

# THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT

VOL. 89.

GREENSBORO, N. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1910.

NO. 32

## PEOPLE'S BARGAIN! The State Library.

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

You can get the E. Z. seal fruit jars at Hagan's.

FARM FOR RENT—Tenant will be required to furnish stock. Apply to Dr. W. Coble, Pleasant Garden, 274t.

GOOD HOUSE FOR RENT OR SALE—Good eight-room house, well located, supplied with good water. For rent or sale at reasonable price. Address J. H. Rankin, Whitsett, N. C.

For the best jar rubbers go to Hagan's China Store.

FOR RENT—Dormitory at the Pleasant Garden high school. The school will open August 31. Apply to Dr. W. Coble, Pleasant Garden, N. C.

FOR SALE—Second-hand 10-horsepower gasoline engine; practically new. Terms reasonable. Mrs. J. T. Pruden, 436 West Gaston street, 29-3.

Big line of baskets at Hagan's China Store.

We have decided to change our line of shoes, and having bought a new line for the coming season, we will put our stock on the market at prices that will please you. If you want bargains, call and see the line. Johnson, Hinkle & Co., 516 South Elm street. 31-2t.

Men's work pants and overalls at 60, 60, 75 and 90 cents a pair. Elastic seam drawers, 40 cents. Work shirts, 30 to 50 cents. Dress shirts 40 to \$1 at Townsend's Variety Store. 2t

Best \$2 boys' wagon ever shown in Greensboro. Extra heavy and durable. At Hagan's.

That cider mill with wood rollers can be found at the Townsend Buggy Company's store.

Nice glass tumblers, 15 cents a set. Goblets, 30 cents a set. A covered butter dish, sugar dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder for 25 cents for the lot at Townsend's Variety Store. 2t.

SALESMEN WANTED to look after our interest in Guilford and adjacent counties. Salary or commission. Address The Victor Oil Company, Cleveland, O.

FOR SALE—Empty five-gallon kegs. Apply to Pepsi-Cola Bottling Works, South Davis street.

For a limited time we offer The Patriot and the Progressive Farmer one year for \$1.25.

For Sale. Well broken farm horses and three delivery wagons. S. F. HARMON & CO., 16-tf, 123 Lewis street.

Farms Wanted. We have inquiries for farm lands in Piedmont section of North Carolina. Owners of farms, desiring to sell, will find it to their interest to communicate with the Piedmont Land and Improvement Company, Greensboro, N. C. 52-tf.

Timber for Sale. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

Wheat! Wheat! We want 3,000 bushels of good wheat for which we will pay the highest market price in exchange for merchandise or on book accounts. TOWNSEND BUGGY CO.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

WHITSETT. I have 500,000 feet of good timber on the stump for sale at my place four miles of Greensboro. W. A. FIELD, 427 Arlington street, Greensboro.

## YLY MEETING.

Annual Session Largely Attended and Interesting Throughout.

The 213th annual session of the North Carolina Yearly Meeting of Friends convened at Guilford College last Wednesday and adjourned Monday, following a largely attended, interesting and harmonious session. Representative Quakers were in attendance from all sections of North Carolina and from other states. Many questions of interest to the society were brought before the meeting and considered at length.

Prior to the adjournment Dr. L. L. Hobbs, president of Guilford College, was re-elected presiding clerk. Marion Petty was elected recording clerk and Joseph H. Peeler reading clerk.

The first matter to come before the Yearly Meeting after the devotional exercises on the opening day last Wednesday was the reading of the London general epistle. This is an annual letter sent out by the English Quakers to the yearly meetings all over the country in which the Friends are congratulated on the work of the past year and numerous suggestions offered for the future work.

At the Wednesday afternoon session the report of Mr. J. R. Mendenhall, chairman of the Sunday school committee, was read and discussed, following which the report of the committee on peace and arbitration was read by the chairman, Prof. F. S. Blair.

Wednesday night there was a meeting for worship, when Leona Hobson, of Indiana, preached an able and helpful sermon.

Thursday morning from 8.30 until 10 there was a conference of workers, following which the morning business session was held. At this time the financial standing of the meeting was considered, and it was found that the funds in charge had been judiciously handled during the year.

Thursday afternoon the report of the temperance committee was read, following which there was an able address by Rev. R. L. Davis, of the North Carolina Anti-Saloon League. This was followed by an open discussion.

Thursday night an eloquent sermon was preached by Morton C. Pierson, pastor of the Friends church in Indianapolis, Ind., whose subject was "The Positives in Christianity."

Friday morning the report of the Blue Ridge mission was read, and it was the most encouraging report received from the mission in years. Joseph H. Purdy and wife were again chosen to have charge of the school for the ensuing year. The Blue Ridge mission was the first school established by the Friends in this state and this has been its most successful year. The school is located near Mt. Airy. The outlook is for an attendance of over 200 next year. A small indebtedness was raised and \$200 donated for future work.

Two memorials were read. The first was in memory of Joseph H. Potts, the second pastor of the Friends work in Greensboro, who died a short time ago in Deep River township, near Jamestown. The second was in memory of Mary Jordan White, for many years principal of Belvidere Academy.

Friday afternoon the report of the foreign mission committee was read, and it was found that the financial receipts were the largest in the history of the work. There was also an excellent address on the "Laymen's Movement" by Mr. C. H. Ireland, of this city.

Friday afternoon the report of the Friends Christian Endeavor societies was held Friday night, being presided over by the president, Rev. S. S. Myrick. Mr. Milner Anell was elected president and Miss Florence Ledbetter was re-elected secretary.

Following the business session, there was a public meeting and an address by Dr. E. Blackburn, of the Friends Africa Industrial Mission, British East Africa. Dr. Blackburn made a helpful address on missionary work.

A meeting in the interest of "ministry and oversight" was held Saturday morning at 8.30 o'clock. At this meeting Prof. J. Edwin Jay spoke of the discovery of Paul of Tarsus by Barnabas, and his encouragement to the young apostle years before anyone else perceived anything in him.

Prof. Jay was followed by Morton C. Pierson, of Indianapolis, who emphasized particularly the historic information that Barnabas had sold his property and laid the proceeds at the apostle's feet before we have any record of his own discernment of spiritual gifts in other people. He thus suggested that perhaps generosity might help equip the Christians of today with a power of discernment.

At the business session Saturday forenoon the report of the Foreigners' committee was submitted, which showed that there are now a greater number of Friends meetings in this state than at any previous time in their history. The total membership in the state is greater than at any time since the war between the states. The report was encouraging to an unusual degree.

The educational reports were received Saturday afternoon. Guilford College reported the most successful year of her history. The largest graduating class and the largest enrollment for the year, and the best equipment that she has ever enjoyed. Two new buildings—the library and King hall for class rooms—have been completed during the past year, and the trustees announce their intention to erect a creditable and up-to-date dormitory for men at once.

At this meeting the committee appointed to consider the advisability of building a new Yearly Meeting house reported favorably. If the proposed building is erected, it will be used as a meeting house for the Friends at

New Garden, as a chapel for the college and as a place in which to hold the Yearly Meetings. The proposed building has many warm supporters and final action as to whether it will be built or not will be taken soon.

Saturday night Morton C. Pierson delivered an eloquent address on "The Coming Man." He first spoke of the marvelous growth of the country during the past century and then of the kind of work there is for men to do. Lastly he dwelt upon the kind of men needed to do this work. The address was along educational lines, and the speaker laid emphasis on the fact that college education is necessary if one would achieve the greatest success in life.

The services Sunday, which were held throughout the day, attracted a large number of people. The first meeting was held at 6 A. M. and others at 11 A. M., 3 P. M. and 8 P. M. Of these the morning services at 11 o'clock were the most important, two meetings being held. One was held in the Memorial hall, at which Morton C. Pierson, of Indianapolis, Ind., and Dr. Blackburn made interesting addresses, and the other took place in the old meeting house, Leona Hobbs, pastor-elect of Mt. Airy, and Sophronia Reynolds, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., making addresses. At 3 o'clock two services were also held, one of which was conducted by James R. Jones, formerly of Greensboro, and the other by Dr. Blackburn. At 8 o'clock Dr. Morton C. Pierson preached in Memorial hall.

## DEATH OF A. A. CRUTCHFIELD.

Old and Well Known Citizen Lays Down the Care of Life.

Mr. Alexander A. Crutchfield, an aged and well known citizen, died at his home on West Lee street Friday morning shortly after 10 o'clock. He had been a victim of heart disease for several years and suffered a severe attack a few hours before his death. The funeral was held from the family residence Saturday afternoon, the service being conducted by Rev. W. F. Staley, pastor of Ashboro Street Baptist church, assisted by Mr. Jeremiah S. Cox. Interment was made in the family burying plot at Rehoboth church.

Mr. Crutchfield was 73 years old, having been born in Alamance county March 9, 1837. He was the son of the late Rev. and Mrs. Enoch Crutchfield. He was married twice, his first wife having been Miss Mary Patterson, who died over 25 years ago. In 1856 he was married to Miss Susan Buchanan, of this county, who survives. The following children survive: Messrs. George P. Charles F. James M. and T. K. Crutchfield, of this city; A. L. Crutchfield, of Spartanburg, S. C.; Zeb V. Crutchfield, of Thomasville; Prof. J. E. Crutchfield, of Madison; Mrs. Ada C. Kirkman and Mrs. Pearl Bagwell, of this city.

Mr. Crutchfield moved to Guilford from Alamance county in 1877 and settled on a farm south of the city, where he resided until 13 years ago, when he moved to Greensboro. He made a number of successful real estate investments and at the time of his death owned considerable property. His death brings sorrow to many hearts.

## Convicted of Running Disorderly Houses.

Judge Eure spent practically all of yesterday in the municipal court hearing cases that grew out of a raid the police made on Friday night on two lodging houses known as the Jefferson and the Dome hotels. The proprietors of the houses—W. C. Thaxton, of the Jefferson, and J. C. Holder, of the Dome, together with their negro porters—were charged with conducting disorderly houses. Several women of reputed bad character found in the places were arrested also.

After hearing the evidence and the argument of counsel, Judge Eure adjudged the defendants guilty. Mr. Thaxton was fined \$200 and costs and his negro porter, George Culp, \$100 and costs. Mr. Holder was fined \$150. The defendants took appeals to the Superior court.

Two of the women who were arrested put up cash bonds and failed to appear when the cases were called. Three others, who were unable to give bond, were committed to jail and held as witnesses against the proprietors of the houses.

## This Country's Public Debt.

The final figures of the statement of the public debt disclose that at the close of July the aggregate of interest and non-interest bearing debt was \$1,246,436,833, a decrease, as compared as already announced, of \$503,136 from a month ago. This total includes \$913,317,490 of interest bearing debt, \$2,074,105 of debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, and \$331,045,238 of debt bearing no interest.

The certificates and treasury notes, offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury, aggregated \$1,363,703,669, which is an increase of almost \$3,000,000 for the month.

## Old Students to Meet.

The executive committee of the Old Students' Association of Jefferson Academy has met and decided to call all former students together in a social gathering, in the form of a basket picnic, on the academy lawn, Friday, August 19, at 5 P. M. We sincerely hope that each one will make an effort to be present and share in the pleasures of the occasion.

No black rider if you use our cider mill. The Townsend Buggy Company.

## FOR COLORED REFORMATORY.

Interesting Meeting Held in This City Monday Night—The Action Taken.

A mass meeting of the colored people of Greensboro was held in the county court house Monday night for the purpose of giving aid and encouragement to the proposition looking to the establishment in this state of a reformatory for youthful criminals of the colored race. The following report of the meeting has been furnished to the press:

There were present more than one thousand colored people, filling the downstairs of the court house and nearly overflowing the gallery, while a goodly number of distinguished white people were also present, giving the movement the encouragement of their presence and splendid counsel.

President James B. Dudley opened the meeting with very happy remarks and forthwith introduced Mayor E. J. Stafford, who presided. Mayor Stafford was greeted with rounds of applause, evincing the great appreciation of the audience for his presence.

After a few remarks by Lawyer Mitchell, setting forth the purpose of the meeting and work thus far accomplished toward the reformatory, the advent of Judge James E. Boyd to the front was acknowledged by ringing and prolonged salvos of applause.

Judge Boyd's speech was eloquent, cogent, convincing and made a profound impression upon his hearers. He asserted his kindly interest in those things which make for the uplift of the colored people, heartily commended the movement and said that in his opinion not only should the colored people see that the Foulk's reformatory was located in Guilford county, but that as soon as able they should erect a monument in commemoration of the noble, self-sacrificing deed of Nannie Foulk in giving birth to the reformatory by a gift covering her savings during the greater part of her life.

The speech of Judge N. L. Eure was joyfully received and punctuated with applause. Judge Eure expressed his heartfelt interest in the establishment of the reformatory in Guilford county and said he felt it would greatly reduce criminality among negro boys and girls and bring about their mental, moral and physical uplift. He advocated the forming of a committee of colored citizens, having in view not only the promotion of the Foulk's reformatory, but also the giving of care and proper environment to those who were criminally inclined but had not yet become amenable to punishment under the law.

Attorney D. P. Stern followed Judge Eure with remarks strikingly forceful. His endorsement of the movement and pathetically beautiful references to faithful negroes of his childhood days were followed with continued applause.

After letters were read by Prof. D. C. Suggs from Senator Barringer and Col. J. N. Staples expressing their regrets at not being present and commending the work proposed, ex-Solicitor A. L. Brooks delighted the audience with eloquent remarks commending the reformatory movement and pledging it his hearty support.

"Collections in cash and bona fide subscriptions were raised to the amount of more than five hundred dollars."

## Freight Train Wrecked Near the City.

A serious freight wreck occurred Monday night at 8.40 o'clock at the end of the double track, one mile north of the city, near Denim junction. The engine, which was in charge of Engineer Pennington, and twelve cars loaded and unloaded were derailed. Conductor Gosney was in charge of the train. The track was torn up for over one hundred yards and the accident caused traffic to be blocked on the main line for ten hours. The passenger trains, however, were detoured via the Proximity belt, with a delay of less than one half hour. The cars which jumped the track were hurled down a steep embankment. The train was No. 74 and it was going north at a low rate of speed when it split the switch. Fortunately there was no loss of life or personal injury.

## Public Land for Settlers.

Thousands of acres of unappropriated lands which were eliminated from the national forest reserves and restored to the public domain by recent proclamation of President Taft will be thrown open to homestead settlement and entry this fall in compliance with orders issued by Acting Secretary Pierce, of the Interior department. The lands are located in Colorado, New Mexico, Washington, Oregon, Utah, Idaho and Wyoming. The secretary also has restored to settlement October 22, and to entry November 21, 9,220 acres in the Great Falls, Mont., land district, formerly withdrawn.

## Speaker Cannon Doomed.

Speaker Cannon is doomed as a result of the insurgent gains in the West. He cannot possibly be elected speaker again, as the insurgents and other Republicans pledged against him will number at least fifty instead of twenty-eight as in the last session. These fifty, with the assistance of the Democrats, assure Mr. Cannon's downfall.

Chairman Lloyd, of the Democratic congressional committee is back from a trip to Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, California and New Mexico and predicts a Democratic victory in the coming congressional elections.

## STATE CONVENTION TODAY.

Republicans Meet to Elect Chairman and Nominate Candidates.

The Republican state convention meets in the Grand opera house today at noon to elect a state chairman and name candidates for the Supreme court and the corporation commission. For weeks the contest over the selection of a state chairman has waged bitterly, and to say that the situation is acute describes it mildly. Much bitter feeling has been aroused, and no matter what the result may be, many sores will be left unhealed. Over 1,000 Republicans from all over the state are in the city to attend the convention.

The fight over the chairmanship is the one absorbing topic, and no thought whatever has been given to the nominations that are to be made. Apparently the delegates do not know or care that candidates are to be named for the Supreme court bench and for membership on the corporation commission.

The fight for the chairmanship is between Congressman John M. Morehead and Mr. E. C. Duncan, the national committeeman from North Carolina. Both sides express confidence, but it appears that a majority of the delegates favor the election of Mr. Morehead. Mr. Morehead is receiving the active support of ex-Senator Marion Butler, ex-Congressman Thomas Settle, District Attorney Holton, Harry Skinner and many other party leaders. Mr. Duncan is backed by the party machinery and is working with might and main to prevent the Morehead forces from gaining control.

The anti-Morehead men are making their fight against Marion Butler and are attacking him as bitterly as he was ever assailed by Democrats in the stormy and troublous days of fusion. They charge that the election of Morehead as chairman would mean placing control of party affairs in the hands of Butler, who would use the power for his own selfish ends.

On the other hand, the Morehead supporters assert that the party has been dominated too long by Duncan and his coterie, who are referred to as the "pie brigade."

## Morehead Caucus.

The Morehead delegates held a caucus in the court house this morning that was one of the warmest political gatherings that has assembled in Greensboro in a long while. The court room was crowded to suffocation and there was not a dull moment in the proceedings. Mr. Frank A. Linney, of Watauga county, was made chairman of the caucus.

Speeches were made by Messrs. Thomas Settle, Zeb V. Walser, A. A. Whitener, District Attorney Holton and others, and all of them put on the "rousesments." It was significant that the mention of the name of Marion Butler elicited louder and more prolonged applause than was given to any other man, including Congressman Morehead and President Taft.

On a roll call by counties it was ascertained that Morehead has 801 of the 1,125 votes in the state convention.

## LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM.

Matters of Interest to Readers of The Patriot Far and Near.

Mr. M. C. Workman left last night on a visit to his brother, Mr. W. W. Workman, in Norfolk, Va.

Mrs. Samuel M. Smith, of Columbia, S. C., is in the city on a visit to Mrs. R. G. Vaughn and other relatives.

Mr. C. W. Landreth, of Richmond, Va., is visiting at the home of his father, Mr. C. E. Landreth, on R. F. D. 4.

A ball player should always keep his eye on the ball. So should shoe buyers always keep their minds on J. M. Hendrix & Co.

Mr. F. P. Solomon, who recently sold his home at Muir's chapel to Mr. John C. Thompson, has moved his family to Winston-Salem.

Mr. Zach F. Lyon and Miss Bessie Pleasants, of Winston-Salem, were married in this city last night, the ceremony being performed by Rev. R. E. Andrews at his residence on North Greene street.

Mr. John J. Parker, of Monroe, who formerly practiced law in Greensboro, was yesterday nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Seventh district. The convention was held in Lexington.

The pastor, Rev. S. T. Barber, will begin the protracted meeting at Holt's chapel Sunday and continue it through the week. Two services will be held daily at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. The public is cordially invited to attend.

The revival meeting at Mount Pleasant Methodist church closed Monday night. The meeting was conducted by Rev. S. T. Barber, pastor of the East Greensboro circuit, and resulted in much good. There were 22 professions of faith.

Dr. D. N. Scott, of Pittsburg, Pa., accompanied by his 17-year-old son, arrived in the city last night on a visit to his father, Constable Davie Scott. Mr. Scott and his son made the entire trip from Pittsburg to Greensboro on bicycles and were on the road ten days.

Mr. W. C. Michael, of Gibsonville, the county farm demonstrator, threshed his crop of small grain last week, consisting of crimson clover, wheat and oats. He had 25 acres in wheat that yielded 645 bushels, or an average of 24.4 bushels to the acre. His oats averaged 43 bushels per acre. The friend sending The Patriot this information adds to the note: "This has been a record-breaking year for yield here, and the wheat is of very good quality."

## Out-of-Town Customers

Wherever you live you can avail yourself of the unexcelled facilities and safety afforded by this strong bank. Just enclose your checks, drafts or money orders, made payable to this bank, in an envelope properly addressed, and the United States mail service will assure prompt delivery. Your account will immediately be credited with the deposit and you can draw your own personal checks in making disbursements. Four per cent. on savings.

## American Exchange Bank

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Capital, \$300,000.00.

E. P. WHARTON, President.  
J. W. SCOTT, Vice President.  
R. G. VAUGHN, Cashier.  
F. H. NICHOLSON, Asst. Cashier.

## CONVENTION TAKES RECESS.

Republicans Defer the Nomination of a Candidate for Congress.

The Fifth district congressional convention met in this city last night, and after a short but rather spicy session, adjourned to meet immediately after the adjournment of the state convention, when a candidate will be named for Congress. The adjournment was taken at the instance of the Morehead forces, the vote standing 142 to 30.

Mr. John T. Benbow, of Winston-Salem, chairman of the district executive committee, called the convention to order and presided over the deliberations.

Mr. Charles A. Reynolds, postmaster of Winston-Salem, started the fun in a speech warmly advocating adjournment until after the state convention. He said he had good and sufficient reasons for the position he took in the matter, but failed to give them. Postmaster Lindsay, of Chapel Hill, thought Mr. Reynolds should give his reasons, or the convention would infer that he "had something up his sleeve." Mr. Reynolds replied that no man could doubt his party loyalty.

Ex-Sheriff Petree, of Stokes county, one of the few Duncan adherents in the hall, urged that the convention proceed to make a nomination, saying that adjournment would work harm to the party.

Heenan Hughes, postmaster of Graham, who was not a delegate, spoke in favor of adjournment, charging that the people who opposed the election of Congressman Morehead as state chairman desired to force the congressional nomination on him and then use it against him in the state convention today.

## Every Dollar Counts

Every dollar you take out of your earnings and save is a step on the road to wealth and competency, and if you deposit your dollars with the savings department of this bank the road will be made shorter. We pay 4 per cent. interest, compounded quarterly, on all deposits and give the same careful attention to the small depositor that the man of wealth receives. Make a start today by depositing your surplus money in the

## Commercial National Bank

F. B. RICKS, President.  
F. C. BOYLES, Cashier.



## LOCAL NEWS.

No black cider if you use our cider mill. The Townsend Buggy Company.

Mr. Paul Burns, of the city letter carrier force, is spending his vacation in Asheville.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Ridenhour and young son are spending some time at Hendersonville.

The semi-annual meeting of the North Carolina Retail Furniture Dealers' Association is in session in High Point.

Rev. S. M. Rankin, of this city, occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian church in Mt. Airy Sunday morning and evening.

Mrs. S. S. Brown, Miss Helen Brown and Master James Brown are spending some time at Unaka Springs, Tenn.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Walker, of Greenville, S. C., are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Walker, near Summerfield.

Mr. C. M. Vanstory is in Chicago attending the annual meeting of the Grand Commandery of the Knights Templar of the United States.

If you can't find it, try Townsend's Variety Store. If you do find it, get the Variety Store price on it before you buy. It may save you money.

Good umbrellas and parasols from 25 cents up. Cut price on hammocks, \$1 and up. Cut price on all summer goods at Townsend's Variety Store.

Mrs. Albert Spoon and Misses Carrie, Annie and Flora Spoon and Miss Grace Northam spent the past two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Ford, south of town.

Mrs. W. H. Wetmore and children, who moved to Cooleemee after the death of Mr. Wetmore, have returned to Greensboro and are residing on Chestnut street.

Prof. J. M. Bandy, a well known civil engineer, was taken suddenly ill while engaged in work at Albemarle last week and forced to return to his home in this city.

To introduce our favorite brand of coffee, which is priced at 25 cents a pound, we will give one pound free to any person buying \$3 worth of goods at one time. Townsend's Variety Store.

The Patriot is requested to announce that the Jefferson township Sunday school convention will be held at Alamance church Friday instead of Saturday, as was erroneously published last week.

Rev. and Mrs. W. R. Ware have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Clara Ernestine, and Mr. Arthur Kriechbaum, of Chambersburg, Pa., the wedding to take place early in the fall.

Best dressing in the world for men's, women's and children's hair is Parisian Sage. Cures dandruff, or money back. 50 cents at Fariss-Klutzn Drug Company and the Greensboro Drug Company.

Mr. Robert W. Vincent, managing editor of the Charlotte Observer and one of the most capable newspaper men in the state, was in the city Monday on his return from Morehead City, where he spent his vacation.

Mr. R. C. Milloway, who has been night operator in the Greensboro office of the Postal Telegraph Company, has given up his position and gone to Richmond, Va., where he is employed by the Western Union Telegraph Company.

Mr. Henry C. Marley, who has been representing the American Steel and Wire Company, of New York for several years, has been promoted to the position of manager of the merchants' trade department for the Carolinas and Virginia.

Deputy Sheriff John Barker last week accompanied Mrs. Walter Parish, of Summerfield, to the state hospital for the insane at Morganton.

The members of the Bessemer Avenue Presbyterian Sunday school enjoyed a picnic at Donnell's pond Thursday.

Mr. Marvin Cecil and Miss Mamie Bouldin were married last Wednesday at the home of Mrs. W. A. King, on Douglas street, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Shuford Peeler. Following the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil left for Virginia to visit the groom's parents.

Mr. A. Edwards, of Cottage Grove, Ore., spent a few days in the city last week visiting friends and relatives, going from here to Charleston, S. C. Mr. Edwards was born in the Deep River section of the county and left Guilford over 50 years ago. This was his first visit back.

Mr. John A. Young, who recently disposed of his dairy with the intention of stocking his farm with Shetland ponies, sailed from New York for the Shetland Islands Saturday to purchase a number of ponies for breeding purposes. He will land in Liverpool and will go from there to Edinburgh, Scotland, and thence to the Shetland Islands. He expects to bring back with him 50 or more ponies.

The residence of Mrs. J. H. Little, on North Elm street, was the scene of a pretty wedding last Wednesday evening, when Miss Katherine Charlton Bingley, of Roanoke, Va., became the bride of Mr. Fernando Ghent Tranbarger, of Tipton, Indiana. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. K. McLarty, pastor of West Market Street Methodist church. The house was beautifully decorated for the event, palms, ferns and cut flowers being used in artistic profusion. Mr. and Mrs. Tranbarger left after the ceremony for a visit to friends in Virginia before going to their future home in Carlisle, Pa.

## They Have a Definite Purpose.

Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief in cases of kidney and bladder ailments. Mrs. Rose Glaser, Terre Haute, Ind., tells the result in her case. "After suffering for many years from a serious case of kidney trouble and spending much money for so called cures, I found Foley Kidney Pills the only medicine that gave me a permanent cure. I am again able to be up and attend to my work. I shall never hesitate to recommend them." Howard Gardner.

For a limited time we offer The Patriot and the Progressive Farmer one year for \$1.25.

## THE INVESTIGATION ENDS.

## Charges Against Tuberculosis Sanatorium Appear to Fall Flat.

The investigation of the state tuberculosis sanatorium at Montrose, which was in progress before the state board of internal improvements in this city when The Patriot went to press last week, came to an end Thursday afternoon. While nothing is known as to the official report to be filed by Messrs. B. C. Beckwith and R. F. Beasley, who conducted the investigation, it seems to be the universal opinion of those who attended the hearing or kept up with the proceedings that Dr. John Roy Williams, of this city, who preferred the charges of incompetency, mismanagement, extravagance, neglect and graft against Dr. J. E. Brooks, the superintendent, and the members of the board of directors, failed utterly to establish a single charge. This became so clear as the hearing progressed that Dr. Williams formally withdrew from the case Thursday morning, announcing to the board that he had been badly whipped, but not admitting that his charges had been disproven.

The hearing may be said to have resulted in a full and complete vindication of all persons connected in an official capacity with the institution. The only evidence having any bearing whatever on the charges which was not creditable to the superintendent and the board of directors was that of Dr. C. A. Julian, of Thomasville; Dr. D. A. Stanton and Dr. W. J. McAnally, of High Point—and the testimony of these physicians related to conditions that existed at the sanatorium over a year ago, before the institution was properly equipped for the reception of patients, and was directed more against Dr. Brooks than against some of the witnesses themselves admitted that many of the points criticized were unavoidable, considering the circumstances, especially the need of funds and better equipment, and that since the last appropriation made by the legislature had become available, and necessary equipment provided, and the institution was reopened for patients last January, the causes for criticism or complaint had entirely vanished, and the sanatorium was at present a model for the purposes for which it was designed.

It was further shown that the institution was kept open last summer, before it was properly equipped for the hot weather, on the judgment of the board of directors, and against the direct request and urgent advice of Dr. Brooks. At a meeting of the board in May, Dr. J. R. Gordon, chairman of the board of directors, testified that Dr. Brooks advised the closing of the hospital June 1 until the projected sewerage, building and other improvements were completed. The board thought otherwise, and Dr. Brooks stayed at his post, acting as physician, bookkeeper, superintendent of construction, executive manager, farm superintendent and everything, until he broke down about the middle of July and was granted a ten days' vacation, Dr. Gordon taking his place. It was at this time that Dr. Julian

made his visit and made a report to the state board of health that resulted in closing the institution temporarily.

As to the charge of "graft" on the part of the executive board, composed of Dr. J. R. Gordon, Dr. M. Eugene Street and ex-Senator J. Rees Blair, in the purchase of the Bethune tract of land, 1,300 acres for \$7,500, there was not a thread of testimony to sustain it. All parties to the trade told in detail the long search for suitable location, and the efforts to get a proper site commensurate with the limited means available, and the final selection of the Bethune place, which had been held at \$10,000, for \$7,500. Dr. Williams had Dr. A. G. Bethune telegraphed for, and on the stand as the last witness. Dr. Bethune related the circumstances exactly as had been testified to by the members of the executive board, and said not a thought had been entertained or expressed of a "rake off" for any one. He said the property was worth twice the money it cost the state, and so would be glad to have it back at a ten per cent. advance on the purchase price with interest from date of the deed.

The remaining charge of misappropriation of funds, extravagance and failure to keep accounts, had no evidence to support it. But Special Auditor Abbott, appointed by Governor Kitchin to make a special examination of the affairs and books of the hospital since it was organized, testified that he had carefully examined the accounts of the sanatorium, and while the system of bookkeeping was crude, every penny had been accounted for and there was no indication of any misappropriation, misdirection or diversion of any funds appropriated by the state. An examination of the bills against the institution showed that the prices paid for supplies were lower in many instances than could have been expected.

In commenting on the case Andrew Joyner, the Greensboro correspondent of the Raleigh News and Observer, had the following to say:

In view of this extraordinary absence of testimony to sustain such serious charges against such estimable men engaged in placing upon its feet one of the very best and most needed charitable institutions of the state, it becomes necessary to explain to the people of the state, who cannot comprehend why there should be no fire in the presence of so much smoke.

The whole trouble began when a superintendent was elected. Dr. John Roy Williams, and some few others and his class of tuberculosis experts, or specialists, contended that an "expert" instead of a "general practitioner," should be superintendent.

Dr. Williams was willing to take the place himself, if no "expert" as well qualified as he, could be found. The board of trustees, on motion of Dr. R. H. Lewis, of Raleigh, saw fit to elect Dr. Brooks, a general practitioner, as superintendent. From that day to this, Dr. Williams has been gunning for the hospital, honestly believing that an "expert" on tuberculosis should have the job.

Dr. Gordon testified that when the bill creating the sanatorium was before the legislature, not a single tu-

berculosis "expert" gave aid or support, but that Dr. Brooks, the father of the bill, had the cordial support of other "general practitioners," including Dr. R. H. Lewis, Dr. Stuart, and many other physicians of the state.

Dr. Stephens, of Asheville, a recognized and celebrated tuberculosis specialist, testified that he thought the superintendent might very well answer better if he were a trained physician, as he could only become an expert by actual practice, and that he was sure the board of trustees should be composed of lawyers, business men and medical men, rather than of "experts."

But Dr. Williams has had the sympathy and co-operation of several "experts," in the fight on Dr. Brooks and the board of trustees, and it is said that a "medical row" is more serious than the legendary "family row" or "brothers' quarrel."

## Death of Good Woman in Southeast Guilford.

Mrs. R. B. Foust, one of the most estimable women of southeast Guilford, died Thursday afternoon at her home near Mount Hope church, following a long and painful illness of a fatal malady. She bore her suffering with Christian fortitude and was ready when the end came.

The funeral and interment took place at Mount Hope church Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock, the services being conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. L. Bowers, assisted by Rev. J. D. Andrew, of Burlington. The large crowd of sorrowing friends in attendance attested to the esteem in which Mrs. Foust was held in the community.

Mrs. Foust was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Starr, who were among the best people in Guilford county. In addition to the bereaved husband, she is survived by one daughter and three sons; three brothers, Messrs. J. F., John and Robert Starr, and two sisters, Mrs. William Fiddle and Mrs. William Green.

Mrs. Foust was about 49 years of age at the time of her death and since her early youth had been a member of the German Reformed church. She was a sincere Christian, a devoted wife and mother and a good neighbor, and she will be sadly missed in the community where she had so long exerted an influence for good.

## Five Things to Do in August.

Progressive Farmer and Gazette.

1. Arrange for occasional family outings as the pressure from farm work becomes lighter.
2. Get the boy who is at home for his vacation interested in farm matters.
3. Teach the girl who is home from school the principles of housekeeping.
4. Arrange that the boys and girls shall have some time for visits to friends, and for friends to visit them.
5. Remember that your boys and girls are the best assets of the farm and deserve the best you are able to give them.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

## Bedford's Liver Pills

For headache, dizziness, biliousness and constipation, the one guaranteed pill not to gripe or make you sick. So pleasant in this action you forget you have taken a pill. If you are not satisfied that it is the best pill on earth, come back and get your money—it belongs to you and we want you to have it.

50 pills in the bottle, 25 cents.

## FARISS-KLUTZ DRUG CO.

The store that appreciates your business.

Phone 36 or 441.

Nurses' Register.

## GREAT SCOTT!

WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT THIS? \$1,000 REWARD FOR A REAL MAN THAT DON'T LOVE A BARGAIN

Good clothes are a great sacrifice at half price, but when you get ALL WOOL ALL RIGHT clothes of the HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX make it's just like picking up money in the road.

Don't be skeptical. Let your good horse sense get to work. Use your judgment. Examine our clothes proposition and you will soon be convinced that such an opportunity never struck you and this entire community before.

We sold your neighbor last week. Step over and examine the bargain he got. If you are pleased with it, you can come right to our store and get just as good a bargain as he got.

## A Sure Enough Half Price Sale

Our sale is a sure enough half price sale; and right now, if you want better clothes for less money than you ever dreamed of buying, unhitch, leave your plow in the field, don't stop to put on the saddle, but come RIGHT NOW.

\$30 suits for \$15, \$15 suits for \$7.50. Read last week's advertisement for prices on hats, shoes, shirts, collars, socks, etc.

We've been right here on the corner of South Elm and West Washington streets for 15 years handing out the best merchandise we could buy. We thought we knew most of the people for at least a few miles around Greensboro, but the strange faces that have been presented to us during our big half price sale are so numerous that we are more than ever impressed with the rapid rate at which our county and towns are growing. Why, we don't begin to know all you folks, but now is the time for you to get acquainted with us.

This sale may continue through next week, but don't you wait.

## CRAWFORD &amp; REES

300 South Elm Street

Greensboro, N. C.



## DIRECTORS

R. M. Rees S. L. Trogdon  
J. S. Cox Geo. S. Sergeant  
J. W. Fry R. M. Douglas  
J. W. Scott W. E. Allen  
J. B. Blades W. A. Grissom  
R. D. Douglas J. A. Odell  
J. C. Bishop R. R. King  
A. B. Kimball R. G. Campbell  
John Gill, Baltimore, Md.  
W. H. Watkins, Ramseur  
J. A. Hadley, Mt. Airy  
J. Elwood Cox, High Point  
W. F. Williams, Red Springs  
O. R. Cox, Cedar Falls  
S. Bryant, Randleman

## GREENSBORO LOAN AND TRUST CO.

CAPITAL, \$200,000.00  
SURPLUS, 80,000.00

J. W. FRY, President  
W. E. ALLEN, Sec & Treas.  
W. M. RIDENHOUR, Asst. Treas.  
W. M. COMBS, Mgr. Savings Dept.

## Wedding Presents

When your friends marry and you are bidden to the wedding feast, you will want to show a proper appreciation by a suitable wedding gift. We have just what you are looking for in Silver, Cut Glass, etc., and at prices to suit all pocket books. In fact, you will be surprised at the low prices we ask for the high quality of goods we offer.

Come to this store for all your needs in the jewelry line.

**R. C. Bernau**  
The Popular Jeweler

## YOUR DRUG STORE

We are here to serve you and want you to feel that this is YOUR drug store. We feel that we can please you, and we believe you will be pleased with the treatment you receive at our hands.

Come to us for anything that is usually kept in a drug store. Our stock is fresh and complete.

**Z. V. CONYERS**  
350 South Elm Street.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL ROLL AND RECORD BOOKS.

We carry in stock record books for use of secretary and treasurer of the Sunday school; also the Lorenz class books. Write for prices.

**Wills Book and Stationery Co.**  
Greensboro, N. C.

Send today for a free copy of the Whitsett Institute catalogue for this year. It is a beautiful book of seventy pages and over fifty handsome illustrations. Address W. T. Whitsett, Whitsett, N. C.

## LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Charles A. Hines spent Sunday in Danville.

A farmers' institute is to be held at Elon College tomorrow.

Rev. Will A. Murray and family, of Griffin, Ga., are visiting relatives in the city.

Rev. Charles E. Hodgins is spending a few days in special evangelistic work in Stokes county.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Thompson, who reside on Bellevue street, died Sunday morning.

Mrs. A. M. Scales and children have returned from Wilmington, where they spent some time with relatives.

Messrs. Ernest W. Stewart, E. G. Sherrill, O. L. Grubbs and J. P. Mintree are spending the week at Morehead City on a fishing trip.

Mr. J. M. Millikan, clerk of the United States courts here, spent Sunday with his aged father, Mr. Benjamin Millikan, near Randleman.

A close game of ball is often lost by a poor throw, so watch for errors when you buy shoes. Trade with Hendrix and you won't make errors.

A thief entered the M. G. Newell Company's store Saturday night and stole a bicycle valued at \$45 and several dollars in change that had been left in the cash drawer.

Mr. S. M. Bumpass, of the Townsend Buggy Company, has returned from Granville county, where he spent several days with his wife, who is visiting her parents for a few weeks.

Miss Mary Kelly, the 14-year-old daughter of Martin Kelly, died of tuberculosis at the family home on South Ashe street Saturday morning. She had been ill for several months.

The business world is like a big fishpond. All of us are fish and fishermen. We are fishing for your shoe trade and have the bait you can't resist—good shoes. J. M. Hendrix & Co.

Mr. Carl Ridge, who has been with the Daily Record for a year or more, has resigned his position to go on the road for the majestic steel range people. He will travel in Virginia, making headquarters in Clifton Forge.

Prof. Robert N. Wilson, formerly a member of the faculty of Guilford College, has been elected assistant professor of chemistry at Trinity College and will enter upon his new work at the beginning of the fall term. Prof. Wilson is a graduate of Harvard and a young man of much promise in the educational world.

The city of Greensboro has an ordinance that is supposed to regulate the speed of automobiles and the police officers have undertaken the task of endeavoring to see that it is enforced. During the past few days several gentlemen have been cited to appear in the municipal court to answer the charge of over-speeding.

Mrs. James Vincent died at her home in this city Friday morning, following an illness of several weeks. The funeral and interment took place at Holt's chapel Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, the services being conducted by Mr. Jeremiah S. Cox. Mrs. Vincent was about 36 years old and is survived by her husband and three children.

Mr. L. M. Clymer was in Raleigh Friday in attendance upon a meeting of the directors of the home for aged and infirm Masons and their wives to be established at some point in the state and was appointed a member of the committee to select the site. This committee will visit the towns offering sites and endeavor to select a location at once. Several sites have been offered in and near Greensboro.

The following editorial squib from the Charlotte Chronicle is what we call "crool": "Greensboro is the strictest prohibition town in the state and one of the craziest baseball towns in America, yet it lets baseball slide one week in anticipation of better entertainment in the hall where the Republican state convention is to be held. As to the whyfore of prohibition enforcement, it has a regular pipe line from Danville."

Mr. Elmer Atkins and Miss Jessie Gray, of Colfax, were married in Spartanburg, S. C., Friday. The bride had been visiting relatives in Greensboro and was joined here by the groom Friday morning. There was no objection to the match, the young couple simply deciding to give their friends a surprise. Mr. and Mrs. Atkins are well known and deservedly popular young people and have the best wishes of many friends.

It pays to trade at Townsend's Variety Store. Ladies' and men's house slippers at 25, 35 and 65 cents per pair. Men's shoes at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 per pair and up. Three pair men's or ladies' hose for 25 cents—good ones. Seven cakes Octagon soap or seven boxes Gold Dust for 25 cents. Jelly glasses, 20 cents per dozen. Mason's fruit jars, 65 and 85 cent a dozen. Fruit jar rubbers, three cents per dozen. Your neighbors say it pays to trade at Townsend's Variety Store. 31-2t.

Robert E. Taylor, of New York state, who was employed by the government as a cattle tick inspector in the western part of North Carolina, was brought to Greensboro Saturday night and committed to jail on the charge of defrauding the government by means of false vouchers. He was held under a bond of \$500 for his appearance at the next term of United States District court at Charlotte and Monday the bond was furnished by his father. The arrest was made at the home of the defendant in Boone county, N. Y.

**Acute or Chronic—Which?**  
No matter if your kidney trouble is acute or chronic Foley's Kidney Remedy will reach your case. Mr. Claude Brown, Reynoldsville, Ill., writes us that he suffered many months with kidney complaint which baffled all treatment. At last he tried Foley's Kidney Remedy and a few large bottles effected a complete cure. He says, "it has been of inestimable value to me." Howard Gardner.

No black cider if you use our cider mill. The Townsend Buggy Company.

## PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Some of Those Who Will Teach the Young How to Shoot.

Following list of the teachers who have been employed for the rural public schools of Guilford county for the school year as reported to the superintendent. The list is not complete for the reason that all the teachers have not been employed and reports have been received from some schools that have engaged teachers.

**WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.**  
Osceola—Miss Coltrane.  
**ROCKEET.**  
Gibsonville—Miss Carroll, principal; Misses Riquinier, Bessie Harvey, Minnie Gomery and Pauline Murray.

**MAYN.**  
Monticello—S. Liles, principal; Misses Mabel Hottel Webb and Mamie Woodliff.

**JEFFERSON.**  
Sedalia—Miss Pritchett.  
McLeansville—Miss E. Mills, principal, and Misses Addie Boone and Myrtle Ottwell.

**CLAY.**  
Patterson—Miss Smith.  
Staley—Miss Essie Selzer.  
Monnett—Miss Donnell.  
Tabernacle—R. M. Istone.

**MONROE.**  
Brightwood—Miss L. Mendenhall, principal, and Misses White Brown Summit—Misses Hawkins.

**GILMER.**  
Glenwood—Miss Jennie Lunsford, principal, and Misses Lillie Barnes, Pray—Miss Bertha S. Le.

**SOUTH BUFFALO.**—J. A. Tug, principal, and Miss Josephine St. Bessemer—Frank W. Hefes, principal; Misses Linnie Wed Cora Donnell and Mamie Kinsey.

**FENTRESS.**  
Tucker—Miss Joanna Haun.  
Pine Grove—Miss Lulu Fefes.  
Pleasant Garden—F. L. Post, principal; Misses Ada Michaele Ee Couch and Margaret Combs.

**OAK HILL.**—W. R. Neese, principal, and Miss Lucilla Hardin.  
Cedar Hill—Miss Stella Smith.

**CENTER GROVE.**  
Hillsdale—R. M. Goolsby.  
Scalesville—Mrs. D. T. Ladd.  
Longview—Mrs. T. N. Sellars.

**MOREHEAD.**  
Pomona Cotton Mill—Miss Mat Medearis, principal, and Miss Maud Vickrey.

**POMONA.**—Miss Bessie Howard, principal, and Misses Mary Fitzgerald, Bertha Eller, Mattie Williams and Bettie Aiken Land.

**Muir's Chapel.**—J. Wright Pegram, principal, and Miss Lucile Kennett.  
Hodgins—Miss Anna Edwards, principal, and Miss Annie Belle Blair.  
Melver—Miss Eula Todd, principal, and Miss Katie Gibbs.

**HALL.**—Miss Carrie Toon.  
**SUMNER.**  
Rocky Knoll—Miss Bessie Deans.  
Groome—J. G. Horney, principal.

**FRIENDSHIP.**  
Ridgefield—Miss Daisy Stack.  
Friendship—Miss Mamie Pearce.

**HICKORY GROVE.**—Miss Roella Pegg.  
Guilford College—Joseph H. Peele, principal, and Misses Elizabeth Donnell and Blanche Robinson.  
Piney Grove—Miss Florence Powell.

**JAMESTOWN.**  
Jamestown—E. J. Coltrane, principal, and Misses Linnie Shamburger, Nora Coble, Florence Moore, Mary Wilkerson and Kate Phillips.

**OAK SHADE.**—Miss Vannie Fryar.  
Walnut Grove—W. T. Bowman.

**OAK RIDGE.**  
Stokesdale—William Brookbank and Miss Mamie Flynt. (No principal elected.)

**BETHEL.**—T. C. Gentry, principal, and Miss Irene Bowman.

**DEEP RIVER.**  
Colfax—W. G. Lowrey, principal; D. E. Stack, Miss Floy Pegg and H. C. Cude.

**HIGH POINT.**  
Deep River—Miss Ruth W. Copeland.  
Delane—R. C. Boyd, principal.  
Welch—Miss Lillie Presson, principal.

**SPRINGFIELD.**—E. E. Farlow, principal; Mrs. M. T. Chappel and Misses Amanda Richardson and Myrtle Jones.

**Announcement of the Farmers' Warehouse.**  
To the Farmers: I take this method of announcing to you that I will again run the Farmers' warehouse for the sale of tobacco. I have associated with me as a partner Mr. J. T. Hedgpeth, whom you all know as having been connected with the tobacco market here for years and as thoroughly familiar with the business.

The buyers on this market would like to buy and can take care of five million pounds at the same prices other markets pay. I promise you that, if you sell your tobacco with me, I will try and keep posted and if I cannot get as much as the other markets are paying I will be honest with you and tell you so.

We think tobacco will start off better than last fall. We think it will pay to save good primings, but it does not pay to save the little plant bed leaves that are good.

Now I want to express my thanks to the friends who gave me their support last season, and I feel that the firm of Fulton & Hedgpeth is better prepared to take care of you than I was last season. If you will give us your support during the coming season, I promise you my best efforts to get you the full market price for every pile of your tobacco. Hoping that you will make a good crop, I am,  
Yours truly,  
J. F. FULTON.

**FOR FULTON & HEDGPETH.**

If you are not a subscriber to either paper, send us 50 cents and receive The Patriot (the oldest, biggest and best local newspaper in the state) until the November election and the Progressive Farmer and Farm Gazette (the South's best agricultural paper) one year.

## MILITARY BOYS IN CAMP.

Guilford Grays on Their Annual Outing at Fort Caswell.

The members of the Guilford Grays, Greensboro's military company, which is attached to the coast artillery, left Friday morning for Fort Caswell for their annual encampment. The boys are being put through the routine of regular soldier life, practicing daily with a regular detachment of the United States coast artillery. Following is the roster of the company:

E. D. Kuykendall, captain; R. W. Brewer, first lieutenant; C. D. Smith, second lieutenant; Joseph E. Thorpe, David R. Burch, Taylor S. Murray, Julian H. Lewis, Roy B. Case, Oscar G. Coppedge, sergeants; Onslow M. W. Whitsett, Henry A. Frye, Jesse A. Osborne, Garland A. Ricks, Eugene F. LeGrande, Thomas W. North, corporals; Charles S. Snell, engineer; Merrill A. Lane, electrician; Sydney D. Hutchins, John C. Smith, mechanic; Joseph Spivey, Joseph B. Phipps, cooks; Troy Thomas, Walter C. Robinson, musicians.

**Privates.**—Frazier L. Blanchard, Bessie, Lester R. Cox, Callum, J. A. Collins, Ernest W. Copeland, Robert D. Golding, Lexie Garner, W. H. Greer, John W. Hawkins, Zack T. Hampton, James D. Hampton, Richard F. Harry, John Speight Hunter, Jas. T. Morehead, Jr., Willie Matherly, Richard I. Moore, John B. Merritt, John H. O'Neal, Bruce Lee Pickard, D. Earle Powell, Homer C. Paylor, Lewis Rawlins, Percy B. Richardson, Robert C. Rankin, Henry E. Shaw, Frank S. Smith, Haywood I. Smith, James W. Tankersley, James S. Trogdon, Otis W. Thrift, Fleming R. Weaver, Henry M. Ware, Robert S. Wimbish, Edward D. Wimbish.

**Excursion to Atlantic City.**

Announcement is made elsewhere in this issue of a popular excursion to the Southern Railway will operate from Greensboro to Atlantic City, the train to leave this city Tuesday night, August 23, at 10:40 o'clock. The round trip fare is \$11, which is a very attractive rate, and the tickets will be good for 15 days, permitting stopovers at Philadelphia, Baltimore or Washington on the return trip. The Southern operated its first excursion to this great seashore resort last August, and it was so well patronized and the excursionists reported such a delightful trip that it has been decided to operate the train in two sections this year, in order that the very best accommodations may be afforded the large number of people who will doubtless take advantage of a very low rate.

**Quick Relief From Hay Fever.**  
Ama and summer bronchitis, take E. S. Honey and Tar. It quickly relieves the discomfort and suffering and the annoying symptoms disappear. It soothes and heals the inflamed passages of the head, throat and bronchial tubes. It contains opiates and no harmful drug. Refuse substitutes. Howard Gart.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

# Hot Weather Specials

To make August a busy month we have prepared some of the greatest values of the year.

## Free For The Asking

We will give free to every customer in the basement a safety razor complete in neat tin box, good for shaving, corn razor and by dress makers for ripping seams. This holds good for this week.

The following bargains will appeal to thrifty shoppers:

18-inch huck toweling, linen finish, 10c quality, 6c yard.

84-inch Rando, bleached sheeting, worth 30c, at 22c yard.

Renfrew fast colored dress gingham, 12½c value for 10c. All the new fall patterns.

39-inch extra fine Sea Island sheeting, 10c quality for 8½c.

Clean up of solid color Bengaline and Repps, highly mercerized, in pinks and lavender, 25c grade for 12½c.

Dainty lawns, 10c quality for 8½c.

10c dress gingham, neat patterns, 8½c yard.

New designs in serpentine kimona crepe, 15c yard.

Odd lot table linen and napkins at greatly reduced prices.

36-inch striped linen, pink, green and blue, 25c value for 12½c yard.

36-inch fine soft finish cambric, 11c yard, 12½c kind.

32-inch pongee, light grounds, suitable for boys' shirts and shirt waist suits, 20c value for 9c yard.

25c checked dimity for shirt waists, assorted size checks, 17c yard.

25 and 50c jabos and collars at 15c.

Dutch laundered collars, sold for 15 and 25c, choice 8c.

Twenty genuine oil paintings, handsome gold frames, each in shadow box, values up to \$12, choice \$6.

## SECOND FLOOR.

White linene skirts, plain and gored, tailored, \$1.50 value for 79c.

Choice of any linen suit in the house for \$10, values up to \$30.

Choice of linen suits that sold for \$15, for \$5.

Choice of linen and linene suits that sold up to \$9.95, for \$2.50.

White Cambric Underskirt, deep embroidery flounce and insertion, \$2 value for \$1.19.

Hand embroidered waists, in 34, 36 and 38, \$2.50 value for \$1.50.

## BARGAIN BASEMENT.

Light and dark outings, 10c quality, 7c.

Octagon, Ivory and Gold Dust soaps, 4c.

Children's barefoot sandals, 29c.

Violet ammonia, 8c bottle.

Bon Ami, 8c.

Arbuckle's fresh roasted coffee, 14c.

20c pillow casing in 1 to 4 yard lengths, 12c yard.

6½c apron gingham, 5c.

Dainty lawns, in black and white, 4½c.

10c dress gingham, 7c.

Ladies' colored shirt waists, 29c.

27-inch Foulards, 10c value, 5c.

Laundry tags, 12c.

Colored cheese cloth for dusting, 2c yard.

Ladies' knit drawers, 9c.

28-inch bleached cotton flannel, 8c value for 6c.

36-inch fine quality bleaching, 10c value in mill ends, 7½c.

Table of mill ends in 36-inch percale, figured swiss, white madras, striped crepe, 40-inch white lawns, choice at 6c yard.

Apron gingham in blue checks, 4½c.

Plenty of good remnants of all kinds white and colored wash goods.



# I. Isaacson's Clearance Sale

Fifteen Days Longer That We Will Run Our Bargain Counter In Young Men's and Men's Suits.

Never before have we ever had such merchandise before the public. Now if you are expecting to buy you a suit come and look over what we have to show you.

## Look at these Bargains:

\$15.00 Blue Serge All Wool Suits.  
Now \$7.50. Sizes 34 to 44.

\$12.50 All Wool Grey Mixture. All colors, double or single breast.  
Now ..... \$6.25

\$10.00 Suits ..... \$5.00

\$8.00 Suits ..... \$4.00

Also about 150 pair odd pants. \$3 and \$4 values. Now \$1.50 and \$2.00.



This Sale Will Last 15 Days

# I. ISAACSON

332 South Elm Street

Greensboro, N. C.



## REPUBLICANS IN TROUBLE.

The Record of the Administration Proving Embarrassing to Congressional Candidates—The Tariff as an Example.

By Clyde H. Tavenner.

Correspondence of The Patriot.

Washington, Aug. 8.—All over the land the regular Republican candidates for Congress are preparing to ask for election or re-election on the record of President Taft and the last Congress. Aside from the tariff revision, with which the public is already familiar, the predominant features of the platform on which the standard-bearers will make their final desperate stand are the postal bank bill and the so-called railroad regulation bill.

The railroad bill as passed was better than the existing law, improvements having been forced by Democrats and insurgents. The original draft was one of the most vicious pieces of legislation proposed in Congress in years. President Taft sent this bill to Congress with his personal endorsement and asked that it be passed without amendment. It provided for a commerce court, which would have destroyed the usefulness of the interstate commerce commission, and made appeal to the higher tribunals impossible. It took the railroads from under the anti-trust law, and would have permitted them to make what rates they pleased without any effective check. It legalized existing mergers between existing lines; it contained a joke provision to regulate the issuing of railroad securities.

The Democrats and insurgents forced some improvements, but were prevented by administration influences from putting in provisions which would have been of real value to the people, such as physical valuation of the roads as a basis of rate regulation.

Such was the railroad bill that would have become law had President Taft had his way.

Congress passed the kind of postal savings bank bill that Mr. Taft wanted. The effect will be, it is thought by those who have given study to the act as passed, to drain local communities of the money deposited in postal savings banks. Had the Democrats and insurgents had their way, a postal bank bill such as was desired by the people, would have been passed. But through the influence of the administration, Aldrich was able to thwart the will of the people, and to secure the passage of a bill which will give Wall Street the control of the people's money as never before.

Still another feature of the Taft record is the tariff commission law, also a gold brick. It creates a commission without powers, and gives the special interests \$250,000 of the people's money to carry on the campaign against honest revision of the tariff on the basis of equalization of the cost of production at home and abroad.

Ex-Forester Gifford Pinchot has ideas on other things beside conservation. At a dinner given recently he declared that the nation had lost confidence in Congress because it represented special interests rather than the people. Continuing he said:

And of this there could be no better illustration than the tariff. The tariff, under the policy of protection, was originally a means to raise the rate of wages. It has been made a tool to increase the cost of living.

The cotton cloth schedule was increased in the face of the uncontradicted public testimony of the manufacturers themselves that it ought to remain unchanged.

The steel interests by a trick secured an indefensible increase in the tariff on structural steel.

The sugar trust stole from the government like a petty thief, yet Congress, by means of a dishonest schedule, continues to protect it in bleeding the public. (Republican papers, please copy.)

Representative Charles E. Littlefield, of Maine, now admits that the plank in the last Republican national platform regarding injunctions was put there to placate the labor leaders and with no intention of its being carried out. He carries his frankness to an even greater extent and says the plank is "perfectly non-committal" and means nothing, being simply a dishonest trick to lure the unwary workman and delude him with the belief that the Republican party was his friend.

If the truth was told, it would no doubt reveal that the tariff revision plank was another dishonest plank, never intended of fulfillment, and that the whole platform was a tissue of falsehood and false pretense.

The bill providing publicity for campaign expenditures and contributions passed at the last session and signed by President Taft, is not what the people have for years been demanding.

The house provided for publicity before election, but the senate refused to pass such a measure and as a result of a conference publicity will not be made until after the elections have taken place.

What's the use of publicity after an election, when what has been done cannot be undone?

Publicity before an election would seem to be the only kind of publicity worth anything; for then the voters would be given timely notice as to which party and candidates were of, for and for the trusts, and which were of, for and by the people.

The recent attempt to corrupt Senator Tom Gore, of Oklahoma, was accompanied by features most distressing to the blind statesman. Gore has felt the sting of poverty in its bitterest forms. Even now he has nothing but his salary. The person who he says offered him \$25,000 to change his position on the Indian legislation was a personal friend of long standing. This man knew Gore had often suffered from sheer want. But Gore was not for sale.

## Foley Kidney Pills.

Tonic in quality and action, quick in results. For backache, headache, dizziness, nervousness, urinary irregularities and rheumatism. Howard Gardner.

## A GIGANTIC SWINDLE.

Postoffice Department Uncovers Big Frauds in Cotton Business.

Washington, Aug. 7.—If the inspector's division of the Postoffice department keeps up the good work it has done this year in smothering the operations and bringing to justice the crooks who use the mails as a convenient medium to fleece the gullible, 1910 will be a banner year for it. From small beginnings of several years ago, this arm of the postal service has grown to be one of the most important in the government. Herebefore its operations have been confined for the most part to the suppression of the small swindler, but in recent months it has turned its energies to bigger game.

Last spring it unearthed the big frauds in the United Wireless Telegraph Company, through which hundreds were being swindled, and brought the offenders into camp. Last week it opened its batteries on the firm of Steele, Miller & Co., a concern conducting a gigantic fraud in the cotton business with headquarters at Corinth, Miss., and branch offices in various parts of the South and Europe, and is rapidly gathering in the crooks responsible. Just how much these gentlemen have realized from their operations it is at present impossible to say, but their loot will run into the millions. When they had reaped their harvest they engineered a failure of the company, with a view of avoiding punishment. This was accomplished last April and the cunning crowd thought themselves safe with the swag. But certain parties, unwilling to see their money disappear like a hen's egg in the palm of a juggler, took their troubles to Chief Postoffice Inspector Sharp—who is so in name and nature. A prompt investigation followed, which was in turn followed by prompt arrests.

The methods used by these swindlers were as brazen as any that the office has come in contact with. It was not an unusual thing for them to forge bills of lading for a thousand bales of cotton. An enormous number of bales were sold to foreign houses. To make these sales they would sell a fraction under the market and further would not ship the cotton on the date stated in the bills of lading. These bills, together with insurance certificates, were invariably forged and attached to the drafts drawn on consignees for payment. If the market would fall and they could purchase cotton at a price that would net them a profit, they would fill their contracts; if not, the consignees who had paid the draft, would have to get their cotton as best they could. Bills of lading for cotton shipped to them by their agents were also altered to fit in with their general scheme of fraud.

During the two months preceding the engineered failure the sale of cotton to foreign firms reached thousands of bales. When taken into possession by the authorities, the books of the company were in a most mutilated condition. It is clear, however, that the liabilities will reach more than \$2,000,000, with practically no assets. These sales to foreign companies were so much under the market price that it was impossible for the concern to deliver the cotton except at a loss.

## VICE PRESIDENT IMPLICATED.

Said to Have Been Interested in Indian Claim Contracts.

Muskogee, Okla., Aug. 4.—Senator Thomas P. Gore, testifying before the congressional committee investigating the charges in the alleged attempt to bribe the blind senator to work in behalf of a measure to allow certain Indian land contract to go through, today named Jacob Hamon, national committeeman from Oklahoma, as one who had called on him in the interest of the measure.

Gore declared that Hamon had stated that besides Congressman Bird McGuire, of Oklahoma, and Senator Charles Curtis, of Kansas, there was an official "higher up" interested in the contracts. Chairman Burke pressed Gore to name this official and Gore declared it was Vice President Sherman.

He then produced a newspaper clipping to show that Sherman and Curtis had called on the president recommending the general approval of the contracts.

The first evidence offered was a letter written to Senator La Follette by Gore prior to Gore's election to the senate. This letter was merely to show the interest he had taken in Indian matters, Gore said.

The senator then said that McMurray came to his office in Washington last winter and asked his assistance in the matter of legislation which would provide the payment of a fee of 6 per cent. on Freedman land contracts amounting to \$27,000.

Gore said he told McMurray he was against paying out of the Indian funds any money for attorneys' fees except where services were actually required and rendered, and further notified McMurray that he was opposed to the individual contracts with Indians calling for fees of 10 per cent. of the proceeds of sales of segregated coal lands.

It was on these contracts, Gore charged, that the bribe of \$50,000 had been offered.

In making his charges in Congress Gore did not give the names of the men who offered the bribe. He says that during the investigation he will disclose the details of the scheme, together with the names of the men back of it.

Gore alleges that the contracts which he was asked to get approved would have thrown Indian lands valued at \$3,000,000 into the hands of private attorneys.

## Struck a Rich Mine.

S. W. Bends, of Coal City, Ala., says he struck a perfect mine of health in Dr. King's New Life Pills for they cured him of Liver and Kidney Trouble after 12 years of suffering. They are the best pills on earth for Constipation, Malaria, Headache, Dyspepsia, Debility. 25c at Farris-Klut Drug Company.

## BRIEF ITEMS OF GENERAL NEWS

A Week's Events of More or Less Interest to the Public.

The preparations for the suit to prosecute the sugar trust are almost completed.

Two children were killed and others injured by the spilling of vitriol from a wagon in Philadelphia.

A total of 1,041,570 immigrants were admitted into the United States during the past fiscal year.

President Taft on Friday dedicated the pilgrims' monument at Plymouth, Mass., and made the principal address of the day.

About 60 cities, it is thought, will be added to the list of towns with a population of 25,000 and over by the new census.

The Department of Agriculture reported that the cotton crop on July 25 was 75.5 per cent. of the normal. This is below the 10-year average, which is 79.4 per cent.

Notice will be served on millers that they will be prosecuted if they continue to ship bleached flour pending the disposal of their appeal, the lower court having decided that to bleach flour is a harmful adulteration.

Russia's scourge, the cholera, continues to spread with most alarming rapidity, particularly in the southern mining districts and in St. Petersburg, where the conditions are fast approaching the proportions of the great epidemic of 1908.

Claims aggregating hundreds of thousands of dollars have been filed with the inter-state commerce commission against railroad lines in the Southeastern states by shippers who demand reparation for alleged excessive freight charges which have been paid.

The situation in Honduras is growing more serious, and the whole country seems to be in the grip of the revolution. American interests seem to be in danger. Boullia is reported to be at the head of a force of 3,000 men, and does not seem to be meeting with much opposition.

The Treasury department has discontinued coining \$2.50 gold pieces. There is an accumulation of approximately \$2,000,000 worth of them in the treasury vaults at present. Altogether, about \$36,000,000 have been coined. There appears to be little or no demand for these pieces.

James P. McDonald, of New York, is the head of a syndicate which has received a concession from the Haitian government for the building of a railroad which will connect the interior of the country with four seaports. The concession was granted after much opposition on the part of German interests in Haiti.

Seven officers of the United Wireless Telegraph Company, most of whom had previously been arrested, were indicted by a Federal grand jury in New York Saturday on two counts—one charging conspiracy to defraud by use of the United States mails, the other charging conspiracy in devising a statement to induce investors to buy worthless stock.

Unless the Democrats of the Eleventh congressional district, the stronghold of the Republican party in Kentucky, can elect their representative this fall, the probability now is that Caleb Powell, who was tried three times for complicity in the murder of Governor Goebel on the streets of Frankfort, January 20, 1900, will be the next representative from that district.

## ROOSEVELT SOCIAL WORKER.

Visits Pennsylvania Coal Mines and Silk Mills.

Seranton, Pa., Aug. 4.—Col. Roosevelt has turned sociologist. He has forsaken the field of politics for the time being, and is now a social worker. He came into the heart of the anthracite mining region to see how the miners live and what they do.

The colonel, with all of his characteristic vigor and energy, spent ten hours today visiting the homes of the workers, inspecting the mines themselves, and taking a look into the conditions of the young women who are employed in the silk mills near here. He had a perfectly bully time. The mystery of a quiet little trip has been solved.

The colonel admitted tonight that on his way across the Atlantic six weeks ago he was attracted by an article in a magazine describing the folks who live in these neglected parts. He thought that something ought to be done for unfortunates who have no means of real legitimate amusement when they emerge from the dark recesses of the mines or the stuffy silk mills. He decided to come in and see for himself.

Col. Roosevelt has done many things. He has shot wild game, played politics, tennis, and so many other pastimes, but, despite the hand he had in settling the dispute of the coal miners, he never, until today, saw at close range how they do it. He traveled through the Lackawanna Valley in an automobile, whizzing over dirty, hot roads; had lunch in a dairy establishment, where there wasn't enough glasses to go around, and met the men, who whooped it up for T. R. until the colonel beamed and beamed.

The identity of the former president was unknown for a good part of the trip. Rough and hearty workers, covered with soot, grasped his hand and told him that he was the goods. He liked that, too. Col. Roosevelt declared that his idea in coming up here was merely to inspect and nothing else. He said that any conclusions to be drawn from this flying visit will be drawn by him. He expects to strike on several other occasions and wants time to digest what he consumes.

## Many New Cotton Factories.

Despite the depression prevailing in textile markets, capitalists continue to show their faith in the future of the industry by investing freely in new mill properties. July was record-breaking in new mill organization all over the South, and in North Carolina alone a large list of new companies has been set going. Only a few days ago it was announced that a large company would shortly be formed at Winston-Salem, having \$250,000 capital. Moore county also gets a large new mill.

## IN OUR SUIT DEPARTMENT

Some Very Remarkable Values

All Wool Suits and Separate Skirts greatly reduced in price. Seems early to be cutting prices on new Spring Suits and Skirts, but in some instances the sizes are broken; hence these low prices.

## White Goods and Linen Department

Our White Goods and Linen Department is the busiest spot in the town. The extremely low pricing of the stocks in these Departments has made this the greatest sale ever conducted by us. This tremendous underpricing will continue all through June.

CHAS. H. DORSETT

## Seashore Excursion

TO ATLANTIC CITY AND OTHER SOUTH JERSEY SEASHORE POINTS AND RETURN.

Special train will leave Greensboro 10.40 p. m. Tuesday, August 23rd, arriving Atlantic City 1 p. m. August 24th.

Round trip fare from Greensboro only \$11. Tickets are good fifteen days, and are good for return trip on all regular trains. Stop-overs permitted on return trip only at Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington by depositing ticket with agent.

Proportionately low rate tickets will also be sold on this date on the following branch lines at all points where there are agents, viz: North Wilkesboro to Crutchfield inclusive; Rockford to Bethania inclusive; Mt. Airy to Rural Hall inclusive; Winston Salem to Guilford College inclusive; Germantown to Summerfield inclusive, and Madison, N. C.

These tickets sold at branch line points will be honored on regular trains up to Greensboro.

This magnificent special train will consist of first-class coaches and standard Pullman sleeping cars. The berth fare through from Greensboro will be \$3.50. This is a great opportunity for a nice outing at small cost. Those desiring Pullman reservations should make application at once. For further information see large flyers or Southern's nearest ticket agent, or address the undersigned.

## W. H. McGLAMERY

PASSENGER AND TICKET AGENT, SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY  
GREENSBORO, N. C.

**WALRUS ROOFING**

EVERYBODY has a use for Walrus Roofing. It is so low in price that it can be used economically on woodsheds and barns and temporary buildings of all kinds. At the same time it is so durable that it makes a satisfactory roof for factories and dwellings.

Walrus comes in four weights so that every man can suit his purse and his needs. He does not have to buy needlessly heavy roofing when he wants a cheap job, and on the other hand when he wants the very best protection possible and is ready to pay for it, he can get it. Walrus Roofing is made for every kind of roof.

Anybody can lay Walrus roofing easily. Nails, caps and cement are supplied free. A hammer and a little mop for the cement are the only tools you need. Samples on request.

GET OUR PRICES.

BEALL HARDWARE & IMPLEMENT CO.



## LOCAL POULTRY FANCIERS.

Should Prepare to Make Exhibits at Central Carolina Fair.

To the Editor of The Patriot:

Several communications appearing in your paper during the past month or two have indicated that there is a real awakening among the fanciers and poultrymen of this section to the opportunities now offered them for exhibiting poultry, pet stock, etc., at the fair next fall.

It has been in years past a difficult thing for a local small fancier to enter birds and get an equal showing with the professional traveling poultry prize-hunters; and in saying this I am not criticizing the management of the Central Carolina Fair Association, for I believe they were entirely fair to all comers and were anxious that the local people should show their birds and of course win on their merits.

A good many poultry men had about decided that it was useless for them to go to the expense and trouble to condition their fowls for exhibition when car loads of others from states as far north as Pennsylvania and Ohio come down with long lists of premiums tacked on to them, lots of them being bought for that very purpose—to win blue ribbons. Such a contest does not encourage the breeding and raising of really high grade poultry in any community, but rather encourages letting some one else do the breeding and raising of them. Then in the early fall a letter or two, a check from the world-famous fancier to the real fancier, and behold! they are exhibited as his own breeding and raising. When the truth of the matter is he doesn't know nor has had an opportunity to know how to breed them and get anything but culls.

It is true we must have good foundation stock, and those who do not practice line breeding must have new blood occasionally, but the fact remains that if we wish to see this state take a leading position among the other states of the South as the home of good poultry, we must breed and win—not buy and win.

Every poultry man in this county and in those surrounding it, should endorse the management of the Central Carolina Fair Association for confining the competition in the next fair to Virginia, North and South Carolina by preparing and entering for exhibition such stock that he owns and believes has real merit.

All fanciers and poultrymen should have a copy of the "American Standard of Perfection," issued by the American Poultry Association, which describes the color, shape, size, weight and general appearance of every fowl recognized by the American Poultry Association. Those pages that describe the parti-colored fowls describe each section showing the color markings and shadings of the different feathers. This book should be in the hands of every poultryman. The White Oak Poultry Club has placed an order for one to be mailed as early as possible and to be kept at the rooms of the club for the use of its members. By consulting it carefully when picking your specimens for exhibition, you can come pretty near telling the number of points each will score. Every fancier should be competent to judge those birds that he keeps in his yards. H. ALONZO BARNES, Secretary White Oak Poultry Club.

## STORY OF A BLIND NEGRESS.

Happy in Spite of Poverty and the Infirmities of Age.

Statesville Landmark.

"Mary Williams, \$3 for temporary relief."

For some years this item appeared among the orders passed by the board of freed-land county and it represented the amount of money paid each three months to keep the beneficiary alive. By the efforts of a friend the amount has been increased from \$12 to \$20 a year.

Probably few know who Mary Williams is and why she is helped by public charity. Were she a resident of China or some other foreign field, her condition and needs would be better known to people right around this place. Anyhow, "Aunt" Mary is colored, lives three miles east of town, is 82 years old and stone blind. Three houses have rotted and crumbled from around her but she still lives and is hale and hearty. She has been blind for years for more than a score of years and as a result has developed an abnormal keen sense of memory and hearing. She has two acres of land around her house and on this she raises what provisions she can to supplement what she buys with money given her by the county and friends. "Aunt" Mary lives entirely alone and does all her work herself. She has driven stakes about the place and these serve as guide posts for her to work. She uses a few lines in cultivating her crops. The few lines she cannot do her neighbors attend to for her.

This old woman was born in Davidson county and was a slave of one John Williams. She was never married, "Thank the Lord!" she says, and has no near relatives. She is perfectly happy and bears her afflictions patiently. She gets to church about once a year but rather than the modern religion she says she prefers hearing the Bible read as it is written. "Aunt" Mary says she fell out with the modern way of doing things ten years ago, when the preacher whipped up a collection of \$20 in short order for foreign missions when at the same time he had made excuse for not letting her have 10 cents she needed badly at the time.

## Life on Panama Canal

Has had one frightful drawback—malaria trouble—that has brought suffering and death to thousands. The germ cause, chills, fever and ague, biliousness, jaundice, lassitude, weakness and general debility. But Electric Bitters never fail to destroy them and cure malaria troubles. "Three bottles completely cured me of a very severe attack of malaria," writes Wm. A. Fretwell, of Lucama, N. C., "and I've had good health ever since." Cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and prevent Typhoid. 50c. Guaranteed by Farris-Klutts Drug Co.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

## WATER AND LIGHT ON FARM.

Two Great Conveniences That Should be in Every Home.

Charlotte Observer.

The Progressive Farmer is engaged in a praiseworthy undertaking of inducing the farmers to equip their homes with two great conveniences—water and light. It asked for reports from its readers as to the extent of the installation of water-works on the farm, and in its issue of July 30, it prints a number of replies. One is from a well-known Mecklenburg farmer—Mr. Cyrus H. Wolfe—who tells of how he equipped his home with water-works. He got a three-horse-power gasoline engine as a basis. Then he says: "I had four oak posts sawed 8 by 8 at bottom and 6 by 8 at top and 40 feet long, to build a tank tower. These and necessary cross pieces cost \$14 laid down, by the sawmill man. I bought from a reliable catalogue house, advertising in the Progressive Farmer and Gazette, a galvanized tank, paying \$22.50 at factory. The tower could have been put up by farm labor, but a near-by contractor offered to take the job of erecting the tank tower and placing the tank for \$45. I put a three-inch pump in my well, which is immediately under the tank. My engine is placed in the well-house nearby. I bought a set of plumber's tools, and after using them for all necessary work, I sold them for what they cost me. I used farm labor in making all connections, etc. I put a pipe to the barn for the stock, one to the garden, one to the front yard for the lawn and flowers, one to the kitchen and one to the bath tub for cold water. Connection was made from the kitchen pipe for the range boiler and kitchen sink. The hot water pipes were then run to the kitchen sink and bath room."

Mr. Wolfe gives an itemized account showing that the entire equipment cost him \$310. Fifteen cents worth of gasoline and oil runs the plant a week. In addition to that, he uses his gasoline engine for various other purposes—sawing wood for one. Then "my folks are fond of ice cream, and it was the job of my boy to turn the freezer. He, like all boys, does not like the job. The other day we went out to find him with a pulley on the freezer and attached to the engine with a belt. We now have ice cream almost every day, and it is really better by being turned faster and more regularly than can be done by hand."

Other farmers report installing water-works with windmills and hydraulic rams. As to the matter of lights, the farmers do not seem to be making so much progress. The Progressive Farmer says the kerosene lamp is the only light used on most farms, and it is far from being ideal. In some sections the farmers are installing acetylene and gasoline lighting plants and his own electric lights; but there seems to be very few if any of these in the South. The Progressive Farmer asks every reader who has tried any of these methods of lighting to write and tell it all about it, just what it cost, how it works, and so on. I will give a cash prize of \$2.50 for the best report sent in before September 15.

## Minister Peculiarly Affected by Lightning.

Wadesboro Messenger and Intelligencer.

Two years ago Rev. J. W. Little, one of the best known Baptist ministers in this section of the state, was struck by lightning in Lee county. After being stricken he was unconscious for quite awhile and for several weeks hovered between life and death. After a long time, however, he recovered sufficiently to again enter actively upon the work of the ministry, though the electricity never seemed to entirely leave his system. He still suffers severely during electrical storms, the extent of the pain he feels being commensurate with the intensity of the electrical disturbance. Tuesday night this section was visited by a very severe electrical, rain and windstorm. Mr. Little, when the storm came up, was assisting Rev. J. A. Summey in a meeting at Mr. Beulah church, three miles south of town. He had just finished his sermon and was preparing to close the service when he was completely overcome by the electricity in the atmosphere. He suffered excruciating pain and finally his heart seemed to fail him and he lapsed into unconsciousness, remaining in this condition several hours. Finally, Mr. Little recovered his senses and ability to walk, and is now none the worse for the experience.

## Wisdom by the Wayside.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

Some men get their wisdom late and some get it early, and some never get it at all. Dear Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, has yet to get what is coming to him. Howbeit, as was once observed by a colored admirer of ex-Senator Blackburn, when asked if the senator was greater than the Supreme Being, "Maybe not, sah, but Marse Joe, he's young yet."

Mr. Bryan is just turned fifty. The fairy godmother, as she bent over his cradle, gave him many things good to have—health of body and manly beauty, the faculty of utterance and the power to charm, grace and high ideals. She seems to have withheld that fine sense of perspective and proportion which passes among men by the name of judgment, and is the emanation equally of reason and knowledge, met upon the arena of action to draw instantaneous and correct conclusions.

## The Best Hour of Life

Is when you do some great deed or discover some wonderful fact. This hour came to J. R. Pitt, of Rocky Mount, N. C., when he was suffering intensely, as he says, "from the worst cold I ever had. I then proved to my great satisfaction, what a wonderful cold and cough cure Dr. King's New Discovery is. For, after taking one bottle, I was entirely cured. You can't say anything too good of a medicine like that." Its the surest and best remedy for diseased Lungs, Hemorrhages, LaGrippe, Asthma, Hay Fever—any Throat or Lung Trouble. 50c. \$1. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Farris-Klutts Drug Company.

## HOUSE PARTY AT HIGH FALLS.

Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Woody Entertain a Number of Friends.

Correspondence of The Patriot.

High Falls, Aug. 3.—Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Woody have been delightfully entertaining 35 friends at a house party at their home here for the past ten days. Not a moment of the entire time has been without interest and the greatest merriment, for from early morning till late at night the jolly party has been joyfully amused by their charming host and hostess. Bathing, boat riding, fishing and picnics upon the river, coupled with many interesting games, have been the order each day, and at night the hostess gave a reception to her guests. These parties were very clever and decidedly enjoyable.

One special feature of the party was college day, Saturday being set apart to this, with the track meet at night. There were fifteen colleges and universities represented among the guests, and the day was of such rare pleasure and so unique that it was truly "back to the campus." College colors, pennants and pillows were seen at every turn.

Too much praise cannot be given Mr. and Mrs. Woody and their charming daughter Miss Edith for the clever and happy way in which their guests were entertained. This annual party was unanimously pronounced the most enjoyable ever given by Mrs. Woody.

Those present were: Misses Flora Glass, Elizabeth Donnell, Messrs. Albert Sharpe, Henry Sharpe and C. M. Craven, of Greensboro; Misses Bessie and Effie Cox, of High Point; Misses May and Lizzie Wrenn, Hazel McAdams, Clara Lambie, Messrs. E. B. Craven, J. George Hannah, Jr., I. B. London, Frank Wrenn and Glenn McAdams, of Siler City; Misses Katy Lee and Bessie McLeod, Carrie and May Cole, Mildred Sinclair, Messrs. O. D. Wallace, Walter and James Deaton, Tom Cole and Edwin Wilcox, of Carthage; Miss Nannie Lou Reynolds, Messrs. W. H. Womble and Joe Davis of Glendon; Mr. O. T. Parks, of Hallston; Miss Berta Carter, Messrs. Flynn and Robert Arrowood and Capt. Tull, of Elsie; Misses Ethel Andrews, of Staley, and Essie Leonard, of High Falls; Messrs. D. R. Shields, of Gastonia, and J. A. Morgan, of Mebane.

## GUILFORD'S CONSERVATISM.

Dominant Party Makes no Distinction in Matters of Business.

High Point Enterprise.

One of the main reasons why Guilford county affairs are held up as an example to others is that our people are conservative, and while at the proper time political matters are always warm enough and the lines tightly drawn, the dominant party makes no distinction in business matters after the election. A man's politics does not work for or against him in matters concerning business, everything else being equal. If a man goes before the county officials and asks that some work be done, it makes no difference whether he is a Democrat or Republican, the county officials look only at the need, treating the matter strictly in a business way. This can be said of both political parties in this county, and it has counted for much in the development of the county. This doctrine will perhaps seem strange to some who reside in counties where every thing is acted on from a political standpoint and where they are twenty years behind the times. The Democrats and Republicans of such counties are no stronger in their party ties than we are. They have just drifted, necessarily perhaps, into that unfortunate condition where the thing has to be done.

It is a great pity that such is the case. There is a silver lining to the cloud, however, because such tactics cannot last.

## Advertised Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Greensboro, N. C., August 4, 1910.

Rev. J. O. Allen, Esther Baldwin, Bertha Baldwin, Jessie Batts, Ella Ball, Mrs. Ida Barnes, Bessie Brewer, Charley Brown, Miss Nannie Burl, Maggie Butler, F. G. Burch, James Bumpass, Virnan Cracker, Ellis C. Caldwell, Miss Ollie Crawley, Ella M. Carver, Miss Ella Cox, Ruth Carmack, Lena Coleman, Mrs. J. B. Cherry, Mamie Coffin, Annie Cherry, Ferney Cole, Miss Annie M. Chandless, Col. Theo. F. Davidson, Miss Cora Lee Day, Sallie Davis, Ollie Davis, Miss Luezy, Davis, H. C. Denton, Dixie Shoe Co., Gavin Dorch, Miss Lussendo Duddles, Annie C. Fallin, Ethel Farlow, Mrs. L. B. Fitzgerald, E. Martin Fogleman, Mamie Gerton, John N. Goss, Mrs. Carrie Goley, Etta Golding, Lala Green, L. E. Hall, Katherine Hayes, Sarah E. Harvey, 2, Donnie Hardin, Miss Lillie Henner, Miss Mary Hester, Sallie Hicks, Epsie Hicks, Mattie Horniday, Flora Horniday, Irvin Hunter, Bertha Israel, Phil W. Jeffries, Jim Jefferson, P. W. Jeffers, Mrs. Lydia Johnson, 2, Mrs. R. R. Jones, 2, Miss Zula Jordan, Miss Katie Kivett, Martha Littlejohn, R. W. Mastain, Helen McNeill, Nellie McNeill, Perry McAdams, J. T. McGee, Mrs. Jennie Miller, Beulah Milliken, Mau Milliken, Caroline Mott, Mrs. and Harry Morse, Willie Neal, Miss Nora Newman, Mamie Nelson, Markron Newland, Florence Reese, Ida Rayle, Mary Royster, G. H. Sikes, Etta Stewart, Mrs. W. J. Tally, James F. Thomas, Mrs. Ninie Warn, Robt. H. Walker, Wash Wilson, John Warren, Mrs. Jennie Whitsett, C. R. Whickel, Reamis Whitlock.

Denim Branch. Miss Florence Johnson, Mrs. Ella Kinney, J. R. Richardson.

Proximity Branch. Mrs. Mollie Garner, Mrs. Bettie Hobbs, Oscar Morehead, Mrs. Selevin, Mrs. Nina Styers.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised in the Patriot, and give date of list.

In order to insure prompt delivery of mail please have it directed to proper street and number or route. ROBT. D. DOUGLAS, Postmaster.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

# Ask for and Insist on Receiving Greensboro Trading Stamps

Leading merchants give Greensboro Trading Stamps as premiums on cash sales. You get the best goods at the best values, and in addition receive premiums of real value that actually cost you nothing. The following enterprising Greensboro merchants give Greensboro "Yellow" Trading Stamps:

## BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS.

Coble & Mebane, 229 S. Elm St.  
J. M. Hendrix & Co., 223 S. Elm St.  
BOOKS, STATIONERY, OFFICE SUPPLIES, ETC.

Wills Book and Stationery Co., 205 S. Elm St.

## CLOTHING.

Wallace Clothing Co., 304 S. Elm St.

## DRUGS.

Greensboro Drug Co., 190 S. Elm St.

Farris-Klutts Drug Co., 121 S. Elm St.

## DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

J. M. Hendrix & Co., 223 S. Elm St.

G. F. Blackmon, 529 S. Elm St.

## HATS AND CAPS.

G. F. Blackmon, 529 S. Elm St.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

## FURNITURE.

Burner Furniture Co., S. Elm St.

## GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

O. F. Pearce, 129 N. Elm St.

Lynch Brothers, 150 W. Market St.

C. E. Push, 122 N. Elm St.

T. M. Bennett, N. Elm St.

R. E. Spencer, 429 W. Lee St.

Hinton & Spencer, 751 W. Lee St.

Hepler Brothers, 718 Lewis St.

W. A. Mann, 751 W. Lee St.

J. A. Coble, 900 Asheboro Ave.

Ladd & Fulton, 309 Walker Ave.

John E. Sockwell, 209 W. Market St.

W. T. Sockwell, 108 W. Market St.

J. B. Foster, W. Lee St.

## JEWELRY.

Schiffman Jewelry Co., 326 S. Elm St.

## NOTIONS.

The Meyer's Co., 108 S. Elm St.

J. M. Hendrix & Co., 223 S. Elm St.

G. F. Blackmon, 529 S. Elm St.

## STOVES AND RANGES.

Murphy Brothers, North Davis St.

## GREENSBORO TRADING STAMP CO.

## BOYS, DON'T PULL FODDER.

One-Third the Value of a Corn Crop is Lost When This is Done.

Col. R. J. Redding, of Georgia.

Boys, I "know what I am talking about," when I affirm that fully one-third of a corn crop is lost when the stalks are stripped of the blades and later the ears and left in the field to be in the way of the next crop. In this rough estimate I take into consideration the advantage of getting the stalks off the land and entirely out of the way. The agriculturalist of the Georgia experiment station used to say that he believed it would be sound practice to cut and shock and then shred the stalks and blades, even if not used for feeding, but only for stable bedding. Possibly it is a rather extreme statement, but it illustrates his confidence in the wisdom of the practice—which I fully shared. It's a great advantage to have the stalks all out of the way of the peas, out of the way of the plows and harrows and grain drill, which should follow the corn harvest. Even if the old, dry stalks left in the field after the harvesting, in the usual way, be cut up and plowed down they will be of no advantage to the immediately succeeding small grain, little or none to the next spring's crop, and very much in the way of the young cotton, if cotton shall follow corn. It takes well high twelve months for corn stalks to moulder away into unrecognizable mould or dust, and until it reaches that stage of decomposition it can be of precious little help in any way to a crop that may be planted on the land.

## Staggers Skeptics.

That a clean, nice, fragrant, compound like Bucklen's Arnica Salve will instantly relieve a bad burn, cut, scald, wound or piles, staggers skeptics. But great cures prove its wonderful healer of the worst sores, ulcers, boils, felons, eczema, skin eruptions, as also chapped hands, sprains and corns. Try it. 25c at Farris-Klutts Drug Company.

## DO YOU? WILL YOU?

Do you love your wife?  
Do you love your children?  
Have you considered how things would be with them in case you should be taken away from them?  
Could they do as well without you as with you?  
Is the fact of your life a fact with a financial side to it?  
Would you rather be a deserter or a brave soldier?  
Answer these questions one by one for yourself and seriously.

Ninety-nine men out of every one hundred need LIFE INSURANCE.

You may be the one man, but you would have a hard time in convincing anyone but yourself of the fact.

If you do need life insurance—and you do—fill out the card below and mail it to me. It will cost you two cents—the price of an egg—and may save your wife and children from poverty.

**T. N. WINSLOW**  
DISTRICT MANAGER

THE FIDELITY MUTUAL LIFE & SURANCE COMPANY  
302 McDade Building, Greensboro, N. C.

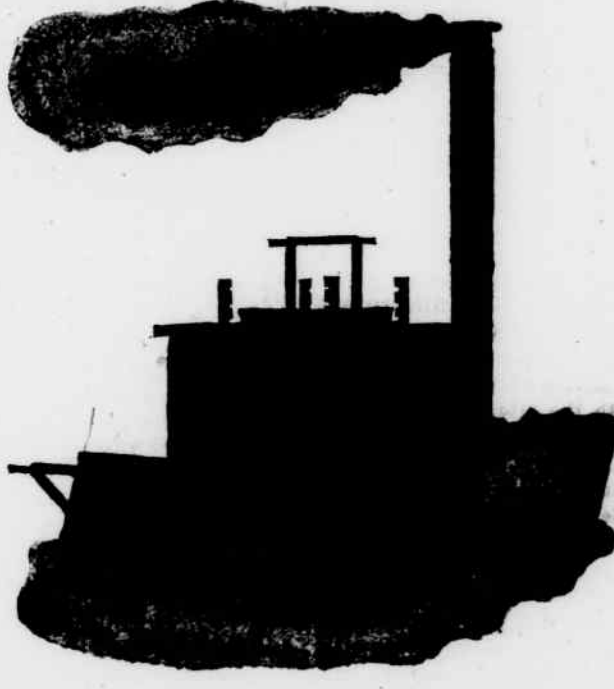
My name is .....  
My P. O. address is .....  
I was born on the .... day of ....., 18....

Subscribe to The Patriot NOW.

## Carolina Canner

Why let your fruit and vegetables waste?

Use the Carolina Canner. See sample at our store. We also have the cans, solder, etc.



**Southside Hardware Co.**

525 South Elm Street, Greensboro, N. C.



# The Greensboro Patriot.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

W. I. UNDERWOOD,  
Editor and Publisher.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

Office on the Second Floor of the Bevil  
Building, corner of North Elm and  
East Gaston streets.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 273.

## SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, \$1.00; six months, 50 cents;  
three months, 25 cents. In advance.

Entered at the postoffice in Greensboro,  
N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Communications, unless they contain  
important news, or discuss briefly and  
properly subjects of real interest, are not  
wanted; and if acceptable in every other  
way, they will invariably be rejected if  
the real name of the author is withheld.  
Remittances made by check, draft, pos-  
tal money order, express or registered  
letter will be at the risk of the publish-  
ers.

Address all letters to  
THE PATRIOT,  
Greensboro, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1910.



## THE WORLD IN REVIEW.

## Governor Patterson Rebuked.

In Tennessee the Patterson forces were severely beaten, and the independent judiciary ticket was nominated by a big majority—about 40,000. This is regarded as a stinging rebuke to Governor Patterson for his pardon of the Coopers, who were convicted of killing Senator Carmack, and it now seems likely that the Republican-independent coalition will put up a candidate to oppose Governor Patterson in the November elections.

## Danger to Democracy.

Some people see in the success of the insurgent Republicans in the West a danger to Democracy. Uttering a warning along this line, ex-Governor Joseph W. Folk, of Missouri, said in the course of a speech in Kansas City the other night: "I have been in most of the Western states in the last few weeks and found everywhere numbers of Democrats were joining the insurgents in the Republican party. Right here is the danger to the Democratic organization, and the sooner this fact is recognized the better. This movement toward the insurgent element is not confined to one state, but in Oregon, California and Washington I heard the same story."

## Government Fighting Fire.

It is estimated that forest fires are now burning over at least 100,000 acres in Idaho and northwestern Montana, with a possible loss of timber estimated at \$2,500,000. The situation is most serious and 1,400 men are fighting the flames on the fire lines in alternating relays. Secretary of Agriculture Wilson authorized the forest service bureau to take emergency measures, if necessary, and it is apparent that the \$30,000 on hand for fighting fires will not be half enough. All necessary expense will be incurred, with the expectation that a deficit equal to the present appropriation will result. The known damage already is estimated at \$225,000. Of this amount the loss to the private holdings is believed to be about \$175,000. About 75,000 of the 100,000 acres now burning is privately owned.

## Troublous Times in Spain.

The situation in Spain resulting from a conflict between the Roman Catholic church and the government has reached a most acute stage, and no man can tell what the outcome will be. It is asserted that the priests are distributing arms, and in view of the tenacity of the situation and the excitable nature of the people it seems almost impossible to avoid bloodshed. Tomorrow may tell the tale as to whether the government shall remain supreme or whether there will be a revolution that will shake the nation to its center, put Don Jaime, the pretender, on the throne or make Spain a republic.

In the meantime King Alfonso has gone to England with his queen. He has been to France, where it is said he sought advice as to his course in dealing with the situation, and will also seek the advice of King George, of England. It is believed that his trip was made so as to remove him for the time being from any influence the Vatican might bring to bear upon him, and also to allow Canalejas, a free hand in dealing with the crisis. Canalejas, it seems, has Alfonso's full sympathy in the anti-clerical movement, and will carry it through to the end. If there should be a clash between the troops and the people and much bloodshed it seems hardly possible that a revolution can be avoided.

As a result of the action of Spain in severing diplomatic relations with the Vatican, it is said that Portugal may also join in the anti-clerical movement and begin an active campaign to divorce state affairs from those of the church.

## Work of British Parliament.

The British Parliament adjourned last Wednesday, leaving the troublesome problem as to restricting the powers of the house of lords still unsettled. This may be taken up and decided when Parliament meets again in November. It has been agitated for several years, and the demand for it seems to grow in force as time goes on. The Parliament just ended passed the famous Lloyd-George budget, the controversy over which, in the preceding Parliament, brought the controversy between the lords and the commons to a head, and it also modified the king's accession oath, eliminating the phrases against the Roman Catholic church, the declaration being now acceptable to all the king's subjects—Catholics and Non-Conformists alike. The woman's suffrage bill was buried in committee of the whole, and the suffragists are already preparing to make a new fight on it when Parliament reassembles.

## Is Another Scandal Imminent?

Is the Taft administration face to face with another scandal and one which may dwarf the Ballinger affair? The mentioning of the name of Vice President Sherman by Senator Gore in connection with the Indian land cases now under investigation has a sinister appearance, although, of course, it is not evidence against him. Mr. Sherman denies any connection whatever with the matter, and the most positive evidence would be necessary before the country would believe him a party to the scheme to gouge the Indians. Still the affair has an ugly sound.

As for the Ballinger case, it seems that the Taft administration, or rather the leaders of the Republican party, think the secretary of the interior too heavy a weight to carry throughout the coming campaign and want to throw him overboard. But he refuses to be thrown, and asserts most positively that he will not resign.

## Insurgents Victorious.

The insurgents in the Republican party won two notable victories last week—one in Kansas and one in Iowa. In Iowa the Taft administration was given a left-handed endorsement and the work of the insurgent Senators Cummins and Dolliver was enthusiastically praised. In Kansas six out of eight insurgent congressmen were nominated, in spite of everything the congressional organization in Washington and the regulars in Kansas could do to save their men, and it is possible that a recount will be necessary to determine whether Auchmuty, one of the two standpatters thought to be saved, is to go to Washington. The progressives assert that they have captured his district and that this will be shown in a recount. Governor Stubbs' majority will be in the neighborhood of 30,000. Wagstaff only carrying four counties. Stubbs is an out-and-out insurgent. These things make the administration feel blue. Speaker Cannon was one of the leading campaigners for the regulars in the Kansas contest, and he seems to have done them more harm than good. He had no comment to make upon the returns. In the primaries in Oklahoma and Missouri the regulars about hold their own.

## No Red Tape for Him.

Some people fear red tape more than any other kind of trouble. One such was a postman, whose duty it was to bring mail to the few scattered houses on an island off the Atlantic coast.

One morning during a terrific storm a man saw him pulling his boat over. Several times it was nearly swamped and the rower in danger of his life. "Why in the world did you make that trip?" he asked him, when the boat finally grounded on the beach. "Well, you see," replied the other, "if I miss a trip I have to write a fearfully long letter to Washington, explaining why, and so I thought I had rather pull the boat."

## Spider-Web Clothes.

Now that the hot weather is with us again it might pay some enterprising tradesman to revive the manufacture of costumes from spiders web, which at one time served to make a cool and attractive fabric. The first person to use the webs in this way was a Montpelier merchant named Bon. Louis XIV. himself designed to appear in a spider-web suit, with gloves and stockings of the same material, and several of his court followed his example. The fashion was at its height from 1709 to 1711. But the spiders appear to have struck work, or perhaps they were swept down by conscientious housemaids. Anyhow, you would hardly get a spider suit today.

## The Motor Was Working Well.

A bailiff went out to levy on the contents of a house. The inventory began in the attic and ended in the cellar. When the dining-room was reached the tally of furniture ran thus: "One dining-room table, oak. "One set chairs (6), oak. "One sideboard, oak. "Two bottles whiskey, full." Then the word "full" was stricken out and replaced by "empty," and the inventory went on in a hand that struggled and lurched diagonally across the page until it closed with: "One revolving door-mat."

## RAMSEUR ITEMS.

Misses Lillian Clarida and Lorena Burgess, of Greensboro, are visiting friends in town. Mrs. Charles Brown is spending the week in Greensboro with relatives. Messrs. John Pearce, Guy and John Leonard left Saturday to enter Mars Hill College. Rev. J. T. Byrum is assisting Rev. T. D. King in a series of meetings at Brush Creek this week. Miss Annie Jackson, of Greensboro, is the guest of Miss Olivia West this week. Ramsey nine crossed bats with Siler City nine on Saturday last with a score of 14 to 4 in favor of Siler. H. H. King, of Lynchburg, visited relatives here the past week. Miss Mary Parks, of Route 1, spent several days last week with Mrs. V. C. Marley.

## HILLSDALE ITEMS.

The health of this community is very good at present. The farmers are needing rain very much. Mr. Lesley Rayl is on the sick list. Misses Minnie Lowe, Jennie Wilson, Susie Pearson and Pearl Wilson spent last week at Guilford College. Miss Lizzie Russell is spending a few weeks with her aunt, Mrs. J. E. Blackburn. Mr. Dave Lewis and wife spent last Sunday evening in this community. Most of our young people are attending the meeting at Gethsemane this week.

## GIBSONVILLE R. F. D. NO. 1 ITEMS

We are having some dry weather. The protracted meeting at Frieden's church begun Sunday with a large attendance. The lawn party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Summers was enjoyed by a large number of people. Miss Amy Wagoner, of Burlington, is visiting in this community. Mr. and Mrs. Cicero Huffines visited near Brown Summit recently. Miss Maude Huffines is visiting friends in Burlington this week. A number of young people from this community will attend the protracted meeting at Shallow Ford next Sunday. Mr. Isaac Summers had the misfortune to have his thumb cut off last week and is suffering a great deal from the wound.

## Indiana's Walking Saloons.

Indianapolis Sun. He walks along the streets on Sunday, a covered basket on his arms, a brazen gaze for all "coppers" and a sly wink for all dry drinkers. He is the "walking saloon," brought into being by Mayor Shank's Sunday closing order. The police are looking for him, but thus far have found only two of him. Two hundred more of him are said to be tramping the streets on Sunday. The "walking saloon" does not confine its efforts to giving the parched whistles of Indianapolis thirsty ones on Sunday. He may be found in any dry territory in Indiana at any and all times, and more than three-fourths of the state is dry. The "walking saloon" does not carry a license; his only incumbrance is a big basket loaded with bad booze. He gets it on Saturday and peddles it on Sunday in the highways and byways of the city and the state. He puzzles the police, for all basket carriers are not "walking saloons," although all "walking saloons" are basket carriers.

## Got His Receipt.

He had run up a small bill at the village store, and went to pay it, first asking for a receipt. The proprietor grumbled and complained it was too small to give a receipt for. It would do just as well, he said, to cross the account off, and so drew a diagonal pencil line across the book. "Does that settle it?" asked the customer. "Sure." "An' ye'll never be askin' for it agin'?" "Certainly not." "Faith, thin," said the other coolly, "an' I'll kape me money in me pocket." "But I can rub that out," said the storekeeper. "I thought so," said the customer dryly. "Maybe ye'll be givin' me a receipt now. Here's yer money."

## Work as a Universal Panacea.

I consider work one of the greatest blessings. I am not sure but that it is the greatest blessing, says Erman J. Ridgway in the Delinquent for September. I must think it is, for I recall now that I wrote four junctions in my boy's Birth Book, and work heads the list. Work keeps the body healthy, the mind steady. When the heart is sick—work. When hope is dim—work. After failures, get up and work. Go at obstacles on the run. Knock impossibilities hard. Measure today by last year, five years ago. If gaining, fine; work. If losing, too bad; work harder. Be glad that you have work to do. And if you haven't any definite work, find it quick, and get at it. If you have done your work, and earned about, and are not worn out, don't rust out. Travel; study; go in for community work; lend a hand; help somebody somewhere, somehow. That is living.

## Haid Monstrosities.

French theater managers in the eighteenth century had worse evils than picture hats to contend against. Marie Antoinette, who was short, even according to French standards, set the fashion of high coiffures, and ultra-fashionable women prided themselves on measuring four feet from their chins to the tops of their heads. These structures took about six hours to erect, the hairdresser mounting a ladder in the process. Some coiffures were almost as broad as they were long, with wings sticking out about eight inches on each side of the head. For the "frigate" coiffure the hair was ripped in a huge pile, to represent the waves of an angry sea, and surmounted by a fully rigged ship. As a consequence of these monstrosities, disturbances in theaters occurred almost daily until an ordinance was issued against the admission of women with high coiffures to the floor of the house.

## BROWN-BELK COMPANY

### REMODELING SALE PRICES

The Big General Sale is over, but all odd lots and strictly Summer Goods to be sold at sale prices.

## Everything Must Go

We have to make room for the New Fall Goods, and the carpenters will begin work in a few days. There will be no interruption in business. Always glad to have you come.

## Brown-Belk Company

"IF YOU DON'T TRADE WITH US WE BOTH LOSE MONEY"

## Country Plumbing

In times past it was only the wealthy that could afford modern conveniences in the home, such as plumbing, gas lights and a private water system of their own, but now the price is in reach of almost any one, and the man in the country can enjoy the same luxury as the man in town.

We make a specialty of installing private water systems, and can furnish any kind of power you like—hand pumps, wind mills, gasoline engines or hydraulic rams.

Don't worry pour life away with the old windless or the spring a mile from your home, but let us put you in an up-to-date water system, and thereby lengthen your days and save the housewife thousands of steps.

## Adams & Hunt, Inc.

Greensboro, N. C.

## Notice by Publication.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court, August Term, 1910. William Rankin vs. Emma Rankin.

To the Defendant, Emma Rankin: It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant above named is a non-resident of the state and cannot after due diligence be found within the state of North Carolina, and it further appearing that the plaintiff has a cause of action against the defendant for a dissolution of the bonds of matrimony on account of adultery committed by the defendant, and that the plaintiff has had a summons issued returnable to the August term of the court which has been returned by the sheriff that the defendant cannot be found within the county of Guilford after due diligence.

The defendant is therefore commanded to appear at the court house in the county of Guilford on the 19th day of September, 1910, and answer or demur to the complaint which has been filed or the relief therein asked will be demanded by the plaintiff against the defendant.

ERNEST CLAPP, C. S. C.  
August 5, 1910. 32-4t.

## ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the board of county commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Morehead township, the same being an extension of South Elm street, beginning at or near the O'Connor place and running through the lands of O'Connor, C. D. Benbow, S. H. Hudson, John A. Hodge, W. R. Smith, Henry Kirkman, the Robert Gilbreath place, J. C. Gilbreath, V. M. Layton, W. C. Tucker, intersecting with the public road at or near W. C. Tucker's place, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, September 6, 1910, and state said objection.

J. A. DAVIDSON, Chm. B. C. C.

## CLEAN UP

Your Rooms With  
New Wall Paper

THE  
Greensboro Wall Paper Company

Invites you to call at 113 East Market St. and talk it over.

## Catawba College and Preparatory School

Both sexes. Private rooms and board for ladies but under school supervision. Strong faculty. Special attention to A. B., B. S. and B. L. courses.

## Five Hundred Dollars

Expended on new Laboratory equipment. New furniture. Buildings renovated. Location ideal, healthfulness unsurpassed. Tuition rates very moderate. Board at actual cost on the club plan. Fall term begins September 7, 1910. Write for catalogue.

JOHN F. BUCHHEIT, A. M., President

30-7t.

NEWTON, N. C.

## What Are You Going To Do This Fall?

We suggest your taking a Business Course. We teach Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, English and Filing, and can give you the best terms in the state. For full particulars, address,

L. B. JACKSON, Prin.,  
High Point Business College, High Point, N. C.

## WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

The most attractive Seaside Resort on the South Atlantic Coast, with its new Steel Pier 700 feet into the Ocean; "Lumina," the great pleasure resort, with its sixteen piece orchestra.

Surf Bathing Fishing Sailing Reached easily via Goldsboro through the double daily service of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Leave Greensboro, Southern Railway, 12.45 night, 9.40 A. M.

Arrive Goldsboro 6.30 A. M., 2.30 P. M.

Leave Goldsboro, A. C. L., 6.40 A. M., 2.59 P. M.

Arrive Wilmington 9.45 A. M., 6.15 P. M.

Electric train direct to the Beach.

RATES.

\$8.40 sold daily, limited to October 31.

\$6.35 sold Saturdays and Sundays to Wilmington, forenoon, limited to Monday midnight following.

W. J. CRAIG, T. C. WHITE,  
Pas. Traffic Mgr. Gen. Pas. Agt.

W. H. McGLAMERY, P. & T. A.  
Southern Railway, Greensboro,

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as executor of the last will and testament of James T. Tate, deceased, before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, this is to notify all persons having claims against said testator, to present them to me or to my attorneys, Morehead & Sapp, on or before August 1, 1911, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons due and owing said testator are requested to make immediate payment.

CHAS. W. TATE, Executor.  
This July 25, 1910. 30-6t.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the board of county commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Pentress township, beginning at a point on the road running from Gibsonville to Frieden's church, just north of W. C. Michael's residence, and running with the lines of the said Michael and A. C. Boon in a northeasterly direction to a point on the old Osprey road, passing through the lands of Mrs. E. J. Sutton and Mrs. Maj. Summers, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, September 6, 1910, and state said objection.

J. A. DAVIDSON, Chm. B. C. C.

## MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money, due by note and secured by a chattel mortgage executed to the undersigned by J. B. Mathis Shoe Company and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county in book 203 and page 556, etc., the undersigned mortgagee, under and by virtue of the power of sale contained therein, will for the purpose of satisfying the same expose for sale at public auction at the court house door in the city of Greensboro and county of Guilford on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1910.

At 12 o'clock noon all fixtures, shoes, merchandise and other effects covered by the said mortgage will be sold.

Terms of sale: Cash.  
This August 3, 1910.

T. A. LYON, Mortgagee.

Administrator's Notice

The undersigned having qualified as administrators of the estate of D. L. Gray, deceased, before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, give notice to all persons who have claims against the said estate to present the same to them or either of them on or before the 1st day of August, 1911, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery, and all persons who owe the estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment of the same of money which they owe.

This the 1st day of August, 1910.

J. E. GILLY,  
J. C. GILLY,  
Administrators of D. L. Gray.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the board of county commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Hick Creek township, beginning at a point on the road running from Gibsonville to Frieden's church, just north of W. C. Michael's residence, and running with the lines of the said Michael and A. C. Boon in a northeasterly direction to a point on the old Osprey road, passing through the lands of Mrs. E. J. Sutton and Mrs. Maj. Summers, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, September 6, 1910, and state said objection.

J. A. DAVIDSON, Chm. B. C. C.

ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the board of county commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Pentress township, beginning at a point on the road running from Gibsonville to Frieden's church, just north of W. C. Michael's residence, and running with the lines of the said Michael and A. C. Boon in a northeasterly direction to a point on the old Osprey road, passing through the lands of Mrs. E. J. Sutton and Mrs. Maj. Summers, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, September 6, 1910, and state said objection.

J. A. DAVIDSON, Chm. B. C. C.

GROUP

stopped in 20 minutes sure with Dr. Shoop's Croup Remedy. Get test will surely prove. No vomiting, no danger. A safe and pleasing syrup—See Druggists.



**AYER'S HAIR VIGOR**  
**Stops Falling Hair**

Ayer's Hair Vigor is composed of sulphur, glycerin, quinin, sodium chlorid, capicum, sage, alcohol, water, and perfume. Not a single injurious ingredient in this list. Ask your doctor if this is not so. Follow his advice. A hair food, a hair tonic, a hair dressing. Promptly checks falling hair. Completely destroys all dandruff.

**AYER'S HAIR VIGOR**  
**Does not Color the Hair**

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

### Neighborhood News.

Matters of Interest Reported by Our Corps of Correspondents.

#### WHITSETT ITEMS.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. L. Thompson, of Haw River, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Thompson in this place.

Next Sunday there will be regular services at Sprinwood church at 11 A. M. and at the Methodist church at 3 P. M.

Miss Carrie M. Carmon is in Winston-Salem for a few days visiting friends.

Prof. and Mrs. L. Lea White were here Wednesday afternoon. For the coming year Prof. White will teach in the Winston graded schools, having given up his work at Jamestown.

The largest crowd that has attended the Epworth's Lutheran church in perhaps twenty years was present Sunday for the services. The new pastor, Rev. C. J. Sox, was installed, the services being conducted by Rev. V. E. Hoover, president of the North Carolina Synod of the Lutheran Church. Long before the services began the church was filled to overflowing and hundreds were unable to gain admission at all.

Mr. Cyrus Wharton, the well known photographer of Raleigh, is spending some time with relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wagoner, near here.

Mr. S. P. Whitt, the mail carrier on Whitsett Route 1, is on his vacation. He will visit Norfolk and other Virginia points while away. His place is being taken by his substitute in his absence.

Mr. William R. Whitt, who purchased a farm near St. Mark's church some time ago, has recently built quite a handsome house and is preparing to move to it at a later date. It is what is commonly known as the "Mebane place" and was once the home of Col. Robert Mebane, a very prominent citizen of his community.

Mr. W. J. Thompson has returned from a trip to Morehead City and the eastern coast, bringing with him eight ponies. They are fine little fellows and the small boys of this place are busy from morning until night riding, driving and working with them. Mr. Thompson will keep one or two and offer the others for sale at some later date.

Mr. J. H. Rankin, who purchased the Hoffman house here some time ago, offers it for rent or sale. It is well located for one who wishes to patronize the school.

Some of the finest peaches ever seen in this section were grown this year by Mr. L. A. Carmon. Numbers of them measure nine and ten inches in circumference.

Prof. J. Henry Joyner is back from a week's stay with relatives and friends in and near Wilson.

Miss Grace Hoffman was here from Burlington for a few days recently. During her vacation Miss Mabel Thompson is assistant in the postoffice.

Mr. Floyd Greeson, who has been helping with a threshing machine for some weeks, had his hand injured by being caught in the machinery one day last week.

Agents of all shapes, sizes, kinds, conditions and colors have been plentiful in these parts for the past few weeks, and all who have been asked report good sales.

A fine rain fell Friday night, doing great good throughout this vicinity.

Local melons are coming on the market and the crop promises to be plentiful. This is indeed a year of abundance in field, farm, garden, orchard, etc.

Several students were here last week arranging to enter school, which opens this year August 31.

#### PEACE CHURCH ITEMS.

Tobacco cutting and curing will soon be the order of the day.

Sunday school has been changed at this place to 9 o'clock. Every one is invited to come.

A number from here attended service at Friedland and Hine's chapel Sunday.

Mr. J. H. Wharton, of Raleigh, is spending a few days with his sister Mrs. R. M. Huffines.

Mr. May Wagoner, of Burlington, is visiting relatives and friends in this community.

Mr. R. M. Michael, who has been traveling in Virginia, is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Michael.

About sixty young people enjoyed a lawn party given at Mr. John L. and Mrs. Sunday night. The prizes were presented to Misses Lizzie Michael and Bertina Boone by Mr. Cyrus Wharton, of Raleigh, for having the best cakes. After a play on the lawn, cream, cake and fruit were served, and best of all next came some fine music rendered by Miss Bessie Wagoner. Too soon did the hour come for them to take their leave, when every one left hoping to spend another pleasant evening at Mr. Cobb's.

Miss Belle Sockwell returned home Friday after visiting relatives and friends at Franklinville.

Mr. Wertz Tickle left Monday after spending ten days with his mother, Mrs. Mattie Tickle.

Mr. R. A. Sockwell made a welcome call at Mr. Tom Holt's quite recently.

Men's fur hats from 50 cents up. Boys' fur hats 25 cents and up. Men's work gloves for 10 cents and up. Boys' pants, overalls and shirts at popular prices at Townsend's Variety Store.

#### SUMMERFIELD ITEMS.

Miss Sue Willis, of Leaksville, is visiting her brother, Dr. H. Willis.

Mr. Burk Mitchell and wife, of Greensboro, and Mr. Tom Jessup and wife, of Piney Ridge, visited at Mr. F. T. Highfill's last Sunday.

Miss Lucy Hoskins, of Greensboro, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Web Ogburn.

Mr. Lee Fentress, of Stokesdale, was a welcome caller in the village recently.

Little Misses Thelma and Marjorie Burton, of Oak Ridge, visited their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Burton, recently.

Misses Clara and Jessie Byrd visited Rev. D. A. Highfill's family at Liberty last week.

The Killiam family had their show here last Thursday afternoon and evening, and it was enjoyed by all present.

Mr. R. V. Harris and family visited Mr. Delap, of Midway, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Bascom Ogburn and children, of Greensboro, visited relatives and friends here recently.

Mrs. E. G. Sherrill and children, of Greensboro, are visiting Mrs. Sherrill's mother, Mrs. E. Medearis.

Mr. T. B. Doggett is all smiles; it's a nice little girl.

Mrs. McClenny and children, of Laurens, S. C., are spending some time with her mother, Mrs. Mary Bonds.

Mrs. Sarah Harris visited at Mrs. Jere Highfill's recently.

This warm, dry weather is hurting the corn and tobacco very bad, we fear.

Mr. Frank McMichael, who has been living for a number of years in Indiana, visited relatives and friends here and in the community recently.

Mr. J. T. Rhodes, who has been in the hospital at Richmond, Va., for several weeks, is improving, we are glad to note.

Mrs. Cam London, of Pomona, visited Mrs. Bettie Rhodes recently.

Mrs. Sallie Johnson's condition doesn't seem to be improving any, we are sorry to say.

Miss Ella Crews, of Germantown, spent several days at Mrs. Byrd's last week.

Miss Nell Hoskins took in the sights at Washington and Baltimore last week and is now visiting Miss Carrie Bull, of Malfa, Va.

Miss Ora Doggett is visiting friends and relatives at Brown Summit this week.

#### McLEANSVILLE ITEMS.

Messrs. C. A. Clapp and A. L. Wooters, of Greensboro, came down Sunday to visit relatives and attend the special meeting which is in progress at Mt. Pleasant M. E. church.

Mr. Wagoner, of Lexington, spent Sunday in our village and was accompanied on his return by his sister, Miss Bessie, who has just closed a successful singing in this community.

Miss Alice McPherson, of Greensboro, who spent Sunday here as the guest of Mrs. C. D. Cobb, left Monday evening to spend some time with relatives at Burlington.

Several of the residents of this place attended protracted services at Hines' chapel Sunday.

Mr. L. R. Fair, of Danville, was a caller in the village recently.

Among those from this place who spent Friday in Raleigh were Messrs. W. J. Boone, A. B. Holt, W. S. Scoggins, Lawson Dick, Porter Browning and Mack Ward. They report a most pleasant trip.

The executive committee of the Old Students Association, in session held recently, decided to hold a social reunion of former students on the academy grounds Friday afternoon and evening, August 19. All old students are invited to be present. Supper to be served in picnic style will be one of the features of the occasion.

#### MONTICELLO ITEMS.

A great many people are attending the protracted meeting this week at Hines' chapel. An interesting meeting is anticipated.

Messrs. H. W. Lambeth and W. H. Chilcutt have gone to Moore's Springs to spend several weeks.

A delightful shower of rain visited this section Friday night.

A large and appreciative audience was present Saturday night at the special meeting of the Farmers' Union. The speeches and papers were well prepared and to the point. The music furnished for the occasion by the Misses Lambeth was a delightful feature.

Mrs. Caffey continues unwell, being confined to her room the greater part of the time.

Some of our friends from a neighboring town were very much shocked the other day when on arriving at Monticello to attend a funeral they were met at the door by the supposed corpse. The funeral ceremony was postponed since then.

#### Falls Heir to \$200,000.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 4.—A telegram from his father in Laurinburg, N. C., brought good news to W. M. McEachern in Savannah this morning, for the message was the first intimation that he had inherited property worth more than \$200,000. McEachern's benefactor was his uncle, A. A. McEachern, of North Carolina, who died in Hot Springs, Ark., a little more than a month ago. All that McEachern knows about the matter is what was contained in his father's telegram, which stated that the will had been found and that he, the son here, is practically the sole beneficiary under the instrument.

#### MT. PLEASANT CHURCH ITEMS.

Rev. C. Edwards preached at Mt. Pleasant Sunday.

Mr. S. E. Soots and Mr. J. S. Ferguson went to Greensboro Tuesday on business.

We have had good work done on our roads by the scraper this season.

Several people from Mt. Pleasant attended the beginning of the protracted meeting at Brick church Sunday.

Mr. Bud Smith and F. H. Suits went driving over in the Whitsett community Sunday afternoon.

A large crowd of young people had a good time Saturday night at the ice cream supper at Mr. Charles Bowman's.

The Mt. Pleasant Farmers' Union local is expecting to have on Friday, the 12th, an ice cream supper at the school house, in the afternoon. Each member is expected to bring his family and each member also has the privilege of inviting one person whom he thinks would make a good member.

Most of the wheat threshers have finished their runs in this section, Mr. Tildon Shoffner being the last one to finish. The reports are that the wheat is good and the farmers have made larger crops than they expected after the hard rains last fall.

We farmers are beginning to enjoy eating our melons and going to the protracted meetings.

Dr. Jim Gregg and family, of Liberty, have returned home from Kimesville, where they have been spending several days on a fishing trip. They had good luck catching fish.

We regret very much to know that Mr. R. D. White, superintendent and manager of the Mt. Pleasant Manufacturing Company, and one of the finest men of this community, is going to leave us this week, and move to Burlington. Mr. White and family will be missed here, where they have many friends. We had better make our school better and keep our good men with us in preference to have them move away to some other place.

If nothing prevents many people will go from here to Mt. Zion Sunday where the protracted meeting begins.

#### DEEP RIVER CHURCH ITEMS.

Mrs. D. E. Hammer and little son, Willard, of Washington, D. C., are spending some weeks with Mrs. Hammer's father, Rev. Moses Willard, and family. Mr. and Mrs. Hammer will move to High Point in a short while, where they will make their home. Mr. Hammer will open a law office there and practice the profession.

Born, August 2, 1910, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Will Wheeler.

Wheat-threshing is about finished in this neighborhood.

Mrs. Isaac White, who has been away visiting her sons in Monroe and Atlanta, Ga., returned on Sunday of last week.

Mr. D. E. Hammer, of Washington, D. C., and sister, Miss Lena Hammer, of High Point, visited at Rev. Moses Willard's Friday.

Mrs. W. W. Gossett returned Saturday from a two-weeks' visit with her daughter, Mrs. John Ingram, of Tring.

Miss Bessie Briggs, of North Wilkesboro, spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Briggs, and took in some of the Friends Yearly Meeting, part of last and this week.

#### GRAY'S CHAPEL ITEMS.

Corn has come out considerably in this section.

Wheat-threshing is not through yet with us.

We give the result of the four contestants who sowed a prize acre in wheat last fall: J. Wesley Routh, 40 bushels; G. W. Pugh, 30 bushels; S. B. Underwood, 23½ bushels; J. S. Wilkerson, 18½ bushels. The last three named are each to give Mr. Routh one bushel. Not any of the land was clover sod. Mr. Routh sowed the Leap prolific variety and Mr. Pugh the Klondike.

Several of our people attended the county convention at Asheboro last Saturday.

Mr. N. T. Hayes, one of our clever merchants, is suffering with a throat trouble.

Our Sunday school is progressing nicely now with about 100 enrolled. Children's day services will be held here the third Sunday.

#### SOUTH BUFFALO ITEMS.

Farmers are almost through threshing wheat.

Misses Garnette and Eunice May and brother Lyndon, from Coolemeade, are visiting relatives and friends here.

Several from here attended services at Tabernacle last Sunday.

Mr. Floyd Fields and sister Carrie, Mr. and Mrs. James Ray and Mrs. Dora Greeson visited in our community quite recently.

Several from here expect to attend the Sunday school convention at Albemarle next Friday.

Mr. John Jobe, of Virginia, visited his brother, Mr. W. A. Jobe, recently.

#### MARKET REPORT.

Butter	15 to 25
Eggs	14 to 15
Spring Chickens, per lb	15
Hens	40 to 45
Ducks	25 to 30
Geese	40 to 60
Turkeys	12½ to 15
Country Hams	18 to 20
Sweet Potatoes	40 to 50
Irish Potatoes	60 to 75
Corn	85 to 95
Wheat	\$1.40
Oats	65
Cotton	15
Green Hides	6½
Green Sheep Skins	25 to 40
Dry Hides, salt	13 to 15
Dry Hides, flint	14 to 17
Beeswax	25
Tallow	5
Wool, washed	28 to 30
Wool, unwashed	18 to 22

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

#### RIDGEFIELD ITEMS.

Everybody was pleased to see such a nice shower fall Sunday night, as the crops seemed to need a rain.

Several from here spent Sunday at Guilford.

Mr. John Wilson spent a few days at Winston last week on special business.

Mr. Guy Corum and family and Miss Martha Baker spent Saturday night and Sunday at Mr. Willie Bennett's.

Mr. Sample Huffines and wife spent Sunday at this place.

Mr. W. E. Hiatt and family visited Mr. William Crutchfield Sunday.

Mrs. W. C. Nelson and son DeWitt spent a few days at Kernersville.

Mr. E. B. Huffine was a caller at Mr. Crutchfield's Sunday.

Mr. Walter Hunt is on the sick list.

We are glad to note that Miss Daisy Stack, of Colfax, will teach our school this winter.

Mr. Lacy Scoggins, of Spencer, spent a few days at home last week.

Rev. J. S. Cardow will begin his series of meetings at Pleasant Ridge the third Sunday in August. Everybody is invited to attend.

Mr. Zeke Nelson is improving some.

We are sorry that Mr. Levi Walker got his hand mashed in the cider mill last week while helping Mr. W. E. Hiatt make cider.

Boys, cheer up and come out Saturday evening and we will have a most interesting game of ball. Don't think you can't play because some of you are getting old; all you need is a little physical culture.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*

**No Cure,  
No Money**

You don't take any risk when you buy McIlhenny's Chili Tonic. It is a **GUARANTEED** cure, and if it doesn't cure we cheerfully refund the purchase price—50 cents a bottle.

Come to us for all your wants in the drug line. We are here to serve and satisfy the public.

**McILHENNY'S DRUG STORE**

504 S. Elm Street

PHONE 100

## "ON THE SQUARE"

When a duck lays an egg she just waddles off as if nothing had happened. When a hen lays an egg there's a h—l of a noise.

The hen advertises. Hence the demand for hen's eggs instead of duck's.

We advertise and give the real goods. That's why we are always busy. Send us your prescriptions.

**Greensboro Drug Co.**

MAX T. PAYNE, Manager

Postoffice is on the Corner Opposite our Store

## NOW

We are offering very low prices on some splendid values in low shoes.

Anybody who has ever bought here can attest to the good quality of our footwear and we have a sufficient quantity of styles to please anybody.

No old stock to "work off" but absolutely new styles greatly reduced in price.

**Coble & Mebane,**

Cash Only and Trading Stamps

220 South Elm Street,

Greensboro, N. C.

## 1837 1910 GUILFORD COLLEGE

FOR BOTH MEN AND WOMEN.

Courses in Mathematics, Ancient and Modern Languages, History, English Literature, Philosophy, the Natural Sciences and Domestic Science. Departments in Bible Study and Music. Noted for thorough instruction, high moral tone and homelike surroundings. Located in the beautiful Piedmont Section of North Carolina. Fall term will begin September 6th. For catalogue, address

L. L. HOBBS, PRESIDENT

GUILFORD COLLEGE

NORTH CAROLINA

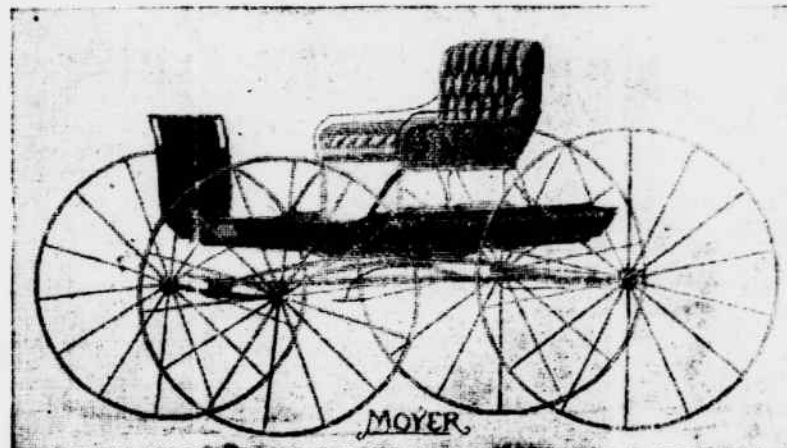
BINGHAM  
SCHOOL  
1793 1910

THE BINGHAM SCHOOL, Asheville, N. C., has prepared Boys to be Men for 117 YEARS. Ideally located on the Asheville Plateau, 5 miles from city. Organization MILITARY for DISCIPLINE, CONTROL and CHARACTER. Boys expelled from other schools not received. Ties and boys removed when discovered. Smoking absolutely excluded. Address COL. B. BINGHAM, Sept., Box 57.

## H. B. TATUM & SONS

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF

Buggies,  
Carriages,  
Wagons  
and  
Harness



Lap Robes,  
Whips,  
Horse  
Blankets  
and  
Supplies

**H. A. Moyer High Grade Buggies and Carriages a Specialty**

**Livery and Feed Stables**

No. 111, 112, 113 Depot Street

Greensboro, N. C.

TELEPHONE NO. 28





[This matter must not be reprinted without special permission.]

#### THE CREAMERY PROMOTER.

A good many queries are being received by agricultural journals in different sections of the country relative to the dependence that can be placed upon the so called creamery promoter. The reply given in every instance that has come under our notice is that these chaps should be given a wide berth. This advice is sound and should be followed. These fellows know about as much of the creamery business, the conditions which exist in any given locality and the problems which would arise, as a cat does about Hebrew. They are in the business of promoting creameries primarily for the purpose of filling their pockets with easy money and not to further the dairy or creamery business and to the profits of the patrons of a creamery enterprise. If the farmers in any section make up their minds that they want to embark in the creamery business—and the decision is a wise one where there are enough patrons to support it—the sensible thing to do is to call in some one who has a permanent postoffice address, the state dairy commissioner, some representative he may send or some man of repute who is known to have had extended and successful experience in the creamery business. Many an enterprise of this kind has fizzled out because of a bad start and because those interested in it did not have an adequate idea of the conditions which really existed or the degree of success that it was possible to attain. The kind of authorities referred to will know about the problems likely to confront a new project of this kind and will be able to give helpful directions and suggestions. The difference between the fat sum that would have to be forked over to a fly by night promoter and the modest sum required to defray the traveling and hotel expenses of some reputable creamery authority will go quite a way in buying equipment, coal and machine oil.

#### A DOUGHTY WEED PEST.

What is coming to be a nefarious weed pest in many a central state and eastern garden patch is crab grass, which is also known by the name spurge, descriptive of the five spurs or sprays into which the seed head is usually divided. This grass is late in sprouting and thus escapes much of the effect of the May and June cultivation. When the garden crops are laid by it gets busy and by Sept. 1, unless it is given frequent attention will furnish as effective a mat over the surface of the ground as would miles of binding twine secured with twenty-penny spikes. Of course this is hyperbolic, but this figure is the only one that in any adequate degree fits the case. While this grass does not live over the winter in its root system, it yet has the pernicious faculty of sending out lusty roots wherever the recumbent joints touch the ground. The only way to rid a patch of land of it is to hack away at it during July and August and prevent any of it from producing seed. If manure contains the seed it should be well rotted and the seed destroyed before it is applied to the soil.

Where it appears in the lawn the only way to eradicate it is to dig it out with a jackknife or plow up and reseed the lawn anew. It may be kept in check in a fairly satisfactory manner by keeping the lawn grasses in a thrifty and growing condition by frequent watering during the dry weather, when the crab grass gets in its work. The removal of the clipped heads by the use of the grass catcher will reduce greatly the amount of seed which will settle among the roots of the grass to germinate next season.

#### A POSSIBLE CAUSE OF FAILURE.

Mainly a failure with alfalfa and clover seems directly traceable to the fact that the soil on which the seed was sown was sour and needed sweetening with an application of lime at the rate of two or three tons per acre. Where such treatment has followed previous failure with alfalfa really remarkable results have been secured. The lime should be applied to the land in manure with a spreader or spread with a seeder of some kind which will insure an even distribution. While a sour condition of soil may be inferred from the fact that clover will not grow and from the presence of sorrel, it can be determined much more definitely by running a spade into the earth a few inches and inserting a piece of blue litmus paper, which may be got at any drug store. If the soil is acid this test paper will turn from blue to pink. Of equal importance with the lime treatment is the inoculation of the soil with bacteria in the soil from an established alfalfa field. The tract intended for such use should also be well drained and have a porous subsoil of good depth.

With the English the Dorking is the favorite fowl. It is a remarkably full breasted bird and, though a slow grower, attains a large size at maturity.

The steer should be graduated from the feed lot to packing house by the time she is three, and the hen should be made into potpie when she is two years old.

The weather never is to one's liking all the time, but the way the weather clerk superintends the department probably gives as general satisfaction as if the job were turned over to some other fellow.

The boys may feel greater interest in keeping the fields clean if a new and up to date cultivator is substituted for that wobbly old rattletap that has been doing duty for the past four or twelve years. The growing crops, too, may give decided evidence that they appreciate the change.

Where sawdust is available it makes a very good absorbent for the liquid in stable manures. Fresh sawdust contains an acid which tends to neutralize the alkali of the manure, and while it adds little to the soil in the way of fertilizer, when decayed it furnishes a valuable mold or humus.

The French way of slaughtering horses after they have outlived their usefulness in the harness has some advantages over the practice quite common in this country of selling broken down animals to some heartless brute who will exact the last ounce of work from them, quite likely killing them in the process. The old country way means at least a quick and merciful death.

That humus—decaying vegetable mold—is a requisite for the proper growth of vegetable life is shown clearly when a crop such as corn is planted on spots which have been scraped off in the process of leveling a piece of land. The growth that is made is stunted and the plants are of a sickly color. It usually requires several seasons of fertilizing and tilling to bring such soils to a normal productive capacity.

Swamp muck might be used on many a farm to good advantage as an absorbent of the moisture and liquids in the stable manure. Such treatment would arrest the dissipation and decomposition of fertilizing elements, while the muck soil would furnish a type of humus that the average soil stands much in need of. For winter use in cold latitudes the absorbent could be thoroughly dried during the summer months and stored under cover where it would be available.

The housewife—it is superfluous to call her busy—can save herself a whole lot of hot work over the ironing board if she will fold the bed linen, towels and all of the underclothing and hose carefully after they are dry and put them away without ironing. If she feels that she must put a crease in them this can easily be done by putting the folded clothes under a heavy weight for a few hours. A whole lot of women are making this short cut in their work, and they are to be commended for their good sense.

That old friend the pigweed, known also under the names redroot and careless weed, is a very cosmopolitan pest. It tries the religion of the New England farmer, harries the patience of the midstate gardener and is one of the worst bane of the Pacific slope rancher. Its source of working mischief lies in its prolificacy and persistence. It will mature all the way from 10,000 to 25,000 seeds in a single season, while if chopped off in the morning there is a tradition that it will send up a shoot and mature a seed before sundown. Its roots go deep and are about as tough as that of an alfalfa plant.

For those desirous of taking up beekeeping there could hardly be available a more concise or practical publication on the subject than farmers' bulletin No. 337, entitled "Bees," recently published by the department of agriculture at Washington, whence it may be had free by sending for it. This bulletin condenses into forty-two pages the practical information and directions necessary in the proper management of an apiary, including location, equipment, general manipulations, swarm management, production of honey and wax, wintering, diseases, etc., as well as much other pertinent general information. At the close of the bulletin is given a list of all publications of the department bearing on the different phases of beekeeping.

In all varieties of apples where color is a requisite, factors of quality and size being the same, the highest prices will be received for that fruit which is the most highly colored. To secure this result sunshine and a free circulation of air are necessary, and this cannot be if the tree has a dense and thickly headed top. The way out is the inauguration of a system of pruning which will open the tops of the trees—the removal of the main leader a good distance down and the thinning of the lateral limbs. This will not only color the fruit, but it will greatly simplify the labor of spraying and harvesting it, while in years to come, if the pruning is properly done, it will mean that the fruit will be produced within a reasonable distance from the ground instead of at a height where extension ladders will be needed to pick it. Red apples are the money fetchers, and the above is the way to get them.

A Delaware hen, bought to furnish stuffing for a potpie, laid her owner 249 eggs between Jan. 27, 1909, and Dec. 6 of the same year. Unlike the milking habit in dairy cows, the egg producing habit in hens seems incapable of development in any considerable degree by the selection of pullets from mothers of high egg laying capacity.

The writer varied the March pruning of his peach trees considerably this year, cutting some lightly and others severely at blossom time. It is interesting to note that those cut most heavily are not only making the most vigorous growth of new wood, which will bear next year's crop, but carry the best sized and most thrifty looking fruit at the present writing.

When one is contemplating the purchase of fruit or agricultural land in a new section it is not only a good plan to take a spade and investigate the character of the subsoil and look into the exact status of the water right if the tract is in an irrigation section, but to take the trouble of inquiring into the business integrity and financial rating of the chap with whom the farm or ranch is listed for sale.

In selecting a site for the orchard it is perhaps natural to make the mistake of choosing a soil which is in reality too rich and fat for the best production of apples. On such soil conditions seem to exist which tend to a production of wood rather than fruit growth, thus defeating the object one has in view. Pears will produce fruit on rich, moist soils, while peach trees should be set on the thinnest soil on the place.

Kansas took a step ahead as a fruit producing state when the law recently passed making the spraying for San Jose scale and other pests compulsory was declared constitutional. The law requires orchard owners to spray and otherwise properly care for their trees. Representatives of the federal department of agriculture and of the Kansas experiment station are planning to thoroughly demonstrate spraying in several counties in the eastern part of the state this season.

The soy bean is being put to a use by Chinese and Japanese farmers which might be adopted with decided advantage by American farmers who live in sections where this legume does well. The oil which is extracted from the bean is taking the place of lard oil, while the cake which is left after the oil is removed is used with excellent results as a substitute for linseed and cottonseed meal as a stock ration. The advantage of the soy bean is that the growing of it means soil enrichment and not soil impoverishment, as is true of both flax and cotton.

The regular bearing of fruit by trees which have suffered some injury, seriously impairing their vitality, haled orchardists to experiment along the line of a purposeful cutting or wounding of orchard trees with the object in view of getting them to produce something besides healthy and glossy looking leaves. In some cases this is done by removing several narrow strips of bark lengthwise from the trunk of the tree, enough of the bark and underlying cambium being left between the strips removed so that the tree will be able to heal. Another plan followed with considerable success consists in cutting a circular trench about the tree to the depth of three or four feet and four or five feet from the trunk and severing all of the roots which cross it. In both of these methods it is well for the novice to try them on a limited scale with two or three trees.

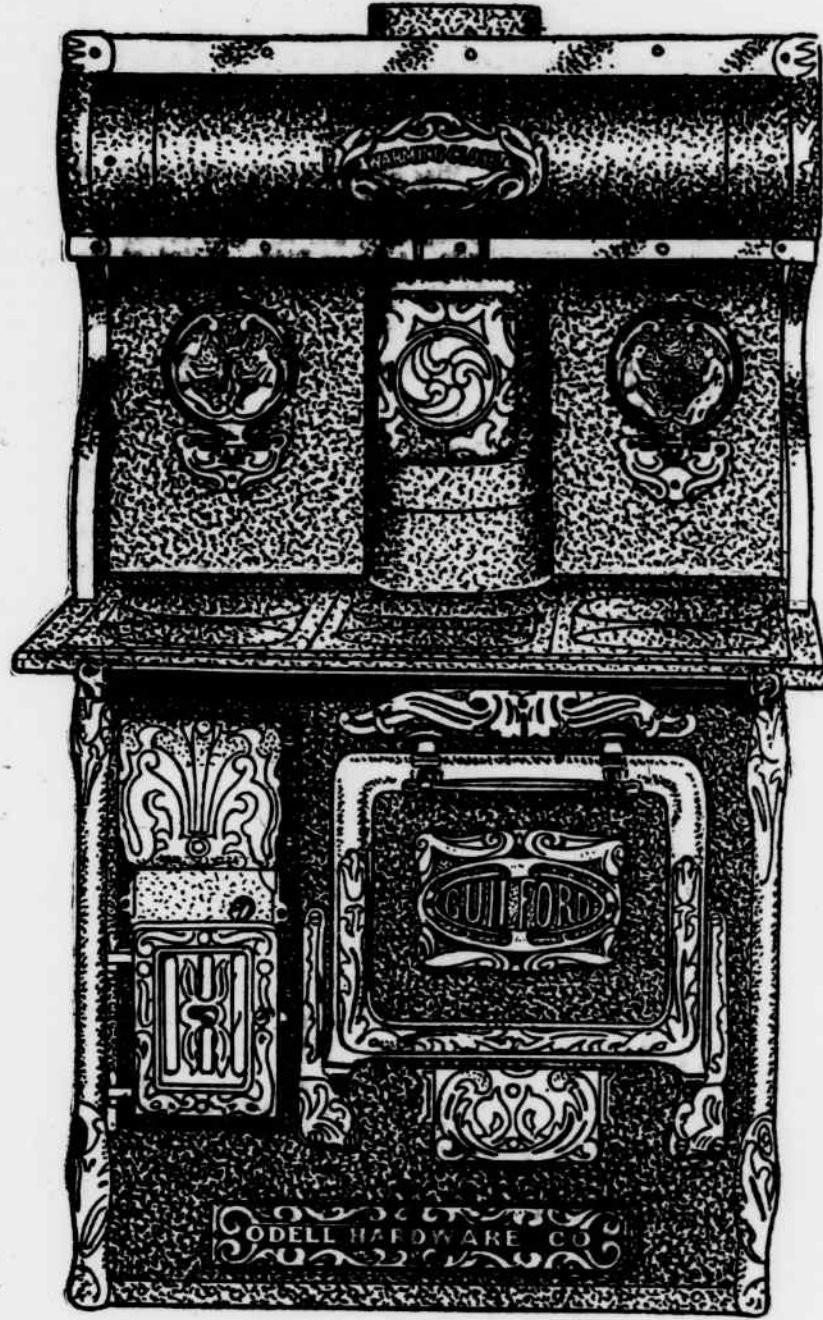
Next fall there will be inaugurated at Lyndon, Vt., a plan that should commend itself to friends of agricultural education in other parts of the country. The characteristic feature of the plan is a labor system which will enable too able-bodied students to pay their way with the work they do on the farm connected with the Lyndon academy. The expenses for the use of months are figured at \$36 for tuition, \$108 for board and room and \$18 for books. The boys are to be taught the theory of agriculture in the class room and will work these theories out on the farm under intelligent supervision. Remuneration is to be at the rate of 15 cents per hour, or \$25 a month during the summer. This plan will enable many an energetic boy to acquire a helpful education without having acquired a bank account of his own or getting help from the old folks.

A friend whose acquaintance the writer has lately made, though seventy-five years old and financially situated so that he could well get along without working, nevertheless puts in most every day on his acre ranch, cultivating, hoeing and raking. He works in rain and shine and seems to enjoy his labor. We asked him the other day why he worked so hard, and he told us he would be lost without something to keep him busy and, besides, he felt better and had a better appetite and slept better. This working within the limits of his strength is doubtless the primary cause of his rugged health and to some extent for the genial good feeling radiating from him. It is a very simple means our good friend takes to keep himself shipshape and his view of things rational and wholesome, but yet one might well be used by many another elderly man with gain to himself and those about him.

J. E. Trigg

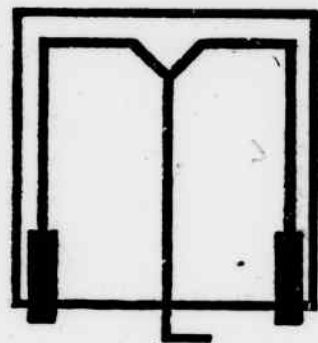
# The Guilford Range

Has been on this market a number of years. We believe it to be the best value in ranges which ever has been offered. The price is low, yet the range is unsurpassed as a baker and water heater. It can be furnished with or without reservoir. If you wish to save money, be sure to examine this range before you buy.



## Odell Hardware Co.

### Tobacco Flues



FLUE PIPE!  
SHEET IRON!

Guaranteed to fit. Prices right.

We ship to any point on railroad same day order is received.

Car load Flue Iron in stock. Give us a call.

**FORD ROOFING CO.**  
337 S. Elm St., Greensboro

You should subscribe for THE COURIER, Asheboro, N. C., one of the oldest and best of weeklies in the state. Special campaign rates.

Write for particulars. Address

**THE COURIER,**  
No. 10 C, Asheboro, N. C.

#### ROAD NOTICE.

A petition having been presented to the board of county commissioners asking for the opening of a public road in Jefferson township, beginning at the Greensboro road just east of R. R. Fryar's and running south to the meadow road east of John Starr's barn, a distance of about 400 yards, said road to run on the lines of Mrs. Rowan Anderson on the east and R. R. Fryar and John Starr on the west, this is to notify all persons objecting to same to appear before said board at the next regular meeting on Tuesday, September 6, 1910, and state said objection.

J. A. DAVIDSON, Chm. B. C. C.

#### MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money due by note and secured by a certain mortgage deed executed by Robert Smith and his wife, Annie Smith, and duly recorded in the office of register of deeds of Guilford county, N. C., in Book 298 at Page 196, etc., the undersigned mortgagee, under and by virtue of the power of sale contained therein will for the purpose of satisfying same, expose for sale at public auction at the court house door in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on

**SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1910,**

At 12 o'clock M. a certain tract or parcel of land, lying in the county of Guilford and state of North Carolina, in Rock Creek township, adjoining the lands of Albert Wagner, D. P. Foust, and others and bounded as follows:

Beginning at Wagner's corner thence south 2 degrees east 22.95 chains to a stone; thence north 87 1/2 degrees west 12 degrees east 22.95 chains to a stone; thence south 2 1/2 degrees west 10 chains and 29 links to a stone; thence north 87 1/2 degrees west 22 chains and 50 links to a hickory; thence north 3 degrees east 46 chains and 120 links to a Rock Oak; thence south 87 degrees east 16 chains and 20 links to a stone; thence south 7 degrees west 7 chains and 50 links to a Post Oak; thence south 89 degrees east 12 chains and 50 links to a rock pile the beginning, containing 100 acres more or less.

There is about 1,500 cords of wood on the above described property, also a good four room frame dwelling and out houses.

This the 20th day of July, 1910.

ERNEST CLAPP, Mortgagee.



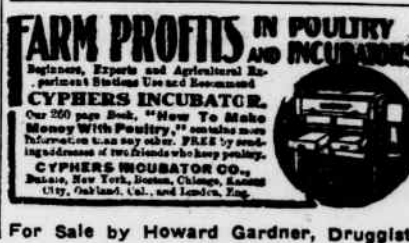
**It Cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Soreness in the Chest and Lungs, Asthma, Bronchitis and La Grippe.**

Tar Heel Cough Syrup is made from the Tar of the North Carolina Long Leaf Yellow Pine and is highly recommended. Be sure to try it. Sold by all druggists, etc.

**The North Carolina STATE NORMAL AND INDUSTRIAL COLLEGE**

Maintained by the State for the Women of North Carolina. Four regular Courses leading to Degrees. Special Courses for Teachers. Fall Session begins September 14, 1910. Those desiring to enter should apply as early as possible. For catalogue and other information address

**JULIUS I. FOUST, President**  
24-12L. Greensboro, N. C.



For Sale by Howard Gardner, Druggist.

#### Sale of Land for Partition.

North Carolina, Guilford County. In the Superior Court, Before Ernest Clapp, C. S. C.

Bertha Osborne and others,

vs.

Laura Roberson and others.

By virtue of a decree made by the clerk of the Superior court on July 29, 1910, at his office in the city of Greensboro, in the special proceeding entitled, Bertha Osborne and others against Laura Roberson and others, J. R. Gordon, who was appointed commissioner in the said case, will offer for sale to the last and highest bidder at 12 o'clock M. on

**MONDAY, AUGUST 22, 1910.**

At the court house door in the city of Greensboro, for cash, for the purpose of partition, the following tracts of lands bounded as follows:

**FIRST TRACT**—Beginning at a stone, Irena Hepler's corner, running thence south 8 degrees east 27 poles and 19 links to a stone; thence north 82 degrees east 6 poles and 15 links to a stone; thence south 8 degrees west 19 poles and 15 links to a stone; thence north 82 degrees west 43 poles and 15 links to a stone on the bank of Deep River; thence north 8 degrees east 19 poles to a stone; thence north 82 degrees east 37 poles to the beginning corner, containing 8 acres and 20 poles.

**SECOND TRACT**—Beginning at a stone on the road to Claude's factory, and running south 8 degrees east 12 poles to a stone; thence north 82 degrees west 29 poles to a stone; thence north 8 degrees west 12 poles to a stone; thence north 82 degrees east 29 poles to a stone, the beginning, containing one and one-half acres more or less.

J. R. GORDON, Commissioner.

July 22, 1910.

**THE NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS**

The State's college for training industrial workers. Courses in Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry and Dairying; in Civil, Electrical and Mechanical Engineering; in Cotton Milling and Dyeing; in Industrial Chemistry; and in Agricultural teaching.

Entrance examinations at each county seat on the 14th of July.

**D. H. HILL, PRESIDENT**  
26-8t. West Raleigh, N. C.

**PITTS & MONROE**  
DEALERS IN Building Material

Call and see us for prices before placing your orders. We carry the largest stock of Rough and Dressed Lumber and Shingles in the city and can fill your orders promptly.

We have a large stock of Fence and Sawn Lumber on hand at all times at bottom prices. Very close prices given on car lots.

Office: Corner South Ashe street and Southern Railroad.

**PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM**  
Grows and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 5c and 15c at Druggists.



## NEWS OF THE OLD NORTH STATE

Survey of What is Transpiring in the Commonwealth.

Col. C. G. Cowley, a farmer 74 years of age, died at his home near Greensboro Sunday afternoon.

Edward Roper, colored, died in Greensboro Sunday as the result of a heart attack. He was a colored woman, who had been over the heart with a heart ailment.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society of the North Carolina Classis of the Reformed Church was held at Mt. Pleasant the first part of last week.

Mrs. Adeline Rippey, widow of the late John W. Rippey, for 40 years a prominent engineer on the North Carolina railroad, died at her home near Burlington Saturday night.

Nancy Scurlough, a negro girl 16 years old, died at her home near Greensboro Friday under peculiar circumstances. She came upon a large snake and while running to the barn she was bitten with which to kill the reptile dropped dead from fright.

While engaged in conversation with friends in Gastonia Saturday, James B. Brandon, a prosperous Gaston county farmer, fell to the sidewalk and died instantly. He had appeared to be in the best of health and was not known to be subject of heart trouble.

A 40-gallon brandy distillery in full operation was captured in a cornfield near Spencer one day last week. John H. Freeman and D. L. Beasley, white men, who were operating the plant, were placed under arrest. Freeman had only recently finished serving a one term on the roads for distilling.

Thomas Shatterly, of Alamance county, who was serving a term of ten years in the penitentiary for second assault with intent to kill, has been pardoned by Governor Kitchin, the pardon being conditional on good behavior. Shatterly assaulted a physician who was discharging his duty in a smallpox epidemic.

James B. Allison was convicted of murder in the first degree in Buncombe Superior court Saturday afternoon for killing Floyd McGee on the streets of Asheville July 5. He will be sentenced to the electric chair before the adjournment of court this week. Allison is 50 years old and previously had killed two men.

Governor Kitchin has pardoned Robert Hanner, colored, of Stanly county, who was serving a term of seven years in the penitentiary for larceny. The pardon was granted on the recommendation of the prison authorities because Hanner had materially aided guards on several occasions in preventing the escape of other prisoners.

While crazed with drink Saturday night, L. H. Battles, a young man of Andrews, Cherokee county, went into the Jenkins hotel at Murphy and shot and killed Ben Hyde, of Cadiz, Ky.; J. J. Simpson, of Rogersville, Tenn., and Hugh Johnson, who lived in the vicinity of Murphy. Hyde died instantly and Simpson succumbed Sunday afternoon. Johnson is expected to recover, although he is dangerously wounded. Battles was arrested and is in jail.

A. H. Eller, chairman of the Democratic state executive committee, has appointed the following committee to investigate the murder in the Sixth district, where Congressman Godwin and O. L. Clark both claim to be the Democratic candidate for Congress: Edgar M. T. Jarvis, ex-Governor; C. H. Acock, ex-Judge A. C. Avery, ex-Congressman Theo. F. Kuttz and R. A. Davidson. The committee will meet at Wrightsville Beach tomorrow night to take the matter up.

It comes to the attention of State Treasurer Lacy that a number of the less reputable manufacturers and manufacturers agents of sewing machines are attempting to evade the North Carolina license tax on sewing machine agents by inducing merchants to buy machines and attempt to sell them without any license having been paid. This license is \$450 for the manufacturer and \$1 for each agent he has in the field. The state treasurer wants it understood that he is determined to enforce the payment of the license and prosecute for penalties in case of each violation.

Agatha Powell, a son of E. E. Powell, who is serving a sentence of 30 years in the penitentiary for the murder of Chief of Police Dunn, of Scotland Neck, and for shooting E. L. Davis and A. P. Kitchin, attempted to commit suicide in a near beer saloon in Durham Friday afternoon by shooting himself. Calmly announcing that he had seven minutes to live, young Powell drew a revolver and fired three times, two of the bullets taking effect in his body. He is now in a very serious condition and his recovery is doubtful. It is said that he had been on a drunken debauch.

John D. Rockefeller Defendant in Big Damage Suit.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 4.—John D. Rockefeller today was served personally with summons to appear in court in the suit for \$500,000 damages brought against him and the Standard Oil Company at Pindley, Ohio, last week by Thomas B. Kelly and others. Deputy Sheriff Halloran took the summons to Forest Hill, the Rockefeller home. Gatekeeper Pat Lynch sent the deputy on to the house in a carriage.

Mr. Rockefeller was standing on the front porch when Halloran arrived. He cordially shook the officer's hand and asked him into the house.

The carriage was again placed at Halloran's disposal when he made ready to leave. He declined, saying he would rather walk and get a good look about the grounds.

"Oh, if you want to walk," said Mr. Rockefeller, "go this way. It is much prettier."

He accompanied Halloran a short distance.

The petition in the case recites that through its monopoly of the oil business the Standard Oil Company has caused the complainants to lose the amount sued for.

To keep your health sound; to avoid the ills of advancing years; to conserve your physical forces for a ripe and healthful old age, guard your kidneys by taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. Howard Gardner.

## THE BOY ON THE FARM.

A Few Suggestions as to How to Keep Him There.

(The Patriot is glad to give space to the following interesting paper, which was read by Mrs. James P. Doggett before a special meeting of the Monticello branch of the Farmers' Union last Saturday night, August 6.)

Convince the boy that he is in the right place and he will stay there. Agriculture is the greatest among the arts, for it is first in supplying the necessities. It favors and strengthens population; it creates and maintains manufactures, gives employment to navigation and materials to commerce. It animates every species of industry. It is also the strongest bond of well-regulated society and the natural associate of good morals.

Teach the boy the charm—not the drudge—of agriculture. Of course there is work, hard work and plenty of it, on the farm, but every true child of nature loves it, because he is healthy, and health is the first and best of all blessings of life.

We deplore the disposition of some of our young men to get away from the farm into the stifling atmosphere of the large cities, where they are subject to difficulties and temptations which too often they fail to overcome. And if we will keep our sons and brothers away from this perilous center, we must steadily make three attempts—to abate the task work of farming, to raise maximum crops and profits and to surround their work with intellectual progress. We must elevate the whole spirit of the vocation, for the vocation's sake, till no other can outstrip it.

Let us give our boys an agricultural education. It is due them. When they know the right thing to do, and the real need of doing it, they will delight in competing with young men of other vocations of life.

The country boy has as much need for education on the farm as the lawyer has for the bar. Teach the boy to appreciate his high and honorable position in the community. Teach him that he can serve his country as well, or better, in the country than in the city. History tells us of one who was called from the plow to the palace, and when he had quitted the tumult of state he resumed again the quiet duties of the farm—and in it found more happiness.

Washington loved the sickle better than the sword, and pronounced agriculture "the most healthy, the most useful and the most honorable occupation of man."

But education is not all that a boy needs to keep him on the farm. He must have intelligent and congenial companions, wholesome amusements, modern improvements in the home and on the farms. These things can all be acquired by the farmers of this community, and until it is done, farming is not the independent industry it should be, and our boys will never stay on the farm until it is a place of pleasure, profit and personal freedom.

## BLIND LAWYER'S WORK.

Striking Example of Young Man's Pluck and Perseverance.

New York, Aug. 5.—Raymond G. Brown, totally blind, entered today upon his second day of service as deputy in the office of United States District Attorney Henry A. Wise. He was assigned to brief work. Yesterday his work was such as to draw from his chief opinion that no man, however good his eyes, could have got away with more work, or performed it any better.

Today he sat at a typewriter, over which his fingers ran with lightning rapidity, taking a synopsis of various cases as they were read to him by a companion, who, by the way, was in the pay of Brown, and not of the government.

His duties in this direction will keep him busy from 9 o'clock until 5 for some time to come. When the rush lets up it is likely that Mr. Wise will find new duties to add.

Brown is a New Englander, and was graduated this year with high honors from the Harvard Law School. His family is well to do, according to Mr. Wise, which accounts for his ability to divide his salary with his companion. It was three months ago, as Mr. Wise was sitting in his office, that a young man of boyish appearance was led in. He wanted a place, and although he was blind, he said he had no doubt he could fill it if the district attorney were willing to give him the opportunity. In addition to presenting a high testimonial as to his legal ability, signed by the Harvard law faculty, he had recommendations from prominent members of the New York bar.

Orphans to Give Entertainment.

The orphans from the Oxford Masonic orphanage have given Greensboro a date, August 22, and will be here then. Other places wanting that date are waiting for them. Greensboro people, Masons and all, have another opportunity to show that their hearts still lie in the right place and are full of the "milk of human kindness." They have never fallen down on a sound proposition. They have a good one in the orphans and know a good thing when they see it.

Fourteen orphans—ten pretty girls and four bright boys. All smart ones, made so by their good training in that grand old Masonic home for the orphans, the first one in the South, at Oxford, where already more than two thousand orphans have been cared for and educated, who were otherwise without these blessings. There are now about three hundred in the home, by the grace of God and the loyalty of the people of North Carolina and Greensboro and Guilford county especially. If your heart is not in the right place, have it adjusted by going to see these orphans, with your family, some of whom may yet become orphans.

Remember the date, August 22, at the Smith Memorial building. It will be a good show for 25 cents.

The Patriot until the November election and the Progressive Farmer and Farm Gazette a whole year for 50 cents to new subscribers. You couldn't want anything better.

## DEATH OF COL. GREEN.

Distinguished Soldier and Statesman Passes to His Reward.

Col. Wharton J. Green, a distinguished ex-congressman, soldier and author, died at his home near Fayetteville Saturday morning after a brief illness which was not considered serious until shortly before his death.

Colonel Green was a man of scholarly attainments, marked and varied ability and thorough culture. He was a true type of the Southern gentleman. During his long and illustrious career Colonel Green came in intimate contact with many men of large mould, such as Andrew Jackson, John Calhoun, Jefferson Davis, Robert E. Lee, Albert Sydney Johnston, J. E. B. Stuart and William McKinley.

He was born February 28, 1831, near St. Marks, Fla. He was the only son of Gen. Thomas J. Green, a Texas patriot, author of the legislative enactment which fixed the boundary between Texas and Mexico and participated in the Mexican war. He was educated at Georgetown University, West Point and the University of Virginia. After graduating he became associated in the practice of law with Robert J. Walker, former secretary of the treasury, and Louis T. Lanier, in Washington, practicing before the Supreme court. He was later compelled to abandon the profession owing to threatened loss of health. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted as a Confederate private, later organizing a regiment of which he became colonel. His military record was brilliant.

In 1858 Colonel Green married Miss Esther Ellery, of Boston. Two daughters by this marriage survive. After the death of his first wife he married Mrs. Addie Burr Davis, widow of Vice President Davis. In 1880 he removed from Warren county to Tokay, Va., near Fayetteville, and in 1882 was elected to Congress from that district, serving two terms in the house of representatives, where by distinguished service he rounded out a full career. In 1884 he inaugurated the pure food and drug movement now of nation-wide proportions. Colonel Green was the author of "Recollections and Reflections," an interesting autobiography.

## This is My Birthday.

Just thirty years ago today, Lindsey Hopkins was born. Little did the world dream when his birth was announced that he would some day hand it the formula for making Tapioca, Shredded Wheat and O-I-C; and Don-Me and Gosh-All-Hemlocks and Cob-I-Eat and all the delightful breakfast foods imaginable. Lindsey Hopkins was long on breakfast foods, but never handed out a package for dinner. After a campaign under Bismarck he returned from Germany and established the wireless telegraph stations, introducing his own process and making a great fortune. Plugging into literature, he wrote between nine and ten o'clock on the morning of July 29, 1756, the celebrated works of George Sands, Chopin's and DeMusssets, and translated the Iliad into the North Carolina language. Commerce kept beckoning him, and he finally associated himself with the Atlantic Refining Company, Cleveland, Ohio, and is now the Southern representative of that great oil concern, having the whole South as his territory, directing a dozen salesmen and himself, often active in the field. He is also president of the Overland Southern Motor Company, Atlanta, Ga., and already this year has sold over 800 of those majestic beauties—the finest car on earth for the money.

## World Preparing for War in Air.

Washington, Aug. 5.—"Unexpected wonders," is the term used by army and navy officers interviewed today as to the results they expect to obtain in their experiments of firing from an aeroplane. These trials will be made by the United States and three European powers. Information was received here today that foreign nations will, simultaneously with the United States, begin trials to determine the value of expert marksmanship, based upon the present standards of aim, or whether it will be necessary to give special instructions. England, Germany and Italy have included the trials in their maneuvers of the summer. Russia has appropriated nearly \$1,000,000 for a complete army aeroplane equipment, the largest sum ever noted by any government, and China also will make the aeroplane a complement of her reorganized army.

## A Dog With Horse Sense.

Burlington News. Mr. S. L. Dixon, of this city, some time ago gave Mr. W. F. Griffith, in the southern part of the county, a fine bull dog. The dog was known for his fine sense. One day last week Mr. Griffith left his little child in a buggy to which was hitched a mule. The mule became frightened and ran away, the child alone in the buggy. Just before the mule got to the woods and was about to plunge in among three trees, where no doubt the buggy would have been smashed and the child killed, the dog seeing the situation ran and caught the mule by the nose and choked it down, thus stopping its flight. Once, before this the dog captured a burglar in Mr. Dixon's home. The dog is worth having.

## Woman Wants to Run for Office.

Concord, N. H., Aug. 6.—Mrs. Marilla Ricker, who has gubernatorial aspirations and has been persistently blocked by politicians of the other sex, is circulating nomination papers, and claims that she can demand the right of candidacy by this method under the constitution. Mrs. Ricker has been an active reformer for years, and the more advanced women of New Hampshire, including the suffragists, stand by her. She is fighting to be placed upon the ballots, and claims that the Republicans and Democrats cannot keep her off as an independent candidate. Mrs. Ricker has a score of influential women's clubs behind her.

About the hardest thing in this world for a lunch counter waiter to believe is that a man who asks for a napkin isn't a snob.

## STATUES FOR WOMEN.

South to Remember Civil War Sacrifices.

Although many years have passed since the Civil war, the South has not forgotten the noble part played by her women, who nursed and cheered their husbands, sons and brothers through the struggle. They are at last to receive recognition.

Gen. George W. Gordon, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, has issued orders for the erection all over the South of monuments to the women of the Confederacy.

The order calls upon all Confederate organizations to make all effort possible to arouse interest in the movement. These monuments are to be erected in the capital buildings of all the Southern states. The design for a general monument to these women, which was selected by Gen. Julian S. Arr, of Durham, chairman of the monument committee, is the work of Miss Belle Kinney, of Nashville, Tenn., whose work as a sculptor has become known all over the world.

The veterans at the recent reunion in Mobile officially adopted Miss Kinney's design. The work of this young woman, who is only twenty years of age, was chosen over that of a noted Italian sculptor merely upon its merit.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

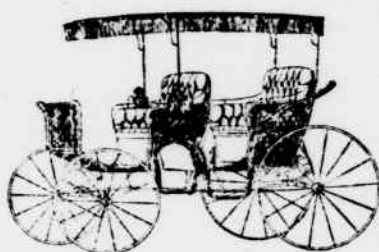
## Farms for Sale

Anyone wishing to buy a farm will do well to call and see us, as we have them ranging from 5 to 344 acres and in 1 to 12 miles of city. And we have improved and unimproved city property we can sell any of the above at reasonable prices and on easy terms.

Brown Real Estate Company

109 East Market Street.

## Buggies and Harness



Geo. E. Nissen & Co's. Wagons

F. N. TAYLOR

311 S. Davie Street

Phone 17

Money! Money!!

That's What We're After; Every Last One of Us. Yes, You and I.

Reports from many sections tell of a cotton crop greatly damaged by the continued heavy rains. State Commissioner Hudson, of Georgia, estimates that there will not be over half a normal crop of cotton in that state. Wherever this is the case Mr. All-Cotton Farmer is going to be hit hard. Nearly all our reports, however, tell of good corn crops; and right here is another proof that the doctrine of diversification is right—not haphazard planting of different crops, but a rational system of rotation that provides for a fair acreage of the various staple crops each year. No man can foresee the season, but any man can, by a little foresight, insure himself fair returns from his farm in almost any year. The one-crop farmer risks it all on one throw, and such farming is gambling rather than business.

Diversification of crops is the first essential of permanently successful agriculture, and you must practice it if you wish to be sure of making money every year. The Progressive Farmer and Gazette, the Southern Farm Paper, preaches the doctrine of diversified crops—preaches it, 52 times a year, in every issue. If you wish to make money read The Progressive Farmer and Gazette—a paper made for you by Southern men, dealing with Southern conditions only. \$1.00 a year and your money back if you are not pleased. Sample copies sent on request.

The Progressive Farmer & Gazette RALEIGH, N. C.

## Woman's Power

## Over Man



Woman's most glorious endowment is the power to awaken and hold the pure and honest love of a worthy man. When she loses it and still loves on, no one in the wide world can know the heart agony she endures. The woman who suffers from weakness and derangement of her special womanly organism soon loses the power to sway the heart of a man. Her general health suffers and she loses her good looks, her attractiveness, her amiability and her power and prestige as a woman. Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., with the assistance of his staff of able physicians, has prescribed for and cured many thousands of women. He has devised a successful remedy for woman's ailments. It is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a positive specific for the weaknesses and disorders peculiar to women. It purifies, regulates, strengthens and heals. Medicine dealers sell it. No honest dealer will advise you to accept a substitute in order to make a little larger profit.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

There is but one thing necessary to always obtain the LOWEST prices on Furniture, Stoves, Ranges, etc. and that is to see our line before buying. We always please.

MEDEARIS-JONES FURNITURE CO.

Opposite Southern Life and Trust Building 111 East Market Street

## Cook With Gas

Clean. Cool. Comfortable.

N. C. PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

## THINK IT OVER.

Were a friend to tell you: "I have had my own carriage and ridden my fill, I have gone to three balls in a night, I have lighted my cigar with a \$10 bill, and all when money was tight," you would think he was boasting, possibly prevaricating. But if he should explain that the carriage was a baby carriage, the three balls a pawn shop and the \$10 bill a board bill, you would see the joker.

When a farm paper advertises three full years for 35 cents, and it is a monthly publication, they give you just 36 numbers in the whole three years' time. Again, when they advertise three full years for a dollar, and it is a semi-monthly publication, you get just 72 issues in the whole three years. In the first case sixteen issues less than The Progressive Farmer and Gazette gives its readers every year; and in the latter case they give only twenty issues more in the three years than we do in one year. And you know that a paper coming once a month, or even twice a month, cannot be as interesting, or as timely, or as helpful as a paper coming every week. Don't forget that The Progressive Farmer and Gazette is made in the South, by Southern men, for Southern men, and dealing with Southern conditions only.

Made for you.



## "BACK TO THE FARM"

### IV.—The Modern Farm Home.

By C. V. GREGORY.

(Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.)

ONE of the chief reasons why the girls and women of the farm have occasionally longed in the past for the city is because of the more convenient homes that were found there. Many a farm woman has had her life shortened by carrying water from the well or the spring, bending for hours at a time over steaming washtrubs and doing other hard labor from which the women in town long ago were emancipated. Today the modern farm home is fully as well supplied with conveniences as the house in the city, and



CONVENIENCE IN THE FARM HOME—A WASH ROOM IN THE CELLAR.

it is done at less cost. The reason that more homes are not provided with such conveniences is that the farmers have grown used to doing without them. They look forward to retiring and moving to town, where they can have all the modern conveniences. When they get there they will pay dearly for them in the form of house rent. To have them in the country means a direct cash outlay, and too often the farmer pleads that he cannot afford it. A little figuring would convince him that he need not do without a few of these conveniences that make life so much more pleasant for the whole family.

The first consideration in most parts of the country is the heating system. Farmers are getting out of the habit of using stoves, as they are finding that the added convenience of a furnace or hot water heater, together with the saving of coal or wood, will pay for the installation. With a heating system of this kind all the coal and dust incident to building and keeping up the fire are in the cellar. The whole house can be heated for about what it costs to heat two or three rooms with stoves. There is no need of crawling out of bed into a cold room in the morning. A pull on the chain will open the draft, and in half an hour or so the house is warm. The kitchen also can be heated from the cellar, and an oil stove can be used for cooking. An oil stove takes up less room, saves fuel and is much more comfortable to work over in the summer time.

A furnace has the advantage of cheapness. It also furnishes fresh air to the rooms, properly put in. For an eight room house a furnace can be put in for about \$150. A hot water system for the same house would cost a trifle more than twice as much. The hot water system has the advantages of being cleaner and keeping a more uniform heat. Cheap coal will work well in the boiler, thus considerably reducing the expense for fuel.

The next consideration is the water system. A good water supply under pressure is not only a convenience, but also a form of insurance, since each farm must furnish its own fire protection. Some farm buildings are built now of concrete and hollow tile, but even then there is always some danger of fire. An elevated tank is one of the best means of supplying pressure. Some of the modern types of silos are being built with a tank on top. A method that is as convenient, though a little more expensive, is a pneumatic tank in the cellar. The water is pumped into this and the air inside compressed. The air pressure will lift the water to all parts of the house.

For power to pump the water a windmill may be used, or a hydraulic ram if running water is obtainable. The most reliable power is a gasoline engine. Nearly every really up to date modern farm has its gasoline engine, which can easily be made to combine pumping with its other duties. With a little added expense the water system can be made double, so that both hard and soft water can be obtained. For the bathroom and the kitchen sink hot water is needed also, which can be provided by a heater in the range or by a separate oil heater.

With a good water system installed the work of the housewife is reduced

50 per cent. Cold and hot water, either hard or soft, is always at hand for use in the kitchen. The dishes can be piled into the sink and washed in almost half the time it took previously. A wash room with permanent tubs can be provided in the cellar. The washing machine can be run with the gasoline engine or with a water motor. While a room of this kind may not make washing exactly a pleasure, it will reduce the labor more than half. With a little planning a small tank can be arranged in the kitchen, so that all the water that is pumped for the stock will pass through it. This is almost as good as an icebox.

A good bath and toilet room is a great convenience to all the family. A shower bath in one corner of the barn will be greatly appreciated by the boys at the close of a hot day's work.

The wastes from the kitchen sink and from the wash room can be run into a tile and taken away. For the wastes from the toilet room a sewage disposal plant will have to be provided. The most convenient method is the septic tank. This is an underground cement lined brick tank divided into two compartments. As one compartment fills it overflows into the next. Nearly all the solid substance will be destroyed by bacteria, and the water that flows out at the lower end can be disposed of through a tile drain. The entire cost of a water system such as the one described, with the compressed air tank, together with the sewage disposal plant, need not be much more than \$250.

The cheapest method of lighting the farmhouse is by acetylene gas. This gas is generated by a machine in the cellar and can be piped to all the rooms and to the barn. If desired it can be used also for cooking. The average cost of installing an acetylene plant is about \$200. This includes lights in the barn and in the yard. It costs little to run an acetylene plant after it is once in. The average cost is about a cent for a sixteen candle power light for four hours. Acetylene is the nearest like daylight of any kind of artificial light and is incomparably better than the old fashioned oil lamp. The newer types of acetylene lamp are provided with a battery, so that they can be lighted by merely turning a button.

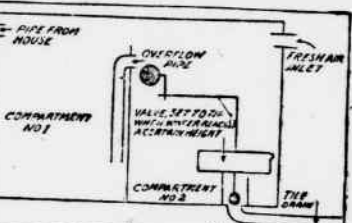
By going to a little more expense electric light can be had on the farm. If a gasoline engine is already at hand the total cost of installing an electric plant, with lights in house and barn, need not be more than \$375.

A few electric fans will make the house comfortable in hot weather. One convenience of the city, ice, is still lacking. The way the ice problem is most satisfactorily handled in the country is for half a dozen neighbors to build a co-operative icehouse. The men club together and fill it in the winter, and a plentiful supply of ice is at hand all through the summer. With a small additional expense a cold storage room can be built in connection with the icehouse for keeping meat, poultry, eggs and fruit. In a number of communities co-operative fresh meat societies are successfully run. The members take turns killing a beef or a hog, and fresh meat is supplied all through the year at much less cost than it could be obtained in the city.

The cost of a heating system, a wash room, a vacuum cleaner, a hot water attachment and other devices of that sort is the same in the country as in the city. The cost of the water and sewage system in the country is about \$250. The cost of operating a water system in the country is much less than the cost of city water.

An electric lighting system for the farm will cost from \$375 to \$500. The life of such a system can be figured safely at twenty years. The storage batteries will not last so long, but the rest of the apparatus will last longer. This would mean an annual depreciation of \$18.75. Interest at 6 per cent would amount to \$22.50. The cost of operating the plant will depend, of course, on the amount of electricity used. The cost for lighting the average farmhouse and barn for a year and furnishing electricity for sundry other purposes will not average more than \$10 for gasoline. This makes the total cost for electricity \$41.25 a year. In the city the average cost for electricity for an eight room house is about \$50 a year.

The cost of an icehouse and of putting up ice varies so much with conditions that it is hard to give any general figures. These can easily be obtained for any particular locality, however.



CROSS SECTION OF A SEPTIC TANK.

ever. It is seldom that ice put up in this manner costs as much in the country as in town.

The farm home can be fitted with hot water heat, hot and cold water, bath and toilet room, electric lights, wash room in the cellar, etc., for \$1,000. The interest on \$1,000 is \$60 a year. Ten per cent for depreciation and repairs is \$100 a year. The saving in coal will pay for the cost of running the lighting and water systems. For \$100 a year the farm home can be provided with every modern convenience that the city home possesses.

By using a furnace and an acetylene system the annual cost can be lowered to about \$85. The city man pays that extra \$7 to \$14 a month and more in increased rent and thinks nothing of it. The farmer is beginning to realize that it is possible for him to live better, and he is rapidly taking advantage of the opportunity.

## JUDGE HOKE DOWN.

Weeps Over Civilization's Invasion of Sandy Bend.

### THE TENDERFOOT IN TOWN.

His Honor and the Gang Invest in Luxuries—Corsets and Suspenders Sold—The Judge Buys a White Vest. About Time to Die.

By M. QUAD.  
(Copyright, 1910, by Associated Literary Press.)

"MY feller citizens," said Judge Hoke after his Sandy Bend court had been opened according to the prescribed formula, "I am about to remark a few remarks this mornin'. I shall do it with a lump in my throat and tears in my eyes. I shall do it with grief in my heart. There have been sad hours in my life, but this is the saddest."

"Who founded this yere town of Sandy Bend? I answer that it was Awful Jim Wheeler. What did he found it for? I answer because he had killed seven men on the spot and buried 'em with his own hands, and he thought they might be lonesome in their graves if he went on and left 'em."

"What sort of a town has Sandy Bend been for the last twenty years?"



TENDERFOOT SELLS JUDGE HOKE A WHITE VEST.

I answer, a town where the vested rights of a freeborn American citizen insured him happiness and comfort if he could draw quick enough and shoot straight enough.

"It has been far from the pernicious effects of what they call civilization. All of us have worn two guns and loved the constitution of the United States. We have kept clear of swartailed coats and preserved our manhood. We have steadily refused to part our hair in the middle and have thereby held up the bulwarks of liberty."

"I won't say that the hairbrush and the scented soap has not crept among us like the insidious serpent, but the users of such things have kept them hidden away from the public eye and felt a secret shame."

"For five years we have known and felt that civilization was encroaching on us, but we have blinded our eyes to the fact. We have secretly hoped that it would leave Sandy Bend alone. We have made our own laws and lived up to 'em in our own way, askin' nuthin' of civilization except that she furnish us with the necessary guns and cartridges to maintain our vested rights."

"There have been men shot yere. We have shot 'em because we thought they order be killed for the benefit of the rest of us. They was shot as gently as possible, and they were followed to the tomb with due respect. We also shot 'em because they wanted to shoot us."

The Dead Decently Put Away.

"There has been men lynched yere. We lynched 'em after a fair trial. We give each and every one of 'em time to do all the gabbins he wanted to. If he couldn't convince the jury to his way of thinkin', that was his misfortune. It has generally fell to me to put the rope over their heads, and I appeal to you all to back me up when I say that I have done the same as gently as possible. In most cases I have begged the pardon of the condemned if I was interferin' with his private business."

"The graves have always been dug accordin' to regulation—plenty of length and width and no slackin' off when the ground happened to be sun baked and the Chinymen wanted to get away to a boss race. We have always had a funeral and some sort of talk as the late deceased was lower away. We have always erected headboards and paid the lamented due honors."

"Feller men, when I think of what Sandy Bend has been and what it's goin' to be the tears rush to my eyes and I can't keep 'em back. The lump comes into my throat and I can't swallow it. Old things are goin' to change over, and there to be a new deck and a new deal. We might as well pack up our bundles and get ready to vamoose."

"And why these tears, and why this lump? Why has Sandy Bend come down from her high altitude? Why are the eminent leaders of this town in consultation with pale faces and perturbed looks? Why am I offerin' the Red Dog saloon, with all its stock

and good will, for two-thirds its actual value? Why has the price of cartridges, each one warranted to remove a feller bein' if aimed straight, suddenly fell to 40 cents a box? Why isn't this yere court goin' to take up any new legal business this mornin', though there are no less than six cases on the docket?"

Civilization Invades Sandy Bend.

"I will tell you, I will tell you as the tears come faster and the lump grows larger. Last night a tenderfoot arrived in Sandy Bend. He was drivin' a mule and a cart. He come in with his head up and brass in his cheek. When Wild Bill shot at him to halt him, what do you s'pose he did—yes, sir, what do you reckon that cheeky tenderfoot did? He outs with his popgun and fires back—fires back instead of puttin' on the gad and gettin' away into the hills—yes, sir, fired two shots as if he had as many rights as the older inhabitant!"

"You won't wonder that Bill stood there like a man of stone. He was never so astonished in his life. Bimeby he gets a move on his legs and steps forward to say:

"'Stranger, would ye kindly oblige by tellin' me what this yere means?' 'I will,' says the critter. 'It means that civilization is only five miles away and that by tomorrow you'll be hearin' the tootin' of the railroad.' 'And what may you be doin' here by yourself without havin' asked leave?'"

"Oh, peddlin' a few things that you people have got to have to be in the swim. Lead me to the head boss of this camp."

"And he leads the tenderfoot and his outfit to the Red Dog saloon, where me and Awful Jim Wheeler was holdin' a confab on the gradual but sure failure of civilization to civilize—yes, sir, led him right up to us alive instead of comin' alone and reportin' that he had plunked another tenderfoot and wanted us to select the site for a grave. And when the man and his smile and his cart is before us what does he do?"

"Does he kotow to me? Does he shiver when Awful looks at him? Does he turn pale when Wild Bill begins to load his guns afresh? Not a darned thing of the sort! He simply puts on a snafle and lets down a do in that cart and wants to sell Awful a pair of pink suspenders, and he wants to sell me a manicule set!"

A Call For Courage.

"I see some of you on the pint of faintin' away, but you must brace up and go through with it. Faintin' away under such circumstances will be considered contempt of court. Yes, that's what that tenderfoot did, and we never shot him! We let him continue on breathin'. And he sold Dutch Mary a corset—yes, sir, a corset here in Sandy Bend! And he sold French Anna hairpins and a bunk of lace! And he sold furbelows to a dozen others of our female Four Hundred, and he was as chirpy over it as you please."

"And this yere court wants to go the whole hog and confess to the bitter end. While he stands there with a gun in his hand that tenderfoot sells him a white vest for a dollar and a half. And Awful, he buys a billed shirt for \$2—one white 'nuff to get married in. And Wild Bill, he goes for blue suspenders!"

"We wasn't alone in it. Most of you was there and bought something, and we let that tenderfoot get back safe to the railroad. We traded off our vested rights for a mess of potash. When the veil was lifted from our faces it was too late. We held an indignation meetin' last night and did a lot of hot air pumpin', but did it do us any good? Kin we prop up the bulwarks of liberty that we ourselves throwed down? I answer no. It can't be done. Our vested rights have departed. Tomorrow, instead of bein' out in the hills to shoot civilization back, we shall be sulkin' in our shanties and listenin' to the exuberant toots of the effete locomotive from that part of the world where strong men sit down to wrestle ice cream and women spend their time talkin' to peedle dogs. Fellow critters, let's go out and dig our own graves and fumble into 'em. We hain't men no longer. The American flag has ceased to flap and the eagle to scream!"

Couldn't Fool the Boy.

A boy eleven years of age who was a fever patient in a Philadelphia hospital had shown a disposition to whine and complain at all times. The nurse was giving him an alcohol sponge, and, thinking to divert his mind, she said to him as she rubbed under his arms:

"Ticklish?"

Still whining, the youngster said, "No; Yiddish."—Lippincott's.

If She Only Had Time.

"How nicely you have ironed these things, Jane!" said the mistress admiringly to her maid. Then, glancing at the glossy linen, she continued in a tone of surprise, "Oh, but I see they are all your own!"

"Yes," replied Jane, "and I'd do all yours just like that if I had time."—Central Christian Advocate.

A Recommendation.

Landlady—You find her honest, don't you?  
Former Mistress—Honest! Why, she never takes even an order from me!—Judge.

The Joker.

So you're 'way down in the dumps—  
Eve, you say?  
Think you've played out all your trumps?  
Oh, go 'way!  
Life's not like a game of poker.  
In this game you use the Joker.  
It's the card you hold the longest;  
It's the one you find the strongest.  
Laugh, and drive the blues away!  
—Laugh, I say!

## BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS

### PHYSICIANS

Dr. W. J. RICHARDSON

OFFICE: MCADOO BUILDING

NEXT TO POSTOFFICE

RESIDENCE: 615 WEST GASTON ST.

J. H. BOYLES, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office in Holton Drug Store Building.

Office Phone 805.

Res. 409 W. Gaston; Res. Phone 768.

Dr. M. F. FOX

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

GUILFORD COLLEGE, N. C.

C. W. BANNER, M. D.

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

Practice Limited to the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Office Hours—9 A. M. to 1 P. M.; 2:30 P. M. to 7 P. M. Sunday, 9 to 10:30 A. M. given to the charity poor.

Dr. W. P. Reaves, M. D.

Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Office and Infirmary—McAdoo Building, Next to Postoffice. Phone No. 30.

Dr. PARRAN JARBOE

OFFICE: OVER FARRIS-KLUTZ.

OPPOSITE GUILFORD HOTEL.

Phone: Office, 571; Residence, 19.

Call may be left at Farris-Klutz drug store. Special attention given to country practice.

G. F. ROSS, M. D.

Office—100 McAdoo Building

Next to Postoffice—Phone 763

Residence—617 W. Gaston St.

Phone 1108.

W. W. EARLY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

WHITSETT, N. C.

T. D. TYSON, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon,

PLEASANT GARDEN, N. C.

### DENTISTS

Dr. J. E. WYCHE

DENTIST

OFFICE IN CARTLAND BLDG.

SOUTH ELM ST., GREENSBORO, N. C.

Dr. C. T. LIPSCOMB

DENTIST

Office over Sykes Drug Company.

Phone 783.

DR. L. G. COBLE

DENTIST

Benbow Arcade, opposite Benbow Hotel,

Greensboro, N. C., Phone 601.

### ATTORNEYS

Taylor & Scales

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS

AT LAW

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Robert M. Douglas, Robert D. Douglas.

DOUGLAS & DOUGLAS

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office in Greensboro Loan and Trust Bldg.

HOYLE & WRIGHT

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office in Wright Building, opposite Court

House. Loans negotiated and special attention given to collections.

F. P. HOBGOOD, Jr.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Wright Building, Opposite

Court House Greensboro, N. C.

Levi M. Scott, Chas. E. McLean.

SCOTT & McLEAN

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office: 111 Court Square Greensboro, N. C.

THOS. J. SHAW CHAS. A. HINES

SHAW & HINES

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office in Southern Life and Trust Company

Building.

E. J. JUSTICE, R. D. BROADHURST

Justice & Broadhurst

LAWYERS

Office in McAdoo Building, Next to Post

Office and State Court Practice.

GEORGE M. PATTON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Office Court Square, Greensboro, N. C.

J. S. BRADSHAW, W. J. ASHESBORO

Bradshaw & Sherrod

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office: 108 Court Square, Greensboro, N. C.

S. GLENN HUDSON

Attorney-at-law

117 Court Square Greensboro, N. C.

OPTOMETRISTS

DR. TAYLOR,

Specialist in the Fitting of Glasses

No case too difficult. Relief or no

pay.

OFFICE GREENSBORO NATIONAL

BANK BUILDING.

C. F. DENNY, OPTOMETRIST

336 1/2 SOUTH ELM STREET,

Greensboro, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS

L. FRANCIS HANES

PHOTOGRAPHER

HIGH GLASS WORK ONLY

Studio: Opposite the McAdoo House.

If you wish to buy or sell any kind

of

LUMBER

Communicate with

J. S. MOORE & Co., Inc.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

E. POOLE

UNDERTAKER

204 N. Elm St., Opp. City Hall

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Miller & Mebane,

ALL KINDS OF

INSURANCE



**L CARDS**  
R. D. BROADHURST  
Broadhurst  
YERS  
ine, next to Post  
the Court Prisoner.  
M. PATTO  
Y AT LAW  
Greensboro, N. C.  
W. J. SHERROD  
& Sherrod  
S-AT-LAW.  
are, Greensboro, N. C.  
HUDSON  
-at-law  
TRIST'S  
YALOR,  
itting of Glasses  
Relief or  
ORO NATIONAL  
ILDING.  
OPTOMETRIST  
LM STREET,  
N. C.  
ANEOUS  
S HANES  
APHER  
ORK ONLY.  
McAdoo #9336.  
or sell any kind  
BER  
with  
& Co., Inc.  
D. N. C.  
OLE  
AKER  
pp. City Hall  
O, N. C.  
ebane,  
S OF  
ANCE  
EN.  
PHONE #  
COTT,  
ractor,  
ITE WORK,  
NTS.  
Prices.  
ne and South  
reensboro.  
cialty of  
ranchise  
PROPERTY  
companies.  
information  
are in town.  
RRAY  
LM ST.  
y Company  
Greensboro.  
y of Every  
n.  
oods Adapted  
ay Present.  
goods. It's a  
KER'S  
BALSAM  
omies the hair,  
rariant growth,  
to Redness, Gray  
and hair falling  
out. It's a

**Mica Axle Grease**  
Helps the Wagon up the Hill

The load seems lighter—Wagon and team wear longer—You make more money, and have more time to make money, when wheels are greased with

**Mica Axle Grease**  
—The longest wearing and most satisfactory lubricant in the world.  
STANDARD OIL CO.  
Incorporated

## Double Wagon Harness Bargains

Having been lucky in buying about 200 pounds of nice oak leather, I have made up a lot of double and single wagon harness and can save you from \$1 to \$6 a set. I have also a lot of job buggy harness that I can save you money on.

I have a few patterns of nice winter robes and will close them out below cost.

When you are in town I would be glad to have you come around and inspect my stock.

I am still selling the old reliable rat proof harness oil.

**C. B. ROBESON**  
537 SOUTH ELM STREET

## ELON COLLEGE

(Co-educational.)

Delightfully situated in the Hill Country. Unsurpassed in Healthfulness. Pure Water. Modern in equipment. Steam Heat. Electric Lights. Baths. Sewerage. With all the advantages of city life and none of its disadvantages. An ideal institution for the education of young men and young women, with twenty years of successful history behind it. A high grade institution, whose graduates are admitted to the graduate departments of all the great universities, without examination. Maintains also Music, Art, Education, Business and Preparatory Departments. Four courses leading to degrees. Special Normal Courses for Teachers approved and endorsed by State Superintendent Joyner. Terms moderate, from \$112 to \$187 per session of ten months.

For catalogue or other information, address

EMMETT L. MOFFITT, President,  
or W. A. HARPER, Dean,  
26-61, Elon College, N. C.

## John W. Knight & Son

FEATHERS IN ALL KINDS OF

**Marble and Granite Monuments**

HEAD STONES OF ALL KINDS

As Good as the Best and Cheaper than the Cheapest.

206 N. Greens St., Greensboro, N. C.

## World's Greatest Pain Remedy

Internal and External

**NOAH'S LINIMENT**

For Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lame Back, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Colic, Cramps, Toothache, Headache, Neuralgia, Bone and Muscle Aches and Pains. The genuine has Noah's Ark on the wrapper. 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold everywhere. Sample by mail free. Watch for Noah's Ark. Richmond, Va., and Boston, Mass.

Sold by Howard Gardner.

## Electric Bitters

Successful when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

**FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE**

It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

## KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY**

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES

GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

## ROLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

For children: safe, sure. No opiate

## Home Course In Poultry Keeping

### VII.—Egg Production.

By **MILO M. HASTINGS**,  
Formerly Poultryman at Kansas Experiment Station, Commercial Poultry Expert of the United States Department of Agriculture, Author of "The Dollar Hen."

(Copyright, 1910, by American Press Association.)

**T**HE factors that must be considered in profitable egg production are stock, climate, housing and feeding. We have previously discussed the worth of the various breeds as egg producers, and, presuming that the reader has already made such selection, the next thing he should see to is that he is prepared to hatch and rear a goodly number of pullets which will reach the egg laying maturity about November. This will require Leghorns to be hatched from April 15 to June 1, and in the case of Plymouth Rocks and other fowls of this type hatches should come from the middle of March to the 1st of May.

If pullets begin laying in August and September they are very likely to molt in November, with the result that



SOME HEAVY LAYERS.

they are liable to stop and not begin again until the warm weather. On the other hand, the much more frequent mistake of the farmer is to hatch the pullets out so late that the cold weather catches them immature and they remain stunted and undeveloped and never begin laying until the season of high prices is past.

The early hatched pullets should be kept laying steadily from November until the following August. As to whether they are to be sold at this time or kept throughout the second year of laying there is considerable dispute among poultrymen. It has been very carefully figured out, however, that hens lay during the second year about two-thirds as many eggs as during their pullet year. It is worth at least 75 cents to \$1 to bring a pullet to laying maturity. With a yield of 150 eggs during the pullet year we may expect 100 eggs from the hen during the second year. This loss of fifty eggs just about offsets the cost of raising an extra pullet to replace the one we would sell, so it is practically an even break as to whether pullets should be sold at the end of their first laying year or kept throughout the second season. The majority of poultrymen keep hens for laying the two years.

### Climate.

Climate and soil are essential factors in egg production, but, of course, cannot be controlled by the poultryman who is once located. The chief expense in egg production is the extra care and food necessary in the winter months. Likewise, in spite of all efforts, the poorest results are obtained at this season of the year; hence the advantage of being in a climate and with soil where hens can run outdoors at all seasons of the year. Light sandy soils even with the same temperature are much better for poultry for the reason that snow does not last long upon them and grass and grain would keep growing, where in heavier soil they would have long since dwindled away.

The heavy egg production of the Australia egg laying contest, which has excited considerable comment in this country, has to be largely ascribed to the mild winter climate in the region where the contest was held.

### Houses For Layers.

Those who live in milder climates along the Atlantic shore from Philadelphia south and, for that matter, even on the New England coast, where the breezes from the sea melt the snow quickly, will find that the most profitable egg farming methods consist in providing the hens with comfortable sleeping quarters and without going to any particular trouble to provide them with daytime occupation. Under such circumstances laying hens may be fed grain and beef scrap from hoppers, with perhaps one mash of bran, corn, milk, cooked vegetables, etc., once a day. This is the simplest form of egg farming and is practiced at the famous Little Compton district in Rhode Island. The results in egg yield are probably not as

good as where more care is taken with the hens in winter, but as the expense is less the profits are probably just as great. The other plan of winter housing and care for egg production involves the use of the scratching shed, which is kept full of leaves, straw or other litter, into which the grain is frequently scattered so that the fowls are kept busy exercising.

The distinction should also be made here between the Leghorns and heavy breeds, enforced exercise being much more essential in the latter case. Hens that are kept indoors must be provided with something to occupy their attention, for if standing around in a restless fashion they will fall into the egg eating, feather pulling and other obnoxious habits. In addition to grain in the litter, cabbages or split mangies may be fastened to the walls of the henhouse for the hens to peck at. The whole attention and care of the successful poultryman should be directed toward seeing that the hens are busy, contented and happy. There is a knack about this that is very hard to describe in words.

### Feeding.

The principle of feeding hens is not particularly different from that of feeding young and growing chicks. Water, grit, meat, grain and green food are the essentials, and if any one is neglected good results cannot be obtained. A great deal has been written and said in poultry papers and government bulletins about balanced rations. As a matter of fact, the effort to balance the poultry rations by chemical statistics is more or less a misapplication of scientific knowledge. The point is that hens have individual preferences and will not consume their food in the portions they are given and, what is more, will, if allowed to follow their own individual instincts, probably get the chemical elements they need better than if their owner attempt to force so much food down them in machine-like fashion.

The custom of feeding hens by exposing grain in hoppers has progressed rapidly within the last few years. This method simplifies the feeding problem very much and is applicable to all birds on range and Leghorns indoors. It will not do, however, for heavy shut-in fowls, as they will become lazy and overfed. The foods exposed in the hoppers should be whole grains, and it is best to have a separate division in hoppers for each kind of grain; otherwise the fowls in scratching for the grains they most like will waste the other kind of food. This is especially noticeable when the so called dry mash or mixture of dry grains is fed in the hopper. I do not recommend ground grains fed dry for laying hens.

The feeding of a wet mash is one of the simplest ways of giving vegetables or grain food to a large number of hens quickly. The warm mash may also have some stimulating effect upon egg production; at least it is used by a great many successful egg farmers. Such wet mash made of clover, alfalfa leaves or any cooked vegetables mixed up to a stiff mash with warm water, bran shorts and cornmeal is fed once a day. The hour of feeding is immaterial, provided the hens have before them at all times shelled corn and beef scrap in hoppers.

The provision of green food in egg farming is very important both because green food is necessary to get hens in good laying condition and because one can materially cut down the expense of the grain and meat food bill by growing abundant forage crops for poultry. If the colony plan of houses is followed grain food should be provided by sowing a series of crops which in your locality will keep something green on the ground at all times of the year and moving the house about so that the fowls may have fresh pasturage. If the fowls are kept



RHODE ISLAND RED HEN.

yarded this green food may be grown along the side and cut, pulled and thrown over the fence. For summer and early fall use rape, which is an excellent food, and there is little labor attached to gathering a sufficient quantity for the hens' dinner. For winter and early spring pasturage rape is perhaps the best crop, though kale planted the previous spring and fed by gathering the lowest leaves off the stock is excellent for confined hens.

In the case of laying hens the fact must not be forgotten that laying is the vital or reproductive function of the hen and that as such is very closely related to the hen's nervous organism. With the finest of houses and the most perfectly balanced rations, if the hens are not happy and contented they will not lay. Dogs and strangers about the premises are known to have a detrimental effect upon the egg yield, and careful poultrymen will not permit their hens to be frightened or worried in any manner. It is in the observation of such points as these that distinguishes the true husbandman from those who fall as poultrymen.

## RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

Gems Gleaned From the Teachings of All Denominations.

Marriage is a divine plan of establishing homes for the highest beings of creation.—Rev. J. L. Thompson, Christian Church, Kansas City.

### Hope For the Fallen.

No matter how low a man may fall, if the rebound is toward God the man is blessed.—Rev. B. F. Riley, Baptist, Houston, Tex.

### Law of Nature.

The law of nature holds good in the law of God. Man or his children are apt to reap according to the sowing.—Rev. L. M. Zimmerman, Lutheran, Baltimore.

### Success In God's Work.

Success in Christian work does not always depend upon superior mental attainments, but upon the power of adaptation.—Rev. G. Adams, Methodist, Brooklyn.

### Look Out For Your Creeds.

A broad creed will produce a broad life, a narrow creed a narrow life, a lofty creed a lofty life, a false creed a false life.—Rev. M. McLeod, Presbyterian, Tacoma, Wash.

### Loyalty.

The noblest virtue in the catalogue of social virtue is "loyalty." That involves obedience, and Christian obedience means doing the common necessary tasks of life in the spirit of Christ, which is the spirit of love and sacrifice.—Rev. H. G. Hale, Congregationalist, Brookline, Mass.

### Praying Persons.

Every earnest, sincere person is a praying person whether he knows it, or not, whether he have any theological convictions or not. There are times when something wells up within him and goes out in search of the universal life, deep answereth unto deep.—Rev. E. Stanton Hodgkin, Unitarian, Los Angeles, Cal.

### Wisdom.

True wisdom does not necessarily come with length of years, but it does come from close observation and careful reading and deep thinking. "Man cannot live by bread alone." These words were uttered by Christ after men had tried to live for several thousand years and had failed. By sleeping and drinking and supping a man can stay, but he cannot live.—Rev. Dr. Thomas C. Hinkle, Methodist Episcopal, Omaha.

### Prayer's Most Acceptable Form.

Gratitude is the most acceptable form of prayer. It has been called the respiration of the soul. As in every human breast there are two movements—the one that inhales the air, the other that exhales it after it has enriched the blood—so should there be in every soul two movements—the one receiving gifts from the Holy Spirit, which invigorates our inner life, the other pouring forth those gifts in the form of thanksgiving. Every blessing we enjoy in the order of nature or grace is a gratuitous bounty of our Creator.—Cardinal Gibbons, Roman Catholic, Baltimore.

### Prayer's Efficacy.

Efficacy of prayer is not limited to its effect on the one who prays. A true prayer has its effect of courage, faith, strength and healing not only on him who speaks and on him who hears with the ear, but on the absent as well. The operation of the spirit is not bound by the limitations of physical things. "Spirit with spirit can meet." On every ground save that of pure materialism it seems to me that there is reason to believe in prayer for the sick, the tempted and those in peril. We are justified in praying for the absent as for the present, and we need not be ashamed to confess that a prayer that presents God's purpose of health to the mind of a patient may check the progress of disease.—Rev. Lewis T. Reed, Congregationalist, Brooklyn.

### Joy of Friendship.

The best friendships as a rule are those that begin young. Life's iron is then fire hot, and we weld easily. And the special happiness here is that, and properly managed, these unions are often for all the years. In the college common room you stumble upon a brother soul which vibrates responsive to your own, and then after three or four decades and when you are almost at the end of the journey the music is still going on. Your careers have been wide apart, your fortunes different, your meetings perhaps infrequent, and yet the mere sense that your friend is yonder, thinking his thoughts and doing his work, is a strength and a companionship to you. How much so you will know when he has gone. A soulful intimacy of this kind acquires an ever better flavor with the years. Cannot many a man point to some long friendship, a continuous source of interest and ease of mind, which went on without much reflection till one day he woke up and found himself another man, remade by another's personality. In the ordinary round of life, in work and play and talk, in talk of books and business, of neighbors and old memories? Slowly one has reached the other's point of view. His life has been learned piecemeal as he tells of its crises and how he felt at this great moment and that; how he was disappointed at first, but soon came to another mind; how after that he found a great joy and lived on it for years, and then how it was taken away, but nothing could keep him from living on it still. Stage by stage, by unconscious and freely given sympathy, one has lived the other man's life; one has seen things and felt them as he saw and felt them; one has slipped under awares into his language and by degrees into his thoughts. There's the joy of friendship—"we live each other's life."—Rev. Caleb S. Dutton, Unitarian, Brooklyn.

## S.S.S. CURES MALARIA



Malaria is a species of blood poverty known as anemia. It is a condition in which the circulation is so weak and impure that it is unable to supply the system with sufficient nourishment and strength to preserve ordinary health.

The medical profession is divided in opinion as to the manner in which malarial poison gets into the blood. Some take the position that it is an atmospheric poison, the specific germs of which are breathed into the lungs and thus transmitted to the circulation. Others advance the opinion that persons become inoculated with the poison through the bites of mosquitos. All however agree that MALARIA is a blood affection, and any treatment to successfully overcome it must not only purify this vital fluid, but at the same time add the necessary qualities of richness and strength to the circulation.

The malarial poison destroys large numbers of the rich, red corpuscles of the circulation, and the peculiar paleness of anemic persons is due to this fact. In the first stages of Malaria there is a bilious condition of the system, constant bodily weakness, poor appetite, and a "no account," tired feeling.

S.S.S. searches out and destroys every particle of malarial infection and builds the blood up to a healthy, nourishing condition. Then the system receives its required nutriment, the bright red corpuscles begin to multiply in the circulation, sallow complexions grow ruddy and flushed with health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite improved, and the system vitalized and refreshed in every way. S.S.S. is a safe and pleasant remedy as well as an efficient one. If you have Malaria we will be glad to have you write us describing

the case. We will send free our book on the blood and at the same time our physicians will give you some medical advice that will be of great service to you in curing yourself with S.S.S. No charge for the book or advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

**COUPON**

One of these Coupons is worth from \$1.00 to \$5.00 to every person needing our services.

**F. F. Smith & Son**  
FUNERAL DIRECTORS  
AND EMBALMERS  
GREENSBORO, N. C.  
Full line of Coffins and Caskets. Prices reasonable.

## SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST

Shortest, quickest and best route, fast vestibuled train with dining car, through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Charlotte... 6.05 a.m. 10.15 a.m.  
Lv. Greensboro... 9.30 a.m. 1.40 p.m.  
Lv. Danville... 11.00 a.m. 3.00 p.m.  
Lv. Charlottesville... 4.05 p.m. 7.35 p.m.  
Lv. Charlottesville, C. & O. 5.25 p.m. 9.25 p.m.  
Ar. Louisville... 11.00 a.m.  
Ar. Cincinnati... 8.00 a.m. 10.00 p.m.  
Ar. Chicago... 5.25 p.m. 6.00 a.m.  
Ar. St. Louis... 5.51 p.m. 6.10 p.m.

Only one night on the road. Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

The line to the celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia. For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address

W. O. WARTHEM, D. P. A.,  
C. & O. Ry. Co. Richmond, Va.  
JOHN D. POTTS,  
General Passenger Agt.

## Southern Railway

N. H.—The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.

10.13 p.m., No. 38 daily New York and New Orleans Limited for Washington and points north. Pullman drawing-room sleeping car, observation and club cars to New York. Dining car service. Solid Pullman train.

12.30 a.m., No. 39 New York and Florida Limited, connect at Charlotte with Birmingham special. Handles sleepers New York to Birmingham and Jacksonville. Dining car service.

12.45 a.m., No. 112 daily for Raleigh and Goldsboro. This train handles Pullman sleeper from Greensboro to Beaufort.

1.30 a.m., No. 45, daily local for Charlotte, connecting for Atlanta and points South.

2.05 a.m., No. 30 daily for Washington and points north. Handles sleeper for New York.

7.10 a.m., No. 8 daily for Danville and Richmond and Norfolk.

8.15 a.m., No. 27 daily for Winston-Salem and daily except Sunday for Wilkesboro.

7.45 a.m., No. 154 daily except Sunday for Rameur.

7.30 a.m., No. 37 daily New York and New Orleans Limited. Pullman Drawing-room sleeping car, observation and club cars New York to New Orleans. Pullman drawing-room sleeping car New York to Atlanta. Solid Pullman train. Dining car service. Chair car Greensboro to Montgomery.

7.35 a.m., No. 11 daily for Charlotte and Atlanta connecting for Asheville and Knoxville.

8.30 a.m., No. 44 daily for Washington and points north. Handles coaches Atlanta to Washington.

8.40 a.m., No. 144 daily for Durham, Raleigh and Goldsboro.

12.30 p.m., No. 21 daily for Salisbury and Asheville. Handles parlor car to Asheville.

1.40 p.m., No. 35 daily for Washington and points north. Handles Pullman drawing-room sleeper New Orleans to New York.

12.55 p.m., No. 7 daily local train for Charlotte.

2.30 p.m., No. 307 daily except Sunday for Winston-Salem, making connection for Wilkesboro.

12.50 p.m., No. 130 daily for Sanford and intermediate points. Through trains for Fayetteville and Wilmington.

1.35 a.m., No. 25 daily for Durham, Raleigh and Goldsboro. Handles parlor car to Goldsboro.

1.50 p.m., No. 151 daily except Sunday for Rameur.

1.50 p.m., No. 280 daily except Sunday for Rameur.

2.30 p.m., No. 132 daily for Sanford.

4.35 p.m., No. 133 daily for Mt. Airy.

6.10 p.m., No. 25 daily for Atlanta and points north. Pullman drawing-room sleeper to New Orleans and Birmingham. Day coaches to New Orleans. Dining car service.

6.25 p.m., No. 155 daily for Winston-Salem.

7.20 p.m., No. 46 daily for Atlanta. Pullman and day coaches.

10.20 p.m., No. 285 daily for Winston-Salem.

10.21 p.m., No. 13 daily local for Greensboro and intermediate points. Handles sleeper for Richmond and Norfolk.

E. H. COOPERMAN,  
General Manager.

H. F. CARY, G. F. A.  
S. H. HARDWICK, F. R. M.,  
Washington, D. C.  
R. L. VANDER, D. F. A.,  
Charlotte, N. C.  
W. H. MOGLAN, Ticket Agent,  
Greensboro, N. C.

## N. & W. Norfolk and Western

Schedule in Effect

May 15, 1910

### WINSTON-SALEM DIVISION.

No. 22 No. 24  
P. M. A. M. P. M. P. M.  
\*2.40 \*7.10 Lv Winston Ar 9.30 2.10  
3.15 7.51 Lv Walnut Cove Ar 8.5 1.27  
3.43 8.21 Lv Madison Ar 8.26 12.55  
3.46 8.27 Lv Mayodan Ar 8.22 1.52  
4.44 9.25 Lv Martinsville Ar 7.30 11.40  
7.00 11.45 Ar Roanoke Lv 1.00 3.15

Connections at Roanoke for all points North, East and West.

### DURHAM DIVISION—DAILY.

P. M. A. M. P. M. A. M.  
\*5.30 \*7.00 Lv Durham Ar 9.15 11.15  
11.35 11.55 Ar Lynchburg Lv 4.15 15.15

\*Daily. †Except Sunday.

If you are thinking of taking a train you want quotations, cheapest fares, reliable and correct information, as to routes, train schedules, the most comfortable and quickest way to write and the information is yours for the asking, with one of our complete map folders.

W. B. BEVILL, M. F. BRAGG  
Gen. Pass. Agt., Trav. Pass. Agt.  
Roanoke, Va.

## Dr. Griffith

DENTIST

I can make it to your advantage to give me your Dental Work.

### You Can't Beat My Prices

nor get better work anywhere. If my work fails I will make it good—I guarantee it. I have a modern equipped office and I show my patients courteous attention.

OFFICE OVER GARDNER'S DRUG STORE

## Repairs and Supplies



The light running New Home, vibrator and rotary, none better, and other good machines, new and second-hand at low prices. All makes of sewing machines repaired and supplied, with needles, attachments, shuttles, parts, bands, etc. Best oil, in small bottles or by pints, quarts or gallons. 12 needles for any machine by mail for 12 cent stamps.

**JAMES A. WRIGHT**  
106 W. Washington st., Phone 374,  
Greensboro, N. C.

## HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Bary Medicine for Bury People. Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor. A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Red Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form. 50 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister's Tea Company, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE



# The Greensboro Patriot.

ESTABLISHED 1921.

TWELVE PAGES

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1910.

## SHORT NEWS ITEMS.

The commissioners of Davidson county have let the contract for a new county home to cost over \$8,000.

The annual meeting of the county superintendents of schools will be held at the State University, Chapel Hill, August 31-31 and September 1-2.

Congressman Grant, of the Tenth district, has refused the invitation of his Democratic opponent, J. M. Guder, for a joint canvass of the district.

The Wilmington board of aldermen has gone on record in favor of a commission form of government and will endeavor to have a change made in the governing system of that town.

Ben Hunter, a white man 26 years old, was shot and killed in Buford township, Union county, Sunday night. Three brothers by the name of Belk, who had long held a grudge against Hunter, are charged with the crime.

Investigation by detectives has led to the conclusion that Mayor Bousman, of Ridgeway, Va., who was recently mangled by a dynamite explosion as he lay in a hammock in his front yard, committed suicide, and financial troubles are assigned as the cause.

The case of Watkins, the former Black Mountain constable, who shot and killed John Hill Bunting at Black Mountain a year ago, and which was set for trial in Buncombe Superior court last week, was for the third time continued, this time on account of the illness of Mr. Watkins' counsel, Mr. Locke Craig.

Mrs. Elizabeth Rhodes, a white woman, was acquitted in Granville Superior court last week of the charge of murdering a negro man. Mrs. Rhodes some months ago shot and killed a negro who drove a buggy on her place. It was alleged he started toward her when she ordered him off the premises.

John H. Farmer, of Burkeville, Va., has filed suit in Richmond for \$10,000 damages against Governor Mann. The plaintiff alleges that the governor, while a practicing attorney, accepted a fee from him, but afterwards appeared as opposing counsel. The governor's defence is that he forgot the transaction with Mr. Farmer.

Believing that a shotgun was unloaded, the six-year-old son of County Commissioner I. D. Harrelson, of New Hanover county, while playing with three other children in his father's home Thursday, picked up the weapon, pointed it at his little sister, aged four years, pulled the trigger and killed the child instantly, the entire left side being carried away by the heavy charge of shot.

Two were killed outright, three fatally injured and two others may die as the result of an accident, in which a Southern Railway passenger train crashed into a big automobile below Bessemer City, Ala., Sunday afternoon. One of those killed, two of the fatally injured and one dangerously injured are young women. Eleven persons were in the automobile and only one escaped injury.

## Resolutions of Respect.

The following was adopted at a meeting of Sylvania Local Union No. 745.

Whereas, Our Heavenly Father in His infinite wisdom has seen fit to remove from our midst Brother W. A. Gourley, son of our esteemed neighbor, W. A. Gourley, who departed this life July 11, 1910, therefore, be it resolved:

1st. That, while we bow in humble submission to the divine will, we do greatly deplore the sorrow which this and bereavement has brought into the life and home of our neighbor, and extend to him and his family our heartfelt sympathy in their great sorrow.

2nd. That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon our minutes; that a copy be sent to the bereaved family and copies be sent to papers for publication.

D. R. FRIDDLE,  
J. F. FRIDDLE,  
S. H. LEMONS,  
Committee.

## Philosophers and Philosophy.

Philosophy is a short cut to knowledge. Being a short cut to knowledge, philosophy is nothing at all, because there is no short cut to knowledge.

A philosopher is a man who thinks that if he finds out a certain thing which nobody else has ever found out as well as he able to find out everything else without looking. Therefore, he spends his life looking for that one certain thing, and, thereby, overlooks everything else. According to a perfect philosopher knows nothing at all. Hardly the world has never yet been burdened with a perfect philosopher. There are, however, a good many imperfect philosophers floating around who are interested to associate with directly, as they follow philosophy not as a vocation, but as an avocation.

## A Rather Good Figure.

"John dear," queried the young wife, glancing up from the physical culture magazine she was perusing, "what is your idea of a perfect figure?"

"Well," replied her husband, "\$100,000 may not be perfect, but it's near enough to satisfy a man of my simple tastes."

## Card of Thanks.

We would like in this way to thank our friends and neighbors for the many acts of kindness and sympathy shown us during the sickness and death of wife and mother.

R. B. FOUST AND FAMILY.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

## CARRIE NATION'S HOME.

An Example of Ignorance of Human Nature.

Washington Herald.

The fate of Carrie Nation's philanthropic enterprise in Kansas City, Kans., is only another example of how useless are well-meaning but ill-advised attempts at philanthropy. Mrs. Nation succeeded in making a nuisance of herself with her little hatchet, but also succeeded in making a good deal of money—much more than a woman of her training, habits, and education could possibly spend. Undoubtedly she has been sincere and well-meaning in what she tried to do, and she would probably be indignant and hurt if any one should tell her that her methods and sensational conduct did much more harm than good to the cause of temperance.

But, like so many amateur reformers, Mrs. Carrie Nation was persistent, and in proof of her sincerity and devotion to the cause she set aside a sum of money for the establishment of a home for drunkards' wives in Kansas City. Now the superintendent of the home has notified Mrs. Nation that Kansas City has no use for her gift; that the home has no inmates or likelihood of getting any.

We are quite sure that this statement of the superintendent does not mean that Kansas City does not harbor any drunkards' wives, for Kansas City is not Arcadia by any means. Any one but a self-satisfied philanthropist might have known that it is not in the nature of women ill treated by their husbands to air their troubles publicly. There is something, too, about the wrecking of a homely drunkenness that makes the wrong especially hard to correct. Drunkenness does not ruin a home at one stroke. Its evil is wrought through months, or even years, gradually and insidiously, and always there is hope or promise of reform, so that the wife of the unfortunate is never quite ready to despair, to give up the home and admit defeat.

But even when defeat has to be admitted, and where, perhaps the husband, through drunkenness, has been led to crime and has been sent to prison, it is not in the nature of healthy American women to seek for a charitable home anywhere, more particularly when the home is labeled as Mrs. Nation's institution was. The very foundation of such a home marks Mrs. Nation's utter ignorance of human nature and the springs that move it.

## CRAWFISH RUIN CORNFIELDS.

Remarkable Story That Comes via the Department of Agriculture.

Prof. W. H. Hays, assistant secretary of agriculture, has decided to send a special agent of the bureau of plant industry to Mississippi, with instructions to do everything possible to save the corn fields there that are being attacked by crawfish.

The department officials have been amazed during the past few days by receiving dozens of letters from farmers along the banks of the Mississippi who say that their corn fields are being devoured by swarms of crawfish. The animals burrow through the ground and attack not only the roots of the corn, but actually climb the stalks and eat the leaves and ears.

The section from which the complaints come is low and the soil is naturally moist. The water is near the surface, and it is supposed that the crawfish are attracted to the corn fields because of the scarcity of food. At any rate, the complaints have come to the department in such manner that Prof. Hays says today he would send one of his specialists from the bureau of plant industry to investigate and see what could be done to save the corn fields.

One correspondent asserts that he has gathered more than 100 barrels of crawfish. The pests have appeared in such numbers that most of the farmers seem powerless to combat them. Mr. Hays says that, in all probability the crawfish are more valuable than the corn crop. He thinks that if gathered they could be sold for a good price to the restaurant keepers of New Orleans and other places where crawfish are regarded as a delicacy.

## From Sickness to "Excellent Health"

So says Mrs. Chas. Lyon, Peoria, Ill.: "I found in your Foley Kidney Pills a prompt and speedy cure for backache and kidney trouble which bothered me for many months. I am now enjoying excellent health which I owe to Foley's kidney Pills." Howard Gardner.

## Capital Punishment Declining.

In Italy capital punishment doesn't exist, and it has been abolished in the states of Maine, Michigan, Wisconsin, Rhode Island and Kansas. Colorado and Iowa have both restored it after brief periods of abolition.

As to the methods of carrying out death sentences: The guillotine is employed publicly in France, Belgium, Denmark, Hanover, and two cantons of Switzerland. The gallows is used publicly in Austria, Portugal, and Russia, and privately in Great Britain and the United States, except in New York, Virginia and New Jersey, where the electrical chair has been substituted.

Death by the sword obtains in fifteen cantons in Switzerland, in China and Russia, publicly; while in China strangulation by the cord is used, and in Spain the garrote, both public, and Brunswick, death by the ax.

## Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by Catarrh that cannot be cured by local Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## DISPOSITION OF THE DEAD.

Several American Cities are Building Huge Mausoleums.

It has long been accepted that cemeteries in the great centers of population must be abandoned, sooner or later, and some other method of disposing of the dead adopted. To some the solution seems to be solved by cremation, but there are others who, recognizing the demand for some reform in this respect, are not yet ready to give their approval to the latter method. There has now been started a movement in the direction of reform which promises to be accepted as a compromise, and that is the establishment of great mausoleums for the reception of the dead, buildings capable of holding hundreds or even thousands of bodies.

Two such structures are under way at this time, one at Detroit and the other at Cleveland. The latter is the further advanced, for the greater part of the work has been accomplished and it will be but a short time before it will be ready for use. The structure is of Grecian architecture, having an area of 133 feet by 32 feet and 30 feet high at the lowest point. It is of solid concrete, with the exception of the interior lining, which is of marble, adopted for its decorative effect. There is a main aisle running through the center of the building, which gives access to four hundred crypts.

The Detroit edifice will be much larger. It will be by far the greatest ever erected. Its lines are Roman, and it is three stories in height. A central aisle extends the length of the building to the roof, and the side aisles are but one story high. All of these passageways are lined with crypts, so that it will be seen that this establishment has a great capacity.

A smaller edifice of this kind is nearing completion in one of the cemeteries of Philadelphia.

Both of these structures are alike in the respect that they are entirely of concrete. In the latter instance, the exterior and interior are very ornate and nearly all of the ornamentation is of concrete.

During the present summer one of these mausoleums is to be built at Springfield, Ohio, near the tomb of Lincoln, and another at Zebraing, Ohio. Others have been recently completed at Watertown, N. Y., Shelby, Ohio, Maroa, Ill., and Attica, Ohio.

## PERISHABLE EVIDENCE.

Proved Too Tempting for a Jury and a Defendant.

In its zeal to absorb all the facts in the case a jury in the District court at Sale Lake City not only nullified its own verdict of guilty, but made it impossible for the prosecution to make out a case before another jury.

A druggist was on trial for selling liquor without a license. While deliberating, the jury sent for the exhibit, a flask of whiskey. When it was returned to the court room, Judge Lewis noticed that it was empty.

He reprimanded and dismissed the jury, and notified the defense that a motion for a new trial would be granted. The motion was made, and the state will have to dismiss the case for lack of its chief evidence.

On the same day, at Atlantic City, N. J., police officials were forced to withdraw a charge of thieving after they discovered the prisoner had eaten the evidence.

The patrolman claimed that he caught the accused stealing pies left by a baker on the doorstep of a Chelsea cottage, but on the way to the station house the prisoner calmly ate the pies and left no visible signs of the theft. Lacking evidence, Recorder Keffer offered to allow the man to go if he would leave the city, and the proposition was gratefully accepted.

## Reading a Best Seller.

One of the customs of all good Americans is to read a best-seller. The best-seller is ostensibly a book manufactured according to a well-known recipe. This book is written by a man trained to the emergency and encouraged by a publisher. The publisher and the man sit down together and concoct the idea of the book, which is made up of mystery, action, dialogue, a few nasty details, and a lot of bad English, or American, as it ought to be called.

The book is then printed and pages in the papers announce its advent.

The proud author, who is very rich, waits calmly for another ovation. All the virtuous and respectable women in the country then order their husbands to bring home the book, which their husbands do. After the women have read it, they hide it in a place where their daughters can easily find it. When the daughters have read it, it goes to the virtuous servants.

The women, having all read it, declare that it ought never to have been written, that it does no "good," and that they hope it will not have a bad influence.

They then wait in calmness and complete confidence for another.

## SUBSCRIBE TO THE PATRIOT.

## REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

We have for sale a number of good farms around Greensboro and Guilford College. Also a number of small tracts of land suitable for trucking, poultry farms, etc.

We also have good bargains in city property—houses and lots and vacant lots in all parts of town. See or write

Southern Real Estate Co.

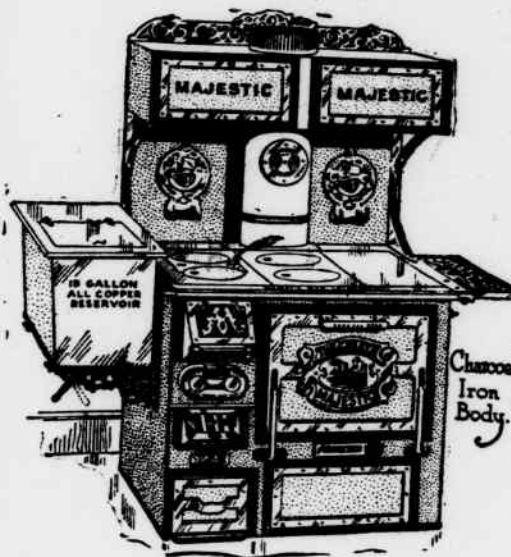
W. E. Blair, David White,

Treasurer President

GREENSBORO N. C.

# The Majestic Range

## The Best on Earth



It will pay you to get the best when you buy. The Majestic has been on this market for many years and has always given perfect satisfaction. You always buy the best in farm tools, so why not get the good housewife the best Range that is made and at a much lower price and a far better Range than the wagon peddler will give you. Then we are here to stay when they are gone with your money and many, many broken promises. Let us show you this Great Range.

Yours to please,

## GREENSBORO HARDWARE COMPANY

221 SOUTH ELM STREET. PHONE 131.

# FOR THIS WEEK

We are selling boys suits at HALF PRICE. This is in addition to our special sale of the best men's suits ever reduced in price. Our sales have all proven satisfactory.

## VANSTORY CLOTHING Co.

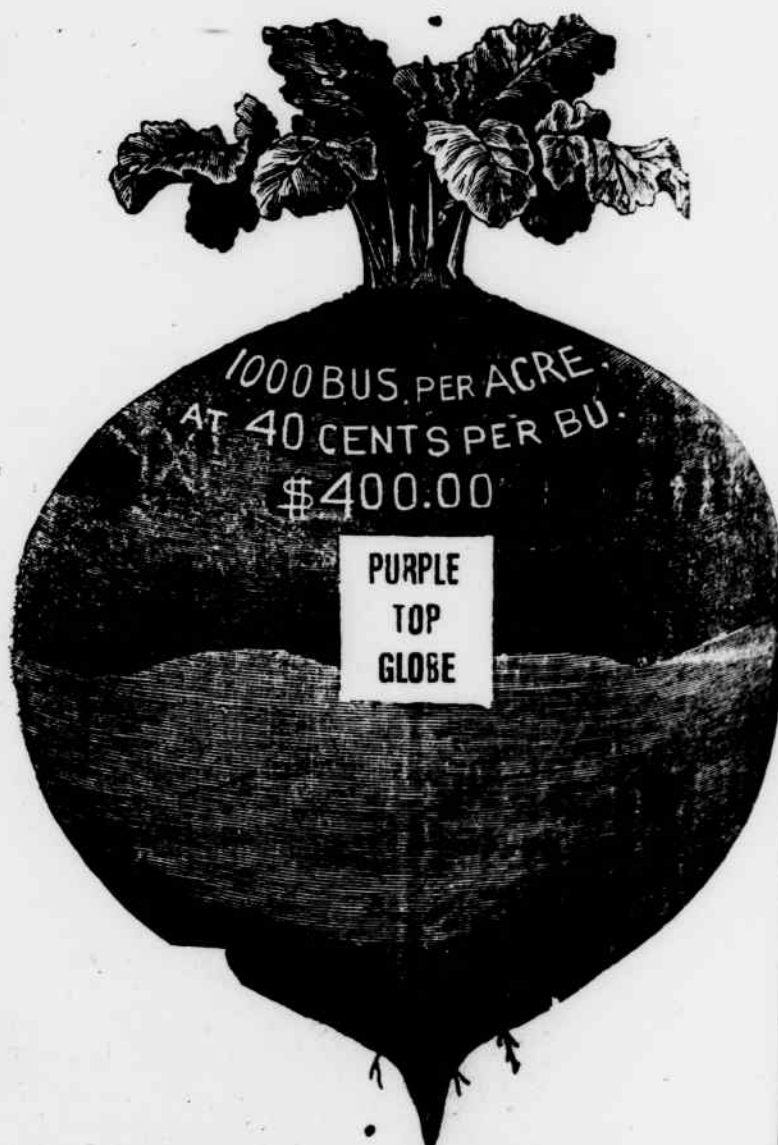
C. H. McKNIGHT, Gen. Mgr.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

## Turnip Seed

## FRESH STOCK

## All Leading Varieties



## HOWARD GARDNER

Druggist and Seedsman