

# The Greensborough Patriot.

VOL. XV.

GREENSBOROUGH, N. C., NOVEMBER 12, 1853.

NO. 755.

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tisements as follows:

	3 MONTHS.	6 MONTHS.	1 YEAR.
One square,	\$3.00	\$5.50	\$8.00
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Three " (4 col.)	10.00	15.00	20.00
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## GREENSBOROUGH

### MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE cost of insurance on the mutual plan is but  
a small sum, compared with a joint stock com-  
pany. This company being located in the Western  
part of the State, consequently much the larger por-  
tion of the risks are in the West, very many of which  
are in the country.

The Company is entirely free from debt; have  
made no assessments, and have a very large amount  
in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently  
recommended to the public.

At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers  
were elected for the ensuing year:

JAMES SLOAN, President.  
S. G. COFFIN, Vice President.  
C. P. MENDENHALL, Attorney.  
PETER ADAMS, Sec'y and Treasurer.

### DIRECTORS.

James Sloan,	Dr. S. G. Coffin,
Dr. J. A. Mebane,	Jamison, Wm.
C. P. Mendenhall,	Wm. A. Wright,
Wm. S. Rankin,	Wilmington.
Rev. C. F. Deems,	Dr. C. Watkins,
James M. Garrett,	Carolina F. College.
Jed. H. Landry,	John I. Snover,
W. J. McConnell,	Salisbury.
W. J. McConnell,	John H. Cook,
E. F. Lilly,	Fayetteville.
Wadesborough,	J. J. Biggs,
W. P. Moore,	Raleigh.
Newbern.	Robert E. Troy,
H. H. Burwell,	Lumberton.
Henderson.	Dr. Robt. H. Seales,
J. L. Bridges,	Lenox Castle.
Tarborough.	PETER ADAMS,
W. H. CUMMING,	Secretary
General Agent.	732-ly.
May 10, 1853.	

### Books! Books!! Books!!!

JUST RECEIVED and for sale the following  
New Books, which will be sold low:

Shakespeare's works in Cloth and Morocco.	Nick Nacks.
Hauch Moore's works.	Sevens of Scotland.
Trapp's Poetical works.	Scorp's Fables.
Longfellow's "The Soul."	Summer and Winter of the soul.
Byron's "The Kirk Whites."	Peep at No. 5.
Hemans' "The Campbell's."	Archibald Cammeron, or Heart Trials.
Campbell's "The Howitt's."	Star of Bethlehem.
Cook's "The Wadsworth's."	Hyperion, by Longfellow.
Landor's "The Tom Moore's."	Yellow Puss Papers, by Thackeray.
Amelia's "The Mrs. Jackson's."	D'Aubigne's History of the Reformation.
Chambers and counter-chambers Sunbeams and Shadows.	Jaime's Life of William Pitt.
Reveries of a Bachelor. Dream Life.	Albums of all descrip- tions.
Wide Wide World. Mother's Recompense.	Methodist Hymn Books. Bibles, assorted.
Home Influence. Three Great Temptations.	Summerfield. Water Drops. Wild Flowers.
Beecher's Lectures to Young Men.	Paul and Virginia.
Faded Hope. Don Quixote.	Blithedale, by Hawthorn.
Anna Kity's Tales. Home Circle.	Lives of the Apostles. Paper Macha Port Fo- lio's.
Life of John Randolph.	Yankee Stories, by Judge Halburton.
Greensboro', June, 1853.	W. J. McCONNEL.

### NOTICE TO NORTH CAROLINA AND VIRGINIA MERCHANTS.

STEVENSON & WEDDELL,  
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF STAPLE AND  
FANCY DRY GOODS,  
PETERSBURG, Va.

NOW offer to the trade a large and command-  
ing assortment of **British and Continental  
Goods**, together with a large stock of **Domestic  
Fabrics**, purchased before the recent  
advance in prices.

Merchants are respectfully invited to call and ex-  
amine our assortment, as we feel confident we can  
offer as great inducements to purchasers as can be  
found in this or any other market.

N. B.—Orders promptly attended to.

September 17th, 1853.

### For Sale—On Good Terms.

A **House and Lot** in Liberty, about three  
hundred yards from the Court-house in Winst-  
on, Forsyth County. The lot contains two acres,  
well fenced. The house has four good-sized rooms  
and a cellar. There is a well of excellent water  
in the yard. The kitchen is ample, the smoke-house  
good. There is also an office in the front yard, on  
the corner of the street, and was formerly occupied  
as a tailor-shop. The stable has three stalls and a  
carriage shed. There is a flourishing young orchard  
on the place.

This eligible situation can be purchased on time,  
with good security, and on very reasonable terms.  
Apply to HENRY HORTON, Esq., Winston, the Rev.  
Charles F. Dyer, Greensboro', or JOHN A. ROCK,  
Glen Anna, Davidson county, N. C.

Oct. 19, 1853. 752-Gw

### NOTICE.

I shall offer for sale, at the court house door, in the  
Town of Greensboro', on Monday the 21st of  
November next, 400 acres of land, listed by Sally  
Peeples, on the waters of Haw River, adjoining the  
lands of Thomas Saunders and others,—or such  
quantity thereof as will pay the Taxes for 1851 and  
1852—\$4.60 for each of those years—together with  
the costs and charges of the sale.

W. A. WINBOURNE, Sheriff.

Oct. 18, 1853. 752-Gw. (pr. adv. \$2.25.)

### LADIES DRESS GOODS.

WE have something new for the Ladies in the way  
of Dress Goods, Ribbons, Cloaks, Tail-  
muffs, Swan's Down, Rignettes, Fascinators,  
Head-dresses, Caps, Cuffs, Gloves, Shoes, etc.

Sept., 1853. J. R. & J. SLOAN.

### DRUGS! DRUGS! DRUGS!!

W. C. PORTER,  
DEALER IN  
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.,  
HAS just received and opened a large assortment  
of Drugs and Medicines, comprising every  
article usually called for in this market. Also, an  
excellent lot of

Choice Perfumery,  
consisting of Colognes, Pomades, Extracts for Hand-  
kerchiefs, Powders, Soaps, &c., &c. Also, the fine-  
est Brands of Cigars ever offered in this market.  
Call at the sign of the Golden Mortar, East Street,  
Greensborough, N. C.  
October 7th, 1853.

### T. J. PATRICK, WHOLESALE & RETAIL DRUGGIST, GREENSBOROUGH, N. C.

IS receiving fresh accessions to his Stock of Drugs,  
Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varieties, Dye-Stuffs,  
Glassware, Brushes, Perfume, Patent Medicines,  
&c., already the most extensive and complete ever  
offered in this market.

Physicians and others will find it to their interest  
to call at his Drug Store on West street, where he  
will endeavor to furnish them with everything in his  
line of business, on the most reasonable terms.

Physicians and family prescriptions carefully com-  
pounded at all hours—day or night.

Punctual attention given to orders from a distance

1853.

### FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE undersigned are now receiving the largest  
STOCK OF GOODS in their line that they have  
ever offered to the trade, consisting of a very exten-  
sive assortment of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE,  
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, & READY-MADE  
CLOTHING. To which they invite the attention of  
their old customers and wholesale buyers generally.

HALL & SACKETT.

Fayetteville, Aug. 20, 1853. 744-ly.

### COOPER, LIPPINCOTT, COFFIN & CO., (Late MURPHY, COOPER & Co.) Wholesale Dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.

No. 34 North Third Street,  
Opposite the City Hotel, Philadelphia.

CHARLES S. COOPER, CHAS. F. DEHL, STEPHEN COFFIN

WM. V. LIPPINCOTT, (708-ly) DANIEL MURPHY

T. C. ALDRIGHT, R. F. ARMFIELD.

ALBRIGHT & ARMFIELD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HAVING permanently located in Greensborough,

will attend promptly to all business intrusted

to their care. January 10th, 1853. 712-ly.

R. M. ORRELL,

Commission and Forwarding

MERCHANT.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. C. POE,

DEALER IN STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

HAY STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

July 24, 1853. 739-ly.

MICHAEL TRACY,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Confectionary Fruits and Groceries.

No. 204 Market St., ab. 6th & 8. Side,

NEXT DOOR TO RED LION HOTEL,

PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

J. B. STARR, J. M. WILLIAMS.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, UMBRELLAS,

AND

Ready-Made Clothing,

HAY STREET, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

May, 2853. 729-ly.

WORTH & ELLIOTT,

(Successors to J. D. Williams.)

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. A. WORTH, [W. F. ELLIOTT.]

T. C. WORTE,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANT,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

EFLAND & WOODBURN,

FASHIONABLE TAILORS,

South Street,

GREENSBOROUGH, N. C.

DR. JOHN L. COLE, having permanently

located in Greensboro', offers his Services

in the various branches of his Profession to the citi-  
zens of Greensboro' and adjacent country.

January 22, 1853. 713-ly

WANTED—30 HANDS, to work at Nor-  
mal College. Application to be made to  
H. C. WORTH, Greensborough,  
THOS. RICE, Franklinsville,  
or SMITH LEACH, Nor. College.

Liberal wages in cash will be given.

March, 1853. 723-ly. RICE & WORTH.

NEW BUGGIES and 2 Barouches for

sale by RANKIN & McLEAN.

June 15, 1853.

FOR RENT.—The house formerly occupied

by Dr. Butcher, east of Albright's hotel.

August 5, 1853. RANKIN & McLEAN.

Larksville Cotton Yarns, for sale by

R. G. LINDSAY.

Feb. 3, 1852.

Rock Island Jeans and Casimeres—

kept constantly on hand and for sale by

R. G. LINDSAY.

For Sunday Schools and Bible Classes

QUESTIONS on Matthew, Mark, Luke and John

and the Acts of the Apostles. For sale.

Jan. 1853. R. G. LINDSAY.

Ropes, Ropes.—Just received and for sale.

Wholesale and retail, a large quantity of ropes,

of all sizes and kinds, of southern manufacture.

Aug. 26th, 1852. RANKIN & McLEAN.

### THE SABBATH.

BY SIR E. BOLWER LYTON.  
Fresh glides the brook and blows the gale,  
Yet yonder halts the quiet mill;  
The whirling wheel, the rushing sail,  
How motionless and still!

Six days of toil, poor child of Cain,  
Thy strength the slave of Want may be;  
The seventh thy limbs escape the chain—  
A God hath made thee free!

Ah, tender as the Law that gave  
This holy respite to the breast,  
To breathe the gale, to watch the wave,  
And know—the wheel may rest!

But where the waves the gentlest glide  
What image charms, to lift thine eyes?  
The spire reflected on the tide  
Invites thee to the skies.

To teach the soul its nobler worth  
This rest from mortal toil is given;  
Go, snatch the brief reprieve from earth  
And pass—a guest to heaven.

They tell thee, in their dreaming school,  
Of Power from old dominion hurled,  
When rich and poor, with juster rule,  
Shall share the altered world.

Alas! since time itself began,  
That table hath but foiled the hour;  
Each age that ripens Power in Man,  
But subjects Man to Power.

Yet every day in seven, at least,  
One bright republic shall be known;  
Man's world awhile hath surely ceased,  
When God proclaims his own!

Six days may Rank divide the poor,  
O Dives, from thy banquet-hall—  
The seventh the Father opens the door,  
And holds His feast for all!

### THE PATRIOT.

Important European Intelligence.  
Turkish Declaration of War.

The steamship Arctic, arrived at New York on  
the 30th, brought Liverpool dates to the 19th ult.

The condition of the Eastern question has  
drawn from the Turkish Government another  
manifesto, which is pronounced by the London  
Times to be one of the strongest and most un-  
assailable state papers issued during the present  
century. The London Post says it is certain  
that Russia is already morally defeated, and that  
she will soon be materially defeated.

Hostilities on the Danube and on the shores  
of the Caspian sea are deemed inevitable. A  
despatch from Vienna of the 17th says that  
Gortschakoff replied to the Turkish summons  
by saying that he has no authority either to com-  
mence hostilities, to make peace, or to evacuate  
the principalities; and therefore he refuses to do  
either. Omar Pasha notified the Russian com-  
mander that if he did not leave the Principalities  
before the 26th instant hostilities would be com-  
menced. Old Gen. Paskiewitch has taken the  
chief command of the Russian army in the Prin-  
cipalities.

The Turkish declaration of war is published  
in full. It is temperate and high spirited. It  
lays no embargo on Russian ships, and fully  
protests the right of commerce. When the Czar  
learned this declaration it is said that he became  
furious and threatened to wage a war of exter-  
mination against the Turks.

The Russian subjects in Turkey have been  
placed under Austrian protection, and Austria  
and Prussia have recalled their subjects from the  
Turkish service. The indications are that these  
two Powers will maintain a neutral position.

On the 5th of October the combined fleets of  
Great Britain and France were observed to be  
preparing to advance on Constantinople. The  
Turks will allow neutral flags to the Danube till  
the 25th instant, but no longer.

Letters by way of Vienna state positively that  
Marshal Paskiewitch is appointed to command  
of the army in the Principalities. They add that  
the Marshal had already left for the Danube, and  
was probably at headquarters. Gortschakoff  
was only chief of the staff. Paskiewitch is a  
bout seventy-six years of age, and is known for  
his campaigns in Poland and Persia. It was  
also stated that the Turks intended commencing  
hostilities in the direction of the Black Sea and  
in Georgia. The Russians have about eighty  
thousand men in those parts.

Omar Pasha is stated to have written to the  
Government offering to cross the Danube and  
force Russians from their position if fifty thou-  
sand more men be given him. Notwithstanding  
this, it was considered doubtful if hostilities  
would commence on the Danube this winter, as  
neither commander would choose to have such a  
river in his rear. The Russians are posted in  
three strong bodies, so that they might attempt  
to cross the river simultaneously at three points.

A battle was fought on the 27th ultimo between  
the Russians and the Circassians under Schamyl.  
The latter were defeated and retired to the moun-  
tains. It is said that the loss on both sides was  
heavy.

The Japan Expedition.  
The steamer Arctic brought news of the visit  
of the United States expedition to Japan. Com-  
modore Perry had an interview with two Impe-  
rial Princes, to whom he delivered the friendly  
letter of the President of the United States, and  
the Commodore is to return to Japan next spring  
for a reply. The expedition sailed from Jeddo  
on the 17th of August.

The North China Mail, of August 11th, has  
the following interesting account of the move-  
ments of the expedition:

The appearance of the steamers—the first ever  
seen in Japanese waters—with the other vessels  
in tow, moving with all sails furled, at the rate  
of nine or ten knots an hour, appeared to produce  
considerable sensation among the Japanese, and  
all the trading junks, with which the bay was  
crowded, carefully kept out of their way.

As the vessels were coming to anchor, two  
shells or rockets were fired into the air from a

battery about a mile distant, but apparently as a  
signal, and not as a token of hostility. Several  
Government boats immediately came off, and en-  
deavored to put on board the vessel the usual no-  
tification to foreigners, warning them to depart.

They were not regarded, however, and the Deputy  
Governor of Uraga, who was the only person  
allowed to come on board, was notified that if  
the Japanese authorities endeavored to surround  
the ships with the usual cordon of boats, it would  
lead to very serious consequences. A few boats,  
nevertheless, lingered around the Susquehanna,

but the sight of some warlike preparations satis-  
fied them that Commodore Perry was in earnest,  
and they quickly retired. During the stay of the  
squadron in the bay it was never afterwards visit-  
ed by any boats, except those containing the of-  
ficials through whom the negotiations were car-  
ried on.

The next morning, Yezalom, the Governor of  
Uraga, and a nobleman of the third rank, came  
off, and, after ascertaining the object of the visit,  
asked for time to dispatch an express to Jeddo,  
in order to communicate the information and ob-  
tain instructions how to act. During the three  
days which elapsed before the answer arrived, the  
Mississippi made a trip of about ten miles  
further up the bay, finding every where deep  
soundings. Beyond the promontory of Uraga,  
a point which no foreign vessel had passed be-  
fore, she discovered a large and beautiful bight,  
which was perfectly land-locked, and offered the  
most secure and commodious anchorage. She  
was followed at a distance by a number of Gov-  
ernment boats, but none of them attempted to in-  
terfere with her.

On Tuesday, the 12th, an answer arrived from  
Jeddo, stating that the Emperor had appointed  
an officer of the highest rank to proceed to Ura-  
ga, and receive the letter of the President of the  
United States, and satisfactory proofs having  
been given to Commodore Perry that this ap-  
pointment came directly from the Imperial Gov-  
ernment, it was arranged that the interview should  
take place on the morning of the 14th.

The Japanese selected the small town of Go-  
rihama, about three miles south of Uraga, for the  
interview. On the morning of the 14th the Sus-  
quehanna and the Mississippi took up a position  
off the town, and lay with their broadsides to the  
shore. The Governor and Deputy Governor of  
Uraga, with the commandant of the military for-  
ces, came off to accompany the Commodore to the  
landing place. The officers and men detailed to  
accompany Commodore Perry amounted to about  
four hundred, while the force of the Japanese  
was variously estimated at from five to seven  
thousand.

The Commodore was escorted, with the Ameri-  
can colors flying and the bands playing the na-  
tional air "Hail Columbia," to the house of re-  
ception. Here he was received by the Prince of  
Idzu, first Councillor of the Emperor, who was  
accompanied by the Prince of Iwami. The let-  
ter of the President and Commodore Perry's let-  
ter of credence were formally delivered, and an  
official receipt given in return by the two Prin-  
ces. The Commodore stated that, in order to give  
the Japanese Government ample time for con-  
sideration, he would depart in three or four  
days and return in a few months to receive the  
reply.

On the following day Commodore Perry, in the  
Mississippi, went about ten miles beyond this  
making a total distance of twenty miles beyond  
the limit of previous exploration. From the deck  
of the frigate a crowd of shipping was seen seven  
or eight miles to the northward; and, from the  
number of junks continually going and coming,  
it was evident that this was the anchorage in  
front of the capital. The officers of the Susque-  
hanna and Mississippi speak with admiration of  
the beauty of the shores and the rich cultivation  
and luxuriant vegetation which they every where  
witnessed. The natives with whom they came  
in contact were friendly in their demeanor, and  
the Governor of Uraga is spoken of as a model  
of refinement and good breeding.

The day before the departure of the squadron  
the Governor went on board the Susquehanna,  
taking with him a number of presents, consisting  
of articles of lacquered ware and other Japanese  
manufactures.

The Northwest Passage.  
The subjoined article from the Boston Jour-  
nal supplies the information referred to by the  
previous articles from England respecting the al-  
leged accomplishment by Com. McClure of the  
Northwest Passage. The chief interest which  
we feel in the solution of this "geographical prob-  
lem" arises from the hope that it may put an  
end to any further attempts to explore those frozen  
regions, so destitute from all reward for the privations,  
perils, and sacrifices which have for a cen-  
tury past been expended in exploring them, and  
which Nature herself would seem to have for-  
bidden.

The Discovery of a Northwest Passage.—  
From our files of European papers, which have  
come to hand by the last arrival, we gather the  
following interesting description of the voyage of  
the British ship Investigator, Capt. McClure, in  
the Northern seas. Although Capt. McClure  
has undoubtedly demonstrated the existence of a  
channel, leading from Barrow's Strait into the  
great Northern sea, about which so much has  
been said by previous explorers, and connecting  
thence directly with the Pacific by Behring's  
Strait, still he has not succeeded in carrying a  
vessel through, and it is exceedingly doubtful if  
the Investigator will be able to accomplish the  
passage.

The last which was seen or heard of the In-  
vestigator, before her arrival at her present loca-  
tion, was on the 5th of August, 1850, off the  
northwest coast of Russia in America, when she  
was running to the northeastward with studding  
sails set. She rounded Point Barrow with but  
little difficulty, after which she was detained some  
days by thick weather, fogs, and contrary winds;  
which last, however, proved rather an advantage  
than otherwise, as they kept the ice open, and  
the necessity of working to windward between  
the polar pack and the gradually sloping shore  
gave them the means of avoiding dangers. On the  
26th Aug. they reached the mouth of Mackenzie  
river, finding at this point a channel of ninety  
miles in width between the ice pack and the shore.

On the 30th they passed Cape Bathurst. Soon  
after, when off Cape Parry, a view of open wa-  
ter to the northward induced Capt. McClure to  
push for Bank's Land. When within sixty miles  
of that cape they fell in with an unknown coast,  
which they called Barrow Island. Passing up a  
strait between this island on the west and a coast  
which they called Prince Albert's Land on the  
east, they reached the latitude of 73 deg., when  
their passage was obstructed by ice, and they  
were forced to prepare for wintering in the pack,  
and, after drifting to the southward about twenty  
miles, were finally frozen up for the season. In  
the succeeding autumn and spring travelling par-  
ties were sent out in every direction, and much  
of the adjacent coasts explored. On the 14th of  
July the ice broke up, and an attempt was im-  
mediately made to push the ship to the northward  
towards Melville Island; but an impenetrable  
pack of ice which opposed their progress, in lat-  
tude 75 degrees 35 minutes north, longitude 115  
west, prevented this exploration of what their ex-  
ploring parties in the previous October proved to be  
the real northwest passage. They then round-  
ed the southern shore of Baring Island, and, coast-  
ing its west side, succeeded in reaching as far as  
latitude 74 00, longitude 117 12, where they  
were frozen in on the 24th September, 1851, and  
have remained firmly fixed in the ice up to the  
date of the despatches in April last.

Subsequent to the freezing up of the Investi-  
gator a record was deposited at Winter Harbor by  
Capt. McClure, while on an exploring expedition,  
which record



# THE PATRIOT.

GREENSBOROUGH:

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1853.

The communication on the sale of the State bonds is from a gentleman of many years experience in New York. His statements are reliable. We do not blame the Treasurer; but we seriously doubt the policy of making so large a debt out of the State. It ought to be a domestic debt. More anon.

## Thanksgiving.

Governor Reid has by proclamation set apart the last Thursday (the 24th day) of November to be observed as a day of solemn and public thanksgiving in this State.

The 24th has been appointed for public thanksgiving by the Governors of nine of ten States.

## The Wilmington Railroad.

The report of the auditing committee for the year ending in September, on the affairs of the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad, show that the net profits exceed by \$46,717.71 those of the year previous; the through travel is also increased to the amount of \$13,710.00; the way travel \$59,213.50; the freight \$2,388.14, over the previous year's receipts. Like numerous other works of the same kind, the Wilmington Road endured its days of darkness; but now enjoys a steady tide of prosperity.

## Maryland Election.

At the election held in the State of Maryland, the 2d inst., Thomas W. Ligon, Democrat, was elected Governor; of the six Congressmen the Whigs have elected two and the Democrats four; in the Legislature the Whigs have a majority of both branches, which will enable them to elect a United States Senator. In the city of Baltimore the Whigs nominated no Legislative ticket, but supported the ticket presented by the advocates of the Maine liquor law, containing the names of an equal number of Whigs and Democrats. This ticket prevailed over the regular Democratic nominations.

## Next Governor.

The names of D. M. Barringer, J. W. Osborne, H. W. Miller, J. A. Gilmer, N. W. Woodfin, Alfred Dorkery, and some others, have been mentioned by several Whig papers in connexion with the next canvass for Governor of the State. From among those named, and a score of others who might be named, a selection worthy of the Whig party and of the State may be made without difficulty. But we cannot see the purpose of this early agitation of the matter, unless it is to perpetrate a compliment upon some favorite; and, indeed, the merit of such compliment seems somewhat doubtful, when we consider the chances of defeat awaiting the candidate. With political issues pretty evenly balanced, our Democratic opponents have held the popular advantage in the State issues presented; and they will continue to hold them if more wise and decisive measures are not adopted and carried out than heretofore. Our platform last summer was a year ago, was a rickety one, we did not feel safe upon it, though it was the best place we could get to stand upon, and we agreed to—to catch a fall with the rest. We still think, as we thought and urged with all our might previous to the opening of the last canvass, that our candidate must assume decided ground in favor of an unrestricted Convention of the people with a view to State constitutional reform; and even then it may require a second trial before success will crown his efforts. The doctrine of tinkering away our old constitution and tinkering up a new one in its place, for the convenience of a set of political partisans, can only be counteracted by a free and open convention; and any bold advocate of the latter, not otherwise exceptionable, will succeed, or our faith in the virtue and intelligence of the people of North Carolina is sadly misplaced.

The Wilmington Journal brings forward the name of Dr. Columbus Mills, of Rutherford, for the honors of the Democratic nomination for Governor. We think his position is a favorable one for the nomination.

## Exchanges.

Certain of our Northern exchange papers are so costly in their 'getting up,' so interesting, and at the same time refrain so entirely from the annoyance of requests to 'please notice,' that we feel under obligation to 'put in a good word' for them, of our free untrammelled will and pleasure. The most sparkling of course attracts attention first:

"THE HOME JOURNAL."—This is one of the most pleasant, piquant, and every way agreeable literary Weeklies extant. Morris & Willis, the conductors of this Journal, have long been known to fame in the elegant and fashionable departments of literature—Morris as the best song-writer in America, and Willis, famous in years past for his poetry and in later times for his easy and brilliant essays and sketches about every thing. You may call Willis a "literary dandy," or whatever else you please,—but his sentiments, as 'entered of record' in the vicissitudes of each passing week, show him to be a man of genuine manly heart; and *certain* no man's sentiments are promulgated with a more surprising and agreeable flow of language. The Journal is published in New York, at \$2 a year.

"ARTHUR'S HOME GAZETTE" is a weekly paper of more staid and serious cast, and perhaps better adapted than any of its class to the wants of the rural family circle. It is sustained by the celebrated story-writer, T. S. Arthur, and may be carried into the domestic circle with the most perfect confidence that nothing in the least offensive to delicacy will be found in its columns.

"ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE" is a monthly pamphlet, made up from the standard matter of the Gazette, embellished with fine engravings, and presented in form for preservation. The Gazette and Magazine are each \$2 a year, or less where several numbers are taken. Both, \$3 a year. Published by T. S. Arthur, Philadelphia.

"GLEASON'S PICTORIAL DRAWING ROOM COMPANION." We doubt whether there is a better executed periodical of the kind in the world. The character of its literature is generally instructive. The printing is done in the best style of the art, on fine white paper. But the pictures—they are what we look at! They occupy the principal portion of one whole "form" of the paper, and are executed with a spirit and freedom of pencil (if we may use the term) hardly attained in the common run of copper plates. We will mention the pictures in one number, for Oct. 22, with the remark that the contents of every number are equally varied and rich: 1. Grouse Shooting, an animated forest sketch. 2. Mrs. Barney Williams as the 'Yankee Girl.' 3. Mr. Barney Williams as 'Ragged Pat.' 4. Odd Fellows Hall, New Orleans. 5. Crossing of the Alleghany, Pennsylvania Railroad. 6. Launch of 'The Great Republic,' the largest merchant ship in the world. 7. The Raising of Jairus's Daughter, from a painting in the New York Exhibition. 8. Parker White's Exhibition of Agricultural Machines, at the late Mechanic's Fair in Boston. 9. Porcelain and Flint Ware, exhibiting at the Crystal Palace, from Bennington, Vermont. 10. 'The First Step'—an engraved representation of a marble statue in the Crystal Palace. 11. Cage of Cupids, at the Palace. 12. Portrait of Rev. Joseph Cummings. 13. Bromfield Street Church, Boston. 14. The Lamas of Peru. 15. 16, 17. Illustrative of the use of Opium in China. The Pictorial is published weekly, by F. Gleason, Boston. Price for one subscriber, one year \$3; 2 do. \$5; 4 do. \$9; 8 do. \$16.

"MOUNTAIN COVE JOURNAL," published in Fayette co., Va., is one of most extraordinary curiosities in newspaperdom—purporting to be a medium through which information from the spirit world is disclosed to man! Amongst much of incomprehensible jargon we occasionally find wild and beautiful fancies which can emanate from no other than a highly poetic brain. It is all intended to pass upon the reader as the teaching of truth; and the moral impression made upon the mind is good and elevating, if we could only believe the author sincere. We can respect even a delusion, if sincere. But it is hard for us, (who are "of the earth, earthy," to believe that any man with intelligence enough to write good grammar, can so far delude himself as to think that he knows all about the character, habits and prospects of the inhabitants of Jupiter and the other planets!—The "Journal" is henceforth to be merged into a bi-weekly issue, in pamphlet form, at one dollar per volume of 13 numbers, entitled, "The Discursive Encyclopedia: a compend of truths, knowledge and historical narrations, derived from the internal sense of the Word, from the ultimations of divine love and wisdom, and from vocal and visual communication with the spirit world and with the heavenly spirits." The following are mentioned among other subjects to be contained in this volume: "The true doctrine concerning the resurrection;" "Narration concerning angels who formerly inhabited the planet Saturn, and concerning the unfolding of divine truth in their midst;" "Electrical sphere of man, and also concerning the electrical sphere encompassing the natural earth;" "Vocal and logical harmonies originating in the world of spirits," &c., &c.—Amid the nonsense and eccentricities of this queer journal, we occasionally see poetic flights like the following, which has for its text, "God is Love:"

"His Word of Truth, from whence creation came, Is love out-spoken. Time in love began And space. The sun and paradise and man Bloomed from Love's breath of flame. Love is the source and element of might: Love rolls the planets round their central sun: Love rolls the heavens round the Father's throne: Love fills them all with light. Love was before all ages. Love awoke The morning stars and taught them how to sing. Love dwelt with God and saw creation spring To being when He spoke. Love lit the many-colored lamps of time From the white fires of one eternity. Love built the temple of immensity. And reared its dome sublime. And Love is endless: when its own vast fane In its own luster has exhaled away, And suns are fused into immortal day, With all their stellar train: Love shall endure; and, regnant from above, Eternalize, inspire and bless its own Angelic hosts with joys before unknown; For God, our God, is Love."

## Western Railroad.

In compliance with a call made by Messrs. Smith & Colby, a general meeting of the Stockholders of the Western Railroad Company was held on Thursday last, at the Fayetteville Hall, at 3 o'clock, P. M. John H. Cook, Esq., was called to the Chair, and Mr. John M. Rose was appointed Secretary. A call of stock having been made, it was ascertained that a large majority was represented.

Mr. Colby offered a resolution proposing to refund so much of the 2d instalment as had been already paid, and to suspend the collection of so much of it as had not been paid, until a general meeting of stockholders should have fixed the Western terminus of the Road. This resolution not receiving a second, Mr. Colby withdrew it, and offered a by-law for adoption. Mr. McNeill offered an amendment to the by-law, which was accepted by Mr. Colby. The by-law, as amended, vested in a general meeting of stockholders the power of determining the location of the Road, its Western terminus, and the commencement of its construction, and provided that no assessments should be called for until those matters were determined, which should be done at a General Meeting to be held within 30 days after the completion of the survey. This proposition gave rise to a prolonged debate, which was at length terminated by an adjournment to meet again on Friday at 11 o'clock, A. M.

On Friday at 11 o'clock, A. M., the meeting was called to order, and, upon motion, the by-law offered by Mr. Colby was unanimously rejected. The President of the Road then read a report from the Chief Engineer. On motion, the meeting then adjourned sine die.

Mr. Colby was accompanied to this place by Henry W. Miller, Esq., of Raleigh, and Mr. F. Upton, of New York city, as counsel. The whole party went off in the Raleigh stage on Thursday night. It was understood before they left, that they had procured an injunction from Judge Potter, (U. S. District Judge,) of this place, against the sale of the stock of Smith & Colby on the 5th inst., according to advertisement made. We shall not be taken by surprise, therefore, if it should reach here in time to stop the sale.

The Observer, of a later date, states that the sale of stock, on the 5th, was stopped by an injunction. The Directors expect to obtain a hearing at the Federal court at Raleigh and have the injunction dissolved.

The Engineer employed in the survey of the Road reported to the above meeting that the survey would be ready for the letting of contracts in about a week, and that the whole Road might be constructed and completed, ready for business, by the 1st of Oct. 1854.

## A Proper Rebuke.

Pending the election for a Judge of the Criminal Court, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, the German population of the city, in organized mass, demanded a recognition of some of the infidel and anti-American doctrines which they had brought with them from Europe, to wit: in subverting the grand jury system and destroying the restraints on the observance of the Sabbath. Some of the candidates were ready to accede to their demands! But it is gratifying to learn that both American parties—Whigs and Democrats—the most violent partisans among them—united in giving to an American candidate (Mr. Leckland) an overwhelming majority: thus rebuking this first open attempt to engraft European socialism upon society in this country. Feeble attempts of the same kind are made by foreigners in some other parts of the Union; they will probably meet with like rebuke. We trust that our American power of absorption will always be found sufficient to prevent any radical change in the elements of our society.

## Insubordination.

Insubordination is, according to Webster, "disobedience to lawful authority." Mr. Guthrie, therefore, in charging insubordination upon Mr. Collector Bronson, accused him of "disobedience to lawful authority"—nothing more and nothing less than this. Now does the Register, or any other Whig journal, mean to say that Mr. Guthrie has no right to require of his subordinates obedience to "lawful authority?"—Fayetteville Carolinian.

We do not wish to interfere in the skirmishes of the Carolinian and the Register; but we do really desire to be informed whether or not the Carolinian holds, that when Mr. Bronson declined the making of sub-appointments from among the free-soilers, he was disobedient to "lawful authority?" In other words, whether Mr. Guthrie had authority of law to direct Mr. Bronson in these appointments? To the law and the testimony, Mr. Carolinian! If Mr. Secretary Guthrie had not the law on his side—the "lawful authority" for his interference,—then, indeed, in the language of the Register, "it seems to be taken for granted that all who hold offices under this so-called democratic administration, are its slaves, who dare not utter a sentiment or perform an act which is not sanctioned by authority."

## Cabinet Letters.

Mr. Attorney General Cushing, (no doubt under a sense of Secretary Guthrie's success in letter writing,) wrote a letter lately to the Boston Post, arguing against a coalition of Free-Soilers and Democrats, symptoms of which were apparent in that State. The first response to this letter is from the Free-Soil and Democratic Conventions of Worcester county, where a coalition was formed with entire unanimity and great enthusiasm. The Democrats passed a resolution spurning all dictation, from whatever quarter it may come. A Washington correspondent of the Charleston Courier gives the motive of Mr. Cushing's letter, to wit: to operate upon the elections in Maryland, Mississippi and New York.

Such a spectacle has never before been presented to the country—the Cabinet Ministers continually and notoriously engaged in the partisan squabbles of political factions.

The Raleigh Standard and its confederates are spreading themselves against the new Democratic organ which is to be established in Raleigh the first of the ensuing year. They will have the said organ written into notice—an appetite for it will be created—by the time it starts. Like the factions of John and Simon in Jerusalem at the time of the Roman invasion, the Standard and Statesman will fight each other like wild cats, but the Whigs may look for the deadly hostility of both.

We wish them both all the success they desire and deserve in their own quarrel!

Mr. L. D. Orrell presented us last week the largest pumpkin we recollect ever to have seen. It weighed 68 lbs., and is believed to be a lineal descendant of that celebrated pumpkin, the shell of which was converted by Peter Pumpkinseed, Esq., into a cage to keep his wife in. It is some punkin.

At a public execution at Philippi, Barbours county, Va., five hundred women were present. The Raleigh papers mention that a large number of women were present at the recent execution of Perry in that city. Nuff said!

## Effects of Advertising.

The Charleston Courier, of a recent date, makes the following sensible remarks in regard to the indications of a paper well filled with mercantile advertisements. And we may be pardoned in saying that it has much the same effect upon the judgments and opinions of all men of correct discrimination, whether they be interested in the matter or not. Says the Courier:—"In looking over our exchanges published in this State, received by yesterday's mail, we were much gratified to perceive the very large number of advertisements that appeared in each, not solely because it naturally pleases us to see those engaged in the same laborious business as ourselves successful, but because it indicates a progressive spirit and a prosperous condition of affairs—indeed, in our opinion, there is no truer barometer of the degree of commercial prosperity, to which a city, town, village or district has attained, than the advertising columns of their respective papers."

A letter from Vienna, dated 10th October, says:—"All the recent intelligence from the East confirms me in the belief, that the enthusiasm of the Turks is constantly increasing. They believe that Islam is in danger, and are determined at all hazards to stand by the flag of the Prophet. The Russians are also clamorous for war—the taking of the Holy Sepulcher from the Infidels being the great object placed before their minds. The late journey of Nicholas through Russia and Poland bears a striking analogy to the pilgrimage of Peter the Hermit. He made it a point to visit all the orthodox Greek temples, where, amid incessant bell-hammerings, his Imperial Highness showed his religious zeal by kissing innumerable crosses and holy things. He is attempting to infuse into his subjects the same spirit that led the hordes of the Crusades toward the Holy Places."

## Items of Intelligence.

During one week in October the New York Crystal Palace was visited by 77,235 persons, and the receipts reached \$27,983.50, being an average of \$4.662 per day.

Rev. Tiberias G. Jones, pastor of the Free Mason street Baptist church, Norfolk, has been elected President of Wake Forest College, N. C.

The steam fire engine in Cincinnati has been so successful that it is proposed to increase their number so as to suspend entirely the old mode of putting out fires.

The democratic (hard-shell) convention of Orange county, N. Y., has declared for ex-collector Bronson as their choice for U. S. Senator in place of Mr. Seward, whose term expires in 1855.

Abbott Lawrence has announced his intention of bestowing \$50,000 on the Lawrence Scientific School at Cambridge, in addition to the same amount given by him to that institution eight years ago.

An eminent ship-builder has obtained an order from the Russian Government to build a hundred-gun propeller for the Russian navy. The locomotives and cars for the Russian railways have been made in this country for some time past.

The number of students connected with the Harvard University is seven hundred—a greater number, probably, than has ever before belonged at one time to any literary institution in America.

A southern paper says, "Gen. Jackson's Cabinet was a unit"; but the cabinet of Gen. Pierce is a cipher. A western editor, however, thinks that "it is composed of vulgar fractions."

At the dead letter office in Washington about two thousand bushels of letters are annually opened.

During his visit to Boulogne, Louis Napoleon presented the military medal to the Gendarme who arrested him in 1840. The Emperor, in presenting it, said to him, "I admire men who obey orders."

New York city has 112 piers, of which 55 are on the North river, and 57 on the East. Some of them extend out nearly an eighth of a mile into the river.

There are ninety-two hotels in the city of New York, and they have all been full to overflowing the past season.

In Russia, one person in two hundred and twenty receives instruction at a school of some kind; in the United States, the proportion is one to five.

Through September and October, the receipts of the New York Crystal Palace averaged upwards of \$4000 per day, while the current expenses were but \$600. The Directors have resolved to keep the Exhibition open all the winter.

The Sandwich Islands—twelve in number—embrace a superficial area of about six thousand one hundred square miles. Four of the islands are rocky and uninhabited.

A Socialist emigration is on the eve of leaving Europe to join Messrs. Victor Consignat and Brisbane, in their phalanstery of Texas. Several artists and writers are among the emigrants.

The United States is now engaged in building custom houses at New Orleans, Mobile, Charleston, Louisville, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Richmond, Norfolk, Wilmington, Delaware, and Bath, Me.

An expedition for Liberia, from the New York State Colonization Society, was to sail from Baltimore the 1st inst., and from Norfolk on the 5th. Another expedition is to sail from Savannah on the 1st of December.

At Memphis, the other day, whiskey was mixed with water and given to a mule. It made the animal "glorious drunk," and he behaved quite as foolishly as a man would under the circumstances.

The force now employed on the Capitol Extension, consists of 200 marble cutters and assistants, 200 laborers, 90 carpenters, 71 bricklayers, besides other mechanics, in less numbers. Upwards of 50,000 bricks are laid daily.

The colored men of Illinois have been holding a State Convention at Chicago, to consider their proper course under the law recently passed there, compelling them either to leave the State or be sold.

The Emperor of China is in his 32d year; the Emperor of Austria is 23; and the Sultan of Persia is 20. Three young men rule one-third of the world.

Robert W. Johnson, late member of the United States House of Representatives, has been appointed by the Governor of Arkansas, to fill the vacancy in the United States Senate caused by the resignation of the Hon. Solon Borland, now filling a diplomatic station.

The Howard Association of New Orleans announce that they have now about three hundred orphan children under their charge, whose parents have fallen victims to the epidemic, and that the Association will have a surplus of about \$100,000, after settling all their liabilities.

At an auction in London, a few weeks ago, a lock of hair from the foolish head of Charles I. sold for \$26, while a lock of Newton's hair only brought \$3 75!

Ledru Rollin has purchased a patent for washing wool, so as to convert its grease into soap, and intends to become a soap boiler at Bedford, Yorkshire, England.

The assessed valuation of the real and personal estate in Boston, the present year, is \$206,514,200, being an increase of nearly \$19,000,000 since last year. In 1846, the total valuation was \$148,839,800. In 1841, it was \$118,450,300.

In Washington, a license for a drinking house cannot be given, under the new law, without the assent of a majority of the housekeepers on both sides of the street, on the square on which the restaurant or tipping-house claims its principal front.

Beards on Railroads.—The guards, drivers, stokers, and others employed on the Scottish Central Railway, have addressed the following letter to their superintendant:

"Sir—We, the servants of the Scottish Central Railway, beg to inform you that, having last summer seen a circular recommending the men upon railways to cultivate the growth of their beards as the best protection against the inclemency of the weather, we have been induced to follow this advice, and the benefit we have derived from it induces us to recommend it to the general adoption of our brothers in similar service throughout the kingdom. We can assure them, from our own experience, that they will, by this means, be saved from the bad colds and sore throats, of such frequent occurrence without this natural protection."

## COMMUNICATIONS.

For the Patriot.

NEW YORK, NOV. 5, 1853.

Messrs. Stearns & Sherwood:

Gentlemen: See a communication in your paper signed "A Citizen," relative to the late sale of \$500,000 of the bonds of the State of North Carolina, in which he seems to think the sale a bad one, or at least not so good as the first one made for the same amount, which brought a premium of 24 per cent. more than the last. But I think, taking into consideration the difference in the money market at the time the sales were made, they are but few persons but what will say the last sale was much the best. For when the first was sold money could easily be obtained at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and when the last sale was made money could not be had for less than three times that, and the security had to be of an undoubted character to get it even at that rate. In fact I have not seen the first person that does not say those bonds brought a good price.

Your correspondent also thinks that the recent sale must be regarded as a matter of deep mortification for every North Carolinian, instead of cause for gratulation. Now I cannot see why he should come to such a conclusion; for I do not believe that the same amount of bonds of any State in the Union would have brought more at that time than they did; for then, as well as now, the best 6 per cent. Railroad bonds were selling at from 90 to 92 per cent., being 8 to 10 per cent. below par, making a difference of 12 to 13 per cent. in favor of the North Carolina bonds. And many of the other States bonds are selling now at about the same price of the Railroad bonds just mentioned. Therefore I cannot see why any North Carolinian should feel mortified at the recent sale.

In relation to these bonds all being given to one bidder, I am like your correspondent—would rather have seen other bidders have got the amount they bid for, when their bids were higher than others;—but this bid of 103 was for all or none, and the other bids not averaging as much, there was no alternative left the State Treasurer but to award them as he did; for by doing so the State received some few thousand dollars more than they would have done had it been awarded differently.

In the communication of "A Citizen" he condemns the average policy adopted by the State Treasurer; but I do not think he had any discretion in the matter, the State making it his duty to accept the bid or bids that would realize to the State the largest amount; and I cannot think that it is any thing against the credit of the State for the whole to be taken by one party, for that only goes to show that they must have unlimited confidence in the goodness of the security.

In conclusion allow me to say that I am induced to address you this in consequence of being an old acquaintance and differing in opinion with the communication referred to.

I remain, very respectfully, your friend,

THOS. MCKNIGHT.

For the Patriot.

## A Rural College.

Remote from towns and villages, upon an elevated plain, surrounded by all the beauties of rural scenery, fanned by the healthful breezes of a pure atmosphere, stands the recently built Institute of "Oak Ridge," a small, but neatly finished building. Although, now in its infancy, it is destined one day to become a place where the sons of the farmers and mechanics of the surrounding country, will assemble in multitudes, to bask in the sunshine of classic lore, and revel in the hidden mysteries of the scientific world.—From a recent visit to this Institution, we are fully convinced, from the systematic manner of imparting instruction, that no youth in attendance can fail of success, who will properly apply himself. The School is opened by the reading of the Holy Scriptures, and closed by singing a hymn of praise to God; such exercises, we believe, are conducive to the amelioration, refining and moralizing of the students to a very great degree.—We are pleased to learn that the school is prospering—numbering, we believe, between thirty and forty. With such schools scattered over our country, we may expect, that the refinement of the people will be greatly enhanced, and will hail the age as not far distant, when it will be said that knowledge and not ignorance prevails.

PLATO.

## Politics and Philosophy.

We find the annexed letter circulating in the papers in connexion with the feud in the Democratic party of New York, which has of late dissolved the harmony over which its organs have so complacently rejoiced:

NEW YORK, JUNE 30, 1851.

GENTLEMEN: As I must of necessity be absent from the city, I cannot accept your invitation to attend the celebration of the approaching anniversary of American Independence. When the several States shall learn to mind their own business, without meddling in the affairs of others, and shall be faithful to the Constitution as it is, without rejecting any part of it, the Union will stand too strong for its enemies, without and within. And when the Democracy shall build again on its foundations, without constructing new platforms to catch the factions of the day, it will regain its ascendancy in the State and in the Nation. Presuming that your society desires to bring about these important ends, I am, with cordial good wishes, truly yours,

GREENE C. BRONSON.

If it depended on the interest we take in the political controversy which has exhumed this letter, we do not know that we should transfer it to our columns; but, unconsciously to the writer perhaps, it contains a philosophical and important truth, which might, as a principle of political and social action, be expanded to apply to ever-recurring circumstances of our public and private life. "When the several States shall learn to mind their own business, without meddling with the affairs of others," says Mr. Bronson, "the Union will stand too strong for its enemies, without and within." No doubt of it. This succinct declaration must command the assent of all. It opens a mine of thought in which the most vigorous intellect and largest intelligence may labor without exhausting, and from which the most superficial thinker may bring away abundant food for after reflection upon his duty to himself and his neighbor.—National Intelligencer.

## Cuba.

The long articles which the Union is publishing about British and French plots to abolish slavery in Cuba, are supposed to be a mere tub to the whale—a trick to divert public attention from the Guthrie and Bronson affair and the split in New York.

A writer in the National Intelligencer says, with great point,—

"If the information thus communicated to the world with such an air of authority and certainty as to the facts has been done by the Union upon its own authority, it is to be regretted that the Administration has such an indiscreet organ; and if, on the contrary, it is published at the instance of and from information obtained by the Administration, it is matter of still greater regret that they themselves are so indiscreet."

We have been somewhat amused at the Raleigh Standard, which twice a week now-a-days levels its artillery at the North Carolina Statesman, (Cantwell's new and independent Democratic paper shortly to be started,) and also improves the occasion to speak a good word for itself! Thus, saith the Standard:

"We shall publish the prospectus in our next, and shall submit such remarks from time to time in relation to Mr. Venable and his course as we may deem expedient and just. Persons who may wish to subscribe to the Standard will be furnished with numbers of the papers containing these remarks."

This puts us in mind of the inscription on the tomb-stone at Pere la Chaise.

"Je repose," &c. "Here lies the body of Jean Didot, an excellent man."

His disconsolate widow, still vends the best lace bonnets and ribbons, at No. 222, Rue Montmartre.—Wilmington Herald.

## Sons of Temperance.

The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of North Carolina, commenced its Annual Session in this town on the evening of the 25th of October.

We understand there is quite a large representation from the Subordinate Divisions of the State in attendance, extending from Mecklenburg and Rowan counties on the West, to Pasquotank on the East.

The Sessions of the body, we are informed, have been very harmonious and interesting. The action of the State Temperance Convention held in Raleigh last week, was approved by the Grand Division. Several other matters of interest to the Order, were transacted by the Grand Body.

The officers of the Grand Division for the ensuing year, are as follows:

Charles F. Deems, of Greensboro,	G. W. P.	
Daniel S. Hill,	"Louisburg,	G. W. A.
A. M. Gorman,	"Raleigh,	G. S.
W. M. Johnson,	"Alamance co. G. T.	
J. J. Williams,	"Pitt county,	G. C.
A. C. Harris,	"Henderson,	G. S.
Rev. S. Pearce,	"Hillsboro',	G. Chap.

The Resolutions passed by the State Temperance Convention, were endorsed by the Grand Division.—Wilmington Herald.

There were 631 books published in the United States during the six months ending June 30, of which 169 were reprints of English books, and 17 original translations from the German and French.

Hog Crop of Ohio.—On the 1st of October about one-half of the counties of Ohio had furnished the Auditor of State's Office their annual statement of personal property liable for taxation in 1853. The number of hogs in forty-four counties is set down at 1,315,498, against 696,031 last year. It is, however, doubted if the real increase is as large as the returns make it appear, in consequence of the repeal of the \$200 exemption law.

Carolina City.—A sale of about 200 lots in this projected city on the port of Beaufort took place on Tuesday last. They brought about \$10,000. The lots 80 feet square. The sale of several thousand other lots was then stopped in pursuance of previous determination. We learn that about 250 persons assembled on the occasion. Those of our townsmen who attended have returned with strong confidence in the success of the enterprise.—Fayetteville Observer.

About two hundred whales were stranded near Hildeswick, Zealand, on the 23d ult., the blubber of which was sold on the following day, at prices from \$60 to \$75 per ton.



**Culture of Sugar Cane.**—There is a capital of \$800,000 invested in the culture of cane in the States of Florida, Louisiana, and Texas. These States produce annually about 300,000,000 pounds of sugar, besides which foreign importations are made to the extent of about 350,000,000 pounds. Even a short crop of sugar at the South, which reduces the usual production only 100,000,000 or 150,000,000 pounds, invariably advances the rate of sugar from one to one and a half cents per pound; which, on the entire consumption of 650,000,000 pounds, is equal, at one cent, to \$650,000, and at one and a half cents, to about \$1,000,000.

We learn from the Newbern News that the survey of the eastern extension of the N. Carolina Railroad is progressing rapidly. The survey is completed nearly to Newbern. The line surveyed passes just above Kinston, within a few hundred yards of the upper portion of the town, and crosses the Neuse about a mile below. It runs on the northern side of the Trent, about two miles from Trenton.

**Pork Prospects in the West.**—A Jefferson City, Mo. paper, says: Farmers are offering to furnish hogs for 25 cents per pound, but whether that is gross or net weight, it does not say, but presume it is for net weight of the pork, as other papers in that State, quote the article at 3 cts. Kentucky and Indiana papers, have estimated pork at all prices, from 3 to 5 cents, and speak of hogs being plenty.

The Metropolitan Hotel, New York, has been purchased by Stewart, the great Dry Goods store man, for \$550,000.

De Toqueville designates the valley of the Mississippi as "the most magnificent habitation that God ever designed for man."

**FAYETTEVILLE MARKET, Nov. 7.**—Beef 8 1/2 to 9. Flour—superfine 56; fine 57.50; scratched 55.25. Corn 75. Wheat 95. Lard 10 to 11. Flaxseed 11.10 to 1.15. Whiskey 35 to 40. Tallow 10. Feathers in demand at 40.

**MARRIED.**  
In Raleigh, on Wednesday morning, 2d instant, by the Rev. Drury Lacy, Mr. E. O. MACY, formerly of this county, to Miss A. L. HARDIE, of Raleigh.

In this county on Thursday last, by M. S. Sherwood, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM P. MITCHELL to Miss ELIZABETH J. WAGSTAFF, all of Guilford.

**DIED.**  
In this county, on Saturday night the 5th inst. of bilious pleurisy, HENRY YATES, aged about 37 years. The deceased was an acting magistrate of the county; an influential member of the M. E. Church at Pleasant Garden, and a very useful man in his neighborhood. He left a wife and seven children to mourn his loss.

In the north-west part of Guilford county, on the 2d inst., THOMAS THOMPSON, a worthy citizen of this county.

In Randolph county, on the 13th Oct., 1853, Mrs. NANCY ROBBINS, wife of Rev. Alex. Robbins, in the 58th year of her age.

**MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.**  
EASTERN Mail, from Greensboro' to Raleigh, arrives daily by 6 1/2 a. m.; departs at 8 p. m.—Mail closes at 6 p. m.  
Southern and Western Mail, from Greensboro' to Salisbury, arrives daily by 6 1/2 p. m.; departs at 8 a. m. Mail closes at 9 p. m.  
Danville Mail, from Greensboro' to Danville, thrice a week—arrives on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays by 7 p. m.; departs on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5 a. m. Mail closes at 9 p. m.  
Milton Mail, from Greensboro' to Milton, thrice a week—arrives on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by 7 p. m.; departs Wednesday, Friday and Monday at 5 a. m. Mail closes at 9 p. m.  
Asheboro' Mail, arrives every Friday by 5 p. m.; departs every Saturday at 8 a. m.  
Pittsboro' Mail, arrives and departs same times.  
B. G. GRAHAM, P. M.  
Nov. 11, 1853. 755f

**ALL TOGETHER!**  
THE Members of Greensboro' Division No. 6 S. of T. will find it to their interest to meet in the Division room on Monday night, Nov. 11, 1853. Nov. 4, 1853. By order, 755f

**BANK OF CAPE FEAR.**  
October 12th, 1853.  
DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent., payable to the stockholders at the principal Bank and Branches, on and after the first of November next. H. R. SAVAGE, Cash'r.  
Oct. 25, 1853. 755-4

**DR. STRONG'S COMPOUND SANATIVE PILLS.**

THESE PILLS are entirely **Vegetable**, and are a most superior Medicine in the cure of all Bilious Complaints, Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Fevers of all kinds, Loss of Appetite, Obstructed and painful Menstruation, and all lunging diseases.

As a Female Medicine they act like a charm, and when taken according to the directions, they never fail to cure the very worst cases of **Piles**, after all other remedies fail.

They purify the blood, equalize the circulation, restore the Liver, Kidneys, and other Secretary Organs to a healthy tone and action; and as an Anti-Bilious Family Medicine they have no equal. Price 25 cents per box. Also,

**Dr. Strong's Pectoral Stomach Pills.**  
A remedy for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Consumption, Nervous Diseases, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Erysipelas, Disease of the Heart, Inflammation and Pain in the Chest, Back and side, and all diseases arising from a deranged state of the Stomach, and to relieve the distress and bad feeling from eating too hearty food, in weak and dyspeptic habits.

**Warranted to be Purely Vegetable.**  
These Pills act as an Expectant, Tonic, and Aperient. One 25 cent box possesses three times more power to cure diseases than a one dollar bottle of any of the Sympies, Balsams, or Sarsaparillas that was ever made, and a simple trial of only one box will prove this important truth.

They promote Expectoration, Loosen the Phlegm, and Clear the Lungs and other Secretary Organs of all morbid matter, and there is not another remedy in the whole Materia Medica capable of imparting such healing properties to the Lungs and Vital Organs as these Pills. They cure Costiveness, produce a good regular Appetite, and Strengthen the System.

Each 25 cents per box, containing 25 doses of Medicine. Call on the Agents who sell the Pills, and get the Planter's Almanac gratis, giving full particulars and certificates of cures.

Both kinds of the above named Pills are for sale in Greensboro' by T. J. PATRICK, who also keeps a supply of DR. SPENCER'S VEGETABLE PILLS, and DR. HULL'S CELEBRATED PILLS, which stop the Chills and Fever the first day, and do not sicken the stomach or operate on the bowels. November 12, 1853. 755-1y.

**Guilford County Bible Society.**  
NOTICE is hereby given that this Society will hold its next meeting in the Presbyterian Church on Saturday evening 19th of November at 3 o'clock, when new officers will be elected and other business of importance and interest be transacted.  
Rev. Mr. Demelle, Agent of American Bible Society, may be expected to be present.  
J. A. MEBANE, President.  
R. G. LINDSAY, Secretary.  
Nov. 10th, 1853. 755 2w.

**FURNITURE AT AUCTION.**—On Saturday of November Court next the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, without reserve, at the court-house door, the residue of his Furniture, consisting of Mahogany Chairs, Bureaus, Sofa, Tables, a French Bedstead, and Ingrain and Domestic Carpets, fine Silver Plated Castor, etc. Credit six months.  
W. M. A. LEWIS.  
Nov. 8, 1853. 755-2w.

**GREENSBORO' HIGH SCHOOL.**  
THE next session will commence on Monday, January 2, 1854. The Principal will be assisted in the English Department by a competent and experienced Teacher; so that ladies of any age will hereafter be admitted.  
Tuition same as heretofore—required in advance.  
C. W. HOLBROOK, Principal.  
Greensboro', Nov. 5, 1853. 754-9\*

**NEW CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.**  
J. F. JOLLEE & CO. would respectfully inform the people of Guilford and the neighboring counties, that they have recently purchased, in the city of New York, for cash, a large and splendid assortment of ready made Clothing, which is now offered at accommodating prices. Their purchase consists in part of—  
Fine Frocks and Dress Coats; common do.  
Fine Pants and Vests; common do.  
Fine Over-Coats; common do.  
Business Coats of excellent patterns.  
Gloves, Suspenders, Collars, Cravats, Stocks; Woollen and Cotton Shirts and Drawers; Boots and Hats; Umbrellas; Cloaks, Casimires and Vestings, a choice assortment; Trimmings of very superior quality; Together with various other articles in the Gentlemen's furnishing line, too tedious to enumerate.  
We shall also receive in a few days, an assortment of Boy's Clothing, together with a lot of cheap Coats and Pants for gentlemen.  
Let all our friends in need of the *fig-leaf* call and examine our stock, on East Street at Jollee's old stand.

**TAILORING.**  
JAMES F. JOLLEE respectfully informs his old friends and the public that he still continues the Tailoring Business, in connection with the above, where he will attend to all orders entrusted to him with care and fidelity.  
A steady hand could find employment by the month or year.  
Greensboro', Nov. 4, 1853. 754f

**MORE CHEAP CLOTHING.**  
EINSTEIN & CO. are now opening at their store, on East Street, a large lot of Ready Made Clothing and a good many other articles too numerous to mention. Just come and see for yourself, before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell them very low for cash.  
November, 1853.

**FRUIT TREES! FRUIT TREES!**  
SAMUEL W. WESTBROOKS, (successor to Charles McK. of Syria Grove, Davidson county, N. C.), has for sale a few thousand choice fruit trees at his Pomological Gardens and Nurseries at New Boston, Guilford county, N. C. Specimens of fine native fruit will be thankfully received—particularly apples and pears with a correct description of the character of the tree on which they grew. It is the design of the proprietor of these gardens to test and improve our native fruits by grafting, cross-fertilization, new culture, etc. All communications in respect to trees, fruits, etc., sent to Greensboro' will receive immediate attention.  
N. B. A very choice assortment of straw berries on hand.  
November 4, 1853. 754f

**SALE OF VALUABLE LANDS.**  
State of North Carolina, Guilford county, }  
Fall Term, 1853.  
PURSUANT to decree of the Court of Equity made this term, I shall sell at public auction at the court house in Greensboro', on Tuesday, the 22 day of November, (being Tuesday of the county court) the valuable real estate of Gen. J. M. Logan, dec'd; consisting of the large and well improved lot or which he lived, between Hopkins' corner and the jail; a lot of half an acre adjoining Peter Adams; a small meadow near the tan yard; the grove lot by Blind & Duns' stable; a lot near the district school house, and the lands near L. D. Orrell's mills, of about 100 acres, under good fence and well timbered with one and a half miles of the court house, on the public road. Also, a gold and copper mine near Charles Osborne's, deceased, 6 miles southwest of Greensboro'. On a credit of 12 months.  
J. A. MEBANE, C. M. E.  
For further information apply to JED H. LINDSAY, Adm'r.  
Greensboro', Oct. 28, 1853. 754-3

**SALE OF VALUABLE LANDS.**  
State of North Carolina, Guilford county, }  
Fall Term, 1853.  
PURSUANT to decree of the Court of Equity made this term, I shall sell at public auction, on Friday, the 2d day of December next, the dwelling of Mrs. Maria Chapman, a very valuable and highly improved body of land, well adapted for farming purposes, with good buildings, orchards, meadow, &c. Said tract contains 670 acres, a good saw-mill on Deep River, about 2 miles north-west of Jamestown and the Central Railroad. Credit 9 months.  
J. A. MEBANE, C. M. E.  
Greensboro', Oct. 28, 1853. 754-4

**AXES.**—The well known superiority of the GENUINE HARTFORD COLLINS AXES, has induced some manufacturers to stamp their axes H. COLLINS, and such axes are frequently sold as my manufacture.  
THE GENUINE COLLINS AXES, which have been made under my direction for more than twenty-five years, and which have sustained such an unrivalled reputation, are invariably stamped COLLINS & CO., HARTFORD. They are to be found at our Depot in the city of New York, and at the principal Hardware Stores in the large cities.  
SAM'L W. COLLINS.  
March 29, 1853. 726-1y.

**FOR SALE.**—I offer for sale my house and lot in the town of Greensboro', situated opposite Hon. James T. Morehead's. Apply to James M. Garrett, or the subscriber.  
WM. CARTER.  
Nov. 2, 1853. 754-3

**India Rubber Clothing and Shoes** received and for sale cheap at EINSTEIN & CO'S. November, 1853.

**Just Received** a lot of heavy Winter Boots, which will be disposed of very low for cash. November, 1853. EINSTEIN & CO.

**Swee Iron Plow-moulds**—a rare and excellent article for this country—3000 lbs received and for sale by RANKIN & McLEAN. May, 1853.

**GREAT REDUCTION IN FARE.**  
Through from Greensboro' to Baltimore, via the Richmond and Danville Rail Road, in about 48 hours—Fare to Richmond \$8 50 cents—Baltimore \$14.

THE Proprietors of the Sage Line from Greensboro' N. C. to the present termini of the Richmond and Danville Railroad, take pleasure in informing the travelling public, that they have made arrangements with that Road by which passengers can be put through to Richmond from Greensboro', for the unprecedented low price of \$8.50; and that arrangements are now being made with the Rail Roads North of Richmond, to put passengers through from Greensboro' to Baltimore, for the very small sum of \$13.50; the fare being reduced from \$14 to \$13.50.

In a few days there will be a daily line from Greensboro' to Richmond, and the Northern Cities, via the Richmond and Danville Rail Road, running three times a week, via Danville, and three times via Milton, N. C.  
J. H. HOLDEN & CO.  
P. FLAGGER & CO.  
September, 1853. 747-4f.

**LEATHER BANDS.**

THE subscriber has put up machinery for stretching, cementing and riveting bands with copper rivets. The bands are stretched with powerful machines made expressly for that purpose, and the difficulty of bands stretching and ripping under the common way of making them, is entirely removed by this process. Bands made in this way will hold their width evenly, run true, and have a uniform bearing on the drum or pulley, and will give from 15 to 20 per cent. more power than those made in the ordinary way. They are made out of the best selected oak tanned Spanish Leather, and no pains will be spared to make them equal to the best Northern bands, and will be sold as low as they can be bought in New York.  
My shop is near Jesse Walker's Mill, on Deep River.  
CHARLES M. LINES.  
Hunt's Store P. O., Guilford co., N. C.  
References—J. R. & J. Sloan, Greensboro'; Charles E. Shober, Salem; Peters, Sloan & Co., McCulloch, Holmes, Earnhart & Co., Gold Hill, Rowan county.  
February 5th 1853. 715-1y.

**Sale of Land and Copper Mine.**  
By virtue of a decree of Randolph Court of Equity, I shall sell on the premises at auction on a credit of 12 months, at 12 o'clock, M., on Monday the 21st day of November next, a tract of land belonging to Mary Powell and others, on the North Carolina side of Randolph county, on the waters of Polecat, adjoining Allen Lamb, Jacob Cox and others, containing some 70 or 80 acres on which there is supposed to be a valuable copper mine.  
The purchaser will be required to give bond with good security and the title will be reserved until the further order of said court.  
JONATHAN WORTH, C. M. E.  
Oct. 10, 1853. 752-4f.

**FALL AND WINTER GOODS.**  
We are receiving the largest stock of Goods we ever offered in this market, consisting in great varieties of  
Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Saddlery and Leather, Hardware, Cutlery, Woolen and Iron Hollow Ware, Bagging and Rope, Cotton and Hemp Rope, one-fourth to 1 1/2 inches, Carpenters', Blacksmiths' & Coopers' Tools, Nail Iron and Steel, Ready-Made Clothing, Staple Dry Goods, and Groceries.  
All these goods we want to exchange for Produce, Cash, or to responsible men on time.  
J. & T. WADDILL, Sept. 18, 1853. Day Street, Fayetteville, N. C.  
Country Merchants will please call and examine our stock. (748) J. & T. W.

**OAK RIDGE MALE INSTITUTE.**  
THE second session of this Institution will commence on Thursday the 18th day of August next. The success which has attended the labors of the students during the past session clearly evinces the entire competency of Mr. DAVIS, the Teacher in charge, to fill the station in which he is placed. It is earnestly desired that those who intend entering the School next session will come in on the first day thereof.  
The location is pleasant, healthy and retired. About eighteen miles east of Salem, on the Danville Road; and fifteen miles N. west of Greensboro'.  
Preparations are making for a good Philosophical Apparatus, which will probably be received by the first of September. It is also the design of the Trustees to have a Library of well selected Books.  
PRICES PER TERM OF FIVE MONTHS.  
Primary Branches, including Arithmetic, &c., \$5.00  
English Grammar, Geography, &c., &c., 8.00  
Latin, Greek, and higher Mathematics, 10.00  
Boarding can be had in the immediate neighborhood, in good families, at \$5.00 per month. All books that are used in the best schools and colleges can be had at the Institute, at southern retail prices.  
J. H. SAUNDERS, July 4th, 1853. Sec. Board Trustees.

**NEW GOODS.**  
THE Subscriber having received his Fall Stock of materials, is now prepared to take and put up in the neatest style. **Daguerrean Likenesses.** These wishing work will do well to call soon, opposite the Bland House.  
Instructions given in the Art on reasonable terms and Apparatus furnished if desired, by ALEX. STARRETT.  
October 12th, 1853.

**NOTICE**  
THAT on the 26th day of November next, at the Court House in the Town of Asheboro', I shall proceed to sell at public sale for ready money, one tract of Land on the waters of Pole-Cat Creek in the county of Randolph, adjoining the lands of Jesse Wilson, Robert McMassers and others, containing 123 acres, being the tract whereon John Wood resides, to be sold as the lands of Thomas Moore, to satisfy the sum of \$1-03 a double tax thereon for the year 1853. Also for the cost of advertising and selling.  
J. W. STEED, Sheriff.  
Randolph County, N. C., Oct. 3, 1853. Pr. adv., \$2 25. 751-6f.

**"I DIGEST"** Such is the true meaning of the word "PEPSIN," or the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the True Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice, prepared by Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders GOOD EATING perfectly consistent with HEALTH. See the figure of the Ox, in another part of this paper.  
April 23d.

One of the most experienced Physicians of Baltimore, says of Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectant for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Croup, and other affections of the Lungs and Throat, "It will effect more good than any of the numerous preparations with which the country is inundated."  
Nov. 12. 755-1m

**LARGE lot of springs and axles, patent leather, oil cloth point and sand bands, also new patterns of dashes which will be sold very low.**  
May 26, 1853. W. J. McCONNEL.

**BLANKS.**—A large supply of BLANKS just printed and for sale at THIS OFFICE.

**ONE THOUSAND PIANO FORTES.**

Upwards of One Thousand Pianos sold, and NEVER SOLD A BAD ONE.  
ALWAYS having had the SOLE AGENCY of the Piano Fortes of STODART and DUNHAM in Virginia and North Carolina, together with the unparalleled number we have sold to all parts of the South, enable us to assert with truth and confidence, from so long and well tried experience, that they are **Unsurpassed in Tone and Finish**, embracing in the same Piano a most MELOW and SOFT as well as a most **Powerful and Sublimely Tone**.

We keep always on hand, a large and varied Stock of the NEWEST STYLES, and at the LOWEST RATES, so that purchasers can always find exactly the Style, etc., they may want; the difference in price, being occasioned only by the outward finish, enables those who wish to buy cheaper instruments, the same advantages of a fine and beautiful tone, as in a Piano of greater value.

A large number of the Piano Fortes we now sell are left entirely to our own taste and selection, by purchasers who are so situated as not to be present themselves; and as it always derives much more responsibility upon us, all such may be assured that with all ATTENTION, CAUTION and PROMPTNESS to their orders, they shall have a Piano Forte at precisely the Northern price (as has been often tested) and an instrument from the best maker in the world: GUARANTEED, and allowed to be repaired, if not suited in every particular, according to their description.  
E. P. NASH, Book & Piano Forte Dealer, Petersburg, Va.

**State of North Carolina, Stokes County.**  
In Equity, Fall Term, 1853.

George Hairston, Harlin Hairston, George Pannell and wife Bethenia R., George H. Calloway, Archibald Stewart and wife Elizabeth L., and William L. Pannell, against

Ruth S. Hairston, Samuel Hairston and wife Agnes J. P., Marshall Hairston, Peter W. Hairston, Geo. Hairston jr., Henry Hairston, Samuel P. Wilson and wife Ruth, Samuel H. Hairston and wife Agnes, Samuel Hairston jr., George Hairston jr., John S. Rainey and wife Elizabeth, Peter Hairston jr., Robert L. Jones and wife Elizabeth, Ruth A. Hairston, George S. Hairston, Marshall Hairston jr. and Susan A. Hairston, against

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court on affidavit filed, the Defendants Samuel Hairston and wife Agnes J. P., Hairston, Marshall Hairston sen., George Hairston junr., Henry Hairston, Samuel H. Hairston and wife Agnes, Samuel Hairston jr., Geo. Hairston junr., John S. Rainey and wife Elizabeth, Peter Hairston jr., Robert L. Jones and wife Elizabeth, Ruth A. Hairston, George S. Hairston, Marshall Hairston jr. and Susan A. Hairston, are not inhabitants of this State—it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the Greensboro' Patriot, for the said Defendants to be and appear at the next Court of Equity to be held for the county of Stokes, at the courthouse in Danbury on the third Monday after the fourth Monday in March, 1854, and then and there to plead, answer or demur to the Bill of Complaint filed in this case, or judgment pro confesso will be taken against them, and the cause set for hearing ex parte as to them.  
Witness, J. W. Davis, Clerk and Master in Equity for the county of Stokes, at office in the town of Danbury this 21st day of October, 1853.  
J. W. DAVIS, C. M. E. 753-6w

**North Carolina, RANDOLPH COUNTY,**  
Court of Equity, Fall Term, 1853.  
William Prouditt and Son

Isaiah Lambert and others.

In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant Isaiah Lambert is not an inhabitant of this State, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the Greensboro' Patriot, notifying the said Lambert to appear at the next term of this court to be held for the county of Randolph at the Court House in Asheboro' on the 4th Monday of March, 1854, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the plaintiff's bill: otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as to him.  
Witness, J. W. Davis, Clerk and Master of said court at office, this 17th October, 1853.  
J. WORTH, C. M. E. 753-6w

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**  
Amongst others, the following articles can be had at **Thurston's Furniture Rooms,** West street, Greensboro', N. C., at every variety of price, according to quality, viz: **DRESSING BUREAUS,** with marble and mahogany tops—a very large assortment;  
Wardrobes, Divans, Rocking Chairs, Windsor, Cane set & Mahogany Parlor Chairs, Extension Dining Tables, &c., &c., &c.  
A large supply of Walnut and other plain work, of every variety and quality.

**NEW FALL GOODS.**  
R. G. LINDSAY has received in the last few days, a full supply of seasonable **GOODS**, carefully selected in Northern Markets, and purchased on the most advantageous terms; and he can sell them correspondingly low and cheap.  
Amongst them are French Cloths, Fancy Casimires, Doeskins, Vestings white and colored, Flannels, Merinoes, Alpaca, Italian Cloths, Persian Cloths, Delaines, DeRezes, Cashmeres, Woollen Plaid, silk and woollen Plaid, Prints, Gro de Nap and Florence Silks, Black Gro de Rhine, very wide and narrow, Hosiery of all kinds, Gloves, Irish Linen, Napkins, Towelling, Long Cloths, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Bed, Saddle and Negro Blankets, Kersays, Linseys, Ticking, Brown and Bleached Drills, Lamb's wool and Silk Shirts, Lady's Vests, Lady's Cloth Cloaks, Bonnets, Hats, Flowers, Ribbons, Shoes and Gaiters, Boys Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Cordage, Dye Stuffs, and many other articles. He also has a large supply of Rock Island Fabrics—some new styles—very beautiful. Come and see.

**ON HAND,**  
Rushon, Clark & Co's Mexican Mustang Liniment, Genuine Medical Compound, Little's White Oil, Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Dr. March's Cathartic, Wolfe's Celebrated Tonic, Diuretic and Antidyspeptic, Schiedam Bitters, Brown's Ess. of Ginger, Horsemans' Hope, &c., &c.  
Any of the above preparations for sale by the single bottle, or dozen, at the New Drug Store of T. J. PATRICK.

**READ AND REMEMBER THIS.**  
THOSE wishing to purchase goods cheaper than they have ever before been offered at retail in Greensboro', will do well to call on T. Caldwell & Sons.  
All persons indebted to them either by bond or book account are requested to come forward and make immediate settlement, as longer indulgence cannot be given. This notice is intended for all indebted to them, and they hope it will be heeded in time to save cost of trouble.  
Greensboro', Aug. 22, 1853.

**50 oz. Quinine,**  
JUST received by Express, and for sale at the sign of the Golden Monitor, by W. C. PORTER.

**Fine Fruit! Fine Fruit!!**

TEN THOUSAND APPLE TREES of the finest kinds, ripening in succession, from the earliest to the latest. TEN THOUSAND PEACH TREES of the finest kinds, ripening in succession, from early in June to November. ONE THOUSAND CHERRY TREES, of the finest kinds, ripening in succession, from the first of May to July; also, a fine assortment of Apricots, Nectarines, Plums, Pears and Strawberry plants, for sale at the Pomological Gardens and Nurseries, at Cane Creek, Chatham county, and New Garden, Guilford county. Orders for trees should be sent in early. Catalogues will be sent to all applicants.  
During my absence my brother, Owen Lindley, will deliver trees at Cane Creek, and my son, Albert G. Lindley, at New Garden.

**JOSHUA LINDLEY.**  
New Garden, Guilford county, N. C.  
The 14th of the 10th mo., 1853. 752-3m



**FIFTY-FIVE STOVES.**

THIS subscriber would respectfully call the attention of the public to his large lot of Stoves, Agricultural Kettles, Waffle Irons, Preserving Furnaces, &c., bought low for Cash, and will be sold low for the same. The Stoves consist of Cooking, Parlor, Hall and Shop Stoves; call and examine for yourselves. The attention of the public is also called to my stock of Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Wares. If you want something that is good, durable, and that will last, call at my Factory on west street, near the Bland House. C. G. YATES. Greensboro', October 14, 1853. 751f.

**A LARGE** supply of bolting cloths of all numbers, just received fresh from the manufactory. They bring on consignment: will be sold low and warranted.  
W. J. McCONNEL.  
May 26, 1853.

**Fairbanks' Platform Scales.**

Long known—severely tested—Always right—The acknowledged Standard.  
Agents,  
Geo. C. Ewing, 21 Charles street, Baltimore. Fairbanks & Co., 89 Water street, New York.  
Railroad, Hay, Coal, and Farmers' SCALES, set in any part of the country, at short notice.  
October, 1853. 752-3m.

**BONNETS! BONNETS!! BONNETS!!!**  
As we have concluded to dispose of our entire stock of Bonnets, we will sell them for something less than half their original cost. The first person that applies for a bonnet will receive one gratis.  
EINSTEIN & CO.  
October 14th, 1853.

**DRESS UP!!**  
A LARGE assortment of Cloths and Casimires are now offered for sale by T. CALDWELL & SONS, at a less profit than ever before known in this market. All persons wishing to purchase should call soon, as we are determined to sell.  
August, 1853.

**FALL AND WINTER GOODS.**—Have you seen Sloan's Fall and Winter goods just received? Call soon or you will not find them there, they are going rapidly.  
Sept., 1853.

**FOR THE LADIES!**  
JUST received a fine lot of Ladies Shoes, Gaiters and India Rubbers, all of which will be sold very low. Call at the sign of EINSTEIN & CO., Greensboro' Sept. 23, 1853.

**JUST received 10 dozen Ames No. 2 square point, Railroad shovels, low for cash.**  
May 26, 1853. W. J. McCONNEL.

**5 BHDS.** prime Molasses, with a good assortment of other groceries, Spun Cotton and Sheetings, just received and for sale at the lowest market prices for cash, by THOS. CALDWELL & SONS.  
May 20, 1853.

**Thrashing Machines.**—The undersigned, agents for Emory & Co., Albany, New York, will receive orders for their celebrated Rail Road Horse Power, Thrasher, &c.  
Now on hand, one Two Horse Power with Thrasher, Separator, &c., complete. For sale at Manufacturers' prices.  
J. R. & J. SLOAN.  
March 15, 1853.

**New Goods for Fall and Winter Trade.**  
NEW style Hats, Caps, Shoes and Boots, and Dress Goods for Ladies and Gentlemen. Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery: Steel for drills, and in short all articles that are usually kept in our line, will be found at J. R. & J. SLOAN'S.  
September, 1853.

**BLUM'S ALMANACS.**—The Farmer's and Planter's Almanac, by Blum and Son, has been received. Call at Sloan's Store and get a copy for the year 1854. September, 1853.

**Lantern Candles.**—A first rate article of Tallow Candles, for sale by R. G. LINDSAY.  
Feb. 5, 1852.

**Wanted,** some 2 or 3000 feet of fencing plank—oak or pine.  
R. G. LINDSAY.  
Oct. 19, 1853.

**JUST RECEIVED,**  
4 BALES Island Ford Sheet, 300 bunches Mountain Island Cotton Yarn. For sale by October 6, 1853. RANKIN & McLEAN.

**Fresh and New**  
RANKIN & McLEAN are now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, their Fall and Winter Goods, comprising almost every article usually kept in this market. They solicit a call from all.  
Oct. 1, 1853.

**Insued Oil.**—8 BARRELS Linseed Oil, a first rate article, for sale by August 26, 1852. RANKIN & McLEAN.

**Common School Books.**—Recommended by the Committee of Examination, for sale by April, 1852. R. G. LINDSAY.

**Burr Mill-Stones.**—of the most approved make and finish, put up of any size wanted with a style for dressing adapted to the Stones, delivered wherever desired. R. G. LINDSAY.  
April, 1852.

**Large Lot of Iron.**—Consisting of English Buggy Tire, Swede Iron, Oral, Half-round Round, Square and strap Iron. Also, Mountain Iron.  
RANKIN & McLEAN.  
May, 1852.

**New 2 horse Wagon,** for sale by RANKIN & McLEAN  
Oct. 1, 1853

**CARRIAGES.**—Willow Carriages, Cabs and Cigs, for children, for sale by September, 1853. J. R. & J. SLOAN.

**Blank Warrants** for sale at this Office.

**GREAT NORTHERN & SOUTHERN STAGE LINE.**

From the terminus of the Railroad at Raleigh, to the terminus of the South Carolina Railroad at Charlotte.

OUR STAGE COACH arrives in Greensboro' daily from the South at 1 o'clock, p. m., and leaves for Raleigh at 1 1/2 p. m. Arrives at Raleigh in 23 hours—some two or three hours in advance of the cars leaving for the North, which leave daily at 4 p. m. The arrival in Richmond is made in 12 hours from Raleigh—making the whole time from Greensboro' to Richmond 35 hours, which is



# COMMON SCHOOLS.

OFFICE OF THE LITERARY BOARD, }  
RALEIGH, October 24, 1853.

THE President and Directors of the Literary Fund have made distribution of the net income of said Fund for the year 1853 among the several Counties of the State for Common Schools, have directed the following Tabular Statement to be published, showing the Spring and Fall distributions, and the sum total distributed during the year.

The amount of the Fall distribution will be paid to persons entitled to receive the same on application to the Treasury Department.

COUNTIES.	Federal Population.	Spring Distribution.	Fall Distribution.	Total Distribution.	Deduct for Deaf & Dumb.	Balance Due.
Alamance,	10,166	813 28	914 94	1728 22	150 00	764 94
Alexander,	5,003	400 24	450 27	850 51		
Anson,	10,756	860 48	968 04	1828 52	75 00	893 04
Ashe,	8,539	683 12	708 51	1451 63	75 00	698 51
Beaufort,	11,716	937 28	1054 44	1991 72	150 00	901 44
Bertie,	9,973	797 84	897 57	1695 41		
Bladen,	8,024	611 92	722 16	1334 08		
Brunswick,	9,951	476 08	535 59	1011 67		
Buncombe,	12,738	1010 04	1116 42	2126 46		
Burke,	9,919	553 32	622 71	1176 03	75 00	547 77
Catawba,	8,074	693 92	780 60	1474 52	150 00	630 60
Caldwell,	5,836	466 88	523 24	990 12		
Camden,	5,174	413 92	465 66	879 58		
Carteret,	6,208	496 64	558 72	1055 36		
Caswell,	12,101	972 88	1094 49	2067 37		
Catawba,	8,234	658 72	741 06	1399 78		
Chatham,	10,055	1284 40	1444 95	2729 35		
Cherokee,	6,703	536 24	603 27	1139 51		
Chowan,	5,252	420 16	472 68	892 84		
Cleveland,	9,697	775 76	872 73	1648 49		
Columbus,	5,308	484 64	547 72	1032 36		
Craven,	12,329	986 32	1109 61	2095 93		
Cumberland,	17,723	1417 84	1595 07	3012 91	225 00	1370 07
Currituck,	6,257	500 56	563 13	1063 69		
Davidson,	14,123	1129 84	1271 67	2401 51		
Davie,	6,998	559 84	629 82	1189 66		
Duplin,	11,111	888 88	999 99	1888 87		
Edgecombe,	13,770	1101 60	1239 30	2340 90		
Forsyth,	10,627	850 16	956 43	1806 59	150 00	806 48
Franklin,	9,510	760 80	855 90	1616 70		
Gaston,	7,228	578 24	650 52	1228 76	75 00	575 52
Gates,	6,878	550 24	610 02	1160 26		
Granville,	17,303	1384 24	1557 27	2941 51		
Greene,	5,321	425 68	478 89	904 57		
Guilford,	18,480	1478 40	1663 20	3141 60	225 00	1438 20
Halifax,	13,007	1040 56	1170 63	2211 19		
Haywood,	6,907	552 56	621 63	1174 19		
Henderson,	4,483	358 64	403 47	762 11		
Hertford,	6,656	532 48	599 04	1131 52		
Hyde,	6,585	526 80	592 65	1119 45	75 00	517 65
Iredell,	13,082	1044 96	1175 58	2220 54		
Jackson,						
Johnston,	11,861	948 88	1067 49	2016 37		
Jones,	3,945	314 80	354 15	668 95		
Lenoir,	6,182	494 56	556 38	1050 94	75 00	481 38
Lincoln,	6,924	553 92	623 16	1177 08		
Madison,						
McDowell,	5,741	459 28	516 69	975 97		
Macon,	6,169	493 52	555 21	1048 73		
Martin,	9,961	556 88	626 49	1183 37		
Mecklenburg,	11,724	937 92	1055 16	1993 08		
Montgomery,	6,163	498 04	554 67	1052 71		
Moore,	8,552	684 16	760 68	1444 84	75 00	694 68
Nash,	9,034	722 72	813 06	1535 78		
New Hanover,	14,236	1138 88	1281 24	2420 12	150 00	1181 24
Newhampton,	10,731	858 48	965 79	1824 27		
Oaslow,	7,040	563 20	633 60	1196 80		
Orange,	14,957	1196 56	1346 13	2542 69		
Pasquotank,	7,708	616 64	693 72	1310 36		
Perquimans,	6,030	482 40	542 70	1025 10	75 00	467 70
Persimmon,	8,825	706 00	794 25	1500 25		
Pitt,	10,745	859 00	967 05	1826 05		
Randolph,	15,176	1214 08	1365 84	2579 92	75 00	1290 84
Richmond,	7,939	634 88	714 24	1349 12		
Robeson,	11,080	886 40	997 20	1883 60		
Rockingham,	12,363	989 04	1112 67	2101 71		
Rowan,	12,329	986 32	1109 61	2095 93	75 00	1034 61
Rutherford,	12,388	991 04	1114 92	2105 96		
Sampson,	12,311	984 88	1107 99	2092 87		
Savannah,	6,348	507 84	571 32	1079 16		
Stokes,	8,490	679 20	764 10	1443 30		
Surry,	17,643	1411 44	1589 87	2999 31	75 00	1514 82
Tyrrell,	4,451	356 16	400 68	756 84		
Union,	9,258	740 64	833 22	1573 86		
Wake,	21,123	1689 81	1901 07	3590 91	225 00	1676 07
Warren,	10,366	829 28	932 91	1762 19	75 00	857 94
Washington,	4,780	382 40	430 20	812 60		
Watauga,	3,348	267 84	301 32	569 16		
Wayne,	11,478	918 24	1033 02	1951 26		
Wilkes,	11,642	931 36	1047 78	1979 14		
Yadkin,						
Yancy,	8,068	615 44	726 12	1341 56		
Total,	753,542	\$60,283 36	\$67,818 78	\$128,102 14		

The Counties of Jackson, Madison and Yadkin will receive their portion from the counties from which they were respectively formed.

It will be perceived that the counties which have had pupils at the Deaf and Dumb Institute for the year ending in 1853, and which have failed to pay the tax of seventy-five dollars for the support and education of each, have had the same deducted, according to act of Assembly, from the amounts to which they are respectively entitled.

The Board not having yet been able to procure a satisfactory estimate of the population of that portion of Buncombe attached to Henderson by the act passed at the last session of the General Assembly, have made the distribution according to the last census, and request the Board of Superintendents of the former county to pay over to the Board of Superintendents of the latter county such sum as they may agree upon as proper for the population detached.

**North Carolina, RANDOLPH COUNTY,**  
Court of Equity, Fall Term, 1853.

**John Nixon and others**  
vs.  
**Barnabas Nixon and others.**

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants, Zachary Nixon, Gabriel Nixon, Henley Nixon, Mary Cosand, William E. J. Nixon, James Nixon, Jesse Williams and wife Milam, Jane Milton Winslow, Isaac Stanfield and wife Milam, Jonathan Richardson and wife Lydia, Elias C. Nixon, Thomas Nixon, Sarah Nixon, Phineas Nixon, Martha Nixon, Frances Nixon and William Nixon, are not inhabitants of this State; it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Greensboro Patriot, notifying the said defendants to appear at the next Term of the Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Randolph, at the court house in Asheboro, on the 4th Monday of March 1854, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the plaintiff's petition; otherwise, the same will be taken pro confesso and set for hearing and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness J. Worth, Clerk and Master of said Court, at office this 17th October, 1853.

J. WORTH, C. M. E.  
Pr. adv. \$5. 753-6w.

**State of North Carolina, RANDOLPH COUNTY,**  
Superior Court of Law, Fall Term, 1853.

**Lydia Hussey vs. Jesse Hussey.**  
Petition for Divorce.

In this case it appearing to the Court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State: It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Greensboro Patriot, for said defendant to appear at the next Term of the Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Randolph, at the court house in Asheboro, on the 4th Monday of March next, and there to plead, answer or demur to the plaintiff's petition; otherwise, the same will be taken pro confesso and set for hearing and heard ex parte.

Witness, Addison J. Hale, Clerk of our said Court, at office, this fourth Monday of September, A. D., 1853.

A. J. HALE, C. S. C.  
Pr. adv. \$10. 753-3m.

**FOR RENT—A HOUSE AND LOT** with three rooms and other necessary buildings, apply to July, 1853. RANKIN & McLEAN.

**North Carolina, GUILFORD COUNTY,** Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—August Term, 1853.

**Thomas Stanly, Adm'r of**  
vs.  
**Mahlon Stanly,**  
Petition to sell land.

In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the following Defendants, to wit: Joel Davis and wife Nancy, Hannah Stanly, Lydia Stanly, Rebecca Stanly, Calvin Stanly, John Stanly, Moses Stanly, John Cain and wife Rachel, Aaron T. Stanly, John Stanly, William Perkins and wife Jane, James Benbow and wife Mary, reside beyond the limits of this State. It is therefore ordered that advertisement be made for six weeks in the Greensboro Patriot, for said Defendants to appear before the Justices of the Court, to be held for the County of Guilford at the court house in Greensboro, on the 3rd Monday of November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the plaintiff's petition, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against them, and the lands mentioned in the petition ordered to be sold.

Witness Lyndon Swaim, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Greensboro, the third Monday of August, 1853. LYNDON SWAIM, c. c. c.  
Pr. adv. \$5. 750-6w.

**State of North Carolina, ALAMANCE COUNTY,** Superior Court of Law, May Term, A. D., 1853.

**Sophia Gilliam vs. James Gilliam,**  
Petition for divorce.

In this case it appearing to the Court, upon the return of the sheriff, that the defendant, James Gilliam, is not to be found in this county, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made for the defendant to come into Court and answer, as commanded by the subpoena. It is further ordered by the Court that publication be made for three months in the Greensboro Patriot and Hillsborough Recorder, for the absent defendant, James Gilliam, to appear at the next term of this Court to be held for the county of Alamance, at the courthouse in Graham, on the 8th Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso against him.

Witness, W. J. Grason, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the 8th Monday after the 4th of March, A. D., 1853. W. J. GRASON, c. c. c.  
Pr. adv. \$10. 743 : 3m.

**TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.**

ON Saturday the 26th of November I shall sell at public sale a number of Town Lots situated one fourth of a mile north of the Rail Road, on the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road, being in the south part of Guilford county 16 miles south-west of Greensboro and 17 miles south-east of Salem, North Carolina. Said lots will be on each side of the Plank Road one fourth of a mile north-east of the Depot, in a healthy country. This Depot being the nearest point to the mountain counties, and by Plank Road making it of easy access to them, must if capital should concentrate at the N. C. Railroad. Terms made known on day of sale.

THOMAS SECHREST. 753-3



**CHERRY PECTORAL,**

For the rapid cure of

**COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,**

**BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH,**

**CROUP, ASTHMA, AND**

**CONSUMPTION.**

Of all the numerous medicines extant, (and some of them valuable) for the cure of pulmonary complaints, nothing has ever been found which could compare in its effects with this Preparation. Others cure sometimes, but at all times and in all diseases of the lungs and throat where medicine can give relief, this will do it. It is pleasant to take, and perfectly safe in accordance with the directions. We do not advertise for the information of those who have tried it, but for those who have not. Families that have known its value will not be without it, and by its timely use, they are secure from the dangerous consequences of coughs and colds which neglected, ripen into fatal consumption.

The Diploma of the Massachusetts Institute was awarded to this preparation by the Board of Judges in September, 1847; also, the Medals of the three great Institutes of Art, in this country; also the Diploma of the Ohio Institute at Cincinnati, has been given to the Cherry Pectoral, for its Government in consideration of its extraordinary excellence and usefulness in curing affections of the Lungs and Throat.

Read the following opinion founded on the long experience of the eminent Physician of the Port and City of St. Johns, May 8, 1851.

Dr. J. C. Ayer.—Five years trial of your Cherry Pectoral in my practice, has proven what I foresaw from its composition, must be true, that it eradicates and cures the colds and coughs to which we, in this section, are peculiarly liable.

I think its equal has not yet been discovered, nor do I know how a better remedy can be made for the distemper of the Throat and Lungs.

J. J. BEATON, M.D., F.R.S.

See what it has done on a wasted constitution, not only in the following case, but a thousand more.

Washington, Pa., April 12, 1848.

Dear Sir: Feeling that I have been spared from a premature grave, through your instrumentality by the providence of God, I will take the liberty to express to you my gratitude.

A cough and the alarming symptoms of consumption had reduced me too low to leave me anything like hope, when my physician brought me a bottle of your "Pectoral." It seemed to afford immediate relief, and now in a few weeks time has restored me to sound health. If it will do for others what it has done for me, you are certainly one of the benefactors of mankind.

Sincerely wishing you every blessing, I am very respectfully yours,

JOHN J. CLARK,  
Rector of St. Peter's Church.

**Prepared and sold by James C. Ayer,**

Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell Mass.

Sold in Greensboro by Dr. T. J. Patrick, and by

Druggists and Dealers in Medicines every where.

September 2, 1853. 745-3m

**ROCK ISLAND FABRICS.**

A LARGE supply of these beautiful Goods has just been received by the subscriber from the Factory in Mecklenburg county, N. C. They are a superior article of Home Manufacture, of different colors, grades, and qualities, consisting of Kerseys, Jeans, and Casimers. The public are invited to their examination.

Merchants supplied for their sales at factory prices and on Factory terms. R. G. LINDSAY.  
Greensboro, Aug. 17, 1852. 692f.

**GREENSBOROUGH**

**Mutual Life Insurance & Trust Company.**

THIS Company, as its name indicates, is upon the mutual principle, and embraces two distinct departments, to wit: Life Insurance and Trust departments. This attractive combination offers to Policy holders double the ordinary security, without destroying their right to a full participation in the entire profits of the Company. Premiums will be received, in cash, either annually, semi-annually, or quarterly, as may be agreed upon at the time the Policy is issued.

In the TRUST DEPARTMENT, or Deposit System, the payments made to the Company are entirely optional with the Depositor, as regards the amount and the time at which they are made. A party may pay in as much or as little (not less than one dollar,) and as often, as may be convenient for him, without any obligation upon him to continue his payments,—and may withdraw them at his pleasure.

So that, on the plan of this Company, there is created at one and the same time an assurance payable at death—a fund available in sickness—and a provision for old age.

See Pamphlets furnished by the Company.

**OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.**

**Directors:**—Ralph Gorrell, Lyndon Swaim, John A. Gilmer, D. F. Caldwell, Richard Greene, David McLean, Richard Sterling, John M. Logan, D. P. Weir, E. W. Osburn, Robert M. Sloan, Robert P. Dick, Henry B. Elliott.

**President:**—RALPH GORRELL.

**Vice President:**—LYNDON SWAIM.

**Secretary and Treasurer:**—D. P. WEIR.

**Attorney:**—JOHN A. GILMER.

**Examining Physician:**—Edwin Watson, M. D.

**Consulting Physicians:**—D. C. Mcbane, M. D.; J. L. Cole, M. D.; D. P. Weir, M. D.

**General Agent:**—William H. Cumming.

Any information relative to the Company may be had by addressing D. P. WEIR, Jan. 25, 1853. Secretary and Treasurer.

**GOOD MEDICINES.**

In justice to the proprietors, and for the benefit of the afflicted, I feel it my duty to state publicly, the remarkable cures that have been effected in my family by the use of the Mustang Liniment. A negro of mine had what was called a bone Felon, or Whitlow on her middle finger; the pain was most intense and excruciating. The inflammation had been so extensive that the whole finger had become almost a mass of corruption, and the only hope of saving her hand, and perhaps her life, appeared to be to have it cut off. As her general health was very delicate, the physician advised us to try the Mustang Liniment a few days, till she could be sent to a surgeon in Columbus, as it could do no harm, and might prevent mortification. To the astonishment of the doctor, and myself, the pain soon ceased, the inflammation subsided, and the wound rapidly healed. The finger is now perfectly well and sound! One of my boys was severely burned. The skin was entirely taken off from the knee to the ankle. The Mustang Liniment was freely applied, and nothing else was used. The relief and cure was almost beyond belief—but a short time elapsed before the wounds were perfectly healed. I consider this an invaluable remedy, and it should be in every family and on every plantation.

JAS. PHILLIPS.

**PRICES:**—The Liniment is put up in 3 sizes and retails for 25cts, 50cts and \$1.00 per bottle. The 50 cts size contains 3 times as much as the 25 cts size and the \$1 size has 3 times as much as the 50 cts size—the large sizes being much cheaper.

**A. G. BRAGG & CO. Sole Importers,**

304 Broadway, N. Y. or Cor. S. & Market St.

St. Louis, Missouri.

For sale by all Druggists and by T. J. PATRICK, Greensboro; Still & Sill, Salisbury; A. T. Zevely, Salem; Gardner & Co., Jamestown; King & Hegle, Lexington; Samuel Young, Asheboro; I. S. Gibson, Germantown; M. & T. Black, Madison.

July 16, 1853. 738-3m.

**Stabler's Diarrhea Cordial**

Is a pleasant Mixture, compounded in agreement with the rules of Pharmacy, of therapeutic agents, long known and celebrated for their peculiar efficacy in curing Diarrhea, and similar affections of the system. In its action, it always nauseates and produces a healthy condition of the Liver, thus removing the cause at the same time that it cures the disease.

**Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant**

Is confidently recommended to Invalids, as unsurpassed by any known preparation, for the cure of Coughs, Hoarseness, and