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POLITICAL.

MESSRS. FILLMORE & DONELSON'S ACCEPTANCE OF THE WHIG NOMINATION.

Our readers will perceive with great interest the subjoined correspondence embracing the letter of Judge Bates, informing Messrs. Fillmore and Donelson of the nomination by the National Whig Convention and the replies of those gentlemen accepting the nomination. Mr. Fillmore's reply is couched in the terse and graceful language that belongs to everything emanating from his mind; and whilst giving free expression to the emotions of gratitude awakened by the significant expression of confidence reposed in him by his old political associates, it breathes throughout that spirit of devotion to the Union which was the special strong characteristic of the body whose nomination he accepts. Mr. Donelson's reply is in excellent taste, and to the point.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 10, 1856.

To Millard Fillmore, Buffalo, N.Y.

HONORED SIR.—Before you receive this letter the public journals will have informed you that the Whigs of the United States have held a general convention in the city of Baltimore, on the 17th and 18th of this present month, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States.

The general proceedings of that convention are already known to the world, through the public press; yet, by its command, the pleasing duty has been imposed upon me, as its presiding officer and responsible organ, to make known to you the fact, that the Whigs of the United States, as represented in that convention, separate and apart from all other parties and organizations, have, with one voice, chosen you as their candidate for the Presidency.

We do not doubt that you will receive with pleasure this new evidence of the respect and love in which the nation holds you; and we indulge the hope that you will accept our nomination in this spirit of patriotism in which it is made—for your own honor and promotion than for the peace and prosperity of our common country. We consider your election as necessary to the repose of the country, and therefore our earnest prayer is for your success.

In this communication I am not permitted to indulge in my expressions of my own opinions and wishes, but speak only for the Whig convention, whose servant I am.

With the greatest respect and regard, I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant,

EDWARD BATES, of St. Louis, Mo.

BUFFALO, N.Y., Oct. 1, 1856.

HON. EDWARD BATES.—Sir: Your letter of the 18th ultimo, came to hand day before yesterday, informing me that at a convention of the Whigs of the United States, held at Baltimore on the 17th and 18th of the past month, I was honored by being chosen with one voice as their candidate for the Presidency.

Whilst one of my old Whig friends, whom I have always highly respected, and whose patriotism I am unwilling to doubt, was opposed to my election, and are engaged in some of the same and some on the other, of polarized parties which are sowing the seeds of alienation and distrust between different sections of our common country, and waging a sectional warfare tending to weaken, if not destroy the Union of these States, it is a source of inexpressible gratification to me to receive the unanimous nomination of the great representative body of the national Whigs of the United States—unless distinguished for their intelligence than for their patriotism—and I cheerfully accept it with the profoundest emotions of gratitude and pride.

Although I am the nominal candidate of another party, yet I can see nothing dishonorable in receiving the support of the Unshoaling mass, by whatever political denomination they may be known; but, I confess that I received this flattering testimony of the continued confidence in my personal integrity and patriotism of my old Whig friends, with much more than ordinary satisfaction; and I trust that, if elected, I shall do nothing to disappoint the hopes or dislodge the preference of those who have so generously bestowed their confidence.

With renewed expressions of my high respect for yourself, personally, and my veneration for the intelligent and patriotic body over which you preside,

I am, sir, your friend and fellow citizen,
MILLARD FILLMORE.

MRS. DONELSON'S RESPONSE.

BUCKINGHAM, Sept. 30, 1856.

SIR.—I have the honor to receive to day your note of the 2d, with that of the 18th inst., informing me of the proceedings of the 18th ult. at the convention at Baltimore, by which my name as a candidate for the Vice Presidency, in association with that of Millard Fillmore, for the Presidency, received the unanimous vote of the delegates comprising the convention.

Such a collection of public characters, chosen by distinguished and leading members of a party upon which I had no other claim than that of fidelity to principles which ought to be common to all parties, is received with feelings for the expression of which I can find no adequate language.

I can only say to you, sir, in reply, that it has been my effort through life to follow the great lights to which we are indebted for our happy form of Government, and that there is no sacrifice which I am not willing to make in order to maintain it in its purity.

The evil of the day is sectionalism, and the country can find no repose until this dangerous spirit is rebuked by the voice of the people, animated as they were in the days of Washington by a holy love for the Union and a determination to withhold their confidence from those who do not regard its preservation as the paramount object of their lives.

If the South claim the elevation of a man to the Presidency because he is favorable to Southern interests, and the North one because he is favorable to Northern interests, there is an end of our Federal system. This was not the sentiment of parties in the days of Washington, Jefferson, Madison and Jackson. It is our purpose as patriots, by whatever name we may be called, whether Union loving Whigs, Americans, or Democrats, to eradicate this sentiment from our National councils, and restore that which will give us a President for the whole people, and a Government which will respect alike the equal rights of all the sections of our land without regard to latitude or diversified pursuit.

I am, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,
A. J. DONELSON.
Hon. Edward Bates, President of the late Whig Convention at Baltimore.

WITCISMOS ON THE CANVAS.

Occasionally the conflict in the political field strike out rich humor; generally, however, it lacks this sort. We find the following in an exchange which is perusable:

"Fremont ran off with a respectable man's daughter; he is a thief!" Spunkey Republican in reply—"He had better steal a wife than be a bachelor." Slavery Democrat in rejoinder—"If

you mean to intimate that Buchanan isn't married, I can tell you that he married his country over forty years ago, and has taken good care of her ever since." Republican in magnificent sur-

rejoinder—"Fremont did run off with Tom Benton's daughter, and next November he will run off with Jim Buchanan's wife, old as she is!"

AB. ECO. JOURNAL.

LOGIC.

In the late canvass for the Legislature in this State, (says the Milton Chronicle,) Mr. Hargrave (leading orator of the democratic candidates,) of Granville, deduced the conclusion that the democratic party is right, because, said he, the Whig party is opposed to it. The American party is opposed to it—indeed all the ends and fag ends of party oppose the democratic party: Ergo it must be right.

But the young and gallant Edwards; (an old line Whig,) who was Mr. H.'s competitor, and who is as "keen as a brier," instantly put this logic to the blush by analyzing it thus:

"Fellow-citizens," said he, "according to the system of reasoning of my competitor, the Devil must be right! The Presbyterians are opposed to the devil; the Methodists, Baptists, and christians of all the various denominations are opposed to him: Ergo, the Devil must be right and the christians wrong."

A DELEGATE SAYS.—"Have you heard that Buchanan is dangerously ill—not expected to recover?"—said a waggish Know Nothing on our streets the other day, to a returned delegate to the Cincinnati convention.

"No," replied the latter in astonishment. "Is it a fact?"

"Fact? Certainly," rejoined the other, "his physicians have bled him very copiously and his prostration is so great that but little hope is entertained of his recovery."

"Why, hadn't heard a word of that. What in the world's the matter with him? What did they bleed him for?"

"To let the Democratic blood out!"

"You be—," answered the delegate huskily, and it is reported, snarled his "assassin" ten cents to say nothing about it.

PEACE CONVENTION.—At the People's theatre a short time since, the silver cups were awarded to the authors of the following conundrums:

"Why should the American nominee for President be elected?"

Answer—"Because he has filled many important places, and the universal cry of the nation is 'Him more'."

"Why is Fremont to be pitied?"

Answer—"Because he got Jessie from Benton once, and is now in a fair way to 'get Jessie' from the people."

CAMPAGNE CUTS.—We have received from Type Founders in New York, a specimen sheet of gloriification cuts, prepared for the use of the Press. They consist of a variety—Fillmore cuts, Buchanan cuts, Fremont cuts. We defy any man to tell from them for whom the Type Founder goes for the Presidency. Doubtless he goes for selling his wares.

One of the cuts has amused a good many of the visitors to our editorial table. It represents four professional gentlemen earnestly engaged in dissecting a fat old buck, who is sprawling upon his back on a table, with these words in explanation: "The Dissection of God."

"The doctor fail to find much fat. The deer's blood?"

Fay. Obs.

They raise six hundred bushels of sweet potatoes to the acre on the Gadsden river in Texas.

HENRY A. WISE ON MILLARD FILLMORE.—In a jubilant speech at Richmond, Virginia, on the 20th ultimo, Governor Wise, among many bad things paid a deserved tribute to Millard Fillmore:

"If Buchanan is not elected," said Wise, "God grant that Fillmore may be; as he is a man of patriotism and principle—for I take great pleasure in testifying to his being a good man—I say God grant that he may be elected if Buchanan is not."

This opinion of Mr. Fillmore, so hardly won from the lips of a rabid Loco-foco, is the one universally entertained by the conservative people of this Union; and it is to these principles and patriotism, so highly ennobled by Governor Wise, that Millard Fillmore will be indebted for his election. The masses do not want for President, in these troublous times, a leader like Fremont, nor a political old granny like Buchanan; but they want, and will have, "a man of patriotism and principle."

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Mr. Fillmore at Home.

Mr. Yeadon, editor of the *Charleston Courier*, who recently called upon Mr. Fillmore at his home in Buffalo, writes to his journal the following pleasant and descriptive of the incidents of the visit:

The Hon. MILLARD FILLMORE.

"A combination had a forte indeed,
While every soul seemed to set his seal,
To give the world assurance of a man."

Soon after my arrival at Buffalo, and I had properly shown a copy of my magazine of the American Monthly, *Black & White*, which was not far off its original and its author, my friend, a counterfeiter, *prima facie* evidence of that distinguished and truly great and patriotic statesman.—Buffalo boy never seemed so glad for me, and after some friendly converse, invited me to take tea and spend the evening with him. I gladly accepted the invitation, telling him that my only excuse in leaving Buffalo on my way to Niagara, was to see what *Black & White* had to say. At the appointed hour, however, I reported to the editor of *Black & White*. He received me in a most amiable and cordial manner, and I was soon seated at his desk, in his comfortable office, with every mark of cordial welcome, courtesy, and good humor. At 8 o'clock, with my copy of either *Black & White*, *Black & White* was, I believe, the best known paper and yet blandest and most dignified—*Black & White* was nearly half an hour's conversation, with several complimentary and historical paintings, and several small talk, the message of Christ from the Cross, and the Crucifixion. It is a copy from *Black & White* I was loaned, in the *Cathedral* at Niagara, and was presented to Miss Fillmore by her in the following words:

"Follow citizens of the City of Buffalo—I am thankful that circumstances have enabled me to be here again, and I regret that untoward events deprive me of the pleasure of being with you when your distinguished fellow citizen, the President of the United States (Mr. Fillmore), visited you and received from you as he deserved, not only a respectful, but a cordial and enthusiastic welcome. The President of the United States has been a resident among you for more than half his life. He has represented you in the State and National Councils. You know him in all his relations, both public and private, and it would be bad taste in me to say anything of him, except that I wish to say, with emphasis, that since my connection with him in the administration of the government of the United States, I have fully concurred with him in all his great and leading measures. This might be inferred from the fact that I have been one of his ordinary advisers. But I do not wish to rest on that presumption; I wish to declare that the principles of the President, as set forth in his annual message, his letters, and documents and opinions which have proceeded from him or been issued by his authority, in regard to the great questions of the times, all these principles are my principles; and if he is wrong in them, I am (applause) and always shall be."

At Mr. Fillmore's, in addition to his son and his son-in-law, Hon. H. H. May, of New York City, the gentleman who, picking up the easement and legacy of his conversation, is quite *Black & White* (the independent and anti-slavery), and Frank K. Lawless, former editor of the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, two whom political and personal friends of Mr. Fillmore, and exceedingly intelligent and amiable gentlemen. The three persons and the ladies of the tea-table—so-called—entertained us, and I was present when they came to call on Mrs. Fillmore, and then to Mrs. Faure, her mother, who died but a few days afterwards, the younger lady being the daughter of an honest man with very great. The meal was a simple and elegant one, without formality or ceremony, and every one being made to feel the physician and the equalities of all.

The social tea having been thus pleasantly despatched, the gentlemen returned to the drawing room, and there we resumed our conference, with nothing but kind interest, on political discussions or political and other subjects, until past 11 o'clock, P. M., when I retired, my host pressing for a longer time. It would not be proper to lift the curtain of private life and make public the conversation of the parlor, but I may say, without any shadow of a suspicion, that I regard the evening spent with Mr. Fillmore and his friends, as one to be imitated with a white feather in my life. I may add that he and his friends were confident of victory in the coming election, New York, Maryland, Delaware and Tennessee, while sure, he said, Pennsylvania, Louisiana, Kentucky, California, and with the state of Virginia, and several others, too, especially Tex. Governor Floyd's prediction, that he expected the New York Abolitionists, &c., to come out to be chosen a Free-state Presidential elector for his own State, and a compromiseman if it should take place. The Southern and Northern parties, in view of the Southern rebellion, and that he could hardly, if necessary, be cast his electoral votes for a Southern candidate, and that the democratic party would back him in doing. I hope to put this matter straight on the record, and that equality, and it need not surprise you, should be given to the Southern and Northern parties, in view of the Southern rebellion, and that the democratic party would back him in doing.

Two persons were recently expelled from the New York, South Carolina, on the charge of tampering with negroes. One of them on his arrival in New York—which place his passage was paid—published a hasty notice in the New York Herald in which he stated, with all the necessary preface of injustice, oppression and ire, that he had been deprived of his property.

A few hours learned from a private source that two men by the name of Pierce, Yankee school teachers in Clarke county, Miss., have been deceived in attempting to freed the negroes in that section, to insurrection, in the following bold and fearless manner. One *Mississippian* had identified himself with the community in which he lived, by purchasing a saw mill, under which he had a room, so constructed as to enable him to hold his council unperceived. It was discovered in a neighboring swamp that they had also fitted up a rendezvous, with seats, &c., sufficient to accommodate three hundred persons, where, according to the testimony of the negroes, they (the negroes) had assemblies of from ten to fifteen thousand.

The *Mississippi Democrat*, states that five or more of these perfidious scoundrels were recently expelled from that place for crimes similar to those above described.

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The Patriot.

GREENSBOROUGH:

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1856.

AMERICANS FOR AMERICA:

For President,

MILLARD FILLMORE,

OF NEW YORK.

For Vice President

ANDREW JACKSON DONELSON,

OF TENNESSEE.

AMERICAN ELECTORAL TICKET.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE,

L. B. CARMICHAEL, of Wilkes,

JOHN W. CAMERON, of Cumberland.

FOR THE DISTRICTS.

1st District	Lewis THOMAS,
2d	E. J. WARREN,
3d	O. P. MARSH,
4th	JAS. T. LITTLEFIELD,
5th	A. J. SEDGWICK,
6th	J. M. LEACH,
7th	A. J. DUNHAM,
8th	J. D. H. SWAN.

ELECTION, THURSDAY, 4th November.

THE UNION—it must be preserved.

[Andrew Jackson.]

"It is time that we should become a little more *Americanized*; and instead of feeding the paupers and laborers of England, feed our own; or else, in a short time, by continuing our present policy, we shall all be rendered paupers ourselves."

[Andrew Jackson.]

No Excuse Now.

Those Southern Whigs who go for Buchanan profess to do so, in order to prevent the election of Fremont. But he is just as good as defeated already. The black is washed clean out of the Free-soil banner by the result in Pennsylvania and Indiana. The recent elections in those States have demonstrated the utter impossibility of Fremont's election, even were he to obtain the vote of every one of the other Free States. What excuse have they now,—dear Whigs who have shaken off Fillmore, the man of the nation, whose soul is full of patriotism and principle, to bear the black Republican? Why may any longer espouse the cause of "Ten Cent Jimmy?" Fremont is already a dead cockerel, the pit, and the contest now is solely between Fillmore and Buchanan,—with very strong chances in favor of Fillmore. He will even carry Old Buck's own State,—the late State election being a good test of the fact: for while the Democrats and Commissioner is elected by a small majority, the vote for Congressmen shows an overwhelming victory over the Buchanan candidates, two thousand and more. Our prospects are indeed bright indeed for carrying the State next Tuesday. The skies are already very bright and still brightening!

A word more in this connection. When my old line Whig is approached by a Democrat and asked to join the Democracy, the Old Line should ask the reason if his party has ever taken back any of its vile slanders heaped upon the Whig party in days gone by; should furthermore ask him if Mr. Buchanan has ever retracted his foul and abominable slander against Mr. Clay, and which like the blood-stained hands of Lady Macbeth, "will soon wash out!" Look the man straight in the eye when you ask him these questions, if you want to see how mean a man can look. He won't be apt to trouble you again. No, fellow Whigs and Americans! be neither seduced by cunning doctry or the one hand, nor frightened from your property by the bluster and loud boasting of the enemy on the other, but resolve to stand firm and true to your colors, through sunshine and through storm. As your great leader, Mr. Clay "seconded and defied their wrath," so should old Clay Whigs "sooth and defy" their hypocritical appeals!

Once more and finally. It affords us great pleasure to state for the information of our friends at a distance, that things are going all right in this part of the political world. Indeed, upon a survey of the whole field, we are constrained to believe Mr. Fillmore's chances of success, even by the people, vastly more encouraging now than they were prior to the recent State elections. Thousands who heretofore felt anxious to give him their support, but feared doing so in anticipation of Fremont's success, and the disastrous probable consequences, are now relieved of these unpleasant forebodings, and will come forward undeniably anxious to perform a duty which otherwise might have induced them to vote for Old Buck. Remember, ye Southern Democrats, who love the country of your birth, that through Buchanan, indirectly if not directly, you are arousing the dangerous strife of Slavey Sovereignty, the "best measure in view of freedom ever proposed;" and also that ye Buchanan colleagues at the North are boldly and publicly advocating a restoration, the exclusion of slavery from the Territories and claiming to be successors of the anti-slavery party. "Free Kansas" is the rallying-song of the Buchananites in Pennsylvania and Illinois; yet your Southern Democratic prints will not let you hear the song. Mr. Brookbridge himself says in his recent Tippocanoe oration that he "belongs to no political organization which desires the extension of slavery;" and he also voted for the abolition of slavery in Kentucky.

In the meantime, we hope the sufficient voices of the country, being duly warned of these things, will turn aside from party predilections for our side and duly consider the patriotic services of Millard Fillmore, while he was President. "He has proved his fidelity to us work." The "true" to us work, we say.

Another Last Appeal.

A few "more last words" to our friends previous to the election on Tuesday next. While the fire of enthusiasm is blazing luminously on every hill-top and in every valley, in other States of the Confederacy, are we in North Carolina awake and doing our whole duty, in behalf of the great American cause, as we ought? Our friends elsewhere are engaging the serried cohorts of corruption at every point, whether in the lagoons of Florida, on the Western plains of Missouri, or the verdant hills of New England; and shall the gallant sons of the good Old North State be lagged and achieve nothing for themselves worthy of a chapter of fame? We would most solemnly and energetically urge, for the last time before the great trial day, every friend of Millard Fillmore and his country, to arouse from his lethargy and at once to vigorously to work, to the end that faction and sectionalism shall be put down by the power of the people, and the national prosperity abundantly advanced. Arise therefore ye men of Carolina, ye men of Guilford, and strive for the Union and the Constitution—your country and her laws—God and our native land! Lay aside your indifference and supineness, rally your spirits into activity, and enter the lists where glory invites to honorable combat, and Freedom with imploring eyes looks onward in your country's cause.—Now's the *time to work*—now's the day and now's the hour! Let us all then go to it with a will—"work like beavers"—every man take hold—like men driving man's work to do. Let the strong hearted and resolute improve the time between now and the 4th of November, and brief as it is, much, very much may be accomplished for the cause so inseparably connected with the best interests of the country, the cause of which Millard Fillmore is the noble standard-bearer and champion. In voting for him the American people make no experiment, they confide their rugged interests to an tried and inexperienced man, but commit them to the care and keeping of one who has been tried and found eminently faithful, honest and capable." An opportunity to secure the services in the highest and most responsible governmental station of such a man, may never again be given to the people of the United States; and unless madness and folly inexplicable rule the hour, it will be improved and availed of by the people. We therefore once again call upon our friends to work diligently until the election next Tuesday is over,—work among your neighbors who entertain mistaken views on the great question before the country, show them what is right, do this and you will have performed your whole duty to your party and to the Union. Our only security, we repeat, for reasons which follow, is to elect Fillmore President.

The singular spectacle of the Southern Democracy affiliating with the mildest disunionists and the wildest free soil fanatics, can only be reconciled with reason upon the admission that the Southern Democracy—we mean the leaders—aim at a dissolution of the Union, and the establishment of a Southern Confederacy. The assertion so often and so decidedly made, of the possibility of an immediate contingency when the Union should and ought to be dissolved, is cumulative proof that the present modern Democracy of the southern States are disunionists secretly disguised. On three memorable occasions, the open attempt has been made to shake off the allegiance of the general government, and in each instance the leaders and their supporters were Democrats of the modern school. And now these very men who concocted a treason, which they did not dare directly communicate; who were awed for the time, by the majesty of the popular will, into forced acquiescence in the continuance of the Union,—these very men, or some of them at least, are the leaders of the Buchanan party in the South. Without presumption on our part, we say to the friends of the Union in the South, beware of their counsels. They know that Mr. Buchanan is not, in the true sense of the word, a national candidate, and that if he should be elected, his position would make no complete national victory. They know that his devotion to the Confederacy was not equal for four years, during the violent sectional struggle upon the country, and they evidently expect such a period of continued agitation would render our present glorious Union, consecrated as "is with the blood of patriots-martyrs, not worth preserving."

Then, who can hesitate how to vote in the present canvass? If you vote for Fillmore, you sustain the cause of your country, and disownance agitation. If you cast your vote for Buchanan, you justify the present agitation, by upholding the party who gave rise to it. Then, can any American, or Whig, or national Democrat hesitate? Mr. Fillmore says emphatically that if there be those, North or South, who desire an administration for the South as against the North, or for the North as against the South, they are not the men who should vote for me. His Washington-like Administration has convinced an enormous mass in every corner of the country that he is just the man for the crisis. His noble and patriotic speeches have given the country assurance of his determination, if elected, to know nothing but his country, and have an ardent enthusiasm in his favor, that will have a irresistible current, sweep everything before it. Then, we appeal to conservative men to rally around his standard and rebuke this spirit of agitation, which is rapidly inundating our Government. Rally around him, because he has been tried in perious times, when the stoutest heart quailed before the storm, found true, faithful and fully equal to the task before him. Gather beneath his star-spangled flag, inscribed with the "Constitution and the Laws, the Union of the States, and the courageous principle that "Americans shall rule America."

In the meantime, we hope the sufficient voices of the country, being duly warned of these things, will turn aside from party predilections for our side and duly consider the patriotic services of Millard Fillmore, while he was President. "He has proved his fidelity to us work."

High Point Mass Meeting.

A large number of the friends of Fillmore and Donelson, and the Union, assembled at High Point on the 24th and 25th instants. It would have done the heart of any American good to see those patriots consulting for the good of their country. The number assembled from the counties of Guilford, Forsyth, Yadkin, Davidson, and Randolph, was estimated at from 3,000 to 4,000. Much enthusiasm prevailed. On Friday, in the forenoon, Gen. A. J. Dargan, of Anson, made of his happy speeches, and at 2 o'clock, the Hon. Kenneth Rayner arose, and enlivened the attention of his large audience for two hours and a half, in a speech worthy the man and the great cause in which he is so zealous. This was the bill of fare offered, and as he could not go without his dinner, he preferred Mr. Fillmore with his American sauce. He was also asked, "Why throw away your vote for Mr. Fillmore?" In politics, the wish is always father to the thought. But he believed if every man was obliged to vote at the next election, on penalty of death, and should vote for the man they considered most honest and best fitted for the office of President, Mr. Fillmore would be elected by the people. The fitness of Mr. Fillmore, and his past services to the country, were detailed at considerable length, and Mr. Hilliard concluded with a hope and belief that those who vote for Mr. Fillmore will not throw their votes away.

Questions aptly Answered.

Hon. George S. Hilliard, in a recent speech at Boston said:—"As a Whig, he had been asked how he could take Mr. Fillmore with his Americanism. He would answer that he was offered a Whig with American sauce, a Democrat with Republican sauce, and a Democrat with Democratic sauce. This was the bill of fare offered, and as he could not go without his dinner, he preferred Mr. Fillmore with his American sauce. He was also asked, "Why throw away your vote for Mr. Fillmore?" In politics, the wish is always father to the thought. But he believed if every man was obliged to vote at the next election, on penalty of death, and should vote for the man they considered most honest and best fitted for the office of President, Mr. Fillmore would be elected by the people. The fitness of Mr. Fillmore, and his past services to the country, were detailed at considerable length, and Mr. Hilliard concluded with a hope and belief that those who vote for Mr. Fillmore will not throw their votes away.

Remarkable Fact.

The Richmond Whig says, it is a most remarkable fact—that the honest and unintelligent voters of the country remember it—that every man who has ever been presented by the Abolitionists, as a candidate for the Presidency, was a Democrat!

Barney, Gerritt Smith, John P. Hale, Martin Van Buren, and John C. Fremont, were all Democrats in good standing with the Democratic party, and the Sage of Kinderhook is still

as a "shining light."

And further, the principal leaders of the Fremont and Electo-Republcan party at the present time are Democrats

just from the Democratic fold!

Summer, Wilson, Banks, Reeder, Lane, Turnbull, Handlin, and a host of other Abolition orators, are all from the Democratic ranks. A pretty good school the Democratic party must be for training up Free-soil agitators and domestic traitors!

A Good Endorsement.

The Philadelphia Ledger says, on the night of the election, some despatches were sent from Philadelphia to Savannah, with a postscript to send the news forward. The direction was mistaken for the name of the person who sent the despatch. A knot of Democrats, the Savannah News says, were in confab over the gratifying intelligence it contained, when one of the company inquired:—

"Who is this Mr. P. S. Forward—is he to be relied on?"

Whereupon a Democrat present declared that he had known him for many years,

that he was a good Democrat, and a highly respectable citizen of Philadelphia! With this endorsement the news was accepted as worthy of credit.

Sam's Lineage.

The lineage of this most illustrious personage runs back through a long line of glorious ancestry. We can trace him back to the immortal Charter of Liberty wrung from King John by the Barons of England, and on down to the baptism of yeast Boston, to Bunker Hill, Concord and Lexington, to the Declaration of Independence, which is his Father, and to the Constitution of the United States, which is his mother. Sam is therefore thus shown to be a "promising youth," one of these days before long his revilers will find it out to their sorrow. Mark the prediction!

A Fair Proposition.

The Hon. John M. Botts in his speech the other evening in Petersburg, said:

"In regard to some one of his denouncers having spoken of Fremontism staking through the State, as if it were in the American ranks, he said that no would ever come into a bond with any gentleman in the State that he would give ten dollars for every American vote that would be given in Virginia for Fremont, provided his opponents gave one dollar for every Democratic vote for the same."

I can see the above it appears that the Hon. gentleman knows in which ranks the *free-soilers* are.

Temperance Convention.

In view of the low state of the Temperance feeling in North Carolina, the "Spirit of the Age" proposes that a State Temperance Convention be held in Raleigh on the 25th November ensuing, to take into consideration what means shall be best used to revive the cause in our borders. We doubt not that such a proceeding, conducted with a proper view to the advancement of the great cause in which weal or woe the destinies of so many of the human family are involved, would have a most happy effect upon the community generally, and tell very favorably in behalf of the Temperance movement in this State.

Extensive Forgeries.

A Wall street broker in New York, named Huntington, has been detected in perpetrating forgeries to a large amount—some \$200,000—on several houses in the city. Huntington is a man whose credit and standing in the street have been unexceptionable. He is very respectable and fashionably connected. His operations create a great a sensation in social as in financial circles. Here we have another melancholy instance of crime in what is termed "high life."

The Western Pork Trade.

The Cincinnati Price Current says the contracts for Pork are as yet quite limited. Hounds now, and for some time past, have been asking \$6.20 and \$6.50 for early delivery; but there is now less disposition manifested to make contracts even at \$6.00-\$12 than there was in August.

Salisbury Herald.

The proprietors of the Salisbury Herald offer that establishment for sale. It is undoubtedly one of the best furnished Offices in the State, whether for newspaper, book work, or other job printing.

Incendiary Publications.

The "Saturday Evening Post," a Philadelphia paper, extensively circulated in this and other Southern States, is engaged in publishing Mrs. Beecher Stowe's new abolition novel *Uncle Tom's Cabin*, which has caused such a *furore* among the abolition celebrities of the North, as well as in the literary circles of London. We notice that some copies of this incendiary sheet are taken in our town, and we warn the public against its malign influence. Its circulation in these parts of the earth ought surely to be suppressed. We earnestly call the attention of Southern men to the abolition literary wars, which are peddled so extensively among them. The New York Herald, as we learn from another paper,—for we do not exchange papers with that dark concern,—says it has reason to believe, that from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, the South is full of book stores containing literary works, biographies, novels, periodicals, newspapers, &c., of the most incendiary kind. The town authorities of Mobile recently pitched into one of these concerns "like a thousand of bricks," and ran the proprietors with the sharpest kind of a stick.

Sabbath Breakers' Club.

This is the name of a genuine club, which exists in New York, and meets every Sunday to discuss whatever may come up. What a shirk would be set up by the long-armed philanthropists of the North, whose benevolence extends to the South, if such a club should be found here! We should not be at all astonished to hear of the formation of "A Country-slaying Club," "A Satanic Club," "A God-defying Club!" What a beautiful spectacle the "Tribune" and such prints presents in lecturing upon the morals of Southern slaves generally and New Orleans particularly!—We think their wholesale charity ought first to "begin at home." After that they might with some show of consistency dispense a portion thereof upon the heathens abroad.

Welcome Hin, ye Little Fry.

"Payne" Meedenburg Schwerin, a malignant swindler, is coming to this country to seek a quiet home. His peculations amount to about a half a million of pounds sterling—equal to about \$2,500,000. Stand aside, ye "staked and ridered ruffie-shirted" small fry, who have only swindled to the amount of \$50,000 or \$100,000, and make room for the "prince" of rogues and royalists. He is expected to land in New York, the great emporium of commerce and crime in this country, very soon.

The Wrecked Steamer—an Incident.

A few days ago the steamer Monmouth was wrecked in the Chesapeake Bay, by which easily nine passengers were lost in the wide waste of waters. The Norfolk Argus says that timbers, planks, &c., from the wreck are strewn along the shore near Little Creek inlet. We learn that trunks, clothing and other articles have also been found since the accident happened. But on Thursday, the body of a little girl about seven years of age floated ashore. We learn from a gentleman who saw the corpse, that it was singularly beautiful. The wild rage of the angry surf that bore it rapidly to the sandy shore, added by the fury of the winds that sung its solemn requieus at midnight, all failed to deprive it of its native charms. The full, round cheek, though pale and lifeless, and cold as marble, was still beautiful—lovely in death. The light, silken tresses that lay upon its death-cold brow and neck, with the well-wrought lace-work that told of maternal pride and fondness, gave a sad interest to the infant corpse, as it lay there alone and still in Death's relentless embrace, upon the cold sand and away from the home of its infant loves and joyous hours, and the happy pastimes of simple childhood.

Of course the remains of the unknown innocent were decently laid in the grave—

"Low in the grave."

Other bodies will no doubt be found in a few days.

Texas Items.

We learn from the New Orleans papers that Texas continues healthy, and is prosperous in all departments of business. The fall emigration has commenced setting in, and an accession of six hundred thousand souls is anticipated.—The cotton crop is short, but good, and commands from 10 to 11 cents.

Sugar crops are light. The monetary affairs of the country are in a safe and prosperous condition. Railroads are all the rage, and the moral and social condition of the people is rapidly improving.

The Legislature of Texas have appropriated \$30,000 for the purpose of equipping and fitting out emigrants for Kansas. Companies to consist of not less than sixty each, and the amount of each company not to exceed \$12,000, to defray their expenses and subsistence in Kansas for three months.

The

GO AHEAD.

When your plans of life are clear,
Go ahead—
But no faster than your brains;
Life is always in the rear.
If Dame Prudence has the reins,
Go ahead.

Do not ask too broad a test,
Go ahead—
Leaving never clears the sight;
When you do your duty best,
You will know best what is right,
Go ahead.

Never doubt a righteous cause,
Go ahead—

Throw yourself completely in;
Conscience shaping all your laws,
Manfully, through trial and tribulation,
Go ahead.

Do not ask what goes with honor—
Go ahead—

Numbers I span the coward's path!

If there be but one or two,

Single hand'd through it goes—
Go ahead.

Though before you mountains rise,
Go ahead—

Seal them—certainly you can;

Let them proudly dare the skies;

What are mountains to a man?

Go ahead.

Though fierce waters round you dash,
Go ahead—

Let no hard lip baffle you;

Though the heavens roar and dash,

Still undaunted, firm and true,
Go ahead.

Heed no man's golden bell;
Go ahead.

Make no compromise with sin;

Tell the serpent he looks well;

But you cannot let him in.
Go ahead.

Better days are drawing nigh:
Go ahead.

Making duty all your price,

You must prefer, live or die,

For all heaven's on your side.—
Go ahead.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

WENTWORTH is now preparing and opening his newly purchased stock of **SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS**, comprising almost every article of Dry Goods, Laces, &c., &c. He would call the particular attention of the ladies to his handsome stock of Capes, Sails, and lace **BONNETS**—newest styles all of the fine openings. Also, a handsome assortment of Ropes and Dress Goods of all descriptions; Mantillas, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the most accommodating terms. Call and examine before purchasing, and I have no fears of not being able to please, both in quality of goods and price.

He would hereby return his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that he has received for the last four years, and hopes by a strict attention to merit and receive a continuance of confidence and patronage of the public generally.

April 4, 1856. 876-11.

HELP YOUNG AMERICA.

DAMS & STEINER would most respectfully inform the public, that they have opened a new Hardware Establishment, in the town of Greensboro, on East Market street, a few doors below the Court House, in the building formerly occupied by C. A. Giles, where they would be pleased to have their friends call and examine their work, and meet their prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Those who want either single or double **BEDDING**, of any quality, from the **finest** **establishments**, will do nothing by giving them a call, as they are determined to sell at week, all of which is manufactured in their own hands, in the best materials, and in the most durable and **easy** manner, on such terms as cannot fail to give general satisfaction. As they are just commencing their career in life, they hope their friends will frames in interest in their success, in proportion to their own assiduity, industry and zeal, to merit their popularity, and a general support from those who stand in need of the articles they are engaged in manufacturing.

Greensboro', Feb. 1856. 714-1.

GEOG H. KELLY & BROTHERS COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND GENERAL DEALERS

Family Enterprises and Provisions.

No. 11 NORTH WATER STREET.

WHITING, N. C.

WEILL keep constantly on hand, Sugars, Coffees, Molasses, Cheeses, Flax, Butter, Lard, Soups, Canaries, Crackers, Starch, Oats, Salads &c.

O. G. Parsley, Finc. Compt. and Cashier, 1 Whiting, John Nichols, Jr., Bank of Whitington, Va.

A. M. Gandy, Druggist, Whiting.

J. E. Reavis, (Greensboro)

David McRitchie, (Greensboro)

To PAINTERS.—I have in store a lot of **soaps**, **varnishes**, consisting in part of S. P. Smith's Patent Furniture and Japan Varnish, which I offer low. WANTED to be as representative.

BRUSHES.—I would also ask that you call and examine the large stock of paint, varnish, bat varnish, soap tools, marking and stamping brushes, brushes, garners and staining brushes, staining combs, Paint and Glider's brushes, India-gum Paints and Fine Paints.

J. J. PATRICK'S DRUG STORE, West Street.

W. H. KELLY and CO.—Among other

the following articles can be had at

Thurston's Furniture Rooms,

West street, Greensboro, N. C. at every

way of price according to quality, viz:

BRELLING BUCKLES, with marble and malacca tops—a very large assortment;

Wardrobes, 1000-1200\$, Centre Tables, 1000-1200\$, Work do. 1000-1200\$, Extension Dining Tables, 1000-1200\$, Sofas, 1000-1200\$, Book Cases, &c.

A large supply of Walnutwood other plain woods, every variety and quality

WORTH JOHN CITY

COOTER-CLERK STYLES—Forwarding and General Commissioners

MERCHANTS, RAYEVILLE, N. C.

COFFEE COFFEE SUGAR SUGAR

JUST received a good supply of Rio, Laguna, &

Java Coffees, Brown and White Sugar

Adamsburg Candies &c., R. G. LINDSEY

Feb. 1856. 871-

A NEW AND Important Publication, Embracing an entire Library of the most valuable Information to all classes of Society.

PROPOSALS for publishing exclusively by subscription, a Cheap, Entertaining and highly valuable work, to be entitled

AMERICAN ENCYCLOPEDIA

History, Biography and Travels.

Handsomely Illustrated by numerous engravings and Portraits.

BY THOMAS H. PRESCOTT, A. M.

This valuable work will consist over one thousand large octavo pages printed upon good white paper, from new and beautiful type, and handsomely and substantially bound in embossed and gold spring back leather binding, and to be finely embellished with at least one hundred well executed Engravings, Illustrative of Historical Events, Geographical Places, Manufacture Natural Scenery, Landscapes, Pictures, Manuscripts, Public Buildings, Landmarks of Travel, National Characters, Manners and Customs, Delicacies of Civilization and Progress, Important Localities, Emigrations, Treaties, Conventions, &c., together with Printed and Portraits of Distinguished Americans, &c., &c. Also, two splendid full page Steel Engravings, representing Eastern and Western Scenes, designed and executed by eminent artists. The work will be intended to subscribers at the low price of 4 1/2¢ payable on delivery.

This unique volume will contain nearly all the various civil and geographical divisions of the globe, civilized and savage—Kingdoms, States, Nations and Tribes—the Constitutional Monarchs of Europe, the Dependencies of Asia and Africa and the free Republics of America. The great and striking events in the histories of nations, which are usually to be sought for through a multitude of books, are here gathered together and brought within the compass of a volume. Thus one great element in the contents of the work is worth more than the price of the volume.

The next distinguishing feature in the contents of the Encyclopedia will be its valuable Biography. Here are grouped together the great men of the past and present—who have left their impress and mark upon the age in which they lived—who have been the actors of the world's history and the promoters of its progress. There is no department of literature more important than Biography—none more instructive to the young, or more interesting to the old. Here are the written lives of the men who have enriched the world by their genius, or instructed it with their wisdom. The reader can trace their trials, and also the triumphs of the intellectual giants of our race. None can fail to read these instructive pages without a feeling vastly to the stores of his intellectual wealth.

Another new and highly interesting department of the work will be devoted to celebrated travelers. It is the adventurous and exciting spirit of these energetic persevering men that gives interest to our knowledge of distant savage and semi-savages regions of the earth. The lives of these daring men—in ships, tons, sailing and prairies on land and ocean; their infinite courage and unquenchable thirst for knowledge; their startling adventures and graphic descriptions often explored and unknown regions—of the new phases of human life, of strange customs and manners, and of religion, of marvelous developments in the natural world—all combine to render this feature of the work eminently attractive.

The subscriber is superintending the sale in North Carolina of the above described valuable work. He wishes to secure agents in every county in the State, to solicit subscribers to the work, and deliver the book, when ready for delivery, which will be in a short time. He will give liberal terms to active, energetic Agents. For further information on this subject, address him at Show Camp P. O., Alamance County, N. C.

HERMAN ALLEN, May 1, 1856.

Fall and Winter Goods.

We are receiving a very large stock of Fall and Winter Goods. Our stock of Satins and Fancy Dry Goods, hats, caps, boots, and shoes, will be found unusually large and variously selected for the wants and comfort of mankind generally in this section of the country.

And will be sold at an exceeding small advance on N. York prices.

WINBOURNE & WITTY, Oct. 3, 1856. 961-1.

KEITH & FLANNER, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, WILMINGTON, N. C.

THROUGH TRAVEL TO WILMINGTON FOR MAIL TRAIN

WE have made an arrangement with the Rail road Company to run a night train with their Mail Train, twice a week, from Salisbury to Wilmington, leaving Salisbury on Monday and Thursday—arrive at Wilmington on Tuesday and Friday. Our agent will accompany the car to receive and deliver freight at all the intermediate stations. The last car will leave Salisbury on Monday, 23d inst. KEITH & FLANNER, Wilmington, N. C., June 20, 1856. 867-1.

JOHN C. HARRIS, Oct. 10, 1856.

BLANKETS, BLANKETS—120 lbs. Extra Heavy extra size, all colors negro Blankets, WINBOURNE & WITTY, Oct. 3, 1856.

WANTED, A good wagon maker to work in my shop. Such a one by applying soon will find steady employment, and good wages.

W. M. WATSON, Fayetteville Sept. 28, 1856. 833-1.

NORTH CAROLINA, GUILFORD COUNTY—Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Aug. Term 1856.

JOHN HARRIS, Esq. John M. Trotter, C. N. McDonnell, Esq., same, Winbourne & Witty, Esq., same, Justice Judgment heard on Land.

Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State—it is ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the *Greensboro' Journal* for the defendant to be and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Guilford, at the court house in Greensboro', on the third Monday of November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur; otherwise judgment will be granted according to law.

Witness, Lyndon Swain, Clerk of said court at

the said Monday of August, 1856.

LYNDON SWAIN, C. C. C., Sept. 28, 1856. 833-1.

PRINTING

WE have just received a fresh supply of new and

FANCY TYPE.

which, added to our previously large and extensive

stock, will enable us to execute in a superior style, such printing as may be called for. We can now, with the utmost confidence, assure the public of our ability to compete in

style and beauty.

Our friends and the public generally are solicited to

SEND IN THEIR ORDERS,

and they shall be promptly attended to.

W. H. BENNETT, Printer, 11 North Water Street.

WANTNOTE and RETAIL.—Among other

the following articles can be had at

Thurston's Furniture Rooms,

West street, Greensboro, N. C. at every

way of price according to quality, viz:

BRELLING BUCKLES, with marble and

malacca tops—a very large assortment;

Wardrobes, 1000-1200\$, Centre Tables, 1000-1200\$, Work do. 1000-1200\$, Extension Dining Tables, 1000-1200\$, Sofas, 1000-1200\$, Book Cases, &c.

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