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1 sq. (10 lines or less) 1st insertion.....	\$ 1.00
Each additional insertion.....	50
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One year.....	10.00
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One year.....	60.00
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SPECIAL NOTICES 50 per cent higher than the above rates.	
Court orders \$8 in advance.	
Yearly advertisements changed quarterly if desired. Payments quarterly in advance.	
Since uniting The Patriot and The Times the press upon our advertising columns has been so great, we have been forced to receive but a few select advertisements, and adhere strictly to the above CASH RATES.	
Ordinary notices, over five lines, charged as advertisements.	

Business Directory.

- Attorneys at Law.**
Scott & Scott,
North Elm, opposite Court House.
Gibson & Gibson,
North Elm, opposite Court House, (see advertisement.)
Adams & Staples,
Second floor, Tate building.
Seales & Seales,
North Room, Patrick Row, in rear of Porter & Eckel's Drug Store.
Apothecaries and Druggists.
R. W. Glenn, M.D.,
West Market Street, McConnell building.
Porter & Eckel,
West Market, next courthouse, (see adv.)
Auctioneer.
W. E. Edwards.
Barbers.
Wilkes & Wiley,
North Elm, opposite Court House.
Bankers and Insurance Agents.
Henry G. Kellogg,
South Elm, Tate building, (see adv.)
Wilson & Sholer,
South Elm, opposite Express Office, (see adv.)
Boot and Shoe Makers.
E. Kirch Schlegel,
West Market, opposite Mansion Hotel.
Thos. S. Hayes,
Davie st., 4 doors North Steele's corner.
Cigar Manufacturer.
A. Brockman,
South Elm, Caldwell block.
Cabinet Makers and Undertakers.
John A. Pritchett,
South Elm, near Depot.
Wm. Collins,
Corner of Sycamore and Davie streets.
Contractor in Brick-work.
David McKnight.
Contractors in Wood-work.
J. J. Collier,
Jas. L. Oakley,
David Kersey.
Confectioners.
F. DeSmet,
Tate building, corner store.
J. Harper Lindsay, Jr.,
South Elm.
Dress-Making and Fashions.
Mrs. A. Maurice,
South Elm, (see adv.)
Mrs. A. Dilworth,
Next door to Times Office.
Dentists.
J. W. Howell,
1st door left hand, up stairs, Garrett's building.
Dry Goods, Grocers and Produce.
W. S. Moore,
East Market, Albright's new building.
L. H. Routhen,
Corner East Market and North Elm, Lindsay corner, (see adv.)
A. Weatherly,
Corner East Market and Davie streets.
W. D. Trotter,
East Market, Albright's new building.
L. R. May,
West Market, opposite Porter & Eckel.
S. C. Dodson,
West Market, opposite Court House.
Jas. Sloan & Sons,
South Elm, near Depot, (see adv.)
G. G. Yates,
South Elm.
Smith & Gilmer,
Opposite Southern Hotel.
J. D. Kline,
East Market street.
S. Steele,
Corner East Market and Davie streets.
D. W. C. Beahm,
Corner South Elm and Sycamore.
Bogart & Murray,
East Market, South Side.
Foundry and Machine Shop.
J. H. Tarpley,
Washington st., on the Railroad.
Grocers and Confectioners.
Starrett & Wile,
East Market, next Post Office.
General Emigration Office, for the West and South-West.
Louis Zimmer,
Gen'l Southern Agent, B and O. R. R.,
West Market, opposite Mansion Hotel.
Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina.
Jas. B. Greeter, Gen'l Agent,
West Market, opposite Mansion Hotel.
Harness-makers.
J. W. S. Parker,
East Market st., near Court House.
James E. Thom,
Corner South Elm and Sycamore.
Hotels.
Southern Hotel, Seales & Black, proprietors,
West Market, near Court House.
Planter's Hotel, J. T. Reese, proprietor,
East Market, near Court House.
Liquor Dealers.
Dean & Bugbee, Wholesale Dealers,
West Market st., Garrett Building.
Livery Stables.
W. J. Edmondson,
Davie street.
Millinery and Lady's Goods.
Mrs. W. S. Moore,
East Market, Albright's new building.
Mrs. Sarah Adams,
West Market, opposite Court House.
Music and Musical Instruments.
Prof. F. B. Maurice,
South Elm, (see adv.)
Tailors.
W. L. Fowler,
West-Market, opposite Southern Hotel.
Tinners.
Jno. E. O'Sullivan,
Corner West Market and Ashe streets.
C. G. Yates,
South Elm.
Photographers.
Hugh & Yates,
West Market, opposite Court House,
up stairs.

Tomb-Stones.
Henry G. Kellogg,
South Elm.
Sign and Ornamental Painting.
A. W. Ingold,
East Market, Albright's block.
Physicians.
A. S. Porter,
West Market st., (near Times Office.)
R. W. Glenn,
West Market, McConnell building.
Jas. K. Hall,
North Elm, opposite court-house.
J. E. Logan,
Corner West-Market and Greene.
Watchmakers and Jewellers.
W. B. Farrar,
South Elm, opposite Express Office.
David Scott,
East Market, Albright's block.
Guilford County Officers.
Sheriff, R. M. Stafford.
Coroner, John A. Pritchett.
Treasurer, John Hall.
Clerk Superior Court, Abram Clapp.
Recorder of Deeds, J. W. S. Parker.
Surreyor, G. W. Bowman.
Commissioners—Wm. M. Melane, Chairman;
Wm. W. Wheeler, John C. Denny, Jonathan
Anthony, Zephaniah Mitchell, (colored).
J. W. S. Parker, Clerk ex-officio of the board.

WHITE MEN REMEMBER.
"One Colored man is worth a half
dozen Irish or a dozen Germans."
Stille's Radical speech in Greensboro.

A CAMPAIGN PAPER.

Let every Conservative Club
SEND IN
SUBSCRIBERS.
Besides being a good local and agri-
cultural paper, THE PATRIOT AND
TIMES advocates the election of

Seymour and Blair

as the only hope of averting
ANOTHER WAR
In clubs of ten the paper will be
sent one year for \$1.50 each; Six months
80cts each; three months 40cts each.
Every Democratic club in this dis-
trict can send us at least ten subscribers,
and we trust they will do so,
AND AT ONCE!

GOOD OLD BRANDY.
Why is it that our common farmers
can't distill a little brandy for their
own use? Because the Radical Con-
gress has placed the SMALL TAX OF
FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS upon
all distilleries forcing the poor men to
quit the business, in order that the
rich may grow fat! How much longer
will you vote for such gross outrages
upon your rights?

COLORED MEN!
Who rents you lands? Is it Radicals or
Democrats? Look out for your interests.

"When the storm is over, the Conserva-
tive party, representing, as it does, THE
PROPERTY AND INTELLIGENCE
OF THE STATE, will take the guidance
of affairs, AND ALL WILL BE WELL."
—Judge Pearson's Letter.

FACTS TO BE OBSERVED BY THE PEOPLE.

1. In the approaching election, no man is disfranchised, who ever was entitled to vote.
2. A new registration will begin about the 15th of October, and every voter, old and new, must register.
3. There are 140,000 white voters in North Carolina, and 70,000 colored voters, in round numbers, a majority of 2 to 1.
4. Although the whole of the colored vote should be cast against the Conservatives, (which will not be the case), and 35,000 white votes added, SEYMOUR AND BLAIR will still carry the State, if a full vote be polled.
5. Military Government has ceased. The election on the 3d of November is to be free, as in former times.
6. Any person who shall assemble armed men at any place of election, on election day, is liable to a penalty of \$1,000 according to the Revised Code, page 308—9.

POOR MEN, read the Revenue duties on the following necessities of life—used in every family:

IN DEMOCRATIC TIMES	IN REPUBLICAN TIMES
Coffee, free	Coffee, 5 cents gold.
Tea, free	Tea, 25 " gold.
Sugar, 1/2 cts. per lb.	Sugar, 3 to 5 cts. gold.
Salt, 1/2 " "	Salt, 14 to 20 " bush.
Molasses, 2 cts per gal.	Molasses, 8 cts per gal.

These duties are paid by the mer-
chants to the government; but, the
price is added to the article and the
consumer has it to pay. How long
will the people continue to keep in
power the party that is thus daily im-
poverishing them? Let them speak at
the November election.

The foot of the owner is the best ma-
nure for his land,

The Patriot and Times.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

RESPECTABLE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The bolters who nominated Tourgee for Congress, have at last published the proceedings of their Convention in pamphlet form, a copy of which a friend has kindly furnished us. We publish this pamphlet in full, for the following reasons:

1st. This body represents the "intel-
ligent, respectable, high-minded Radicals," who have no organ in this State—the dirty woman-insulting *Standard* not being worthy to represent them.

2nd. Our friends, Tourgee, Scott, Welker, &c., have been ill-treated by the *Standard*—no notice of their seces-
sion from the party having appeared in its columns.

It is a source of regret, however, that the speech of Tourgee, accepting the nomination, has been omitted by the publishing committee. We would have been pleased to lay it before our readers, for if it was in keeping with his speech on Billy on the day following the nomination, it would reflect great credit to the respectable party. Was it on account of its low, abusive, dirty allusions to Windy Billy that the committee have suppressed it?

We cannot tell how many colored men were among the delegates; but, we know some of the vice presidents were colored and about half the persons in the hall were of the same complexion, yet they were all respect-
able.

Give the Judge a fair showing, is all we ask, and if his own party will not do it, we must. We do not care to criticise the proceedings, they speak for themselves.

*Proceedings of the Republican Dis-
trict Convention, Fifth District, North Caro-
lina, Held at Greensboro, N. C., Sept
tember 18th, 1868.*

At a Convention of the Republican delegates of the Fifth District, held in the Court House at Greensboro, N. C., on the 18th of September, Dr. Wm P. Pugh, of Guilford, was called to the Chair as President, and Samuel Stoltz, of Forsythe, was appointed Secretary.

On motion, a committee of three, consisting of Henderson Adams, of Davidson, J. P. Vest, of Forsythe, and David Hodgkin, of Guilford, were appointed by the President, to examine the credentials of delegates.

After the report of the Committee on Credentials, which report was adopted, the Convention proceeded to ballot for a candidate for Congress.

The first ballot being irregular, was set aside. Upon the second ballot Wm F Henderson, Esq., received seventeen votes, Hon I G Lash, seven votes, Hon A W Tourgee, six votes being thirty-two, and Wm F Henderson having receiving seventeen votes, was there-
fore declared the nominee.

Mr Badiam, of Alamance, then moved that the nomination be made unanimous by exclamation, which motion was lost.

Mr Adams, of Davidson, then moved that H A Badiam, of Alamance, be nominated as elector for the Fifth District, which motion was adopted.

After a recess of about one hour, the Convention reassembled, whereupon the President arose and spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the Convention:—"In accepting, at your hands the place of President of this Convention, I felt myself highly honored by the confidence reposed in me by the members of this body. Gentlemen, I am a Republican, an earnest, self-sacrificing Republican. With upright, honorable men, men of intelligence and probity in any event, I am willing to work in political harness earnestly and faithfully. With such men, as leaders, honest men and fair-minded citizens can work for our cause with cheerful goodwill. With and for such men I can and will work for success and for none other. Above the matter of mere political success, above the issue of a single struggle, I value the honor and purity of our party. If our candidates, the nominees of our party, our public representatives are men of corrupt and odious character, of damaged reputation, and of a fame so unenviable that good citizens regard them with disgust, then our party has lost its strength, and released its members from their party allegiance. Knowing as I do, the general character and repute of the nominee, who has been put forward for Congress by this Convention, knowing how odious is his character to a large portion of the Republican party, and being unable from my own knowledge of him, to give him my support, I think it unfitting that I should longer hold the position of President of this Convention. I regret that I am compelled to adopt this course, yet I cannot in consideration of my duty to our party and myself conscientiously continue to preside. I therefore resign the Presidency of this Convention."

The Secretary, Mr Stoltz, also with-
drew from the Convention.

Major W B Stipe, of Forsythe, then

arose and asked all who approved the sentiments of the President, to meet immediately at Garrett's Hall, for consultation. Thereupon a large portion of the delegates withdrew from the Convention, and a meeting was organized at the place designated. The following are the names of the delegates, with other leading Republicans, who joined the organization of an "Independent Republican Organization."

Forsythe—Dr W H Wheeler, John P Vest, Anderson Nicholson, Esqs., Maj W B Stipe, T Chitty, H A Lemly, Esq., Hon P A Wilson, E B Teague, Jos Phipps, Samuel Stoltz, Smith Frazier and David DeSchweinitz.

Randolph—Nathan H Hill, Samuel W Blair, Clement G Hayworth and Alfred Julian, Esqs.

Caswell—Charles H Walker, Esq. Surry—Mordecai Fleming, Esq.

Alamance—T W Shoffner and Robt L Mebane, Esqs.

Person—Samuel C Barrett, Esq.

Guilford—Rev G W Welker, John T Poe, S G Horney, Isaac H Stanley, Thomas Marsh, Geo. W Bowman, Fred Smith, Esqs., Alex H Lindsay, Levi F Davis, P H Bilbro, Esqs., Gen. Will L Scott, Dr Wm P Pugh, Charles Albright, Daniel C Welker, Madison Gilmer, Eli Lindsay, David Hodgkin, Stephen Hunt, Frank Jordan, Philip Jones, Robert M Stafford and Jacob Causey.

Among the above delegates were the entire delegations from the counties of Forsythe, Person and Guilford.

The Meeting was organized by the above delegates and a large number of other Republicans by the election of Major W B Stipe, of Forsythe, as temporary Chairman. Hon Peter A Wilson was then elected permanent President, and Dr Wm P Pugh, of Guilford, Samuel C Barrett, of Person, Nathan H Hill, of Randolph, Charles Albright, of Guilford, and David DeSchweinitz, of Forsythe, Vice Presidents.

Samuel Stoltz, of Forsythe, and David Hodgkin, of Guilford, were elected Secretaries.

Gen Will L Scott, of Guilford, being called upon by the President, briefly explained that the object of this organization, which was to express the dissatisfaction which so large a portion of the Republican party feel in regard to the nomination which has been made for Congress. The character of the nominee is too well known to a large portion of the people of the District, and too unfavorable known, to enable any person with due respect to his own party, to support him. Unfortunately this is added an incapacity and ignorance which would bring disgrace upon any party whose candidate he might be. Unless another candidate would certainly be elected.

String speeches were then made by Judge Dick, Rev Geo W Welker and others, heartily approving the course of the members of the meeting.

The following preamble and resolution was then offered by Geo W Welker:

Whereas, a convention of the Fifth Congressional District of North Carolina, by a majority of one, has nominated as a candidate for Congress, Wm F Henderson, a man of such questionable character, that as honest men and true Republicans we cannot conscientiously give him our support as such candidate; therefore,

Resolved, That we, Republicans of this District and delegates to the District Convention, having used our best exertions to prevent the unfortunate circumstance which we so much regret, and having withdrawn from the Convention making this nomination, do respectfully request—to be a candidate for a seat in Congress, and that we hereby pledge to him our hearty, individual and untiring support.

Which preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted.

On motion of Mr. Vest, of Forsythe, the Hon A W Tourgee was chosen as the nominee of this meeting for Congress.

Judge Tourgee being called, accepted the nomination in an appropriate speech.

H A Badiam, of Alamance, was chosen as our nominee for Elector for this District.

Mr. Hodgkin, of Guilford, offered the following resolution, which was adopted without a dissenting voice, viz:

Resolved, That Geo W Welker, Gen. Will L Scott, John P Vest, S C Barrett, Nathan H Hill, Mordecai Fleming and W B Stipe be appointed a committee to draft an address to the voters of this district, setting forth the reasons for our action and its result, and to have 5,000 copies of the proceed-
ings of this meeting, their own address, and the speech of Judge Tourgee accepting the nomination, published in pamphlet form.

Upon the suggestion of Hon R P Dick that a committee of conference be raised, the President appointed the following named gentlemen as members of said committee, viz:
S C Barrett, R L Mebane, N H Hill, W B Stipe, Mordecai Fleming and David Hodgkin, which committee was authorized by the meeting to make any arrangements with those who remained in the Court House, which would be satisfactory to both parties; and if advisable, to withdraw our nominee and select another candidate.

The said Committee of Conference at once waited upon the candidate and prominent members of the other meeting before their adjournment, request-
ing a conference, with a view of recon-
ciling difficulties, and of selecting another candidate. Time was asked by

the parties with whom they conferred. Afterwards the committee were informed that they had no compromise to make.

On motion, it was unanimously resolved that the *Daily Standard* and *People's Press* be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

On motion the meeting then adjourned.

P. A. WILSON,
President.
SAMUEL STOLTZ,
DAVID HODIN,
Secretaries.

ADDRESS OF THE COMMITTEE.

Fellow Citizens:

Having been appointed a committee by the aforesaid Convention to prepare an address to the voters of this Congressional District, in behalf of the purity and honor of the Republican party and the very interests of our country, we would respectfully invite your attention to a few facts of vast importance to every pure and patriotic citizen, and the conclusions there to be legitimately drawn.

Before the Convention met, it was apprehended that improper means had been used at some primary county meeting, with a view to secure the success of certain aspirants, and, after its assembling, it was discovered that the apprehension was not unfounded. On balloting, William F Henderson was declared the nominee by a bare majority. So unacceptable was he, in consequence of his bad moral character, that the Convention refused to make the nomination unanimous.

A large portion of the Convention was determined not to have such a man thrust upon them. They with-
drew, as stated in the proceedings of the Convention, retired to Garrett's Hall, held a public meeting which was addressed by Judge Dick and Rev. Mr Welker, approving of the steps just taken, and selected as their standard bearer, the Hon Albion W Tourgee, a man of learning and great ability; a man who has always sustained, before and since he has been a citizen of this State, an irreproachable character, despite the tongues and pens of calumniators; a man whose powers of argument and of eloquence command even the admiration of his opponents; and a man who can present with force to the people, the dangers which are impending our common country, and how they may, by the elevation of Grant and Colfax to the two first offices in their gift, secure permanent peace and lasting prosperity. He is a champion of virtue and of honest industry, notwithstanding William F Henderson may be in the race, Judge Tourgee can, if the party will rally to its interest, honor and dignity, be elected by a handsome and triumphant majority. We appeal most earnestly to all pure and good patriots, lovers of peace, no matter to what party they have hitherto been attached, to put their shoulders to the wheel for Grant, Colfax and Tourgee at once, and we shall roll up such a majority for peace, and visit such a rebuke upon unworthy aspirants, as shall firmly establish the purity and honesty of Republicanism in the hearts of all American Union Patriots. We have able men, good men, men who can reflect honor upon their party and country, and we intend to strive to put such in place and power. Without we can get such, we prefer to have none at all. Our own self-regard and the vital interest of the country demand such representatives in high and responsible positions. Without them our free and glorious institutions cannot be preserved and propitiated. Let us then go to work resolutely and determinedly; let us work until the last moment before the ballot boxes are closed; let us work by day and by night; let us work manfully and untiringly, and all will be well.

GEO. W. WELKER,
W L SCOTT,
JOHN P VEST,
SAMUEL C BARNETT,
NATHAN H HILL,
MORDECAI FLEMING,
WM B STIPE.

THE NEGRO RIOT IN GEORGIA.—The New York *Herald*, referring to the outrages committed by the negroes at Camilla, Georgia, says: Now that the whole history of that event is seen, it is clear that the negroes provoked the disturbance. They marched with their Radical leaders, with music and arms into a quiet town, comporting themselves in an offensive manner, making a bullying expedition: and the menace of their conduct was met as if it were real. Niggers will see by this example that it is not yet safe to bully white men, and that will prevent collisions."

ANOTHER WAR ORDER.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
Executive Department, Adjt Gen's Office,
Raleigh, Sept. 26th, 1868.

GENERAL ORDERS

No 6.
The Colonels commanding will cause to be enrolled at the same time provided for the registration of electors, the entire Militia of their respective Counties, according to the following directions:

1. The several registration districts in each County, will be distinguished by number, and an enrolling officer appointed in each district, who will be furnished with necessary blanks and instructions by the Colonel.

II. All able bodied male citizens of the State, who are citizens of the United States, between twenty-one and forty years of age, save those exempted on account of religious scruples, will be enrolled.

III. The white and colored Militia shall be placed upon separate rolls.

IV. "All enrolled men in the Militia shall take and subscribe the oath required of officers by the Constitution of the State."

V. The muster rolls will be made out in duplicate, signed by the enrolling Officer and forwarded to the Colonel of the County on or before the sixth day of November next. One roll will be kept by the Colonel and the duplicate returned at once with his certificate to this office.

By order of Gov. W. W. HOLDEN,
Commander-in-Chief,
A. W. FISHER,
Adjutant General.

For the Patriot and Times.

RADICAL PROSCRIPTION FOLLOWED BY FATAL EFFECTS IN THE COUNTY OF RANDOLPH.

I will simply give the facts in the case and leave the readers to deduct their own inference. According to a timehonored custom, the wardens of the poor in said county met at the poor-house, and proceeded to let out the contract for the keeping of the poor for twelve months. Accordingly on the first Monday of August 1867 that body met, and entered into a bond with a suitable person for the keeping of the poor; and at the same time and place, contracted with a physician for the same length of time, to attend to the medical department. All went on well until the new order of things were about to be inaugurated. When county commissioners seemed to assume the functions of Royalty, and claimed the right to supersede the powers conferred on the warden court by the legislature. It does seem to me that our commissioners are or ought to be omniscient, since they seem to take upon themselves the functions of lawyers, legislators, Judges, Jurors, and executioners. And in accordance with these views they did attempt to interfere with, and undo contracts, which had been made in good faith; hence came the almost fatal accident. You will recollect that the physician was employed on the first Monday of August 1867 to do the practice for twelve months, from the first day of Oct. 1867 until the last day of Sept. 1868, inclusive. Our commissioners assumed the control of the matter, and at the time expired, and forthwith proceeded to appoint a physician to supersede the present incumbent. With instructions to repair forthwith to the poor house, examine the sick, and if in his judgment he thought it necessary to pour down the drugs regardless of consequences. Which the young Dr. Radical did in good faith, but sadly unfortunately for the suffering objects of charity. This was all done without one word having been said to the physician in regular attendance. Mr.———observed to one of the commissioners that it would be best to say something to the former physician, in regard to the treatment of those patients, as there might be danger of a fatal accident resulting from such a course. The answer the commissioner returned was quite the reverse of what it should have been. I deem it unnecessary to repeat the language, but I can give it. We now come to the point of interest. One of the patients under treatment by the former physician was a desperate case of dropsy, who was at the time labouring under the effects of an active mercurial im-
pression. The system was thoroughly saturated, and at the time the Radical boy Doctor was called in, there was in the stomach of the unfortunate victim, a portion of the mild Chloride of Mercury. Whereupon the young Dr. thought it advisable to prescribe a portion of the Chloride of Iron, thereby converting the Chloride of Mercury into the bi-chloride (or corrosive sublimate) a deadly poison, which would be fatal to human life. Such are the facts in the case. And the unfortunate patient has since died, whether death was the result of poison in the stomach or not I leave for others to say; but I do say that such a combination of drugs in the stomach is capable of destroying life. All this must have been the result of Radical proscription since there was no other cause to authorize a change of physicians, and strange to say but, nevertheless true, the commissioners agree to pay the Radical boy Dr. half as much more as the old physician ever received for the same services. Had there been any just cause of complaint against the old physician who has done the practice of the institution for the last fourteen or fifteen years, the case might probably have been justified. The above has been written through the paper that it will be beneficial to society. I think the course deserves condemnation by every prudent man in the county.

JUNUS.
Sept. 26th, 1868.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORATIO SEYMOUR, of N.Y.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
GEN. FRANCIS P. BLAIR, of Mo.

ELECTORAL TICKET.
For the State at Large.

HON. JAMES W. OSBORN, of Mecklenburg.
JOSEPH J. DAVIS, of Franklin.

Districts.

- 1st—THOMAS J. JARVIS, of Tyrrel
- 2nd—JOHN HUGHES, of Craven.
- 3rd—J. C. DOBBIN, of Cumberland.
- 4th—WHARTON J. GREEN, of Warren.
- 5th—M. S. ROBBINS, of Randolph.
- 6th—W. M. ROBBINS, of Rowan.
- 7th—L. M. McAFEE, of Cleveland.

FOR CONGRESS.

LIVINGSTON BROWN,
Of Caswell.

COL. BROWN'S APPOINTMENTS.

We are authorized to announce that Col. Livingston Brown, the Candidate for Congress in the fifth District, will address the people at the following times and places:

Lexington,	Tuesday,	Oct. 6.
Albemarle,	Thursday,	" 8.
Winston,	Saturday,	" 10.
Dobson,	Monday,	" 12.
Danbury,	Wednesday,	" 14.
Asheboro,	Saturday,	" 17.
Graham,	Monday,	" 19.
Greensboro,	Tuesday,	" 20.
Roxboro,	Saturday,	" 24.
Yanceyville,	Saturday,	" 31.

The Conservatives will please make these announcements known to the clubs.

THE FIFTH DISTRICT.—As some have expressed a desire to know how the vote stood in this district at the last election, we have taken some pains to collect the following figures from the official report of Gen. Canby:

For Constitution,	13,124
Against do	9,210
Maj. for do	3,923

Now there were registered who did not vote 5,343 men, four thousand of whom would have voted the Conservative ticket. This would have made take into consideration the fact that at least five thousand men are entitled to register now who were disfranchised then there is little ground to fear the result, if we had not gained a single vote; but, the Conservatives have gained everywhere and can carry this district by four thousand majority and not half try. Let the clubs work and work manfully and the result is sure!

WHO?

Who induced the poor men to volunteer in 1861-62 by promising to provide for their families?—Standard.

Gov. Holden, Gen. W. L. Scott, Gen. Rufus Barringer and other leading Radicals.

Who did provide for the poor soldier and his family? Gov. Vance and his friends who are now working for Seymour and Blair and peace.

Who deserted the poor soldiers after they had induced them to volunteer?

Gov. Holden, Gen. Scott and the present leaders of the Radical War party.

They will bear watching yet.

PUBLIC SPEAKING IN GUILFORD.

The sub-electors on the Seymour and Blair ticket will address the citizens of Guilford at the following times and places:

Friday, Oct. 9,	Bevill's Store,
Saturday 10,	King and Linville's,
Tuesday 13,	Reagan's Store and Mt. Pisgah,
Wednesday, 14,	Tabernacle and Lee's Chapel.
Thursday, 15,	Slade's old place and Gethsemane,
Friday, 16,	Peter C. Smith's,
Saturday, 17,	Monticello,
Monday, 19,	Und. Summer's, and Ryan's X Roads,
Tuesday, 20,	McLeansville and Pentress',
Wednesday, 21,	Young's Mill, and Parson's Mill,
Thursday, 22,	High Point,
Friday, 23,	Jamestown,
Saturday, 24,	Gibsonville,
Monday, 26,	New Garden and Green Wharton's,
Tuesday, 27,	James N. Nelson's,
Wednesday, 28,	Sandy Ridge,
Thursday, 29,	Bruce's X Roads,
Saturday, 31,	Grand Rally Greensboro.

There are two appointments on the same day in several instances; but, there will be two or more speakers at each place and it is hoped the voters will turn out, irrespective of party.

The new novel "Mohun," by John Esten Cook, will be out this month. It is said to be superior to "Surrey of Eagle's Nest." See advertisement.

THE GRAND MEETING AT LEXINGTON!

FIVE THOUSAND FREEMEN IN COUNCIL!

The White West Wide Awake!

We were unable to attend the great gathering of the freemen at Lexington, on Tuesday last, but, have been kindly furnished the following facts by friend W. E. Edwards, who was present.—The whole affair is said to have been one of the grandest, largest, most harmonious and enthusiastic ever held in this part of the State—not excepting even the grand old times of 1840, when the honest freemen took matters in their own hands and hauled around the old log cabin, hard cider, &c. It is estimated that at least 5,000 people were in attendance.

The meeting was opened by the firing of cannon, the music of the Thomasville brass band and the loud huzzas for Seymour and Blair and peace!—An immense procession was formed, headed by one hundred and twenty-five mounted men. The grove was beautifully decorated, but not seats enough for one fourth the number, had been provided—the crowd so far exceeding the expectation of the most sanguine.

Col. Livingston Brown, the Conservative Candidate for this district, delivered the first address, which was happily received and the Colonel may rest assured of a united, strong and effective demonstration in his behalf at the polls. After Col. Brown, came Hon. Josiah Turner, of Orange, who made a telling and excellent speech of about two hours length. It was one of Turner's best and that is all that is necessary to say of a man so well and favorably known as Mr. Turner. Gov. Vance, the pet of the West, the pride of the nation—then came forward amid tremendous cheering and addressed the people for over two hours. This speech we shall not attempt to describe. It was a masterly effort—a happy hit—a perfect annihilation of the shabby, rotten Radical party, and a perfect cleaning out of the old skunks that lead the party and drive the negroes. The speech made many votes and will not soon be forgotten by any present. The vast crowd of ladies and gentlemen present sat quietly and anxiously listening for six hours to the many remarks that the floor had come to adjourn for rest and refreshments.

At night, the fireworks were grand and the illuminations and transparencies appropriately beautiful. The procession, carrying 400 transparencies, was again formed and paraded the streets prior to proceeding to the grove, where the Hon. A. S. Merriman delivered one of the best speeches of the campaign. Hon. J. R. McLean and Major Robbins, of Salisbury, each made some very effective remarks.

The incidents of the day may be briefly summed up:—Col. Windy Billy tried to get up a diversion in his favor, but only a few negroes were drawn out to listen to his abuse of Judge Tourgee and poor appeals in behalf of a worse cause. Several balloons were sent up during the day and night. Several speeches were delivered on the streets as the procession proceeded to the stand. P. F. Duffy, Esq., being so loudly and repeatedly called for, gave the Rads. a few red-hot shots for about half hour, while the procession was in front of the court house. The repeated calls and deafening shouts for this gentleman, gave unmistakable evidence of the high appreciation and esteem held by the people of Western Carolina for him.—Quite a number of negroes were in the procession, some mounted on mules, as if to deride Windy Billy—the man who had so often fooled them while in the leagues—which society they are leaving almost daily in that part of the State.

All passed off in the most pleasant and agreeable manner, not one word or deed done to mar the hilarity and joy of the occasion, except a melancholy accident that happened to A. D. Lineberry, one of the young men who was firing the cannon. He was ramming home a charge of powder, and the gun not being properly swabbed or the vent carefully served, a premature discharge took place—terribly lacerating his hands and giving a severe if not serious wound, from the concussion.—We are glad to know that a handsome sum was realized to make him comfortable and give him the best medical attention.

We regret to learn that Dr. Wm. Holt, of Lexington, died last Saturday. The Dr. was a useful man and much esteemed.

A negro woman near Raleigh hung a child for stealing a spoon of thread. The Revolutionists in Spain are gaining strength every day.



JUDGE TOURGEE.

As our artist discovered him on the retreat from Graham, last Saturday, after the two Billys had rubbed the brass off and taken the negro from him.

SHAMEFUL.—We learn that the Henderson Radicals treated Judge Tourgee very badly at Graham on Saturday last. Mr. Smith president of the North Carolina Railroad, told the judge he should not speak, as he was a disorganizer and the party wanted nothing to do with him. The judge told him he had understood he (Smith) was president of the North Carolina Railroad, but did not recognize him as President of the State or United States, and that he would speak. (Bully for the Judge the "respectable candidate.") After Col. Billy and his friends had spoken, the judge arose and commenced to speak, when the two Billys ordered the band to play and the negroes to yell—which was done in a forcible manner. The judge tried for about one hour to get a hearing, but could only put in a word, now and then—which he did with telling effect on the two Billys—Henderson and Smith. This was a very naughty trick in the Henderson men and ought to make the "respectable Radicals" all leave the party and rally for Judge Tourgee. Give the judge a fair chance, is all we or his friends ask.

GETTING SICK OF THE NEGRO.

We hear complaints almost every day from the white leaguers in regard to negro equality. They say they had no idea of seeing land rented to negroes instead of white men, or negroes

this strange? If you put yourself upon equality with a negro, you must take the consequences. Any decent man will give the negro the preference, when the choice is between a negro and a scoundrel. The negro is much better than the white man who would fraternize with him in the league, and every body, both white and black, knows this to be true and will act accordingly. The negroes have no respect for them and should kick them out of the leagues—they will disgrace them.

VOTING FOR NEGROES.—Many of the white Radicals of the Western part of this State can not and will not vote for negroes—so they say. What will they do this fall? If they vote for Grant they must do it, as one negro—Galloway, of New Hanover—is on the electoral ticket. Put there expressly to force you to vote for a negro. White men, please remember this!

THE GREATEST DEMONSTRATION OF THE AGE.—Over 90,000 persons are said to have been in the Democratic procession in New York on Monday last. Gen. McClellan declared for Seymour and Blair.

Gen. Baldy Smith was President.—He said: "He represented hundreds of thousands of soldiers, who thought that the results of the war would be lost, without an entire change of policy."

THE LEAGUE OATH.—The following is said to be part of the oath taken by every man who joins the Union League or Heroes of America, or Grand Army of the Republic. Let every body read it:

"That I will vote only for and serve but those who observe and support the great principles set forth by the League, to fill any office of honor, profit or trust in either the State or General Government, and that, if I am called to fill any office, I will faithfully carry out the principles set forth by this League."

Can any one who has taken this oath claim to be a free man? There never was such a slavery! No wonder then the white men are coming out by hundreds all over the Western part of this State. How the negroes can remain in is a mystery to us. They certainly have intelligence enough to see they are being duped, cheated and ruined by this organization. Come out of all such political societies and be free men—so you can vote as you think best.

THE STANDARD.

The Radical woman-insultor is in trouble. "The official organ of the State" has been forced to change hands again. The continued torrent of indignation poured upon it by the respectable men of all parties, has caused the name of the firm to again be changed. "N. Paige & Co." had become too obnoxious to the public and had to go under. The Standard of Monday last contains the following announcement:

TO THE PUBLIC.—On the 19th of September an article appeared in the Standard entitled "Work," which has excited much attention, and a portion of which the writer thereof earnestly declares has been misconstrued. But whatever may have been the object of the writer, and whether the article may have been justly construed or not, the Proprietors of the Standard hereby state that one man, and one man only, is responsible for it. It is not true that the article referred to represents the Republican party of the State.

It was repudiated by the Proprietors as soon as it could be brought to their notice in the light in which it has been regarded by the public generally.

In consequence of this article, the editorial management of the Standard, has been changed, and the name of J. B. Neathery & Co., now appears in place of the former Proprietors.

Respectfully soliciting the continued confidence and patronage of our friends, we subscribe ourselves respectfully
J. B. NEATHERY & Co.

It won't do Governor. You have owned the paper all the while and are responsible for this insulting article, and the many others of equally as objectionable a character. The party is responsible for these articles; because they were written expressly to bear upon the campaign. Now when the influence is found to be hurtful it is cowardly to disown them. Who is the author of that infamous article? The public demand the name and so long as it is withheld Governor "W. W. Holden and Son," the owners of the Standard, must be held responsible for it.

Will the new firm tell the public who this "one man" was? The reality of some men is too deep to be exposed even in the woman-insulting Standard.

People of North-Carolina, hold this party to the articles advising the negroes to steal, and insulting our women. They can't deny them! Tell them everywhere!

THE BREACH WIDENING.

Three Radical Candidates in the Fifth District.

The following notice appears in the Standard, of yesterday:

Meeting of the Republican State Executive Committee, of North Carolina, held in Raleigh on Monday the 5th October, on motion of Mr. James H. Harris, it was unanimously:

Resolved, That the Hon. John R. French be respectfully requested to withdraw as a candidate for Congress in the First Congressional District, and give his influence and support to C. L. Cobb, Esq.

And on motion of Governor Holden, it was unanimously:

Resolved, That as the only sure means of defeating the Conservative candidate for Congress in the Fifth District, of restoring harmony among Republicans, and of securing a full vote for Grant and Colfax, it is respectfully and earnestly recommended to the Republicans of the district that they give their support for Representative in Congress to the Hon. I. G. Lash.

It was ordered that these proceedings be published in the Standard, and other Republican papers requested to copy.

C. L. HARRIS, Clm'n.
J. T. DEWESE, Sec'y.

This is bad news for Judge Tourgee, Col. Henderson and the Hon. John R. French. On motion of Jas. H. Harris, negro, the latter Honorable Carpet-Bag M. C. is ordered "out to grass," and at the command of the man who has long claimed the power to kill and make alive, "over goes the Hon. Judge Tourgee, the noted Carpet-Bagger of this district, and Col. Windy Billy, the representative man of the scoundrels.—The Standard has had Col. Henderson's name at the mast-head for four weeks; but, lo! the bond-holder was not represented, and so down goes Billy and up goes the Hon. I. G. Lash—the candidate for the National Banks and Bond-Holders! The Standard says:

"Drop Henderson and Tourgee and vote for Lash. He is honest, faithful and capable." As much as to say the other two candidates are not. If there was any danger of anybody claiming the three candidates "turned out to grass," we would advise them to proceed to "Headquarters" and get the official brand, as is customary with the Texas stock raisers.

The Radical ticket now stands: Col. W. F. Henderson, the Regular nominee, the scoundrel candidate.

Judge A. W. Tourgee, the Carpet-bagger from Ohio, the candidate of the "Respectable Republicans."

Hon. I. G. Lash, the Governor's choice, and the bond-holders candidate.

We learn the elector for this district, Maj. Bad-ham, is perfectly indignant at the course pursued by the Standard and the executive committee—claiming that neither has the right to disregard the expressed sentiments of a legal convention of the people! The Major is right. Will the party be driven like dogs?

VOTING FOR THE NOMINEE.

We have read of inventions which afterwards plagued the inventors; of foul birds which come home to roost; of the engineer hoisted with his own petard. A lively example of the same sort occurs, just now, to the Honorable Judge Tourgee. Unless he is scandalously belied, he was about the foremost organizer of the negro Leagues—swearing in the members to vote for the nominee. The Reverend Brother Welker is said to have been active also in the same business. Whether the other Radical chiefs of the county were engaged in this particular department of the work, we are not informed; we only know that some of them have profited largely by it, and others are anxiously waiting their turn. There was, likewise, one Windy Billy who is supposed to have had something to do with conferring upon the colored brethren the obligation to vote for the nominee; and he is shrewdly suspected to have done the business to as good purpose as any body: he is not Bureau agent for nothing. At all events, between the Honorable Judge Tourgee, the Reverend Brother Welker and Windy Billy, the thing has been done up so strong that it won't come undone at the mere bidding of the judge and the preacher. The negroes are said to have waxed remarkably and most maliciously conscientious, and decline to un-swear, or to slip the noose of their obligation, at the entreaty of the judge or any body else. They have had it sounded, and pounded, and expounded into their heads, so effectually, that they must vote for the nominee, that no amount of praying, preaching or judging, can work it out of them! The judge has been pilgrimizing around with a negro man from Fayetteville, the Reverend Mr. Hood, no doubt on patriotic thought intent, teaching the colored brethren in all their duties to God and their country generally.—What particular instructions, are given, at the nightly meetings touching the duty of voting for the nominee, we are not, of course, informed. We rather think, however, that Billy has got a good deal the start, and that the judge will have to work mighty hard, night and day, to hood-wink enough of these voters to check the Windy man in his mad career. We are mighty sorry for the fix they have all got into—but of course we can't help it—and of course we smart at it.

The trade between Baltimore and southern cities is more lively at present than it has been for many years.—Sun.

We are glad to hear this, and, we hope the Southern people will learn to look a little nearer home, even than Baltimore. Richmond, Norfolk and Wilmington each import goods direct from Europe, and can sell cheaper than New York. All that is necessary to give these cities the trade is the completion of the present schemes of consolidations inaugurated by General Mahone, and Col. Buford, the enterprising railroad presidents of Virginia. Let all our roads consolidate as far as practicable—put down the tariff on passengers and freights—and our Southern cities will grow and prosper and the whole country be vastly benefited.

THE AGRICULTURAL FAIRS.

A very remarkable fact of the day is the spirit which the local Agricultural societies display in the cause of agriculture through their annual exhibitions.

The first in order is the fair of the Central Agricultural Society of Warren, Granville, and Franklin counties, N.C. It will be held at Henderson, on the Raleigh and Gaston railroad, on the 14th, 15th and 16th of October. The preparation for the occasion is understood to have been very extensive, and a large assemblage is expected. Dr. W. W. Young, Chairman Executive Committee, will accept our thanks for his polite invitation to attend.

The next in order is the meeting of the Border Agricultural Society of Virginia and North Carolina. Their Fair will open on the 20th of October and continue until the 23d. The Fair will be held at Danville, and the prospect is good for a fine exhibition.

The Darr mule case has been removed from Davidson court to Rowan, the plaintiff making oath that Col. Billy had too many leaguers on the jury. Verily Billy is a shrewd man.

We learn Judge Tourgee refused to hold court in Caswell, this week, because no negroes were summoned as jurors. Too late judge to secure their votes—you are "gone up!"

The negroes are drilling, in Anson, by order of the Leagues. So says the Wadesboro' Argus.

General Howard reports the total expenditures of the Freedmen's Bureau to August 1, 1868, to be \$7,935,000.

MAINE ELECTION.—The National Intelligencer says:

But, even if we go beyond 1866, and take the results of the Congressional elections in Maine for the last twelve years, in the years when Presidential elections were held, we find a lamentable deficiency of the Radical majority and a splendid increase of the Democratic vote in the election. The figures stand thus:

1856, Republican majority	27,774
1860, do do	27,707
1864, do do	27,122
1866, do do	27,687

Total majority in four elections 104,290

Average Republican majority 26,072

Radical majority in 1868 about 18,000

Radical loss in majority 8,000

Make the calculation as we will, the Radicals have lost from 8,000 to 10,000 of their usual majority, and the Democrats have gained from 14,000 to 15,000 upon their usual vote in the State.—Calculating upon results even less favorable than these, the New York World, taking as the basis of its calculations simply the relative gains of each party, adduces the following results in the three great States which are to hold elections in October. The World says:

A like proportionate gain in the vote of each party in the three great States which hold their elections in October will give the following result—i. e. taking as a basis for calculation the gain in Maine in the vote of 1868 over that of 1866:

	Dem.	Rep.	D. maj.
Pennsylvania	355,573	287,370	68,203
Ohio	319,546	262,363	57,183
Indiana	205,975	182,679	23,296

Here is cold comfort for the Radicals, but high hope and incentives for exertion on the part of the Democrats. It is apparent, and beyond the shadow of doubt, that if our Democratic friends in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana shall do as well in October as the Democrats in Maine did on Monday last, they will carry all these States by splendid and overwhelming majorities. Applying the same calculation to all the other States, it will give to Seymour and Blair, in November, every State outside of New England.

VACANCIES TO FILL.—Gov. Holden

has issued a proclamation ordering the following vacancies to be filled by election on the 3rd of November:

In the 12th Senatorial District, vice W. A. Allen, the Senator elect being ineligible.

In the 16th Senatorial District, vice L. D. Hall, Senator elect deceased.

In the 22d Senatorial district, vice Josiah Turner, Senator elect ineligible.

In the 24th Senatorial district, vice Bedford Brown, Senator elect, ineligible.

In the 41st Senatorial district, vice Ed. W. Jones, Senator elect, ineligible.

A Representative from the county of New Hanover, vice Gen Joseph C. Abbott resigned.

A representative from the county of Wayne, vice J. C. Rhodes resigned.

A Representative from the county of Duplin, vice J. B. Kelly ineligible.

A Representative from the county of Caldwell, vice J. C. Harper ineligible.

A representative from the county of Harnett, vice Neill S. Stuart ineligible.

A Representative from the county of Clay, vice J. O. Hicks ineligible.

A Representative from the county of Jackson, vice Joseph Keener ineligible.

CARPET-BAGGERS.—The Canton (Ill.) Ledger contains this: "Hon. W. P. Kellogg, United States senator from Louisiana, is now spending a short time at his home in this city."

There will be a Mass Meeting of the Republicans, at Monticello on Saturday, 24th of October, Gen. Wm. L. Scott, Hon. A. W. Tourgee, Rev. G. W. Welker and others will speak on that occasion.

The "Wickedest Man in New York" indignantly denies that he is to be a Republican candidate for Congress.—He says he's awful wicked, but thanks the Lord he isn't quite so bad as that.

The Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Diocese of New York prohibits church pic-nics, planchette, and animal magnetism being indulged in by members of the church.

The Georgia Legislature has adjourned.

The Haytian War
Havana, October 6.—Admiral from Hayti of the 2d instant say a Haytian man-of-war (the Galeata) attacked the rebel cruiser Sylvain and Liberte, sinking the former. The Liberte was burned by her own crew. Salvage had gone on board the Galeata to bombard Miragone.

The Radical Anti-Butler Mass. Convention have unanimously nominated Richard H. Dana, Jr., for Congress.

The king of Denmark says: that negotiations with Prussia regarding the Duchies of Schleswig and Holstein, have been without result. He also said that the ratification of the sale of St. Thomas and other Danish islands in the West Indies had been postponed for one year.

Our Market Column.

GROCERIES, PRODUCE, &c.,
Carefully corrected each week.
W. S. MOORE, General Dealer.

Bacon, 20a22	Iron, 8
Beef, 33a37	Tire, 8
Butter, 25a30	Rail, 10
Butter, 7a8	Nail, 15
Candle-Adamantine 25	Shovel mould, 10
Tallow, 25	Leather, Sole, 33a40
Cheese-Northern, 25	Upper, 60a75
Elk Mountain, N. C. 30	Lower, 50a65
Chickens, Spring 15a20	Molasses, Cuba, 70 75
Coffee, Sack, 25a30	Golden Syrup, 1.00
Retail, 25a33	Sorghum, 42a50
Laguira, 35	Nails, Keg, 6.50
Cotton, 16a20	retail, 8
Yarn, 2.00a2.25	Onions, large, 1.00
Domestic Goods,	Oil, Linseed, 1.75
4-4 Sheet, 16a18	Tanner's, 1.50
1/2 16a	Sperma, 2.60
Eggs, 12a15	Kerosene, best, 80
Feathers, 40a60	Aurora, 0.00
Flaxseed, 1.75a2.00	Providence, Hay, 50
Fruit,	Fodder,
Apples, green, 50a75	dried, per doz. 20
Peaches, green, 6a8	Potatoes, 1.75
Blackberries, 15	Rice, 16a18
Flour, 10a11.00	Rags, 3a4
Perilla, 6a10	Spirits Turpentine, 1.25
Bacon's Phosphate 34	Sugar, Dark, 15
Plaster, per bag, 2.00	White, 16a18
Calculated, 7.00	Coffee, 20
Count, 5.00	Crowded, 22a25
Grain, Corn, 1.35a1.50	Salt, Fine, sack, 4.25
Wheat, 1.50a2.00	Liverpool, sack, 2.90
Oats, 50a60	Retail, 2a2 1/2
Rye, 1.25a1.40	Soda, best, 20
Trout, 15a20	Tallow, 16a18
Honey, 15a20	Vinegar, 25a50
Hides, Green, 5a8	Wool, 25a40
Dry, 13a15	Rolls, 50a75

GREENSBORO MONEY MARKET.

Buying Rates of Bank Notes, &c. By
WILSON & SHOBER,
BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH
ELM STREET.

Bank of N. C.	60
" Cape Fear	29
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	26
" Wilmington	27
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	20
" Lexington	23
" " Lexington, old	18
" " new	10
" Commerce	17
" Clarendon	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of New Bern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	28
" " new	12
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co. old	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina	25
Georgia	25
We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Sil-	
ver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds	
and all other marketable stocks.	
Orders for Bank Notes by debtors and Stock-	
holders of Banks will receive prompt attention.	
Returns for express packages of Bank Notes,	
&c., will be made on the day received, by check	
on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as de-	
sired.	
Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good	
Companies, at best rates.	2-ly

GREENSBORO MONEY MARKETS.

Corrected by
HENRY G. KELLOGG,
Banker and Insurance Agent,
Tate Building, corner of Market and South
Elm Streets, Greensboro, N. C.

Gold.....	135 a 140
Silver.....	Small, 125 a 130; large, 130 a 135
Money in hand demand, 2 1/2 a 3 per cent per month,	
on collaterals.	
Exchange.....	One-fourth.

N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank Notes dull.	
Bank North Carolina.....	60
" Cape Fear.....	29
" Charlotte.....	30
" Wadesboro.....	26
" Wilmington.....	27
" Roxboro.....	60
" Thomasville.....	20
" Lexington.....	23
" " Lexington, old.....	18
" " new.....	10
" Commerce.....	17
" Clarendon.....	3
" Fayetteville.....	10
" Washington.....	3
" Yanceyville.....	3
Merchants' Bank of New Bern.....	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro.....	28
Miners' and Planters' Bank.....	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington.....	27
Greensboro Mutual.....	6
Highest rates of the day paid for Virginia, South	
Carolina, Georgia and other Southern Bank notes.	
We are prepared to fill orders for Bank Notes to	
debtors and stock holders of Banks.	
Bank Notes sent by Express will be remitted	
for on day of receipt, either in draft on New York	
or currency as may be desired. If prices are not	
satisfactory, notes will be returned.	
We buy mutilated and broken bank currency,	
sell Revenue Stamps, deal in Coin, Bonds, U. S.	
Securities, Stocks, Bullion, and discount Com-	
mmercial paper.	
Drafts sold on chief cities in Europe. Deposits	
received, and interest allowed as per agreement.	
Drafts sold on New York and principal North-	
ern cities.	
Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good	
Companies, at usual rates, and Losses promptly	
adjusted.	

SPECIAL NOTICES.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.
22 Beaver St., NEW YORK.
The subscribers heretofore have been the citizens of
North Carolina, that they have been appointed
agents of UDOLPHO WOLFE, of New York,
for the sale of his celebrated

Scheldam Aromatic Schnapps,
AND BOTTLED WINES & LIQUORS.
Mr. Wolfe's name is a household word in every part
of the S. States. ADRIAN & VOLLERS,
30-124
PORTER & ECKEL, Agents,
for Greensboro.

LIVINGSTON'S
Florida Balm
ALWAYS CURES ALL
Summer Complaints,
DIARRHOEA,
Dysentery and Bloody Flux,
and is the
Great Health Restorer to all Females.
For sale at the
DRUG STORES,
and at H. C. WILLIS',
25-11
Greensboro, N. C.

MUSIC.

THE Greensboro BRASS BAND
Is now fully ORGANIZED, and
will attend all public gatherings for a fair compen-
sation.
Those wishing to secure their services should
address
R. H. ALBRIGHT,
Sept. 1st, 1868.

BAUGHMAN BROTHERS.
319 Main St. RICHMOND, VA.
Manufacturers and Wholesale dealers in Paper,
Flour Sacks and Bags, Writing, wrapping and
Printing Papers, Envelopes, Twines, Blank Books,
Inks, &c.
Highest market Prices paid in Cash for Rags.
34-6ms.

Local Squibs.

REGISTER!

TO THE VOTERS AT GREENSBORO.
—J. A. Pritchett, Esq., who has been
appointed register at this precinct re-
quests us to state that he will have his
books open at the court-house on the
15th, 16th and 17 of October.

Let every man over twenty-one years
of age, come forward and register—no
matter how many times you may have
registered—you must again register if
you would vote now or hereafter! Don't
forget this! Remember, also, that
every man, over twenty-one years old
—white or black—can register. No
man is disfranchised—no man is pre-
vented from voting, except felons. Yet to
vote you must register. Clubs see that
every man in your ward attends to this.

TICKETS! TICKETS!!

Our friends throughout the State
must be sure to have tickets enough
for every precinct, at the approaching
election. Let each county supply its
own tickets and order them in good
time. We will print at \$2. per thou-
sand, if as many as two thousand are
ordered at one time.

A BANTER!

10,000 Subscribers will be received,
in clubs of ten, at one dollar each, and
The Patriot and Times sent regularly
every week, until Seymour and Blair
are elected to the Presidency and Vice
Presidency of the United States. We
will take 10,000 Subscribers at fifty
cents, each, in clubs of ten, and send
the paper until Seymour and Blair are
elected, if this State does not go Con-
servative!

Here is a banter for the timid. Send
in your clubs, or quit croaking.

THE SEYMOUR & BLAIR CLUBS of Guilford
County are requested to send delegates to a
meeting to be held in Greensboro, on Monday
12th Oct., at 10 A. M. A full attendance
requested as business of importance to the
County will be transacted.

The Greensboro Seymour and Blair Club
will meet on Saturday night at 7 o'clock.
D. F. CALDWELL,
Pres't Central S. & B. Club.

TO THE LADIES.—See the advertise-
ment of Mrs. N. Maurice.

Our "little bud," with his fine brass
band, has gone down to "blow up" the
people of Mebaneville to-day.

The Henderson Index, a staunch Con-
servative paper, has been changed
from a weekly to a semi-weekly.

Ever since the weather has cooled
off we have been trying to remem-
ber the name of an oyster-man, at
Suffolk, who made us a promise last
summer. Will the Sun call him out?

PARTRIDGES are said to be very
plentiful this year. We see it stated
in the Hagerstown Md. Mail that there is
a law in that state forbidding the kil-
ling of these birds until 1870.

CORN sold last week at 50 cents
per bushel and for even less at public
sales. This begins to look like old
times. If we can elect Seymour and
Blair, we will hear no more complaint
of hard times.

LIFE INSURANCE.—Gen. J. B. Gordon,
President of the "Southern Life In-
surance Company," has published a letter
explaining the objects of this new can-
didate for Southern patronage. We
will lay this letter before the public at
an early day. We understand W. A.
Caldwell of this place, is the general
agent for North Carolina.

EDUCATIONAL.—We are requested to
state that a public meeting will be
held at Pleasant Garden church, at 10
o'clock, A. M., on Saturday, the 17th
instant, for the purpose of raising funds
to build an academy at or near that
place. This is a good move and we
have no doubt the people in the neigh-
borhood will heartily respond to this
call.

COMING BACK.—Last week four
families reached this place, on their
way to Chatham county, from which
point they emigrated to Indiana some
three years ago. They are sufficiently
amused with that part of the country,
and say hundreds would return to the
old North State if they had the means.
Still there are discontents in every
neighborhood who wish to try their
luck in a new State. About twenty
left yesterday.

HON JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Demo-
cratic Candidate for Governor in Mas-
sachusetts, was met at the depot yester-
day by a large number of ladies and
gentlemen and the brass band and
warmly received. He made a few re-
marks—giving encouraging reports as
to the triumph of the National Demo-

cratic ticket and assuring us of the
good feelings and intentions of the
masses North towards the South. He
had no time to make a speech. He
is on his way to South Carolina.

ODD FELLOWSHIP.—The numerous
members of this order will be pleased
to learn from the report of Jas. P. San-
ders, Grand Sire, to the Right Worthy
Grand Lodge of the United States,
that the number of members received
during the past year into the subordi-
nate lodges exceeds forty thousand,
composed of the very best material in
the land. The finances of the order, it
is also stated, were never in a more
prosperous condition.

GEN. REYNOLDS FORBIDS AN ELEC-
TION IN TEXAS.—General Reynolds,
commanding the Department of Texas,
has issued an order closing with these
words:

"No election for electors for Presi-
dent and Vice-President of the United
States will be held in the State of Texas
on the 3rd day of November next.—
Any assemblage, proceedings, or acts
for such purpose are hereby prohibited,
and all citizens are admonished to re-
main at home or attend to their ordi-
nary business that day."

The New York Times (Radical) which
has been trying very hard to argue it
self and readers into confidence of suc-
cess, at last admits that it don't like the
looks of things and says:

"The Republican party has not
half so much to fear from the large
numbers who are leaving its ranks as
it has from the still greater number
who go silently to the polls and cast a
square Democratic ticket without let-
ting any one how they vote."

Mark the admission of this radical
organ that "large numbers" are open-
ly leaving the ranks of its party!

STARTLING DISCLOSURES.

The United States Treasury Bankrupt.
The Radicals thought they had so
fixed financial affairs, and put the pub-
lic mind in so comfortable a state on
the subject, by means of false represen-
tation in regard to the Government
debt, expenditures and revenues, that
all they had to do was to make them-
selves easy. But the storm they thought
to avert has suddenly burst upon them,
and is scattering their flimsy devices
and inventions.

Mr. Alexander Delmar, director of
the Bureau of Statistics of the Treas-
ury Department, having been called on
by a number of prominent New Yorkers
for a true exhibit, has prepared an
elaborate statement showing the exact
truth. It is far too long for publica-
tion in our columns.

It appears from this statement that
the expenditures of the Government
for the last three fiscal years were as
follows:
For 1865-6 \$576,477,103 62
For 1866-7 392,444,291 34
For 1867-8 414,913,604 19

The National Intelligencer thus sums
up:
These expenditures for the last fiscal
year were not actual war expenditures,
but were those made in time of pro-
found peace, and the third year after
the war, and when its great incidental
expenses had ceased. This statement
also shows that our expenditures are
increasing, having been \$22,469,312 85
greater during the last fiscal year than
the year preceding. The greatest mis-
take in former unauthorized statements
was, in omitting from expenditures
authorized the sum of \$144,778,472 25,
being unexpended balances of former
appropriations.

The expenditures specially author-
ized for the current fiscal year will be
\$482,059,202 23, thus showing an in-
crease of expenditure in the current
fiscal year ending 30th June, 1869, the
fourth year after the war, of \$37,145,
598 04, as compared with the year pre-
ceding. Here, too, we find balances
outstanding of old appropriations, July
1, 1868, \$150,417,522 77.

The receipts from all sources are then
given, showing "a deficiency on the
30th June next of \$154,000,000," which
can only be supplied by new taxes, or an
other increase of the public debt, to
the extent of one hundred and fifty
four millions of dollars.

Mr. Delmar says:
The reconstruction measures and
tenure of office law are the main causes
of all the extravagant expenditures,
which, under economical management,
I think could be diminished within a
year to \$200,000,000 per annum, in-
cluding gold interest on the public debt.
Without a total change of policy, how-
ever, such retrenchment is impossible.
A continuance of present measures
means a continued heavy expenditure,
and this can only be met by increasing
the public debt.

He also says that the President and
Secretary of the Treasury foresaw and
endeavored faithfully to guard against
these results, but were overruled by
Congress.—Richmond Whig.

Twenty-five negro convicts leaped
from a train in full speed, on Tuesday
last, while being conveyed from Rich-
mond to Covington. One was killed
and several badly injured.

The Norfolk Day Book says the
daily Annamesic Steamers have been
discontinued.

IMPORTANT TO TOBACCO MEN.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, September 18, 1868.
You state in your letter of the 15th
instant that you have on hand a large
quantity of smoking tobacco in barrels
and other other packages of various
sizes, and in New Orleans, in the hands
of your consignee, a large quantity of
snuff, and that much of this tobacco
and snuff is branded tax-free, having
been manufactured prior to 1862, whilst
the balance is branded from five to fif-
teen cents per pound. You wish to
know whether the law will compel you
to brand all this tobacco and snuff, on
the 1st of January, 1869, at the rate of
tax prevailing—namely, sixteen and
thirty-two cents per pound. Also,
whether you will be required to stamp
tax-paid tobacco which you may pur-
chase and have on hand at that date.
In answer I have to say that the seven-
ty-eighth section of the act of July 20th
1863, provides that after the 1st of
January, 1869, all smoking, fine-cut
smoking tobacco and snuff, shall be
taken and deemed as having been
manufactured after the passage of
said act, and shall not be sold or of-
fered for sale unless put up in pack-
ages and stamped as prescribed by the
same, except by retail dealers, &c.—
This applies equally to all smoking and
fine cut chewing tobacco and snuff on
hand at that date, whether tax-paid
or not, which shall not already have
been put up and stamped as required
by law. All the tobacco and snuff in
question which you do not dispose of
prior to January 1st, 1869, and all
which you may purchase tax-paid, but
not packed and stamped according
to law, and have on hand, will have to
be repacked and stamped after that
date.

Yours respectfully, E. A. ROLLINS,
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.
To Lee and Taylor, Lynchburg Va.

ENCOURAGING REPORT.

The following card is published with
pleasure, as it contains many strong
arguments in favor of Northern and
foreign farmers settling in this section:

A CARD.—Having just returned from
an excursion through the States of
Virginia, North Carolina and South
Carolina, as far as Columbia in the
latter named State, the undersigned
take great pleasure in acknowledging
through the public press the great fa-
cilities extended to us by the several
Railroad and Steamboat Companies
over whose lines we passed: to the citi-
zens of Richmond, Va., Greensboro,
Salisbury and Charlotte, N. C., and of
Lancaster and York counties, (former-
ly Districts,) in South Carolina and
also Columbia, S. C., for the many
kindness and attentions paid us whilst
with them. These thanks are not only
intended for the citizens of the towns
named, but also the citizens of the
surrounding country who conveyed us
with vehicles free of all expense to
their farms and homes, and treated us
with such marked, noble hospitality.

We are of the unanimous opinion that
the country through which we passed
and visited offers superior inducements
to active, industrious emigration, for
the following reasons: First—Its mild
salubrious climate with its genial sum-
mers and short winters. Second—
Healthfulness and good society. Third,
Cheapness of land and excellent market
facilities. We are also of the unani-
mous opinion that much of the land
we examined is equally as fertile as the
land of our own state, and if cultivated
and improved by our system of farm-
ing, would yield a richer reward. We
beg further to add that we believe the
portion of the South we visited per-
fectly safe—there being naught but
friendly feelings existing between the
whites and the blacks. It seems to us
that what is wanting is for the two
sections of our country to know each
other better—to understand the kind
of "reconstruction" that is required to
make us once more a united, prosper-
ous and happy people. What the South
wants is an industrious, enterprising
white population, smaller farms, and
more thorough culture. We will add
that a number of us think of purchas-
ing and removing thither.

We cannot close this card without
expressing our warmest thanks to Gen.
J. D. Imboden for his assistance in
our visit, and to Daniel Deichert of the
Hagerstown Mail, and Capt Samuel
DeFord of Baltimore, for much of the
pleasure and satisfaction we enjoyed
upon the trip.

Our thanks are also due the various
Southern newspapers for their kind
and complimentary notices of our
party:
A. H. Hager, J. W. Breathed,
Wm H. Hager, John P. Harman,
Geo. Schindle, J. G. Krouse,
Wm Mar, Wm H. Manby,
John S. Fiery, Jacob Hauck,
Martin Beachley, Geo. W. Horine,
Geo. W. Claggett, Joseph Fiery,
Solomon Beeler, R. S. Menamin,
Daniel Startzman, Ed. Print Chr.

Hagerstown, Md., Sept. 18th, 1868.

There will be a Seymour and Blair
Mass meeting and barbecue at Gra-
ham, on the 29th of October.

Connecticut Elections.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 6.—The mu-
nicipal elections occurred throughout
the State to-day. The Democrats
have gained largely all over the State
—giving a majority of over 5,000.

As soon as we saw that General W. L. Scott
and Col. W. C. Clarke had swallowed Rad-
icalism we asked what offices they expected
to get. We have since learned that the gen-
eral wanted Judge's Judgeship and the Col.
wanted to be Judge of the Criminal Court of
Newbern. But they have both been disap-
pointed. Being men we suggest that they
now apply for corporations in the virtu-
ously loyal militia.—Wilmington Star.

DIED.
At Enfield, Halifax county, on Wednesday
evening, Sept. 3, Wm. R. RAYL, formerly of
this county, in the 36th year of his age.

The Universal Life Insurance Company,

No Extra Charge
for
FEMALE RISKS.
No charge for
Medical examination
Policies or Stamps.
Losses paid in
THIRTY DAYS.
No restrictions on
Travel or Residence
OF NEW YORK.
OFFICE NO. 63 LIBERTY STREET.

The Original Joint Stock Life Insurance Company in the U. States.

The business of this Company is exclusively confined to the Insurance of First class healthy lives.
The distinctive feature of the stock system of Life Insurance, as opposed to the
Mutual, is a low rate of premium, for a stated sum assured, which is Immediate, Sure and Certain, in
lieu of a high rate of premium for a promised dividend, which is Distant, Contingent and Uncertain,
this so-called dividend being merely a return of a portion of the excessive and unnecessary premiums
charged in the first instance.

Illustration.—Suppose that an individual aged thirty desires to devote \$200 a year for the
purpose of effecting an insurance on his life; this amount will immediately secure him in the "Univer-
sal" the sum of \$11,751, payable on his decease. This sum, paid to a company charging the
ordinary mutual rates, would secure him the sum of \$8,474.

The difference between these sums (\$3,277) is exactly the same as an immediate bonus or addi-
tion to the policy to be paid by the former office to the holder of the policy in case of the early death
of the insured. It is true that if the insured, in an office charging high rates, live long enough, and
have his periodical dividends added to his policy, the sum may equal or surpass that above named;
but it must not be forgotten that the chance of early death is the very thing the applicant desires to
insure against, and consequently the greater the sum immediately secured, contingent on this event,
the greater the advantage to the policy-holder.

To illustrate the importance to the policy holder of low premiums in more general terms, it may be
stated that by a reduction of twenty-five per cent in the rate of premium, the same amount of money
will secure a policy thirty-three and one-third per cent greater, and it will be seen that a reduction of twenty-
five per cent in the rate of premium is precisely equivalent to an annual cash dividend of twenty-
three and one-third per cent, payable in advance, or to a dividend of forty-five per cent, payable at
the end of five years.

By the Stock plan the full cash effect of the premium is immediately secured to the insured, the
Company taking all the risk. By the Mutual plan, the full value in insurance of the premium paid
is not secured to the policy-holder, who takes a portion of the risk himself.

Rates to Secure \$1,000 at Death.

Age.	Ordinary Life Rate.	Ten Payments Rate.	Age.	Ordinary Life Rate.	Ten Payments Rate.
25	\$14.92	\$33.10	45	\$28.67	\$51.63
30	17.02	36.44	50	36.06	69.16
35	19.72	40.53	55	46.38	99.73
40	23.47	45.51	60	60.83	131.80

All the improved descriptions of Life and Endowment Policies issued on the Stock plan at greatly
reduced rates.

Policies issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies, guaranteeing the return of
all premiums paid in addition to the amount insured.

Policies issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies, guaranteeing a reduction
of fifty per cent of the premium after the third annual payment.

The undersigned having been appointed General Agents for the States of North and South Caro-
lina, for the above Sterling Company, desire Agents in all the principal Towns and sections in said
States. To live, energetic agents, who are willing and anxious to work, liberal terms will be entered
into. Commissions Good.

CALDWELL & BRENNER,
General Agents, Greensboro, N. C.

JAS. K. HALL, M.D., Medical Examiner.

The Brazilian War still continues.

When the PLANTATION BITTERS were first
made known to the American people some seven
years ago, it was supposed they were an entirely
new thing, and had never before been used. So
far as their general use in the United States is
concerned, this may be true. It is also true that
the same Bitters were made and sold in the Island
of St. Thomas, over forty years ago, as any old
planter, merchant or sea captain doing business
with the West Indies will tell you. It is distinctly
within my recollection that on the return of my
father (who was a sea captain, and doing an ex-
tensive trade in the tropics,) he would invariably
have the Bitters among the ship's stores, and our
family sideboard was never without them. For
any sickness, it matters not how severe or trifling,
the decanter of these Bitters, by a different name,
was always resorted to as a sovereign remedy.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best im-
ported German Cologne, and sold at half the
price. 36-1y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FALL FASHIONS. MRS. N. MAURICE
has the pleasure to inform the Ladies of Greens-
boro that on Saturday or Monday, 10 or 12 Oc-
tober, she will open a most complete and select
stock of NEW GOODS consisting of the latest
styles of Dress Goods, such as Silk, Alpacaes,
Poplin, Muslin, Delaine, Empress Cloth; Broad
cloth for Cloaks; Thread and Imitation Laces;
Lace Sets; Lace Handkerchiefs; Lace and em-
brodered Collars and Cuffs; Opera and Colored
Flannels; Ladies' and Children's Hoses, Shoes and
Gaiters; trimmed and untrimmed of the best and latest
styles; Dress and Cloak Trimmings; French
Corsets; Buttons; Ribbons and Flowers in every
variety. 36-1y.

MAGINLEY & CARROLL'S

GREAT LEGITIMATE
CIRCUS.

THOROUGHLY RE-ORGANIZED
AND EQUIPPED
For the Season of 1868,
AND REPRESENTING NEW FEATURES
And new faces; numerous, diversified and
endless

Written for Patriot and Times.
A CAMPAIGN SONG.
BY MC.
I wish you all to look back with pleasure to the time that's past,
When no disgraceful shadows then over our land were cast;
When we had peace and plenty, and God's smiling face did shine
On a free and happy people, united all in one;
When virtue and honor were the pride of both high and low,
And no disgraceful shadows then over our land were cast;
But since the Rads got into power, I regret to say
They've been steadily driving us to woe and misery;
First, they provoked a war which drenched our land in seas of blood,
And still insist upon crowding the noble and the good;
But since old Abe and Stephens have gone to their long, long home,
The shadows are dispersing from off the land we love to own.

Their guiding star, old Greely, gives the Tribune for their sign,
By spouting "higher law," to cover up his low design;
Next, his beloved Butler, who's now played out of tune,
And for his gallant bravery has gained the name of Spoon;
And thousands more degraded, are sent o'er the land broad-cast,
To draw the life-blood and substance out of the honest mass.

We've nominated Seymour, the statesman and people's man,
And we'll elect him, too, with the aid of the great I Am.
He has proved himself, substantial, brave and true,
And whatever he agrees to, we are satisfied he'll do.
To relieve us of impostors, is one of his just designs,
And secure the country's credit in these most needful times.

He will bind up the Union, and cement it hard and fast,
And make the Constitution and rail it to the mast;
From the place it has been buried and kept from our view,
While they have been trying to re-construct our glorious land anew.
He's going to pay the Nation's debt, every cent that's due,
Although it was contracted by the thieving Radical crew.

"Tis in the hands of speculators, who hold it hard and fast,
Will get their pay in "Green-backs," according to laws they've passed.
Compound interest, we cannot pay it in gold any more,
It looks like sending starvation to the homes of all the poor.

We're sure to elect staunch Seymour, and by him stand fast,
Until he redeems our country from the low, corrupted mass.

NEGRO INSURRECTION AGAINST UNITED STATES TROOPS.

We invite the attention of thoughtful men to the subjoined extracts from a letter of a gallant officer in the United States service to a friend in this city in relation to the recent attempted hanging of a negro on the Cambahee, in the State of South Carolina. Heaven knows we take no pleasure in publishing an account of an affair which is significant of the state of feeling existing amongst the colored population there that is pregnant with mischief to the people of that unhappy State, and with danger to the country at large. This story, it will be seen, is told with nothing of partisanship. It is a plain, unvarnished narrative of facts, coming from an officer who, having no sinister purpose to serve, narrates what occurred in a direct, soldierly way exactly as it happened:

"On Monday, September 23rd a courier arrived at my camp and reported that the colored men on the Cambahee river were under arms and that they had one of their own color who they were going to hang. I referred him to the Sheriff of the county, who at once came to me and begged me to suppress the riot, as he was perfectly powerless to do so, I at once started with twenty men of my command, and arrived near the river a little before daylight next morning. We found the negroes had pickets posted, who fired their muskets as we approached, I gave warning to our comrades, I, therefore, waited until daylight, when I proposed to release their prisoner, and break up their military organization. As daylight approached we moved down the road, and were greeted by a volley from a crowd of negroes, who were trying to form a line across the road. My men charged them, and compelled them to surrender. The negro whom they called captain said he would surrender to me, but he never would surrender to the civil authorities.

I released the man whom they were going to hang, took the leaders of the mob and started back towards camp, thinking the affair over, and had gone about two miles, when a volley was poured into us from the bushes slightly wounding one of my men. The attacking party numbered at least two hundred negroes, well armed and equipped. My men began to use their breach loaders to such an effect that we killed two, wounded several and took over one hundred of them prisoners, among whom were six whom they called lieutenants, three captains, and a major and Chaplain. I released all but the so-called officers who are now in jail, waiting trial by the civil authorities.

They said they had been promised forty acres of land, and they were going to have it if they had to fight for us. I asked them why they fired on us, and they said it was because they fought for the rights of their race; and the reason they were going to hang the man Hector was because they thought he ought not to live any longer. The leaders told me they were fighting for their race, and that as the war had begun they meant to spare neither age nor sex.

From this narrative several most striking facts are apparent. In a locality where the negroes largely outnumber the whites, they are drilling and arming, and are under military organization "to fight for their rights," even against the United States. So ignorant are they, that they think the

disproportion of whites to negroes which prevails there exists elsewhere. They have been promised forty acres of land, and it is not given them, and so they are preparing to fight for it.—*National Intelligencer.*

Thirty three Swiss emigrants arrived at Newbern a few days since. They are mostly mechanics and will establish themselves at Goldsboro.

Miscellaneous Advertisements
The best Kerosine Oil and the new and improved Sun Burner, for sale by Feb. 6, 1868. JAS SLOAN & SONS.

HENRY G. KELLOGG at BANKING HOUSE CORNER OF WEST MARKET AND SOUTH ELM STREETS, Greensboro, N. C.
Is prepared to receive money on deposit from Courts, Corporations, Capitalists, Business Men, Executors, Administrators, Treasurers, Agents, Persons unaccustomed to business, and others, payable on demand, or at any specified time, and allow such interest for same as may be agreed upon.

To act as agent for Non Residents. Persons leaving the State, and other Parties, in the investment of Funds, collection of Debts, Interest, Dividends, Rents, Accounts and in any monetary or personal business.

To act as Trustee for Absentees. Married Women, Minor Heirs, Testators and others, in holding and managing Real Estate and Personal Property, in Mortgages, Deeds, Wills, and other documents made to secure the payment of Bonds, Legacies, Annuities and for other Trust purposes.

To act as Receiver in cases of Litigation. also as Executor of Wills and Administrator of Estates, as Guardian for children, Insane Persons and others incapacitated from transaction or business.

Will hold Power of Attorney for Non Residents and parties absent from the State.
Will act as Assignee in cases in Bankruptcy.

CABINET-MAKING and UNDERTAKING.
Having in my employ, Mr. Thos. Mock, one of the best workmen in the State, I will guarantee all orders in the above line to be given with satisfaction.
A House and ready-made Coffins always ready.
I challenge competition either in work or prices. 29-ly WM. COLLINS.

WESTWARD
The Star of Empire takes its Way.

SECURE A HOME IN THE GOLDEN STATE

The Immigrant HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION, Of California.

INCORPORATED under the laws of the State, November 30th, 1867, for the purpose of providing **HOMES** for its

MEMBERS, and thereby **INDUCE IMMIGRATION.**

Capital Stock, \$1,000,000.
Divided into one hundred shares of \$10,000 each.

Payable in U.S. CURRENCY

Certificate of Stock issued to Subscribers immediately upon receipt of the

MONEY.

No Person allowed to hold more Than Five Shares.

A circular containing a full description of the property to be distributed among the shareholders will be sent to any address upon receipt of stamps to cover return postage.

INFORMATION as to price of land in any portion of the State, or upon any other subject of interest to parties proposing to immigrate will be cheerfully furnished upon receipt of stamps for postage.

All letters should be addressed to:
Sec. Immigrant Homestead Ass.
338-1 P. O. Box, No. 86, San Francisco, Cal.

RICHMOND & DANVILLE R. R. SUMMER SCHEDULE.

On and after Tuesday, April 21, 1868, the Passenger Trains on this Road will run as follows:

GOING WEST—Through Mail Train.
Leaves Richmond daily at 7:15 A.M.
Leaves Danville daily at 3:27 P.M.
Connecting at Burkeville with the Southside road for Farmville, Lynchburg and all stations on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, Knoxville, Nashville, Memphis, &c., Tenn.; Louisville, Columbus, &c., Ky.; Huntsville, Decatur, &c., Ala.; Corinth, Grand Junction, &c., Miss.; N. Orleans, &c., and at Greensboro with N. C. railroad for Charlotte, N. C.; Columbia, Charleston, S. C.; Augusta, Savannah, Macon, Columbus, Atlanta, &c., Ga.; Montgomery, Mobile, Ala.; N. Orleans, &c.

GOING EAST—Through Mail Train.
Leaves Greensboro daily at 5:30 A.M.
Leaves Danville daily at 8:30 A.M.
Connects at Burkeville with Southside train from Lynchburg for Petersburg, &c.

Through Tickets can be procured at the Ticket Offices in Richmond and Danville to all important points South and Southwest, and at Greensboro and Danville to all points East and West.

THOMAS DODDMEAD, Superintendent.

SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP.
Syrup and Cuba Molasses. An additional supply of Molasses. Received and for sale by July 8th. JAMES SLOAN & SONS.

NOTICE: There will be sold at auction, in Greensboro, on Saturday, the 10th day of October next, the property of Mendenhall, Jones & Co., consisting of 30,000 lbs of Sun Cured Leaf Tobacco, 4,000 lbs Smoking Tobacco, (Peace Brand) Tobacco, Pipes for Smoking, a lot of seasoned wagon Timber, a lot of iron, in ready for ironing; two Iron Lathes, a lot of Smith's Tools, Horse Power, &c.

Also, on the same day at the Button Factory, three miles West of Greensboro, 2 Steam Engines, one 20 and the other 6 horse power, both with GOOD TUBULAR BOILERS, 200 feet shafting, 2 to 3 inches with Hangers and Pulleys of all sizes, one Iron-drilling Machine, a No. 1 Grist (corn) Mill and the House known as the "Button Factory."

Terms: Cash on all purchases of \$20 and under; credit of six months on all sums from \$20 to \$100, and six and twelve months on all sums above \$100, with interest. MENDENHALL, JONES & CO.

BULLION! BULLION!!
GOLD BULLION bought, and highest prices paid, or advances made on same, at Banking House of HENRY G. KELLOGG, Greensboro, N. C.

Subscribe for The Patriot & Times

NORFOLK Advertisements.

R. B. LEVY, GENERAL COMMISSION, FORWARDING AND SHIPPING MERCHANT, 47 WIDE WATER ST., BEAR U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, Norfolk, Va.
We give our personal attention to sale of all DRIED FRUIT as well as to Cotton, Grain, Flour, Naval stores, Tobacco, Staves, Shingles, Lumber, Beans, Bacon, Pea-nuts. Consignments solicited of Country Produce. 30-6m

GEO. H. FREER, CHAS. G. ELLIOTT.

FREER & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS, No. 12 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.
Consignments of country produce and general merchandise solicited. A stock of Good Liquors, Wines, &c., always on hand, for sale at reasonable rates. 31-6m

KIMBERLY BROTHERS, PROVISION PACKERS AND DEALERS, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants. Liberal advances made on consignments. No. 1000 Main St., Norfolk, Va. Cor. Church and Wide Water Sts., Baltimore, Md. 31-6m

Taylor, Martin & Co., Importers and Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Iron, Steel, Belting, Packing, Wagon Material, &c., Corner Main Street and Market Square, Norfolk, Va. All Goods sold at New York Prices. 31-6m

L. BERKELEY, W. M. MILLAR, J. W. GRANDY.
Berkley, Millar & Co., JOBBERS IN DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS, No. 16 West Main St., Norfolk, Va. 31-3m

PHILADELPHIA Advs.

To Merchants, Planters and DEALERS. WM. H. DUNBAR, Commission Merchant, S. W. Corner Water and Arch Sts., PHILADELPHIA, PENN., Solicits consignments of DRIED FRUITS, TOBACCO, BEESWAX, And every description of North Carolina Produce. (Dried Fruits a Specialty.)

REFERENCES: Corn Exchange National Bank, A. G. Cattle & Co., J. W. Saxton, of Jay Cook & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia; C. H. Marshall & Co., New York; C. E. Fuller & Co., Bankers, Boston, Mass.; J. S. Rawlings & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. M. Burrows, New Orleans, La.; W. A. Prince & Co., Norfolk, Va.; L. H. Routhan, Greensboro, N. C.

For full and complete information on obtaining necessary information by applying to R. B. GIBSON, Greensboro, N. C. 27-3m

WANTED—Agents. \$175 per Month to sell the NATIONAL FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This Machine is equal to the Standard Machines in every respect and is sold at the low price of \$20. Address NATIONAL SEWING MACHINE CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. 24-3m

NEW YORK Advertisements.

Paints for Farmers and Others. The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, &c., also, also, or even to give the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water proof), Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price \$6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Persons can order the Paint and remit the money on receipt of the goods. Address DANIEL BIDWELL, 22-ly 254 Pearl Street, New York.

JOHN ESTEN COOK'S NEW NOVEL!

F. J. HUNTINGTON & CO., 459 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Have in press, to be ready in October, MOHUN;

Or, the Last Days of Lee and his Paladins. By J. ESTEN COOK, Author of "Surry of Eagles' Nest."

OF "SURRY," of which Mohun is a Sequel, TEN THOUSAND copies were almost immediately sold. The new work is still more intensely interesting, printed on fine-toned paper, and richly bound in cloth, with upwards of 500 pages, it has for its frontispiece a fine steel mounted head of Gen. Lee, and four beautiful illustrations in post, best style. Either book is sent by mail, postage on receipt of the price, \$2.25. For sale by all Book-sellers and Newsdealers in town and country. 35-3m

DEAN & BUGBEE'S SALOON & BILLIARD HALL.

The choicest assortment of Fancy Liquors, WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKIES, Draft and Bottled Ales, Porter, &c., &c., Kept constantly on hand at Dean & Bugbee's well known and

POPULAR SALOON!

In Garrett's Block, Greensboro, N. C.

We have also made arrangement by which we can supply the purest brands of liquors at the very lowest prices and will guarantee entire satisfaction.

We especially invite the attention OF COUNTRY DEALERS

Attached to our Saloon is a spacious and well ventilated

BILLIARD HALL

Where our friends who indulge in this elegant PASTIME AND HEALTHFUL EXERCISE Will be always welcome.

COME & SEE US. 27-ly

DEAN & BUGBEE.

FIVE CENTS REWARD Will be given for the delivery of my bound boy John R. 15 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high. The above reward will be given if delivered at New Garden. All persons are forewarned against harboring said boy. Respectfully, ELIZABETH COFFIN. 34-3m

STATE AND LOCAL Advs.

W. B. FARRER, WATCH MAKER & JEWELER, Greensboro, N. C.
Most respectfully offers his services to the citizens and public generally. He is well supplied with tools and material and all repairs are warranted according to quality. He has just received a good assortment of FASHIONABLE JEWELRY, and some splendid WATCHES & CLOCKS, Which will be warranted for twelve months. SEWING MACHINES. Repaired on short notice, and reasonable terms. Call one door north of Wilson & Shober's Banking House, South Elm St. 10-1f

BACHE'S Leather Restorer. The coloring matter being entirely absorbed into the leather almost instantaneously.—Buckman.

Just the article that both harness-makers and users have been looking for for years.—A. J. Lynch

I have analyzed it—found it free of all acids—is beneficial to leather.—H. W. LESLIE, Pharmacist.

COLOR.—It restores, immediately, the color and finish of black dressed leathers, plain, glazed, &c., and will beautify and preserve them alike from cracking. When chafed, fuzzy or "foxed," it will fix and re-color and lay the leather smooth, and restore it to its original appearance.

CLEANLINESS.—Perfectly clean and stainless in handling; it colors the leather only.

PLIABILITY.—Its active power in removing all foulness from leather, however old, hard, or decaying, and but slightly intensifies with more oil parts, if remaining, of the old and viscid stuff it removes, gives free scope to its softening and preservative qualities; neither causing leather to stretch nor shrink; but gives it a pliable, natural surface.

WATER-PROOF.—This preparation could readily have been made to render leather entirely water-proof. In its combination, that condition is limited to such extent only as is believed to be judicious. Leather may not be injured in the process of water-proofing, but injury may result to the leather in closing the pores against the admission of air—and to health, by both inducing too much perspiration and at the same time checking its escape. For sale, at Manufacturer's prices, by July 20th, 1868. JAS. SLOAN & SONS.

WANTED. Beef-Cattle and Sheep. For which a fair Cash price will be paid, if delivered at my Slaughter House, one mile east of Greensboro.

If parties prefer it, I will kill and sell on the following Commissions, Grown Bees, \$3.00 per head; smaller ones, \$1.50; Sheep, 50 cts. a piece.

Accommodations and Good Pasturage will be furnished Free. W. W. CAUSEY, Greensboro, July 23rd. 21-1f

PAINTS & OILS FOR THE CHURCH. We are now manufacturing, and will keep constantly on hand in this and the adjoining counties, these celebrated *Paints and Oils*. This Church is now universally used by the dairymen of the North and West, its superior qualities having drawn all others out of use.

It has been long and well tested, and can not be surpassed for durability and cheapness. LYNDOX SWAIN, Esq., Clerk of the County Court, says of it—"It separates every particle of butter from the milk in a very few minutes, and with little labor; and the butter is washed thoroughly clear of the buttermilk by a few turns of the machine."

REV. HENRY SMITH, Pastor of Pro-Separation Church, Greensboro, says—"I saw milk put into it and less than 10 minutes the butter was made and ready for use. It is easily worked; the milk and butter easily separated, and the butter easily and in a few minutes washed."

For sale at Greensboro, Jamestown Station, Gibsonville, and at the towns and principal points in the adjoining counties. M. C. DIXON, 22-4m Agent.

20,000 FRUIT TREES. 10,000 Grape Vines. For Sale at the Guilford Nurseries, 9 miles South of Greensboro, N. C. G. L. Anthony, Prop. D. W. C. Beulah, Agent. Catalogue sent on application and Consignments invited with all in want of Fruit trees.

All orders sent to me or my Agent will receive prompt attention and the trees carefully packed and shipped to any point according to order. [Box 7.] G. L. ANTHONY, Greensboro, N. C. 23-6m

NORTH-CAROLINA BOOK BINDERY AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY Raleigh, N. C.

North Carolina Reports and other Law Books Bound in Superior Law Binding. Missing Numbers Supplied and Odd Numbers taken in Exchange for Binding: Trial, Execution, Minute and Recording Dockets Made to Order. Orders may be left at Patriot & Times Office. 21-1y JOHN ARMSTRONG.

ICE CREAM SALOON. Mr. De Smit has fitted up an Ice Cream Saloon for LADIES, in connection with his Confectionery, to which he invites their attention. In the rear of the building will also be found a cool and private arbor, for pic-nics or private parties. 21-1y

Planter's Hotel.

This House is pleasantly located on East Street near the Court House, and is ready for the reception of Boarders and Travelers.

The Table Is always supplied with the best market affords.

THE STABLES Are in charge of careful and attentive hostlers and no horse is spared in any respect to render guests comfortable.

THE BAR Attached to the Planter's is always supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Segars, and Prices as low, if not lower than any other hotel in town. JOHN T. REESE, Proprietor.

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware.—The subscriber gives notice that he continues to carry on the above business, in its various branches, in Greensboro, and is selling at reduced prices. Roofing and Gutting done well and on short notice. Tin Ware at Wholesale, in exchange for Beeswax, Rags, &c., &c. C. G. YATES. 19-1y

BALTIMORE Advertisements.

PIANOS. HAS JUST BEEN AWARDED TO CHAS. M. STEIFF for the Best Pianos now made, over Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York Pianos, by the Maryland Institute. Office and Warerooms No. 7, North Liberty, near Baltimore Street, Baltimore.

Second Hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand from \$50 to \$300. References who have our Pianos in use: General Robert E. Lee, Lexington, Va. General Robert Ransom, Wilmington, N. C. Gen. D. H. Hill, Charlotte, N. C. Messrs. R. Burwell & Sons, Charlotte, N. C. Messrs. Nash & Kollock, Hillsboro, N. C. Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C. Terms liberal. A call is solicited. 22-1y

40 Years before the Public.

THE Hepatic Pills

That old, long known and well tried remedy for all Bilious diseases, caused by a DISEASED LIVER.

Read the following Certificate from persons of the highest respectability.

LIVER COMPLAINT. REV. DR. C. E. DEEMS, (Aug. 23, 1862), says: "I have derived great benefit from these Pills, and have known many families and individuals who have found them very beneficial, and I have also known physicians in excellent standing to recommend them to their patients. For all diseases arising from disorders of the Liver, I believe they are the best medicine offered to the public."

REV. JOHN W. POTTER, Show Hill N. C., (Jan. 5th, 1863), says: "For twelve years I was a great sufferer. My liver was diseased. I lost my flesh and strength, and my skin seemed changed in its color by the bile with which my system was overcharged. I became subject to frequent and violent attacks of bilious colic, every attack leaving me weaker than its predecessor. The physicians had been able to patch me up a little, but my health was in a deplorable state. I had taken patent medicines until I was tired of them. Without energy or comfort, I was barely able to go about a little. At length I yielded to the earnest persuasion of a friend and commenced taking the Hepatic Pills, with which I conformed to. They acted like a charm on me. From that hour I improved. I have persevered in their use until now, by God's blessing, I am well and hearty. I had a negro man, who, as I believe, was saved from death by a dose of these Pills. My Doctor's bill was annually from \$100 to \$200, but I have had no use for a physician since. I can confidently recommend them as a superior family medicine."

DYSPEPSIA. S. D. WALLACE, Esq., President of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, (Aug. 30, 1862) says: "It has been said that Dyspepsia is our national disease. However that may be, it caused me a great deal of suffering. Dyspepsia is a friend furnished me with a few boxes of the 'Hepatic Pills,' and the use of them has perfected a cure. In my family they have been used frequently with eminence. Having had this may be, a physician since, I can confidently recommend them as a superior family medicine."

They can be sent to any part of the United States by Mail or Express. Price—For one box, 25 cts.—Doz. \$2.50; Half Doz. \$1.00. One Gross \$12.00; Three Gross, \$30.00; Five Gross, \$75.00.

The cash must accompany the order for the Medicine or it will be sent C. O. D. Orders should be addressed to G. W. DEEMS, No. 28, South Calhoun Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

For these Medicines call on all respectable Druggists everywhere, and on R. W. GLENN, Druggist and Special Agent, Greensboro, N. C. 29-1y

MERCHANT'S HOTEL, BALTIMORE, MD.

The present Proprietor of "Schiffel's White House Restaurant," having Leased the Favorable Located Hotel property corner of Hanover and Pratt Streets, to be known as the Merchant's Hotel, AND CONDUCTED UPON THE EUROPEAN STYLE.

Will Open May 1st, 1868. The Hotel has had a complete and thorough renovation, and everything presents an air of comfort and cleanliness. Being in the heart of the business community, it necessarily offers important advantages to our numerous personal friends throughout Virginia, North Carolina, Maryland, and strangers generally, to give us a call, as we feel assured all will be made to feel at home, and at moderate rates.

The internal arrangements are of a superior order, designed with a view to the convenience and comfort of Guests. The Parlor, Reception and Dining Rooms, with a splendid Verandah around the entire building, is strikingly pleasant.

The sleeping apartments are unsurpassed, the rooms being large and airy, and well ventilated. Fine Bathing and Shower rooms, on every floor, &c., combining every facility to be desired.

The Bar will be under the Gentlemanly Supervision of Mr. JOHN STOUT, whose well known reputation in compounding Delightful Beverages has become an established institution. HENRY SCHOFFEL, Proprietor, may-1y Baltimore, Md.

ROSADALIS Purifies the Blood.

For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.

SMUTT MACHINES. McMANNON'S SMUTT MACHINES require no other notice than to know where you can most conveniently get them. The subscribers are the Agents for the Manufacturer. JAMES SLOAN & SONS.

A GOOD BUILDING LOT. 50 by 75 feet, in the corner of Gaston and Davis streets, can be had cheap for cash. Apply at this office.

STATE AND LOCAL Advs.

George Ledford, Coach & Buggy Manufacturer, East Market Street., GREENSBORO, N. C.

HAS constantly on hand a splendid assortment of CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS, &c., all of which he will sell LOW, for CASH or BARTER. REPAIRING done.

At short notice, and on reasonable TERMS. Give Him a Trial, ALL HIS WORK IS WARRANTED. May 28th. 17-6m

FLORIDA BALM.

LIVINGSTON'S CELEBRATED FLORIDA BALM cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Croup, Sore Throat and Diphtheria, Diarrhoea Dysentery and Flux, Piles, Earache, Back Ache, Cramp Colic, Sore and painful Breasts and cracked Nipples, Sprains, Strains, Female Complaints, Dyspepsia, Chills and Fever, Scrofula, Brucel Complaints, Nervous and Bilious Headache, Spinal Affections, Botois and Collie in Horses, Urinary and Kidney affections and is the best remedy for Coughs ever offered to the public; every family should, by all means, have a Bottle of my Balm, for little do they know when sickness comes; it is the best Medicine for children Teething, for it always corrects their bowels. One trial of my Balm in any family will convince them that it is invaluable.

EXCELSIOR MEDICATED SOAP. For the cure of all cutaneous Diseases, such as Ringworm, Tetter, Scald Head, Scurvy, St. Anthony's Fire or Prickly Heat, Sore and inflamed Eyes, Sore Throat and Sore Gums, Sore Mouth, Sore Legs, in fact any sore that human frame is heir to, except Cancer and White Swelling. I have been selling this Soap in this State for the last 15 years, and it has given general satisfaction, try it and you will be pleased.

ALWAYS ON HAND, My Celebrated Rat Destroyer

For the destruction of RATS, CROWS, BIRDS, MUSKRATS and COON.

To be had at the Drug Stores of Porter & Eckel and R. W. Glenn, and also at the Confectionary Store of H. C. Willis, and at my office, No. 66, North Elm Street, up stairs, over J. A. Gilmer's Law Office Greensboro, N. C. 30-1y G. H. LIVINGSTON

From Rev. J. P. Mason, Baptist Minister.

CLAUDE HILL, July 24th, 1868. Dr. G. H. Livingston, Dear Sir: My wife was for many years subject to severe and dangerous hemorrhage from the lungs. In Feb. 1863 she was so reduced that her life was despaired of by one of the best Physicians in the State. By accident, or the directions of Providence, I heard of your Florida Balm, and purchased a bottle. After much persuasion she was induced to try it, when she found instant relief, several times afterwards she was threatened with return of hemorrhage but found instant relief by the use of one or two doses. She attributes her present existence, by the help of God to the use of your valuable medicine. She has not been troubled