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THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

VOL. 89.

GREENSBORO, N. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1910.

NO 14

Dr. W. J. RICHARDSON

OFFICE: McADOO BUILDING
NEXT TO POSTOFFICE

RESIDENCE: 618 WEST GASTON ST.

J. H. BOYLES, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office in Holton Drug Store Building.
Office Phone 985.
Res. 409 W. Gaston; Res. Phone 788.

Dr. J. E. WYCHE

DENTIST

OFFICE IN CARTLAND BLDG.
SOUTH ELM ST., GREENSBORO, N. C.

Dr. M. F. FOX

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

GUILFORD COLLEGE, N. C.

Dr. E. A. BURTON

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Office in Mrs. Watlington building.
Next door to Conyer's Drug Store.
Upstairs.

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OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

Practice Limited to the Eye, Ear, Nose
and Throat.

Office Hours--9 A. M. to 1 P. M.; 2:30 P. M. to
5 P. M. Sunday, 9 to 10:30 A. M. given to the
worthy poor.

Dr. W. P. Reaves, M. D.

Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose
and Throat.

Office and Infirmary--McAdoo Building,
Next to Postoffice.
Phone No. 30.

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DENTIST

Office over Sykes Drug Company.
Phone 798.

Dr. PARRAN JARBOE

OFFICE OVER FARRISS-KLUTZ.
OPPOSITE GUILFORD HOTEL.

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Calls may be left at Farriss-Klutz drug store.
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J. F. TAYLOR. J. I. SCALES.

Taylor & Scales

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS

AT LAW

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Robert M. Douglas. Robert D. Douglas.

DOUGLAS & DOUGLAS

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office in Greensboro Loan and Trust Bldg.

THOMSON & HOYLE

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Commercial Nat'l Bank Bldg., Greensboro.

Special attention given to collections.
Loans negotiated.

F. P. HOBGOOD, Jr.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Wright Building, Opposite
Court House Greensboro, N. C.

Levi M. Scott. Chas. E. McLean.

SCOTT & McLEAN

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office: 111 Court Square, Greensboro, N. C.

GEORGE M. PATTON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

108 Court Square, - Greensboro, N. C.

THOS. J. SHAW CHAS. A. HINES

SHAW & HINES

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office: Rooms 408 and 404 New McAdoo
Building next to Postoffice.

LOCAL NEWS.

Corn drills that do the work at the
Petty-Reid Company's.

Get a weeder for your spring work
from the Petty-Reid Company.

Mrs. J. W. Goodman and daughter
are visiting relatives in Charlotte.

Dr. Charles L. Scott, of Asheville,
is spending a few days in the city.

Saturday will be the last day of
big reductions at Hagan's china store.

C. F. Denny, optometrist and jew-
eler. Office and shop, 336½ South
Elm street.

Four second-hand spring wagons
and surries at the Townsend Buggy
Company's.

American field fence, in large quan-
tities, at the Southside Hardware
Company's.

Blast your stumps with dynamite
and buy it of the Southside Hard-
ware Company.

Comfort and satisfaction in every
pound of Kenny's coffee. Get it at
22½ South Elm street.

Don't put it off. You will have to
buy those dishes this week to get
the big reductions. Hagan's china
store.

We are offering big inducements
to those who buy this week. Let us
save you some money. Hagan's china
store.

Mr. J. W. Scott, who has been in-
disposed recently, left yesterday for
Jackson Springs to recuperate his
health.

Judge Boyd is in Charlotte this
week presiding over the spring term
of United States District court in
that city.

Rev. Stephen S. Myrick, pastor of
the Friends church in this city, has
gone to Richmond, Va., to spend a
few days.

Mrs. J. C. Frazier and Mrs. Albert
Spoon spent the past two weeks with
their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ford,
south of town.

It's time you were buying that
spring suit. Johnson, Hinkle & Co.
have what you need and at prices
that will please you.

In the absence of the pastor, Mrs.
Ada Lee, of Dayton, O., conducted
services in the Friends meeting
house in this city Sunday.

Do you need glasses? If so, con-
sult C. F. Denny, optometrist, 336½
South Elm street, Greensboro. Nice
offices; prices reasonable.

FOR SALE--Five-year-old mule
and four-year-old filly, both large and
likely. Call on or address John
Weatherly, Greensboro, R. F. D. 6.

Remember that we are selling all
the buggies which we carried over
from last fall at a reduction.

TOWNSEND BUGGY CO.

Good second-hand piano for sale at
low price for cash.

HARRY L. BROCKMAN,
12-31. 243 E. Washington st.

Mr. J. C. Buxton, of Winston-Sa-
lem, has accepted an invitation from
the Daughters of the Confederacy to
deliver the memorial day address in
Greensboro on May 10.

The tuberculosis exhibit which was
recently held in this city is to be
moved to Raleigh. Mr. E. C. Rout-
zahn, the director, is in the capital
city arranging the details.

Maj. Charles M. Stedman has ac-
cepted an invitation from the Daugh-
ters of the Confederacy at Chapel
Hill to deliver the memorial day ad-
dress at that place on May 10.

Fertilizers and chemicals for mak-
ing your own fertilizer at the Town-
send Buggy Company's. If you are
interested in a carload, we will take
pleasure in making you a price.

We want to supply your needs in
furniture as well as in stoves and
ranges. If you want a comfortable
chair or any other serviceable piece
of furniture at the right price, call
on us. MURPHY BROTHERS.

Mr. J. S. McKnight, a successful
young traveling man, with headquar-
ters at Denver, Lincoln county, spent
the latter part of the week at the
home of his father, Squire John E.
McKnight, and with friends in town.

We haven't the biggest or most
expensive clothing store in Greens-
boro, but when it comes to having
what the people want, and at prices
to suit all, we fill the bill.

JOHNSON, HINKLE & CO.,
516 South Elm street.

The annual meeting of the Green-
sboro post of the Travelers' Protec-
tive Association will be held in the
rooms of the Chamber of Commerce
Saturday night. Mr. Eugene W. Mc-
Nairy is president and Mr. C. C. Mc-
Lean secretary of the post.

"Hyomei has cured me of catarrh
of long standing. It is the best thing
to kill a cold I have ever got hold
of." Mrs. A. Haslan, Croton, Lee
county, Ia. Sold by Farriss-Klutz
Drug Company and the Greensboro
Drug Company on money back plan.
Complete outfit \$1.00; extra bottles
50 cents.

The annual meeting of the Pioneer
Building and Loan Association, an
organization composed of a number of
Greensboro's substantial colored citi-
zens, was held Friday night. The re-
ports submitted showed that the as-
sociation has assets of \$19,000 and
has earned profits aggregating \$3,
133.47. The association has matured
three shares of stock and has col-
lected and invested over \$7,500 with-
out losing a dollar. The officers were
elected as follows: Dr. J. E. Dellinger, president; W. L. Mc-
Nairy, vice president; Prof. J. B. Dud-
ley, secretary and treasurer; G. H.
Mitchell, attorney.

THE DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES.

Will Be Held June 25--The Convention a
Week Later--Some Political "Dope."

At a meeting of the Guilford county
Democratic executive committee Sat-
urday it was decided to hold the precinct
primaries for the nomination of county,
district and state officers on Saturday,
June 25, and the county convention on
the following Saturday, July 2. In the
case of any candidate or candidates fail-
ing to receive a majority of the votes
cast in the first primaries, second pri-
maries will be held on Thursday, June
30. The dates are those designated by
the state committee for voting on can-
didates for district and state offices.

The meeting of the committee was
held in the court house and was called
to order by the chairman, Mr. Charles
A. Hines, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.
Seventeen of the 27 precincts were re-
presented either in person or by proxy,
the members of the committee present
being: Messrs. Robert Brockert and S. L.
Davis, of High Point; Prof. T. E. Whit-
aker, of Oak Ridge; M. G. Revell, of
Brown Summit, representing North Mon-
roe; Robert Gilchrist, of Brown Summit,
representing South Monroe; T. J. Mur-
phy, of Greensboro, representing pre-
cinct No. 1; C. C. McLean, of Greensboro,
representing precinct No. 2; E. J. Staf-
ford, of Greensboro, representing pre-
cinct No. 4; L. E. Howerton, of McLeans-
ville, representing South Madison; R. C.
Short, of Greensboro, R. F. D. 1, re-
presenting Summer; C. T. Weatherly,
of Pleasant Garden, representing Fen-
tress; T. R. Dillard, of Greensboro, R.
F. D. 5, representing Center Grove, and
E. A. Guyer, of Jamestown. Several
other gentlemen were present with
proxies representing absent members of
the committee.

The first matter to come before the
meeting after the secretary had read
the official call was the question as to
whether one or two primaries should be
held--one for county and another for
district and state offices. Mr. C. T.
Weatherly, chairman of the Fentress
township committee, stated that the
people of his township were not in ac-
cord with the legalized primary idea
and desired to know if it was obliga-
tory to hold the primary. This expres-
sion was the signal for two or three
warm speeches in support of the primary
idea. Mr. A. W. Cooke, of this city, who
held the proxy of an absent member,
and Mr. S. L. Davis, of High Point, de-
fended the legalized primary in enthu-
siastic speeches, saying it is needed es-
pecially in Greensboro and High Point.
It was admitted that there is less need
for the primary in the rural precincts,
although, under the present law, it must
be held in every precinct.

When the question of settling all no-
minations in the primaries, thereby eli-
minating any fight in the convention, came
up, the candidates for county offices
present were invited to express their
views, whereupon Dr. J. R. Gordon and
Messrs. James W. Forbis and W. P.
Beall, Jr., all aspirants for the office of
clerk of the court, expressed their will-
ingness to abide by the decision of the
committee. The committee voted unani-
mously to settle all nominations in the
primaries.

The primaries will be governed by the
same rules that were in force two years
ago.

Mr. Charles A. Hines, who has served
as chairman of the committee for the
past two years, tendered his resignation,
giving as a reason the fact that he had
practically decided to offer himself as
a candidate for the legislature. There
were many expressions of regret that
Mr. Hines had determined to relinquish
the chairmanship, and upon the request
of the committee he agreed to continue
to serve as chairman until his suc-
cessor might be elected. The committee
will meet in this city on Saturday, April
16, to elect a chairman.

Convention's Voting Strength.

According to the party plan of or-
ganization and the vote in the last gub-
ernatorial election, the Guilford county
Democratic convention this year will
have a total of 158 votes, of which 70
and a fraction will be necessary to
a nomination. It is of interest to note
that the four precincts in Greensboro
and the two precincts in High Point
will cast 81 of the 158 votes, and this
means that any candidate who can carry
these two towns is "elected."

The voting strength by precincts is as
follows: Washington 3, North Rock
Creek 5, South Rock Creek 2, Greene 4,
North Madison 2, South Madison 1,
North Jefferson 2, South Jefferson 2,
Clay 4, North Monroe 2, South Monroe
1, North Gilmer 13, Precinct No. 3 7,
Precinct No. 4 16, Fentress 5, Center
Grove 3, Precinct No. 11 11, Precinct No.
2 17, South Morehead 7, Summer 2,
Bruce 3, Friendship 3, Jamestown 5, Oak
Ridge 6, Deep River 2, North High Point
12, South High Point 18.

Some Political "Dope."

As bearing upon the political gossip
of the day in this community, the fol-
lowing is taken from the Greensboro
correspondence of the Charlotte Obser-
ver:

"Mr. Charles A. Hines, a bright young
member of the Greensboro bar, who has
served with entire satisfaction as chair-
man of the Guilford county Democratic
executive committee for the past two
years, has tendered his resignation in
order to gratify an ambition to become
a candidate for the legislature. On ac-
count of the fact that he has not
reached the constitutional age, 25 years,
Mr. Hines cannot be elected to the sen-
ate and will content himself for the
present with a seat in the lower house.

"The executive committee will meet in
Greensboro on Saturday, April 16, to
elect a successor to Mr. Hines. Among
the gentlemen mentioned for this posi-
tion are: Messrs. R. M. Rea, who stead-
fastly refuses to yield to the importuni-
ties of his friends to become a candidate
for sheriff; Mr. L. J. Brandt, a former
mayor of Greensboro, and Mr. E. D.
Broadhurst, a young lawyer of this city

and formerly superintendent of the
Greensboro graded schools. It appears
that nobody is especially anxious to oc-
cupy this responsible and exacting posi-
tion."

"Guilford county's only other avowed
candidate for the house of representa-
tives is Mr. Thomas J. Gold, a success-
ful young lawyer of High Point. Mr.
Gold is a young man of pleasing address
and popularity, and if the High Point
Democrats unite on him as their candi-
date, doubtless the members of the party
in Greensboro and the country precincts
will be glad to give him the nomina-
tion."

"The only candidate for the state sen-
ate is Mr. Thomas J. Murphy, of Green-
sboro, at present a member of the house
of representatives. Mr. Murphy 'made
good' in the last session of the legisla-
ture, and the indications at present are
that he will have little or no trouble
in returning to Raleigh as a member of
the senate. He has served as mayor of
Greensboro and previous to becoming a
member of the house of representatives
was reading clerk in the senate."

"Beyond the contest for county offices,
there is little interest in politics in
Guilford. The contests for nominations
for clerk of the Superior court, sheriff
and register of deeds promise to be in-
teresting."

"The candidates for clerk of the court
are: Dr. J. R. Gordon, who has repre-
sented Guilford in the legislature for
several terms and who is the author of
the bill putting the county officers on a
salary basis; Mr. James W. Forbis,
who at one time represented the county
in the legislature and later served as
postmaster of Greensboro, and Mr. W. P.
Beall, Jr., deputy clerk of the Superior
court."

"Opposing Sheriff B. E. Jones for a re-
nomination are: Messrs. John W. Whit-
ton, Jr., of Center Grove township, and
David B. Stafford, of Oak Ridge. Sheriff
Jones has held the office for two terms
and is asking for the third on the ground
of meritorious service. Messrs. Whitton
and Stafford are basing their claims on
the theory that rotation in office is best
for the party."

"Rev. A. G. Kirkman ('Uncle Abe'),
who has been register of deeds for 20
years or more continuously, and who in
the days of fusion managed to come in
under the wire when all other Demo-
cratic candidates were left at the post,
is opposed by Mr. W. H. Rankin, of
Brown Summit, who left a leg on a bat-
tled field in Virginia in the '90's, and whose
only reward from the Democracy has
been the office of county commissioner.
He and his friends think that 'Uncle
Abe' has held the office long enough, and
'Uncle Abe' and his friends think there
is no use of turning out an efficient of-
ficer."

INTER-COLLEGIATE DEBATE.

North Carolina Virginia to Meet Here
Tomorrow Night.

One of the most interesting inter-col-
legiate contests that will take place in
North Carolina in a long while is the
debate between the University of North
Carolina and Washington and Lee Uni-
versity of Virginia, to be held in the
Grand opera house, in this city, tomor-
row evening at 8 o'clock. The subject
of the debate is: "Resolved, That all
corporations doing an interstate com-
merce business should be required to
take out a Federal charter on such terms
as Congress may by law prescribe. Con-
stitutionality granted."

Washington and Lee will argue the af-
firmative and will be represented by
Messrs. W. L. Cozart and C. O. Dunn.
Messrs. W. R. Edmunds and H. E. Stacy
will argue the negative for the Uni-
versity of North Carolina. Judge William
P. Bynum, Jr., will preside over the de-
bate, and Mr. C. C. McLean, secretary of
the Greensboro Chamber of Commerce,
will act as secretary. Hon. B. F. Dixon,
of Raleigh; Rev. Plato Durham, of Con-
cord, and Dr. W. I. Cranford, of Trinity
College, will act as judges.

The debate will take place on the eve-
ning preceding the Virginia-Carolina base-
ball game, and a large crowd of visiting
alumni and others is expected to be
present.

The University of North Carolina is
credited with the best record in inter-
collegiate debating of any university in
the country, numbering among its de-
feated opponents the University of
Maryland, Johns Hopkins University,
Tulane University, the University of
Georgia, the University of Virginia and
Vanderbilt University.

How I Did It.

Having been asked by several of
my friends what grade of fertilizer
I used to produce the prize crop of
cotton given by the Townsend Buggy
Company, I beg to inform my friends
that this was grown with Farmer's
Bone fertilizer, made by the F. S.
Royster Guano Company and sold by
the Townsend Buggy Company. The
yield averaged \$72.50 per acre. Be-
sides this, I received a prize of \$60.
Can any of you beat this? I recom-
mend and expect to use Farmer's
Bone this year.

Yours very truly,
12-4t. WILLIAM C. KIRKMAN.

Removal Sale.

All framed pictures, mirrors, etc.,
at half price. Please call at once for
pictures left to be framed. One-
fourth off on all orders.

GREENSBORO ART AND MANU-
FACTURING CO.

108 West Washington street.

WANTED AT ONCE

Ten acclimated, tuberculin tested registered Jersey Cows, giving from five to eight gallons milk per day and making 23 to 27 pounds of butter per week.

Reasonable prices allowed. Will pay in gold, or what is better, will exchange our famous All-Wool All-Right Suits of the Hart, Schaffner and Marx make. Take advantage of this and you'll feel proud the balance of your life.

Our Store is the home of the Boyden Shoe, the smart shoe for men and young men.

**CRAWFORD
& REES, INC**



Fountain Syringes and Hot Water Bottles and everything in the rubber goods line sold under a positive guarantee. Your money back if not satisfied.



**FARISS-KLUTZ
DRUG CO.**

The store that appreciates your business.

Phone 36 or 441.

Nurses' Register.

COUNTRY GIRL IN THE CITY.

Some of the Dangers and Pitfalls That Confront Her.

Published by Request of the Greensboro Y. W. C. A.

We have just been reading that new and startling book, "War on the White Slave Traffic," by Ernest A. Bell. Many selections we would like to transfer to the pages of the Way of Faith, to intensify the interest of our readers on the subject which is now engaging so much attention. But we see special need of sounding a note of warning to country parents whose daughters are likely to become anxious to breathe the atmosphere of city life. The innocent, unsophisticated country girl has little conception of "the ways that are dark and the tricks that are mean," that will be used to secure her confidence and allure her to her ruin. We therefore call special attention to the following extract from the pen of Edward W. Sims, United States district attorney, of Chicago, as published in the book mentioned:

Now as to the practical means which parents should use to prevent this unspeakable fate from overtaking their daughters. They can not do it by assuming that their daughter is all right and that she will take care of herself in the big city. In a large measure it seems impossible to arouse parents—especially those in the country—to a realization that there is in every big city a class of men and women who live by trapping girls into a life of degradation, and who are as inhumanly cunning in their awful craft as they are in other instincts; that these beasts of the human jungle are as unbelievably desperate as they are unbelievably cruel, and that their warfare upon virtue is as persistent, as calculating, and as unceasing as was the warfare of the wolf upon the unprotected lamb of the pioneer folk in the early days of the western frontier.

I cannot escape the conclusion that the country girl is in greater danger from the "white slavers" than the city girl. The perusal of the testimony of many "white slaves" enforces this conclusion. That is, because they are less sophisticated, more open to the allurements of those who are waiting to prey upon them.

It is fact which parents of girls in the country should remember that the "white slavers" are busy on the trains coming into the city and make it a point to "cut" out an attractive girl whenever they can. This "cutting out" process (I use the technical term) consists of making the girl's acquaintance, gaining her confidence, and on one pretext or another, inducing her to leave the train before the main depot is reached. This is done because the various protective and law and order organizations have watchers at the main railroad station who are trained to the work of "spotting" and quickly detect a girl in the hands of one of these human beasts of prey. Generally these watchers are women and wear the badges of their organizations.

But suppose that the girl from the country does not chance to fall in with the "white slavers" on the train, that she reaches the city in safety, becomes located in a position, or perhaps in the stenographic school or business college which she has come to attend, and secures a room in a boarding house. No human being, it seems to me, is quite as lonely as the young girl from the country when she first comes to the city and starts in the struggle of life there without acquaintances. All her instincts are social, and she is, for the time being, almost desolately alone in a wilderness of strange human beings. She must have some one to talk to; it is the law of youth as well as the law of her sex to crave constant companionship. And the consequences? She is sentimentally in a condition to prepare her for the slaughter, to make her an easy prey to the wiles of the "white slave" wolf.

The girl reared in the city does not have this peculiar and insidious handicap to contend with; she has been, from the time she could first toddle along the sidewalk, educated in wholesome suspicion, taught that she must not talk with strangers or take candy from them, that she must withdraw herself from all advances, and in a large measure regard all save her own people with distrust. As she grows older she comes to know that certain parts of the city are more dangerous and more wicked than others, that her coming and going must always be in safe and familiar company; that her acquaintanceship and her friendships must be scrutinized by her natural protectors and that, altogether, there is a definite but undefined danger in the very atmosphere of the city for the girl or the young woman, which demands a constant and protective alertness.

The training is almost wholly absent in the case of the country girl; she is not educated in suspicion until the protective instinct acts almost unconsciously; her intercourse with her world is almost comparatively free and unrestrained; she is so unlearned in the moral and social geography of the city that she is quite as likely, if left to her own devices, to select her boarding house in an undesirable part of the city; and, in a word, when she comes into the city her innocence, her trusting faith in humanity in general, her ignorance of the underworld, and her loneliness and perhaps homesickness, conspire to make her a ready and an easy victim of the "white slaver."

In view of what I have learned in the course of the recent investigation and prosecution of the "white slave" traffic, I can say, in all sincerity, that if I lived in the country and had a young daughter I would go any length of hardship and privation myself rather than allow her to go into the city to work or to study—unless that studying were to be done in the very best type of an educational institution, where the girl students were always under the closest protection. The best and the surest way for parents of girls in the country to protect them from the clutches of the "white slaver" is to keep them in the country. But if circumstances should seem to compel a change from the country to the city, then the only safe way is to go with them into the city, but even this last has its disadvantages, from

the fact that, in that case the parents would themselves be unfamiliar with the usages and pitfalls of metropolitan life, and would not be able to protect their daughters as carefully as if they had spent their own lives in the city.

One thing should be made very clear to the girl who comes up to the city, and that is, the ordinary ice cream parlor is very likely to be a spider's web for her entanglement. This is perhaps especially true of those ice cream parlors and fruit stores kept by foreigners. Scores of cases are on record where young girls have taken their first step towards "white slavery" in places of this character. And it is hardly too much to say that a week does not pass in Chicago without the publication in some daily paper of the details of a police court case in which the ice cream parlor of this type is the scene of a regrettable tragedy. The only safe rule is to keep away from places of this kind, whether in a big city like Chicago, or in a large country town. I believe that there are good grounds for the suspicion that the ice cream parlor, kept by the foreigner in the large country town, is often a recruiting station and a feeder for the "white slave" traffic. It is certain that this is the case in the big city, that there is a kind of free-masonry among these foreign proprietors of refreshment parlors which would make it entirely natural and convenient for the proprietor of a city establishment of this kind, who is entangled in the "white slave" trade, to establish relations with a man in the same business and of the same nationality in the country town. I do not mean to intimate by this that all the ice cream and fruit "saloons" having foreign-born proprietors are connected with the "white slave" traffic, but some of them are, and this fact is sufficient to cause all careful and thoughtful parents of young girls to see that they do not frequent these places.

In this article of course it is impossible to more than hint at the protective measures which conscientious parents of girls should employ in order to make the way safe for their daughters. There can be no doubt that Judge Lindsay, of Denver; Judge Mack, of Chicago, and Mr. Edward W. Bok, of the Ladies' Home Journal, are right in insisting upon greater frankness between parents and children, and that every child should have a sex education at home instead of being compelled to pick it up from contaminating sources on the street and at school. And I may add that the world owes a debt to these men who have handled this delicate and difficult problem in a practical as well as a powerful manner; and I feel impelled to add that, in face of the horrifying disclosure brought to me in the form of legal evidence, every boy and girl of high school age should be taught something of the awful physical as well as the moral consequences which lurk behind allurements of the life in which the "white slave" is the central figure. These things cannot be presented in the public prints, but the father who keeps close to his boy and the mother who is a companion to her daughter may reveal these things, in the home, in a way which may save almost untold suffering. And to such parents I would say that the investigations of the United States district attorney's office in Chicago have brought together, as legal evidence, a mass of facts as to sanitary conditions in the districts where the "white slaves" are kept which are horrifying and scarcely capable of exaggeration.

How Woman Was Made.

According to a Hindoo legend, this is the proper origin of women. Twashtri, the god of Vulcan of the Hindoo mythology, created the world, but on his commencing to create woman he discovered that for man he had exhausted all his creative materials, and that no solid element had been left. This, of course, greatly perplexed Twashtri and caused him to fall into a profound meditation. When he arose from it he proceeded as follows. He took: The roundness of the moon. The undulating curves of the serpent. The graceful twist of the creeping plant. The slight shivering of the grass blade and the slenderness of the willow. The velvety softness of the flowers. The lightness of the feather. The gentle gaze of the doe. The frolicsomeness of the dancing sunbeam. The tears of the cloud. The inconstancy of the wind. The timidity of the hare. The vanity of the peacock. The hardness of the diamond. The cruelty of the tiger. The heat of the fire. The chill of the snow. All these he mixed together and formed a woman.

A Good Suggestion.

"Why, I declare!" exclaims the trusting wife, "I won't have to buy any new dresses or hats at all this spring!" "You won't?" asks the crafty husband. "Surely you will need something."

"Not a thing. I've been looking through this month's fashion magazines that you brought home for me, and I find that there isn't the slightest change in style from last spring."

And the crafty husband, inwardly gloating over the success of his scheme to paste a this year's cover on a last year's magazine, leans back in his chair and smokes and smokes and smokes.

It's the World's Best.

No one has ever made a salve, ointment or balm to compare with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Eczema, Salt Rheum, For sore Eyes, Cold Sores, Chapped Hands, or Sprains, it's supreme. Infallible for Piles. Only 25c at Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

One thing is certain—if cheap ship rates to the molar regions can once be established, cold storage charges are sure to go down.

LONG-RANGE ALLUREMENTS.

Beware of the Advertiser Who Offers to Do Too Much.

Collier's Weekly.

Pay no money to an unknown person for an unknown article. If a man who doesn't know you offers you a job through the mails and asks money from you, find out what the job is first, and then don't pay the money. Good jobs don't hunt men by mail. They don't have to. If it's a salary he offers you, he's a swindler. Honest business men do not pay salaries to unseen applicants. If he "guarantees" so much per day or week or month to you, he's a liar. No man can guarantee your earning powers without knowing who or what you are. If he cites tempting figures, seeking to enroll you among his agents, and asks you for a deposit on a sample article, shun him. You wouldn't pay money for an article you had never seen to a man whom you chanced to meet on the street because he promised you an agency. Why, then, pay it to an unknown who calls from afar to you through a newspaper or magazine? Let him, if he is honest, send his sample on approval. And, above all, when you have been swindled by a fake advertiser, tell the publisher of the medium in which you found the advertisement. If he's honest, he'll be glad to know of it. If he's dishonest, he'll be uncomfortable. Two to one, he took that advertisement with an uneasy feeling anyway. And if 10 per cent. of the victims protested with the might that is in them against these swindlers, 90 per cent. of the petty lawbreakers who thrive on printers' ink would take either to honest labor or to the woods.

Reaching the Top

In any calling of life, demands a vigorous body and a keen brain. Without health there is no success. But Electric Bitters is the greatest Health Builder the world has ever known. It compels perfect action of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, purifies and enriches the blood, tones and invigorates the whole system and enables you to stand the wear and tear of your daily work. "After months of suffering from Kidney Trouble," writes W. M. Sherman, of Cushing, Me., "three bottles of Electric Bitters made me feel like a new man." 50c at Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

CONYERS'

New Drug Store

350 South Elm St.

FULL LINE OF STANDARD
PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES,
STATIONERY, &c., &c.

Prescriptions Accurately
Compounded

You all know me.

Z. V. CONYERS

If It Isn't Right We'll Make It Right

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS

Have your Tires repaired where They Know How—and Guarantee Their Work.

BABY CARRIAGE OWNERS

Have new Tires put on so they will stay on—We do it that way.

DIXIE RUBBER CO.

214 W. Market St., Greensboro.

Aids Nature

The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies Nature with body-building, tissue-repairing, muscle-making materials, in condensed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering and obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in sound health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.

If your dealer offers something "just as good," it is probably better FOR HIM—it pays better. But you are thinking of the cure not the profit, so there's nothing "just as good" for you. Say so.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, In Plain English; or, Medicine Simplified, 1008 pages, over 700 illustrations, newly revised up-to-date Edition, paper-bound, sent for 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only. Cloth-bound, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



CASH BUYER'S COUPON

ISSUED BY MRS. G. W. KERNODLE.
Good Until June 1st, 1910.

In addition to my usual low prices for Millinery this adv. will save the bearer money as follows:

This adv. and \$1.00 in cash pays for \$1.25 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$1.20 in cash pays for \$1.50 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$1.60 in cash pays for \$2.00 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$2.40 in cash pays for \$3.00 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$3.20 in cash pays for \$4.00 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$4.00 in cash pays for \$5.00 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$4.80 in cash pays for \$6.00 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$5.60 in cash pays for \$7.00 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$6.40 in cash pays for \$8.00 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$7.20 in cash pays for \$9.00 worth of Millinery.
This adv. and \$8.00 in cash pays for \$10.00 worth of Millinery.

You are cordially invited to call and examine my stock.

Cut out this advertisement and bring it to my store and save money.

MRS. G. W. KERNODLE

Summit Avenue, near White Oak.

Cook With Gas

Clean.
Cool.
Comfortable.

N. C. PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

CLEAN UP

Your Rooms With

New Wall Paper

THE

Greensboro Wall Paper Company

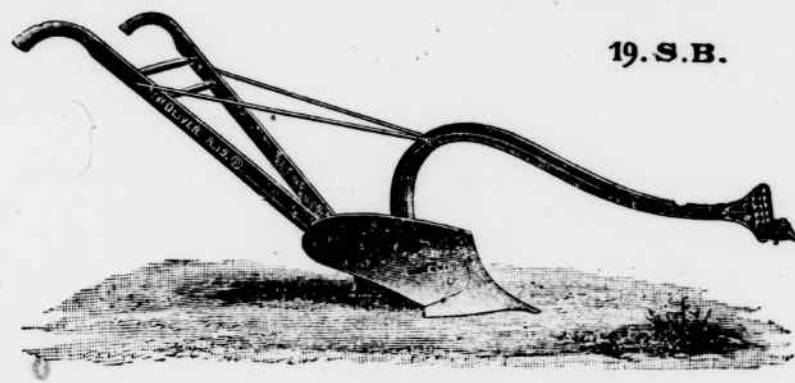
Invites you to call at 113 East Market St. and talk it over.

CROUP

stopped in 20 minutes sure with Dr. Snow's Croup Remedy. One test will surely prove. No vomiting, no distress. A safe and pleasing syrup—50c. Druggists.

Genuine Oliver Chilled Plow

19. S. B.



If you are going to buy a Plow this spring don't buy until you have seen the "Genuine Oliver." Let us show you its merits. Every customer on Oliver Plows brings us a new customer and makes for us a friend.

For sale only by

Southside Hardware Co.

525 South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.

MILEPOSTS IN HISTORY.

REMEMBER THE ALAMO.

The siege of the Alamo was one of the most picturesque struggles for liberty that has taken place on the American continent. Unwilling to be dominated by the Mexicans, the Texans valiantly resisted and finally succeeded in throwing off the yoke, and gained their independence and held it for nine years, under five different presidents, until annexed to the United States.

The two most important actions in the Texas revolution were the siege of the Alamo and the battle of San Jacinto. One hundred and forty-four Texans taking refuge in the Alamo in San Antonio, an old Spanish building containing a church and a fort, were besieged by a force of 4,000 Mexicans. The siege of the Alamo began on February 23, 1836. It lasted eleven days, when it was taken by storm and every Texan killed. In the state house of Austin, the capital of Texas, on a monument made of stones of the ruins of the mission fort, are inscribed the names of the men whose death gave the Anglo-American race eternal reason to "Remember the Alamo."

It was the battle of San Jacinto, which finally settled the conflict in favor of the Texans, and never was seen a more brave dash for liberty than the little Texan band put up in this fight, rallying the columns with the cry, "Remember the Alamo."

On February 22 Santa Anna, with his Mexican army, had arrived at San Antonio. On the morning of the 23rd he called upon Col. Travis to surrender, but was answered by a cannon shot. The Mexican general at once hoisted the red flag as a signal that no quarter would be given. The Alamo had been prepared to resist any attack except from artillery. The second in command was no other than James Bowie, the inventor of the long-bladed "bowie-knife," and by the hunters and desperadoes of the plains. Davy Crockett was another of the heroes of the Alamo.

The final assault was made on March 6—Sunday. Travis, who was struck in the head, had fallen beside his gun at the northwest corner. Bowie was precipitated from a scaffolding by the walls, and was unable to move from the bed where he had been laid in an upper room of the convent barracks. He was still able, however, to die as he had lived, firing the pistols which had been placed by his side before he was finally run through with a bayonet.

The church was the last to be taken. Its defenders, too, fell back inch by inch, fighting till each man was slain. Davy Crockett was among the last to fall. In less than an hour all was over. Thus perished, to the last man, the defenders of the Alamo. There were left to tell the tale only two widowed American women, with their children; a Mexican woman, who was torn from Bowie's side by his murderers, and a colored slave boy of the dead general. The Texans wanted to give them decent burial, but Santa Anna refused, and the dead heroes were heaped together in layers with wood and dry brush between. One hundred and eighty-two bodies were counted before the torch was applied. A year later the bones were buried in one coffin near the Alamo, which was left standing as a memorial of Texan independence, and as an exhibition of the most picturesque and appealing fight for liberty on this continent.

THE REAL NEGRO DIALECT.

Most Writers Who Attempt It Fail in the Effort.

Charlotte Observer.

There are very few who can either talk or write the pure negro dialect. Only those who have been raised among the negroes are capable of even making an attempt at it. No one will ever approach the purity of the negro dialect so closely as did Uncle Remus. Polk Miller has some conception of the real negro talk and so has Senator Bob Taylor, but the latter usually talks city negro talk, as for instance when he tells of an old negro whose worthless son was married secretly. The old man heard of it and asked the boy if he was married. "I ain't saying," I ain't," the boy replies. "Now you Rastus," stormed the old man, "I ain't asking you if you ain't; I is asking you ain't you is." In real negro dialect there is no such word as "where." It's "way." Whoever heard the old-time turkey ask: "Where you goin'?" It's "Way you gwine?" Some of the black-and-white writers never heard the good old true-to-nature negro word "caught," which means "caught." One of our own popular writers and particular friends spoils all of his negro dialect stories by making the negro say "mer" for "my." One word the negro comes out strongly and correctly on, is the word "my." In the average magazine story which pretends to deal in negro dialect, the use of ten are painful failures, the language that would never be recognized on the plantation and that was never heard in the South. These magazine negro dialect stories are painful things to read through, and by the same token, are good things to skip.

Good Fellowship.

James Howard Kehler.

Good fellowship is as old as man. It is one of the elemental things—rooted in man with good and evil, love and hate. Its temples are wherever good men get together—its shrines and sanctuaries the hearts of men. More than the impetuous comradeship of youth, it is the settled faith of men in men. Pacing all boundaries of nation, creed or call, it asks only the open heart, the honest purpose, the cheerful counterpane. Its password is the kindling eye, its pledge the hearty hand—its faint messages are unspoken. It is the golden age made manifest. Rites, religious, men and measures pass—good fellowship remains; for it is eternal love of life, eternal faith, eternal charity and cheer.

HOW FRANKLIN LEARNED.

His Good English Was Acquired by Reading and Rewriting.

From Benjamin Franklin's Autobiography.

After some time an ingenious tradesman, Mr. Matthew Adams, who had a pretty collection of books, and who frequented our printing house, took notice of me, invited me to his library and very kindly lent me such books as I chose to read. I now took a fancy to poetry, and made some little pieces. My brother, thinking it might turn to account, encouraged me and put me on composing occasional ballads.

One was called "The Lighthouse Tragedy," and contained an account of the drowning of Capt. Worthillake, with his two daughters; the other was a sailor's song, on the taking of Teach (or Blackbeard), the pirate. They were wretched stuff, in the grub street ballad style, and when they were printed he sent me about the town to sell them. The first sold wonderfully, the event being recent, having made a great noise.

This flattered my vanity, but my father discouraged me by ridiculing my performances, and telling me verse makers were generally beggars. So I escaped being a poet, most probably a very bad one; but as prose writing has been of great use to me in the course of my life, and was a principal means of my advancement, I shall tell you how, in such a situation, I acquired what little ability I have in that way.

About this time I met with an odd volume of the Spectator. It was the third. I had never before seen any of them. I bought it, read it over and over, and was much delighted with it. I thought the writing excellent, and wished, if possible, to imitate it.

With this view I took some of the papers, and, making short hints of the sentiment in each sentence, laid them by a few days, and then, without looking at the book, tried to complete the papers again, by expressing each hinted sentiment at length, and as fully as it had been expressed before, in any suitable words that should come to hand. Then I compared my Spectator with the original, discovered some of my faults, and corrected them.

But I found I wanted a stock of words, or a readiness in recollecting and using them, which I thought I should have acquired before that time if I had gone on making verses; since the continual occasion for words of the same import, but of different length, to suit the measure, or of different sound for the rhyme, would have laid me under a constant necessity of searching for variety, and also have tended to fix that variety in my mind, and make me master of it. Therefore, I took some of the tales and turned them into verse, and, after a time, when I had pretty well forgotten the prose, turned them back again.

I also sometimes jumbled my collections of hints into confusion, and after some weeks endeavored to reduce them into the best order, before I began to form the full sentences and complete the paper. This was to teach me method in the arrangements of thoughts.

By comparing my work afterward with the original, I discovered many faults and amended them; but I sometimes had the pleasure of fancying that, in certain particulars of small import, I had been lucky enough to improve the method or the language; and this encouraged me to think I might possibly in time come to be a tolerable English writer.

MASONRY IN HOLY CITY.

Boston Corporation to Build Masonic Temple in Jerusalem.

A corporation to be known as the Jerusalem Temple Association has been formed under Massachusetts laws, having for its object the building and maintenance of a Masonic temple in Jerusalem, to mark the traditional birth-place of Masonry. It is proposed to go beyond previous efforts of a like nature and insure the permanency of Masonry in Jerusalem by the erection of a temple that will stand for all time.

Its incorporators include distinguished members of the craft, among them Bishop J. W. Hamilton, D. D., L. L. D.; ex-Congressman L. D. Appleby, Adj. Gen. William H. Brigham, William E. Litchfield, of the Boston Chamber of Commerce; Warren B. Ellis, P. C. H. P., editor of the Craftsman; George E. Whitaker, publisher of Zion's Herald, and others prominent in public and society life.

The president of the association, A. B. Howe, has spent considerable time in Jerusalem, and is thoroughly conversant with local conditions. He believes that there is a sufficient number of English-speaking Masons in the Holy City to warrant the re-establishment of a lodge there. Visiting Masons occasionally hold meetings in Solomon's quarry, but the place is not suited to regular communications, having no seating or other conveniences, and a government charge of 20 cents for admission is made.

If possible, the architecture will conform to that of Solomon's temple, exclusive of the golden adornment and other decorative effects. To carry out the plan, as outlined, would require at least \$100,000, which it is proposed to raise by subscriptions of not less than \$10 from each of the blue lodges throughout the United States, and, in addition, to raise personal funds from private sources. Should the total amount subscribed exceed or fall short of \$100,000, the plans will be elaborated or modified accordingly.

Make Yours Dollars Extend.

Our agency will prove that thirty-five years big sales and pleased users of the L. & M. Paint will save you dollars, because when painting with L. & M. you are using metal Zinc Oxide combined with White Lead. Zinc Oxide is imperishable, and like the L. & M. wear and cover like gold. The L. & M. Colors are therefore bright and lasting. You won't need to repaint for 10 to 15 years; besides L. & M. Paint costs less than any other, say about \$1.30 per gallon. Sold by Gibsonville Store Co.

RELIABLE BAROMETERS.

Dandelion, Clover and Leaves of Horse Chestnuts Weather Signs.

The dandelion is a dandy barometer, one of the commonest and most reliable. It is when the blooms have seeded and are in the fluffy, feathery condition that the weather prophet faculties come to the fore. In fine weather the ball expands to the full, but when rain approaches it shuts like an umbrella. If the weather is inclined to be showery, it keeps shut all the time, only opening when the danger from the wet is past.

The ordinary clover and all its varieties, including the trefoil and the shamrock, are also barometers. When rain is coming the leaves shut together like the shells of an oyster and do not open again until the weather is assured. For a day or two before rain comes their stems swell to an appreciable extent and stiffen so that the leaves are borne more uprightly than usual. This stem swelling when rain is expected is a feature of many flowering grasses.

The fingers of which the leaves of the horse chestnut are made up keep flat and fanlike so long as fine weather is likely to continue. With the coming of rain, however, they drop as if to offer less resistance to the weather. The scarlet pimpernel is nicknamed the "poor man's weather glass," or wind cope, and opens its flowers only in fine weather. As soon as rain is in the air it shuts up and remains closed until the shower or storm is over.

The common garden convulvulus crumbles up its delicate blossoms within the space of half an hour if rain drops are on the way, and it keeps them thus until the bad weather has passed.

IT HAPPENED IN ARKANSAW.

How the Judge Put Aside His Bible to Perform an Unpleasant Task.

Chicago News.

Ople Read told this one not long ago: "Old Lem Harkins, of Possum Trot, had come into the country judge's office. The judge said: 'Why, hello, Lem.' 'Howdy, Judge?'

'Anything going on over at Possum Trot?'

'Nuthin' wuth dividin'.

'That so?'

'Yed; nuthin' wuth dividin'.' Then after a pause: 'Me an' them Hightowses ain't gittin' along right good for a spell.'

'No?'

'Nah, not right good.' After another long expectation-punctuated pause the old man leisurely continued: 'Tother night about chicken-roostin' time I was a-settin' in th' house a-readin' uv my Bible when I heahs some shootin' outside. Th' ol' woman was out thah a-feedin' th' chickens. I ain't paid no 'tention thah shootin'. Purty soon th' ol' woman comes in, lookin' kind o' pale an' nervous.

'What's th' matteh, ol' woman?'

I says: 'A lot o' them Hightowses is out thah a-shootin' at me,' she says.

'Now, I don't like that, Judge,' shootin' round about my house an' skeer'n up all them chickens when they o'ro be a-goin' t' roost, an' maybe killin' a calf critter somethin'.' So I lays down my Bible an' I goes ovah in th' connex an' picks up my Winchester an' I looks out th' window. Thah stands five of them Hightowses outside my fence with the guns. I jes' draps a few bullets amongst 'em an' goes back t' my readin'.

'Next mornin' I goes out an' looks whah them five Hightowses had been a-standin', and they was all gone but fo'.'

Refreshments for Orators.

London Chronicle.

"Nearly all great ministers require liquid refreshment in the course of their principal orations." That is the discovery of Mr. A. S. T. Griffith-Boscawen, who was himself for fourteen years a member of Parliament. Mr. Gladstone, he tells us, "was reputed to indulge in a queer concoction of eggs and sherry; Mr. Balfour usually had a whiskey and soda; one of the present cabinet, to my certain knowledge, used to take a glass of well concealed champagne; while in the German Reichstag Prince Bismarck is said to have carried an army bill with the aid of eight lemon squashes. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach always took port." Port, too, provided the inspiration of some of Disraeli's finest flights of oratory.

The Applan Way.

The famous Applan Way was constructed by digging two parallel trenches, three feet in depth, at the bottom of which were placed two layers of flat stones in mortar, upon which a layer of cobblestones was placed, also laid in mortar; then came a course of pebbles in concrete over which were placed large, flat blocks of smooth lava well joined together, forming an even, uniform surface. It was primarily a military road, and extended from Rome to Brundisium, a distance of 350 miles. So perfect was the construction of this celebrated OVERLAND—the car that pleases all. The car that has sold this year five times greater than last year; the car that has the best engine of any on the market; the car with least parts; the car that runs itself almost; the car that is less expensive than any other; the car that uses less oil and less gasoline—in a word the car that the government buys to send to its soldiers in the West Indies; the car that is made at the largest automobile factories in the world, and last of all the car that surpasses in speed and beauty and workmanship and material any car ever placed on the market of the world.

The Sound Sleep of Good Health.

The restorative power of sound sleep can not be over estimated and any ailment that prevents it is a menace to health. J. L. Southern, Eau Claire, Wis., says:—"For a long time I have been unable to sleep soundly nights, because of pains across my back and soreness of my kidneys. My appetite was very poor and my general condition was much run down. I have been taking Foley's Kidney Pills but a short time and now sleep as sound as rock. I eat and enjoy my meals, and my general condition is greatly improved. I can honestly recommend Foley's Kidney Pills as I know they have cured me." Howard Gardner.

All the world may love a lover, but he has to give a mortgage to the

WHY NOT YOU MR. FARMER

Participate in The Pleasure of a Joy Ride?

The Farmer today is the man with the real money-bags. High prices for his products prevail everywhere; the mortgage is a thing of the past; out of debt and without worry, the farmer, of all men now, is the one who should enjoy the good roads in Guilford county by owning and operating his own automobile. With a car of his own on the farm his horses would cease to shy when a "city chap" comes sailing by. The farmer could leave his hired men in the field at work with the horses while he took his car and enjoyed himself on the good roads which he has helped to build. He could run to town in a quarter the time it takes to jog along with the old blind mare or the frisky colt. The farmer should extract some of the real pleasures out of life and no pleasure is as great as a joy ride in your own car.

If You Want to Learn

to Drive a Car

Let us show you the wonderful High Wheeler—an electric car that will go through mud when the low wheels stick; a car that a child can manage; a car that is second-hand but in good shape; fine appearance; every part perfect—cost \$800 and if you want it quick you can take it along for the modest sum of \$225. This is a bargain that you will not find once in a hundred years. Come see it and let us demonstrate the truth of our assertion and show you an actual value worth more than twice our quick selling price.

Something a Little Better and Much Larger in a Touring Buick

We have a Buick Touring Car, holds five passengers, just the thing for a family outing; a trip to town or a drive on the good roads; a 1909 model; perfect condition; new tires; fully repaired and not much worn, cost new \$1,475 and was cheap at that which we will sell at once to a quick purchaser for only \$795—and that is just like giving it away.

This car will appeal to the most exacting person; it stands up with any of the cars of that model; it is clean and not damaged in any way. The farmer who gets it would not take two hundred dollars for his bargain. This is worth your time to investigate. Call and look at it and let Mr. Hood show you that it has not only beauty but all the speed you are looking for. Certainly a bargain here.

If You Want the Best Car on

the Market Today, Listen:

While we have told you about our rebuilt second-hand cars and made you prices absurdly low, we want you to understand that it is not our intention to intimate that a farmer must buy cheap stuff or second-hand stuff. It is like buying a piano. Often the first piano put in the home is a cheap one, an instrument that will do to learn on, and then comes the finer instrument. So with an automobile. Learn how to drive one; buy something cheap to go until you see that you really want an automobile, learn how to drive it, and then come and let us sell you a celebrated OVERLAND—the car that pleases all. The car that has sold this year five times greater than last year; the car that has the best engine of any on the market; the car with least parts; the car that runs itself almost; the car that is less expensive than any other; the car that uses less oil and less gasoline—in a word the car that the government buys to send to its soldiers in the West Indies; the car that is made at the largest automobile factories in the world, and last of all the car that surpasses in speed and beauty and workmanship and material any car ever placed on the market of the world.

Something Exceptionally Good

In a Two-Passenger Runabout

We have one Reo Runabout, absolutely new; one we took in a trade for a bigger car that should not remain in our garage a day longer than you read this offer. A two passenger Reo, tried and tested, never used over a week and all perfect and in trim, cost new at the factory \$585—and we will turn it over to you at \$525—and make terms to suit. This should appeal strongly to the farmer who wants something to get to town and runabout the country in. Come see this car and let Jasep, the Reo demonstrator, take you out and cut the wind.

Why We Offer These Cars at Such Tremendous Bargains

The American Motor Company, of Greensboro, is a selling agency for the celebrated Overland Car—the high priced and latest car on the market and when we sell a bigger car or a faster car we often take in a car of some other make. Our garage is large but with thirty or forty new Overlands on hand, car loads almost daily, we must have room to store them. We think the farmer should learn to drive a car before he buys a very expensive one; he should try it and see the pleasure of automobiling. These cars we offer are as good for riding and service as any car on the market. They have not all the style nor have they the speed and mechanism of the latest Overland, but they are first-class and just the thing for the farmer to take his first lesson with. They are bargains and we want Patriot readers to come and see us.

Never Any Trouble to Explain to Your Satisfaction All About It

Come to our headquarters on East Market street. Come doubting and go away convinced. Don't say you never want an automobile. Ride in one; own one and then you will say you would not think of depriving yourself the pleasure of the ride, to say nothing of the actual use you will find for it. It is a time saver, a money maker. The farmers in Kansas have bought nine hundred Overlands. The farmers in Guilford county have bought but three or four. Next year and we dare say a hundred farmers will own cars. They should own them because they can afford to own them. Come and see our second-hand bargains; invest in one of these and get acquainted with the car and then in a year or so you will sell your second-hand car (for as much as you gave for it, possibly) and buy an OVERLAND—the real car of the century.

THE AMERICAN MOTOR CO.

LINDSEY HOPKINS.
President.

GEORGE A. HOOD,
Sec. & Treas.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Greensboro Patriot.

ESTABLISHED 1921.

W. I. UNDERWOOD,
Editor and Publisher.

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THE PATRIOT,
Greensboro, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30, 1910.



The resignation of Judge E. B. Jones, of Winston-Salem, from the Superior court bench puts new life into the Democratic congressional campaign in the Fifth district, for it is generally understood that Judge Jones leaves the bench in order to gratify an ambition to become a candidate for Congress. So far the only avowed candidates are Dr. George A. Mebane, of Spray, who was the first Richmond in the field, and Gen. B. S. Royster, of Oxford, but Judge Jones may be expected to lose no time in entering the contest.

The fourth Sunday in April has been designated in North Carolina as "sanitary Sunday," and every minister in the state is requested to call attention on that day to the importance of observing proper sanitary regulations to the end that the standard of public health may be raised. Yesterday the state board of health mailed from Raleigh to all the preachers in the state copies of what is called the "Preachers' Bulletin," containing much information and many suggestions in regard to sanitary matters.

The recent uprising in Congress, when an attempt to dethrone "Uncle Joe" Cannon almost succeeded, seems to have resulted in uniting the Republicans into one compact body—at least, when the tariff is the subject of consideration. Twenty Republican members of the house voted against the adoption of the Aldrich-Payne tariff bill last July, but the other day when Representative Fitzgerald proposed to repeal the act, every Republican member—insurgent and regular alike—stood by the administration. But then the Republicans have a way of getting together and standing together at the crucial moment.

Ex-President Roosevelt, who has reached Rome on his return to the United States from his African hunting trip, was to have been accorded an audience with the pope yesterday, but the engagement was called off on account of the refusal of Mr. Roosevelt to accept the conditions imposed by the vatican. The pope was willing to receive Mr. Roosevelt with the understanding that the ex-president should not be received by any other religious body while in Rome, but the strenuous American could not agree to these terms, although he had made no other engagements. The average man, without regard to religious or political feeling, will applaud the American independence displayed by the ex-president.

One of the most encouraging signs of the times in North Carolina is the awakened interest in all things pertaining to agricultural pursuits. This is shown in many ways, and in none more strongly than in the large numbers of men and boys who are enlisting in corn-growing contests in many counties throughout the state. This agitation has brought to the front the question of the establishment of farm schools for the better training of the boys of today who are to be the farmers of tomorrow. It appears that there is a state law for the establishment of such schools, and it is to be hoped that it will be put into execution in every county in the state. If it is desirable that the boys and girls remain on the farm, why not teach them how to make farm life more attractive and profitable?

"An Iowa girl went crazy after a man had hugged her simply," notes a contemporary. Hereafter, this man probably will remember to hug Iowa girls extravagantly.

WHICH WAS THE WISER?

Story of Two Funerals and Lives of the Dead.

"Two years ago," said a clergyman, "I conducted the funeral services of one of my parishioners. He had been a farmer. Forty years ago he commenced work with one hundred acres of land, and he ended with the same hundred. He was a skillful, industrious workman, but he had laid by no money in the bank. I understood the reason as I listened to the comments of his neighbors.

"It was always a hospitable house," said one. "The poor man never turned away any. His sons and daughters received the best education which his means could command, and all are leading useful and happy lives."

"Said another: 'These children sitting there weeping are the orphans of a friend. He gave them a home. That crippled girl is his wife's niece. She lived with them for years. The young fellow who is weeping so bitterly was a waif that he rescued from the slums of the city.'

"And so the story went on—not of a miser who had heaped riches together, but of a servant of God who had helped many lives, and had lifted many of them out of misery and ignorance.

"On my way home from the funeral I stopped at the house of another farmer, who said to me in a shrill, rasping tone:

"So poor Gould is dead! He left a poor account—not a penny more than he got from his father; now I started with nothing; and look here, pointing to his broad fields. I own down to the stream."

"And on the thin, hard lips was a wretched attempt at a laugh. The house was bare and comfortless; his wife, worn out with work, had long ago gone to her grave. Of his children, one daughter was still struggling in the kitchen; one son had taken to drink and died in prison. The other, a harder miser than his father, had remained at home to fight with him over every penny wrung out of their fertile fields.

"And yesterday I buried this man," continued the clergyman. "Neither neighbor, nor friend, son nor daughter, shed a tear over him. His children were eager to begin the quarrel for his ground he had sacrificed his life to earn. Of it all he had now only enough to cover his 'decaying body.'

"Economy to a noble purpose is a virtue, but miserliness devours intelligence, hope and life interest."

THE KING CAN DO NO WRONG.

Correct Application and Significance of the Expression.

Boston Transcript.

It is astonishing how frequently the familiar phrase, "The king can do no wrong," is misapplied. It is supposed to be the motto of an unlimited despotism, and in some way associated with the doctrine of the divine right of kings. Representative Fowler uses the phrase in this sense in his recent attack on the speaker of the house. Nothing could be further from the real meaning of the phrase. It is the symbol of a system in which the sovereign reigns, but does not rule. Nowhere can it be more fittingly applied than to the English government. The king can do no wrong simply because it is his ministers who do right or wrong, and when the people are dissatisfied with the ministers they change them, not him. He simply expresses the will to the dominant party. During her protracted reign Queen Victoria changed parties a half a score of times; not because she changed her mind, but because she was the simple mouthpiece of the party that happened to be in power. President Taft can do wrong, because his cabinet, according to the theory of the constitution, are merely secretaries, who follow his instructions, and carry his will into effect. If they do wrong he is responsible for it, for he can displace them at any moment. He has absolute executive power only partially modified by possible senatorial action. It was for attempting to exercise that undoubted constitutional right that an enraged Congress sought the impeachment of Andrew Johnson. Fortunately, seven Republican senators helped defeat this revolutionary measure. Although they were politically slaughtered, the right of the president to control his cabinet has never been seriously called in question. In England it is said that the lord chancellor is the "keeper of the king's conscience." If this had reference to his private and personal ethics there have been English monarchs who would have made his lordship's office no sinecure. But of course, it only has to do with the sovereign's political duties and responsibilities. Happy the land in which the "king can do no wrong," and the "king can do no wrong," where there is a carefully instructed official to keep the royal conscience in a sound condition of political health.

A Mechanical Palace.

One rich man undertakes to live like Aladdin in a villa near Paris. No servant enters his magic dining-room. The table is set in the kitchen in the basement and comes noiselessly through the floor into the dining room. Tiny elevators run from the kitchen to the table after it is in place and a push of a button brings whatever the host desires noiselessly to his place. Electricity cooks, washes dishes, makes sauces, and grinds the coffee and pepper. In the bedroom the curtains close of themselves and the lights go out automatically after one has stretched himself out for the night. Coffee or breakfast comes to the bedside in the morning by the touch of a button. Doors open by pushing buttons, and at the front gate a phonograph asks the visitor his business.

There is no couch medicine so popular as Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to cure coughs, colds, croup and bronchitis. Howard Gardner.

A NATURAL BORN FOOL.

Man Who Thought Republicans Would Reduce Tariff.

The recent tariff debate in Congress was occasionally illumined by some welcome bits of humor, says a Washington correspondent. One of the brightest of these was a story told by Representative George E. Burgess, of Texas, who insisted that the country was not going to be fooled by the Republican promise of tariff revision downward. He said the public would take the view of it that the lunatic did in the following story:

"Two lunatics were being conveyed to the asylum. One said to the other:

"Where are you going?"

The other one said:

"I am going down to the lunatic asylum."

"What is the matter with you?"

"Why, I got to studying predestination and foreordination and God's election and man's free will, and all that, and I got mixed up."

"I talked with the preachers and deacons and it all got worse. I got so I couldn't sleep, saw all kinds of visions, and they just took me and said they were going to send me down to the asylum to straighten me out. Now, what is the matter with you?"

"Well," said the other, "I am going down to the asylum, too. They say I am crazy."

"Well, what is the matter with you?"

"Why, I got to studying tariff revision, free trade, tariff for revenue, reciprocity, free raw materials, the maximum and minimum, and drawbacks, and all that, and I got all mixed up, and I thought the country was being ruined."

"One night I had a vision, and I heard a voice that told me the Republican party was coming into power at the next election and that they were going to revise and reduce the tariff in the interest of the people and straighten all this out. I believed it, and told my friends of my vision, and they took me and sent me down to the lunatic asylum."

"Well," the other man said, "you did not believe in a vision like that, did you?"

"Yes."

"What! Did you believe that the Republican party, as at present organized, would reduce the tariff in the interest of the people?"

"Yes, I did."

"Well, you ain't crazy; you are just a natural-born fool."

He Knew.

A certain young man's friends thought he was dead, but he was only in a state of coma. When, in ample time to avoid being buried, he showed signs of life, he was asked how it seemed to be dead.

"Dead?" he exclaimed. "I wasn't dead. I knew all that was going on. And I knew I wasn't dead, too, because my feet were cold and I was hungry."

"But how did that fact make you think you were still alive?" asked one of the curious.

"Well, this way: I knew that if I were in Heaven I wouldn't be hungry, and if I was in the other place my feet wouldn't be cold."

Forced to Leave Home.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. There's a better way. Let Dr. King's New Discovery cure you at home. "It cured me of lung trouble," writes W. R. Nelson, of Calamine, Ark., "when all else failed and I gained 47 pounds in weight. Its surely the King of all cough and lung cures." Thousands owe their lives and health to it. Its positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds, LaGrippe, Asthma, Croup—all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free at Fariss-Klutznick Drug Co.

Absence may make some hearts grow fonder, but not the bill collector's.

Farm Wanted

I want to buy a farm of from 50 to 100 acres anywhere from four to ten miles of Greensboro.

If you want to sell write quick to

BOX 514

GREENSBORO, N. C.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain mortgage bearing date of the 18th day of December, 1908, recorded in Book No. 209 at Page 448 etc., in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, executed by David C. Long and wife, Malinda Long, the undersigned will on

WEDNESDAY, MAY 3rd, 1910, sell at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C., at public auction to the last and highest bidder for cash, the following tract of land in Deep River township, adjoining the lands of Lee Jones, Frank Taylor and others, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at S. J. Atkins and John Robinson's corner (a pine) thence south to Lee Jones' corner a stump; thence east to school house lot a stone; thence north to a stake S. J. Atkins line; thence west to the beginning, containing twenty-three acres more or less.

This the 2nd day of April, 1910.
T. P. FARRINGTON, Mortgagee.

HARRY-BELK BROS. CO.

Great Money Saving OPPORTUNITY

In new spring merchandise that we are fortunate in being able to offer our customers at the price. We are constantly on the lookout for bargains for our friends and customers, and when we get a bargain we give it to them, only adding a small profit. We are now able to offer some of the greatest values in Dry Goods, Shoes, Clothing, Millinery, Furnishings, etc., this section has ever known. Can only mention a few. Let us show you.

Wash Goods

5c Lawn, Mill Ends at 3 1-2c
15c Lawn, 40 inches wide, special at 10c
10c White Lawn at 5c
10c Percale at 6 1-2c
10c Long Cloth at 7 1-2c
10c Suiting at 5c
7 1-2c yard wideSheeting at 6 1-2c
12 1-2c Gingham at 10c
Best 12 1-2c and 15c Percales,
new patterns 11 1-2c
Calicoes 5c
15c Linen, finest suiting 10c

Hosiery

15c Ladies' Hose at 10c
10c Ladies' Hose at 5c
10c Misses' Hose at 8c
25c Men's Socks at 15c
15c Men's Socks at 10c

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear

\$7.50 all wool Panama tailor made
Skirts at \$5.00
\$4.50 Silk Petticoats at \$2.98
\$1.50 Black Petticoats at 98c
\$1.50 Tailored Waist at 98c
\$1.25 Tailored Waist at 89c
\$15 Coat Suits at \$9.95
\$20 Coat Suits at \$15

Shoes That Wear

Children's Shoes and Slippers at 50, 75, and 98c.
\$3 Women's Shoes on job counter, \$1 and \$1.50.
Men's \$3, \$4 and \$5 Shoes on job counter, \$1.98 and \$2.98.
A look is all we ask and a look is what you owe yourself. Will you make good the opportunity that's up to you?

Clothing

This department is putting forth strong values in Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing.
\$12.50 and \$15 Suits, special at \$10
\$10 Suits at \$7.50
\$3 Pants at \$2.48
75c Negligee Shirts at 48c
50c Negligee Shirts at 39c
\$1 Shirts at 65c
\$1 Shirts, slightly soiled, to clean up quick at 50 and 65c

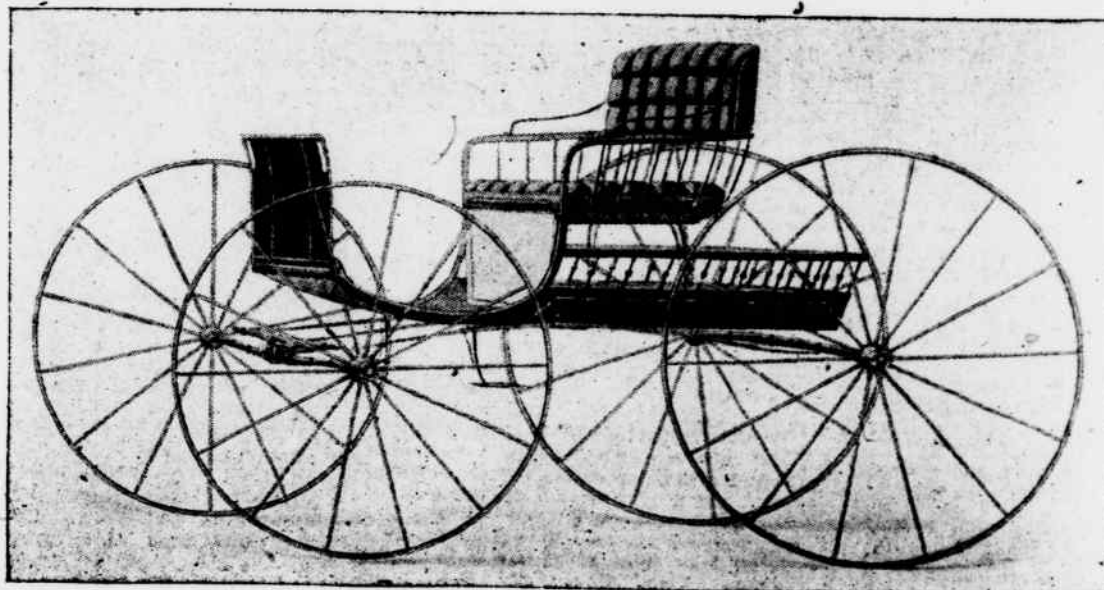
Millinery

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats from 50c up.
Our special nicely trimmed Hat at \$1.98.

Harry-Belk Bros. Co.

D. R. HARRY, Manager.

The Best On Earth



The Celebrated Brockaway Buggies

When you want a Buggy, Wagon or Harness, see my stock.

F. N. TAYLOR

311 South Davie Street,

Greensboro, N. C.

Alcohol to Children

Ask your doctor how often he prescribes an alcoholic stimulant for children. He will probably say, "Very, very rarely. Children do not need stimulating." Ask him how often he prescribes a tonic for them. He will probably answer, "Very, very frequently." Then ask him about Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla as a tonic for the young. Follow his advice. He knows. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

The first great rule of health—"Daily movement of the bowels." Ask your doctor if this is not so. Then ask him about Ayer's Pills. Sold for nearly sixty years.

Neighborhood News.

Matters of Interest Reported by Our Corps of Correspondents.

ALAMANCE ITEMS.

The recent rains are very acceptable to the farmers.

The weather for the past few weeks has been so good that the farmers are now beginning to plant corn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pearson visited at Mr. J. M. Wilson's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Morgan and Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Wall were among the visitors in the community Sunday.

Mrs. W. L. Miles is very sick again. We are sorry to state.

Miss Bernice Moton visited Miss Sallie Lowe recently.

Misses Jennie and Pearl Wilson visited Misses Jessie and Daisy Warren one day last week.

Miss Emma Harris is visiting near Summerfield this week.

Mr. Loy Hooper was a visitor in the community Sunday.

Several of our young people enjoyed an Easter egg hunt at Mr. T. R. Dillard's Easter Monday.

The subscription school which was taught by Miss Minnie Lowe closed Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Wilson visited at Mr. S. L. Lewis's Sunday.

Miss Jennie Wilson is visiting relatives near Greensboro this week.

The graveyard at Center church is to be cleaned off and the work to be let out by contract and any one desiring to do the work is urged to be present at Center church Saturday, the 9th, at one o'clock. All who are interested are asked to be present.

The Farmers' Union has been organized at a few places in this vicinity, and a number of the farmers have become members of this organization, and are very enthusiastic in their work.

The Farmers' Union has proved quite a success over the South, and we have no reason to believe that it will be a great benefit to us. All the business men of our cities have business organizations and business meetings, and are on a systematic basis. Why should the farmers? If this organization proves of no benefit to us, only to keep down the price of farming implements and fertilizer, it will be of no benefit to us.

The Alamance ball team was to have played bats with the Bessemer Saturday, but strange to relate, the opposing team did not show up. This was very gratifying to the Alamance boys, for they got some much needed practice.

WHITSETT ITEMS.

New students continue to enter for the teachers' normal course.

On Wednesday the baseball team will play at Pleasant Garden. On April 16, which is Saturday week, they play in Burghaw park, in Burlington.

Mr. Alexander Phillippe, Mr. W. J. Thompson, Mrs. Dora Dick and others are having their lawns greatly improved. Work is also in progress upon the campus.

Several from here went over to Frieden's church for services Sunday morning.

Rev. J. D. Andrew preached here on prayer at the Sunday afternoon service.

The Methodists expect to put in new pews at once and begin to use the church.

Miss Lillie Miller, of Winston-Salem, came down last week to enter school.

Mr. R. K. Davenport now has a good position in Charlotte.

An excellent portrait of ex-Governor Charles B. Aycock was placed in one of the halls last week.

On Friday Dr. Whitsett went to Charlotte and thence to Newell, where he spoke at the commencement of the Newell high school.

Prof. W. C. Rankin, of the Durham graded schools, was here Saturday and Sunday.

GIBSONVILLE ITEMS.

Rev. Mr. Sox, of Statesville, preached two acceptable sermons Sunday, one at 11 A. M. in Frieden's church and one at 3 P. M. in Sharon church in Greensboro.

On the third Sunday in April, at 11 A. M., there will be an election in each of those churches for a regular pastor. All the members of those churches are requested to be present and vote in said election.

Sunday at 4 P. M. Rev. E. P. Parlier officiated at his home in Greensboro in the marriage of Mr. Rufus L. R. Meachum, of Burlington, and Miss Ollie E. Coble, of Greensboro.

Mr. Lee Wharton acted as best man and Miss Lillie Phillips as bridesmaid.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

Your Solemn Duty

To the family is to have ready the certain remedy for Croup, Colds and Pneumonia. Vick's Croup and Pneumonia Salve will not fail you.

HILLSDALE ITEMS.

The health of the community is very good at present.

Farmers are very busy planting corn.

Mrs. W. L. Moton, who has been sick, is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Dillard visited Mrs. Jennie Miles Sunday.

Misses Ollie Carroll and Mary Haynes, who have been visiting in the neighborhood, returned to their homes Sunday.

Mr. John Dillard has gone to Roanoke, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pearson visited at Mr. J. M. Wilson's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Morgan and Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Wall were among the visitors in the community Sunday.

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The graveyard at Center church is to be cleaned off and the work to be let out by contract and any one desiring to do the work is urged to be present at Center church Saturday, the 9th, at one o'clock. All who are interested are asked to be present.

MAPLE SWAMP ITEMS.

There were several who were present at the school closing at Sedalia. All report a pleasant time.

Our teacher entertained her pupils on Easter Monday by giving them an egg hunt. It was great fun for the little ones and also the visitors who were present.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Ingle were visitors near Julian Sunday.

Miss Oeta Tesh entertained a number of friends on last Saturday night. All report a delightful time.

Mr. L. F. Horner was a welcome visitor Sunday evening near here.

Miss Dora Greeson has returned home after spending a few weeks with her sister.

Miss Florine Robertson left Friday last for her home in Burlington.

The prizes were awarded to Miss Katy McLean, Miss Agnes Andrew and Mr. Joe McLean for being the fortunate ones to get on the honor roll the highest number of times during the last month of school.

On last Thursday evening Sedalia and Union crossed bats on Sedalia's grounds and the score was 17 and 19 in favor of Union.

LIBERTY. R. F. D. NO. 3 ITEMS.

Mr. J. R. Anderson and daughter, Miss Pearl spent Saturday and Sunday at Haw River.

Little Elberta Smyth has returned from an extended visit to her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Zimmerman, of Gibsonville.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Hackney, of Liberty, spent Sunday at Mr. Rufus Foster's.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Kime are on the sick list this week.

Miss Iuez Hornaday, who is in school at Guilford, spent Easter with her parents.

Mr. Ed. Adams, of Greensboro, was a recent visitor.

Miss Annie Zimmerman, of Gibsonville, was a recent visitor.

Mr. R. P. Coble has gone to Oxford, where he has accepted a position with the government geological survey as civil engineer.

Memorial services will be held at Pleasant Hill on Sunday, May 3.

The farmers have organized a Farmers' Co-operative and Educational Union at Oakdale.

Mrs. Alex Mann died at her home in Greensboro March 20 and the interment was made in Pleasant Hill cemetery the following day. She leaves a husband and three children and a number of friends and relatives to mourn her death.

APPLE'S CHAPEL ITEMS.

The weather is very pleasant at this writing.

There was a large crowd at Sunday school Sunday. We are hoping to have a good Sunday school this summer.

The visitors at Mr. John Shoffner's Sunday were: Mr. and Mrs. James Apple, Messrs. Edgar Kernodle and Wesley Wyrick, and Misses Cora Brown and Minnie Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Cook and family, visitors at Mr. John Shoffner's Sunday.

There will be an entertainment at Osceola next Saturday night, the 9th. Everybody is cordially invited to come.

The wheat crop is very fine in this section.

We have a good prospect of having a fine fruit crop this year if there is not any serious frost soon.

Some little corn has been planted in this community.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

IN MEMORIAM.

On March 30 Little W. C., the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Lednum, departed this life and was laid to rest in the cemetery at Moriah, March 31, Rev. Mr. Taylor conducting the services.

Little W. C. leaves a father, mother and five sisters to mourn his loss. We know that God has added another jewel to the great family beyond. Our Heavenly Father in His infinite wisdom, saw fit to take him from our midst. He was a sweet and beautiful little boy.

All that could be done by loving hands was done, but death came and his sweet, pure spirit went to Him who said: "Suffer little children to come unto me." May we all be prepared to meet this dear one as God calls us one by one to His fold and not one be left out of the great family of God.

Not lost, blest thought,
But gone before;
Where we shall meet
To part no more.

A FRIEND.

William H. Phipps.

Resolutions adopted by the session of Alamance Presbyterian church, pertaining to the death of Ruling Elder William H. Phipps, who departed this life March 14, 1910:

For as much as it has pleased Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, to remove from the church militant to the church triumphant William H. Phipps, who, for fifty-eight years, was a communicating member of Alamance church and for more than 23 years one of her honored and faithful ruling elders, the session of said church, assembled on this, the 20th day of March, 1910, do now adopt the above preamble and the following resolutions:

1. That we bow with humble submission to the will of the King and Head of the church in taking to Himself for higher service and fuller joy one who has served with us as ruler in God's house; ever ready to speak and act for the highest welfare of the church; ever setting us the example of wisdom, prudence and love.

2. That the church he served has lost one who sincerely loved her walls, her service, her doctrines, her sacraments, her polity and her forms of worship.

3. That a page in our records of session be inscribed to his memory.

4. That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Presbyterian Standard and the Guilford county papers with request to publish.

J. A. WILSON, Moderator.

WILLIAM C. RANKIN, Clerk.

MONTEICELLO ITEMS.

Easter Monday was a big day at Monticello. The usual annual Easter picnic was given and it was estimated 5000 people were present.

The Woman's Betterment Association sold at public auction the quilt which they have had in preparation for some time. The spread, made of beautiful round-thread linen and interwoven with over 600 names of subscribers, was finally knocked down to Mrs. A. J. Lambeth. The total amount realized by the association was \$143.35. The money will be used for seating the high school auditorium and for painting the building.

We desire especially to acknowledge the liberal contribution of the cities of Greensboro and Reidsville.

The Jamestown and Monticello high schools crossed bats Easter Monday, resulting in a victory for the visitors.

The game was uninteresting from start to finish, due largely to Monticello's attempt to play several new players who were out of training, some having not played a game before this season.

PROVIDENCE ITEMS.

People in this community are very busy with farm work.

W. A. White, of Guilford College, preached here last Sunday; also attended prayer meeting the following night.

Miss Estella Neece returned last week from an extended visit to her friend Miss Barker, at White Oak.

Quite a number of our people attended court at Asheboro last week.

Some of our young people from here have gone to Greensboro for the purpose of taking the teachers' normal course, which is about opening.

Mr. Edgar Highfill, of Liberty, R. F. D., called to see his friend William Pugh Easter Sunday.

J. B. Hockett and son, of Pleasant Garden, attended services here Sunday.

MONETT ITEMS.

The farmers are busy getting ready to plant corn in this community.

Mrs. James Berry was badly burned last Wednesday morning while cooking dinner and her mother was also burned while trying to extinguish the flames.

Miss Lizzie Shaw visited Misses Myrtle and Una Causey Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. C. H. Coble is attending court this week.

Mr. Anderson Garrett visited his friend at Mr. C. B. Staley's Sunday evening.

Sunday school was organized at this place Sunday with Mr. I. L. Trogdon as superintendent. There will be Sunday school next Sunday at 3 o'clock P. M.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. Proprietors have so much faith in its curative power that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Patriot and the Semi-Weekly Charlotte Observer (three papers a week) for \$1.75 a year.

GILMER CENTRAL ITEMS.

The farmers are very busy plowing and planting corn.

Mrs. M. M. McClinton, from High Point, is visiting her daughters near here.

Mrs. G. W. Coble was carried to St. Leo's hospital last Monday to undergo an operation.

Miss Lillie Jobe visited her grandmother near Mt. Hope last week.

Mrs. H. H. Coble visited her brother, Mr. J. A. McClintock, at High Point, recently.

Mrs. G. W. Clapp is in feeble health.

Mrs. J. S. Causey has been right sick with neuralgia.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Coble visited at Mr. J. V. Kirkman's recently.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Coble attended preaching at Macedonia Sunday.

Mr. S. W. Sharp visited his uncle, Mr. J. F. H. Jobe, Sunday.

Mrs. W. A. Harden spent Easter with Mrs. G. W. Clapp.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Kirkman visited at Mr. E. T. Coble's Sunday.

Mr. Ammie May spent Saturday night with his mother, near Mt. Hope.

Mr. Will Coble and Mr. Charlie Shoffner have been very busy putting on phone wire in our community for the past week.

A "Measuring Party."

The Betterment Association at Jamestown will hold a "measuring party" in the high school auditorium on Friday evening, April 8. There will also be an auction of a Betterment Association quilt. Refreshments free. Everybody cordially invited. Hours from 7.30 to 11 o'clock.

Closing of Battle Ground School.

The closing exercises of the Battle Ground school will be held Friday evening at 8 o'clock. An interesting program by the school and instrumental music has been planned. The public is most cordially invited to come.

Poley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney and bladder trouble not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. Howard Gardner.

Executors' Notice.

The undersigned having qualified before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., as executors of the last will and testament of Calvin H. Hancock, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the deceased to present same to us duly verified on or before the 15th day of March, 1911, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of any recovery thereon. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make prompt payment.

This March 16, 1910.
CYNTHIA A. HANCOCK,
EDWARD P. HANCOCK,
Executors of C. H. Hancock, deceased.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Harriet Robinson, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., before the clerk of the Superior court of said county, I hereby give notice to all persons holding claims against said estate to the undersigned at Summitfield, N. C., or to his attorneys, Thomson & Hoyle, at Greensboro, N. C., on or before the 23rd day of March, 1911, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 23rd day of March, 1910.
J. A. ROBINSON,
Admr. of Harriet Robinson, deceased.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator on the estate of Mrs. L. C. Gardner, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., before the clerk of the Superior court of said county, I hereby give notice to all persons holding claims against said estate to the undersigned at Summitfield, N. C., or to his attorneys, Thomson & Hoyle, at Greensboro, N. C., on or before the 4th day of March, 1911, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

This 4th day of March, 1910.
J. R. GORDON, Admr.

A NEST EGG

Misfortune is liable to overtake you in money matters, then it is that a good sized "nest egg" in our savings department comes "powerful handy."

Over and over again have we seen comforting relief come to those who had accumulated a fund in this bank. If you haven't started an account, now is the time to do so.

BANK OF SOUTH GREENSBORO

Branch of American Exchange Bank,

CAPITAL, : : \$300 000.00

E. P. Wharton, President.

E. L. Sides, Cashier.

YOU ARE INVITED



To drop in and inspect our stocks of Spring Oxfords and Shoes to wear with that new suit. If you're desirous of securing a fashionable style, comfortable shoe that will retain its shape until the end of its wearing time, that will not bind or burn the foot—you would do well to make your purchase at this establishment. We have literally scoured the market for the best output for this season—you'll find that our stocks are representative of our efforts.

Coble & Mebane,

THE CASH SHOE STORE,

220 South Elm Street,

Greensboro, N. C.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator on the estate of Dr. D. A. Armfield, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., before the clerk of the Superior court of said county, I hereby give notice to all persons holding claims against said estate to the undersigned at Greensboro, N. C., on or before the 14th day of March, 1911, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

This 14th day of March, 1910.
E. S. ARMFIELD, Admr.

Administrator's Notice

Having qualified as administrator of George W. Wynne, deceased, late of Greensboro, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against that estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 30th day of March, 1911, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 30th day of March, 1910.
H. FRANCES SUTTON,
Administrator.

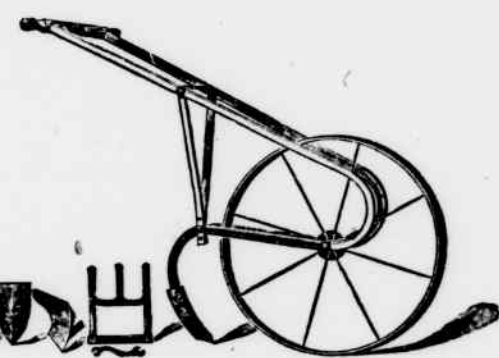


A LEADING BOARDING SCHOOL
For 250 Students. Established 1874.
Prepares for College, Business, Teaching or for Life. Health, Character and Scholarship. Wide patronage. Very reasonable rates. Each student receives personal attention. School nights reduced. Location is near Greensboro, N. C. For beautiful Catalogue, Views, etc., address the President,
W. E. WHITSETT, Ph. D.,
Whitsett, North Carolina.



PARKER'S HAIR BALM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Falls to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & dandruff. 25c and 50c at Druggists.

WE WANT TO INTEREST YOU



In one of our "Superior" Garden Plows. This is one of the BEST plows we ever sold and you'll like it when you see it. It is so constructed that it can be arranged for working in either heavy or light soil, as required, by removing two small bolts. The center of weight falls directly over the pivoting point, making it self balancing. The wheel is 34 inches high, making it easy running. Each plow has five attachments consisting of a calf tongue, weeder, cultivator and mould-board. Quality considered, this is the cheapest plow you can buy. Ask us to show it to you.

BEALL HARDWARE & IMPLEMENT CO.

114-116 WEST MARKET STREET



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A WRONG THAT NEEDS RIGHTING

The health of Americans of the future would be vastly improved if their mothers—the army of immature girls now in school between the ages of twelve and eighteen—were to devote less time and energy to Latin, French, geometry, history and “themes” for the development of their intellects and a great deal more to home duties, work on the lawn and in the garden and to other exercise and recreation out of doors for the building up of healthy and strong physiques, upon which factor chiefly their mission as mothers and homemakers is to depend. We'll admit that this view will be considered a bit on the old foggy order by some, but it is nevertheless correct and one that will be given increased attention in the years that are just ahead. There are several things to be righted in the school system at present in vogue over the country. One of the chief of these is the turning of the usually pale faced, anaemic invalids at graduation time into girls physically robust and able to take up the serious and responsible duties of life. The credit for the situation which exists is largely due to a system which makes the curricula of public schools conform to college requirements when probably less than 10 per cent of the pupils enrolled will ever go to college; partly due to the blindness of teachers wed to the system and stupidly ignorant of the fact that children at thirteen do not have the endurance of grown folks at thirty, and even more it is due to shortsighted parents who through foolish pride allow and sometimes encourage their daughters to overwork that they may stand at the head of their classes. Those collectively and individually responsible should get their heads together and evolve a more rational system that will make it possible for the girl—the finest and sweetest of God's creatures—to develop as he intended she should develop.

THE DAUGHTER IN THE HOME

All too many mothers make the mistake of saving their daughters in every way and allowing them to do little or none of the work about the house, when this not only means increased labors for the mother, but is a short-sighted policy for the daughter and particularly for those who will in all probability later have the responsibility of a household on their hands. When daughters in the home reach the age of thirteen or fourteen they ought to take the job of washing the dishes, much of the sweeping and all of the dusting off their mothers' hands, besides being taught to do the plain sewing and mending caused by their own presence in the home. Many mothers would rather do all this work than show their daughters how, but when analyzed this attitude of the mothers is usually traceable to a lack of pains, patience and true regard for the daughters' welfare. The average girl is willing to help if taught how to do so and made to feel that the assistance that she does render is worth while.

IT PAYS.

The point is now and then raised whether it pays to sow clover with small grain, particularly oats, if one plans to plow stubble and clover under in the fall. The best opinion along this line is that it does pay, the benefit derivable from the clover turned under being quite largely proportionate to the thriftiness of the clover plants and the stand secured. Even if such a course is followed the benefit of the clover to the land rarely fails to pay for the seed. Where it is possible to allow the clover to possess the ground the following year, taking off a crop of hay in the early summer and plowing under the second growth in the fall, the benefits derived from the legume are greatly increased. This is due to the fact that the older and larger the root systems of the clover are the more extensive is the development of the nodules, which are the depositories of the nitrogen which is taken from the air. It pays to grow clover—pays for one year, but a good deal more for two.

THE SEED BED.

Next to securing good seed that will grow there is no other respect in which the tiller of the soil should exercise greater care than in the preparation of the seed bed. More farmers fall down here and lessen the capacity of their land to produce large crops to a larger extent than in any other single way. Valuable land should receive something better than this thirty cent care, which is likely practiced as generally as it is because the sinners along this line don't realize that for small grain to grow properly the bed in which it is planted must be loose enough to make possible a ready circulation of air and moisture from the surface down and from the subsoil to the surface.

Nuts are very rich in protein and oil and when eaten fresh are not only appetizing, but form an excellent substitute for meat. The nut eating habit, along with the apple habit, is one that ought to grow.

Many bog or muck soils contain fertilizing elements in as large per cent as average manure, but they usually need tillage and sweetening with an application of lime to render these elements available for plant life.

While the warmer climate of the west and southwest is favorable for the winter production of eggs, this advantage is quite offset by the fact that the warmer weather tends to greatly multiply lice mite pests, which constitute as serious a drawback as cold weather.

In making choice of land in a new section it is well not only to keep in mind the fertility of the soil and its ability to produce bumper crops, but the distance of the land from market. There have been cases where such handicap has well nigh offset the two advantages named.

In sections where the time of setting out the young orchard is likely to be followed by a protracted dry spell it is well to give the trees a mulch of some kind which will prevent a drying out of the soil about the roots. This, coupled with thorough cultivation of the tree row, should give the trees the moisture required for their proper development.

The important fact for the prospective buyer of a cream separator to keep in mind is not the initial price of the machine, but ability to extract butter fat from new milk. If it fails to do this, and any considerable amount of butter fat goes through and is fed to pigs in the swill, it will be a costly proposition if it were a donation to the fellow who is to operate it.

Many of the trees in the older orchards in the Hood river valley were set too near together, from fifteen to twenty feet, and the visitor in the valley last fall saw these same trees in yellow leaf, bearing undersized fruit and in general appearance suffering from both lack of fertility and moisture at the end of an unusually dry season. Most later plantings correct this fault.

A quite striking illustration of the limited amount of nourishment required to sustain plant and tree life is found in a pine tree which grows from a crevice, largely of its own making, at the summit of the majestic, weather beaten gray granite sentinel dome in Yosemite valley. It has a diameter of fifteen inches, is twenty to twenty-five feet high, with a spread in top, and seems to have thrived on its scant fare. The United States survey mark within a couple of feet of its trunk gives its elevation above sea level at about 8,000 feet.

The decidedly unfavorable season which has prevailed in the corn belt during the past six months, in which it has been Hobson's choice whether the corn spoiled faster in field or crib, will call attention with new emphasis to the value of the silo as a very effective method of preserving the corn crop. Put here before the killing frosts of October came, it would have come to no harm, while the farm owner and help would not have had to wallow around in the spring mud to get the last of it from the field. Owing to the fact that many fields were not husked before the deep snows came, the stock was not turned into the stalk fields as usual, and as a result they have had to be stuffed with high priced hay, the fodder in the fields, such as it was, not being utilized at all.

A conservation doctrine that needs a deal more attention given to it this year than was last is that of increasing the usefulness and wholesomeness of the myriad homes of the country—the multiplication of home comforts, the increase of home happiness and contentment, the rearing and training of purer minded and more whole souled boys and girls. Here is a conservation directly affecting our perpetuity as a nation in comparison with which the saving of forests from destruction, the keeping of soils from depletion and the prevention of the looting of our mineral wealth by the greedy sink into pauper insignificance. The fact is there is good ground for believing that if we paid more attention to our homes and boys and girls some of these other ills would right themselves, for there would of necessity be a larger moral element in our national life.

An oat grower with whom the writer was talking the other day had an experience last season in the matter of a preparation of the soil for the seed that will be of practical value to him from this on and ought to be to others who read this item. Last spring when he put in his oats he plowed the larger of the tracts and let the smaller, the soil of which was not quite so rich, go with two diskings, one before and one after the seed was sown. He was warned by some of his neighbors that if he plowed his oat land in the spring he would get no yield at all. He kept their doubtful prediction in mind, but at harvest time noted the fact that the plowed ground his oats yielded at the rate of fifty-five bushels per acre, while on the place which was disked only they went but about eight or nine bushels. He tumbled to a most important soil and crop fact and henceforth will discard the old way.

Were the work that is incident to the earning of food, fuel and clothing and that involved in getting the same ready for consumption done away with everybody would have leisure and to spare, from the ditch digger and his wife up.

An experienced bee man calls attention to the interesting fact that bees always build their combs on the level and that this should be kept in mind when setting the hives and placing the supers. If these do not set level the combs will be built just so far out of true.

If cattle are compelled to remain out of doors in the wet and cold during the winter months in the daytime and at night are housed in a damp, nasty, poorly bedded place, the like of which can be found here and there, it is not surprising that they contract tuberculosis. We saw a herd not long since kept under just these conditions and there did not seem to be a straight backed, full lunged, robust animal in the lot.

A very forceful testimony to the nutritive value of the western range grasses is the fact that during the winter months, when not snow covered, but gnawed close to the roots, it yet keeps the animals that browse on it in fair condition. Were these grasses no more nutritious than those which grow in the fat and well watered valleys of the eastern states cattle, horses and sheep would die of starvation in a few weeks.

The Colorado potato beetle, named because of the fact that it had its first home in the potato districts of that state, did but little damage in its native haunts for a number of years past until last season, when it proved a veritable scourge, in places moving in solid phalanxes and devastating many fields. While this beetle has spread in a comparatively few years over all of the central and eastern states, it strangely shows no inclination to move westward.

While the dry farming country of the west has opportunities for the man who understands the type of tillage he will have to follow and an adequate comprehension of the difficulties which will likely confront him, it is no place for any man to go who has not had brains, initiative and energy enough to succeed in the central and eastern states, where the rainfall is sufficient and where conditions are, on the whole, favorable to a successful and profitable tillage of the soil. Those who succeed in the west succeed by dint of energy and well directed effort.

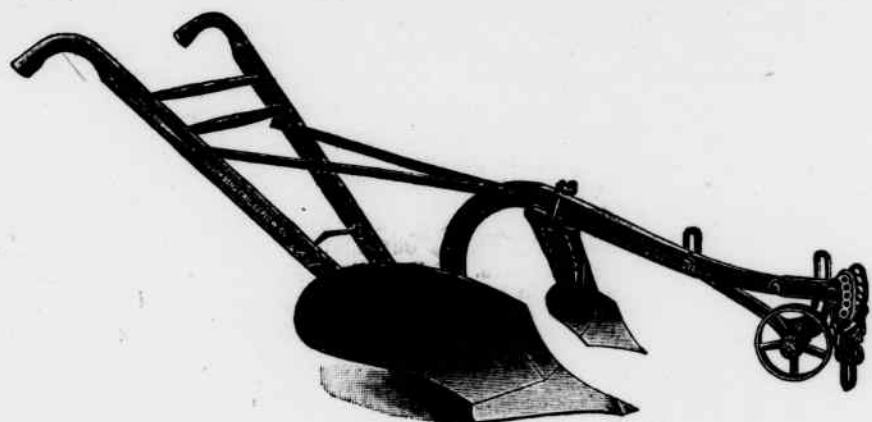
An admonition that agricultural papers over the country should repeat monthly and that the would be settler on irrigated lands should keep steadfastly in mind all the time is that when land is bought in an irrigation district the terms of sale should give an absolute and unequivocal guarantee of water both in necessary quantity and at such times and seasons as it will be needed. While the soil in most all arid sections is sufficiently fertile and productive, it is worth little or nothing unless water can be got on to it. Whether the backers of this or that irrigation project are reliable and can deliver the goods in the matter of water when wanted can be quite accurately determined by inquiry cheaply made, not costing more than 2 cents, directed to the department of the interior at Washington.

An even more pathetic spectacle than any to be found in asylums for insane or feeble minded is the fellow, usually a man, who sponges off the women folk of his own tribe, who stuffs his stomach and keeps the seat of his pants patched while waiting for an inheritance, a windfall from some rich uncle or forbear. We have known of just such types who carried out this shiftless, unmanly, do-nothing policy for a period of years, acquiring habits meanwhile which caused what there was left of their patrimony to go through their fingers like water through a sieve. It is well for those who anticipate wealth of this type to realize that it requires quite as large a measure of industry and thrift to rightly handle it as to accumulate it at the start and that unless one develops such qualities inherited wealth of this type will prove but a mockery and a snare.

Effective aid could be rendered to a forest conservation policy in many states were laws passed which would exempt from taxation areas set to orchard and forest trees or would at least postpone the levying of the tax until such time as the timber was cut or the fruit trees came to bearing age. In a case of the former kind which we came across the other day the assessor called on the owner of a thrifty and promising timber lot and, under the laws operative in the state, assessed the growing timber at its full value. He had done the same the year previous and will doubtless follow the same policy in the future. The upshot of this will be that the owner will cut the immature timber down before the assessor comes around next year. There is a manifest injustice in such a course which discerning legislators ought to correct. Rather than be taxed out of existence by such a stupid and shortsighted policy the taxation of timber lots ought to be so adjusted that encouragement would be given to the growing of them.

F. E. Trigg

South Bend Chilled Plow



The time for spring plowing has arrived, and we again offer the old reliable South Bend Chilled Plow. This plow needs no introduction to the farmers of Guilford and surrounding counties. It has to its credit a record of 25 years, during which time it has stood the test. Always good, it has kept pace with every improvement, and we do not hesitate to recommend it as containing all the qualities necessary for a thoroughly reliable, satisfactory plow.

Odell Hardware Co.

Are You Honest?

With your land when for the sake of saving a few dollars you use a fertilizer whose only recommendation is its analysis. It requires no special knowledge to mix materials to analyses. The value of a fertilizer lies in the materials used, so as not to over feed the plant at one time and starve at another. This is why Royster brands are so popular. Every ingredient has its particular work to do. Twenty-five years experience in making goods for Southern crops has enabled us to know what is required.

See that trade mark is on every bag

TRADE MARK



F. S. Royster Guano Co.
NORFOLK, VA.

MORTGAGE SALE

North Carolina, Guilford County. Whereas, Jonathan Banks and his wife, Elizabeth Banks, executed a deed of trust to the undersigned trustee upon the lands hereinafter described to secure a certain note made and delivered to J. Goldstein on the 10th day of March, 1909, which said deed of trust is recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, in Book 26, at Page 206;

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon, and the undersigned trustee has been requested by the said J. Goldstein to sell the said land under the power of sale contained in said deed of trust.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said deed of trust hereinafter described, the undersigned trustee will, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 23rd, 1910,

At 12 o'clock M., at the court house door in Greensboro, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property:

A certain lot on Ashe street, in Warrenton, near the city of Greensboro, beginning at a stake on the east side of Ashe street 42 1-2 feet south of the northwest corner of John R. Cutler's; thence south 87 degrees 13 minutes east 196.76 feet to a stake; thence south 74 degrees 26 minutes west 42.43 feet to a stake; thence north 87 degrees 13 minutes west 197.57 feet to a stake on Ashe street, then nearly north along Ashe street 42 1-2 feet to the beginning, containing about 8,300 square feet.

March 23, 1910.

MAX TEMKO, Trustee.

N. & W. Norfolk and Western

RAILROAD

Schedule in Effect

November 24, 1907.

WINSTON-SALEM DIVISION.

No. 22 No. 24 No. 21 No. 23

P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M.

*2 50 17 30 Lv Winston Ar 16

3 28 8 13 Lv Walnut Cove Ar 9

3 59 8 46 Lv Madison Ar 8

4 03 8 50 Lv Mayodan Ar 8

5 00 9 50 Lv Martinsville Ar 8

7 25 12 30 Ar Roanoke Lv 16

Connections at Roanoke for North, East and West.

DURHAM DIVISION—DA

P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M.

*5 30 7 00 Lv Durham Ar 9 30

12 05 12 15 Ar Lynchburg Lv 4 15

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

If you are thinking of taking a trip you want quotations, cheapest fares, reliable and correct information, as to routes, train schedules, the most comfortable and quickest way to travel, and the information is yours for the asking, with one of our complete map folders.

W. B. BEVILL, M. F. BRAGG, Gen. Pass. Agt., Trav. Pass. Agt., Roanoke, Va.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES

GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Patriot and Semi-Weekly St. Louis Republic Only \$1.35

Home Course In Domestic Science

III.—Cost of Food In Moderate Homes.

By EDITH G. CHARLTON.

In Charge of Domestic Economy, Iowa
State College.

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Association.

It was Ruskin who said, "Sure good is first in feeding people, then in dressing people, then in lodging people and last in rightly pleasing people with arts or science or any other subject of thought."

If Ruskin is right, and we know he is, then it behooves all those who are interested in homemaking and housekeeping to see to it that their duty is well performed; that the results of their labor are not only bringing good to people, but also making good people. This means improving their physical conditions, training them to higher ideals and truer standards of living. The standard of life will determine the character of the home, and when ever homes and family life are not what civilization and Christianity teach they should be the cause will invariably be found to be wrong standards.

The cost of living depends on the ideas and standards of the persons spending the money, or else it depends on the total disregard for them. The question of how much our living shall cost is more of education than of location, so a scale of expenditures cannot be given that will be suitable in every particular to any locality. Local conditions must be taken into consideration to some extent, though it is generally found that large expenditure in one department of housekeeping can be readily balanced by various economies in another.

Any woman who has a right standard of life will not be satisfied to spend all the income for physical needs. She will want a balance for those things which are termed higher life, education and all these advantages which develop the mental and moral side of the family. It has been repeatedly proved that when the family income is adjusted so as to leave at least 25 per cent of it for matters not connected with material living there is contentment in the family circle and a desire among the individual members to reach the highest attainments of true manhood and womanhood. It is not my purpose in this article to attempt to do more than show what proportion of the income should be reserved for food and how that amount can be spent in order to keep within the margin and to satisfy the physical needs of the family.

It has been said that one-half the cost of living is the cost of food, and it has been shown over and over again that it is not the food actually eaten which costs so excessively as it is what is wasted by poor cooking, preparing too large quantities and buying out of season.

Meals at 18 Cents a Day.

An income of from \$1,000 to \$1,500 should allow no more than 18 to 25 cents a day for each person for food, or not more than 22 per cent of the total income. To feed a family of five persons on 90 cents a day, or 18 cents each, requires thought and considerable planning on the part of the housekeeper. But on that amount it is possible to provide good nourishing meals every day and in amount sufficient for all the needs of the body. This is not a mere theoretical statement, for in many homes in this country less than \$1 a day is being spent on the table.

To buy wisely on a small margin requires some knowledge of food values, because it is necessary to have the daily meals represent a given amount of protein, fat, sugar and starch, mineral matter and water. These food constituents must be provided every day; the body is to be kept in normal condition.

AMOUNT OF FOOD MATERIAL THAT WILL FURNISH REQUIRED NOURISHMENT FOR ONE DAY FOR MAN AT AVERAGE WORK

	Oz.		Oz.
BREAKFAST		BREAKFAST	
Milk	8	Milk	8
Butter	2	Butter	2
Eggs	2	Eggs	2
Cereal	4	Cereal	4
Tea	1	Tea	1
Coffee	1	Coffee	1
Starch	4	Starch	4
Sugar	4	Sugar	4
Fat	2	Fat	2
Protein	2	Protein	2
Mineral	1	Mineral	1
Water	1	Water	1
DINNER		DINNER	
Meat	4	Meat	4
Vegetables	4	Vegetables	4
Starch	4	Starch	4
Sugar	4	Sugar	4
Fat	2	Fat	2
Protein	2	Protein	2
Mineral	1	Mineral	1
Water	1	Water	1
SUPPER		SUPPER	
Milk	8	Milk	8
Butter	2	Butter	2
Eggs	2	Eggs	2
Cereal	4	Cereal	4
Tea	1	Tea	1
Coffee	1	Coffee	1
Starch	4	Starch	4
Sugar	4	Sugar	4
Fat	2	Fat	2
Protein	2	Protein	2
Mineral	1	Mineral	1
Water	1	Water	1

1, 4.4 oz. protein, 2 oz. fat and 16 oz.

question now is, Which of these can be provided for 18 cents a day for each person? Not those of season nor quickly perishable those brought to the consumer from a distance. Such foods are always expensive and may not contain any more nutriment than foods produced in home markets. For instance, in all inland localities oysters are high priced because they are very

perishable and because of the cost of transportation. They are one of the most easily digested foods, eaten raw or when slightly cooked, and they contain considerable nutriment. But as a tissue building food or a meat substitute they are not nearly as valuable as some other articles of the diet. A person would need to eat fourteen oysters to derive a quantity of protein from them equal to that contained in one egg, and one pound of beefsteak is equal in tissue building material to 150 oysters, or about the number contained in three quarts. Thus it readily can be seen that individuals or families may be well fed and never eat an oyster. In providing food on an economical basis the line must sometimes be drawn rather sharply between appetite and hunger.

Prices differ in various localities, and it is impossible to suggest definite menus that everywhere can be provided for a certain sum of money. However, in the greater portion of this country a selection may be made from the following list of food materials by persons living on from 15 to 25 cents a day:

Beef, mutton, pork or any meat not over 20 cents per pound.
Wheat bread, purchased or homemade.
Butter for the table.
Common cereals.
Suet, lard for cooking.
Whole milk.
Dairy cheese.
Dried fruits.
Cabbage, carrots and other vegetables in season.
Cane or beet sugar.
Fish.
Bacon.
Coffee served with hot milk occasionally.
Tea occasionally.
Local fruits in season.

Serving Cheap Materials.

This list of foods can be varied from day to day by the skillful housekeeper and will furnish not only pleasing variety in the meals, but the required nourishment. But when the coarser, cheaper foods are used greater care must be taken in their preparation. Any food, no matter how rare and expensive, can be spoiled by careless or ignorant cooking, and the commonest food material, presenting perhaps few possibilities for a tempting dish, can be made most appetizing by careful preparation and serving. So it all comes back to the original statement that the cost of the table does not depend so much on the price of food materials as it does on the knowledge and skill of the cook or on the lack of those essentials to success.

When the variety of food from which to make a selection is limited it is necessary to know a number of ways in which to serve the same article as it appears on the table day after day. If oatmeal must be the staple breakfast dish five mornings out of seven, try the addition of a handful of dates from which the stones have been removed. Cook the oatmeal thoroughly in a double boiler or fireless cooker and add the dates about half an hour before serving. It will be necessary, too, very often to use the cheaper cuts of meat when the family is living on 18 cents a day, but these are more appetizing if carefully prepared than the expensive steaks or roasts that have been improperly cooked. The following recipes may afford variety in the dinner menu and may suggest to the housekeeper ideas in serving some of the cheaper meats:

Cannelloni of Beef.

Two pounds of lean beef cut from round, grated rind of half a lemon, one tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley, one egg, one-half teaspoonful of onion juice, two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, little grated nutmeg, one teaspoonful of salt and one-quarter teaspoonful of pepper. Chop meat finely and add remaining ingredients in order given. Simmer in a roll about six inches long, wrap in buttered paper, place in a dripping pan and bake thirty minutes in a moderate oven. Baste every five minutes with one-quarter cup of butter melted in one cup of boiling water. Serve with espagnole sauce.

Esperanto Sauce.

Two tablespoonfuls butter, two tablespoonfuls flour, half a teaspoonful salt, one tablespoonful chopped red pepper or pimento, cup hot water, three tablespoonfuls Worcestershire sauce and a lemon thinly sliced. Melt butter, add flour and salt, and when blended, pour on hot water. Cook thoroughly, stirring until thickened. Then add chopped pepper, Worcestershire sauce and, last, the sliced lemon.

Sauce.

Half cup stock, half cup cream, two tablespoonfuls flour, teaspoonful salt, half teaspoonful pepper and tablespoonful capers. Add salt and pepper to flour. Dilute with cold water. Add to stock and stir. Add cream and cook with capers.

Pot Roast.

Two pounds chuck beef. Sear all sides with hot fat. Put in kettle and cover with boiling water. Add half small onion, a cup diced carrots, two tablespoonfuls vinegar and four cloves. Simmer four hours. Serve with raisin sauce.

Emergency Sauce.

Strain liquid in which pot roast was cooked. To two cups add half cup split peas and thicken with tablespoonful flour blended with two tablespoonfuls melted butter.

Stew Supreme.

Three pounds veal, half pound lean bacon, three sliced carrots, six small onions, three cloves, blade of mace, salt and pepper to taste, half cup of tomato catsup and tablespoonful of Worcestershire sauce. Cut meat into small pieces and brown in butter. Add the vegetables and seasoning and pour over enough boiling water to cover. Let simmer for an hour or until meat is tender. Arrange meat on serving platter, rub sauce and vegetables through a sieve, add the tomato and Worcestershire sauces, pour around the veal and serve with small piece of toast.

RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

Gems Gleaned From the Teachings of All Denominations.

True religion has to do with the actual conduct in daily life.—Rev. E. W. Smith, Presbyterian, Louisville, Ky.

Acquiring of Faith.

As knowledge is got by hard study and wealth by hard labor and economy, so faith is got by practice and toil.—Rev. H. C. Morrison, Methodist, Birmingham, Ala.

God's Voice.

To the Christian the voice of nature is the voice of God. The visible world is full of the symbols of the spiritual world.—Rev. J. A. Morris, Presbyterian, Glen Cove, N. Y.

When Silence Harms.

Too many of God's people are dumb. They hold their peace, even from good. By their silence they deny their Lord and Master.—Rev. W. W. Deckard, Methodist, Providence, R. I.

A Thinker's Duty.

You have not done your duty as a thinker if you have left unexamined and unconsidered the great Christ problem of the world.—Rev. J. W. Francis, Presbyterian, Parkersburg, W. Va.

Largest Returns.

One of the most hopeful features of the religious question today is the realization that religion pays the largest possible returns for the smallest investment.—Rev. E. W. Hunt, Unitarian, Boston.

Power of the Spiritual Self.

A man's spiritual self pervades and possesses his material body, just as magnetism pervades and possesses iron or as God pervades and possesses the universe.—Rev. A. Arundel, Episcopalian, Pittsburg.

Unchangeable in His Vigor.

While all human institutions and governments are subject to the law of birth, development, decay and death, the religion of Christ maintains her vigor unimpaired.—Cardinal Gibbons, Roman Catholic, Baltimore.

Cleaning Up.

A cleaning up should be a cleaning up and not a moving around. It will not mean anything as a whole to shovel up a load of filth from one place and simply move it to another.—Rev. C. E. Guthrie, Episcopalian, Washington.

Victory and Defeat.

Defeat and failure in business or life, in our ambitions or plans are results we never welcome. Yet there are many victories which are worse than defeats and many apparent failures which are victories.—Rev. F. L. Phalen, Unitarian, Worcester, Mass.

Life's Problem.

Life is the essence of being, and there is nothing great and lasting but life. It is the only reality, the one permanent thing that extends through all eternity. There must be some best, some right way of living, and the problem is to find it.—Rev. C. E. Nash, Methodist, Galesburg, Ill.

Duty of Christians.

Light is an emblem of the love of God. As liberally and persistently as light crowds in wherever it possibly can, so should Christians press home in practical ways into every nook and cranny of human need the love of Jesus Christ. The invisible Christ, who is the light of the world, should be reproduced in daily life. To a large degree Christians are the world's Bible. Every Christian should so live that he would in a manly, sensible way remind others of the strong character of Jesus Christ.—Rev. Albert Ehrhardt, Baptist, Cleveland, O.

When Religion Becomes Real.

If religion is friendship with God and if God has entered into companionship with us then religion as friendship with God becomes a vital and beautiful reality. Mrs. Browning asked Charles Kingsley to tell her the secret of his happy and beautiful life, and he replied to her sympathetic request, "I had a friend." Religion is as simple and as sublime as human friendship. Religion is not a conundrum or a puzzle problem, but the meeting in the secret place of the soul of a man and God.—Rev. Dr. Hugh T. Kerr, Presbyterian, Chicago.

Appreciation of the Dead.

If you love those who have gone before do not hold up their beautiful traits of character as mere show for admiration, but manifest your appreciation of them by continuing them in your own life. It is far better to see these marks of identity in your life today than to preserve them only as a sad memory. Mourning over the past and those connected with it does them no good and is a surrender of yourself to the influence of your weakness and cowardice. But a brave taking up of what they have laid down and a faithful continuance of the good for which you honor them will be a consistent manifestation of the sincerity of your love for them.—Rev. Dr. William White Wilson, Episcopalian, Chicago.

A Good Religion.

A religion which can only pardon and purify and then leave the soul helpless against the powers of evil, allowing it to yield hopelessly to its enemies, is not a good religion. If a religion is worth anything more than a name or a mere makeshift it can pardon, purify and protect the soul. A good religion must meet the daily needs and exigencies of the believer. It must have a practical value. It must be something more than a Sunday faith or a dying prop. It must give spiritual wisdom and insight, thus enabling one to discriminate in matters of moral action. It must give spiritual strength to fight successfully its spiritual foes. It must have resources of comfort amid the sorrows of life and peace and good cheer to give away when the storms sweep the soul.—Rev. Dr. Charles Bayard Mitchell, Methodist Episcopalian, Chicago.

The Prize Fish Story.

Keytesville, Mo., Courier.

While at the ice pond fishing a few days ago W. R. Sweeney noticed a large spider on a leaf at the edge of the water that seemed to be fishing also. The spider would put one leg in the water, shake it a little bit, and then wait. By and by a minnow came to the top and grabbed the spider's foot. This seemed to be what it was waiting for, and without a minute's hesitation it sprang onto the minnow, being carried under the water several times, but never releasing its hold on the fish until it ceased to struggle and was dead, when the spider hauled its prey ashore to be devoured at leisure. In trying to land the struggling minnow the spider would lay hold of a leaf or weed on the shore and hang there with a deathlike grip, and at last landed his catch in that way. Affidavit furnished if required.

The Three Pawnbroker Balls.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.
Lombard street, noted in history as the great London street for bankers, derived its name from the Longbards (long beards), a race of rich bankers who settled there in the reign of Edward II and whose badge, the three golden balls, taken from the lower part of the arms of the dukes of Medici, continues to this day to be the sign of pawnbrokers—money lenders. The Medici balls were three pills, in allusion to their profession of medicine. The balls on the rich crest of the Medici were blue, and only during the last half century have they, in the pawnbrokers' signs, been gilded. The position of the balls is popularly believed to indicate that there are two chances to one that what is brought there will not be redeemed.

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lengthens the life of the wagon—saves horsepower, time and temper. Best lubricant in the world—contains powdered mica which forms a smooth, hard coating on axle, and reduces friction. If you want your outfit to last and earn money while it lasts—grease the axles with Mica Axle Grease. STANDARD OIL COMPANY Incorporated

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bruises, scratches, stiffness. One trial will convince you. Noah's Liniment penetrates. Requires but little rubbing.

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"I have had occasion to use Noah's Liniment on two of my players' arms, and the result was most gratifying. Both were immediately relieved of soreness and able to resume throwing with their former speed. Have also used it myself, and consider it the best liniment I ever tried. It is fine for bruises, scratches, stiffness, etc. Frank J. Shaughnessy, Manager, Roanoke Champions, Roanoke, Va."

Noah's Liniment is the best remedy for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lame Back, Stiff Joints and Muscles, Sore Throat, Colds, Strains, Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, Neuralgia, Toothache and all Nerve, Bone and Muscle Aches and Pains. The genuine line has Noah's Ark on every package, 25 cts. Sold by dealers in medicine. Send for free sample by mail free. Noah Remedy Co., Richmond, Va.

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A Daily Medicine for Busy People. Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor. A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Stagnant Bowels, Headache and Sickaches. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form. 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER'S ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA CO., DENVER, COLORADO.

S.S.S. CURES MALARIA



Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anaemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anaemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling. S.S.S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, shallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S.S.S. No charge for the book or advice.

A PHYSICAL WRECK.

During 1900 I was running a farm on the Mississippi River, and became so impregnated with malarial poison that for a year afterwards I was a physical wreck. I took a number of medicines recommended as blood purifiers, chill cures and malarial remedies, but nothing did me any good until I began to use S.S.S., which I did about a year ago. The result was that after taking several bottles of the large size I was as well and strong as I ever was, and have never had a chill since. I expect to take S.S.S. every year as a preventive, and would advise everybody else to follow my example. S. E. COWLEY, Amory, Miss.

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Lv. Danville...	11.00 a.m.	3.00 p.m.
Ar. Charlottesville...	4.05 p.m.	7.35 p.m.
Lv. Charlottesville...		
Ar. C. & O.	5.25 p.m.	9.25 p.m.
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N. B.—The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

10.30 p.m., No. 35 daily New York and New Orleans Limited for Washington and points north. Pullman drawing-room sleeping car, observation and club cars to New York. Dining car service. Solid Pullman train.	
12.30 a.m., No. 36 New York and Florida limited, connect at Charlotte with Birmingham special. Handles sleeper New York to Birmingham and Jacksonville. Dining car service.	
1.45 a.m., No. 112 daily for Raleigh and Goldsboro. This train handles Pullman sleeper from Greensboro to Raleigh.	
3.40 a.m., No. 45, daily local for Charlotte, connecting for Atlanta and points South.	
2.05 a.m., No. 30 daily for Washington and points north. Handles sleeper for New York.	
7.10 a.m., No. 8 daily for Danville and Richmond and Norfolk.	
9.15 a.m., No. 37 daily for Winston-Salem and daily except Sunday for Winston-Salem.	
7.45 a.m., No. 154 daily except Sunday for Ramoth.	
7.30 a.m., No. 37 daily New York and New Orleans Limited. Pullman Drawing-room sleeping car, observation and club cars New York to New Orleans. Pullman drawing-room sleeping car New York to Atlanta. Solid Pullman train. Dining car service. Chair car Greensboro to Montgomery.	
7.35 a.m., No. 11 daily for Charlotte and Atlanta connecting for Asheville and Knoxville.	
9.30 a.m., No. 44 daily for Washington and points north. Handles coaches Atlanta to Washington.	
9.40 a.m., No. 144 daily for Durham, Raleigh and Goldsboro.	
12.30 p.m., No. 21 daily for Salisbury and Asheville. Handles parlor car to Asheville.	
1.40 p.m., No. 38 daily for Washington and points north. Handles Pullman drawing-room sleeper New Orleans to New York.	
12.55 p.m., No. 7 daily local train for Charlotte.	
2.30 p.m., No. 307 daily except Sunday for Winston-Salem, making connection for Wilkesboro.	
2.30 p.m., No. 120 daily for Sanford and intermediate points. Through trains for Fayetteville and Wilmington.	
2.30 p.m., No. 22 daily for Durham, Raleigh and Goldsboro. Handles parlor car to Goldsboro.	
2.30 p.m., No. 151 daily except Sunday for Raleigh.	
2.30 p.m., No. 203 daily except Sunday for Ramoth.	
2.50 p.m., No. 132 daily for Sanford.	
4.55 p.m., No. 131 daily for Mt. Airy.	
6.15 p.m., No. 36 daily for Atlanta and points north. Pullman drawing-room sleepers to New Orleans and Birmingham. Day coaches to New Orleans. Dining car service.	
8.35 p.m., No. 25 daily for Winston-Salem, and intermediate points. Handles sleeper for Richmond and Norfolk.	

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The Greensboro Patriot.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1910.

TAX UNIMPROVED LAND.

Millionaire Tells Salisbury People How They Did It in England.

Salisbury Post.

Mr. Joseph Fels, the millionaire soap manufacturer of Philadelphia, who has been in Salisbury for the past two days, left last night for Alabama. He will be in the South much of the time until March, when he returns to England, where he has spent most of his time during the past nine years. Mr. Fels came to know Salisbury through his association with Dr. L. J. and Miss Lena Meroney in their ownership of the Meroney theater and he confesses a great liking for the town. England, he declares, is one of the freest countries on earth and for some time Mr. Fels has been actively propagandizing that country.

"I would like to see every state in this country adopt the policy we advocate," said Mr. Fels to a Post representative yesterday afternoon. "The proposition is explained in a few words. We believe that unimproved property should bear its equal share of taxation, something it does not do now. There is one baronial estate of 1,800,000 acres in England now that is taxed on the basis of the assessment made in 1668. Our contention is well summed up in six reasons given by the Lord Advocate, the Right Hon. Alex. Ure, for taxing land values. They are:

1. The land comes from the hands of the Creator, and does not owe its existence to man.
2. It is limited in quantity. You can no more add to the area of the country than you can add a cubit to your stature.
3. It is necessary for our existence; it is necessary for our production; it is necessary to us when we wish to exchange our products.
4. Land does not owe its value to anything which its owner chooses to spend upon it.
5. Land owes its value entirely to the presence and activity and expenditure of the community.
6. Land cannot be carried away, and cannot be concealed.

Yet they tell us that land is the same as any other commodity! What a terrible mess men get themselves into when they venture to make such an assertion! It is a hopelessly fallacious assertion. I say that possessing these characteristics land is a peculiar subject for special taxation.

"A tax on land values," continued Mr. Fels, "is not a tax on land, but on the value of the land. Thus it would not fall on all land but only on valuable land and on that not in proportion to the use made of it but in proportion to its value. It would thus be a tax, not on the use or improvement of the land, but on the ownership of land, taking what would otherwise go to the owner as owner and not as a user of the land. The taxation of land values, in short, would call upon men to contribute to the public revenues, not in proportion to what they produce or accumulate, but in proportion to the value of the natural opportunities they hold. It would compel them to pay just as much for holding land idle as for putting it to its fullest use."

Mr. Fels believes Salisbury should consider the example of Madison, Wisconsin, which by private subscription raised \$225,000 to secure the service of John Noell, the famous landscape genius, and build parks and streets. It is possible that through Mr. Fels' interest in the matter the board of trade will make an engagement with the secretary of Philadelphia's board of trade to speak here at an early date.

UNCLE MOSE'S DIVORCE.

A Novel Method of Separation Which Possesses Good Features.

The following story is told by Harris Dickson in an article in Success Magazine, entitled "The Negro's Idea of Marriage."

"Yas, suh," said Uncle Mose, "dat one-armed justice o' the peace sho do know his bizness. Me an' Maria went an' 'sulted him 'bout a divorce. I reckon I can't tie no knot what I can't untie. It'll be kinder rough, but you'll git unhitched, an' dat's what you want. 'Taint no use givin' a lawyer \$25 an' payin' a lot o' cote costs on top o' that when I kin fix you up wid a home-made divorce what'll last jes' as long.' Dat justice o' de peace talked so sensible dat we give him de job den an' dere. Bless yo' soul, it didn't take long. 'Jine yo' lef' hands,' he said, an' commenced to readin', fust out o' one book, den out o' another. I couldn't shake heads or tails o' what 'twas about until he hit de same readin' what he married us by—only he read dat part o' it backwards. 'Now!' he say, reel breef, 'we comes out de same gate we went in at. I turn you loose in de big road, right where I found you.' He charged us \$1 for marryin' us an' \$2 for unmarryin' us. It was more trouble to untie a knot than 'twas to tie it."

If this kind of divorce court suited Uncle Mose and Aunt Maria, it was their own affair. Certainly there was no one to object.

Unmistakable Messages.

He (gushingly)—Your eyes tell me much.
She (lily)—Your breath tells me more.

Mrs. Peavish says that she would be very glad to send Mr. Peavish in search of Dr. Cook, if she thought he wouldn't come back till he found him.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CONSIDERED A "DARN FOOL."

Joe Tisdale, Old Friend of Famous Humorist, Grows Reminiscent.

"Going to Bermuda, is he? Well, I can tell him a plan that'll beat that. Let him come over here and climb up and down the old hills, chop holes to fish in Bear creek and smoke some 'Old Fisherman' cigars, and he'll forget he ain't feeling peart."

Thus spoke Joe Tisdale the other morning in Macon, Mo., when told that his old friend and playmate, Sam Clemens (Mark Twain), had gone to the islands for the benefit of his health. Mr. Tisdale had been out walking since 7, without gloves, enjoying the keen wintry air, he said. It was then 11, and everybody but Mr. Tisdale seemed to be wearing a heavy outer coat and thick gloves. He is a small man, a trifle bent, but active and vigorous as a schoolboy. There are only a few years difference between his age and Clemens'.

"Are you the man who used to make those long three-for-a-nickel stogies for Sam?" Mr. Tisdale was asked.

"I made cigars, sir—not stogies," replied the old man, with some indignation, "begun down where Tom Foster kept drug store alongside the printing office. That was long before the war, the big war, you know. I guess it was in 1852. Sam came in there now and then and bought some smokers; used to say they were the best he could get. He was a bit particular about what he smoked, even when a youngster."

"What did the people think of Sam in those days?"

"They thought he was a darn fool," replied the old man, with such astonishing promptness that no one could doubt the old cigar-maker's sincerity. He went on:

"He was a joke, Sam was. I remember one time he got a big watermelon—the Lord knows how—but anyway he took it upstairs and laid on his stool near the window. I was coming around the corner, and as I looked up I noticed Sam spying up and down the street. Presently John Meredith comes along and when he was directly under the window, Sam drops that big melon right square on John's head! Gee! but it smashed him!"

"John saw me grinning, and came in my direction like he was going to take it out of me, but when he looked around the street and saw everybody laughing, I guess he thought it too big a job to lick all. Of course Sam wasn't nowhere in sight, but John found who did it and he never spoke to Sam from that day till they met years after at Pike's Peak."

"In talking about it Sam said he studied a long while which would be the most fun, to eat his melon or drop it on somebody's head, and he flipped a nickel to find out which he ought to do. The head won. 'About twenty years after Sam had left us he came back. I met him and told him when he wanted an old-time smoke to come 'round to the shop. I got up a box of 'Old Fisherman,' and when he and John Garth came in I made Sam a present of the box. There were forty-six big cigars in it. John Garth told me that before he and Sam went to bed that night they smoked the entire contents of the box except two which they saved for morning. I don't guess there're many fellows who could smoke like Sam. But that's the way he did everything he went at. It was no trouble if there was fun at the end of it. We never supposed he was training for a funny writer, though. If he'd have stayed in Hannibal and wrote all them pieces that's made him a great man, the people wouldn't have paid any attention to him. They'd just say, 'Oh, that's some more of Sam's fool nonsense,' and let it go at that. He sure showed good sense by getting out of Hannibal if he wanted to turn his monkeyshines into dollars."

A TEST OF LOVE.

Silly Tale of Matrimony From a Nebraska Town.

There comes from a town in Nebraska a silly tale of matrimony which it is to be hoped may fail to develop its logical sequel of disaster and divorce, says the Washington Herald. A belle of the town had two lovers, and she could not choose, or thought that she could not choose, between them. It seems that her father was prosperous enough to buy a turkey, which the daughter cooked and garnished and invited the two swains to eat. After the repast the rivals broke the wish-bone and the one who held the longer part won a bride. It would seem to be immaterial which succeeded. He could not have won a prize, and it is conversely certain that the bride could not have been successful in such a loveless lottery. The staking of so serious an issue upon so trivial a hazard was an invitation to bad luck in the sequence, to unhappiness, perhaps to infidelity, for the successful candidate may logically hold the bonds of matrimony to be as brittle as the bone he broke.

The maiden in this instance deserved to be appraised at her own estimate of her worth. The right sort of girl will require that a man fight for her, not with club and bludgeon and pursuit as in savagery, nor with sword and lance, as in chivalry, but with that higher and nobler contest which makes for character, through the discipline of self, through training to realize ambition, through intelligently directed self-denial. The moral of the incident is indeed obvious. May the future experience of this couple not lend its painful point.

When a man gets rich enough to feel that he can afford to be generous, it is a sign that he is willing to pay for a new sensation.

It has just about gotten so in this country that a man doesn't put himself in the hands of his friends until they have sterilized them.

A fine combination: The Patriot and the Thrice-a-Week New York World (four papers a week) for \$1.60 a year. Better than a daily for the man in the country.

Disinfected.

This chap moved into a dilapidated cottage near the beach, and set to work at once to whitewash it inside and out. While he was swinging the wet brush on the exterior a passerby said approvingly:

"I'm glad to see you making this old place so neat and smart. It's been an eyesore to the neighborhood for years."

"It ain't nothin' to me about eyesores," was the reply. "The reason why I'm whitewashing is because the last couple who lived here had twins twice. I understand lime's a good disinfectant. Ye see, we've got 10 children already."

About the hardest thing in this world for a self-made man to do is to get somebody else to admire his recipe.

Housekeepers will find it profitable to visit our carpet department when they start out to buy matting, rugs, squares, lace curtains, portieres or shades. Buying for cash and handling these lines with very little additional expense in connection with our large dry goods and shoe business we are in a position to sell at very attractive prices. Thacker & Brockmann.

Ladies, here's a bargain for you in tan La France oxfords and pumps. We have forty pairs of the above in sizes 4, 3½, 3, 2½, 2 and 1½ to close out at greatly reduced prices. Thacker & Brockmann.

New oxfords for boys of all ages and sizes. Gun metal, patent coil and vici kid. This store's a mighty good place to buy shoes for boys and girls. Ask your neighbors if it isn't so. Thacker & Brockmann.

Good second-hand Piano for sale at low price for cash. Harry L. Brockmann, 243 East Washington street.

Farms for Sale

We have sold the Jamestown farm advertised last week. However, we have other farms just as good. Two near Guilford College; a nice one on macadam road near Greensboro and others throughout the county.

If you want to purchase a farm, see us. If you wish to sell, place your farm in our hands for prompt sale.

Southern Real Estate Co.

W. E. Blay, Treasurer

David White, President

GREENSBORO N. C.

75 Acre Farm

At Lineberry Station, Randolph County.

Splendid land, very level, fine location, orchard, wood, water, small new dwelling. Four passenger trains daily stop within 300 yards of the house. Price \$1,575. Terms to suit. This property is only 14 miles from Greensboro.

100 Acre Farm. At Friendship station, 9 miles from Greensboro. Land level and very productive. Eight-room brick dwelling that needs some repairing. Price only \$3,250. All cash.

100 Acre Farm. Six miles northeast from Greensboro. New six-room dwelling. Land level and good. Extra quality clover and wheat land, plenty wood and water. Cheap at \$3,200.

Brown Real Estate Company

GREENSBORO, N. C.



All Furs Up

Minks, Muskrats and Opossums wanted this week.

C. W. Jennings & Sons

Successors to Gardner & Clark, 333 South Elm Street, GREENSBORO.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator on the estate of John Y. Smith, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., before the clerk of the Superior court of said county, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and settlement, and all persons holding claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same, duly authenticated, to the undersigned on or before the 2nd day of March, 1911, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. This the 2nd day of March, 1910. B. E. SMITH, Admr.

PLOW AND FENCE

We have the Plow and the Fence, the Fence and the Plow that will give you perfect satisfaction. We also have the Twin Disc Reversible Plow. It plows going and coming. See us for the best in Farming Tools.

Yours to please,

GREENSBORO HARDWARE COMPANY

221 SOUTH ELM STREET. PHONE 131.



"Be Sure Your're Right Then Go Ahead"

A wise maxim and in these days of substitution it's better advice than ever before.

Our Line For Men

Is open for your inspection and comparison.

Deliberate over the quality, fit, pattern and style of our suits.

We want to sell to you, but we want you to be satisfied that you can do better at our store than elsewhere. See us now while the stock is freshest.

Vanstory Clothing Co.

C. H. McKNIGHT, Gen. Mgr.

CABBAGE
CAULIFLOWER
TOMATO
PEPPER
EGG PLANT

Plants

Write for Prices

PANSY
ASTER
SCARLET SAGE
MOON VINE
COLEUS

SUMMIT AVENUE GREENHOUSES

Howard Gardner, Prop.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Sparks Earliana and Clark's Jewell Tomato Plants now ready. Strong well rooted plants. 25 cents per dozen.

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

VOL. 89.

GREENSBORO, N. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1910

NO 14

T. D. TYSON, M. D.,**Physician and Surgeon,****PLEASANT GARDEN, N. C.****W. W. EARLY, M. D.,****PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON****WHITSETT, N. C.****G. S. BRADSHAW. W. J. SHERBOD.****Bradshaw & Sherrod**
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.**Office: 100 Court Square, Greensboro, N. C.****E. J. JUSTICE. E. D. BROADHURST.****Justice & Broadhurst**
LAWYERS**Benbow Arcade Bldg., Greensboro, N. C.**
Federal and State Court Practice.**S. GLENN HUDSON****Attorney-at-law****117 Court Square Greensboro N. C.****L. FRANCIS HANES****PHOTOGRAPHER****HIGH CLASS WORK ONLY.****Studio: Opposite the McAdoo House.****If you wish to buy or sell any kind****LUMBER****Communicate with****J. S. MOORE & Co., Inc.**
GREENSBORO, N. C.**E. POOLE****UNDERTAKER****204 N. Elm St., Opp. City Hall**
GREENSBORO, N. C.**Miller & Mebane,****ALL KINDS OF****INSURANCE****WRITTEN.****BENBOW ARCADE PHONE 44****O. D. BOYCOTT,****General Contractor,****MARBLE, GRANITE WORK,**
MONUMENTS.**Get My Prices.****Corner Walker Avenue and South**
Spring Street, Greensboro.**DR. TAYLOR,****Specialist in the Fitting of Glasses****No case too difficult. Relief or no**
pay.**OFFICE GREENSBORO NATIONAL**
BANK BUILDING.**I Make a Specialty of**
Placing**Fire Insurance****On good FARM PROPERTY**
in strong old line companies.
Come to see me for information
and rates when you are in town.**R. W. MURRAY****308 1/2 SOUTH ELM ST.****PITTS & MONROE****DEALERS IN****Building Material****Call and see us for prices before plac-**
ing your orders. We carry the largest
stock of Rough and Dressed Lumber and
shingles in the city and can fill your
orders promptly.**We have a large stock of Fencing and**
Barn Lumber on hand at all times
at bottom prices. Very close prices given
on car lots.
Office: Corner South Ashe street and
Southern Railroad.**LOCAL NEWS.****We have strong spike harrows at**
the right price. PETTY-REID CO.**Saturday will be the last day of**
big reductions at Hagan's china store.**See the Endless apron manure**
spreader at the Petty-Reid Company's.**Dr. and Mrs. J. R. Paddison, of Oak**
Ridge, are visiting friends in Durham.**List your real estate for sale with**
S. B. Denny, real estate agent, Stokes-
dale, N. C. 15-3t.**Mr. J. A. Wilson, of Summerfield,**
was among the visitors at The Pa-
triot office yesterday.**Just unloading two carloads of bug-**
gies today. Come early and get your
choice. TOWNSEND BUGGY CO.**Don't put it off. You will have to**
buy those dishes this week to get the
big reduction. Hagan's china store.**Mr. James Whitsett, of Houston,**
Tex., is at Whitsett on a visit to his
brother, who is a student at that
place.**We are offering big inducements**
to those who buy this week. Let us
save you some money. Hagan's china
store.**Rev. S. M. Rankin will preach in**
the Gibsonville Methodist Protestant
church Sunday evening at 7:30
o'clock.**FOR SALE—Fine team of mules**
Will sell reasonable for cash or
credit. Call on S. B. Denny, Stokes-
dale, N. C. 15-3t.**Boys who are in the crop contest**
should get their fertilizer from us,
as they have a chance to get it free.
TOWNSEND BUGGY CO.**Luy sugar now, for it's going high-**
er. Get our prices.**C. D. KENNY CO.,**
225 South Elm street.**It is no idle talk when we tell you**
that we have the greatest variety of
vehicles ever shown in Greensboro.
TOWNSEND BUGGY CO.**1,000 pounds Hens and 1,000 dozen**
eggs wanted at once.**F. A. DORSETT, Agent,**
212 S. Davis st., Greensboro, N. C.**The Athenian Literary Society of**
Whitsett Institute will hold its junior
debate Saturday evening at 8 o'clock.
The public is cordially invited to at-
tend.**Prof. Thomas R. Foust, county su-**
perintendent of education, left Mon-
day for Little Rock, Ark., to attend
the Conference of Education in the
South.**Mr. J. R. Diggins, of Stokesdale,**
one of The Patriot's most highly es-
teemed friends, was in the city Mon-
day and gave the office the pleasure
of a call.**Mr. Thomas M. Kellam, of this**
city, and Miss Fannie Gardner, of
the Pomona mills, were married last
Thursday at the home of Squire W.
N. Kirkman, who performed the cere-
mony.**Our line of iron beds is unsur-**
passed, and the prices will please
you. See them at our new store on
the corner of East Market and South
Davis streets.**MURPHY BROTHERS.****Sugars, coffee, teas, rice, choco-**
late, cocoa, baking powder. We will
sell to you just as cheap as we will
to the largest buyer.**C. D. KENNY CO.,**
225 South Elm street.**We make a specialty of stoves,**
ranges and enamelware and can
please the hard to please. Call on us
at our new location, corner East Mar-
ket and South Davis streets.**MURPHY BROTHERS.****Our stock of spring and summer**
clothing is full and complete, and
no store in Greensboro can sell
goods cheaper than we do.**JOHNSON, HINKLE & CO.,**
516 South Elm street.**The judiciary committee of the**
State Council of the Junior Order of
the United American Mechanics held
a meeting in Greensboro Saturday
afternoon and considered several mat-
ters of interest to members of the or-
der.**Fariss-Klutz Drug Company and the**
Greensboro Drug Company sells a
whole lot of Parisian Sage, because
it gives satisfaction. Grows hair,
stops falling hair and itching scalp,
eradicates dandruff, or money back.
Large bottle 50 cents.**The public school at Glenwood, a**
suburb of Greensboro, closed Friday.
Miss Annabel Blair, one of the
teachers, has gone to Reidsville to
visit relatives and friends. Miss
Powell, the other teacher, left yester-
day for her home in Weldon.**"I was under the care of four dif-**
ferent doctors during nine months
and was cured of dyspepsia by Mico-
na."—Mr. Joseph Grondine, 197
Fountain Street, Fall River, Mass.
Guaranteed by Fariss-Klutz Drug
Company and the Greensboro Drug
Company. 50c.**The Greensboro Gun Club is ar-**
ranging for a shooting tournament to
be held on the afternoon of Wednes-
day, April 17. In addition to the
members of the club, a number of
celebrated shots will be present, in-
cluding John Philip Sousa, the fam-
ous bandmaster.**The city of High Point has pur-**
chased 22 acres of land adjacent to
the property where the pumping sta-
tion is located, near Jamestown. The
land bought consists of timber land
almost entirely and it was acquired
with a view of protecting the water-
shed of Deep river, which is the
source of High Point's water supply.**The friends of Mr. D. M. Bennett**
will learn with sorrow that he suf-
fered a stroke of paralysis Saturday
night at the home of his son-in-law,
Mr. R. E. Pearce, where he has been
residing since moving to town from
his home in the country some time
ago. His condition is serious, and on
account of his advanced age, the
gravest fears are entertained.**A special communion of Gree-**
sboro Lodge No. 76, A. F. and M.,
was held Saturday night, when the
Master Mason's degree was conferred
upon Mr. R. B. Ferrell. An interest-
ing impromptu address was made by
Judge James E. Boyd, past master
and past high priest, who served as
master of the Graham lodge 40
years ago. This was followed by
short talks by Mr. John J. Phoenix
and other members.**The appeal cases of Messrs. J. A.**
Davidson, chairman of the county
commissioners, and John L. King,
chairman of the highway commission,
will be argued before the Supreme
court this week. It will be remem-
bered that these suits were brought
to test the constitutionality of the
act regulating the pay of members
of these bodies. They were argued
in Guilford Superior court before
Judge Ward, who rendered decisions
in favor of the plaintiffs.**A congregational meeting of the**
Buffalo Presbyterian church was held
Sunday to take action on the resig-
nation of the pastor, Rev. J. W.
Goodman, who had tendered his re-
signation two weeks previously. The
congregation declined to accept the
resignation and voted a substantial
increase in the salary of the pastor.
Mr. Goodman is one of the most
earnest and useful ministers in the
county, and he has many friends
who trust he will give up any idea
he may have of leaving his present
field of labor.**At a special meeting of Guilford**
Camp of United Confederate Veter-
ans yesterday afternoon the follow-
ing delegates were elected to repre-
sent the camp at the Mobile reunion
April 26-28: Maj. Charles M. Stedman,
Rev. A. D. Betts, Messrs. James
Thom and W. C. Bain. Letters were
received from the camps in Nash-
ville and Little Rock asking the
support of the local camp in the effort
of those cities to secure the 1911 re-
union, but after discussion it was
decided to send the local representa-
tives to Mobile uninstructed.**WORK OF SUPERIOR COURT.****Convictions and Sentences in a Few**
Cases—King Trial Today.**The April criminal term of Su-**
perior court convened Monday after-
noon, a delay of several hours hav-
ing been occasioned by the delay of
Judge W. J. Adams in reaching the
city. The judge made a brief but
clear charge to the grand jury, which
is composed of the following citizens:
M. L. Kendall, foreman; Lewis D.
Apple, J. H. McNeill, J. W. Winches-
ter, J. R. Davenport, J. F. West, D.
A. Edwards, E. L. Kennedy, W. G.
Neece, S. L. Lewis, J. D. Adams, E.
D. Morgan, E. M. Witty, J. A. Gray,
E. H. Allred, S. G. Ottwell, C. H.
Coble and James A. Causey.**The case charging Marion and**
Lester Butler with libeling ex-Judge
Spencer B. Adams, which has been
on the docket quite a while, was con-
tinued.**The case charging the directors**
of the City National Bank with mis-
appropriating funds was not prosed.
Solicitor Gattis stating to the court
that one of the directors had been
tried in the Federal court and found
not guilty; that the affairs of the de-
funct bank had been satisfactorily
adjusted and he did not think it ad-
visable to take up the case.**The case against John Chandler, a**
16-year-old boy charged with abduc-
ing a young girl from White Oak,
was not prosed with leave.**Edward Ellison, a young white**
man, pleaded guilty to an assault and
was fined \$15 and costs.**W. A. Johnson, charged with mak-**
ing false representations in a horse
trade, was found not guilty.**George Sherrill, colored, charged**
with stealing a quantity of meat from
Mr. Mike Taylor, was found guilty
and sentenced to the roads for two
years.**The case against Mr. John L. King,**
chairman of the highway commission,
who is charged with violating the law
in selling road material to the coun-
ty, is set for today.**Church Services on East Greensboro**
Charge.**Rev. S. T. Barber, the pastor, an-**
nounces the following standing
appointments for church services on
the East Greensboro charge:**First Sundays—Mt. Pleasant at 11**
A. M. and Holt's chapel at 3.30 P. M.**Second Sundays—Holt's chapel at 11**
A. M., Whitsett at 3.30 P. M. and
Gibsonville at 7.30 P. M.**Third Sundays—Mt. Pleasant at**
11 A. M. and Holt's chapel at 3.30
P. M.**Fourth Sundays—Gibsonville at 11**
A. M. and Whitsett at 3.30 P. M.**Hickory Timber.****WANTED—A large quantity of**
green hickory lumber in planks, short
dimension stock and split billets.
Will also buy logs or standing hick-
ory timber. Write for prices and
specifications and say how much you
can furnish.**HICKORY LUMBER CO.,**
6-tf. Danielsville, Pa.**COMMISSIONERS IN SESSION.****Receive Road Petitions and Transact**
Much Other Business.**An important meeting of the board**
of county commissioners was held
Monday and yesterday, all the mem-
bers being present. In addition to
the business of a routine nature, sev-
eral special matters were brought be-
fore the board.**The sheriff was instructed to ex-**
tend the time of advertising prop-
erty for sale for taxes one month,
thus postponing the sale from the
first Monday in May until the first
Monday in June.**A committee from the Greensboro**
Chamber of Commerce, composed of
Messrs. E. J. Justice, Julius W. Cone,
E. P. Wharton, W. E. Allen and C.
C. McLean, appeared and asked for
an appropriation of \$500 to assist in
carrying on the work of the organiza-
tion. The request was declined.**A delegation representing the**
Greensboro Auditorium Company sub-
mitted a proposition for the county
to take over the property of the
company and pay off the remainder
of the indebtedness. The indebted-
ness amounts to \$20,000 and the
stockholders are willing to lose the
money they have invested in the
property, provided it is taken over
by the county. The commissioners
were addressed on the proposition by
Messrs. A. M. Scales, J. M. Hendrix,
J. J. Stone, J. R. Hughes, C. C. Mc-
Lean, C. M. Vansly and G. S. Ser-
geant.**It was represented to the commis-**
sioners that the auditorium would
take an ideal stopping place for
farmers and other country people
who come to town. The committee
argued that there is an abundance of
room for vehicles and teams, rest
rooms, a place to store produce, etc.
The members of the delegation as-
sured the commissioners that they
could dispose of the building to pri-
vate individuals without trouble for
the indebtedness, but then it would
be torn away, and this they did not
wish done. They were perfectly wil-
ling to give the county the \$17,000
they put into the enterprise, but did
not feel disposed to give it to private
individuals or to outside parties if
it could be helped.**A committee consisting of Commis-**
sioners Bradshaw, Young and Tucker
was appointed to visit the auditorium
and confer with the stockholders in
regard to the proposition. After hear-
ing the report of this committee yester-
day the board decided that it could
not take over the auditorium prop-
erty.**A delegation from the Deep River**
Section appeared before the board
and urged the commissioners to ma-
cadamize the road leading from Deep
River church toward High Point to
the point where it intersects with the
Greensboro and High Point road. The
board promised to give the matter
proper consideration when the time
comes when the county can do the
work.**The petition for a public road from**
Tom Kirkman, Dr. Jones and D. W.
Dawson's corner to the Holt's chapel
road leading to the macadam road
near C. E. Landreth's was granted.**A motion was ordered served on**
C. G. Wright and J. H. West requir-
ing them to remove the bill boards
or plank fence at the junction of the
Pomona and High Point macadam
road, near the fair grounds.**On motion it was ordered that two**
bridges be built, one each across big
Alamance and Rock Creek, in Rock
Creek township, provided the peti-
tioners procure the right of way for
a slight change in the road and fur-
nish the lumber, as per their agree-
ment.**A petition was received asking**
that a road be opened from the Alley
or Jennings place to the Ridge road
running from the Worth place, on the
Guilford College road, to the Battle
Ground and to annul the road run-
ning from the Guilford College road
through the Hancock place and to the
old Ross place. The petition was or-
dered advertised and will be acted
on at the next meeting of the board.**A jury was ordered put on the**
Leonard road, in Fentress township,
to assess any damage that may have
been suffered by S. E. Leonard.**Mr. E. D. Steele, of High Point,**
appeared before the board and re-
quested that some needed work be
done on the road leading from the
Amos Ragan place to Farview lodge.
The commissioners decided to grade
this road as soon as possible and
have it put in shape for macadamiz-
ing with stone or gravel as soon as
sufficient road funds come into the
treasury that can be appropriated
for the purpose.**A petition was filed asking for the**
opening of a public road in Sumner
and Jamestown townships, beginning
at the junction of the Center road
and the Coltrane mill road and
running through the lands of D. L.
Hodgin and others to the Freeman's
mill road. The petition was received
and ordered advertised.**Another petition asked for the**
opening of a road in Morehead town-
ship, beginning at Rocky Knoll school
house and running to the Freeman's
mill road. It was ordered advertised.**The petition heretofore filed ask-**
ing for the opening of a public road
in Monroe township, leading from
Poplar Grove church to Rudd sta-
tion, was granted and the road was
ordered opened according to law.**It was decided that in the future**
the drugs and medicines required by
the county will be purchased from
the various drug stores in the city**In rotation, the county to receive a**
discount of 10 per cent.**Tax Listers Appointed.****List-takers for the various town-**
ships for the present year were ap-
pointed as follows:**Washington township—C. L. Sock-**
well.**Rock Creek—C. A. Wharton.****Greene—George M. Amick.****Madison—J. Richard Moore.****Jefferson—W. H. McLean.****Clay—D. H. Coble.****Monroe—G. W. Wyrick.****Gilmer—M. C. Workman.****Fentress—J. R. McCulloch.****Center Grove—T. R. Dillard.****Morehead—Leslie Abbott.****Sumner—R. C. Short.****Bruce—T. A. Wilson.****Friendship—Dr. A. T. Mill's.****Jamestown—J. Lee Armfield.****Oak Ridge—Charles Case.****Deep River—J. Lee Charles.****High Point—S. H. Hilliard.****WADE COBLE SURRENDERED.****Charged With First Degree Murder—**
Will Be Arraigned Today.**Wade Coble, who is charged with**
the murder of John M. Staley, near
Julian, a few weeks ago, and who
managed to elude the officers, came
to Greensboro early Thursday morn-
ing and surrendered. He was met
on the way to town by one of his at-
torneys, Mr. G. S. Bradshaw, who
brought him to jail.**A preliminary hearing was held**
before Squire Collins Friday and the
prisoner ordered held for the grand
jury without bail. Jacob Coble and
wife, the father and mother of Wade,
were held as accessories after the
fact, the former under a bond of
\$500 and the latter \$250. They fur-
nished bond

SORE THROAT

often leads to something worse. Gowan's Preparation gives quick relief for sore throat, hoarseness, croup, colds and pneumonia by destroying inflammation and congestion. Keep it in the home for emergencies. External and penetrating. \$1.00, 50c, 25c. All druggists.

RECREATION

For Men Who Fish, Hunt, Canoe and Camp

If your newsdealer cannot supply you send a postal to us for a sample copy, worth 25 cents. It will be sent FREE if you will give name and address of your newsdealer.

The BIG FOUR

April, May, June, July

The finest numbers ever issued of any outdoor magazine. A special offer will be made on The Big Four if you name this paper when you ask for Free Sample Copy.

RECREATION, 24 W. 39th St., New York

Wilson Undertaking Co.

INCORPORATED
W. Albion Wilson, J. Clarkson Wilson,
Manager Sec. and Treas.
Corner S. Elm and Lewis Sts., Greensboro

We take this method of announcing to the public that we have opened an undertaking business in South Greensboro, and keep a full line of Coffins, Caskets, Burial Robes, and everything found in a modern undertaking establishment.

We are prepared and well equipped to do Embalming.

Very respectfully,

WILSON UNDERTAKING CO.

Attractive Farm for Sale

Contains 110 2-3 acres and is located within five miles of Greensboro and one mile of Guilford College. Situated within half a mile of two macadam roads—between the Pomona and Guilford College roads, and a quarter of a mile from a church and one of the best public schools in the county. Two and a half miles from the Greensboro electric car line and one mile from railroad station. The place is well watered and supplied with an abundance of wood. A good orchard of 1,400 trees, three residence and all necessary outbuildings. An ideal poultry farm. Call on or address.

A. J. DRAPER,
R. F. D. 2, Guilford College, N. C.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed the 16th day of June, 1906, by Hillard Liles and his wife, Minerva Liles, to John A. Hodgkin, to secure the sum of one hundred and eighty-four dollars and thirty cents and interest thereon, and recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county, in Book 187, Page 150, default having been made in the payment thereof, the undersigned will on

SATURDAY, APRIL 23rd, 1910,

At the court house door, at public auction, sell for cash to the highest bidder the following described property situated in Morehead township, and bounded as follows:

First Tract—Beginning at a stone in north edge of proposed road, being John Seller's southeast corner, and running thence with the said road eighty-five degrees twenty-five minutes east seventy-five feet to a stone; thence north four degrees twenty minutes east two hundred and seventy-five feet to a stone; thence north eighty-five degrees twenty-five minutes west seventy-five feet to a stone in Seller's line; thence with Seller's line to the beginning.

Second Tract—Beginning at a stone in Liles' southwest corner and running thence north four degrees east with said Liles' line two hundred and fifty feet to a stone; thence north eighty-six degrees ten minutes west eighty-five feet to a stone; thence south four degrees west two hundred and fifty feet to a stone; thence with street eighty feet to the beginning.

This is the 22nd day of March, 1910.
JOHN A. HODGKIN, Mortgagee.
S. Glenn Hudson, Attorney.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by Haywood Hester and wife, to Peter W. Waugh, to secure a note for \$237.50, dated July 1, 1907, and recorded in Book 187, Page 316, office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, and default having been made in the payment of the said note and interest, the undersigned mortgagee will sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, at the court house door in Greensboro, N. C., on

SATURDAY, APRIL 16th, 1910,

At or about 12 o'clock noon, the following described tract of land situated in Glimer township, Guilford county, and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a stake on Matier's line 190 feet north of Simmons and Matier's corner and running north 13 degrees and 25 minutes east 170 feet to a stake corner with said Matier and Buchanan, thence with Buchanan's line north 78 degrees west 281 feet to a stone; thence north 11 degrees east 29 feet to a stone corner with William Rankin; thence with Rankin's line north 83 degrees west 325 feet to a stone corner with Rankin, thence with same south 5 1-4 degrees west 218 1-4 feet to a stake in Rankin's line; thence south 80 degrees east 122 1-2 feet to the beginning.

This March 14, 1910.
PETER W. WAUGH, Mortgagee.
T. J. Murphy, Attorney.

CENSUS ENUMERATORS NAMED.

Supervisor Blair Announces Who Will "Count Noses" in District.

Mr. D. H. Blair, of Winston-Salem, census supervisor for this congressional district, has made public his appointments of enumerators in the ten counties of the district. Those who will "count noses" and gather other information in Guilford are:

Benjamin H. Hoskins, Summerfield; Bryant Smith, Summerfield; William A. Welker, Julian; David E. Stack, Kernersville; E. Bryan Hockett, Pleasant Garden; John F. Frazier, Guilford College; A. Bunting, Greensboro, R. F. D. No. 4; John A. Forbis, Greensboro; Everett M. Smith, Greensboro, Proximity Station; Charles E. Starr, Sedalia; David H. Clark, Greensboro; John C. Leonard, Greensboro; William T. Hinton, Greensboro; John Henry Shultz, Greensboro; Benjamin B. Phillips, of Greensboro; Frank H. Suits, Climax; Minnie Hudline, Guilford College; Charles G. Burton, Greensboro; George W. Brandt, Greensboro; Charles D. Roberts, Greensboro; Thomas C. Smith, Liberty; Daniel P. Clapp, High Point; E. Edgar Farlow, High Point; Miss Lena Hammer, High Point; L. Baxter Smith, High Point; Walter White, High Point; John R. Miller, High Point; W. Wright Jones, Jamestown; Edward S. Wilson, High Point; Charlie D. Cobb, McLeansville; Lonnie L. Wyrick, Brown Summit; Sallie E. Schofield, Greensboro, R. F. D. No. 4; William T. Bain, Pocomo; John M. Stivers, Greensboro; J. Wright Pegram, Stokesdale; Grover C. Apple, Gibsonville; Rufus E. Hodgkin, Greensboro; Miss Mona Apple, Brown Summit.

The enumerators for Alamance county are: Pleasant D. Teague, Liberty; Samuel J. Buckner, Kinesville; John Alton Nicholson, Burlington; George A. Kernodle, Elon College; A. F. Isely, Burlington; John Ed. Garrison, Burlington; Martha V. Love, Graham; William S. Vestal, Graham; Serenus A. Sharp, Burlington; Frank McVey, Snow Camp; S. F. McKane, Snow Camp; James A. W. Thompson, Graham; Julius Y. Holt, Mebane; Claude R. McCauley, Burlington; John A. Ireland, Burlington; Joseph C. McAdams, Elon College; Haywood L. Browning, Haw River.

In Rockingham the census will be taken by the following: J. E. Lemmons, Stokesdale; John W. Smith, Leaksville; W. W. Auburn, Spray; Cicero H. Hall, Spray; F. N. Cox, Leaksville; G. C. Wilson, Mayodan; Thomas H. Fridley, Madison, R. F. D. No. 3; Martin L. Barker, Stoneville; J. Cephus Gentry, Stokesdale; Jesse L. Roberts, Reidsville; Miss Reeves Roberts, Price, R. F. D. No. 2; William K. Gibbs, Reidsville; Fred T. Tucker, Winston-Salem; Dr. D. W. Courts, Reidsville; Mrs. Alice E. Haynes, Reidsville; Walter M. Gunn, Wentworth; William P. Anderson, Reidsville, R. F. D. No. 5; James R. Brown, Meigs; Pinkney Q. Wayne, Forshee.

The census of Kernersville, in Forsyth, will be taken by Walter B. Cline, of Winston-Salem, and Edward M. Linville, of Kernersville.

This is My Birthday.

This is Lindsey Hopkins' birthday—he being thirty years old on this date. Unlike Frederic the Great, he never wrote poetry—but he has done many things that give him fame. In the Revolutionary war he killed over sixteen thousand men single-handed and alone, and wrote Homer's Iliad and Gray's Elegy in a Country Churchyard before breakfast on the morning of April 16, 1772. Mysterious and fierce has been his fair young life, but before him stretches a landscape with dollars that he yet will pluck. He is now the Southern Representative of the Atlantic Refining Company, Cleveland, Ohio, and the whole South is his territory. He manages a dozen salesmen who penetrate every state south of the line, and when oil is not his theme he sings of the famous Overland car—he being president of the Overland Southern Motor Company, Atlanta, Ga., which concern has already sold over eight hundred famous Overlands this year. Hopkins says he will not take up literary work again until he has made the world happy with oil and automobiles. Then he expects to write some songs that will knock his other works clear out of print. For one so young he has been going some. As Shakespeare said: "We shall not look upon Lindsey's like again."

Kill the Grass As It Starts.

Prof. W. F. Massey in the Progressive Farmer.

It is a hard job to get out of the grass when you are once in. It is an easy job to go rapidly over a field with smoothing harrow before the crop comes up and then with the weeder keep down every sign of crust. It takes a mere scratch to destroy grass that is just germinating from the seed, and if you keep up the shallow cultivation through the season, you kill all the grass seed that are within the limit where they can germinate. But the man who waits for the grass to get the start has to turn a lot of earth to cover it, and he brings up more seed near the surface to sprout, and has the slow work to do over again, all because he did not have an implement that he could run rapidly over several rows before the grass got a start.

Another Discoverer Branded as Faker.

Baltimore, April 1.—The tablet which Prof. Herman V. Hilprecht, of the department of archeology of the University of Pennsylvania, announced two weeks ago that he had discovered in an expedition to Palestine, and which he said upheld the Biblical story of the deluge, was denounced today at a meeting of the American Oriental Society at the Johns Hopkins University as a fabrication and as an exploitation of an archeological fraud for purely sensational purposes. The paper, which was "On the latest addition to the Babylonian literature of the deluge story," was presented by Prof. George A. Barton, of Bryn Mawr College.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the

Signature of *Wm. D. Mitchell*

REPUBLICANS ON RECORD.

Sidestep Opportunity to Disapprove Payne-Aldrich Tariff Law.

The Republican congressmen who have been denouncing the Payne-Aldrich tariff law Friday gracefully sidestepped an opening made for them to register their disapproval of it and vote for its repeal.

The opportunity came after a day spent in discussion of the publicity feature of the corporation tax act. By a vote of 132 to 122 the house incorporated an amendment in the legislative bill, which came up on a conference report, providing that returns made by corporations under the terms of the corporation tax law shall be made public only by order of the president.

Representative Gillett was the author of the amendment, which was not passed without a fight. It precipitated a lively debate which monopolized the attention of the house for the day, and in the end gave the Democrats a chance to place the house Republicans, regular and insurgent alike, including twenty who voted against the bill when it passed the house on July 31, on record as approving the new tariff law.

Representative Fitzgerald, who led the fight for the Democrats, announced from his seat that even if his party did not succeed in repealing the law, he would have the pleasure of putting his opponents on record at this time as to their attitude in regard to the Payne-Aldrich act.

It was pointed out that the law required publicity of the returns of all corporations, regardless of whether they were of a public character or not. In the debate it was argued that a small corporation, composed of two or more men, would have its inner workings spread on the public records for the benefit of competitors, while a concern operating under partnership arrangement would be free from such publicity. The argument was made further that the law drew class distinction and doubt was expressed that it would stand the constitutional test in the courts.

The Gillett amendment appropriates \$25,000 to enable the secretary of the treasury to classify, index, and exhibit the returns of corporations making returns under the law.

Republican leaders deny the imputation of Democrats that the party has taken a back track by its action on the publicity feature of the corporation tax law. They say that all that was contemplated by the law was to throw the light upon the reports of great corporations of a quasi-public character.

Representative Gillett and the house leaders generally say that the original plan of publicity contemplated in the case of the big corporations will be carried out by President Taft. But the administration desired to be relieved of the necessity of a strict enforcement that would have disclosed the trade secrets of minor corporations to the benefit of their competitors and without any corresponding benefits to the public.

Pittsburg People Hiss Their Mayor.

Mayor Magee, of Pittsburg, Pa., in which city there have recently been many revelations of graft and corruption on the part of municipal officers, tried to sneer at 3,000 taxpayers who gathered in a public meeting place Friday night to protest against the vice in Pittsburg, and his honor was hissed and booed from the hall.

In anger the mayor thundered that if half said about him and his administration were true he would resign, and the rafters fairly thundered with the roar of "Please resign!" "You're afraid to," etc.

The crowd, composed of many of the best men in Pittsburg, stood on its feet and hissed the "million dollar mayor" until he passed clear out of the building on the arm of John Moran, his director of public safety, who left the saloon business to take up the city's safety.

To Help Dr. Cook Establish Claim.

New York, April 2.—Captain Osborn, one of Dr. Frederick A. Cook's most earnest supporters, stated tonight that \$175,000 had practically been guaranteed to Dr. Cook with which to establish his claim to the discovery of the North Pole.

"A prominent western man," Captain Osborn said, had pledged \$100,000 of this sum, and eastern friends of the explorer the remainder. Much more would be forthcoming, if needed, he declared.

"Dr. Cook has been in no shape, either physically or mentally, to do himself justice in a fight for his rights," added Captain Osborn. He is being strongly urged, however, to come home at once now and take measures to establish his claim, as I am sure he can."

Gore Changes His Opinion.

New York, April 2.—Senator Gore, the blind orator from Oklahoma, again advocated the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people in a speech here tonight before the Women's Democratic Club.

"Everybody favors that principle to-day," he said "except 'us senators. If we cannot get that, let us at least get the direct nomination of United States senators. Alexander Hamilton wanted us elected for life. Well, I have taken him to task for that many times, but now that I am a senator I begin to believe that he was right."

Identified.

It was only a small point of law, says the New York Journal, but the two counsel were hammering at one another tooth and nail. They had been submitting this and that to his honor for 20 minutes, and growing more and more heated as they argued.

At last: "You're an ass, sir!" shrieked one. "And you're a liar, sir!" roared the other.

Then the judge woke up. "Now that counsel have identified each other," said he, "let us proceed to the disputed points."

L. & M. Varnish Stain.

Use it to renew and make entirely new—old worn out chairs and old furniture. You can varnish a chair in thirty minutes, and make it as good as new. Directions on each can. Sold by Gibsonville Store Co., Gibsonville.

The race is not always to the swift, as many a fast young man has discovered.

Buggies! Buggies!



We have the largest stock in the state, bought before the advance in prices.

Come and see us. We have something to say that we do not care to put in the paper. It will surely interest you.



Buy a Bike and save your horse and time. Fine sport for the boys and girls.

M. G. Newell Co.

Remember, we have moved. We are now opposite the McAdoo Hotel, next door north of the Five and Ten Cent Store.

NIGGER PREACHER ON 'SCURSION TRAIN.

Written for The Patriot.

Nigger preacher boarded de 'scurSION train, When it stopped down at de station; An' all de nigs' dere on did yell an' squall, Shoutin' like de very nation, Dat train rolled on wid fast an' faster speed, Rockin' as it ran, to an' fro, 'Till dat dare preacher wuz so mighty sick Dat down on to de flo' he go.

Just den a porter man came passin' by, An' saw below de prostrate form, With eyelids closed, an' mouf' ajar, an' his

Red tongue a hangin' in de storm, Den from his pocket he did take a box, Full of quinine and something mixed, An' wid it whitened dat red tongue right white,

An' den he said, "He'll soon be fixed." But soon dat nigger preacher raised right up,

An' for his wife an' chillun' cri'; Then said his gaul had sho' done busted, An' he wuz now a goin' fo' to die, He prayed to be put off from dat dare train,

Des on de solid ground' once mo; Dat he a message might send back to home

Befo' he lef' dis earthly sho! At de next way station de train did stop,

An' ef wuz put dat dare preacher; He wired an' wrote an' phoned his wife to come—

(An' all of dem went right to her). She came; the doctor whispered: "Let 'em hope!"

An' soon began himself much to regain, He's back a preachin' to dat flock o' his, But sho' is done wid 'scurSION train.

TAR HEEL.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Going to Move

We are going to move to another room in a few weeks, and in the meantime are offering everything in our big store at a decided reduction, in order to avoid the expense and risk of moving. Our stock embraces everything that is desirable in

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry Chinaware, Etc., Etc.

Selected with the experienced taste and skill that have contributed so much to our success and caused our establishment to be recognized as the standard throughout the Carolinas.

Chinaware to be Closed Out

Our entire line of fine China is to be closed out at cost before we move. Prices on these goods will never again be so attractive, as the finer grades such as we carry are ordinarily as staple as diamonds. Come in and look around.

R. C. Bernau,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

The Home of Farm Machinery

Your need for high grade Farm Tools is greater every year, and we have put in stock the largest line of implements we have ever carried.

Our buying in large quantities has put us in position to name good prices, and we are at your service.

All Our Goods Guaranteed

Nothing but first class tools offered.

Write us for catalogue and prices of the tools you are in need of.

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Greensboro, N. C.

The Greensboro Patriot.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

W. I. UNDERWOOD,
Editor and Publisher.

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THE PATRIOT,
Greensboro, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30, 1910.

THE NESTING PLACE OF CRIME.

Under the above caption we find the following plain and pointed editorial in this week's issue of the North Carolina Christian Advocate:

"In almost every county in the state there are certain sections where crimes, more or less flagrant, are of almost daily occurrence. These communities make a record of shame for the lawless spirit, and as such are a constant menace to the peace and happiness of the whole county.

"In Guilford county, for instance, Sumner township seems to furnish a large proportion of the capital offences, notwithstanding it is remote from the sections in which large numbers of laborers are employed on public works. Two murder cases of a notoriously flagrant nature have come up from that section within the last few months.

"It is significant that in each of these cases liquor has figured conspicuously, and we believe, as a rule, almost all these disorderly sections where crime is rampant are nesting places of crime and disorder for the reason that a large portion of the people are all the time dallying with liquor. The blockade distillery flourishes and turmoil and disorder flourish with it. In many cases we fear the distillery is operating in bold defiance of the law, the better element suffering in silent intimidation, while the sheriff's wink at disorder and lawlessness that they should nip in the bud.

"There is but one wise course open to the better and law-abiding element in such communities, and that is to get together and, trusting to God to vindicate them in the right, serve notice on those offenders that they will not stand for their protection by silent acquiescence. Then let them get after the sheriff and his deputies, making it hot for them if they fail to do their duty.

"One thing can be relied upon with certainty, these whiskey bums are an essentially cowardly set, and while they are great on a bluff and will not scruple to do private injury by way of revenge, they will not abide long when they find a strong public sentiment organizing itself against them. Let the good people of the crime-ridden communities get together and crossed against these nesting places of crime and it will not be long before the record of their disgrace will be blotted out. It is a well established fact that no community can rid itself of crime and disorder as long as the woods are full of illicit distilleries."

Unwittingly, we are sure, the editor of the Advocate has done the people of Sumner township an injustice in giving the community the credit (or discredit) of furnishing "a large proportion of the capital offences" and in saying that "two murder cases of a notoriously flagrant nature have come up from that section within the last few months." The murders to which the Advocate alludes were committed in Greene and Clay townships, near the southern border of the county. Nor does the Advocate's reference to prevalence of blockade distilleries apply to Sumner township. There may be an illicit distillery in the township, but we have never heard of it, and there is not a community in Guilford county where a distillery would be permitted to operate "in bold defiance of the law." Unfortunately for that section, there has been too much illicit handling of liquor in southeastern Guilford, but we are informed and have reason to believe that most of the devilment has been produced by whiskey shipped in by grace of the interstate commerce law that has no respect for prohibition communities and states.

If the editor of the Advocate thinks the people of southeastern Guilford are "suffering in silent intimidation," we beg to refer him to the article in last week's Patriot giving a report of a mass meeting of citizens at Julian held during the search for the murderer of John Staley. The good people who attended that meeting, and they represented the highest type of citizenship in Guilford county, adopted resolutions in which the following paragraph was incorporated:

"That we, the people of this community, who are living in the fear of God and man, do hereby oppose any and all of the unlawful and disgraceful conduct that has prevailed in this community and hereby so recently, and we regret the effect it is having on our homes and home life and on the generation yet to come."

The Patriot can assure its good brother

of the Advocate and all others that there is and has been no "silent acquiescence" on the part of the people of Sumner, Clay, Greene nor any other township in Guilford in connection with illicit distilling or sale of liquor. The record of Guilford in the suppression of lawlessness along this line will compare favorably with that of any other county in the state. And in no section of the county have the people been more vigilant than in southeastern Guilford.

MR. BARBER DEPARTS.

Mr. W. M. Barber, formerly editor and publisher of The Patriot, left with his family Thursday night for Dinuba, Cal., where he expects to locate and engage in business. Dinuba is situated in south central California, in a rich and fertile section, where the climate is said to be all that could be desired. Frost is unknown and fruit and vegetables thrive all the year. Mr. Barber resided in Greensboro over 16 years, coming here from Washington in 1893 to take charge of The Patriot. During a similar period of time perhaps no man ever made more or firmer friends among the people of this section. He formed the acquaintance of a large number of people in Guilford and the surrounding counties and enjoyed the confidence and esteem of the public to a high degree. He learned to know the people of this section and was ever interested in what affected them. He and his family carry with them to their new home across the continent the best wishes of a multitude of friends.

From time to time The Patriot hopes to carry to its readers a letter from Mr. Barber, for we are assured that he will never forget nor lose interest in the people he learned to know and love while guiding the destiny of this newspaper.

OLD JOHN BROWN.

A Few Facts the Present Generation Ought to Know.

W. T. Baldwin, in the Washington Herald.

I noticed a few days ago an article about John Brown, and recommending that if Gen. Robert E. Lee's statue should be placed in the Hall of Fame in Washington, that Kansas should place also a statue of Brown, and the writer extolled the poor old fellow quoting Victor Hugo and others as authority for the greatness of Brown.

Now would it look fine to have his statue beside Washington, Jefferson, Grant and Lee? Why, they would blush in their marble or bronze and tumble from their pedestals.

It seems to me about time that the true inwardness of the character of John Brown should be known, that the young American may know the truth, and I volunteer to give some of it.

First, he was a fanatic on the negro question, and left his home in New England and went to Kansas and participated in some of the most blood thirsty deeds ever perpetrated in this country; fled from Kansas and, in disguise and under an assumed name, went to Iowa, and from there finally to Pennsylvania and Maryland. He visited many of the settlements in Virginia where there was a great number of negroes and instructed them as to his future design, which was the uprising of the negro.

Now, what this generation ought to know is the facts leading to the final execution of John Brown, Cooper, Capick, and two negroes. The first crime in Virginia of him and his cohorts was not against the dignity and laws of Virginia, but was against the government of the United States. He captured the United States arsenal at Harpers Ferry, making a fort out of it, and finally tried to burn the building. He was captured by United States troops and, strange to say, Gen. Lee, then an officer in the service of the government, caught him. For this offense, if he had been tried by the United States court and proved guilty (as he surely was), he would have been hanged by the government of the United States; but he had also broken the Virginia laws, for he shot down in cold blood unarmed citizens of the state, among them Col. Washington, who was unarmed, and a spectator; a worthy negro man who was unarmed and innocent of even knowing what was going on, and for invasion of the soil of Virginia under arms, and inciting the negroes to rise and murder their owners—an unlawful act.

He was allowed a free and open trial, was defended by eminent counsel, and given the greatest latitude to vindicate his actions. The jury that tried him was of the best Virginia gentlemen, and was above reproach. He was found guilty and very properly and rightfully hanged.

Now, it is strange that this phase of the affair has not long ago been published that all men might know the truth of the matter.

This poor old fellow has received the worship of that deluded band that don't love the South, and they bob him up on every occasion. Well, if it is any pleasure to them, why let them alone. But for placing his statue along with the great heroes of America, that is so ridiculous that none but those ignorant of the real facts could even suggest such a thing.

Farms Wanted.

We have inquiries for farm lands in Piedmont section of North Carolina. Owners of farms, desiring to sell, will find it to their interest to communicate with the Piedmont Land and Improvement Company, Greensboro, N. C. 52-4.

There's no better spring tonic than Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. The standard for thirty years. Tea or Tablets, 35c. Get a package today, and you'll thank us for the advice. Howard Gardner.

We are offering big inducements to those who buy this week. Let us save you some money. Hagan's china store.

A Good Shot.

Bill Jones was an eccentric character, a local justice of the peace in a South Carolina town. He was exceedingly tall—so attenuated, in fact, that but for his hat he would not have cast a shadow. One night a number of fellow bonvivants joined him in a symposium, and many mint juleps were consumed. One of the party unsteadily produced a revolver. It was accidentally discharged, and a bullet struck Bill Jones in the leg.

Conscience-stricken and wabbly with excitement and juleps, the owner of the weapon hastened to the home of the nearest doctor and pulled the door-bell.

At length the physician, who had himself been spending a riotous evening, stuck his head from the second-story window.

"Whazza mazzar?" he demanded thickly.

"I jush shot Bill Jones in the leg," replied the man below.

"Shot Bill Jones in the leg?" repeated the doctor, wondering.

"Ash wha' I shaid," returned the offender. "Sho' Bill Jones in the leg."

The doctor gazed down upon him admiringly.

"Well," he said, "that wash a hell of a good shot."

And he closed the window and went back to bed.

Ill Timed.

Eugene Higgins was taking tea on a warm January afternoon on the sun-drenched terrace of the Hotel Royal, at Nice.

"This bright, hot sunshine, that sparkling sea, these palms and flowers, all tend to make me gay," Mr. Higgins said, "yet, fresh from the loss of my beautiful yacht, my gaiety seems to myself as ill-timed as the gaiety of John Marchmont."

"John Marchmont's wife had died, and Mary Smith, the bosom friend of the dead woman, had asked the afternoon off to attend the funeral."

"On Mary Smith's return from the funeral, her mistress said to her with gentle sympathy:

"And did you get on all right at the obsequies, Mary?"

"Indeed, Ma'am, I had an elegant time," Mary answered. "I set in a fine cab with the corpse's husband, and he squeezed my hand all the way to the cemetery and back, and he told me, said she: 'Mary, there's no doubt about it; you're the belle of the funeral.'"

April showers bring colds, grippe, rheumatism, and other distressing troubles. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea effectively and quickly rids one of such troubles—prevents them, too. A 35c package makes 105 cups tea. Try it today. Howard Gardner.

Buying New Furniture

Involves a certain amount of risk. People generally do not know it's real value.

GO ALL AROUND

Price the goods and then come to us and see how much you can save by getting it here.

We have everything for the home.

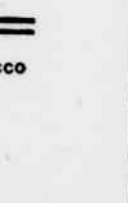
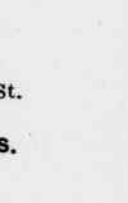
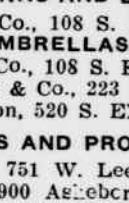
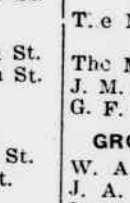
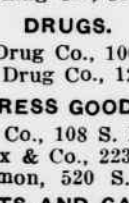
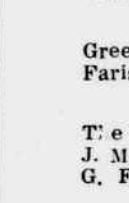
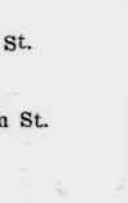
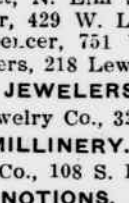
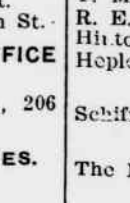
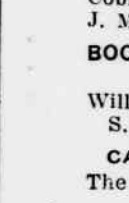
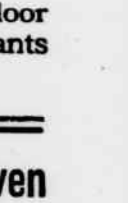
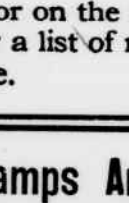
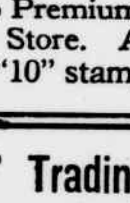
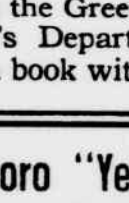
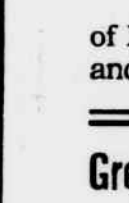
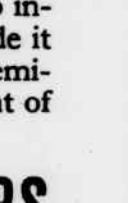
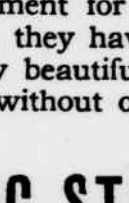
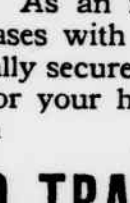
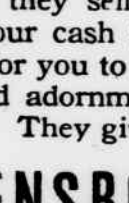
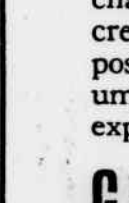
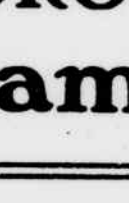
Agency "Regal" Stoves and Ranges.

MEDEARIS-JONES FURNITURE CO.

111 EAST MARKET STREET

Opposite Southern Life and Trust Company

Subscribe to The Patriot NOW.



GREENSBORO Trading Stamps

Can you conceive a fairer proposition than is made you by a large number of responsible merchants in Greensboro? Merchants who, no one can deny, are conscientious and square in the matter of prices and the quality of the merchandise they sell you. As an inducement for you to increase your cash purchases with them, they have made it possible for you to annually secure many beautiful "Premiums" and adornments for your home, without one cent of expense. They give you

GREENSBORO TRADING STAMPS

with all cash sales. What these stamps enable you to do in the way of furnishing and ornamenting your home can be better shown than explained.

Visit the Greensboro Premium Parlor on the third floor of Meyer's Department Store. Ask for a list of merchants and get a book with ten "10" stamps free.

Greensboro "Yellow" Trading Stamps Are Given by the Following Enterprising Merchants.

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS.

Coble & Mebane, 220 S. Elm St.

J. M. Hendrix & Co., 223 S. Elm St.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, OFFICE SUPPLIES, ETC.

Wills Book and Stationery Co., 206 S. Elm St.

CARPETS, OILCLOTH, SHADES.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

CORSETS.

J. M. Hendrix & Co., 223 S. Elm St.

G. F. Blackmon, 520 S. Elm St.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

CLOTHING.

Wallace Clothing Co., 304 S. Elm St.

DRUGS.

Greensboro Drug Co., 100 S. Elm St.

Fariss-Klutz Drug Co., 121 S. Elm St.

DRESS GOODS.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

J. M. Hendrix & Co., 223 S. Elm St.

G. F. Blackmon, 520 S. Elm St.

HATS AND CAPS.

G. F. Blackmon, 520 S. Elm St.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

O. F. Pearce, 120 N. Elm St.

Lynch Brothers, 120 W. Market St.

C. E. Pugh, 122 N. Elm St.

T. M. Bennett, N. Elm St.

R. E. Spencer, 429 W. Lee St.

Hilton & Spencer, 751 W. Lee St.

Hepler Brothers, 218 Lewis St.

JEWELERS.

Schiffman Jewelry Co., 326 S. Elm St.

MILLINERY.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

NOTIONS.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

J. M. Hendrix & Co., 223 S. Elm St.

G. F. Blackmon, 520 S. Elm St.

STOVES AND RANGES.

Murphy Brothers, North Davie st.

TRUNKS AND BAGS.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

UMBRELLAS.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

J. M. Hendrix & Co., 223 S. Elm St.

G. F. Blackmon, 520 S. Elm St.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

W. A. Mann, 751 W. Lee St.

Ladd & Fulton, 301 Walker Ave.

John E. Sockwell, 200 W. Market St.

W. T. Sockwell, 108 W. Market St.

J. B. Foster, W. Lee St.

FURNITURE.

Burner Furniture Co., S. Elm St.

Save and Bring Us Your Soap Wrappers, Labels, Trade Marks, Tobacco Tags, Coupons. We Will Give You Stamps for Them.

GREENSBORO TRADING STAMP CO.

Neighborhood News.

Matters of Interest Reported by Our Corps of Correspondents.

HINTON ITEMS.

The nice rain which we have had was appreciated by the farmers. Mr. J. D. Gorrell and daughter Jessie spent Sunday in Greensboro. Mr. George Hackett, who has been superintendent of the reformatory, has moved to his farm near here. We welcome him and his family back into our midst.

Miss Lula Wyrick, from near Brown Summit, is spending a few days with Mrs. B. A. Parker.

Mr. Gurnie Whiteley visited his parents quite recently.

Miss Jennie Gorrell is reported to be getting along nicely at St. Leo's. Mr. James Glass has taken a position at the reformatory.

Miss Myrtle Hanner visited at Mr. John Hanner's Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Polly Gladstone, an aged and highly respectable lady, had the misfortune to fall last week and break her leg. She is critically ill at the home of her son.

Rev. J. A. Wilson will preach at Albemarle next Sunday at 3.30.

Mr. and Mrs. Murphy Jones visited at Mr. Grady Dick's Sunday.

Farmers are busy getting ready to plant corn.

Mrs. W. A. Foster is spending several weeks with her son in Gibsonville.

The many friends of Mrs. Laura Clapp are glad to hear that she is improving.

Miss Elma Greeson and Mr. Charles Rankin were visitors at Mr. Charles Greeson's Sunday.

Mr. C. B. Greeson moved back to his home here.

Mr. S. R. Woodard visited relatives near Whitsett Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hoffman, of Burlington, attended services at Brick Church Sunday.

Mr. Lacy Hoffman has purchased another sawmill.

Mr. Henry Neese, of Burlington, spent the latter part of the week with his parents here.

Mr. W. A. Greeson, of Greensboro, visited his mother, Mrs. Betty Greeson, Easter Sunday.

J. C. Shaw and C. R. May returned to their work in Greensboro Monday.

Rev. J. L. Bowers filled his regular appointment at Brick Church Sunday. There were four new members added to the church. Communion services will be held the third Sunday.

The Sunday school has been organized at Brick Church with Mr. Riley Ingle as superintendent, J. C. Shaw, assistant superintendent, and James Shepherd, secretary.

Mr. Charlie Clapp's wife presented him with a fine boy for Easter.

The writer and family spent Easter Sunday with our brother near Albemarle church.

Mrs. Ada Greeson was in Burlington last Tuesday shopping.

We are sorry to report Mrs. Cyrus Smith still on the sick list.

REYNOLDS-HOSKINS WEDDING.

Guilford Woman Becomes the Wife of California Man.

Whittier, Cal., Register.

On Tuesday afternoon, March 15, at 2 o'clock, the marriage ceremony of Miss Lela Reynolds and Mr. N. C. Hoskins took place at the home of the bride's cousin, Mr. V. A. Reynolds, corner of college street and Friends avenue, in the presence of a small circle of friends and relatives.

The regular friends ceremony was read by Rev. Thomas Armstrong officiating. Amid strains of "Simple Confession" played by Miss Lela Reynolds, the bride and groom entered and took their places beneath a basket of plumos, ferns and Cherokee roses suspended from an arch of the same decorations.

The bride was attired in a simple gown of "Alice" blue mesaline and carried a shower bouquet of orange blossoms. The groom wore a suit of conventional black.

This marriage is the culmination of a romance which began at New Garden boarding school, Low Guilford College, when they were both students together at that place. Mrs. Hoskins is the daughter of Joseph and Anna Reynolds, of Guilford county, N. C. She is a devoted minister of the Friends' church, as is also Mr. Hoskins.

After congratulations, Mr. and Mrs. Hoskins left town in an auto for a short pleasure trip. They will make their home on East Franklin street, where Mr. Hoskins has been making extensive improvements surrounding his beautiful residence.

GUILFORD COLLEGE ITEMS.

Miss Clementine Sheekels, of Charlotte, has visited at Mrs. Eunice Worth's recently.

Mr. Ernest Blackburn, of Norfolk, Va., spent a few days with his parents at this place last week.

On last Saturday afternoon the town high school ball team played the Guilford second team at this place. The score was 9 to 1 in favor of James-town. On Monday afternoon Bingham played Guilford on the Guilford diamond. The score was 5 to 0 in favor of Guilford.

Messrs. J. R. Mendenhall and F. S. Blair are attending the state Sunday school convention at Wilson this week.

The weather is fine and farmers are busy with their farm work.

Vegetation is growing very rapidly since the recent showers. Fruit trees are in full bloom and the prospect is favorable for an abundant crop of all kinds of fruit, unless a late freeze or some other disaster should destroy it.

It's just as important that you be clean inside as outside—more so, in fact. Unless your system is entirely cleansed of all impurities, you cannot be one hundred per cent healthy, physically or mentally. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the greatest systemic cleanser known. Howard Gardner.

SUMMERFIELD ITEMS.

Miss Sue Willis, of Leaksville, is visiting her brother, Dr. H. Willis, of this place.

Misses Nell Hoskins, Hettie Burton and Clara Byrd attended a box supper at Hillsdale recently.

Miss Effie Johnson, of Stokesdale, visited her sister, Mrs. Charles Coe, in Greensboro last week.

Miss May Wilson, of Sealeville, visited friends near Stokesdale Easter.

Miss Cam Rhodes is spending some time with friends at Rock Hill, S. C.

Mr. Ed Wray and family, of Greensboro, visited relatives here last Sunday.

Among the recent visitors at Miss Anna Doggett's we noticed Miss Bessie Young, of Rockingham county; Miss Lambert and Mr. Wallace Huffines, of Reidsville, and Miss Stradford, of Greensboro.

Misses Nina and Effie Johnson and Bother Nick, of Stokesdale, visited friends here Easter Sunday.

Mr. J. W. Stapleton, of Greensboro, who died at St. Leo's hospital last Thursday, was buried here at the Baptist church on Friday. Rev. T. J. Ogburn conducted the burial services. We extend our warmest sympathy to his mother and sister, who are left alone.

Miss Pearl Vance, of Greensboro, visited her mother, Mrs. Case, last week.

The farmers have begun planting corn. This nice weather will make farmers feel like getting in a hurry with their work.

Mr. Henry Wray and family of your city, visited at Mr. Jere Highfill's Easter Sunday.

Miss Lessie Highfill, of Guilford College, and Miss Eva Gamble, of this place, visited friends at Sealeville recently.

We were glad to have Prof. T. R. Foist, of Greensboro, with us recently in behalf of the new school building, and we hope to have a building we will all be proud of. The majority of the people want is east of the railroad, somewhere near the center of the district.

Miss Maye Wilson, of Sealeville, made a very pleasant visit last Saturday and Sunday at Mrs. Tom Smith's.

The subscription school that is being taught here by the Misses Byrd will close next Friday.

We are glad to see Mr. Ellington out on his mail route after a few days' illness.

Mr. Oscar Doggett, who has been right sick, is out again. We are glad to note.

We are all glad to see Mrs. J. L. Ogburn out again after a long spell of sickness.

Miss Claud Madaris, who has had a very severe attack of measles, is about well. We are glad to say.

Mr. R. V. Harris and family visited at Mrs. Harris's father's, Mr. Delap, of Midway, last Sunday.

NEW SALEM ITEMS.

Wheat crops are looking fine in this section.

Mr. Ted Stanley is at home from Greensboro very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Pitts visited at Mr. Brown's Sunday.

Mr. N. M. Knight and son Carl were welcome callers at Mr. W. W. McFarland's Sunday evening.

Mr. Lee Cummings was a welcome visitor at Mr. J. W. Wrenn's Sunday.

The Sunday school at this place has opened and is progressing nicely.

Mr. W. W. McFarland has purchased a phonograph and is delighted with it.

Miss Annie Stafford has returned home from a visit at Colfax.

Miss Maud McFarland has been quite sick.

A Horrible Death.

Lou Chapin is on his way back from Kansas to Cincinnati, says the Louisville Times. In his spare time Lou travels in the interest of humanity and the soap that floats. His road business is the collection and retelling of incidents and anecdotes. He could do a wholesale business just as well and perhaps with greater profit, especially if he organized a newspaper syndicate for the purpose, but he is one of those rare spirits who prefer self-sacrifice in the cause of the common people.

Stopping over in Louisville between trains and dairy lunches his usually cheerful countenance was so overcast as to prompt inquiry as to the cause of his melancholy.

"Just heard of the death of Joe Hinkle," was the lugubrious reply.

"Friend of yours, maybe?"

"Nope, just a lineman in Chicago."

"Owe you anything?"

"Nope."

"Well, then, what are you so cut-up about?"

"Oh, he died such a horrible death. It was simply awful. I never heard of anything like it."

"How was that?"

"Well, he was at work on the roof of the Masonic Temple, and—he got too close to the edge and—slipped off!"

Thinking of that sheer drop of 21 stories The Man Around Town repressed a violent shudder with both hands.

"Oh, but that wasn't the worst of it," "Chape" continued, his sympathetic face working overtime while great tears stood in his eyes. "The poor, poor, du-du-devil had on his rubber boots!"

"Yes—," sympathetically.

"And he bu-bu-bounced up and du-du-down for three dud-days and nights and they had to shoot him to keep him from starving to death!"

The Pinch of Direct Taxation.

Philadelphia Record.

It is estimated that if mail boxes were required to be provided at every house where carriers deliver mail the cost would be about \$20,000,000. The boxes would cost about one dollar each. We observe that the proposition meets with very general objection on the part of householders. The trouble lies in the fact that the cost of the mail box would be a direct tax.

A direct tax always brings on a direct kick. If it were proposed instead to put an additional tax of four or five dollars on some necessity of living, to be collected at the custom house and paid indirectly afterward to the retailer, the foolish taxpayer would pay without knowledge and without murmur, and laud the lay-out of the burden.

Don't put it off. You will have to buy those dishes this week to get the big reduction. Hagan's china store.

THE "BREAK" IN THE GAME.

Baseball Almost as Much Psychological as Athletic.

Nearly every baseball game is won and lost on one play—a play that comes at the psychological instant. Among the players who do not study psychology the crucial moment is known as "the break," a phenomenon which no one has analyzed and which the players themselves do not understand. Twenty men on the bench are watching closely and intently every move of the pitcher, every swing of his arm. The tide of battle rises, ebbs, and then suddenly at the start of some inning something happens. What it is no one outside the psychic sphere of influence ever will understand, but the silent, tight lipped, watchful, alert fellows on the bench see something or feel something, and the mysterious "break" has come.

"One ball!" The players on the bench suddenly stiffen and prepare for action.

"Two balls!" Two players jump for bats and begin swinging them; the coaches, who have yelled only because it was their duty, suddenly begin raving, screaming and pawing the dirt, and the manager, who has appeared half asleep, makes a trumpet of his hands and leads his men, bawling loud orders and wild taunts.

The spectators do not understand anything has happened. Other batters have had two balls called many times, and it looks the same to the spectator who is beyond the mysterious "break" sphere. In two more moments the players' bench is a madhouse, with twenty men shouting, screaming, ordering, moving. "Three balls!" and a madman rushes out to the "deck."

"Four balls!" and the spectators join the players in the demonstration. The madness is spreading. Crack—a base hit, a bunt, a wild throw; another base hit, screams, shouts, imprecations, a roar of frantic applause, a final long fly. The manager reaches for his glove, spits into it and says quietly, "Four runs—we've got 'em."

The "break" is over, and the players' bench is again the quietest part of the grounds. The surge of enthusiasm, confidence and noise subsides, and the game is won.

Baseball is almost as much psychological as athletic. Why one team can beat a stronger one regularly and lose to a weaker with the same regularity, why one batter can hit one pitcher and is helpless before another, why one pitcher is effective against a strong team and at the mercy of another that cannot but half as hard, are psychological problems.—American Magazine.

A MISER'S END.

Meanness of M. Vandille and the Way He Hastened His Death.

M. Vandille was chief magistrate at Boulogne and by miserly habits left a fortune of \$4,000,000. His usual diet was bread and milk. The bread cost very little, and after eating his loaf at home his habit was to become his own public milk inspector, whom as chief magistrate he had the right to appoint. And so, as he declared, to protect the inhabitants from being imposed upon by an inferior quality of milk he took his walk immediately after eating his loaf and demanded to taste the milk of every salesman he passed, thus saving himself from purchasing any. Misers are generally strong men—they have to be so in order to live a life of privation—but eventually Vandille, like other misers, was seized with illness, and the surgeons had to be called in. In those days they bled their patients. The surgeon asked Vandille half a livre for the operation, but the millionaire ordered him at once out of his sight and sent for the apothecary. The apothecary refused to cut the price down, so Vandille sent for a poor barber, who undertook to open a vein for three sous a time.

"Aye, but," said this worthy economist, "how often, friend, will it be necessary to bleed me?"

"Three times."

"And what quantity of blood do you intend to take each time?"

"Eight ounces."

"Well, but why can't you take the whole twenty-four ounces at once? You want to make a job of me, you scoundrel! Here, sir, there are your three sous. Take the twenty-four ounces immediately." The barber was generous to obey. M. Vandille lost the twenty-four ounces of blood and died in a few days, leaving all his vast treasures to the king, whom he made his sole heir.—Strand Magazine.

The Oldest Bridge in Paris.

The Pont Notre Dame is the oldest bridge in Paris. It was first built in 1413 in the reign of Charles VI., but it was carried away, together with the houses which lined it, by ice floes when the frost broke in 1499. A new bridge was begun at once under the direction of Jean Jaconde of Verona and was ready for traffic in 1507. On that bridge stood the famous picture shop of Gersaint, which had a signboard specially painted for it by Watteau.—Westminster Gazette.

Jolting Him.

Bashful Youth—Miss Bella, does—does your mother object to my coming here so much? Fair Charmer—Oh, I think not! I heard her telling papa the other evening that you merely came to pass away the time; you didn't mean anything serious.—London Tit-Bits.

The Division.

"What?" exclaimed Mrs. Flatleigh "You don't mean to tell me you pay a girl \$10 a week for cooking?"

"Oh, no," replied Mrs. Urbanville. "We only pay her \$2 a week for cooking. The other \$8 is for staying."—Chicago News.

Hopeful Sign of the Times.

William Allen White, in American Magazine.

If the rich man votes only for the return of prosperity, and the poor man votes only for the full dinner pail, neither should be surprised if the other tries to rob him. If we vote only for material things we shall get only material things. The man who coddles his stomach generally has a weak heart—likewise the nation. But with this nation of ours the most hopeful sign of the times is that we are beginning to get a national sense of our ailment. All doctors agree that it is the stomach and not the heart or the head of this people that is wrong. In the campaign just closed the Republicans, the Socialists, the Democrats, and the Prohibitionists all proclaimed almost in unison against the further extensions of special privileges.

MARKET REPORT.

Butter	15 to 25
Eggs	17 to 19
Spring Chickens, per lb	20 to 25
Hens	45 to 55
Ducks	25 to 30
Geese	40 to 60
Turkeys	12 1/2 to 15
Country Hams	16 to 18
Sweet Potatoes	40 to 50
Irish Potatoes	60 to 75
Corn	85 to 95
Wheat	\$1.40
Oats	55
Cotton	15
Green Hides	7 1/2
Green Sheep Skins	25 to 40
Dry Hides, salt	13 to 15
Dry Hides, flint	14 to 17
Beeswax	23
Tallow	5
Wool, washed	28 to 30
Wool, unwashed	18 to 22

How I Got the Prize.

When I went to get my tobacco fertilizer for my prize tobacco crop, the Townsend Buggy Company did not have the grade I wanted, so Mr. Bumpass persuaded me to take Farmer's Bone, which I did and am glad of it, for I not only raised the best crop of tobacco I ever made, but got the \$43.50 Nissen wagon as a prize for the best crop of tobacco grown in Guilford county, and of course I am tickled over the result and expect to use it again.

Yours very truly,
A. J. HOOPER,
Battle Ground, N. C.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ROLL AND RECORD BOOKS.

We carry in stock record books for use of secretary and treasurer of the Sunday school; also the Lorenz class books. Write for prices.

Wills Book and Stationery Co.

Greensboro, N. C.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified. FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE. It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

We Give Greensboro Trading Stamps.

DRESS GOODS

25 pieces of Imported Worsted Suits, for dresses and coats, spring styles, in fancy stripes, poplins, French serges, Panama, Fortina, volles in Resida, Copenhagen, tans, violets, greys, smokes and other popular shades, also black melrose, black eolian, black shadow batiste and black crepe, sold up to \$1.50 yard, choice 69c.

Satin Ottoman imported fabric, 44 inches wide, in cream, steel grey, peacock, tan, and snuff, sold for \$2 yard, choice 98c.

44-inch navy blue Marquise in volles, a soft sheer fabric, makes most beautiful dresses in light blue, green, tan, also pale gray and crepe, sold for \$1 yard, for 50c.

CORSET BARGAINS.

47 La Vida Corsets, finest French Corset made, best material, models of long and short, stout and slim, sizes 18 to 30, sold regularly \$5 to \$10, choice \$3.50.

50 W. B. Corsets, in 10 models, medium and long, brocade silk and batiste, sizes 20 to 28, regular price from \$1.50 to \$3, choice 98c.

29c HOSIERY.

To close a few lines of special 50c Hosiery. Ladies' black and tan in medium and light weights, pure lisle, soft mace cotton and silk lisle hosiery, perfect in every respect, sizes 8 to 10. Choice for 29c pair.

INFANT'S SOX.

Infant 15 and 25c Sox, in plain and lace stitched, seamless and imported qualities, colors, red, white and guaranteed.

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS
New York
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO N.C.

Solliman Jewelry Company

326 South Elm St., Greensboro.

Up-to-Date Jewelry of Every Description.

An Elegant Assortment of Goods Adapted for Wedding and Birthday Presents.

Call and examine our goods. It's a pleasure to show them.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Restores Falls to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 5c, and 15c at Druggists.

For the Boy or Girl You Love

There is a great happiness which you can easily bestow. For the Fairy Fields of Happiness lie open to every boy and girl in the pages of St. Nicholas.

St. Nicholas is the greatest of magazines for boys and girls of all ages from three to sixteen. It has the best stories, the most interesting articles, the most helpful and entertaining departments, the jolliest rhymes, and the most beautiful pictures.

ST. NICHOLAS

The Great Treasure House of Happiness for Children.

Single copies, 25 cents. Yearly subscriptions, \$3.

THE CENTURY CO. Union Square, New York

COPY OF AFFIDAVIT.

To Whom it May Concern:

The undersigned, upon oath, declares and says: That the Indian Refining Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, is independent of any other company, corporation or interest, and that it is not a subsidiary company of any other corporation, either by association, contract or understanding, and that no other dealing corporation or association owns an interest in this company. And furthermore that this company neither buys oil from the Standard Oil Company, nor sells oil to it.

Signed, RICHMOND LEVERING, President.
State of Ohio,
County of Hamilton } ss

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a notary public, in and for said county, this 15th day of May, 1909.

Signed, RAYMOND TULLIS, Notary Public,
Hamilton County.

STOCK BROKERS INDICTED.**Federal Officials Make Simultaneous Move.**

The United States government Saturday made its first but vigorous onslaught upon stock gambling, which, in scope, practically covers the country from the Missouri river to the Atlantic.

Brokers' offices in New York, Philadelphia, Jersey City, Baltimore, Cincinnati and St. Louis were raided simultaneously at 11 o'clock by special agents of the department of justice, who were armed with bench warrants issued by the Supreme court of the District of Columbia.

Conspiracy indictments in which 29 persons are named—five of them said to be millionaires, and all interested in brokers' offices in large cities of the United States, were returned by the federal grand jury of the District of Columbia upon evidence which agents of the department of justice had been gathering for more than a year. The indictments were withheld on the request of Attorney-General Wickersham, so the department of justice detectives might make the raids simultaneously upon the places suspected of being "bucket-shops."

The men indicted are said to be those financially interested in the corporations known as E. S. Boggs & Co., which has offices in New York, Philadelphia; Price & Co., which has offices in Baltimore and New York; and the Standard Stock and Grain Dealers, which has offices in Jersey City, Philadelphia, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

The three concerns indicted maintain more than 250 offices and branch offices located from New England to Oklahoma.

The theory of the conspiracy indictments is that every man who was connected in any way with the operation of the three firms, which did business in the district, had entered into a conspiracy to relieve people of their money. The government maintains that every alleged bucketing transaction of the focal brokers named was the act of each and every person charged in the indictment.

In a prepared statement Attorney-General Wickersham expresses the belief that the return of these indictments and the prosecution of the defendants therein will do a great deal toward destroying the operations of bucket shops throughout the country.

Violation of the law, upon conviction, entails a maximum penalty of \$10,000 fine and two years' imprisonment.

An effort will be made to have the trial fixed for all the defendants before the District Supreme court adjourns for the summer recess, the intention being to arraign them in the several groups in which they were indicted.

Watch for the Comet.

The Red Dragon of the sky. Watch the children for spring coughs and colds. Careful mothers keep Foley's Honey and Tar in the house. It is the best and safest prevention and cure for croup where the need is urgent and immediate relief a vital necessity. Contains no opiates or harmful drugs. Refuse substitutes. Howard Gardner.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

TO THE STATE DEMOCRACY.**John H. Pearson Announces Candidacy for Corporation Commissioner.**

To the Democrats of North Carolina: I adopt this method of making known to the Democrats of the state the fact that my name will be presented to the next Democratic state convention for nomination as corporation commissioner to succeed Hon. Samuel L. Rogers, whose term will expire next year.

If chosen by the convention, which means election at the polls, I propose to serve every citizen of the state, whether natural or artificial. My object will be to promote the welfare and business prosperity of the people of all classes and conditions, while I shall be watchful to protect the people from oppression. The enormous growth of corporation powers and influence in all things political, social, economical and even educational should warn us that the side of safety for public rights lies in the careful selection of public agents who are at least free from obligation to those whose interests are to come before them for adjudication and control. Without intimating that our convention could mistake its man, and certainly without disparagement of any possible candidate, I claim for myself to be wholly free of any alliance with those corporations for whose regulation it was the purpose of the statute creating the corporation commission.

The two commissioners whose terms will not expire next year both live east of the Coast Line Railway, while the successor of Mr. Rogers should be taken from the section lying west of Greensboro, which is the center of the state. The people living west of Greensboro do not concede the right of Democrats living in the Tenth congressional district and controlling less than one-tenth of the democracy of the state to claim the exclusive right to represent the entire section. I live in a congressional district which gives over 3,000 majority to the party, and in a county safely Democratic. We claim reward for electing E. Y. Webb, not for the Waterloo defeat of such a noble leader as William R. Crawford.

JOHN H. PEARSON.

Appreciation of Guilford Teacher.

The Uplift. The Uplift was made happy to receive the substantial aid and help of Miss Bessie Howard, the principal of the Pomona school, of Guilford county. Miss Howard raised among her pupils and patrons eleven dollars for the furtherance of the educational cottage. The Uplift desires to make this grateful acknowledgment of the splendid help given us by Miss Howard and begs of her to send us at her earliest convenience eleven names and addresses to whom the Uplift may go for a year as a substantial appreciation of her efforts.

Kills a Murderer.

A merciless murderer is Appendicitis with many victims. But Dr. King's New Life Pills kill it by prevention. They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, biliousness, chills. 25c at Fariss-Klutz Drug Co.

FOR BUMPER FOOD CROP.**Farmers Urged to Get Away From the One Crop System.**

The generals of the movements among the farmers within recent years have made the plea for a diversity of crops their battle-cry. That the great mass of producers throughout the South has heard the call and been impressed with the sanity of the advice is witnessed to by the fact that the farmers are gradually getting away from the one-crop system and planting a greater variety of crops, raising more of their own necessary home products and thus bringing themselves to a new degree of prosperity.

It is believed that now is the most strategic time in the history of the Southern farmer for a systematic diversification, when the demand for less attention to cotton and greater concentration on other crops comes to him with a more ringing appeal than ever before.

Writing along this line, J. L. Lee, president of the Georgia Farmers' Union, said in the course of an article in a recent issue of the Farmers' Union News: "For five years the close student of Southern possibilities has observed a few things which should be remembered this particular year. First of these is that he who makes his farm self-sustaining, always is more prosperous than the one who does not. Living in a climate that is adapted to raising nearly all that is needed for man's happiness, the one-crop system plays directly into the hands of the ones who profit where can be produced but one crop successfully. Then, again, when the South has a sufficiency of food for man and beast, it is impossible to produce an overplus of cotton."

Get Ready Now to Make Cheap Pork.

Progressive Farmer.

There are two facts which should be of peculiar interest to Southern farmers at this time:

1. Live hogs are selling on the large live stock markets of the country at or above 9 cents a pound.

2. It has been demonstrated, time and again, that hogs can be grown in the South for from 3 cents to 4 cents a pound live weight.

These results have not been obtained under especially favorable conditions; but in such a way as any farmer who will read and think, may easily duplicate. In fact, many Southern farmers have produced hogs at 2 1/2 cents a pound live weight, or less, and are doing it every year. They get these results almost regardless of the price of corn, because, while they feed some corn, it forms a small part of the ration upon which the hogs are grown.

Making pork economically can only be done by growing crops for the hogs themselves to gather or harvest.

Make a Shabby Floor Look New.

Get a can of the L. & M. Floor Paint. Paint the floor in the morning. It dries hard over night. With a bright varnish finish. Saves wear—looks bright and cheerful. Get it from Gibsonville Store Co., Gibsonville.

FINDS TARIFF "JOKER."**Boston Merchant Gives Congressional Committee a Surprise.**

Wallace Pierce, of Boston, gave Senator Lodge and his fellow protectionists on the congressional committee investigating food prices a bad half hour Saturday when he gave concrete examples of how the tariff law had raised prices. Mr. Pierce had been summoned to appear as a witness to tell what he knew as a wholesale merchant of the causes for the advance in prices. When he laid down the proposition that the tariff law had advanced prices, he was asked for specific instances, and cited, among the articles of common use on which prices had been advanced due to the Aldrich-Payne bill, olive oil, imported cheese, sardines, teas, coffees, macaroni, wines, liquors and cigars.

On macaroni and olive oil the increased cost was traceable to "jokers" that had found their way into the tariff bill, said Mr. Pierce. In the case of macaroni one-half cent a pound was added to the cost, under the guise of a tax on the paper in which it was shipped, and in the case of olive oil an advance of one-half cent more per can was made necessary by the added tax upon the can.

The witness declared that the tendency of all prices was upward, and had been for fifteen years. Wages, he asserted, were higher than ever before. Imported goods had advanced in price about one-fourth, part of which was due to the tariff. The witness said he was content to earn 10 per cent. on his wholesale business, but greater per cent. was necessary in retail trade.

Two Ways of Working Crops.

Progressive Farmer.

We are reminded of all these things by a very simple practical illustration. There are just two ways of making your 1910 crops. One is the old-fashioned way—to wait for the grass to get a good firm grasp on the crops and then hire hoe hands and stop the children from school and all go into the fields and chop from early morn till dewy eve—and by the time you have finished the first chopping the grass is already laughing at you where you started and higher than before.

The other plan is to get weedeers and harrows and kill the grass before it comes up, and keep on killing it in the same way, reducing hoe-labor to a minimum and getting your work done by cheap horse power instead of expensive hand labor. A Tennessee farmer, Mr. A. O. Ring, of Franklin county, put the matter none too strongly when he wrote us the other day:

"When the ground is in good condition, and weeds and grass just starting, one man and one mule with a weeder can kill more grass and conserve more moisture than two men and teams can possibly do with plows, or more than four men and mules can do with old-fashioned one-horse plows."

Good results always follow the use of Foley's Kidney Pills. They give prompt relief in all cases of kidney and bladder disorders, are healing, strengthening and anti-septic. Try them. Howard Gardner.

The Best In Millinery

Our millinery department is complete. Three lots new shapes just opened up. Styles changed almost daily. Come now and get the newest styles out. We have plenty of help and can trim a hat for you in a few minutes. We sell for cash and can save you money. Our prices for hats range from \$1 as high up as you want to go.

Now remember, we guarantee to give you the very latest styles, the prettiest hats you ever saw and save you money. Just try us.

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS.

Mrs. G. F. Blackmon,

520-522 South Elm Street.

Registered Jerseys at Auction MAY 5, 1910

I will sell my entire herd of Jerseys without reserve. There has never been such a chance offered to the public of the South to stock up with pure bred registered Jerseys. Golden Lads and St. Lamberts of the richest breeding.

Wish to sell privately to reliable party milk route on which I sell \$8,000 worth of milk at 10 cents per quart and cream 20 cents per pint, yearly. Demand not supplied. Also dairy wagons, etc.

Have several farms for sale, from 40 acres up. Reasonable terms. Reference, Bradstreets.

Address

JOHN A. YOUNG

Greensboro, N. C.

WALLACE CLOTHING COMPANY

The Best Place to Buy Your Spring Clothes

You can save 25 per cent. when you buy your clothes from the Wallace Clothing Company.

Our facilities for buying are unsurpassed, as we buy in connection with V. Wallace & Sons, of Salisbury, N. C., who are among the largest buyers in the South. We go direct to the manufacturer, buying piece goods, buttons, thread and linings separately, having these garments manufactured under our own supervision.

Our \$10.00 Suit is a world beater. All garments turned out from \$12.50 to \$15.00 are absolutely all wool and worsted. Our Blue Serge Suits at \$10.00 are absolutely pure Worsted. Come in and we will prove it to you.

Any suit of clothes bought at this establishment not giving perfect satisfaction will be made good by this firm.

Great selling means great buying, great buying means low buying, low buying means low prices. Advantages going to customers.

Do not buy your Spring Suit until you have looked at the line the Wallace Clothing Company are going to show at \$10.00 to \$12.50.

Wallace Clothing Company

GREENSBORO, N. C.



E. L. BLUMHINE & CO.
MAKERS OF
College
Brand
Clothes

Why does Great Britain buy its oatmeal of us?

Certainly it seems like carrying coals to Newcastle to speak of exporting oatmeal to Scotland and yet, every year the Quaker Oats Company sends hundreds of thousands of cases of Quaker Oats to Great Britain and Europe.

The reason is simple; while the English and Scotch have for centuries eaten oatmeal in quantities and with a regularity that has made them the most rugged physically, and active mentally of all people, the American has been eating oatmeal and trying all the time to improve the methods of manufacture so that he might get that desirable foreign trade.

How well he has succeeded would be seen at a glance at the export reports on Quaker Oats. This brand is without a rival; it is packed in regular packages, and in hermetically sealed tins for hot climates.

FERTILIZERS

See me for your Spring Fertilizers. I have the old reliable

Star Brand Guano,
McGavock's Potash Mixture,
Click's Wheat Compound
And others.

Lee's Prepared Lime
is just the thing for grains and grasses.

Also Muriate of Potash and Nitrate of Soda in stock.

JOHN W. WHARTON,
324 South Elm Street.

Macnair's Chicken Powder is
Death to Hawks—Life to Chickens and Turkeys.

Cock of the Walk "HAWK"
The Barn Yard Robber

I take Macnair's Chicken Powder and feed my children with it too. Look been fed on Macnair's Chicken Powder. Alas! Died after eating a chick of that old Rooster, which had with it too. Look been fed on Macnair's Chicken Powder. Alas!

Trade Mark.
MACNAIR'S CHICKEN POWDER
Kills Hawks, Crows, Owls and Minks.

Best remedy for Cholera, Gapes, Roup, Limber Neck, Indigestion and Leg Weakness. Keeps them free from Vermin, thereby causing them to produce an abundance of eggs.

Price 25 and 50 Cents.
Manufactured only by
W. H. MACNAIR, Tarboro, N. C.
Sample package 25 cents.
For Sale by Howard Gardner.

MILLINERY!

If in need of anything
in this line call on Mrs.
N. C. Weatherly, 109
West Market street.
Styles up-to-date and
prices reasonable.
Remember the place,
and you can be assured
of satisfaction in goods
and prices.

109 W. Market St.

GENUINE BARGAINS

— IN —
DOUBLE WAGON HARNESS

I have succeeded in buying at a bargain two hundred pounds of the best oak tan leather, which I have made up into both single and double wagon harness.

It will pay you to come and examine them, as I am sure such prices have never been offered before in Greensboro.

Remember that the supply is limited.

I have also bargains in Collars, Buggy Harness, Bridles, in fact everything essential in the harness line

C. B. ROBESON
537 SOUTH ELM STREET

J. ED ALBRIGHT & CO.
PLUMBING
AND
GAS FITTING

Repairs of Windmills, Tanks,
Pumps, Etc.

Pipe cut and fitted to measure

Come to see us.

214 W. Market St., Greensboro

A FATAL FRIENDSHIP.

Devotion of Princess Lamballe
to Marie Antoinette.

SLAIN BY A PARISIAN MOB.

The Assassination of the Princess
Who Escaped and Returned to Comfort Her Friend, Was One of the Worst Acts of the Reign of Terror.

It was in the historic Carignan palace at Turin that the Princess Lamballe was born. Her father was Louis Victor of Carignan, of the royal house of Savoy.

Her childhood was spent in Turin during the period that followed the defeat of the French through the brilliant military tactics of Prince Eugene of Vienna. At eighteen she was married to Stanislaus, son of the Duke of Penthièvre of France.

The chief place of this duchy was the town of Lamballe, about fifty miles from Rennes. The Prince de Lamballe died in one year, and as soon as etiquette allowed a marriage with Louis XV. was contemplated. This did not go into effect, however, and the princess withdrew from the court.

She met Marie Antoinette when that princess first came to Paris, and they were mutually attracted and became friends. The Princess de Lamballe saw the dangers to which this young foreigner was exposed, and when Marie Antoinette became queen of France in 1774 and appointed the princess superintendent of the royal household she entered upon her duties with the sympathetic understanding of a loyal friend. The closest ties of affectionate regard drew these two young royal personages together. Through the careless gaiety of court life the Princess de Lamballe was the judicious friend. When illness came to the queen she was faithful and devoted.

When the storm of adversity broke over the royal family and it was arranged that an escape should be effected Mme. de Lamballe got safely to England, going across from Dieppe but the royal family were arrested at Varennes and declared traitors to France.

Mme. de Lamballe's devotion was so true she at once hastened back to Paris to be with the queen. Her friends urged and implored her to think of the danger to herself and pointed out that she could be of no real service at such a critical time. But she knew better than they did what a comfort her presence would be, and her heart was entirely occupied with the sorrows of her sovereign. She was allowed to become a prisoner with the royal family in the temple, and for one week she was a cheerful and helpful companion, full of affectionate arts to make the hours less bitter and giving to Marie Antoinette the loving, devoted care that only a friend so loyal could give.

When those about the prison saw what an influence of joy Mme. de Lamballe brought to the royal prisoners an order was issued for her removal to the prison of La Force. From here she was taken for a mock trial and offered her life if she would take oath against the monarchy. With scorn she refused to do this.

Then came one of the most terrible acts of the period of the reign of terror. She was delivered to the people, wild with the desire for blood, and was killed in the courtyard of La Force prison. They stabbed her with sabers, cut off her head, tore her heart from her body while it was yet palpitating and then dragged her body through the streets to the temple.

On the way there they stopped at a hairdresser's and made him rouse the beautiful face and friz and powder the hair. This man nearly died with fear while at this awful work. When it was done and the head set on a pike, the long, fair curls of her pretty hair fell about the neck. Those of the mob who suggested this hideous work upon the head said, "Antoinette will now recognize her friend."

The heart was also put on the end of a pike and the route to the temple resumed. The royal family were together, and Louis was reading to them, when they heard the sound of the mob and loud, high voices. Suddenly the door was opened violently, and as they all started to their feet some men pushed themselves past the guard and shouted to the king: "The people have something to show you. If you don't wish them to bring it up here you had better go to the window."

With the deadly fear in their hearts they did as directed and looked into the dead and painted face of their devoted friend and also saw her tender heart and her poor body, hacked by the sabers of these wretches.

With a cry of horror and despair Marie Antoinette fell into a state of stupor. Mme. Elizabeth forced her into a chair, and her children clung to her and cried with fear. Louis tried to control his voice as he said with pathetic dignity, "You might have spared the queen the knowledge of this frightful calamity."—Boston Globe.

To Make a Hit.
"You send me violets every morn," said the beautiful girl.
"I do," responded the ardent lover.
"No matter what the cost."

"Quite so. Now, why not send up a bunch of asparagus tomorrow instead. It would be just as expensive and would make a big hit with pa."—Pittsburg Post.

In adversity it is easy to despise life. The true, brave man is he who can endure to be miserable.—Martial.

USE SIGNALS OF INDIANS.

Army Experts Adopt Many Ideas of the Aborigines.

Just as the fighting men of the United States army many years ago took lessons from the Indians and from their methods of warfare devised and perfected the system of extended order or skirmish drills which have proved so effective, so the signal corps of the army has followed to a large extent the red men's methods of conveying information from point to point where there is not time to string telegraph or telephone lines or where wireless telegraph is unavailable.

As the Indians since prehistoric times have used columns of smoke in various combinations to signal the approach of an enemy or to transmit other messages, so the army signalmen have found most effective what are known as smoke bombs or smoke rockets. The former are fired from a small mortar, the latter in the same way as Fourth of July fireworks. Each when reaching a desired height, regulated by a fuse, bursts and liberates a picric acid compound, which ignites and burns colored fires, one after the other, so arranged in the cartridge as to convey a message to those who may be watching for it. These cartridges are made in sections, each containing its own different colored fire, and threaded to screw together in a fraction of a minute.

These military fireworks, as they might aptly be called, are packed in hermetically sealed cans, much in the same manner as tinned meats, with the same sort of thumbscrew attachment for opening them quickly. In this way they keep indefinitely in any climate and have been found particularly effective in the campaigns in the Philippines.

While the navy does not employ so complicated a system of rocket and bomb signaling as does the army, every warship carries a supply of powerful rockets, which liberate on bursting a series of brilliant white stars for the purpose of calling attention to other signals which are transmitted by a system of combinations of colored electric lights strung from a masthead and operated from a switchboard much on the plan of a typewriter, called the Ardois system. But both branches of the service employ an odd sort of pistol, the invention of a naval officer, which shoots from cartridges "stars" similar to those of a roman candle of any color. The combinations which can be made in this manner practically are numberless.—Popular Mechanics.

FATE OF THE BRAAKE.

A Treasure Ship That Lies Buried Off Cape Henlopen.

Somewhere in deep water off Cape Henlopen lies over half a million in British gold, and how much more in gold and silver bars and plate and other treasures can only be guessed at. In 1798 the British privateer Braake sailed for the west Atlantic bearing enough gold to pay off all the English troops stationed in various parts of the new world. As the soldiers had not been paid in many months the sum was a large one.

Whether the captain of the Braake decided to turn pirate or whether he merely was showing excessive zeal in making war on all the enemies of England that he met on the high seas and intended to turn over his loot to the crown on his return will never be known, but the fact that the Braake took no prisoners and sank every prize goes a long way toward proving the piracy theory. The Braake captured a Spanish merchantman coming up from South American ports laden with rich tribute from the Spanish colonies there, transferred the precious cargo to her own hold and burned the vessel. Another Spanish ship bringing a church service of richly jeweled gold plate to a new world cathedral encountered the privateer and suffered the same fate. The next to fall a victim to the Braake's rapacity was a Frenchman carrying silks, spices, brandy and bars of silver. That, too, was sent to the bottom after it was despoiled.

The Braake was overtaken by a hurricane when nearing the American coast, was blown far out of her course and sank off Cape Henlopen. Several of the crew escaped in a small boat and reached land. Their tales of the treasure on the sunken ship caused several expeditions to be fitted out the following year, but nothing was brought up save pieces of the anchor chains and a cannon or two. During the last hundred years every effort to raise any part of the treasure has failed.

The last attempt was made by Captain Charles Adams, who fitted out a ship under the auspices of the navy department, but was unable to locate the wreck, which is probably by this time deeply submerged in the ooze and mud of the ocean bed.—New York Press.

Respect For Old Age.

"Jonas, did you beat that rug accord-in' to orders?"

"No, S'manthy; I just didn't."

"Didn't? What's the reason, I'd like to know?"

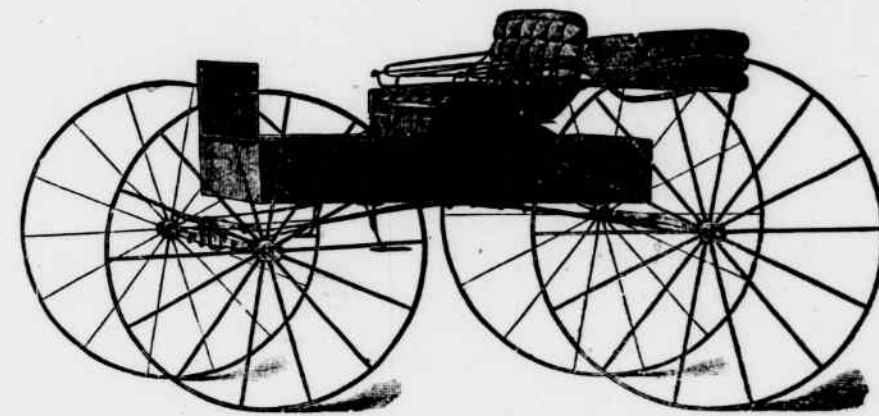
"Cause, S'manthy, when I got it out on the line there an' saw how frittered an' feeble it was I didn't have the heart to lambaste it. I know I have a shortage of virtues, S'manthy, but I want you to know that respect for old age isn't one of 'em."—Boston Courier.

Going to Law.

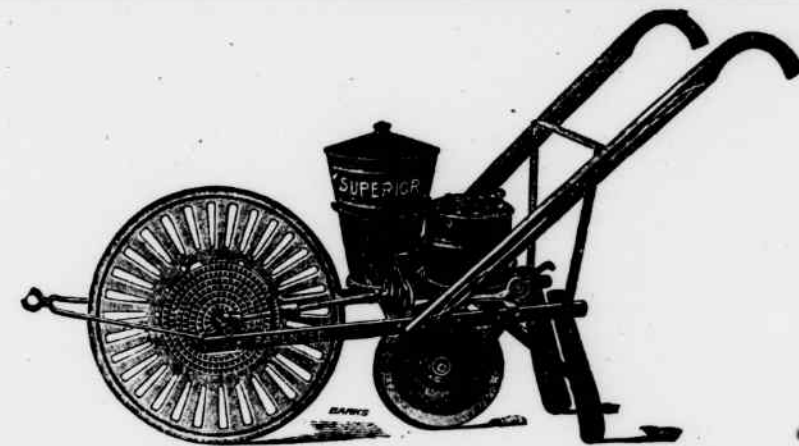
The man who goes to law for the purpose of obtaining satisfaction generally gets so many other things that he forgets all about the satisfaction if there is any in it for him.—Chicago Record-Herald

THE TOWNSEND BUGGY CO.

Largest Buggy and Implement Store
in North Carolina



Whether it be Buggies, Carriages, Wagons, Harness, Fertilizer or Farm Machinery you want, we have it and are waiting to serve you. Our prices are right and our goods guaranteed.



Is it not worth your while to come down and look over our 10 styles of Disc Harrows, 6 styles of Spike Harrows, 6 styles of Cultivators and other numerous machines before placing your order for something you have not seen. We know we have the right goods at the right price and want you to know it.

THE TOWNSEND BUGGY COMPANY,
Greensboro, N. C.

Fate Was Against Him.

When Mr. Jenkins went to his bedroom at half-past one, it was with the determination of going to sleep, and with another determination that he would not be interviewed by Mrs. Jenkins. So, as soon as he had entered the door, and deposited his lamp upon the dressing-table, he commenced his speech: "I locked the front door, I put the chain on. I pulled the key out a little bit. I emptied the dripan of the refrigerator. The cook took the silver to bed with her. I put a cane under the knob of the back door. I put the fastenings over the bathroom windows. The parlor fire has coal on. I put the cakebox back in the closet. I did not drink all the milk. It is not going to rain. Nobody gave me any message for you. I mailed your letter as soon as I got down town. Your mother did not call at the office. Nobody died that we are interested in. Did not hear of a marriage or engagement. I was very busy at the office making out bills. I have hung my clothes over chair-backs. I want a new egg for breakfast. I put that is all, and I will now put out the light." Mr. Jenkins felt that he had hedged against all inquiry, and a triumphant smile was upon his face as he took hold of the gas-check, and sighted a line for the bed, when he was earthquake by the query from Mrs. Jenkins: "Why didn't you take off your hat?"

Spelling Reforms.

"What is the meanin' of thim letters, 'MDCCCXVIX,'" remarked a friend of Detective Dennis Sullivan, pointing to the corner stone of a big downtown building.

"Those letters are Roman numeral signs and they mean 'eighteen hundred and ninety-nine,'" replied the veteran detective.

The friend gazed at the letters thoughtfully for a moment, then he said:

"Well, Dinnie, don't it strike you that they're carryin' this spelling reform a little too far?"

One Conductor Who Was Cured.

Mr. Wilford Adams is his name, and he writes about it.—"Some time ago I was confined to my bed with chronic rheumatism. I used two bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy with good effect, and the third bottle put me on my feet and I resumed work as conductor on the Lexington, Ky., Street Railway. It gave me more relief than any medicine I had ever used, and it will do all you claim in cases of rheumatism." Foley's Kidney Remedy cures rheumatism by eliminating the uric acid from the blood. Howard Gardner.

A MATTER OF BUSINESS

I believe in my business.
I believe in your business, and I know that your business would be safer if it were protected by my business.

You would believe this, too, if you should inform yourself about my business.

To undertake to tell you about my business through a personal interview would be very expensive and would require a great deal of time.

I can tell you about it by letters and literature.

If you would like to know about my business and how it ought to affect your business, fill out the blanks in the card below and send to me.

T. N. WINSLOW

DISTRICT MANAGER

The Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Company

302 McAdoo Building, Greensboro, N. C.

My name is
My P. O. address is
I was born on the ... day of, 18....



It Cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Soreness in the Chest and Lungs, Asthma, Bronchitis and La Grippe.

Tar Heel Cough Syrup is made from the Tar of the North Carolina Long Leaf Yellow Pine and is highly recommended. Be sure to try it. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

FARM PROFITS IN POULTRY
Incubators, Hatching Eggs, and Poultry Supplies. CYPHERS INCUBATOR CO., Inc. 100 West 10th Street, Chicago, Ill.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures itching scalp and dandruff. Sold by all druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve
The Best Salve in The World.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

North Carolina Affairs.

Want More Institutes.

A report from Raleigh says: "Applications for an increased number of farmers' institutes are coming in from many counties which heretofore have been satisfied with only one institute, but now desire as many as three or four to be held within their borders. The state agricultural department will do everything it can to meet this demand. It is safe to say that the department is in higher favor with the farmers of the state than ever before, and its great value is getting to be generally realized."

Recruits for Atlanta.

It appears that every man convicted in the United States District court at Wilkesboro last week was given a prison sentence. The following were sent to the Federal prison in Atlanta for the periods named for distilling: Will Williams, 21 months; Roe Killian, 19 months; James Hutchinson, 15 months; and Vance Myers a year and a day. John E. Osborne, for embezzling post-office funds, was given a year and a day. Martin Mall, for distilling, and Lon Oakley, for retailing, were sentenced to 30 days each in Wilkes jail. A fine of \$100 was also imposed in each case.

Death From Hydrophobia.

Wesley Artist died a horrible death of hydrophobia at Eureka, Wilson county, Monday night. Early last December he and Julius Rowe were bitten by a mad dog, both men having been carried to the state institution at Raleigh for the Pasteur treatment. They were discharged as cured in about three weeks, and there was no recurrence of the malady until last Friday night, when Artist became violently ill. Physicians diagnosed the case as hydrophobia. The patient suffered intensely and between paroxysms of great pain pitifully begged his attendants to kill him and put him out of his misery.

Ship Subsidy Speech in Charlotte.

Congressman Duncan E. McKinlay, of California, an influential member of the national house of representatives, was the guest of honor at a banquet given by the Southern Manufacturers' Club, in Charlotte, Monday night and made what is called a strong speech in support of the contention for a ship subsidy. He argued that the time has arrived when the United States government should take steps to extend the sphere of this country's trade and that the only way in which this can be done is through the development of an American merchant marine. Mr. McKinlay's auditors included a number of prominent Southern manufacturers, bankers and other business men.

Two Pardons Granted.

Monday Governor Kitchin granted a pardon to A. W. Aman, formerly sheriff of Sampson county, who was serving a sentence in the penitentiary of four

years for embezzling funds to the amount of \$12,000. He was sentenced in October, 1908. The pardon was granted on the advice of physicians, who say that further confinement would endanger the man's life. Aman is in a very bad way physically, suffering from a growth of a virulent type in the bone of the left leg and it will be necessary to amputate the limb in order to save the man's life.

Robert Carter, who was sentenced to the penitentiary from Rockingham county for 12 months for selling liquor, is pardoned on condition of good behavior. He has only one arm and one leg.

Renewal of Teachers' Certificates.

The state board of examiners having in charge the examination and licensing of public high school teachers serves notice that all holders of high school teachers' certificates issued in 1907 must take the required steps for renewal during July of this year or become subject to the general regulations of the state board of examiners governing the issuance of the regular high school teacher's certificate. This means that these high school teachers must apply to the secretary of the board of examiners on or before July 1 for renewal of certificate, submitting along with the application a statement from the county superintendent of county schools or the state inspector of high schools to the effect that he has taught high school branches successfully at least one year of the period the certificate was in force. There must be evidence, too, through brief examination before the county superintendent of schools, that the applicant has carefully read certain treatises on secondary education.

Tragedy at Rockingham.

Rockingham, April 4.—At Robernell, a mill village near here, Pearl Bruton, a merchant, shot and killed Oscar Williams, after first beating him with a chair. Saturday night Williams and a companion, Harris, had been drinking. Bruton had an altercation with Harris, though Williams does not appear to have been concerned. This morning Bruton saw Williams approaching his home and thinking probably he had come to take Harris' part, attacked Williams with a chair and beat him terribly. Then Bruton entered his home, secured a Winchester rifle and shot Williams twice, killing him. Bruton submitted quietly to arrest and is held without bail.

Don't Get All Run Down.

Weak and miserable. If you have kidney or bladder trouble, headache, pains in the back, and feel tired all over and want a pleasant herb cure, try Mother Gray's AUSTRIAN-LEAF. As a regulator it has no equal. All Druggists, 50c. Ask today. Sample FREE. Address: The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y. 11-4t.

Saturday will be the last day of big reductions at Hagan's china store.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

If there were no fools to ask questions the wise men might explode. The handwriting on the wall was so bad that it had to be interpreted. Even the man who is fond of the sound of his own voice hates to eat his words.

The kind of man who can't get his mind off his business usually minds his own business.

There are a lot of men who are good-natured because it requires less energy than anything else.

Generally speaking, the more pin money a woman has, the more buttons she wears on her waist.

The average young man is almost as glad to go out with his sister as to stay at home with lagrippe.

Usually, when a woman asks her husband to listen to reason it is a cinch that she is going to do the talking.

If you really have convictions of your own, do not trade them for the opinions of somebody else and a few dollars to boot.

A statesman's hardest work is not in giving the people what they want, but in getting them to want what he can give them.

Our idea of a girly girl is one who would rather have a dimple in her cheek than two hero medals in her bureau drawer.

Percy Noodles says that he broke with his mail-order sweetheart because her letters were dictated by her father, edited by her mother, read by her sister, and mailed by her brother. He preferred an orphan.

Of course, the mob goes about it in the wrong way, but nobody can question that it teaches an important lesson. It teaches that the present method of continuing and reversing and delaying cases is not up to the requirements of either justice or common sense.

Do not work too hard in displaying your ignorance.

Anybody can build a castle in the air, but it takes a good advertiser to sell it.

The kind of man who brags about having money to burn usually manufactures his own gas.

About the easiest thing in this world for the man who has money to burn is to have company at his fire-side.

The increased cost of living is due largely to a miseducation which is based upon extravagance and great expectations.

Confidence is that which prompts a man to buy a pocketbook on credit.

Many are called, but few get up. A miserly father maketh an extravagant son.

Every man's work, if it is useful. Even Death often makes a poor selection.

It costs some people more to live than they are worth.

One of the best ways to reduce the cost of living is to economize.

A girl who knows her business is one who gives young men to understand that cheap clothes look nice on her because she is naturally dressy.

The reason a woman thinks her boy is making rapid progress at school

is because it takes him such a little while to learn more than his father knows.

Why don't the men of Great Britain try flattery and chuckling under the chin on those suffragettes?

Our idea of a snob is a man who is ashamed to be seen going into a 10-cent store.

If a cat could sell eight of her lives dearly she could live pretty comfortably with the other one.

It has just about gotten so, in this country that when a girl fixes her hair to suit her it doesn't suit anybody else.

The reason a man at a banquet doesn't take all the speeches seriously is because he hardly makes more than one of them himself.

If the cost of living continues to rise, indignation will be a sign of affluence.

The kind of woman that is always demanding explanations can hardly ever get them any other way.

The reason a boy is willing to take medicine is because it proves that he is too sick to go to school.

There are some who seem to think that keeping the Ten Commandments entitled them to hero medals.

About the easiest thing in this world for the average man to get along without is a religious instructor.

The old-fashioned gallant who used to rise every time his wife entered the room now has a son who races with the women for a seat in the street car.

Cuss words are almost as great a comfort to a man as a real good cry is to a woman.

Some people can never take a middle ground. They are either attaining the heights of folly or the depths of despair.

Nobody knows who Cain's wife was, but it is generally understood that she belonged to one of the first families.

Lots of people can say just what they think without talking very much.

A Monument of Patience.

Winthrop Ames, head of the New Theatre, said at a recent dinner in New York:

"We shall have some day, here in America, a theatre equal to the Comedie Francaise, but a Comedie Francaise is not built up in a day. We must be patient—as patient as that long line of fishermen always fishing, fishing silently, in the stream that flows on the Comedie Francaise, south."

"Have you fished long in this stream, monsieur?" I asked a member of that patient line one day.

"Twenty-three years, monsieur," was the calm answer.

"Do you get many bites, monsieur?" I continued.

"Eleven years ago, monsieur," he answered, without lifting his eyes from his cork, "eleven years ago, on this very spot, I had an excellent bite."

Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder for swollen, tired, hot, smarting feet. Sample sent FREE. Also Free Sample of the Foot-Ease Sanitary Corn-Pad, a new invention. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 11-4t.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Clerk of the Court.

To the Democratic Voters of Guilford County: I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Clerk of Superior court, subject to the action of the Democratic primaries. The people of the county know my record, and I hope will see fit to honor me with the nomination. If nominated and elected, I shall devote my entire time to a proper execution of the duties of the office.

J. R. GORDON.

To the Democratic Voters of Guilford County:

I beg to announce my candidacy for the office of clerk of the Superior court. For the past four years I have been a deputy in this office, and as to how well I have performed the duties entrusted to me I refer the voters to the members of the Guilford bar and others who have observed my work. I believe that the experience I have had has given me a knowledge of the proper administration of the office, and if nominated and elected I shall honestly endeavor to make the county an attentive and efficient office.

W. P. BEALL, JR.

To the Democratic Voters of Guilford County:

In accordance with a custom among candidates for office in this county, I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary, which has been called for the different townships on the 25th day of June, 1910.

Respectfully,

JAS. W. FORBIS.

For Register of Deeds.

To the Democratic Voters of Guilford County: I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds, subject to the action of the Democratic primaries and convention, and will greatly appreciate the efforts of my friends in my behalf.

Respectfully,

W. H. RANKIN.

To the Democratic Voters of Guilford County:

Our precinct primaries and county convention having been called, I take this method of notifying you that I am a candidate for a re-nomination for the office of Register of Deeds, and in doing so wish to thank my many friends throughout the county who have seen fit to honor me with their support in the past. I have given you the best service in my power, and if nominated and elected again pledge myself to the same faithfulness in the future.

A. G. KIRKMAN.

For Treasurer.

To the Democratic Voters of Guilford County: I beg to announce myself a candidate for re-nomination for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the action of the precinct primaries to be held June 25. I am grateful for the support my friends have given me in the past and will greatly appreciate an endorsement of my course by a re-nomination and election to the office.

G. H. McKINNEY.

For Sheriff.

To the Democratic Voters of Guilford County: I take this method of announcing myself a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff, feeling that I can appeal with confidence to my friends for this endorsement of my course during the four years you have honored me with the office. I have striven to perform the responsible and exacting duties of the position faithfully and efficiently and am willing to be judged by my record.

B. E. JONES.

Notice of School Election.

A petition having been presented to the Board of County Commissioners, signed by one-fourth of the free holders in the hereinafter bounded territory, and endorsed by the County Board of Education of Guilford county, asking that a new registration be ordered, and that an election be held to ascertain the will of the people whether there shall be levied annually in said territory a special tax of not more than 3 cents on the \$100.00 valuation of property and 50 cents on the poll to supplement the general school fund which may be apportioned to said territory, a new registration is hereby ordered and the election ordered to be held at the Concord school house on Tuesday, May 3, 1910. The territory is bounded as follows:

Beginning where the southern boundary of the Rocky Knoll district intersects the Fentress township line, thence westward with the southern boundary of the Rocky Knoll district to the Groome special tax district, thence to the Groome line to Hickory Creek, thence down said creek to and including the Swain place, thence in an easterly direction including the following farms: Mrs. A. Edwards, J. W. Layton, Mrs. Sam Roach, Enoch Shelly, A. Safertig, H. F. Stevenson, C. C. Osborn, Alig Reedlove, David York, etc. Thence to the Fentress line, thence north with said line to the beginning.

For the purpose of conducting said election H. L. Gray is appointed registrar, and A. E. Davis and J. A. Davis judges of election, this the 4th day of April, 1910.

J. A. DAVIDSON, Chm. B. C. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the board of county commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Morehead township, beginning at Rocky Knoll school house and ending west on the line between John A. Hodgkin and Henry Stone, John A. Hodgkin and A. L. Ryan, thence across the Sumner Ryan place and across the land of J. F. Clark and Cornelius Stack, and connect with the Freeman's mill road, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting, to be held on Tuesday, May 3, 1910, and state said objection.

J. A. DAVIDSON, Chm. B. C. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the board of county commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Morehead township, at the Allen Jinnings place, about three miles from Greensboro, and running in a westerly direction to the public road which runs from Pisgah church to the North place, on the Guilford College road, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, May 3, 1910, and state said objection.

J. A. DAVIDSON, Chm. B. C. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the board of county commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Sumner and Jamestown townships, beginning at the junction of the Center road on the Coletane mill road and running through the lands of H. L. Hodgkin and others to the Freeman's mill road, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, May 3, 1910, and state said objection.

J. A. DAVIDSON, Chm. B. C. C.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

FOLEY'S ORINO LAXATIVE
FOR STOMACH TROUBLE AND CONSTIPATION

The Greensboro Life Insurance Co.

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More Than \$8,700,000 Insurance In Force.

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SAFE CONSERVATIVE SECURE

Gilt-Edge Securities Deposited With the State Insurance Commissioner to Guarantee Every Policyholder. Why Not Aid in Upbuilding Institutions in the South When All Things Are Equal?

Reliable Agents Wanted for Unoccupied Territory.

J. W. FRY, PRES.

JULIAN PRICE, SEC.

HOME OFFICE: GREENSBORO, N. C.