy your shoes and boots; he has over 3,000 pair at wholesale and retail.

Toys! Toys!—I will continue to keep a fine stock of Toys in store for the Fall and Winter seasons. Call and examine my stock.

E. M. CALDWELL.

Corrected by HOUSTON & BRO., Wholesale Grocers, South Elm St.

Butter, choice, per lb. \$1.10

Butter, common, per lb. .90

Beans, white, per bush. 75

Beans, mixed, per bush. 60

Peas, Black Eye, per bush. 75

Peas, Black, per bush. 60

Peas, White, per bush. 75

Peas, Green, per bush. 60

Peas, Yellow, per bush. 75

Peas, Red, per bush. 60

Peas, Blue, per bush. 75

Peas, Purple, per bush. 60

Peas, Brown, per bush. 75

Peas, Grey, per bush. 60

Peas, Pink, per bush. 75

Peas, White, per bush. 60

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Peas, Grey, per bush. 60

New Advertisements.

Harness, Saddles, &c.

I have now on hand a large stock of

Saddles, Harness, Bridles, &c.

of every description, made of the very best material and by good workmen. All work guaranteed. Always on hand a large stock of saddlery and harness goods. My harness and saddles were first shown at the late State Fair. Prices to suit the times. Shop over Houston and Bro's Grocery Store.

LEVI HOUSTON.

J. W. RANDOLPH & ENGLISH,

Publishers, Book Sellers,

Stationers, Binders,

And Blank-Book Manufacturers.

Good Work, Fair Prices.

1302 and 1304 Main St.

1876 Fall 1876.

CHINA, GLASS AND STONEWARE.

E. B. TAYLOR,

Importer and Jobber

1011 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

With greater facilities than ever before, I am able to furnish the merchants of North Carolina with goods by the original packages, or open, at the same price as not lower than Northern houses, and all I ask is a trial.

My stock is complete in every particular and consists in part of

FRENCH CHINA, W. G. & C. C. WARE,

GLASS WARE, AND

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Manufacturer of Stone Ware.

C. S. TAYLOR, Salesman.

E. B. TAYLOR, Richmond, Va.

Ang. 16.

FOR SALE.

One grand Square Piano,

72 octave. One new style Upright

Piano 74 latest style and best quality.

3443.

SEYMOUR STEELE.

Wharton & Wharton

Having, at the recent sale of James Sloan's

Stock, purchased the most desirable portion

of the stock, will

Continue the Business,

under the management of Mr. J. S. SLOAN.

We will keep constantly on hand a full line of

GROCERIES,

Hardware, Crockery, Glass Ware,

Agricultural Implements.

LIME, PLASTER, FERTILIZERS,

and everything except dry goods.

We have a large stock of Agricultural

Implements, Cement, Lime, Plaster and Fer-

tilizers, which we are offering on most

favorable terms, for cash.

3453m

Sale of Valuable

REAL ESTATE!

In Greensboro, and in Guilford County, N.C.

There will be offered at Auction, on

Wednesday, October 30th, 1876, at

the Court House door, in Greensboro, N.C.

the following Valuable Property, to-wit:

1. The North Carolina Hotel Company

property, containing about 20 acres of land,

on the N. C. Railroad, adjacent to the

present location of the Hotel, and

containing a large number of buildings, and

other improvements, for building Houses and

Shops, and a large stock of

2. The New Mill Property, adjacent to

the above, containing about 20 acres, with

Saw Mill, Engine and Machinery, all in

good working order, and including the

two Dredging Boats, now occupied by

Mr. Mosley and Mr. Hartsell.

3. The Fontaine place, containing

[illegible]