

# THE PATRIOT

PUBLISHED WEEKLY  
AT GREENSBORO, N. C.,  
BY DUFFY & ALBRIGHT.

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Established in 1821.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1875.

{New Series No. 394.

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**ESTABLISHMENT**

To the People of Greensboro and surrounding



# THE PATRIOT.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, OCT 6, 1875

## The Convention.

The Convention has been engaged the past week in the discussion of the Robeson county case, which was recommended to the committee after a large amount of filibustering by the Radicals; the discussion of the ordinance to repudiate the special tax bonds which was finally disposed of by the Convention refusing to take action upon it, deciding to leave it to the Legislature; and the bill to relieve the East from some of the burdens under which it suffers, by an ordinance providing for the appointment of Magistrates and Justices of the Peace, the former by the Governor, the latter by the Legislature. How to relieve the East in this respect and at the same time pursue such a course as may be endorsed by the West will try the skill of our friends in the Convention. An ordinance on public schools providing separate schools for white and black passed by a very large vote, many Republicans voting for it.

It is thought the work will be finished and adjournment take place within a week or ten days.

## Bird Netting.

As the bird season has arrived perhaps it may be well to remind those who may be tempted to engage in netting them that there is an act of the Legislature prohibiting it, when done for the purpose of traffic, under a heavy penalty. This act was passed to prevent the extermination of the birds which was being rapidly effected under the indiscriminate netting which has heretofore prevailed. It is not unlikely that the violators of this law will be watched and reported to the Solicitor whose duty it will be to indict them. We throw this out as a hint which may save thoughtless or indiscreet persons trouble.

## Impeding the Work of the Convention.

We publish elsewhere, from the Raleigh News, an account of the boisterous conduct of the Radical delegates in the Convention, when the final vote on the Robeson county case was taken. The programme of these conspirators has been from the start to block the proceedings of the Convention all they possibly could and throw every obstacle possible in the way with the object of prolonging the session and making it as expensive as they could. This is a deliberate plan of their's and they have followed it up persistently as is shown by their repeated motions to adjourn, their absurd objections, and their obstinate contention on questions that they knew would pass, and which they were powerless to prevent. A. W. Tourgee has figured conspicuously in this discreditable business for the reason, we suppose, that such men as Barringer, Dockery and others, native Republicans, declined to become prominent, where they might become odious, and quietly let Mr. Tourgee take more brass, and less discretion, than the leadership, a position which he fills to the gratification of himself, to the shame of his party, to the disgust of all sensible people who wish to see the constitution of the State bettered, and at an immense cost to the people who pay the bill which is made doubly as great as it might be to gratify his vagaries and carry out the ill-headed programme of his party.

## Why Don't He Come Home?

We have waited long and patiently for A. S. Holton to fulfill his promise to the people to resign and come home if the Convention did not adjourn. He gave his solemn word on the stump that he would do so. And we are informed that on the streets here after the election he renewed the promise and said positively he would come home if the Convention did not adjourn. And now in spite of all this he sits down there, doing nothing but drawing his pay. He is going back on the people who voted for him with the distinct understanding he would come home as he promised.

Mr. Turner announces in the Sentinel of the 4th inst., that Col. P. Donan, formerly editor of the Lexington, Mo., Caucasian, will take exclusive editorial charge of the Sentinel. The Col. is a dashing writer and wields his pen about in the same style and with the same effect that Captain Jack might be supposed to handle his scalping knife and tomahawk.

The Grange of the U. S. does not lack for organs and numbers among them over fifty of the ablest papers in the country with a large number of lesser note, and these organs speak for an organization numbering a million and a half.

## Why Not Abolish It?

There is a proposition before the Convention to reduce the number of the State Senate to twenty-five. This leads to the inquiry, "What use is there in a Senate?" and "Why not abolish it altogether as a useless institution?"

The original intention in establishing the Senate was to have a body in the Legislature to represent and protect the property of the State. But does the Senate do this now? Are the members not elected in the same way and by the same class of voters, and subject to the same party dictates and party influences as the members of the lower House? And in every sense of the word is the Senate not a gigantic failure as a property protector? Unquestionably. Well then, if so, why perpetuate it, since it has ceased to be of any value and costs the people at the rate of \$300 a day in per diem alone? There is not a measure of any importance that can be passed the lower House which cannot be put through the Senate by the same influence that operates in the House, and about the only thing the Senate does is to go through the form of considering such bills as reach it from the House, or passing bills to be voted upon by the House.

If it is to remain in existence even with the reduced number proposed the mode of election should be so changed that it may be what it was originally intended to be, a body to represent and protect the property of its constituents. In other words, there should be a property qualification in voting for Senators, if not, the Senate should be wiped out altogether as a useless institution, kept up at an enormous expense to the people without any adequate gain. Abolish it and give the Governor a veto power.

## Ohio.

Within a couple weeks the contest between the Democrats and Republicans in Ohio will be decided by the achievement of a glorious Democratic victory. All the signs of the times point to it, and if it should not turn out so we shall confess ourselves sold. The Democracy of that State goes before the people with something positive to fight for, with its issue plainly and boldly made, and such an issue as strikes the chord in the popular heart and demands popular sympathy and co-operation. It is to all intents and purposes a struggle waged between the laboring, the producing classes on one side, and the purse-holders, the bondholders on the other. We know something of the feeling of the Western people on this subject, and hence, we predict so confidently Democratic success.

Governor Allen and those who support him say the Government must recognize its own paper and quit discriminating against it by paying the bondholder in gold and compelling the laborer, merchant, farmer and mechanic to take greenbacks at their face. In other words they must provide one money for all, the people and bondholder alike. Again, they protest against giving the national banks a monopoly in money lending, and paying them a premium of \$20,000,000 a year for issuing notes for which the Government is eventually responsible, and which ought to be issued directly by the Government thus saving those \$20,000,000, and giving us a currency which is good and lawful in all sections of the country.

They protest against forced redemption of specie payments as something not within the possibilities without utterly paralyzing the industries of the country and producing universal bankruptcy. They hold that resumption ought to be a gradual process brought about slowly and by degrees, so as not to interfere with the necessary volume of money by a premature and forced contraction which would be disastrous in its results. In addition to the relief the triumph of such a policy would have in affording an abundant supply of circulating medium, the adoption of a currency based on the faith of the Government, and endorsed by the people, would be one of the strongest links to bind the sections together and perpetuate the Union, on which our Republican friends love so much to spread themselves. Establish a money in which all the people are interested, and whose value depends on the stability and perpetuation of the United Republic, and then the preservation of the Union becomes a matter of direct interest to every man who holds a dollar of it. The triumph of the Democracy in Ohio is the triumph of the people and the prolonged life of the Republic.

We are told by the Richmond Enquirer that Judge Alexander Walker, a native of Fredericksburg, Virginia, and during the Mexican war editor of the New Orleans Delta, coined the phrase "a little more grape, Capt. Bragg."

That's the way they go on and spoil all these nice little things.

## EDITORIAL SQUIBS.

The bank of California has resumed business and paid up its liabilities in full.

The famous trotting mare "American Girl" fell dead in a race last week at Elmira, New York. She was valued at \$25,000.

Col. Ed. R. Liles, an easy and pointed writer, has become editor of the Wadesboro Herald.

Now it turns out that Gen. Taylor never said "a little more grape, Capt. Bragg," at all. He said "It is better to lose a battery than a battle." Now shall we all have to quit saying "a little more grape?"

Victor Pioletto, the candidate for Lieut. Gov. of Pennsylvania, on the Democratic ticket, is a Granger.

Ned O'Baldwin, the Irish giant was dying of lung disease. His partner thought he wasn't getting along fast enough and helped him with a couple of bullets.

Maj. G. W. Grice, of Portsmouth, Va., has been elected president of the Raleigh and Augusta Airline in place of Dr. Hawkins, resigned.

Foley's statue of Stonewall Jackson will be unveiled in Richmond on the 26th.

Gov. Vance has been delighting Charlotte with his lecture on the "Demagogue."

Hon. A. M. Waddell is writing some very good letters in the Wilmington Star on the financial question, in which he sides with the Western Democracy. Level.

The National Republican, Grant's own, pronounces all the Radical organs in the South except five, of which the New North State, of Greensboro is one, "simply leeches." That means to say the balance of them have to be kept alive by sucking Radical politicians. And how many of these five would keep afloat without federal pay?

St. Louis takes the lead of Chicago in having discovered a gas well, from which it is proposed to light the city.

The Prince of Wales is about to start on a tour into India. He proposes to travel economically and not spend more than half a million.

Grant was as poor as Job's turkey in 1860 and now he's said to be worth a level million. This is an over proof that "virtue is its own reward."

There are 140,000 voters in Georgia, and 70,000 delinquent on the poll tax list.

St. Louis is going to build a twelve story hotel to accommodate 3500 guests.

In 1850 the population of St. Louis was 70,000 now it is said to be 400,000. There's growth.

A waterspout travelled over the town of Los Conces last week and washed away sixty-five houses, when a second one came along and cleaned out the balance of the town. These Mexican waterspouts don't believe in fooling.

Milford, Connecticut, has a fifty-pound child nine months old, and Barnum is hankering after it.

A recent interview of a correspondent of the New York Herald with General Clingman on finances is attracting considerable attention in the North.

Over 300,000 immigrants found homes in Texas the past year.

The health of Jefferson Davis has been much improved by his recent trip through the West.

The Indians in Indian Territory, raised 6,000,000 bushels of wheat this year.

Oxford Torch-Light and Leader are to be consolidated under the title of the former.

The Charlotte Observer is an enterprising paper, and at great expense and labor has given us an illustration of Woodson's striped tent.

Ex Senator Doolittle in his speech before the Winnebago "natives" at an agricultural fair advocated giving married men two votes against the bachelor's one. The husband would be voting as a sort of proxy for his wife in this case.

Charles Francis Adams' name was proposed for Governor in the Massachusetts Republican Convention, but he didn't stand a ghost of a chance.

It is thought by some that Archbishop McCloskey, of New York, recently made a Cardinal, stands a chance of being elected Pope on the death of Pius, the present Pope.

An American Pope would be something new, and what influence it might have on church affairs no one can tell.

## Don't Fail.

It is to be hoped the Convention will favorably consider the proposition to exempt manufacturing enterprises from taxation. The act should be so framed as to exempt all property, real estate, buildings, machinery and capital invested. If this be done, ten years from today North Carolina will be the first manufacturing State in the Union.

The Tennessee dog tax yielded \$300,000 last year, the State thus putting into one pocket a portion of what went out the other in damage to the wool industry. —Wil. Journal.

And this tax not only put \$300,000 into "one pocket" but also enabled the farmers of the State to raise sheep and put hundreds of thousands into the other pocket. We trust the Convention, before it adjourns, will think of this matter and, in the interest of the farmer, amend the Constitution that it will be in the power of the Legislature to tax dogs. Such an act will be worth millions to this State.

A young lady asked our junior editor if he would marry her. —Scott Banner.

What asylum is that poor girl in. —Lee Sentinel.

In the same asylum as the one who rejected you last Spring. —Scott Banner.

Now, which of these two lunatics got the best of that bout? —Richmond Enquirer.

They're about even.

The tobacco crop in this section is the finest ever produced in this portion of the State. Every farmer is curing up his tobacco very fine and yellow, but alas! the prices will be very low. —Sunny Visitor.

The Centennial Grounds. —Philadelphia, Oct. 2.—The State of Ohio has commenced the erection of its building in the Centennial grounds. Similar buildings will be put up by Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Kansas and Missouri. The English commissioner has applied for an extension of space in the park for the erection of a third building.

The negroes in Georgia and Mississippi, acting upon the advice of Attorney General Pierpont and the Radical press, are beginning to "protect themselves" by putting obstructions on the railroad tracks. If this be continued, just how long the race will hold out is a mere question of time. —Richmond Enquirer.

List of North Carolina Fairs. —Agricultural Fairs in this State will be held at the following places and times:

Raleigh, October 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16.

Salisbury, October 19, 20, 21 and 22.

Weldon, October 26, 27 and 28.

Wilmington, November 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Hickory, November 10, 11 and 12.

Fayetteville, November 16, 17, 18 and 19.

The Postmaster General has decided that anything, even the date written on the address side of a postal card subjects the card to double letter postage. "This," says the Buffalo Commercial "strikes us as a most absurd decision." Of course it does, it could strike nobody but an idiot in any other way.

There are four thousand indictments on the Docket of Wake Superior Court against persons for non-payment of poll taxes. That is exactly right, and the same course should be pursued in all the counties.

Gov. Brogden has pardoned Wm. Ellwood who was sentenced to be hanged in this city on Friday next. The Governor had the strongest sort of representations that the killing of Alex. Sanford by Ellwood was unintentional, and the petitions for pardon were signed by the members of the Jury who tried the case by 8 or 10 lawyers of this city who heard the trial and by a large number of citizens of Mecklenburg, Cleveland and Rutherford counties.

John Lamb, the paricide of Columbus county was tried at Lumberton last Friday and Saturday, in the Superior Court. The jury, after remaining out precisely three minutes rendered a verdict of "Guilty." The boy has not yet been sentenced. There is a movement on foot to get an appeal to the Supreme Court by petition, and to raise the necessary funds. He was defended very ably by Colonels N. A. McLean and Wm. McL. McKay.

Fractional Silver. —Dr. Linderman the director of the mint, has already commenced his calculations as to the probable amount of the various denominations of fractional silver pieces requisite to be on hand before the Secretary of the Treasury attempts to substitute silver for fractional currency.

An Open Ballot. —It will be seen by reference to an editorial synopsis of Senator Doolittle's address, that one of the numerous reforms he suggests is an open ballot. Why should North Carolina not take the lead in this matter? We believe that the majority of the voters of North Carolina are bold and fearless and would ratify such an ordinance. We call the attention of the delegates in our Convention to these suggestions of Mr. Doolittle. By all means, let us have an open ballot. It matters not which party is gained by it; it is right and should be the law. Let the name and residence of each voter be inscribed on his ticket to be read if called for. Any man who is afraid for his vote to be seen is unworthy the right of suffrage. —Charlotte Observer.

## The Speech of the President.

The recollection of perils, sufferings and anxieties endured in common and of notable deeds performed by a general effort is one of the strongest cements of friendship. The general who has long commanded an army and has led it to battles fought under his own eyes and "o victories in which the bravery of the soldiers supplemented the skill and plans of the commander cannot meet his old comrades face to face without emotion, and we do not wonder that General Grant's residence broke down yesterday at Des Moines when he met the survivors of the old Army of the Tennessee, which he formed, trained and commanded, and whose members have so many cherished memories in common with him. Such a meeting, even though expected and appointed beforehand, could not fail to move all whom Providence has preserved to take part in it, and especially the President, of whose spirit and courage men saw before he formed an important and interesting part; and who, perhaps, remembered that he is soon to retire from the active stage of life, in whose most stirring parts those there gathered were his comrades. Thus it is not surprising that the man usually so reticent spoke, and it was to be expected that he would, knowing that his words would be eagerly read by his countrymen everywhere, use the occasion to speak of the future of the Union which he and his comrades did so much to preserve, and which, if dear to all of us, may be supposed in an especial manner dear to those who fought for its maintenance. Indeed, the speech of Gen. Grant had in some measure the solemnity of a farewell address, and we regret that he did not make it longer and more comprehensive; that he did not take the occasion to express to his countrymen his opinions and to give them his advice upon all the questions which are engaging their attention.

If the President done this perhaps his address would have lost something which will strike many of its readers painfully—something in the words that in the spirit which seems to inform them of pugnacity, as of a soldier standing with arms at ease, but yet regarding of an enemy. Surely this was unnecessary. Surely it is a pity in such an address to hear the great soldier and President, in a kind of defiance, suggest that "we are not prepared to apologize for the past," or to speak of "denying to any who fought against us any privilege under the government." These are not questions before the people. Those who fought against the Union, now that the war is over, have precisely the same rights in it as those who fought for it. They are our fellow-citizens under the constitution; no more and no less. There is no more question of denial than of apology. In all that the President says of the necessity of disseminating intelligence, of keeping secure "free thought, free speech, free press, pure morals, unfettered religious sentiment and equal rights and privileges for all, irrespective of nationality, color or religion," he has certainly the hearty agreement of the mass of his countrymen, some of whom will remember with reluctance, that he has himself on some occasions attempted to punish the exercise of free political utterance by removals from office. That we should "encourage free schools, and resolve that not one dollar be appropriated to them shall be applied to the support of any sectarian school; that we should "keep Church and State forever separate;" that "neither State nor nation should support institutions [of education] he evidently meant to say save those where every child in the land may get a common school education unmixled with atheistic, pagan or sectarian teachings." All this is sound; it is in advance the support of the great mass of the American people. But the words spoken there and by him jar upon the sense of propriety. They were uncalled for. They are unfortunate, because they will give the profane reason to suggest that the President was really, under the form of an address to his old comrades of the war, making a stump speech for the Ohio canvass, where the Republicans have wantonly and without any justification brought in as one of political issues opposition to Roman Catholic interference in the schools. Surely on such an occasion and from such a man as the President, suspicion, defiance, opposition, are out of place. He could have urged good will—confidence in the future. He could have exhorted the future of our reunited country and its vast possibilities. He could have shown the importance of our political experiment, not only for ourselves, but to the whole human race. He, the victor on many glorious fields, speaking to his old comrades in arms, could well have said some words in praise of the bravery, the heroic conduct of the brave soldiers who fought against us. He could have justly and generously praised their submission to defeat and their acceptance of a change in their social arrangements which is the greatest ever imposed on a defeated people. He could have recalled that noble and pathetic inaugural address of Lincoln, delivered on the eve of his martyrdom, breathing so much loyalty to the Union, so much charity and kindness to the South. He could well have pointed out that, though the time has been short to heal all wounds and to recover all losses, it is already certain that time is doing its kindly office, and that all over the country, with a surprisingly few and sporadic exceptions, peace and order reign, and the great experiment of "government of the people for the people by the people" promises a new success and renewed prosperity to a nation freer and more securely free than ever before.

We criticize the President's speech with extreme reluctance. He appears to feel the whole nation; that he says will be closely scrutinized, and that he could in his high position do a very great deal to allay suspicion, to sink discord, to

efface hostilities and grudges; to foster brotherly concord and a mutual effort by the people of all parts of the Union for its common prosperity and glory. This is his duty, and in this he seems to have failed. We should be sorry to be the country in so hopeless and dangerous a condition as this Presidential speech, judged by the common rules which apply to such utterances, would present. On the contrary, we believe the American people may rejoice over great dangers past; over a momentous change happily and generally accepted and accomplished; over enemies who are friends and countrymen once more and who need only time and a manly consideration on our part for their disappointment and the changes forced upon them to make them rejoice at their failure. We believe that with only moderately good government we may securely look forward to a period of great national prosperity and happiness, and of liberties severer than ever before—that we are at the beginning of the greatest era of our national history.

It is a pity that the President does not believe this also.

## A Disgraceful Scene.—The Radicals Rampant and Uproarious.

On yesterday, when the President announced that he would now declare the vote taken Wednesday on the question to lay upon the table the motion of Mr. Chamberlain to reconsider the vote by which the Robeson county contested case had been recommitted, there arose the wildest and most turbulent scene that has yet occurred in the Convention. Mr. Tourgee sprang to his feet and objected to the announcement until the President had decided the question as to the right of the members from Robeson to vote on the question.

The President said he had already decided that question and was on the point of making the announcement, when Mr. Tourgee again sprang up and protested violently against the action of the President. At each effort of the latter to announce the vote, he vociferated his objections. In vain did the sound of the President's mallet ring through the Hall. Tourgee persisted in his cry of "I object, I object," with stenorian voice and defiant manner. The President stood firm, and the fury of Tourgee communicated itself to others. Badger with frenzied manner, and arms extended, rushed down the aisle, shouting "I object, I object." Dozens of others of the Radicals jumped to their feet, crowding into the aisles and all joining in the same vociferous shout "I object." The President in the meantime rapped loudly with his mallet, calling vainly to order. Democrats throughout the scene sat calm and undisturbed, waiting for the storm to subside. It raged with unabated fury for many minutes and it was quite apparent that the Radicals were prepared for and desired a row.

Gradually the uproar subsided; words of prudence and conciliation were slipped in. The storm spent itself and the business of the day was resumed from a fresh starting point.

But the whole affair was pre-eminently disgraceful to the parties concerned. It was the introduction of the rule of license, and perhaps it may be the reign of terror into the Convention, for it is said that a large number of armed negroes were in the galleries ready to take part in the violence which seemed to have been premeditated. A man was seen to hand a pistol to a radical member on the floor of the House while the pandemonium was at its wildest, all the more needless for the Democrats were as calm as under the soothing influence of a summer breeze.

In fact the whole thing was gotten up as part of a programme of obstruction to the business of the Convention, to be carried through, even to the breaking up of the body. The admission of Synth and Justice, both participants in the disgrace, prove as much.

The whole affair was disgraceful beyond precedent since 1863, and should fix a brand of infamy upon every participant in it. It was eminently out of place in a body constituted, as is the Convention, for high and lofty purposes and grave and deliberate action. There was nothing that stood in the way of a peaceful solution of any difficulty that might exist. But violence suited the radicals better. The example of Louisiana is not without its fruits here in North Carolina, once so true to the laws of the land and the observances of decorum. —Raleigh News.

## Massachusetts Republican Convention.

Worcester, September 29.—The Republican State Convention met here to-day, W. W. Clapp, of the Boston Journal presiding. Vice-President Wilson was chosen permanent chairman, and addressed the convention.

The platform re-affirms allegiance to the great principles of the Republican party, and congratulates the party that nothing in their record makes it necessary for them to give pledges that they will accept and abide the settlement of war issues made in the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and congratulates the country that the Democratic party has at last formerly proposed to abandon its long, bitter, desperate, but unavailable struggle first to prevent, and afterwards to overthrow that settlement; declares against the third term; and also that the national government is sacredly bound to fulfill its promises by the speediest possible return to specie payments, and that an irredeemable currency is a national evil, and when it continues beyond the necessity of its creation a national reproach.

The Cincinnati Enquirer exposes the secrets of the new Know Nothing order which has been formed in the Radical party to put down Catholicism in America.

Speech of President Grant at the re-Union of the Army of Tennessee.

Des Moines, Sept. 30.—President Grant, who is in attendance at the re-union of the Army of Tennessee responded to a call last night by reading quite a lengthy speech. He expressed gratification at recalling the days when they had suffered together to preserve a government which they believed worth fighting for, even dying for. He said: "We will not deny to those who fought against us any privilege under the joint government which we claim for ourselves. On the contrary, we welcome all such to help build the waste places and perpetuate our institutions against all enemies as brothers in a common heritage. To guard against a recurrence of those days we must begin by guarding against every enemy preventing the prosperity of free republican institutions."

Regarding politics, he read: "We are to have another contest in the near future of out political existence. I predict the dividing line not to be Mason & Dixon's, but between patriotism and intelligence on the one side, and superstition, ambition and ignorance on the other. Let us all labor for the security of free thought and speech; press pure in morals; unfettered religious sentiments, and equal rights and privileges for all, irrespective of nationality, color or religion; encourage free schools; resolve that neither State nor nation shall support any institution save those where every child may get a common school education, unmixled with atheistic, pagan or sectarian views; leave religion to the family altar, and keep the Church and State forever separate. With these safe guards, I believe the battles which created the Army of Tennessee have not been fought in vain."

General Sherman closed the speaking with a brief humorous speech, in which he said he wished all the speeches made at this re-union could be printed in full and scattered broadcast through the South to show the people there how ex-soldiers of the North all feel towards them.

## Continuous Railroad to Louisville, Ky.

Louisville, Ky., September 29.—A meeting of the citizens of Louisville, and the committee on railroads from both boards of the General Council of this city, invited by the Mayor to meet the committee from Richmond, Va., and Lexington, Ky., to confer upon the completion of the direct railroad connection between Louisville by way of Lexington, Ky., to Richmond and Tidewater, was held yesterday.

It was resolved that it would be wise and desirable for the city of Louisville to aid by a subscription of \$500,000 in the completion of so important a line of intercommunication.

It was also resolved that a committee of five be appointed to carry out the object of the meeting. This committee met, and after a conference with the Richmond and Lexington committees, it was resolved to recommend the General Council any citizens of Louisville to subscribe \$50,000 to the Louisville and Big Sandy railroad, for the completion of the unfinished division of their road between Mount Sterling and the western terminus of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad thus securing a continuous line of railroad from Louisville to Richmond and the seaboard; this subscription to be conditional upon the subscription for the same object of \$200,000 from Central Kentucky and \$800,000 from the city of Richmond, when the present directors and the present stockholders shall have agreed to satisfactory terms for the transfer of the control of the road to the new subscribers as above named, and when the Legislature of Kentucky shall have granted such amendments to the present charter as the subscribers may require.

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## LOCAL ITEMS.

**X** Persons receiving THE PATRIOT with a year before their names are reminded that their subscription will expire in two weeks, and that the paper will be discontinued if not renewed within that time.

**X** Send \$2.10 and you will receive THE PATRIOT twelve months free of postage.

**X** Paving has commenced on East Market street.

**X** S. L. Hepler has obtained license to retail liquor in the Caldwel building, West of Houston & Caney's grocery.

**X** Mr. George Dick has opened a new shoe with a new stock of attractive goods opposite the court house. Give him a call.

**X** The Good Templars of Friendship will give a festival and tableaux at their hall on next Friday (the 8th). A good time may be expected.

**X** There was a lady in church last Sunday morning who didn't look around to see what on new fall hats. She was blind. (This is original.)

**X** George Lincoln and family left yesterday for Canada. Mr. W. D. Lindley, of the firm of J. Lindley & Son, purchased his bag.

**X** Our merchants generally are receiving good goods; but, Bogart is anxious for our readers to know that no one has better goods or will sell cheaper. Go and see him.

**X** As John E. Edwards and wife were returning home Sunday night last their horse ran away and threw them out of the buggy, striking both seriously. Dr. Ector attended the sufferers.

**X** One milliner failed to have full openings last Saturday owing to goods not arriving in time; but enough were displayed to convince us that it will cost something to be fashionable this fall.

**X** After Friends Dead.—The county last week lost two of her oldest citizens—Archibald Bell, aged 75, and William Pernar, aged 70. These men, when in the prime of life, were influential and active citizens and participated largely in the affairs of the community.

**X** Last Sabbath evening the Methodist church was crowded to witness the regular monthly concert of the Sabbath School. It was gotten up by Misses Rebecca Wilson and Bettie Staples and a very creditable and interesting entertainment.

**X** "Fast folks" should a ready pen and good ink. Write with a pen promptly, with the new brand ink. It is more than bright. Read his article on first page and see if it don't fit—not you, of course, but some of your neighbors.

**X** Rev. W. J. Parkinson has returned to his charge after his summer vacation in the north. By his genial manner and unexceptionable deportment, Mr. Parkinson has made warm friends in this locality.

**X** Aaron Marshall Elliot, of this county, has just returned from Germany, where he has been for the past 7 years studying the languages. He first graduated at Heidelberg College, near Philadelphia. Then he graduated at Cambridge University, Mass. Then he graduated at the Royal University of Munich in Bavaria. He probably accepted a professorship at the University of Baltimore. He has devoted 15 years, in perfecting himself and we may, with pride, look forward to the place he will take amongst our scholars.

**FIVE DOLLARS WORTH OF BRUSHING.**—Send money, before his Honor the Hon. Judge Caldwell's son of Ham, aged 13, was strangled on a charge of assaulting a colored girl and striking her with a hammer. The evidence went on to show that he had killed her with his fist. His father, however, was against him, and the Mayor, who informed the jury that she had a first-class emerald in her neck and that unless she paid \$500 forthwith to administer such a punishment as he would remember her, he would give a fine of five dollars and let her go and the boy to the calaboose.

**THE PUBLIC SCHOOL.**—There are now hundred and sixty scholars in the Public School. At the examination for the month ending Oct. 1st, the highest scholarship, in the first class, was awarded to Henry L. Smith and Robert W. Smith.

**THE SECOND GRADE.**—To Edward J. Brockman and J. B. Eldridge.

**THE THIRD GRADE.**—To Sallie W. Denny, Emma E. Fisher, Minnie Pearce and Rebecca Taylor.

**THE FIFTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE SIXTH GRADE.**—To Jessie Jones.

**THE SEVENTH GRADE.**—To Lilly Benbow.

**THE EIGHTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE NINTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE TENTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE ELEVENTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE TWELFTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

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**THE EIGHTY-FIFTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE EIGHTY-SIXTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE EIGHTY-SEVENTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE EIGHTY-EIGHTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE EIGHTY-NINTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE NINETYETH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE NINETY-FIRST GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE NINETY-SECOND GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

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**THE NINETY-SEVENTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE NINETY-EIGHTH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**THE HUNDRETH GRADE.**—To Mary C. Sublett.

**A GIANTIC AND NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT.**—Greenboro, Saturday, October 16. The great New York and New Orleans Zoological and Equestrian Exposition will be in Greenboro on the dates elsewhere published. This is everywhere recognized as the largest and best Circus, Museum and Menagerie in the world. For novelty of display, and diversity of entertainment it has no precedent in this Continent. The large collection of rare animals, including Sea Lions, Giraffes, Ostriches, performing Crocodiles, &c., is second only in interest to the great circus troupe composed of the leading equestrians and gymnasts of the profession. In the museum department will be found the wonderful "Steam Man," and life-like wax statues of Mr. and Mrs. Beecher, Mr. and Mrs. Tilton, King Kalakaua, and little Charlie Ross. The parade is everywhere spoken of as being one of unusual magnificence and draws immense crowds to witness it. All railroads will convey visitors at a reduced rate.

**GOING AHEAD.**—Frank P. Cavanah, Esq., the gentlemanly and accomplished Superintendent of the Buffalo Company, who own five or six hundred feet on the Atlanta ledge, in Alburas county, is pushing work forward on the sight for the hoisting works. Mr. Cavanah is an energetic man, and will undoubtedly have a large force of men at work during the coming winter. When good machinery is put in operation there and the mine properly opened, the Atlanta ledge will prove itself to be the best ledge on the coast. It is an average of sixty feet in width and can be traced several miles. The greater portion of the rock is of a dark blue color, in a good deal of which can be seen native silver. There are also several strata of rich silver, which increase in width and richness as depth is obtained. Ten years hence the Atlanta will yield more billion than does the Comstock at the present time.

**THE HOUSEKEEPER** is the title of one of the very best and practically valuable monthly papers devoted to household economy that we have ever seen. Everything in the domestic department from parlor to kitchen is treated, and there is not a number of it that does not contain information of inestimable value to housekeepers. In addition to the valuable information given, it also contains well written articles of interest to the general reader. On the whole it is worth three times the amount of the subscription.—Published by Charles F. Wingate, 52 John Street, New York, at \$1.50 a year.

**THE MARKET HOUSE.**—Suffolk, Va., and several other places are discussing the question of a market house, and as ours has been in operation just one year, and our experience may be of benefit to others we will tell its cost and how it works generally.

**AT FIRST** the market regulations produced so great a change that both buyer and seller were displeased, and it required rigid laws and great forbearance to overcome the prejudice. We believe an effort now to break up the market would not be sustained. We do not believe it has reduced prices to consumers, nor increased them to producers; but it is of such obvious convenience to both classes that neither would willingly go back to the old style of hawking produce, &c., thro' the streets.

**Now for figures.** The ground—about 200 feet square—cost the city \$2000; the house, a wooden one, 30x80 feet, containing 20 stalls 7x9 feet, cost \$500—making a total outlay to the city of \$2500. The house is secure and each stall is entered from the outside; but all the selling is done from the centre pass-way which is 12 feet wide. It has a plank floor and is very convenient and ample for a town of this size. The rent for last year, ending Sept. 16, was \$711.25—quite a handsome revenue for the outlay.

**Fish and oysters** are sold in another house some thirty feet from the regular market. This is a cheaper building, just opened this fall and not taken into this account, but is on city ground, and will also probably pay cost of construction with the first year.

**So greatly enhanced** was the price of land in the vicinity of the market that the city authorities thought it advisable to take advantage of it, and laid off twelve lots 16x34 feet, on one side of the square, and proposed to lease them for twenty years. Eight lots have already been leased for \$1820 and the money paid in advance.

**As an investment** the account stands: Cost of ground, \$2000  
" building, \$500—\$2500  
Received from lease, \$1820  
" first year's rent, \$711.25—\$2531.25  
The rents over paying the cost of building \$211; and city is unburdened except \$400—which will be fully met when the remaining four lots are leased.

**Cough, Hoarseness, Asthma, or any irritation of the Throat or Bronchial Tubes,** will be relieved by taking Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It has cured thousands. Recommend it to your neighbor. Your druggist keeps it. Price, 25 cents.

**"THE BOYS IN GREY."**—We were wont to admire the boys who wore the grey, though it was not for the grey alone, but for the noble, chivalrous hero who beat under it. They commanded the admiration of the true and the brave in every land. But how few admire a fine head developed in grey hair and whiskers—very few. We all love admiration and nothing in our appearance is more calculated to secure it than pretty hair. If old age, sickness or sorrow has robbed you of it, you can regain it by the use of Dr. Tait's Hair Dye. Its popularity is so great that it can be found on the shelves of every druggist in the land. 33c-25c.

**If you want something good try those hats at** J. C. CUNNINGHAM'S. 364-14.

**A good store room** can be rented on East Market if early application is made to this office, to.

**A good assortment** of bibles, hymn books, prayer book, and photograph albums, and the latest styles in paperies, just received at the Book Store. 332-2w.

**Miss Fisher's** last novel. A question of Honor. At Yates' Book Store.

**The Lacy Diamonds,** by the author of the Old Trump. For sale at the Book Store.

**Call at the Book Store** and see the new music, just received. 334-2w.

**Lemons and oranges** for sale by E. M. CALDWELL.

**Turner's North Carolina Almanac** for 1876 is now on sale at Yates' book store.

**How to Cure Fever and Ague.**—If any person suffering with Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Bilious Fever will call at the Drug Store of W. C. Porter, & Co., Callum Bros., Greenboro, N. C.; S. H. Smith, High Point, N. C., and get a bottle of *Dr. Porter's*, their immediate cure is certain, and chills will not come back during that season. It contains no Quinine, Arsenic or other Poisons, and is a safe, reliable, and sure remedy. Try it. Ask your Druggist about others who have used it. June 23, 1875-ly.

**Cigars!** Cigars! I have a large stock of cigars in store and for sale. E. M. CALDWELL.

**A NEW WORK.**—We were called upon this morning by Mr. A. W. Payne, a resident of our city during the war. He purposes remaining here a few days and will during his stay take subscriptions, of which he has already received a number, for the "Life of Jesus," a new work just issued from the press and only sold by subscription. It is of convenient size, well printed in large type, on good paper, and appropriately illustrated. From the notices of the press we take it to be a work of very superior merit.

**Just Received!** Fresh Dates, Raisins, Prunes, Currants, Pickles, Sardines, Mustard, Canned Fruits, &c. E. M. CALDWELL.

**Odell, Ragan & Co.,** are now receiving their stock of winter goods, which in a few days will be in every particular complete. Having, in connection with their retail department a wholesale department the former can at all times be replenished, so that their retail line will continue to present a full stock from the manufacturer. You can get the newest and the latest styles, and at the lowest prices. 334-1w.

**FALL OPENING.**—Mrs. C. C. Gorrell, would inform the ladies of Greenboro and vicinity that she will have her Fall Opening of Millinery on Thursday, Oct. 7th, 1875. All are respectfully invited to call and examine her new stock. 334-1w.

**SITUATION WANTED AS CLERK.**—A man of experience desires a situation as book-keeper or clerk in a first-class house in this State or Virginia. Can give reference and will work at a reasonable price. Address "R." PATRIOT office, Greenboro. 333-4.

**PRODUCE ABUNDANCE OF WHEAT BY USING FERTILIZERS.**—This is to certify that I used on an old field, "B. D. Soil Fowl Guano" and J. N. Phosphate purchased from W. J. Scott, and that the corn is very good and the ground would have scarcely produced any corn without the aid of fertilizers. I consider it the cheapest corn I shall raise. "Signed" J. S. HOSKINS.

**TO THE CITIZENS OF GREENBORO.**—The Presbyterian Synod of North Carolina will meet in the Presbyterian church in Greenboro on Wednesday, the 13th of October, at 7 o'clock, P. M., and remain in session several days. Any one kindly inclined to assist in entertaining its members and visitors, will please promptly leave his name, with statement of the number he is able to accommodate, at the homes of either Mr. W. S. Moore or Mr. C. G. Yates, or hand it to either of the undersigned.

**CHAS. G. YATES,**  
J. I. SCALES,  
W. B. MOORE,  
W. B. BONGART.  
Sept. 23d, 1875.

**Queen Mary,** Tennyson's latest poem For sale at the Book Store.

**REIDSVILLE ITEMS.**—The best family groceries in Reidsville are at J. W. KERNODLE'S.

**Try some of those hams at J. W. Kernodle's** if you want something good.

**A full supply** of Cunningham's family flour at 334-4 J. W. KERNODLE'S.

**ROCK CREEK,**  
ALABAMA CO., N. C., Jan. 1, 1875.  
DR. R. K. GREGORY,  
Greenboro, N. C.

**DEAR SIR.**—No language can express my gratitude to you for the truly wonderful cure you have made of me, and I think it my duty to other sufferers to send you a certificate, that it may be published and induce them to apply to you for relief.

**For three years** before placing myself under your treatment, I had been confined to my bed, by the most violent rheumatism, or even put my feet to the floor, suffering intensely all the time. Four physicians had been employed at different times to attend me. They relieved my pain temporarily, but promised no cure, and even told my friends my case was hopeless. On the eighteenth day after your treatment was commenced I was able to rise from my bed and walked across the room, and have continued walking more and more each day until now, my limbs have regained their power and strength, my general health restored, and I declare, God bless that through your skill and kindness I am again a healthy, strong man, with a heart overflowing with gratitude. With the very highest regard, I am, sir, truly your grateful patient.

**MATTIE A. ALBRIGHT.**

**FLORENCE**  
For Sale at prices to suit the times.  
LIGHT running and very quiet, has long been tested as a first-class  
**MACHINE.**  
Durability is unquestionable  
and perfect working is not to be surpassed. Has a shuttle making the stitch alike on both sides, has the  
**REVERSABLE FEED,**  
Seizing forward or backward as no other Machine can do.  
This being a great convenience in fastening seams. We furnish a  
**SIDE OR BACK FEED**  
to suit the purchaser, and further; we  
**GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.**  
We allow a discount from our present  
**LOW PRICES**  
To Clubs of Three  
Send your orders and we will see that proper instruction given you in the use of machine, and that you are fully satisfied in your choice.  
Needles, Thread, Oil and Attachments for all Machines constantly on hand.  
Always on hand, Machines of other makes which have been taken in exchange, for sale very low.  
**AGENTS WANTED.**  
P. G. CARLTON  
General Agent for the Company,  
Machines of all kinds repaired at the lowest prices.  
Dec. 23-6m. Greenboro, N. C.

**RALEIGH.**  
**Brown's Variety Store.** THE CHEAPEST Place to Buy All Kinds of  
**MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,**  
(From a Jew-harp to a Church Organ.)  
Strings and Trimmings for Violins, Guitars and Banjos.  
General Agent for the Celebrated  
**ESTEE COTTAGE ORGAN,**  
Best for Churches, best for Schools, best in the Home Circle, best everywhere. Price to suit the times. Send for catalogue.  
**BASKETS! BASKETS! BASKETS!**  
The Largest Assortment in the city.  
**CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.**  
Crocket Sets, Batts, Balls, Fancy Goods, Toys, Perfumery, Soap, Grace and Magic Hoops, Battle Doors and Shuttle Cocks, Pipes, Cigars and Tobacco, and many things too tedious to mention. Call and examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I sell strictly for cash at bottom prices. If you want a bargain don't fail to call at  
NAT. L. BROWN'S,  
No. 10 Fayetteville Street,  
Nov. 18, 1874-ly. Raleigh, N. C.

**STOP AT THE**  
**YARBOROUGH HOUSE**  
Raleigh, N. C.  
G. W. Blackwell, Proprietor.

**NORTH-CAROLINA**  
**BOOK BINDERY**  
AND  
**BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY**  
Raleigh, N. C.  
North Carolina Reports and other Law Books Bound in Superior Law Binding. Missing Numbers Supplied. Grace and Magic Hoops, Battle Doors and Shuttle Cocks, Pipes, Cigars and Tobacco, and many things too tedious to mention. Call and examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I sell strictly for cash at bottom prices. If you want a bargain don't fail to call at  
NAT. L. BROWN'S,  
No. 10 Fayetteville Street,  
Nov. 18, 1874-ly. Raleigh, N. C.

**Pomona Hill Nurseries.**  
100,000 SOUTHERN and acclimated Fruit Trees, &c., for the Autumn Sales of 1875. A good stock of Amelanchier Japonica, the earliest Peach in the world, 8 days earlier than early Heavily, large and fine. Endorsed by Downing, Warden, Thomas and many other eminent Pomologists in the U. S. Correspondents solicited. Special inducements to large planters. Catalogue free on application.  
J. VAN LINDLEY,  
Address, Greenboro, N. C.  
Apr. 1y.

**SERGEANT & MCCAULEY,**  
**GREENBORO, N. C.**  
PROPRIETORS OF THE  
North Carolina Foundry, Machine, and Agricultural Works.  
AND MANUFACTURES OF THE  
**"TROPIC" COOKING STOVE.**

**RETAIL PRICES**  
Including all the Ware and Pipe,  
No. 7, \$25.00  
No. 8, 30.00  
**OVER 1000 NOW IN USE.**  
Feb. 25

**Well Boring.** I AM PREPARED TO bore wells, with Hudson's Patent Well Borer, for the citizens generally, and will take pleasure in showing parties how it works and do their work promptly and at reasonable prices.  
**PRICE PER FOOT FORTY-CENTS,** and the Well Borer for use.  
This well needs only to be seen to commend itself. Address:  
W. F. HOLDEN,  
Greenboro, N. C.  
Sept. 5, 1875-4w.

**To the Ladies.** WINTERING PLANTS. Notice is hereby given to the Ladies of Greenboro that plants will be received for wintering at Greenboro Greenhouse—beginning next Monday, October 4th.—Terms for wintering:  
Plants in pots 10 cents each.  
Plants in boxes 15 cents each.  
Large Plants in tubs 25 to 35 cents each. Payable in advance.  
This well needs only to be seen to commend itself. Address:  
P. BRAUN, FLOREST,  
Greenboro Greenhouse,  
Sept. 29, 1875. 335-11y.

**NEW YORK.**  
W. G. McNEELY, OF N. C.  
WITH  
**C. N. HOWARD & COMPANY.**  
Commission Merchants,  
Nos. 77 & 79 BROAD STREET,  
CHAS. N. HOWARD,  
D. E. McINTON,  
NEW YORK.  
REFERENCES:  
Haverhill National Bank, New York.  
Mechanics' Trust Co., New York.  
First National Bank, Garrettsville, Ohio.  
Exchange Bank of Canada, Montreal.  
Oct. 14, 344-1y.

**Appleton's**  
**AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA.**  
NEW REVISED EDITION.  
Edited and written by the ablest writers on every subject. Printed from new type, and illustrated with Several Thousand Engravings and Maps.  
The work originally published under the title of *The American Cyclopaedia* was completed in 1863, since which time the wide circulation which it has attained in all parts of the United States, and the signal developments which have taken place in every branch of science, literature, and art, have induced the editors and publishers to submit it to an exact and thorough revision, and to issue a new edition entitled *The American Cyclopaedia*.  
This new edition contains the progress of discovery in every department of knowledge has made a new work of reference an imperative want.  
The great political and social affairs have kept pace with the discoveries of science, and their fruitful application to the industrial and useful arts and the convenience and refinement of modern life. Great and consequent revolutions have occurred, involving national changes of peculiar moment. The civil war of our own country, which was at its height when the last volume of the work appeared, has happily been ended, and a new course of commercial and industrial activity has been commenced.  
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# RICHMOND.

## CHINA, GLASS, EARTHEN-WARE AND

I have now in store of my own importation, purchased direct from the manufacturers in Europe and in this country, the largest and most complete stock of goods in my line to be found in the South, consisting in part of  
SILVER PLATED WARE,  
Table Cutlery,  
Japanned Tin Toilet Sets,  
Wafers,  
Britania Ware,  
Block Tin Ware,  
Non-explosive  
Lamps, and  
LAMP GOODS GENERALLY.  
To which I would call the attention of Merchants, Hotel Keepers and the public generally, assuring them that they will be sold as low as they can be purchased in any market.

E. R. TAYLOR,  
No. 101 Main Street,  
Richmond, Va.  
Sept. 25/17.  
A. J. ELLETT,  
A. J. WATKINS,  
Late Ellett & Watkins, Ellett & Drew,  
ST. JAMES HOTEL,  
Hughes, Caldwell & Co.

A. L. ELLETT & CO.,  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,  
No. 121 Main Street, Richmond, Va.  
Orders Promptly Executed.  
Mr. T. Ruffin Taylor will be found in  
our house.  
Mar. 11/17-pd

SOUTHERN  
STEAM CANDY  
MANUFACTORY,  
Established in 1845.

TO THE SOUTHERN TRADE.  
PURSUING my old policy of selling goods at the lowest possible price for Cash, I have reduced the price of my Inimitable Candies.  
I am manufacturing daily CRUSH SUGAR, STEAM CLARIFIED FLINT CANDIES, warranted better than any made in the United States for wholesale purposes. I have on hand the largest stock of CONFECTIONERIES, FRUITS, CIGARS and TOBACCO I ever had at any one time. I buy all my goods from first hands, New York or Boston importers, or purchase them at cargo sales through brokers for cash, and can sell all goods as low as N. Y. jobbers.  
Don't you believe that I can be undersold anywhere.  
I also sell

PRIZE CANDY  
WARRANTED UNEQUALED.  
I sell Foreign Fruits, Nuts of all kinds, Canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, and Vegetables, Jellies, Preserves, Sauces, Cateups, Pickles, Brandy Peaches.

WORM CONNECTIONS,  
Cakes, Crackers, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.  
All orders filled promptly and carefully and all goods warranted.

LOUIS J. BROSSEUX,  
Wholesale Confectioner, 5 Story Building,  
1412 Main St., Richmond, Va.  
George S. Pease, formerly of this city, is connected with this house, and all of our North Carolina friends will be well treated if they will only give him a trial.  
Jan. 1/17

First-Class Goods  
AT LOW PRICES.  
Save money by Purchasing Your Dry Goods FROM LEVY BROTHERS.

Colored Grenadines at 25, 34, 10 and 12c, worth more than double the money—These prices are fixed extraordinary low to close out the whole stock.  
Lawn at 24, 24, 24, 25, and 26c;  
Wash-Poplines at 12 and 16c, worth 16c and 20c;  
Black Alpaca at 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 75, 85, 90c, and up to \$1.50 per yard. This embraces the largest and cheapest stock of alpaca in this city.  
Wide Black Silk, for lining at 75c per yard; Black Silks at 90, \$1, \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, and up to \$3.50 per yard—all of which are much below regular prices; Colored Silks in great variety at extraordinary bargains.  
Australian Crepe at 50, 60 and 75c per yard; Bombazines and other goods for mourning; Crepe Vell in quantities, and sizes, also a full assortment of Love Vell;  
Hemstitched, Tape-Bordered, Colored-Bordered, and Mourning Handkerchiefs, in great variety;  
Neck-Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Ties, and Bowes, in great variety;  
Lace and Muslin Neck Scarfs;  
Black Ribbons in all qualities, and full assortment of narrow Ribbons;  
Ruffles at 50c per dozen worth 10c apiece—the latter have lace edges;  
Ruffles by the yard from 20c up to \$1.50 per yard;  
Linen Collars at 50, 75c, and \$1 per dozen worth \$1.50 and \$2;  
Note Paper in boxes—twenty-four sheets of paper and twenty-four envelopes at 40, 45, 50, and 60c a box;  
Bosps, Extraneous, and Toilet Water, manufactured by Colgate & Co., retained at wholesale prices;  
Combs in great quantities—Dressing, Fine, Round, Tuck, and Side Combs;  
Brushes—Hair, tooth, Nail, and Cloth Brushes;  
Lunch-Baskets, Satchels, Shawl-cases, Trunks, and Valises;  
Unbleached Kitting Cotton, three, four and five strand, at 10c per pound;  
Bleached Kitting Cotton, all sizes, in balls, at 10c per pound;  
Singer Sewing-Machine Needles at 10c per dozen; Wheeler & Wilson, Graver & Baker, Howe, Domestic, West, Howe, Elliptic, and Wilson Sewing-Machine Needles at 10c per dozen. We pay the postage.  
Clark's "O. N. T." John Clark's, and Coats' Spool-Spin Cotton at 70c per dozen;  
Campt-Wary in all colors—the best manufactured;  
Carpets, Oil-Cloths;  
Mating, Rugs, Mats;  
Window-Shades, Curtain-Laces, Curtain-Muslins, and Curtain Fixtures;  
Calico Collars and Cuffs at 10c a set, worth 50c;  
Linen Stand-Covers at 60c worth \$1;  
Wool Table-Covers at \$1 worth \$1.50;  
Piano-Covers at great bargains;  
Table-Linen Damask and Table-Cloths in all qualities at extra-low prices;  
Napkins, Dollies, Towels, and Tray-cloths in great variety and at much below regular prices;  
Honey-Comb Quilts at \$1 worth \$1.50;  
Crotchet Quilts at \$1.50 and \$2 worth \$2.50 and \$3;  
White and Striped Hose for women and children in all qualities;  
Kid Gloves in all qualities from 75c up to \$2.50 a pair;  
Lace Thread Gloves and Gannets from 25c up to 75c;  
Buck Gannets in all qualities;  
Cheviot Shirtings at 12, 15 and 25c per yard;  
Bed-Tick in all qualities from 10c to 30c per yard;  
Linen and Cotton Sheetings and Pillow-Cases at bargain prices;  
Bleached and Unbleached Cottons from 45c up to the best manufactured;  
Linen Carriage-Dusters in great variety;  
Ready-made Dresses and Undergarments for ladies;  
Lace Points and Jockets in great variety, very cheap;  
Merino Shirts for men, women, and children;  
Elastic and Leather Belts in great variety;  
Corsets in great variety from 40c up to \$2.50 a pair;  
Dimity Bands at \$1 per dozen worth 15c apiece;  
Kane and Fan-Chains in great variety at LEVY BROTHERS',  
Feb. 10. 1017 and 1019 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

We Have Opened a House  
in RICHMOND, VA.,  
for the sale of the "L. Bumgardner & Co. Mountain Eye Whiskey," manufactured by us near Staunton, Va. We make liberal discounts to the trade.  
L. BUMGARDNER & CO.,  
aug. 28-30-31m. 1410 Main Street.

# RICHMOND.

## GEO. W. ANDERSON & SON

DEALER IN  
CARPETS  
PAPER  
HANGINGS,  
MATTINGS,  
CURTAIN GOODS  
Oil  
Cloths,  
Window  
Shades, &c.  
No. 1204 Main Street, Richmond, Va.  
Nov. 25, 1874-ly.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,  
12th, opposite Bank street and Capitol Square,  
RICHMOND, VA.  
T. W. HOENIGER, Proprietor.  
A new and first-class Hotel, furnished in 1874 equal to any in the United States. The Proprietor assures comfort to the traveling public. Mr. JOHN P. BALLARD will be glad to see his old friends and patrons.  
Nov. 25, 1874-ly.

Chas. T. Batsley,  
With O. M. MARSHALL,  
1304 Main Street, Richmond, Va.  
Hats and Caps by the Case or Dozen,  
LADIES' FURS AND TRUNKS.  
LADIES' TRIMMED HATS.  
Mar. 11/17.

W. W. Ellington, of N. C.  
WITH  
THAXTON & NICHOLAS,  
JEWELLERS OF  
White Goods, Fancy Goods,  
NOTIONS, &c., &c.  
No. 9 Governor or 13th St., Richmond, Va.  
E. B. Taylor's Old Stand.  
301 1/2.

HABLITON & BROTHER,  
FURNITURE  
THE LARGEST AND BEST  
Selected Assortment in the South.  
205 Main Street,  
RICHMOND, VA.  
ANTHRACITE COAL  
FOR FOUNDRY, FACTORY  
AND FAMILY USE  
Also, Engine and Smith's Coal.  
S. H. HAWES,  
Richmond, Va.  
Sept. 22-6m.

Shun Drug Poison.  
MEDICINE  
Rendered useless! Volta's Electro Belts and Bands are endorsed by the most eminent physicians in the world for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, liver complaint, dyspepsia, kidney disease, ulcers, pains, nervous disorders, etc., female complaints, nervous and general debility, and other chronic diseases of the chest, head, liver, stomach, kidneys and blood. Book with full particulars free by  
VOLTA BELT CO.,  
Cincinnati, O.

Sample Free and big pay to male and female everywhere. Address THE UNION PUB. CO., Newark, N. J.

\$12 a day home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free.  
TREE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

\$50 TO \$10,000  
Has been invested in stock Privileges & paid 900 PER CENT PROFIT.  
"How to Do It," a Book on Wall St., sent free. TUMBRIDGE & CO., Bankers & Brokers, 2 Wall St., N. Y.

\$10,000 Royal Havana  
Lottery.  
Distributed every fifteen days.  
1 prize, \$100,000 1 prize, \$50,000  
2 prizes, \$25,000 each 20,000  
24 prizes, amounting to \$10,000  
Wholesale tickets, \$20; quarters, \$5; twentys, \$1. Circulars of information free. Prizes cashed. A. DONAU & CO., BANKERS, Post-office Box 2025, 21 Park Row, N. Y. Royal Saxon and Brunswick Government Lotteries constantly on hand.

THE BROWN COTTON GIN CO.,  
NEW LONDON, CONN.  
Manufacturers of Cotton Gins, Cotton Gin Frames, Condensers and Cotton Gin Materials of every description. Our Gins have been in use thirty years, and have an established reputation for simplicity, light running, durability, and for quality and quantity of lint produced. Our feeders are easily attached to the Gin, and easily operated by hand or by machinery. They are the simplest and cheapest feeders in the market and feed with more regularity than any other. Increasing the output and giving a cleaner and better sample. At all Fairs where exhibited and by Planters having them in use, they have been accorded the highest commendation. Our Condensers are well made, durable and simple in construction, and do what is required of them rapidly and well. No additional power is required to drive the Feeder or Condenser, and the Gin House is complete without them. We are prepared to warrant, to any reasonable extent, perfect satisfaction to every purchaser. Circulars, prices and full information furnished. Address above, or apply to PARKER & WATSON, Warrenton, N. C.

TEAS.  
THE CHOICEST IN THE  
World—Importers' prices—Largest Company in America—staple article—please every body—Trade continually increasing—agents wanted everywhere—best inducements—don't waste time—send for circular to ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y., P.O. Box 1257.  
\$77 a week guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs Nothing to try it. Particulars Free. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.  
\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

WANTED,  
AGENTS, MALE AND FEMALE, to sell Pictures, every where—Fourteen thousand and retained by one. What agents say: "I can make more money in this business than I can on a \$10,000 farm, all stocked. Your Pictures please everybody." "I received the 55 you sent, and sold 51 the next day." "Pictures received, and more than half sold the first day. Send 100 more." "Glad to find an honest picture dealer." Seven years established.  
WHITNEY & CO.,  
Norwich, Conn.  
Aug. 25-38-3m.

We Study to Please  
OUR GUESTS  
When you visit Salisbury, don't fail to stop at  
THE BOYDEN HOUSE;  
A fine House, filled with new and elegant Furniture, Carpets, Silver Ware, &c. Clean and neat rooms. We guarantee something good to eat, polite servants and a hearty welcome.  
W. T. LINTON,  
Proprietor.  
3 000 Pounds  
PURE ENGLISH LEAD  
FOR SALE BY  
Druggist

# DANVILLE.

## R. L. HICKSON,

DANVILLE, VA.  
Important to the Country Trade  
SPECIAL SALE,  
COMMENCING  
Wednesday, November 19, 1873.  
HICKSON & TYACK  
Will offer their stock of General Merchandise, including a magnificent stock of  
FURNITURE,  
the whole amounting to  
SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.  
At each reduction from present values as will insure the  
SALE OF THEIR ENTIRE STOCK  
within the next  
SIXTY DAYS.

GREAT BARGAINS  
will be sold—but during the time of this special sale our terms will be  
STRICTLY CASH.  
256-17  
GRAVES' WAREHOUSE,  
DANVILLE, VA.

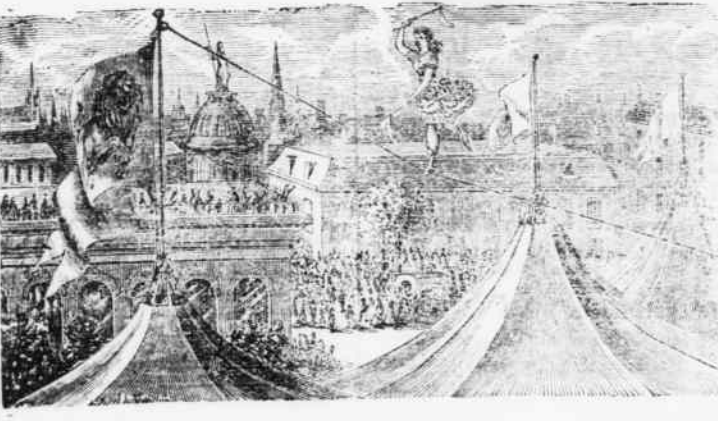
For the Sale of  
LEAF TOBACCO.  
Graves charges only 24 per cent. for selling tobacco, and guarantees the highest prices, as good handling of tobacco and as prompt attention to business as any house in the market. Respectfully,  
WM. P. GRAVES,  
apr. 22-17

REMOVAL!  
D. B. KELLEY,  
DANVILLE, VA.  
MERCHANT TAILOR.  
BEGS leave to inform his friends and the public that he has removed to the large store house recently occupied by J. C. Voss, next door to Platters' National Bank, where he will be pleased to serve all who may favor him with their patronage.  
A complete line of merchant tailoring goods kept always on hand and work executed promptly and in best style.  
April 11/17.

MOORE'S  
FIRST CLASS FURNITURE  
HOUSE!  
Mammoth Stock—covering 8,000 square feet of surface!  
Reliable goods at bottom prices!  
NEW GOODS received daily from the best manufacturers. I have now in store a full line of all kinds of Furniture,  
Chamber Suits from \$25 to \$500.  
Bedsteads from \$3.50 to \$75.  
Other goods cheap in proportion.  
Mattresses,  
All kinds made to order.  
Crochery,  
Glassware  
TABLE CUTLERY, MIRRORS,  
Carpets,  
Mattings,  
WALL BRACKETS.  
Oil Cloths, Wall Paper and Paper, Elastic and Linen Window Shades.  
FURNITURE of all kinds repaired.  
UNDERTAKER.  
Metallic Cases and Coffins  
FURNISHED AT ALL HOURS.  
Main St., Danville, Va., near Arlington House.  
Jan. 1-17

Lumber: Lumber!  
I HAVE BOUGHT THE  
Steam Sawmill owned by Thomas & Bro., and am running it; 5 miles south of Thomasville, and have a large quantity of Good Pine and Oak Timber. I am prepared to fill bills punctually on short notice. I have on hand also about 100,000 feet of Lumber, a portion of which was sawed last winter. I sell Pine Lumber at the mill at \$1 per hundred feet or \$1.25 put on the flats at Thomasville, and other lumber at customary prices. I shall give the lumber business my attention and will be thankful for a liberal patronage.  
GREEN H. LEE,  
June 9, 1875-377-6m.

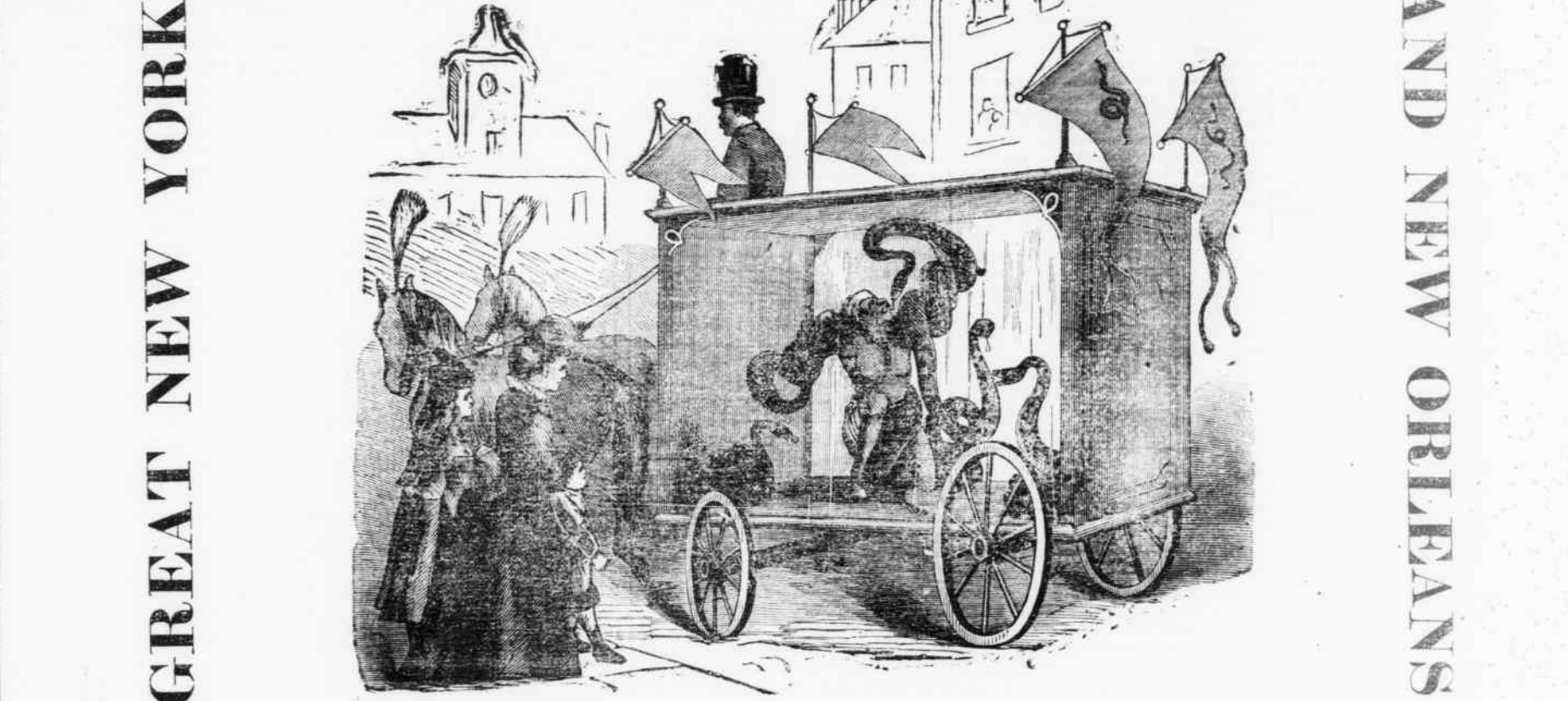
# Greensboro, SATURDAY, Oct. 16.



COMING  
ON  
SPECIAL TRAINS  
OF  
Railroad Cars  
The Big Show!  
THE AMUSEMENT BONANZA!  
The Most Successful Show in the World.



NOW ON ITS THIRD ANNUAL TOUR OF THE CONTINENT W. W. COLE'S



AND NEW ORLEANS

ZOOLOGICAL AND EQUESTRIAN EXPOSITION.  
MONSTER LIVING  
SEA LIONS!  
THE LARGEST EVER CAPTURED.

And the only one alive outside of the Pacific Ocean, exhibited in Mammoth 40 bbl. Tanks of Sea Water. Vastly superior in point of magnificence! Far exceeding in attractiveness all predecessors! In Magnitude, Originality, Merit, Strength, Splendor and Universal Popularity and Success—without equal! Without a peer! Without a rival! One million dollars represented by a multitude of Curiosities! A Legion of Animals, Numbers of Unparalleled Novelties, Bands of Music, a City of New Striped Tents, a Herd of Dromedaries, Dens of Serpents, Cages of Crocodiles, Nature's Freaks and works of Art, Mechanical Musical Instruments, Monster breathing Sea Lions, and Terrestrial Terrors, an Army of Men and Dromedaries of Horses. In its Menagerie are Gnu, Hartbeestes, Blaze Boks, Elands, Giant Ostriches, Malayan Tapir, MANATEES, (first ever exhibited), Kangaroos, Four Large Defianting Lions, two monster Royal Bengal Tigers, Leopards, Zebras, Porcupines, Ixex, Wart Hog, fourteen Dromedaries, Male and Female Elephants, Emus, Nyl Gan, Monster Serpents, Living Crocodiles, etc. In all nearly four hundred living specimens.

The only Team of 12 Camels seen in the South for twenty Years!



GALLERY OF STATUARY embracing Life Size Statues of Beecher. Mrs. Beecher, Tilton, Mrs. Tilton, Charley Ross, the stolen child, and others.

HUGE LIVING GIRAFFE 11 FEET HIGH!

\$7,000 MECHANICAL WONDER!  
The only STEAM MAN! Actually Walks and Runs Alone. The Greatest Invention of Modern Times.  
ITS CIRCUIT HAS CHAMPIONS OF EVERY LAND—MALE AND FEMALE.

ADMISSION AS USUAL.  
ONE TICKET ADMITS TO ALL TENTS.  
RESERVED SEATS, which are as comfortable as chairs in a theatre, occupy a portion of the seating. All may avail themselves of the use of them by paying 25 cts. extra. They are most elegantly upholstered.

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY  
2 and 7 p.m. Positively exhibits RAIN or SHINE.

REMEMBER THE DATE  
GREENSBORO,  
SATURDAY, OCT. 16.

REMEMBER  
SALISBURY, FRIDAY, OCT. 15.  
CO. SHOPS, THURSDAY, OCT. 21.  
DURHAM, Friday, Oct. 22.