

# GREENSBOROUGH PATRIOT.

"THE IGNORANT AND DEGRADED OF EVERY NATION OR CLIME MUST BE ENLIGHTENED, BEFORE OUR EARTH CAN HAVE HONOR IN THE UNIVERSE."

VOLUME IV. NO. 34

GREENSBOROUGH, N. C. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1833.

WHOLE NO. 190.

## The Patriot

Is printed & published every Wednesday morning, by

WILLIAM SWAIM,

At Two Dollars per annum, payable within three months from the date of the first number, or Three Dollars will be invariably exacted immediately after the expiration of that period.

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All letters and communications to the Editor, on business relative to the paper, must be POST-PAYD, or they will not be attended to.

### NORTH-CAROLINA.

"Let wisdom through her counsels reign,  
And her's shall be her people's gain."

### CAPTIONS OF THE LAWS

Enacted by the General Assembly of North Carolina at its session in 1832—33.

#### PUBLIC ACTS.

1 An act declaratory of the law now in force, giving to the county courts of the several counties within this State the power to alter and fix separate places of election: [Declaring that the county courts, a majority of the acting justice being present, have the power to alter, fix, establish, discontinue or create new separate places of elections.]

2 Vesting the right of electing the clerk of the county and superior courts in the several counties within this State in the free white men thereof. [Provides that the sheriffs, and all other persons appointed to hold elections for members of the General Assembly, shall be required, at the next annual election, to open polls for county and superior court clerks, and conduct the election of the same in like manner as for members of the General Assembly; that the clerks, when so elected, shall give such bonds and take such oaths as are now prescribed by law, at the first court for which they were appointed; that shall happen in their county after their election, and shall continue in office for four years; and that no person shall be eligible for the appointment of clerk of either court unless he has attained the age of 21 years, and resided within the county 12 months immediately preceding the election.]

3 Vesting in the county courts the right of establishing additional places of public sale in their respective counties.

4 Providing for the registration of copies of the grants for land. [Provides that certified copies of grants, where the originals have been lost or destroyed, registered in due form, shall have the same force and effect as the original grants.]

5 Making an appropriation and appointing commissioners for the rebuilding of the capitol in the city of Raleigh. [Appropriates \$50,000 dollars, and appoints commissioners to contract for the work.]

6 Concerning charities. [Provides that when any property, real or personal, has been granted for charitable purposes, it shall be duty of the trustee of such charity to deliver in writing a full account thereof to the clerk of the county court at the first court after the first January, to be filed among the records of said court; and that it shall be the duty of the chairman of the court, when such exhibition has not been complied with, or where there has been mismanagement of the property through neglect or fraud to give notice thereof to the solicitor or such district, who shall file a bill in equity against the trustee, executor or trustee, & compel them to render a full account of such charity, and the court may make such order or decree as may best secure the performance of the trust.]

7 Repealing the act of 1830, entitled an act to repeal part of the second section of an act passed in 1826, chapter 708, entitled an act to revise the militia laws of this State. [Provides that persons collectively adverse to bearing arms, may be exempted from the performance of militia duty by procuring certificates of the clerks of the church or their being regular members thereof, taking an oath or affirmation before the company commander that they are conscientiously adverse to bearing arms, except in times of insurrection or invasion; then they shall furnish their quota of arms or pay an equivalent.]

8 Incorporating the North Carolina Freedmen's Society. [Authorizes the society to hold property and sue, and to receive up to \$1000 of money to be used for the purchase of all the public roads of the State.]

9 Extending the time for paying in entry money, and obtaining grants on all entries made in the years 1829 & 1830. [Extends the time of payment 12 months.]

10 Amending the act of 1831 to increase the liability of Sheriffs, and to provide more effectually for the collection of taxes. [Provides that Sheriffs file their lists in the office of the county court clerk in vacation, where they have not completed the collection of taxes at the county court happening next before the time prescribed for the settlement of their public accounts with the Comptroller.]

11 To render the land of a deceased debtor liable for costs, where the plea of fully administered has been found in favour of his executor or administrator. [Provides that where the Plaintiff in such cases resorts to a scire facias to subject the lands of the deceased debtor, he shall recover the costs of the former suit against the executor or administrator.]

12 For the better organization of the militia of this state. [Requires that captains and commandants of companies shall enrol and keep enrolled all the exempts in their respective companies and return them to the commandants of regiments, who are to return the same annually to the brigadier and adjutant generals.]

13 For the better regulation of volunteers. [Requires the number necessary to constitute companies of Light Infantry, Grenadiers, Riflemen or Artillery to forty-four, inclusive of commissioned and non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates.]

14 To allow the taking of depositions in cases of removal. [Provides that in cases of removal of any cause from the Superior courts from one county to another after the order of removal depositions may be taken in the cause, and that commissions may issue from either of the said courts, under the same rules as if the cause had been originally commenced in the court from which the commission issues.]

15 Making compensation to the Secretary of the State for services required of him by an act of 1827. [Allows him 20 cents for each certificate by him made under said act and 10 cents for each certificate he shall make previous to the 1st March next; that after that date he shall be allowed as his fee for each grant made out, recorded and delivered, 75 cents, and that for copying large grants obtained for speculation or surveys on which such grants were made, 50 cents for each warrant of 640 acres.]

16 Amending the militia laws. [Provides that the Major General shall review his division once in three years, a Brigadier General once in two years; and in case either should fail to review, or to equip himself, or to make an annual return of his division or brigade, the Governor shall cause the Adjutant General to give such delinquent officers thirty days notice of such neglect, and if such delinquent does not within forty days thereafter render a satisfactory excuse, the Governor shall strike his name from the list of officers; that captains shall not compel their companies to muster more than twice in a year—volunteer companies excepted; that the exercise of a regiment, battalion or a company shall have a second and third lieutenant, that the Adjutant General shall revise and distribute the militia laws.]

17 Authorising widows of persons dying intestate to file their petitions for a year's support before letters of administration are granted file her petition in the county court, praying said court to appoint one justice and three freeholders to assist such part of the personal estate as they are now by law authorised to do.]

18 Amending the 10th section of the act of 1741, for the better observation of the Lord's day, and for the more effectual suppression of vice and immorality. [Provides that the bonds required to be given by the 10th section of said act, shall hereafter be made payable to the Governor.]

19 To prevent the unlawful exportation of slaves from this state. [Provides that any person who shall unlawfully convey, or aid in conveying from this state any slave, the property of a citizen thereof, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and suffer death without benefit of clergy.]

20 To establish the Bank of North Carolina. [Provides that the capital shall not exceed two millions of dollars, one half to be owned by the state, the other by individuals. The principal Bank to be located at Raleigh. The Bank not to receive more than 6 per cent on its loans or discounts. If the Bank refuse to pay any of its notes, said notes to draw interest of 12 per cent from the time payment is demanded. Individual stock to be taxed 1 per cent from the 1st of Oct. 1833.]

#### PRIVATE ACTS.

1 An act to amend the law respecting the appointment of Sheriffs, so far as relates to Surry county.

2 Amending the act of 1829, to authorise the forming a fire engine company in Elizabeth City.

3 Vesting in the county courts of Macon, Burke and Richford power to appoint places of public sale in said counties.

4 Amending the act of 1831, to appoint one additional place of sale in Hyde county.

5 Incorporating the Garville Troopers.

6 Incorporating a cavalry company in Hertford county.

7 Incorporating the Franklin Guards.

8 Amending the act of 1821, to incorporate the Roanoke Light Company, and the act of 1828, amendatory of the same.

9 To prevent disputes in consequence of a late survey of 66 line dividing the counties of Anson and Mecklenburg.

10 Incorporating the Scotland Neck Guards.

11 Incorporating the Haywood Boating Company.

12 Compelling the register of Buncombe county to keep his office in Asheville.

13 Repealing the act of last session, to authorise the county court of Guilford to appoint overseers and hands to clear out the channel of Reedy Fork of Haw river in said county.

14 Restoring to credit Thomas Daves, of Macon county.

15 Repealing the act of 1823, entitled an act repealing the several acts establishing and regulating the special courts of Burke county.

16 Concerning the upper regiment of Chatham county.

17 Incorporating the Anson Dragoons.

18 Providing compensation for jurors in Cabarrus county.

19 Authorising David W. Borden, of Carteret, to erect a gate across the road leading from the cross roads on White Oak river to Borden's ferry.

20 Amendatory of the act of 1831, authorising the Governor to grant certain lands to Franklin Academy, in Macon county.

21 Altering the time of electing, and renewing the bonds of certain officers in Mecklenburg county.

22 Amending the patrol laws so far as relates to the counties of Camden, Pasquotank, Chowan and Gates.

23 Authorising the altering and amending the state road running through Haywood county.

24 Incorporating two volunteer companies in Pasquotank county.

25 Altering and amending the act of 1829, for the improvement of the road from the Old Fort, in Burke, to Asheville in Buncombe.

26 Amending the several acts incorporating the Roanoke and Cape Fear Navigation Companies, and prescribing the mode of enforcing the collection of tolls.

27 Appointing an additional place of public sale in Beaufort county.

28 Providing for the more prompt administration of justice in the counties of Burke, Buncombe, Lincoln and Rutherford.

29 To prevent the felling of timber in, or otherwise obstructing the channel of either branch of New river in Onslow county.

30 Supplementary to the act of 1830, entitled "an act to amend, with sundry alterations and additions, an act, entitled an act to incorporate the Petersburg Rail Road Company," passed by the Legislature of Virginia, on the 10th February, 1830.

31 Establishing the boundary line between the counties of Washington and Beaufort.

32 To prevent the felling of timber in, or otherwise obstructing the navigation of Goshen between Hurst's bridge and the North East river.

33 Incorporating the town of Whiteville, in Columbus county.

34 Appointing commissioners for the town of Haywood, in Chatham county.

35 Incorporating the Experimental Rail Road Company, in Raleigh.

36 More effectually to provide for the payment of jurors in Anson county.

37 Incorporating a cavalry company in Duplin county.

38 For the better regulation of the town of Jameston, in Martin county.

39 Regulating the collection of state witness tickets so far as respects the county of Guilford.

40 Repealing in part the act of 1826, entitled an act to repeal an act, passed in 1820, entitled an act directing the county court to pay fees to certain officers therein named in certain cases, so far as relates to the counties mentioned in this act.

41 Exempting the militia residing on Knott's Island from attending at the court house of Currituck on general, regimental or battalion musters.

42 Exempting Powell's Point and Poplar Branch companies of militia in Currituck county from attending regimental musters at the court house.

43 To prevent the felling of timber in, or otherwise obstructing the channel of Little river from Bumper's Fork to the county line in Montgomery county.

44 Incorporating the Northampton troop of Cavalry.

45 Incorporating the Onslow Troopers, the Johnston Dragoons, and the Lenoir Troopers.

46 Incorporating Silver Run Academy.

47 Concerning the hands working on roads in Burke.

48 To prevent the felling of timber in, or otherwise obstructing the run of Bear creek and its branches, in the counties of Lenoir and Wayne.

49 Incorporating Rolesville Academy.

50 Authorising the county court of Wake to lay a tax for building a substantial fire proof court house, or a substantial fire proof office for the safe keeping of the public records of the county.

51 Authorising the county court of Gates to have the records of said county transcribed, and to make copies of such transcribed records evidence in all suits at law and equity in this state.

52 Incorporating Haywood Academy, in Chatham county.

53 Altering the line separating the North and South regiments in Surry county.

54 Incorporating Stony Hill Academy, in Nash county.

55 For the relief of Brittain Jones, of Bertie county.

56 Amending the act of 1821, to prevent the fire hunting of fowl in Carteret county.

57 To re-mark and renew the dividing line between Richmond and Robeson counties.

58 Regulating the county courts of Davidson.

59 Restoring Joshua Pammel, of Wilkes, to credit.

60 Incorporating Good Spring Grammar School, in Stokes county.

61 Amending the act of 1827, to keep open the Tuckasegy and Tennessee rivers, in Haywood county.

62 Creating one additional wreck district in Hyde county.

63 Altering the time of holding one of the terms of the county courts of Buncombe.

64 Incorporating the Lafayette Hotel Company, in Fayetteville.

65 Reappointing commissioners for the town of Waynesville, in Haywood county.

66 Compensating jurors of the original panel in Beaufort county.

67 Amending the act of 1829, to provide for the compensation of the jurors of the counties of Beaufort, Onslow, Hyde, Anson and Duplin.

68 Repealing part of the act of 1830, to appoint commissioners to superintend the building of a court house in Burke county.

69 Allowing further time to open books for the purpose of receiving subscriptions for stock in the Lake Drummond and Orapeake Canal Company.

70 Incorporating the Leakesville Toll Bridge Company.

71 For altering the time of electing the county trustee for Orange county.

72 Emancipating Horace, a slave.

73 Altering the name of, and legitimizing Eliza Humphrey.

74 For the better regulation of the town of Statesville.

75 Incorporating the town of Rutherfordton.

76 Incorporating the Donaldson Academy and Manual Labour School, in Fayetteville.

77 Abolishing the offices of county trustee and treasurer of public buildings in Chatham county.

78 Fixing the time of granting orders for altering or turning roads, and for laying off new ones in Richmond county.

79 Amending the act of 1826, to appoint commissioners for the town of Kinston.

80 For the better regulation of hands working on public roads in the counties of Anson and Cumbers land.

81 Altering the time of holding the election in the town of Salisbury.

82 To authorise the making of a turnpike road in Haywood county, and to incorporate a company for that purpose.

83 In relation to the volunteer companies attached to the second regiment of Stokes county.

84 Authorising certain persons to raise by way of lottery 2,000 dollars, for building a bridge across Neuse river at John Carter's landing in Lenoir county.

85 Incorporating the Cabarrus Artillery.

86 Incorporating the Barshavia Farmers' Academy, in Stokes county.

87 Empowering the county court of Nash to borrow money for the purpose of defraying the expense of building a fire proof court house.

88 Authorising Robert Henry to erect a mill on Hookey creek, in Buncombe county.

89 Establishing a town on the lands of John D. Amis, in Northampton county, at the terminus of the Petersburg Rail Road.

90 Providing for the final settlement of executors and administrators, also the annual settlement of guardians, in Anson county.

91 Authorising the completion of the Tennessee River Road, in Macon county, and to incorporate a company for that purpose.

92 Extending the provisions of the act of 1830, chapter 113, entitled an act to amend an act to establish and regulate a turnpike road in the county of Haywood, called the Tennessee River Turnpike Road, passed in 1826, chapter 36.

93 Fixing a uniform time of holding the elections in the 3d Congressional District in all the counties therein.

94 Regulating the county courts of Washington and Hyde counties.

95 Amending the laws relative to the county courts of Iredell.

96 Authorising the issuing of a grant for land to Amos Curtis and others for a camp ground.

97 Incorporating the Trap Hill Riflemen in Wilkes county.

98 Incorporating the Person Artillery.

99 Incorporating the Williamson and Windsor Turnpike Company.

100 To alter the name of, and legitimate Sally Holiday, of Martin county.

101 Continuing for a longer time the Neuse Navigation Company.

102 Extending the provisions of the act of last session, entitled "an act in addition to an act, passed at the last session of the General Assembly of this state, in relation to the burning of the records of the county of Hertford," to the county of Wake.

103 Concerning the survey of lots in the town of Franklin.

104 Incorporating the Robeson Lt. Dragoons.

105 Empowering the Wayne county State Guards, to form themselves into a squadron of light or horse artillery.

106 Incorporating the Macon county Agricultural Society.

107 Repealing in part the act of 1827, relating



commissioners to run and establish the boundary line between the counties of Madison and Columbus.

103 Incorporating the Granville Dragons.

109 Concerning the inspection of fire wood in Newbern.

110 Altering the name of Geo. W. Williams, of Anson county.

111 Appointing additional trustees of Rush Academy, Hyde county.

112 Authorizing the county courts of Hertford and Gates to lay a tax to defray all the expenses incurred in calling out the militia during the insurrection in Southampton county, Va.

113 Appointing lay days on Rocky river, joining Anson and Montgomery.

114 Repealing part of the act of 1824, to authorize the county court of Hyde and Tyrrell to issue licenses to retail spirituous liquors by the small measures at or near their court house.

115 Amending the act of 1830, to establish the town of Gatesville.

116 Incorporating the Waynsborough Academy.

117 Altering the time for the sheriff to make his settlement with the county court of Wilkes.

118 Incorporating the Blakely Blues.

119 Incorporating the Randolph Blues.

120 Incorporating the Gatesville Academy.

121 Repealing the act of 1830, for the better regulation of the county courts of Haywood.

122 Concerning the town of Rockford.

123 Altering the names of Richard Alderson and William White, of Beaufort county, and entitle them to inherit.

124 Incorporating the Pitt Troopers and Bladen Cavalry.

125 Abolishing the office of treasurer of public buildings so far as relates to the county of Bladen.

126 Incorporating the town of Carthage in Moor county.

127 Incorporating the Lafayette Artillery.

128 Appointing commissioners to build a bridge across the south Yadkin river in Rowan county.

129 Repealing the provisions of the act of last session, concerning those persons who are interested in the beach and marshy lands lying in Currituck.

130 Divorcing Polly Buckner from her husband Edward Buckner.

131 Authorizing the removal of buildings on the public lands in the town of Franklin.

132 Amending the act of 1824, for the better settlement of the finances of Robeson county.

133 Repealing the 2d section of the act of 1825, entitled an act to direct the manner in which licenses shall hereafter be issued to retailers of spirituous liquors so far as regards the counties of New Hanover, Richmond and Beaufort.

134 Extending the provisions of the act of 1830, entitled an act to repeal an act passed in 1823, entitled an act concerning the public lands in the county of Haywood, so far as respects building on said lands.

135 Amendatory and declaratory of the several laws concerning the town of Oxford.

136 Empowering the commissioners of the town of Seacata to sell the commons.

137 Further to improve the police of the town of Washington.

139 Incorporating Sunbury Academy.

140 For the better organization of the militia of Beaufort county.

142 For the better regulation of the county courts of Halifax.

142 Reviving and continuing in force, in the town of Washington, the provisions of the act of 1824, entitled an act to provide against the introduction and spreading contagious or infectious diseases in this State.

143 Incorporating Oak grove Academy in Bertie county.

144 Directing the manner in which constables shall be elected in the counties of Davidson, Buncombe and Chatham.

145 For the better regulation of the county of Duplin.

146 Amendatory of the act of this session, to authorize the issuing of a grant to Amos Curtice and others for a camp ground.

147 Enacting with sundry alterations and additions, the act of Virginia incorporating the Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail Road Company.

## RESOLUTIONS.

1 Authorizing and instructing the committee of Finance to burn Treasury Notes in the office of the Public Treasurer.

2 In favour of William Keath.

3 Expressive of the feelings of the Legislature on the death of Charles Carroll.

4 Relating to the clerks of Haywood and Macon counties.

5 In favour of Ephraim Christopher.

6 In favour of James Long, Sheriff of Perquimans.

7 In favor of Daniel Graham.

8 In favor of Wm. C. Under and others.

9 In favor of William Ellison.

10 In favor of Charles Baldwin.

11 In favor of Joshua Williamson, Sheriff of Columbus.

12 In favor of Martin D. Crawford.

13 Concerning the fund belonging to the sisters of the late James N. Forsythe.

14 In favor of the Public Treasurer.

15 Instructing the Public Treasurer to settle concerning claims with the Cape Fear Bank.

16 In favor of Amos Dornell.

17 In favor of the executor of Walter Davenport, of Lenoir county.

18 In favor of John Robbins, of Randolph.

19 In favor of Mary Edwards and others.

20 Declaring the attachment of the Legislature to the Constitution of the United States, and to the Federal Union; expressing the belief that a large majority of the people of this state think the Tariff laws unconstitutional, impolitic, unjust and oppressive, disapproving the doctrine of Nullification; and requesting our members of Congress to use all constitutional means to procure a peaceable adjustment of the existing controversy between South Carolina and the General Government.

21 In favor of Elizabeth Forbes.

25 In favor of Fielding Slater, Sheriff of Rowan.

26 In favor of Joseph Gales.

27 In favor of Isaac Alexander.

28 In favor of James Graham.

29 In favor of Jonathan Williams.

30 Authorizing the commissioners of Raleigh to place their engine house on Union Square.

31 In favor of Horace D. Bridges.

32 Authorizing a survey of Neuse river from Smithfield to some point near Raleigh.

33 Authorizing the Governor to take such steps in relation to the contract with Ball Hughes for the restoration of the Statue of Washington as he may deem advisable.

34 Authorizing the Governor to purchase maps of North Carolina by John M'Rae, to be presented to each of the states and territories.

35 In favor of John Lumsden.

36 Instructing the Treasurer and Attorney General to take the necessary proceedings for ascertaining, by a decision of the Supreme Court, whether the Cape Fear and Newbern Banks, in paying the tax required by law, out of the profits of said Banks, before dividends are declared, have acted in pursuance of the proper construction of their charters.

37 Directing the Governor to appoint a person to take care of the government house.

38 In favor of Daniel Harris.

39 Authorizing the Public Treasurer to make such disposition of the suits now pending against the sureties of the late Public Treasurer as the state council shall advise.

40 Providing for the sale of the rubbish of the old Capitol.

41 In favor of Charity Webb.

42 Authorizing repairs of the Secretary's office and Government house.

43 Directing the adjutant General not to commence any proceedings to enforce any forfeiture against certain delinquent officers.

44 In favor of Robert Stinson.

45 Crediting Public Treasurer for Treasury Notes burnt since 25th November last.

46 In favor of Samuel W. W. Vick.

47 In favor of Richard Roberts.

48 Of thanks to Col. Isaac T. Avery.

50 In favor of J. Gales and Son.

51 In favour of the door keepers.

## FOREIGN.

"He comes—the Herald of a nobler world,  
News from all nations lumbering at his back."

### GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

The combined fleet left Portsmouth on the 4th November for the Dutch coast, consisting of the Donegal 74, vice-admiral Malcolm, Talavera 74, and 3 other smaller English vessels, with 3 frigates to join in the Downs. The French ship were, the Suffren 74, vice-admiral Villeneuve, Melponene 60, three other smaller vessels, and 2 frigates to join in the Downs, as well as several other vessels, speedily. It is described as a strange sight to behold the cross of St. George and the tri-colored flag, floating in union.

London, November 7. An embargo has been laid on Dutch vessels by government; the following has just been issued on the subject.

"ORDER IN COUNCIL. At the court at St. James's the 6th day of November, 1832, present the king's most excellent majesty in council: It is this day ordered by his majesty, by and with the advice of his privy council, that ships or vessels belonging to his majesty's subjects be not permitted to enter and clear out for any of the ports within the dominions of the king of the Netherlands, until further orders. And his majesty is further pleased to order that a general embargo or stop be made of all ships and vessels whatsoever belonging to the subjects of the king of the Netherlands now within or which shall hereafter come into any of the ports, harbors, or roads within any ports of his majesty's dominions, together with all persons and effects on board such ships and vessels, and that the commander of his majesty's ships of war do detain and bring into port all merchant ships and vessels bearing the flag of the Netherlands; but the utmost care be taken for the preservation of all and every part of their cargoes on board any of the said ships or vessels, so that no damages or embezzlement whatever be sustained; and the commander of his majesty's ships of war are hereby instructed to detain and bring into port every such vessel and ship accordingly. And the right honorable the lords commissioners of his majesty's treasury, the lords commissioners of the admiralty, and the lord warden of the cinque ports, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appear."

A Dutch East Indiaman, and several other vessels, had been detained or captured; and a London paper of the 6th November says, "the trade with Holland is now closed," &c. and that a convoy is to be appointed, &c. Accounts from Amsterdam says the British consul had ordered the speedy departure of all British vessels.

In reference to this all observing question, the Globe of the same date says:

"Notwithstanding the warlike preparations, every possible disposition is shown to leave the door open to the last moment for a reconciliation. It is said that Prussia is exerting all her influence to induce the king of Holland to yield."

The news of the embargo produced no effect on the London stock market.

A London paper says—"We learn from Holland that so great is the distress in that port, owing to the interference with Holland, being interrupted, that

serious fears are entertained of popular commotion. Letters from Staffordshire state, that several large orders have been returned to the iron foundries there, in consequence of the impossibility of shipping them for Holland, at this period. Several large packages of woollen goods have been returned upon the hands of the manufacturers from the same cause."

It is stated in the Courier of the 6th, that it has been determined by government, to grant convoys for the protection of British property against the Dutch. The rate of insurance upon policies to Holland, which was as low as ten shillings per cent. early in November, was up to £5 5 on the 5th of that month.

The king has ordered the archbishop of Canterbury to prepare a form of thanksgiving, for the late abundant harvest in the United Kingdoms.

The cholera report on the 7th of November was in Great Britain—new cases, 112; deaths 30; recoveries, 64.

The investigation of the Carrigreen affair, [a firing upon the populace in Ireland, which occupied eleven days, terminated on the 3d of November. The jury returned the following verdict:—"We find a verdict of wilful murder against capt. Burke, and a party of police under his command, for killing Catharine Foley and Joseph Sinnott, on the 3th of October."

Lord Teutenden, chief justice of England, died on the 4th of November, aged 71 years, and sir Thomas Denman has been appointed to the vacancy on the bench. On the 7th he was sworn in a privy councillor, and took his seat at the board. Sir Wm. Horne, succeeded sir Thomas as attorney general.

### FRANCE.

The duchess of Berri has been arrested at Nantes, where she had been for a long time most carefully and skilfully concealed, and conveyed to the castle—where she was held as a prisoner. The particulars of the arrest of this foolish woman may be quite interesting to those who have great accounts of small things; but we have not room to give them. The retreat to her hiding place was concealed by the iron plate at the back of the chimney, &c.

An embargo has been laid on the French, as well as the English ports. The following is an extract from the Monitor:

"In consequence of the refusal of the cabinet of the Hague to comply with the demand of the courts of France and England, in conformity to the stipulations of the convention signed at London in October 22, the king's government sent off orders yesterday to all the ports of the kingdom for an embargo to be laid on all the Dutch ships."

### GERMANY.

The ex-king of France and suite had arrived at Vienna, where they would remain for the winter.

The Courier Francaise states that the emperor of Russia had granted to Charles X. a pension, to be paid out of the funds proceeding from confiscated property in Poland, belonging to the defenders of liberty.

### PORTUGAL.

Accounts from Lisbon to the 27th Oct. state that Don Miguel was in no hurry to join his army, being still at Coimbra. It was said that the Telegraph had announced the following intelligence: "the presence of his majesty before the army has become indispensable, on account of unfortunate and imperious events."

### BELGIUM.

Brussels, Nov. 3. The king will open the chambers, in person, on Wednesday next, the 13th, at 1 o'clock. The queen will assist at the ceremony.

The following proclamation just received from Antwerp leaves no doubt as to the probability of the commencement of hostilities:

"The colonel commanding hastens to inform his fellow citizens, inhabiting the city and neighborhood of Antwerp, that the king of Holland having refused to evacuate those parts of our territories occupied by his troops, coercive measures will be forthwith employed to compel him by the governments of France and England.

"If, on the 15th, the first demonstrations against the commerce of Holland have no effect, force will be employed.

"Thereafter, the citadel being one of the principal points against which the first attacks will be directed, government will take such measures as are in its power to deprive the enemy of every pretext for oppressing her inoffensive population with the evils of war.

But not being able to speak of the resistance of an enemy little scrupulous in its choice of means, the inhabitants of the city and environs are invited to take such precautions as the nature of the circumstances require for their personal safety and that of their effects.

BUZEN."

Antwerp, Nov. 7, 1832.

There was a report in London that a Russian squadron had entered the Scheldt. This is not probable—unless Russia has resolved on intimidation—or war, with Great Britain and France.

The citadel of Antwerp is a very strong fortress, and has a dutch garrison of 7 or 8,000 men. The city may be easily destroyed by its guns; but it is said if the town is fired upon, England and France will immediately retaliate on Rotterdam—from which the English consul had sent his family.

### RUSSIA.

The Berlin State Gazette, of the 4th November, has the following: "yesterday an aide-de-camp of the emperor of Russia brought to the king the agreeable intelligence of the happy delivery of the empress of Russia of a grand duke on the 25th Oct.

### HOLLAND AND BELGIUM.

The New York Commercial Advertiser says—"The long, and at times seemingly interminable, question between Holland and Belgium, is at last drawing to a crisis. The London Courier, of the 6th, publishes at length the convention between France and England, for compelling the evacuation of the citadel of Antwerp by the Dutch troops, and the forts and places dependent upon it. For this purpose, a rigid blockade of the coasts of the Netherlands is to be jointly instituted by France and England, and the citadel is to be invested by a French army by land.

Its preamble, however, contains an important admission, viz: the expression of regret that they experience at finding that their majesties the emperor of Austria, the king of Prussia, and the emperor of all the Russias, are not at this moment prepared to concur in the active measures which are called for in order that the treaty may be carried into effect." In other words, the northern powers disapprove of the employment of force against Holland; and it is thus fact, chiefly, that invests the proceedings against Holland with unwelcome importance. It will be seen by the British order in council, that the blockade has already been commenced.

[Then follows several notes for which we cannot make room.]

The annexed item from the London Courier, is of no small importance, when taken in connection with the reference which we have made above to the refusal of Prussia, Austria and Russia to assent to the convention between France and England:

"We are able to assert that the 3d, 7th and 8th regiments of the Prussian army are on their march to the Rhine, accompanied with all the warlike material for an active and immediate campaign. Should they be obliged, it is said to enter Holland, they will not enter that country as enemies."

Holland seems ready and resolved for battle.

Later—London and Paris papers of the 15th November.

In conformity to the convention between France and England, the French army of the north, under marshal Gerard, crossed into Belgium on the 15th November, directing its march to Antwerp.

It does not seem at all ascertained what Russia, Prussia and Austria will do, in the present state of things. It appears, however, that Prussia is prepared for immediate action, and her interference on the part of Holland is expected—if so, a general war may be expected. France and England appear resolved to carry out their plan of operations. So says the king of the Belgians in his speech to the chamber, on the 14th November.

The dates from Amsterdam are of the 10th November. They too speak of the movements of the Prussian army, but consider their object is principally to watch the movements of the French, and not to engage in actual hostilities, unless they should exceed the limits laid down for them by the London conference.

The Dutch are resolved and seem well prepared for hostilities. A few Dutch vessels had been detained in France.

The duchess of Berri has been, in a very respectful manner, conducted to the place of her imprisonment at Blaye. It seems that she will be sent out of the kingdom unimpeded.

The course of proceedings adopted against Holland does not appear to be popular in England; and at a large meeting of merchants, bankers, &c. in London, the king had been solicited to withhold his assent to coercive measures.

Other Dutch vessels had been detained—among them the Palambang from Baltimore, with an American cargo.

Affairs in Portugal remain as they were. Both parties were recruiting their forces. Miguel's fleet was so mauled in the late battle that it cannot put to sea in less than two months. Pedro's admiral was about to blockade Lisbon.

Ninety great mortars are prepared at Antwerp to bombard the citadel, if the city shall be fired upon.

The French army on the Rhine will consist of about 100,000 men.

## GREENSBOROUGH:

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1833.

"Truths would you teach, or save a sinking land,  
All fear, none aid you, and few understand."

17 We are requested to say the Rev. William Anderson will preach in the Methodist church in this place, on Saturday night and Sunday, the 26 and 27 inst.—ind.

17 The Rev. Peter Don't will preach on the first Sunday in February next, at Timber Ridge Meeting House, in Randolph county, near the road leading from this place to Ashborough, the funeral of John Swaim, deceased, formerly of this place.

17 We invite the attention of the reader to the Advertisement of Dr. A. Blumenau, on the last page of this paper. We cannot judge of a man's qualifications as a practitioner of medicine, by his external appearance; but we can do this—we can say Dr. Blumenau comes well recommended, and carries about him all the externals of a complete gentleman.

17 We are now engaged in making out, and shall shortly forward to every man indebted at this office, for advertising, subscription or job printing, the amount of our demand against him. Large claims are coming against our empty pockets; and we must be prepared to meet them. We wish to make this bargain: If every man will, for this one time, pay with his debt, immediately on the receipt of this bill, we will pay every copper we owe in this world—lay in a stock of provisions and paper for the ensuing year, and promise never to vex another man while we live!! Now just accept our banter, and we will show you that it is abundantly possible for a printer to tell the truth.—ind.

17 Congress.—In the Senate the only important proposition considered during the past week was a resolution by Mr. Sprague directing the Committee on the Post Office to prepare a bill to reduce the rates of the postage. It was discussed by Messrs. Sprague, Clayton, Holmes and Foot, in favour, and Messrs. Grundy, Backner, Benton and Bibb, in opposition to it. The resolution was finally amended so as to direct the committee, not "to report," but to "inquire into the expediency" of reducing and equalizing the rates of postage, and particularly of abolishing postage on news papers. It was then adopted.

In the house of representatives a similar proposition was introduced by Mr. Everett who made a strong



its favor, and was replied by Mr. Connor, of N. C.

A bill is before the House to establish assay offices in the Gold Regions one in each of the States of North and South Carolina and Georgia.

In relation to the public Lands, several bills are before the House—one provides for reducing the prices to 25, 50, 75, and a 100 cents per acre, in proportion to the length of time which they have been offered for sale and remained unsold. Another proposes to pay to each of the New States, 17½ per cent. of all sales of land within their limits, and to divide the remainder among the 24 States and 3 Territories, according to the Federal population, to be applied as such States and territories may choose—also to reduce the prices to the same rates as the first mentioned bill.

On motion of Mr. Williams—

**Resolved**, That the Committee on Post Office & Post Roads be instructed to inquire into the expediency of establishing a Post Road from Little Yaddin Post Office in Stokes county, North Carolina to Rockford, in the county of surry, in said State.

On motion of Mr. Barriquer.

**Resolved**, That the committee on the judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of appropriating a sum of money for building a Court House, or in aid thereof, in the City of Raleigh, North Carolina, for the accommodation of the Circuit Court of the United States.

—In the Senate on the 4th Mr. Calhoun took his seat, and the following letter and enclosure were laid before the body by the Chair.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, 5th Jan. 1833.

SIR: The president has directed me to send for the information of the Senate the enclosed copy of a letter just received from John C. Calhoun, Esq., resigning his office as vice President of the United States, the original of which letter, subscribed with his name, is filed in this department pursuant to the provisions of the act in such cases provided.

Very respectfully, your ob't serv't.

EDWARD LIVINGSTON.

To the President of the Senate.

COLUMBIA, (S. C.) 20th Dec. 1832.

SIR: Having concluded to accept of a seat in the Senate, to which I have been elected by the Legislature I herewith resign the Office of Vice President of the United States.

Very respectfully, your ob't servant,

J. C. CALHOUN.

Hon. E. LIVINGSTON, Secretary of State.

The House of representatives has adopted a resolution to pay aside, at the hour of 1 every day, all other business for the purpose of settling the Tariff question. The House was, in consequence, engaged in the discussion of Mr. Verplanck's bill.

**CONVENTION QUESTION.**—A numerous and highly respectable meeting of the members of the Legislature, friendly to a revision of the Constitution of the State, was held in the Commons Hall on Friday night last. Gen. Polk of Rowan, presided and S. F. Patterson and W. J. Cowan acted as Secretaries. Resolutions were introduced by Mr. Dews, which elicited an able and very animated discussion, not as to what was necessary to be done, but how it should be effected. Finally it was resolved, that it be recommended to the Sheriff and other Officers at the elections in August next, to receive the votes of all free citizens entitled to vote for members of the House Commons, for or against amending the constitution, and to make a return of the votes to the Governor who is requested to communicate them to the Legislature.

Richard M. Pearson, of Rowan, Thomas Dews, of Rutherford, and Gen. Saunders and William H. Haywood, jun. of this City have been appointed to draft an Address to the people of the State, explanatory of the objects of the meeting and of the amendments which the friends of a Convention desire; and a Committee of Correspondence has been appointed in each county to circulate the Address.

We have received the official account of the proceedings, and will, with cheerfulness, give them a place in our next.—Register.

**SOVEREIGNTY OF THE STATES.** A writer in one of the union papers in the south, says, with much truth, that, "the great rock on which the nullifiers of South Carolina are likely to make shipwreck is their mistaken idea about STATE SOVEREIGNTY." The constitution adopted by the people of the United States says—"this constitution and the laws of the United States, which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, and which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, SHALL BE THE SUPREME LAW OF THE LAND; and the judges, in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding."

The states who accepted this constitution, did virtually yield their sovereignty to the General Government, for, as the president of the convention, in the address to the president of Congress of the United States, declared, that

"It is obviously impracticable in the federal government of these states, to secure all the rights of independent sovereignty to each, and yet provide for the interests and safety of all. In all our deliberations on this subject, we kept steadily in view that which appears to us the greatest interest of every true American, the consolidation of the Union, in which is contained our permanent, glorious, safety, perhaps our national existence."

This important consideration, seriously and deeply impressed on our minds, led each state in the convention to be less rigid on points of inferior magnitude, than might have been otherwise expected. That it may promote the lasting welfare of that country, so dear to us all, and secure her freedom and happiness, is our most ardent wish.

With great respect &c.

GEORGE WASHINGTON. Pres.

**ANOTHER OUTRAGE.** General Blair of S. C. entered the theatre in this city, night before last, armed with four pistols and two dirks. During the progress of the play, he deliberately drew one of the pistols and fired it—the ball striking the stage very near where Mr. Palmer & Miss Jefferson were standing. The officers of the house threatening to remove him by force, he promised that if they would permit him to remain, he would behave himself like a gentleman; but in a few minutes he attempted to draw another pistol; being remonstrated with, he left the stage and took one of the front seats where he deliberately drew another pistol cocked and pointed at the stage. The actors and the audience demanding it, he was then disarmed and dragged by force from his seat, upon reaching the lobby, he drew off his coat and played the bully in true \*\*\*\*\* style!! Telegraph.

**SOUTH CAROLINA.**—The Columbia Telescope says, "Volunteers are offering, at the call of the Legislature with a spirit and promptness which shows that there are few of the sons of Carolina, who are not ready to defend her. In this district, there will be at least five companies of a hundred men each. In such districts as we have heard from, we learn that almost the entire population is volunteering. In Fairfield about 1200, Edgefield 1200, Laurens 1000, &c."

We regret to learn, from the Georgetown Wingate Intelligence of Wednesday that some disorderly proceedings have recently occurred in that town, in the course of which the Editor of that paper, and his office, are stated to have been rudely assailed.

The following singular notice was posted in Columbia, which needs no commentary.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Columbia, Jan. 10, 1833.

All persons except Members of Volunteer Companies having in their possession FIRE ARMES belonging to the State are requested forthwith to deliver them to A. W. Roach Assistant Quarter-Master, who is hereby required to collect all such Armes and deposit them in the Arsenal at this place, until further orders.

By Order of the Commander-in-Chief.

P. M. BUTLER, Aid-de-Camp.

**CAPTIONS.** If any person should be so inquisitive as to enquire the reason why we have published the whole of the "gate," "Fish-trap" and "Frog-pond" bills passed by the last session of the legislature, our answer will be, we have all along said the session was a trashy one, principally engaged in doing a trashy business; and we have thought proper to publish the whole of the trash of that trashy assemblage, for the purpose of showing that we have not been mistaken!

We have pleasure in stating, that the Commissioners appointed to superintend the building of the Capitol at Raleigh, have engaged Mr. Drummond, architect who superintended the erection of the beautiful Episcopal Church in this town.

A more prompt, energetic, faithful and capable individual could not have been selected.—Observer.

Letters from Cincinnati state that there was a run upon the U. S. Branch Bank in that city, by the country people, who were induced to believe, by the President's Message, &c. that the Bank is insolvent. To protect itself, the Bank has been obliged to refuse the notes of local Banks, to buy no drafts, and greatly to curtail its discounts. Great pecuniary distress was the result.

**THE EXPRESS.**—Not a word has yet transpired in relation to the object of the Express from Washington to Charleston. It has not even been mentioned in the Washington City papers so far as the mails have brought them, and in Charleston it appears to have excited little attention.

The House of Representatives in New Hampshire, by a vote of 131 to 2, have expressed their approbation of the President's Proclamation. On the question relating to an approval of the general course of his administration, the vote was 125 in favour and 46 against it.

**ALABAMA.**—The Legislature have passed a bill to repeal the act of last session, prohibiting the introduction of slaves into the state, but it is rumored that it will not be approved by the Governor. A bill is before the House of Representatives to establish a penitentiary, and another to establish a "Union Bank." It is thought the last fail.

The test act has been so modified as to give the Governor power to prescribe when the oath to support the ordinance, &c. shall be taken. Several of the nullification bills, which passed the House, were considerably softened by the Senate. In short the tone in that state looks pretty much moderated.

We omitted to notice at the proper time the removal of the United States troops, located in the arsenal on Charleston neck, at the request of the state and city authorities, on the 24th December, with all the armament attached thereto, to fort Moultrie.

The election for a Judge of the Superior court of law and equity, to supply the vacancy occasioned by Judge Daniel's elevation to the Supreme court bench, terminated on the fifth balloting, in the choice of Henry Seawell, Esq.

The legislature adjourned on Friday the 11th inst. after a session of 54 days, having passed 20 public and 147 private acts, and fifty one resolutions. *Saboo!*

### MARRIAGES.

"The world was sad!—the garden was a wild!  
Andwin, the hermit, sighed—till woman smiled!"

**MARRIED.** In this county on Thursday last, By the Rev. William D. Paisley, Andrew Weatherly, of this place, to Miss Margaret Galaspie, of this county.

In Cabarrus county, on the 1st inst. William F. Philfer to Miss Sarah Jane Smith.

In Rowan county, on the 20th ult. John H. Wiant to Miss Delia Krider.

On the 27th ult. Elijah Bray, of Chatham to Miss Elizabeth Patterson, of Orange.

On the 23d. ult. Joab York to Miss Martha Teagan, both of Randolph county.

In Mecklenburg county, a short time ago, James Parks to Miss Mary M'Colloch.

In Newbern, on the 26th ult. George Smith to Miss Mary Dowdely.

In this county, on the 30th ult. Eli Parsons to Miss Rebecca Walker.

In this county, on the 1st. Joel Stephenson to Miss Louisa Couch.

In this county, on the 3d inst. John Howren to Miss Margaret Gilbreath.

In Duplin county, on Tuesday last, William C. Draughton, to Miss Mary J. Williams.

### DEATHS.

"An Angels arm can't snatch me from the grave;  
Legions of Angels, can't comfort me there."

DIED, in this county, on the 21st inst. Caleb Jessup, aged about 65 years.

In this county, on Thursday last, Mrs. Elizabeth Jenkins, wife of Peter Jenkins.

In Salisbury, on the 2nd inst. Mrs. Jane Huie, in the sixty-eighth year of her age.

In the vicinity of Raleigh, on the twenty second ult. Mrs. Ann P. Hinton.

In this county, on the fourth inst. Paterson Braley, infant son of Joseph Braley, after an illness of eight or ten days, aged nearly fifteen months. Let us remember the words of our blessed Lord, and be resigned. He says:—"Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven."—Communicated.

### HATS! HATS! HATS!

THE subscribers take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have entered into a copartnership, known by the name and style of

WARREN & G. ADAMS.

and have commenced the Hattng business in this place, at the stand formerly occupied by W. & P. Adams, east of the courthouse; where they intend constantly to keep on hand, a complete assortment of

FUR AND WOOL HATS

manufactured from the best materials; which they intend to dispose of on the most accommodating terms.

They also wish to purchase a quantity of Fur and Hatters' wool, for which a liberal price in cash will be given.

H. J. WARREN,

GEO. ADAMS.

Greensborough, N. C. Jan. 18th 1833—34—nd.

**STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,**

GUILFORD COUNTY.

**Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,**

November Term 1832.

**D. R. WILLIAM W. TYLER,** vs. William H. Britain, Alfred Britain, Asa G. Britain, John M'Michael and wife Mahala, Elijah Hood, infant son of Polly Hood deceased, formerly wife of John Hood, heirs at law of Joseph Britain deceased. *See Fa* to subject the real estate of said Joseph Britain, to the payment of his debts.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendants, Alfred Britain, John M'Michael and wife Mahala, and Elijah Hood, infant son of Polly Hood deceased, formerly wife of John Hood, are not inhabitants of this state; and that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on them: It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication of the pendency of this suit be made in the Greensborough Patriot for six weeks successively, giving notice to the said defendants Alfred Britain, John M'Michael and wife Mahala, and Elijah Hood, personally to be and appear before the justices of our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the courthouse, in the town of Greensborough, on the third Monday of February next, then and there to show cause if any they have, why judgment shall not be given in favour of the Plaintiff, Dr. Wm. W. Tyler, against said real estate, for the amount of his debt interest and cost.

Witness ALFRED E. HANNER, Clerk of our said court, at office, the third Monday of November, A. D. 1832.

ALFRED E. HANNER, C. C. C.

A True copy, Jan. 9,—33—6.

### NOTICE!

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale a valuable tract of land containing one hundred and seventy acres about seventy of which are cleared, the remainder well timbered; situated on the stage road leading from Greensborough to Salem, immediately at its junction with the Fayetteville road, eight and a half miles from Greensborough, and three quarters of a mile from Clemmons' store adjoining the lands of Rhamer Hunt, William Watson and others— which he will dispose of on reasonable terms.

Any person wishing to purchase would do well by calling soon. For further particulars apply to the subscriber at the house of Eli Cuthbert.

WILLIAM S. UNTHANK.

Guilford, N. C. Jan. 16, 1833—34—3.

## \$25 Reward.

**R**UNAWAY from the subscriber on the night of the 3d inst. Two Negro boys by the name of

JIM & SOLOMON.

Jim is a large stout fellow, about 35 years of age, dark complected, his head is little grey; he had on when he ran away a pair of black princetons, a blue round about coat and white fur hat, pretty much worn. Solomon is rather light complected and rather smaller than Jim, about 25 years of age; he wore away a pair of brown lincey pantaloons, white lincey coat and a black fur hat with erape on it. The above negroes were purchased in Maryland a few weeks ago, and I have no doubt are trying to get back. The above reward will be paid for the apprehension of said negroes in any Jail in the state, and all reasonable expenses paid, so that the subscriber can get them, or by delivering them to Lewis Dinkins, my agent, near Charlotte.

ARMSTID BRANCH.

January 5, 1833.—34—3.

**STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,**

GUILFORD COUNTY.

**Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,**

November Term, 1832

**ARCHIBALD WILSON** vs. William H. Britain, Alfred Britain, Asa G. Britain, John M'Michael and wife Mahala, Elijah Hood, infant son of Polly Hood deceased, formerly wife of John Hood, heirs at law of Joseph Britain deceased. *See Fa* to subject the real estate of said Joseph Britain, to the payment of his debts.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendants, Alfred Britain, John M'Michael and wife Mahala, and Elijah Hood, infant son of Polly Hood deceased, formerly wife of John Hood, are not inhabitants of this state; and that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on them: It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication of the pendency of this suit be made in the Greensborough Patriot for six weeks successively, giving notice to the said defendants, Alfred Britain, John M'Michael and wife Mahala, and Elijah Hood, personally to be and appear before the justices of our next Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the courthouse, in Greensborough, on the third Monday of February next, then and there to show cause if any they may have, why Judgment shall not be given in favour of the Plaintiff, Archibald Wilson, against said real estate, for the amount of his debt, interest and cost.

Witness ALFRED E. HANNER, Clerk of our said court, at office, the third Monday of November, A. D. 1832.

ALFRED E. HANNER, C. C. C.

A True copy, Jan. 9—33—6.

### DR. A. BLUMENAU,

FROM Germany professes his services to the citizens of Guilford county in the practice of Medicine, Surgery, and Midwifery. He has Graduated in Europe, and served as a Surgeon in the army, and on board a ship. He has taken his office adjoining the residence of Colonel John M. Logan, in the town of Greensborough, where he will, at all times be found, except when absent on professional business.

Orders left, in his absence, at the Hotel of George Albright, Esq. will be promptly attended to. His charges will be very moderate.

Since he came to this country he has cured a great many of the following diseases, viz: Cholera Morbus, Gravel, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Phtisis, Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Hysterical Complaints, Dysentery, Tape-worm, Cancer, Inflammatory Fevers, Hard Hearing, Consumption in the first degree, Sore eyes, White Swelling, Fracture of Bones, Scarlet Fever, Piles, &c. &c.

He submits the following

**RECOMMENDATION.**

I, the undersigned, Captain of the Ship Amphitrite, from Amsterdam, lately arrived at this city with three hundred passengers, herewith certify that DR. A. BLUMENAU, during the long voyage of 75 days, has treated the sick with the greatest care, and has proved himself, in every respect, as a very humane man, and a skilful physician; and that out of seventy sick, only two have died on the voyage.

Philadelphia, &c.

FREDERICK RIBER.

**STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,**

GUILFORD COUNTY.

**Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,**

November Term, 1832

**JAMES WAUGH** vs. William H. Britain, Alfred Britain, Asa G. Britain, John M'Michael and wife Mahala, Elijah Hood, infant son of Polly Hood deceased, formerly wife of John Hood, heirs at law of Joseph Britain deceased. *See Fa* to subject the real estate of said Joseph Britain to the payment of his debts.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendants Alfred Britain, John M'Michael and wife Mahala, and Elijah Hood, infant son of Polly Hood deceased, formerly wife of John Hood, are not inhabitants of this state; and that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on them: It is therefore ordered by the court, that publication of the pendency of this suit be made in the Greensborough Patriot for six weeks successively, giving Notice to the said defendants Alfred Britain, John M'Michael and wife Mahala, and Elijah Hood, personally to be and appear before the justices of our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the county of Guilford, at the courthouse, in Greensborough, on the third Monday of February next then and there to show cause if any they may have why Judgment shall not be given in favour of the Plaintiff, James Waugh, against said real estate for the amount of his debt, interest and cost.

Witness ALFRED E. HANNER, Clerk of our said court at office, on the third Monday of November, A. D. 1832.

ALFRED E. HANNER, C. C. C.

A True copy, Jan 2—32—6.

### EDUCATION!

THE committee of the New Garden Monthly Meeting School takes this method to inform their friends, and the public in general, that they have again employed

HORACE F. CANNON

as principle teacher in the school at this place, which is now in active and successful operation.

In this school is taught Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Natural Philosophy, the Elements of Chemistry, Geography, Ancient and Modern History, Astronomy, and some of the most useful branches of Mathematics.

Any youth supporting a moral character will be received and industriously instructed in any of the above branches, at the reduced price of eight dollars per year, and boarding low.

By order of the committee

ELIHU COFFIN, Clerk.

New Garden, N. C. 1st mo. 1833—34—3.

### ALMANACKS.

Gales' North Carolina Almanacks for 1833 containing the usual astronomical calculations, together with a large fund of useful and interesting matter, for sale by the press, half gross, dozen or half dozen, at 15s. each.

Orders from the country will be promptly received, and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM SWAIN.

Greensborough, Oct. 17th 1832—33—3.



