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LABOR MAKING P FOR AGGRESSIVE

AMERICAN FEDERATION
ENTER POLITICS AND TAKE
HAND IN EVERY STATE.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Definite plans for the first nation-wide, aggressive political campaign by organized labor to control Congress and elect friendly national and state officials have been made by a committee of the American Federation of Labor and will be announced soon. Labor officials declared today that the fight will be bi-partisan and will be conducted in the coming presidential campaign.

Organization details have been formulated by a committee composed of the executive council and department heads of the federation, which met in session here for the past two days. Samuel Gompers, president of the federation, said tonight that an explanation of the movement would be made public tomorrow. The committee formulating plans was appointed by Mr. Gompers in accordance with instructions given by the general labor conference held here last December 13 to put into effect the "declaration of principles" adopted at that time.

Representatives in Congress whose record shows them to be unfriendly to organized labor, it was said, will be exposed rigorously for re-election, and new candidates hostile to labor's interests will meet the same opposition. Every craft affiliated with the federation will be called upon to join in the political fight, it was added, and congressional districts will be actively canvassed, and an army of organizers will be put in the field. The federation now claims a membership of more than 4,000,000.

In addition, the campaign will be carried into state and local primaries and elections and an attempt made to obtain governors, judges and legislatures well disposed toward labor. Labor leaders explained that while an effort would be made to enlist the support of the farmers, no third party movement is considered advisable. To attempt to reach an agreement with national farm organizations will be made, but the appeal will be addressed directly to the workers themselves, it was said. The cooperation of friendly state and local farm organizations, however, is hoped for, particularly in North Dakota, Minnesota and adjoining states where the non-partisan league has gained a hold, and in New York, South Carolina and other states having strong farmers' organizations.

Chief of the four big brotherhoods now in Washington for wage conferences with the director-general, shielded any political discussion when asked today if the railroad employees were aligned with the federation in the contemplated fight. Warren S. Stone, chief of the locomotive engineers, said that he had been too busy with other matters and had talked to no one regarding the projected scheme.

On the other hand, tomorrow's issue of "Labor," the official organ of the Plumb plan league, will have a leading editorial a call to 90,000 wage earners and farmers to organize now to elect their quota of congressmen.

Something New in Officialdom.
Louisville, Miss., Feb. 3.—Official quotations of misdemeanors and whipping were issued today by B. McAlilly, justice of the peace, in the following note:

"To the citizens of the fourth district:

"This is to notify you that when you commit any misdemeanor, come to my office, plead guilty and pay off. Misdemeanors from \$5 up. Whipping our wife from \$25 up.

(Signed) "R. R. McALILLY,
Justice Peace."

Bottle Contained Message of Despair
Baltimore, Feb. 6.—A bottle was found on the beach at Ocean City, Md., today containing the following note:

"May God give us help. Goodbye. We are lost off Capes of Delaware. Goodbye. February 4. Small boat of Anna Otho Thomas."

At the local maritime exchange it was said that no boat of the name of Anna Otho Thomas was listed there.

COMMISSIONER ROPER WANTS TO CONSOLIDATE HIS FORCE

PROBATION WILL BE SENT
ATE TO COACH REV-
ENCE AGENTS.

Washington, Feb. 6.—By making a vigorous protest, Senator Overman today practically nipped in the bud a plan of Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper, by which the office of the federal prohibition director would have been moved from Salisbury to Raleigh.

At the same time the junior senator was informed again by Mr. Roper that Captain Boyd, now in the internal revenue service in Kentucky, would be sent into North Carolina temporarily until the two senators and the commissioner can reach an agreement regarding the supervision of the school master to the internal revenue agents in North Carolina while the negotiations looking to the re-establishment of the western district are going ahead.

Would Concentrate Forces.
The commissioner wanted to move Colonel Vanderford and his force, consisting of two assistants and clerical help, from Salisbury, the prohibition director's home, to Raleigh, with a view to concentrating the activity of the revenue forces there. Colonel Vanderford objected to being shifted around any more at this stage of the game, and Senator Overman persuaded the commissioner, at least for the time being, to abandon this scheme.

This was one of the contemplated changes which was argued to the attorney general when Marshall George H. Belmont's application to transfer his office from Raleigh to Wilmington was under consideration. The space he occupied in Raleigh, it was pointed out, was needed for the prohibition director.

The two senators today conferred at some length regarding the administration of revenue law in North Carolina. Both are very much concerned over the action of the commissioner with reference to Captain Boyd. They have no personal objection to the Kentucky man, but both are inclined to think that there are North Carolinians in the revenue service deserving of promotion.

No Capable Man Available.
The commissioner, acting on a report from one of his inspectors, wrote the senator that there was no man in the revenue forces in the state sufficiently capable to be elevated to the place which Colonel Watts left when he resigned to enter a business. It is the commissioner's plan to straighten out the work in North Carolina through Captain Boyd and then settle the question of who shall succeed Colonel Watts.

Sheriff Haynes is going to be appointed a chief deputy in charge of the special taxes, Commissioner Roper has said. If the problem then is worked out as the senators desire, a promotion will be arranged for Sheriff Manly McDowell and things will be in good shape again.

Boy Victim of His Own Rifle.
Lenoir, Feb. 6.—Herbert Huntley, the 13 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Huntley, who live a few miles east of here, accidentally shot himself yesterday afternoon and died a few moments later.

Just how the accident occurred is not known. The boy had just returned from an adjoining field where he had been searching for a rabbit he had seen in the field during the afternoon. On entering the house he stood the rifle, which was of .22 caliber, against the door facing, and sat down by the fire to read a newspaper. A rifle shot followed by an exclamation of pain. The boy was found lying near the rifle with a bullet hole through his right breast.

General Thinks Mexicans Hopeless Lot.

El Paso, Feb. 6.—Maj. Gen. B. L. Howze, commanding in the El Paso district, testifying here today before the senate sub-committee investigating the Mexican situation, said he regarded conditions in Mexico as "intolerable." He said he believed the Mexicans left to themselves would be unable to improve the condition.

STREETS OF NEW YORK CHOKED WITH ICE-SNOW

SHIPPING FROZEN IN FIELDS OF
ICE AND ALL RAILROAD
LINES CRIPPLED.

New York, Feb. 6.—New York still was stormbound late tonight and there was small prospect of relief. The city's great army of commuters started home through snow squalls blown up from the northwest by a 30-mile gale and the weather bureau said the fall would continue for another 12 hours.

Demoralization of transit lines of all kinds were almost unprecedented. Only the subways were maintaining regular schedules and every train in them was literally mobbed at the rush hour. Surface cars had almost ceased to operate. Long lines of them were tied up in all parts of the city behind tangles of trucks, drays, motor buses, automobiles and taxicabs.

So serious was the situation that Mayor Hylan issued a proclamation late today calling upon persons engaged in the transportation business, except in the delivery of foodstuffs, coal and milk, to cease work from tonight until Tuesday morning, turning their trucks and laboring forces over to the city to meet the storm emergency.

\$1 the Hour is Offered.
The street cleaning department admitted that it was virtually helpless because of its inability to hire men. From 75 cents to \$1 an hour was offered for snow shovellers but only 3,000 of the 14,000 men needed could be recruited.

The problem of distributing the city's food supply also had become serious. Milk trains arrived very irregularly today and trucks loaded with all kinds of groceries and produce made their rounds with the utmost difficulty.

Dozens of persons were injured today, many seriously, by falling copings, awnings and cornices carried down by weight of snow. Lieut. Col. Frederick Davidson, stationed at Governor's Island, died late today from a fracture of the skull suffered when he was struck by a glass canopy.

Conditions on the harbor and in nearby waters were little improved, although it was hoped a shift of the wind might release some of the boats held fast in fields of ice.

Eight steamers were fast in Long Island sound and tugs sent to their relief were bucking vainly against the ice. The Maine, of the New England Steamship Company, ashore off Executive Point, was listed to port and seemed to be down by the head. Two wrecking tugs trying to assist her were fast in the ice field. Another southern steamer was helpless a short distance away.

Storms Raging at Sea.
Other steamships icebound were the Chester W. Chapin, New Hampshire, Pequannock and City of Lowell. Several coasting schooners and a number of barges also were frozen in. Transatlantic ships were held in port and wireless reports from vessels at sea told of high winds and raging waves.

Railroads running into New Jersey and Long Island were struggling gamely but against heavy odds to keep trains moving.

The first train of the day from the west on the New York Central arrived about 2 o'clock after having taken 14 hours for the usual four-hour run from Albany.

FIRE DESTROYS \$10,000,000 HAVANA FERTILIZER PLANT.

Havana, Feb. 6.—Fire destroyed the principal buildings of the American Agricultural and Chemical Company and their contents at Regla, near here, today, with a loss estimated at more than \$10,000,000.

The flames are said to have originated on board the American wooden freighter Brookland, laden with nitrate, which was moored at the Regla docks in Havana harbor. The Brookland is a total loss. Numerous explosions during the fire spread panic among the inhabitants of the village of Regla. Several firemen are reported to have been injured.

Fire apparatus from this city was sent to Regla on board harbor ferry boats.

SIMS AND PROHIBITION DISCUSSED AT DINNER

CUMMINGS RECEPTION ENLIV-
ENED BY GOVERNOR OF NEW
JERSEY—SIMS HISSED.

New York, Feb. 5.—Prohibition and the Sims-Daniels controversy were injected tonight into the testimonial dinner given here to Homer S. Cummings, chairman of the Democratic national convention, at which Secretary Daniels was the principal speaker. One thousand invitations had been issued to the banquet which was attended by prominent Democrats from all parts of the country.

The prohibition issue was brought into the proceedings by Governor Edwards, of New Jersey, and Smith, of New York, and was greeted with obviously mingled feelings by the diners. Governor Edwards was not on the official list of speakers and was called upon unexpectedly after Secretary Daniels had concluded his address. Earlier in the evening the New Jersey executive had been given a striking ovation when he entered the dining hall and there was an even greater demonstration when he arose to speak.

Governor Edwards declared that a great issue had emerged from the past "the issue of state rights and personal liberty." He asserted that this issue "must be decided by the people next November."

"If the federal government," he continued, "may subvert the doctrines of state rights and, without a commission or mandate from the people, enter upon our firesides and into our homes with the bureaucratic system of office holders and overlordship, the theory of our constitutional government and all the rights incident to home rule and local state government are destroyed. Under such a system the indestructible union of indestructible states becomes a myth and we have the necessary alternative of a great superpower at Washington, imposing its will upon us in the direction of our habits, our manners, our tastes, and our local customs, until nothing is left of the independent state of our fathers but the name."

"To me this situation is a political sacrilege and I purpose to carry the fight to San Francisco regardless of what any man or set of men may personally think so as to bring about a popular re-statement of the doctrine of state rights and popular local home rule upon which our fathers founded this government."

Governor Smith's contribution to the prohibition issue was contained in a telegram expressing his regret that illness prevented his being present. In his telegram the New York executive said:

"Do not forget the time-honored Democratic doctrine that the government is more effective which governs the least. This precept of Democratic faith in the recent past has been grievously and wilfully sinned against when, in the name of democracy, there was imposed upon 100,000,000 free people, without asking their direct consent, a restriction to their personal liberty which Prussia in her palmy days never dreamed of."

The name of Admiral Sims was introduced by John M. Riehle, the toastmaster, at the conclusion of Secretary Daniels' address. The secretary had dwelt upon great service performed by the North sea mine barrage in putting an end to the German submarine menace, and, incidentally, credited President Wilson with being the first high American official to conceive the idea. Mr. Riehle, before calling upon Governor Edwards as the next speaker, said:

"Secretary Daniels spoke of the great barrage laid across the North sea. I have just received a memorandum which shows that the only American officer who opposed the laying of that barrage was Admiral Sims."

The mention of the admiral's name was the signal for considerable hissing and booing from various parts of the dining hall.

Among the prominent Democrats who were seated at the speaker's table were: Charles B. Alexander, vice president of the national Democratic club; Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt; Mrs. Elizabeth Bass, chairman of the

GERMANY UNABLE TO MEET DEMANDS FOR PRISONERS

LIST RECEIVED FROM ALLIES
CONTAINS APPROXIMATELY
NINE HUNDRED NAMES.

London, Feb. 6.—The German chancellor, Gustav Bauer, in a statement to the press, said, according to a Berlin wireless message received as follows:

"Your standpoint was explained in the note of January 25, and we again emphasize it. But we shall strictly avoid any provocation."

"For this reason the government regrets that Baron Von Lersner refused to forward the entente note. In any such action the interests of the whole nation must be decisive, and not that of a single individual."

The German note of January 25 begged the allies to renounce execution of article 228 of the peace treaty, requiring the surrender of persons accused of acts in violation of the laws and customs of war.

The note affirmed that the execution of article 228 would infallibly cause political and economic troubles which would have a serious effect on the production of the nation.

The German government proposed that the trial of such persons be held in Germany with the participation of allied representatives.

Surrender of Prisoners Impossible.
Berlin, Feb. 5.—Surrender of the men demanded by the allies is impossible, the Associated Press was informed by a member of the government at the conclusion of tonight's cabinet session.

The cabinet meeting, which lasted several hours, was attended by Matthias Erzberger, the vice prime minister of France, whose appearance was his first at a meeting of the ministry since he was shot in the shoulder in the recent attempt of a former cadet to assassinate him.

Rumors that a crisis was impending in the government are declared by the Lokal Anzeiger.

The cabinet members are in complete agreement on Germany's policy, the newspaper avers.

The list received in Berlin contains approximately nine hundred names. Fully eighty per cent of the men are unknown even to the general public of Germany.

Faulty transmission resulted in gross misspelling and the omission of initials and other marks of identification to indicate the respective persons meant, while names like Mueller and Schmidt occur a score of times.

France and Belgium each demand the surrender of 334 men; England, 97; Poland, 57; Rumania, 41; Serbia, 4, and Italy, 25.

There is one woman on the list, Frau Elsa Scheiner, who is wanted for alleged mistreatment of French women at a German concentration camp. The appearance of the name of Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador to the United States, is accounted for here by his connection with Bolo Pasha, executed in France in 1918 as a traitor.

FIFTY INJURED IN A WRECK ON THE SEABOARD.

Savannah, Feb. 7.—Fifty persons were injured, scores of others badly shaken up, four passenger coaches plunged down an embankment and four others were derailed, when Seaboard Air Line train No. 3, from New York to Jacksonville, was wrecked on the Seaboard about 19 miles south of Savannah today.

The cause of the wreck has not yet been learned. It occurred about four miles south of Way's station, near a small trestle. Upon receiving the news of the wreck, local officials of the Seaboard hastily made up a relief train and rushed to the scene with a number of physicians aboard. Although officials of the railroad estimated that fully 50 persons received injuries, they did not believe any fatalities would result.

women's bureau of the national Democratic committee; William W. Farley, chairman of the Democratic committee; Mayor John F. Hylan, and Monsignor Michael J. Lavelle.

NEED MANY VOLUNTEERS TO COMBAT FLU EPIDEMIC

TWO NEW PLACES OFFERED
YESTERDAY FOR EMERGENCY
HOSPITALS.

Yesterday officials of two fraternal orders in this city, the United Commercial Travelers and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, notified those in charge of the anti-influenza campaign in Greensboro that their lodge rooms, on the third floor of the building at the corner of North Elm and Gaston streets, over Herndon's pharmacy, were available for use as an emergency hospital or other purposes for which they might be needed in combating the disease.

This hall is a large one and would probably accommodate 50 beds. In it are two heaters and a large gas range as well as cooking utensils and other equipment, including plumbing facilities. If not needed as an emergency hospital, fraternalists suggested that it would doubtless prove an admirable location for a soup kitchen. Perhaps arrangements will be made there for preparing food for nurses and other workers who are fighting influenza; it might also be used as a rest room for a number of the workers.

At any rate, the hall has been placed at the disposal of the campaigners. Incidentally, officials of the U. C. T. stated that if desired they would be glad to serve lunches in the hall for Red Cross workers from 7 to 10 o'clock each night.

Whether the kind offer of the fraternal orders will be accepted will depend upon the decision of the Guilford County Medical Society.

Yesterday a number of influenza patients were placed in the new emergency hospitals, in the Odd Fellows' hall, West Market street, and the institution is rapidly being filled. The work of the main emergency hospital, in the armory, is progressing in fine shape, it appears.

Reports from the negro emergency hospital, in the Odd Fellows' hall, East Market street, indicate that excellent work is being performed there. Twenty-three patients are being cared for there, 20 of them being influenza sufferers, while the others are ill of pneumonia. All of the soup for the patients at this institution is being provided by the A. & T. College, which also is regularly furnishing two orderlies. More women volunteers workers are needed for service there, it was stated yesterday, and the appeal is going forward with a degree of urgency.

In this connection it is observable that the negroes are caring for the sick of their own race. An encouraging fact is that a number of the people who heretofore has manifested symptoms of fear of the disease are now overcoming that feeling and coming forward for service.

Yesterday an anxious call for nurses and other assistance came from the section just east of Gibsonville. Two American legion men and a nurse went out and rendered such aid as they could. Country people in many instances are experiencing extreme difficulty in the procurement of medical aid and this is true to a certain extent in the city as the cases are more numerous than ever before in the city's history.

Both encouraging and discouraging factors were noted in the situation yesterday. One of the encouraging features was the discharge of a number of patients. Another was the acquisition of additional volunteers in a number of neighborhoods. The number of new cases of influenza yesterday probably was not quite so large as on a few previous days, but the number of pneumonia cases is thought to have been higher than on any previous day. In a number of instances, reports came from very critical cases, while the rate of fatality also is mounting upward. It is generally maintained, however, that as a rule the cases of influenza are of milder form than those of last winter.

Can Use Booze For Cooking.

New York, Feb. 6.—Charles R. O'Connor, state federal prohibition agent, announced tonight that alcoholic liquors can be used for cooking purposes without violating the law.

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Boys' School Suits

Get that Boy ready for school. Besides accessories which we can supply, he'll be compelled to have a SUIT. We have just unpacked a shipment of Boys Knee Pant Suits. Excellent fabrics and the best in workmanship; clothes that will wear and that will hold appearance.

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LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Marriage at High Point.

A marriage that will be of interest to friends throughout North Carolina took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. U. Oakes, on Ennis street, Saturday at high noon when their sister, Miss Lucile Corinne Oakes, was married to George Sparger, Jr., of Mt. Airy. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Sparger left for a ten days visit to Washington, Baltimore and New York. After their return they will make their home in Mt. Airy.

Superior Court Continued.

There will be no Superior court in Guilford this month, both the first and second weeks of court for the trial of civil cases, having been continued. The first week of the term which was due to convene today, was continued by Judge McElroy a few days ago, and Saturday he continued the second week of the term and instructed Deputy Clerk of the Court Joyner to notify the jurors to that effect. The term was continued on account of the prevalence of influenza here. The next term of Superior court will convene March 8. It is for the trial of civil cases.

Victim of Brief Illness.

Edward Alton Hancock, nine-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Hancock, died at 2.30 yesterday afternoon at the home, five miles north of the city, following an illness of two days. Uremic poison was the cause of death. Besides the parents, the child is survived by a brother, Austin Hancock, and a sister, Mrs. D. R. Settle, who lives a short distance north of the city. Funeral services will be conducted this afternoon by Rev. E. Frank Lee, pastor of Buffalo and Midway Presbyterian churches, and the remains will be interred in the Buffalo cemetery.

Joseph W. Clymer Dead.

Joseph W. Clymer, aged 69, died at 8 o'clock Saturday morning at the emergency hospital, West Market street, following an illness of about a week. Death was ascribed to influenza and pneumonia. Surviving besides the widow, Mrs. Emma Clymer, are a half-brother, Charles Kirkman, and a half-sister, Mrs. Eugene Rankin, of Greensboro. Funeral services were conducted at the home, 116 McIver street, at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon by Rev. E. L. Bain, D. D., pastor of West Market Street Methodist church, and Rev. E. Frank Lee, pastor of Buffalo and Midway Presbyterian churches.

Convention Date Changed.

Acting Chairman E. E. Mendenhall, of the Guilford county Republican executive committee, Thursday night announced that the county convention would be held in Greensboro February 28 instead of February 14, the date originally planned. The change is due to the influenza situation. However, the precinct meetings for the elections of delegates to the county convention will be held throughout the county on the night of February 13, the date originally fixed. Delegates to the state convention in Greensboro March 3 are to be elected at the county convention, which also will elect a chairman to succeed the late C. W. Curry.

THE SCHOOLS OF COUNTY ARE ORDERED CLOSED

At a meeting of the Guilford county board of health Friday afternoon an ordinance was adopted providing for the closing of all the schools in the county as a result of the influenza epidemic. The order is effective at once and the schools will remain closed until Monday, February 16, under its provisions.

The board also recommended the closing of the churches and Sunday schools. Dr. W. M. Jones, county health officer and secretary of the board, recommended the closing ordinance, and in this opinion his associates of the board concurred.

Of course if the situation does not improve within the next 10 days, the closing order will be extended. However, the authorities are hopeful that conditions within that period will improve sufficiently to permit reopening of the schools.

Because of the prevalence of influenza, the attendance at the county schools had decreased in a very material way within the past week. In most instances the members of the faculties seem to have been more susceptible to the disease than the pupils, although both have been seriously affected. As a matter of fact, several of the schools in the county had already closed because of prevalence of influenza. It was realized that successful operation of the county schools could not be expected under existing conditions, so the board ordered suspension of such activities. At the same time it was felt that closing of the schools might result in material improvement of the influenza situation.

In rural Guilford the number of influenza cases at this time ranges between 1,500 and 2,000, according to an estimate made by Dr. Jones. However, the county health officer finds that in the main the cases are of mild nature and that the number of pneumonia cases is not especially large.

One hundred and twenty cases of influenza are reported from the Jamestown community, while there also are a large number at Brown Summit. At Revolution there are several hundred cases and approximately 200 employees are out of the mill because of the disease. A number of cases were reported from Glenwood. The disease has appeared in practically every section of Guilford county.

Dr. Jones' observation in Guilford has led him to the conviction that very few persons are suffering from a second attack of influenza. In other words, he finds that as a rule persons who last winter were influenza sufferers have not contracted the disease this winter. The observation seems to support the theory that in many instances former influenza sufferers have acquired immunity from the disease; that is, that influenza seems to set to work immunization processes operable at least for a season.

The county health officer also believes that the crest of the influenza epidemic in Guilford has probably been reached.

Made J. Hamp Doff Uniform.

New Orleans, Feb. 5.—Representing himself as a lieutenant in the home guard of Winston-Salem, N. C., and wearing a uniform resembling that of an officer in the United States army, J. Hampton Rich was taken before department of justice officers to-day and questioned. He said he was traveling through the South soliciting funds for the Daniel Boone Highway Association. He was released from custody on promising to stop wearing the uniform.

Getting out of war is, also.—Detroit News.

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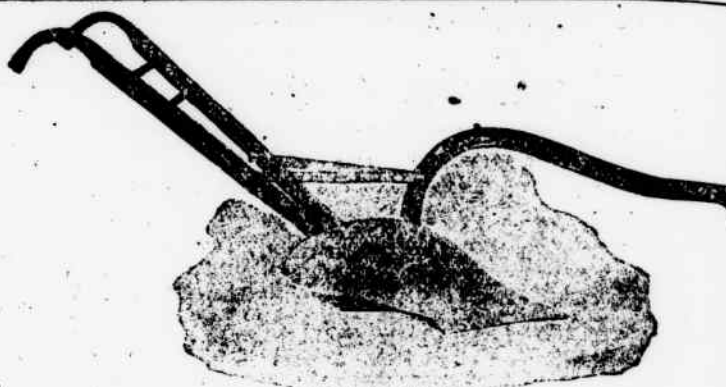
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BUY AT ODELL'S—WHERE QUALITY TELLS.

ODELL HARDWARE COMPANY,

THE LARGEST HARDWARE STORE IN THE STATE.

Reprint of Article that Recently Appeared in The Progressive Farmer:

Make Friends with a Bank

The farmer who is not patronizing a bank is losing a great deal both in experience and safety. The time was when few farmers patronized banks, but it has now come to the point where a farmer patronizes a bank as a rule rather than as an exception. The Progressive Farmer used to get thousands of letters containing currency, money orders, and stamps, but the larger part of the letters we now receive contain checks. Anyone who will consider this matter for an instant will see that a check is much safer, more convenient, and costs less than even the money order.

In spite of this evident fact, however, there are still hundreds and hundreds of farmers who do not patronize any bank. They will sell their tobacco or cotton, put their money in their hip pocket and take it home with them. Every year there are millions of dollars lost because of this practice.

WE PAY 4 per cent. INTEREST ON TIME AND SAVINGS DEPOSITS.

American Exchange National Bank
GREENSBORO, N. C.

CAPITAL \$400,000.00
BRANCH AT SOUTH GREENSBORO.

HANKIN, ALLEGED MURDERER, SURRENDERS.

At 10 o'clock Friday night Henry Hankin, negro, charged with the murder of a negro named Pete Benton, surrendered to Patrolman W. McCusick, and he was placed in the city prison, without bond, to wait a preliminary hearing in Municipal court.

Hankin had come to the office of his attorney, E. D. Broadhurst, Bank building, and notified the latter of his readiness to be taken in custody. Mr. Broadhurst requested Patrolman McCusick to come over and take charge of Hankin, and this was done.

The alleged murder was committed in the yard in the rear of Benton's home, on Gilmer street, at 2:30 on Monday afternoon. The officers have been searching for Hankin, but it was generally believed that he left the city immediately after the shooting. Friday night, however, it was stated that he had been in the city since Benton was killed.

According to reports obtained by the police, the shooting followed a gambling game at the home of Benton. It was stated that Benton, Hankin and a negro named Hun Allen had emerged from the home, that Hankin was armed with a shotgun and Allen with a pistol, that Benton in an effort to prevent bloodshed, overpowered Hankin, fired the load of shot taking off the top of Benton's skull and also injuring Allen. Benton was killed almost instantly. It was also stated that Allen fired his pistol, the shot going wild.

SCHOOLS, THEATERS AND POOL ROOMS CLOSED TIGHT.

The lid is on in Greensboro. Effective at 6 o'clock Thursday evening the moving picture houses, dance halls, the Municipal theatre, and the pool rooms closed their doors for a period of 10 days under a resolution adopted by the city commissioners Thursday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. The schools closed earlier in the day. The resolution was adopted as an emergency measure in an effort to combat the influenza epidemic and had the endorsement of the medical profession, the Merchants' Association and the Chamber of Commerce.

It is hoped that the epidemic will quickly pass and that it will not be necessary to keep the places designated closed the full length of the time stated. Again it is possible that the situation may continue to grow worse and that it may become necessary to close up practically every business house in the city. If such an emergency should arise the city commissioners have been assured that they will have the hearty cooperation of the Merchants' Association and the Chamber of Commerce. Both these organizations have rendered to the city commissioners their good offices in this hour of municipal stress.

LOCAL POSTAL SERVICE HARD HIT BY THE FLU.

The influenza epidemic raging in Greensboro is no respecter of persons or business. It has fastened upon the mighty as well as upon the citizen of low degree. It has crippled small business and large business and the United States government is not immune. The post office, in fact, is about as hard hit as any business in Greensboro. Postmaster Cooke has 12 clerks and carriers out of about 25 per cent of his force. He has no substitutes available and the business and the gov-

ernment, at least a part of it, must go by default. Mr. Cooke has succeeded thus far in maintaining once a day delivery of first class mail in the city, but the rural routes have suffered while it has not been possible to deliver parcel post.

On route No. 2, the route going out by the John Young place, has been badly crippled. Rural Carrier Will Wharton, who is on that route, is ill and a substitute was hard to find.

The postoffice is not by any means the only place of business affected by the influenza. It is probable that there is not a business in Greensboro but what has suffered or is now suffering. The railroad is hard hit. It is understood that there are not enough men available for all the engines or enough crews to handle freights and the freight service is uncertain and far behind. It is said that in Greensboro alone there are between 100 and 125 railroad employees not at work. All, however, are not sick. But those who are not ill and at work are required at home to look after other members of their family who are ill.

TEACHERS TO BE PAID WHILE SCHOOLS CLOSED.

The teachers in the county schools will receive pay for the time of suspension of the schools resulting from influenza just as if they were actually teaching, according to an order adopted by the county board of education in monthly session here Saturday morning.

Of course it was realized that the reason the teachers are not engaged in their scholastic work is the prevalence of influenza and that their absence from the schools rooms is not of their choice. Friday afternoon an ordinance was adopted by the county board of health closing all of the county schools until Monday, February 16, as a result of the epidemic, which has seriously affected teachers as well as pupils. As a matter of fact, the teachers apparently have been more susceptible to the disease than the pupils.

Unless the situation improves materially within the next week, the closing of the schools will be extended.

MR. KIMBALL VERY ILL NOW IN HENDERSON.

A. B. Kimball, prominent member of the local bar and one of the leading citizens of the state, is critically ill at a hospital in Henderson, according to word received here Thursday night by his law partner, R. R. King, of this city. Mr. Kimball is suffering from Bright's disease and his heart also seems to be affected. Grave fears are entertained as to the outcome.

For several months Mr. Kimball has been in delicate health. About three weeks ago he went to Baltimore, where he was under the care of eminent specialists. He was moved from Baltimore to his farm near Oxford, Mrs. Kimball accompanying him. Subsequently he took a turn for the worse and recent messages from Oxford have indicated that his condition was desperate.

Shows Improvement.
Slight improvement was noted Saturday in the condition of Mr. Kimball. While no effort is made to minimize the seriousness of Mr. Kimball's condition, signs of improvement are discernible and it is hoped this will continue.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

REIDSVILLE MEN CLEARED OF CONSPIRACY CHARGE.

After being out about two and one-half hours a Federal court jury Thursday night returned a verdict of not guilty in the case against Dr. S. G. Jett, James Scambatto, J. F. Covington, S. H. Ware, Sr., S. H. Ware, Jr., of Reidsville, and Ben Sprinkle, of Baltimore, who were charged with conspiracy to transport whiskey to North Carolina from Baltimore in violation of the Reed amendment.

The defendants contended that the purpose in seeking the whiskey was to make it available for use in cases of influenza at Reidsville in December 1918. Dr. Jett, who was health officer at Reidsville, had signed a statement to the effect that the liquor was needed for that purpose and the order also was signed by Chief of Police C. W. Jackson, according to the evidence presented. The prosecution contended that the whiskey was to be used for purposes other than that of aiding influenza patients. The liquor had been seized by agents of the federal department of justice.

Judge E. Yates Webb directed the jury to find a verdict of not guilty as to Ben Sprinkle.

Trial of the case consumed a large part of the time of the court Thursday. The defendants were represented by Judge W. P. Bynum, of Greensboro, and Senator Powell W. Glidewell, of Reidsville.

T. M. Kivett, white, was convicted of illicit distilling. He was ordered to pay a fine of \$100 and to serve four months in jail.

A fine of \$50 each was imposed in the cases against Cecil Kivett and Lester Kivett, who last December were convicted of illicit distilling. Prayer for judgment had been continued until this term.

LINDLEY NURSERY CO. HOLD ANNUAL MEETING.

Officers for the new year have been elected by the directors of the J. Van Lindley Nursery Company as follows: Paul C. Lindley, president; Dr. J. P. Turner, vice president; A. J. Sykes, secretary and treasurer, and R. E. Dalton, Jr., sales manager. Mr. Sykes succeeds O. Joe Howard as secretary and treasurer. Mr. Howard also having served as sales manager. Mr. Howard is establishing a nursery business in Hickory, following a service of about 19 years with the Lindley company.

Reports submitted at the annual meeting showed that the past year had been remarkably successful, while the prospects for the future are particularly bright.

LESS POLITICS AND BETTER STATESMEN.

Men that know the world's condition and how to remedy them for the betterment of humanity.

In North Carolina why is the burden of taxation placed on real estate?

Say a farm assessed at \$2,300 under the old system is raised under the new to \$18,000 by taking in buildings, etc., while a neighbor with \$2,300 in bonds, notes or cash, gets no raise, but gets lower rates, the same as the real estate man, so you see he is benefited, while the real estate man is injured.

It would have been far better to have taken the old tax books and raised the valuation 10 per cent. That would have saved the cost of the new assessment which will be enormous. Creating new offices with big pay is the order of things.

Page for governor is the only man that even offers relief. The others claim nomination for party service rendered in the past.

Repeat the primary law and give the people conventions in their steads, so as to bring out their best men—not office seekers.

That will save the cost of the primary and give the young men a chance that can't hire campaign managers and pay a fee of \$5 in each county in which they run and print literature and send out in their behalf at a considerable cost.

Yours for reformation.

S. W. H. SMITH.

Guilford College, Feb. 3.

Vance's Eyeglasses Missing.

Raleigh, Feb. 6.—The eyeglasses which Senator Zebulon Vance, in bronze, had been holding since the unveiling in 1900, are missing and can nowhere be found.

Persons entering the capitol square noticed that they were missing and an effort was made to locate them around the base of the statue, but to no avail.

The eyeglasses were in bronze and were held in the right hand of the statue, which is extended as though the senator were making a speech.

ROBT. IRVINE SMITH PASSES AFTER TEN DAYS' ILLNESS.

Robert Irvine Smith died at 10:30 yesterday morning at his home on North Elm street, death resulting from an illness of 10 days. He was stricken with influenza and later lobar pneumonia developed. All possible medical aid and other attention was rendered in an effort to save his life, but without avail.

Besides his wife he is survived by two sons, Robert Irvine Smith, Jr., aged eight, and Calvin Hunter Smith, aged three. He was the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel C. Smith, of this city, but now deceased. His stepmother, Mrs. Emma Wharton Smith, lives in Salisbury. He was a nephew of Rev. J. Henry Smith, who for a long time was pastor of the First Presbyterian church in this city. The following brothers survive: Prof. W. C. Smith, of North Carolina College for Women; S. Fuller Smith, of Greensboro; Charles H. Smith, of Charlotte, and Hugh W. Smith, of San Francisco, Calif. His only sister, Mrs. C. O. Forbis, lives in this city.

At the time of his death Mr. Smith was assistant cashier of the American Exchange National Bank of this city. For about 15 years he had been in the employ of this bank, where his service at all times has been characterized by a high degree of efficiency. By his fidelity to duty, energy and business acumen he had found high favor with the officers of the American Exchange National and his meritorious service was given recognition in the form of promotion from time to time.

Mr. Smith was a member of the First Presbyterian church and he was very actively interested in the affairs of the church. He was a young man of exceptionally fine character and possessed many admirable traits. His passing brings poignant sorrow to a very large circle of friends.

NOTICE OF EXECUTION SALE.

Under and by virtue of an execution directed to the undersigned from the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., in the civil action entitled W. H. Hunt, receiver of International Furniture Company, vs. John A. Hodgkin and I. F. Caviness, I will at 12 o'clock M., on

Monday, February 9, 1920,

said day being the first day of a term of said court of Guilford county, at the court house door of said county of Guilford in the city of Greensboro, sell to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said execution all of the right, title and interest of said I. F. Caviness in and to a certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in said county of Guilford and described as follows, to-wit:

First Tract: Beginning at a rock and running thence south 40 poles to a rock; thence east 80 poles to a stump; thence north 40 poles to a cherry tree; thence west 11 poles to a rock; thence up the branch as it meanders to an ash on the east side of the branch; thence east 18 poles to a dogwood; thence north 104 poles to a rock; thence west 15 poles to a poplar on the bank of the branch; thence down said branch to the beginning, containing 151 acres, more or less.

Second Tract: Beginning at a black oak; running thence east 146 poles to a stake on Hamilton's line; thence north 54 poles and 7 links to a stake; thence west 146 poles to a stake; thence south 54 poles and 7 links to the beginning, containing 50 acres, more or less.

Subject to the homestead of said I. F. Caviness heretofore, to-wit, on the 14th day of January, 1920, laid off to said I. F. Caviness in the manner provided by law in the following portion of said tract or parcel of land:

Beginning at a black oak, corner with R. L. Schoolfield; thence east 240 feet to a stake; C. H. King (formerly Wyrtick) line; thence with said line north 361.5 feet to stake; thence a new division line west 240 feet to a stake on R. L. Schoolfield's line; thence with said Schoolfield south 361.5 feet to the beginning, containing 20 acres.

This January 9, 1920.

D. H. STAFFORD, Sheriff of Guilford County.

By J. S. PHIPPS, Deputy Sheriff.

NOTICE OF SALE.

North Carolina, Guilford County, in the Superior Court Before the Clerk.

Mrs. Lula Ella Cobb, Oscar W. McCauley and wife, Irene Cobb McCauley, Sallie Ruth Cobb, Daniel Malone and wife, Vannie Mettewee Malone, Elmore J. Cobb, Ella Myrtle Cobb and Robert Langie Cobb, the last two named by their general guardian, Lula Ella Cobb, ex parte. Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county, made in the special proceeding entitled as above, the undersigned commissioner will on

Saturday, February 14, 1920,

at 1 o'clock P. M., on the hereinafter described premises at Gibsonville, N. C., offer for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, that certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in Rock Creek township, Guilford county, and state of North Carolina, adjoining the lands of Gem Cotton Mill, Lewy, Holt and others, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a stake in road and running thence north 25 1-2 degrees east 43 1-3 feet to an iron bolt; thence north 68 degrees west 78 feet to a line bolt; thence north 81 degrees west 275 feet to a stone in Lewy's line; thence south 1 1-2 degrees west 71 1-2 feet to a stone by persimmon tree; Gem Cotton Mill line; thence with Gem Cotton Mill line south 84 13 degrees east 330 feet to the beginning, containing 33000 square feet, more or less.

This January 13, 1920.

L. A. CARMON, Commissioner.

C. R. WHARTON, Atty.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the estate of Mary Ann Chrismon, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned, or his attorney, Thomas C. Hoyle, on or before the 21st day of February, 1921, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons due or owing said estate will please make immediate payment.

This Feb. 9, 1920.

J. RILEY CHRISMON,

Executor of Mary Ann Chrismon, Greensboro, N. C.

This Week a Sale of
MEN'S INDIGO BLUE OVERALLS
\$1.79 pair.

Blue Chambray Work Shirts
98c.

While the Assortment is Large
We Advise
Early Choosing.

Meyer's
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Most Valuable Tool or Equipment ON THE FARM Is a Low Wheel FARM TRUCK

We Get Them in Car Loads, And Can Save You Money. Ours are "Wide Track" and "Hickory Axles." SEE US.

Townsend Buggy Co
Splendid Farm for Sale

Eighty acres within half mile of the Battle Ground. New five-room house, large barn and corn crib. Our price is less than \$100 an acre.

SEE US AT ONCE.
BROWN REAL ESTATE CO.
109 West Market Street.

GREENSBORO PATRIOT

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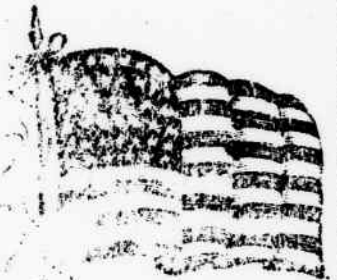
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

Payable in Advance.

ONE YEAR \$1.50
SIX MONTHS75
FOUR MONTHS50

Entered at the postoffice in Greensboro, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1920.



GOVERNOR EDWARDS AND THE PRESIDENCY.

Governor Edwards, of New Jersey, the man who said he would make New Jersey as wet as the Atlantic ocean, if he was elected, was at the dinner last week given in New York in honor of the chairman of the national Democratic committee.

He made a speech and among other things spoke long and loud for states rights, and roasted the system of government that sought to invade the home and interfere with popular home rule. Of course this part of the speech was to show his opposition to the national prohibition amendment.

This Yankee governor could be told something about states rights by some of our venerable and brave Confederate soldiers who were and have been sneered at by such men as Edwards. The states rights talk is good for the Yankee when it suits his purpose, but it is all wrong when it was being used for something that he did not want or like.

The states rights talk has been twisted and turned and used to suit the whims of folks until the question has become a sort of a joke in the minds of thoughtful people.

If the American Union in the past had listened to the braying of the two by four politicians on the subject of states rights, it would long ago have stifled the cause of righteousness and progress—and the United States instead of being a world power as it is to-day would have been a mere pigmy in the eyes of the civilized world.

The noisy crowd, and the liquor crowd who are trying to boost Edwards for President will find that all their efforts will become as "sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal" by the time the national convention is over.

VISCOUNT GREY'S LETTER.

There has been created quite a sensation in political circles on account of a letter written by Viscount Grey. In this letter Grey indicates that Great Britain is willing to accept the reservations to the peace treaty.

Politicians have been busy drawing conclusions as to what effect this letter will have—and there are about as many different opinions as there are different politicians. Some have said that Wilson is angry about it, others say that it will have no special political significance.

The letter seems to have been written in the kindest spirit, and we see no reason why any one should be alarmed over the letter. It was the purpose of the writer to pour oil on the troubled waters—and surely the time has come for something to be done—and if Grey can be instrumental in hurrying on the peace of the world—who can be hurt by any such result as this.

LIQUOR AND FLU.

The discussion is again going the rounds as to the effect on the flu that liquor has. The State Medical Society says that sunshine is better for flu than "moonshine" or words to this effect.

The judgment of some people as to how much harm there is in a thing or how much good—is some times influenced by their own personal likes or dislikes, as the case may be.

One statement we saw a few days ago said that liquor was fine to save a dead man—that is put the body in liquor, and that liquor was a good thing to kill a man, if you put the liquor inside of his body.

LORD GREY'S COMPLIMENT.

If the Republicans in the United States senate are as elated as they pretend to be over Lord Grey's letter to the London Times, they must derive their pleasure from the ambassador's opinion that the honor of the American people will rise superior to any restrictions imposed by the Lodge reservations upon the full participation by this country in the league of nations.

The former secretary of state for foreign affairs tells the British people in effect that the situation of Europe is so desperate and the co-operation of the United States in the league of nations so vital that it is not worth while to haggle over terms. If the senate insists that the United States can enter the league only as a privileged partner, only as a limited member, only under special conditions such as no other nation has demanded for itself, accept the reservations and trust to the future. For himself, he has no doubt whatever that the American people will voluntarily meet every obligation and discharge every duty; that no matter what restrictions are set up by the Lodge reservations, in practice the United States will do a man's work in a man's world.

Lord Grey is not alone in the opinion that he holds as to the future effect of the Lodge reservations upon American participation in the league. Many American supporters of the league agree with him, although more, perhaps, agree with Mr. Wickensham that "it would be difficult to predict the extent of the embarrassment" that might result from these reservations.

Unfortunately, among neither the friends nor the enemies of the league is there anything that approaches unanimity of interpretation in respect to the meaning of the Lodge reservations. Some of them have no relation whatever to the treaty, but are attempts by means of a senate resolution to enact legislation or to restrict the constitutional authority of the executive in the conduct of foreign relations. Lord Grey is disposed to be philosophical in regard to all of them, reminding his countrymen that "those who have had the longest experience of political affairs, and especially of treaties, know best how often it happens that difficulties which seem most formidable in anticipation and on paper never arise in practice."

From his knowledge of the American people the ambassador is confident that once the United States is a member of the league of nations, there will be no country-lawyer quibbling about duty and obligations but that this country will play its full part.

No higher compliment has ever been paid to the American people by a great European statesman. In the circumstances the senators who have held up the treaty for nearly seven months and have been trying to make the United States appear as the spoiled child of a distracted world are welcome to whatever measure of comfort they can find in Lord Grey's letter. New York World.

THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT.

The suffrage amendment passed the New Jersey senate, after a brief debate, Monday night by a vote of 18 to 2. It will come up in the house Monday next and will doubtless pass.

The Democratic executive committee of Delaware have by a unanimous vote requested the governor to call a special session to ratify the amendment.

In the six full suffrage states which have not yet ratified—Washington, Idaho, Nevada, Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma—special sessions have been called and it is expected that the amendment will be ratified unanimously by the legislatures in each.

In West Virginia a majority of the legislature in each branch have pledged themselves to ratify and it is expected that a special session will

soon be called. This will complete the thirty-six states required for complete ratification. Among the other states are Vermont and Connecticut, both surrounded by equal suffrage states, in which three-fourths of the legislatures have asked the governor to call a special session, if necessary. In Vermont women already have Presidential and municipal suffrage.

It is possible that Louisiana, whose legislature will meet in May, and Maryland whose legislature is now in session, will also ratify. This would increase to forty the number of states having ratified before the special session in this state.

In Tennessee the women have Presidential suffrage already and in Florida municipal suffrage, but in both these states the legislatures do not meet until next year, and special sessions will not be called unless necessary.—News and Observer.

LIGHT DAWNS IN GERMANY.

Seeking this or that advantage, fearing this or that hard condition, it suits the books of German statesmen to represent the new republic as in imminent danger, hanging between Bolshevism and bankruptcy.

Untoward facts might seem to bear out such pessimism. The more important, then, the more valuable in reassurance, is the statement by Cyril Brown in the World to-day that "conditions are appreciably better than one year ago." What conditions were one year ago, or two, or three, Mr. Brown knows as intimately as any observer.

Behind such a general statement the marshalling of details is everything. Germany, as Mr. Brown sees it, has gone to work. The tendency is conservative, those strange bedfellows, the clericals, Democrats and Socialists, gradually dropping their allegiance to a coalition that has served its purpose by protecting Germany, and Europe, from anarchy.

German democracy is democratic—but German. Should we not expect that? There is little chance of monarchy's wriggling back to power, though a military idol may become the presidential figurehead. Democratic militarism, not cured of all the old ways, may become a danger to the general peace, but "Socialists of all complexions" would unite against it as they did not in 1914.

Austria is a dying nation. The German "Reich" is too vital, too powerful, too well-placed upon the map, to die without dragging Europe to its grave-side. Mr. Brown's articles will show that it lives and hopes. Only madness could regret the dawning upon it of the light that helps illumine Europe in days that at best are dark.—New York World.

NO FAILURE OF NATIONAL BANKS IN THREE YEARS.

Washington, Feb. 8.—There has been no failure of any national bank in North Carolina in the past three years and on November 17, 1919, the number of depositors' accounts in the national banks of North Carolina were 256,061, is the interesting information communicated by Comptroller of the Currency John Skelton Williams to Senator Simmons.

The letter from the comptroller to Senator Simmons discussed the growth of the national banks of the Tar Heel state, and shows that in the period from September, 1889, to November, 1919, the resources of the national banks of North Carolina have advanced from \$13,556,321 to \$185,059,000, an increase of \$171,402,679 or 1,255 per cent.

MILLION DOLLARS LOST IN BIG FIRE IN MANILA.

Manila, Feb. 6.—Damage to the amount of a million dollars was caused here last night when fire destroyed half the buildings of the Philippine carnal exposition and the island exhibition they contained. Many of the exhibits were irreplaceable and the loss is serious.

Thousands of visitors on the grounds became excited when the fire started and sixteen persons were injured. Federal troops assisted in restoring order and are credited with having saved hundreds of lives.

A high wind prevented a spread of the flames to the residential section of the city.

The carnival is known as the "Mardi Gras of the Orient" and this year was the most spectacular ever presented, known as the "Victory Carnival." With the exception of last year's postponement due to the war the carnival has been held during the Philippine summer, January and February, since 1908.

In West Virginia a majority of the legislature in each branch have pledged themselves to ratify and it is expected that a special session will



WHEN you see this famous trade-mark, think a minute! Think of the delicious taste of a slice of fresh toasted bread!

That's the real idea back of the success of Lucky Strike cigarettes. Toasting improves tobacco just as well as bread. And that's a lot.

Try a Lucky Strike cigarette—

It's toasted

Guaranteed by
The American Tobacco Co.



The Secret of Success of Swift's Tobacco Fertilizers



Bright Tobacco to be grown successfully requires entirely different combinations of plant food materials than are used for general crops.

Many years ago we realized this, and our Research Department developed the best that was known in special plant foods for tobacco fertilizers. Swift Tobacco Formulas were the result.

The success of our special formulas for tobacco is the talk of the Bright Tobacco Belt. Tobacco grown with Swift Tobacco Fertilizers brings top market prices.

Our customers enjoy the profit that comes from extra yield and better quality.

The fertilizer supply is far short of the demand, and we urge that you order your needs of Swift's Tobacco Fertilizers at once from these selected brands. Play safe!

Write to Our Nearest

Sales Office for Free

Booklet "Bright

Tobacco—It's Growth

and Culture"

Swift's Carolina Tobacco Grower 8-3-3
Swift's Gold Leaf for Tobacco 8-3-4

Swift & Company
(Fertilizer Works)

Charlotte, N. C. Atlanta, Ga.

REPRESENTED BY

Townsend Buggy Company

Will Plant Many Potatoes.

Mt. Olive, Feb. 6.—Local seedmen say that another large crop of Irish potatoes will be planted in this territory this season, provided weather conditions and other attendant considerations are favorable from now on, at least, that is the indications of seed and fertilizer sales to date.

In the event that Mr. Wilson is nominated for a third term the Topeka Journal has the slogan ready, as follows, to-wit: "He kept us out of sugar."—Toledo Blade.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

NOTICE OF SALE.

Pursuant to the power contained in a certain deed of trust executed by Mr. A. E. Ledbetter and his wife, R. Cordelia Ledbetter, to A. Wayland Cooke, trustee, dated September 16, 1912, and recorded in book 228, page 671, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, the said Cooke having been made by a part of a note secured thereby, and the holder thereof, having demanded a foreclosure of said deed of trust, according to its terms, the undersigned will on

Monday, February 16, 1920.

at 12:30 o'clock P. M., or as soon thereafter as may be, sell the lands conveyed in said deed of trust at the court house door at Greensboro, N. C., to the best and highest bidder, for cash, said lands being more particularly described as follows: Being lot No. 60, fronting 75 feet on Jackson street and running back 210 feet, bounded on the south by property of S. W. Jackson, on north by property of W. Lester Webb, on the west by Jackson street and being the lands mentioned in deed from the Greensboro

Land and Improvement of R. Ledbetter, recorded in book 194, page 121, of deeds office, Guilford county, N. C., and being the same as described in deed of 674.

Witness my hand and seal this 29th day of January, 1920.

A. WAYLAND COOKE, Trustee.

Having qualified as executor of the last will and testament of R. Ledbetter, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned before the 29th day of January, 1920, or this notice will be deemed a bar to their recovery. All persons owing said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned on or before the 29th day of January, 1920.

Witness my hand and seal this 29th day of January, 1920.

ETTA A. BOREN, Executor.

Dr. King's New Life Pills

The best in the world.

SOME FACTS AND FANCIES ABOUT THE PHILIPPINES

There Has Been Much Misrepresentation in America About People and Conditions.

By MAXIMO M. KALAW,
Secretary of the Philippine Mission.



A certain lady at the St. Louis Exposition saw at a ballroom a brown complexioned man in faultless evening dress and accosted him with the inquiry, "I suppose you are Japanese, sir?" The man addressed replied, "No, madam." "Then you must be Chinese," she said. "No, I am not. I am a Filipino," he replied.

"How's that?" asked the lady. "I thought they were all savages living in the woods."

"Well, I'll tell you how I came here," he said. "A month before I left the Philippines I was living in the woods, but the American Governor decided to catch as many wild men as possible, train them and send them over here. So here I am, just as you see." And the St. Louis lady actually believed him.

That is what you would call fancies about the Philippines. The fact is, however, that the 11,000,000 Filipinos and their ancestors have been civilized and Christians for 300 years; that the non-Christian population, according to the census of 1918 is only 500,000, and even these are not all uncivilized. Another fancy is that not until the coming of the Americans were school buildings seen in the islands, roads built, or substantial houses erected. Do you know that for hundreds of years the Filipinos have had colleges and schools and that the University of Santo Tomas is only twenty-five years older than Harvard? That as early as 1806, out of a population of 4,000,000 people, there were 841 schools for boys and 833 for girls? That in 1892, eight years before the coming of the Americans, there were 2,137 schools?

To grant self-government to Luzon under Aguinaldo would be like granting self-government to an Apache reservation under some local chief. This spoke a former President of the United States during the Filipino-American war. Exaggeration could be an excuse at a time when the dignity of the American people demanded the extinction of Filipino opposition, but do you know that the Philippine Republic, before the American occupation of the islands, had the approval of prominent Americans who were on the spot—like John Barrett, Director of the Pan-American Union, who compared it favorably with the Japanese government? That Admiral Dewey considered the Filipinos better fitted for self-government than the Cubans? That they had drafted a constitution at Malolos which elicited the approval of distinguished Republicans like the late Senator George F. Hoar? That before the coming of the Americans they had produced national heroes like the martyred Jose Rizal, pronounced by a Republican congressman, Representative Cooper, as the noblest victim that has ever fallen into the clutches of tyranny?

And do you know that the Filipinos have not had for hundreds of years any caste system, blood distinction or royal families, and that, unlike their oriental sisters, they are the only Christian people in the Orient?

People have pictured an ignorant mass of Filipinos, illiterate, poor, living a life of servitude for a few wealthy land owners and foreigners, with no houses or farms or property of their own. Do you know that 70 per cent. of the people above ten years of age can read and write and that this percentage of literacy is almost as high as some of the states of the Union? That it is higher than in any country of South America, higher than the literacy of the Spanish people, and unquestionably above that of any of the new countries recognized in Europe? Do you know that there are a million and a half farms in the Philippines and that 98 per cent. of these farms are owned by Filipinos. In other words, that out of the 11,000,000 Christian Filipinos, 8,000,000 of them at least live on their own farms, with houses of their own, independent of any absentee landlord or foreign master? That 91 per cent. of the urban property consisting of houses and lands is owned by the natives of the Philippines, and only 9 per cent. is in the hands of foreigners? Yet these are facts called by Acting Governor Charles Emmett Yeater to the War Department from the recent census estimates.

Having solemnly promised the Filipinos their independence and having gone before the world as the champion of self-determination, the Filipino people cannot understand how America can consistently refuse to make good these promises.

CLIMATE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

The Philippine Islands have a mild tropical climate. The nights are cool and sunstrokes are unknown. The temperature record for the past thirty years shows an average of 80 degrees

FILIPINAS GET BALLOT BEFORE AMER. SISTERS

Senora de Veyra Describes Status of Women in the Philippines.

The Filipino woman is destined to be in the world's spotlight more than ever before as a result of the news just received by cable from Manila to the effect that the Philippine senate has passed the equal suffrage bill giving women full political rights with men. This would indicate that the Filipina may beat her American sisters to the ballot box.

The Filipina has many admirers who predict she will make good if she gets the vote, just as she has made good in the very important role she has occupied in the family and business life of the Philippines ever since the introduction of Christianity in the islands three centuries ago.

"America's advent in the Philippines discovered a wonderfully interesting, responsive little being, the Filipino woman," writes one American concerning



MRS. JAIME C. DE VEYRA,
A Filipina who is doing important work for her people in the United States.

the Filipina. "Mothering the only Christian people in the far east, she holds a place of authority, love and respect in family and social life that is not accorded to women in countries neighboring the islands, or in India, China or Japan."

A Filipina who is doing an important work for her people in the United States is Mrs. Jaime C. de Veyra, wife of the resident commissioner from the Philippines. Not only has she frequently addressed the wives of members of Congress in Washington as to conditions in the new Philippines, but she has visited various cities, speaking before women's clubs. The senora wears, in giving her talks, one of the beautiful gowns of her home land, a delicate pineapple fabric, hand-woven and hand-embroidered, shaped like a gauzy-winged butterfly.

"In many ways the path of the women of the Philippines is easy," says Senora de Veyra. "Laws made by her have combined the best of American and Spanish precedents, and she has come into her own with far less struggle than either her American or her Spanish sisters. Married women may hold property in severalty. They are guardians of their own children. These are vested rights and cannot be taken away from her."

"Professional opportunities are as good for women as for men in the land from which I come. The Filipina is by custom the dictator in the home. She is usually the keeper of the family treasure. Practically all of the small shops in Manila are conducted by women. Women are already members of the Philippine Bar Association—a thing still impossible in Great Britain. They are also successful as physicians."

Life is really a fifty-fifty proposition for women in the Philippines, according to the senora, who has taken such a prominent part in women's work here that she has sometimes been referred to as "the little mother of them all." She was the assistant matron of the Normal Hall dormitory for girls when she married. She speaks English fluently and puts her little talks "over" with real tact. She has four children. An evidence of her enterprise was her action last year in managing she thought she might be "useful" to her husband at home in the evenings in case he wished to dictate a few letters or a speech.

NAVY LIBRARY WORTH VISIT

Apartment in Strates, War and Navy Building at Washington Should Appeal to Tourists.

The navy library, in the state, war and navy building, is a lovely place to soak up atmosphere. Like the building itself, it is thirty-three years old. When it was built England, France, Spain and Italy presented the marbles of porphyry, sienna and malachite with which the walls are paneled. Mexico sent the pieces of onyx which encrust the gallery. The round stone over the door came from the ruins of Pompeii. The connoisseur in marble who visits Washington will enjoy a call here.

In the center of the large room, lined with shelves of weighty tomes on naval matters, there is a large and important green-topped table. Around this table sat the strategic board of the Spanish-American war. Here also the naval advisory board for the great war made their secret plans and experiments. Edison, Maxim, Miller and many others conferred over it, with the windows carefully darkened and a guard before the door.

There is a quaint side to the library, too. A little white-haired lady can be seen any time, fitting about the shelves of dark, heavy books, or cutting and pasting busily in her corner by the window. This is Miss Mason, daughter of a former secretary of the navy. She has been in the library 26 years. If you happen in near noon she may give you a cup of tea on one corner of her desk.

And of all charming places to have an unexpected cup of tea, with a sweet little lady, this quiet nook among the books is recommended.

TWO TRAVELERS CAME BACK

According to Army Captain, Mules Returned From That Dim and Undiscovered Shore.

The regimental morning report is a fearsome document. On it appear all the changes in status of men and animals for each preceding 24 hours. It happened in an Ohio regiment once that two mules fell ill one night. The veterinarian gave his verdict of hopelessness, and the captain of the supply company accordingly made the proper entry on the morning report: "Two mules, from duty to dead."

But under the care of the grizzled old stable sergeant the mules recovered and next morning the captain found them alive and kicking. Now, entries made on the morning report can never be erased, which made the situation embarrassing for the captain. However, he was a man of resource, and the next day's report carried the startling entry: "Two mules, from dead to duty."

Shrub May Prove Valuable.

Two years before the war, as the story is told, two German chemists applied for permission to experiment with the plant life on a great semi-arid ranch in central Mexico. Their request was granted, with the understanding that they furnish a complete report of their findings. The two chemists worked feverishly, and chiefly on a squat, odorless shrub called "gobernadora," long reputed to possess medicinal properties. Suddenly they disappeared; what they had discovered was never known. Now, after experiments with this same desert shrub which they have found in drier parts of New Mexico, chemists of the United States department of agriculture believe that they have discovered another alkaloid to add to the list which already includes morphine, quinine and cocaine. Its chemical and pharmaceutical properties are now under investigation.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Trapper's Tomb a Log Cabin.

A humble log cabin which stands in a trackless forest near Lake Athabasca, in western Canada, was once the home of a fur trapper, its builder. Now it is a tomb, sheltering the frozen body of its former occupant, who died there, alone and unaided, nearly two years ago. To investigate the cause of the trapper's death, a fearless member of the royal northwest mounted police journeyed to the desolate scene in midwinter, braving the terrors of the wilderness for months before reaching his objective, situated miles from railroads and civilization. The corpse was in a perfect state of preservation, due to the cold, dry air, and was not moved from the bunk on which the trapper passed away.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Last Resort.

An eminent engineer said in our hearing yesterday that in Italy the workers are giving two hours of their time as a free gift to the state. They realize that increased production means ultimately increased wealth. In Germany there are signs of the same spirit among the colliers. But in old England the following story admirably illustrates the industrial situation: Two miners were discussing the minimum wage. "Say, Bill," said the first, "what's this 'ere minimum wage?" Bill spat. "The minimum wage! That's what we gets for goin' down; an' if we wants ter make any more brass, we goes and does some work for it."—London Morning Post.

City Markets.

Of 227 cities in the United States having estimated populations of more than 20,000, more than one-half (123) had municipal markets in 1918 according to a bulletin on the subject recently issued by the census bureau.

CANADIAN PHYSICIAN SCOFFS AT PRESENT FLU REPORTS.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 6.—Dr. H. C. Church, of Ottawa, places no credence in alarmist reports that the North American continent is threatened with another epidemic of flu. He has been making a special study of the disease. He believes that there will never be another epidemic of influenza in this generation and that the majority, at least, of cases now called Spanish influenza are but aggravated cases of the grippé.

Dr. Church bases his contention on the belief that the flu is a contagious disease which makes the person who has suffered from it immune, whereas one may have the grippé any number of times; in fact, one attack of the grippé seems to make the person suffering from it even more apt to contract it again.

No Report of Second Case. So far as Dr. Church knows, there has been no authentic report of the same person contracting flu a second time.

"But what about the people who did not get the flu last year?"

"They are very probably immune," he replied. "Because never in the history of the world has there been so widespread and so deadly an epidemic. Almost every one must have been exposed. Do you know that in quite large sections of South Africa the black populations were entirely wiped out; while in India there were over seven million deaths from flu reported. You may well imagine there were many more not reported."

"What do you think of Edison's suggestion that the earth in its orbit may have struck a poisonous gas which started the growth of this flu germ and that without this gas the germ would never have affected humanity and there would have been no plague?"

Contagion in the Air?

"It doesn't seem logical to me. I know that there were islands in the south seas where half the population died from the disease last year, and it was said that no one could have carried it there—hence the contagion may have been in the air—yet I think some one must have carried it."

"Will merchandise carry it?" "We know nothing about the flu germ yet. Thousands of medical men are on the trail of it now."

Dr. Church says that any community is liable to an epidemic of grippé when there has been a prolonged dry spell accompanied by heavy winds, for these winds carry the grippé germ.

"So the grippé has a germ, too?" "Oh, undoubtedly, discovered long ago by Dr. Pfeiffer—the Pfeiffer germ, and the disease is very contagious although less so than flu. Moreover, the symptoms of the grippé and flu are different."

One Exclusive Symptom.

"There is one symptom of flu different from that of any other disease. I have observed that flu patients frequently contracted pneumonia, such as that which followed grippé, for example, was that the patient would cough bright red blood, not the dark blood characteristic of regular pneumonia. Then there are other differences. Flu attacks people in the prime of life, whereas the grippé particularly attacks old people and those who have been drinkers. The lungs, when affected by grippé, become hard like leather. But the flu attacks primarily the blood and breaks it down so that it oozes through the mucous membrane of the nose and throat passages and through the lung tissues. Hemorrhages are very frequent."

So Dr. Church contends that the cases called mild flu this winter are really the grippé. He is inclined to believe that the epidemic last year was much the same as the Black Death in the 14th century.

Storm Does Big Damage.

Wilmington, Feb. 5.—Damages estimated at \$50,000 at Wrightsville Beach, near this city, occurred during the past two nights as a result of high tides and heavy winds. Six cottages at the beach were practically demolished by the high winds. Decision was reached to-day to build jetties and a breakwater at the beach to protect it in the future and to cause an extension of land there.

Turks Plan Holy War on England.

London, Feb. 6.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Constantinople says:

"The young Turks red army will in the near future reach Constantinople to throw out the Turkish enemies. The Turkish Bolshevik announce that a holy war against Great Britain will be undertaken in the spring."

The Singing President

Every man to his calling. The shoemaker to his last; the tailor to his goose; the attorney to his brief; and the farmer to his plow. This line of reason makes bankers of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

We think we know how; we think we are making good. And we have reason to believe that the FOLKS share our way of thinking.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

extends a cordial invitation to the Public to share at least a part of their business with us. Remember, BANKING is our BUSINESS.

Col. J. H. Haverly, the old time minstrel magnate, years ago conceived the idea of having Mme. Patti for a concert tour under his own direction, and called on her to make a contract. She received him most cordially, and the conversation went along swimmingly until they began to talk terms.

"May I ask your terms for fifty nights, Mme. Patti?" asked Col. Haverly. "For concert or opera?" said the singer.

"For concert."

"Four thousand dollars a night, or \$20,000 for fifty nights, one-half to be deposited upon signing the contract," said Patti glibly.

Col. Haverly swallowed with difficulty two or three times, and then managed to speak.

"Two hundred thousand dollars for fifty nights!" he exclaimed. "Heavens, Madame! That is just four times what we pay the President of the United States!"

"Well," said Patti, "why don't you get the President to sing for you?"

We would appreciate it, an opportunity of showing you what we can do. We have yet to disappoint a Friend who had the proper collateral.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

is hunting business and you are most cordially invited to respond. We are soliciting new business. If you can't come to see us write.

We Know Your Wants and Want Your Business

The First National Bank,

DURHAM, N. C.

Railroad Schedules

The following schedule figures are published as information only, and are not guaranteed. The Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains at Greensboro, N. C.

Southern Railway Lines.

Arrives From		Departs For
12:25 A. M.	New Orleans-Atlanta	7:25 A. M.
12:30 A. M.	Washington	3:34 A. M.
3:28 A. M.	Birmingham-Atlanta	12:40 A. M.
4:10 A. M.	Washington	10:30 P. M.
6:25 A. M.	Richmond	10:35 P. M.
6:30 A. M.	Goldsboro-Raleigh	12:40 A. M.
6:45 A. M.	Winston-Salem	10:40 P. M.
6:40 A. M.	Washington	11:55 P. M.
7:15 A. M.	Washington	12:35 A. M.
7:30 A. M.	Sanford	7:25 P. M.
7:45 A. M.	Charlotte	7:00 A. M.
7:40 A. M.	Ramseur	8:15 A. M.
10:10 A. M.	Madison	1:30 P. M.
12:10 P. M.	Goldsboro-Raleigh	4:15 P. M.
11:55 A. M.	Mt. Airy	4:30 P. M.
12:30 P. M.	North Wilkesboro-Winston-Salem	2:45 P. M.
12:25 P. M.	Danville	7:40 P. M.
1:40 P. M.	Ramseur	3:00 P. M.
2:10 P. M.	Charlotte	
2:35 P. M.	New Orleans-Birmingham	5:30 P. M.
4:05 P. M.	Asheville-Winston	12:30 P. M.
4:15 P. M.	Sanford-Wilmington	12:30 P. M.
5:20 P. M.	New York-Washington	2:45 P. M.
6:30 P. M.	Westminster-Charlotte	12:45 P. M.
6:50 P. M.	North Wilkesboro-Winston-Salem	8:00 A. M.
7:00 P. M.	Mt. Airy	8:00 A. M.
7:20 P. M.	Washington	2:20 P. M.
7:30 P. M.	Goldsboro-Raleigh	9:20 A. M.
9:50 P. M.	Winston-Salem	7:35 P. M.
10:09 P. M.	Charlotte-Atlanta	7:40 P. M.
10:10 P. M.	Goldsboro-Raleigh	7:25 A. M.
10:21 P. M.	Augusta-Columbia	4:20 P. M.
11:45 P. M.	Atlanta-Charlotte	6:50 A. M.

*Daily except Sunday.

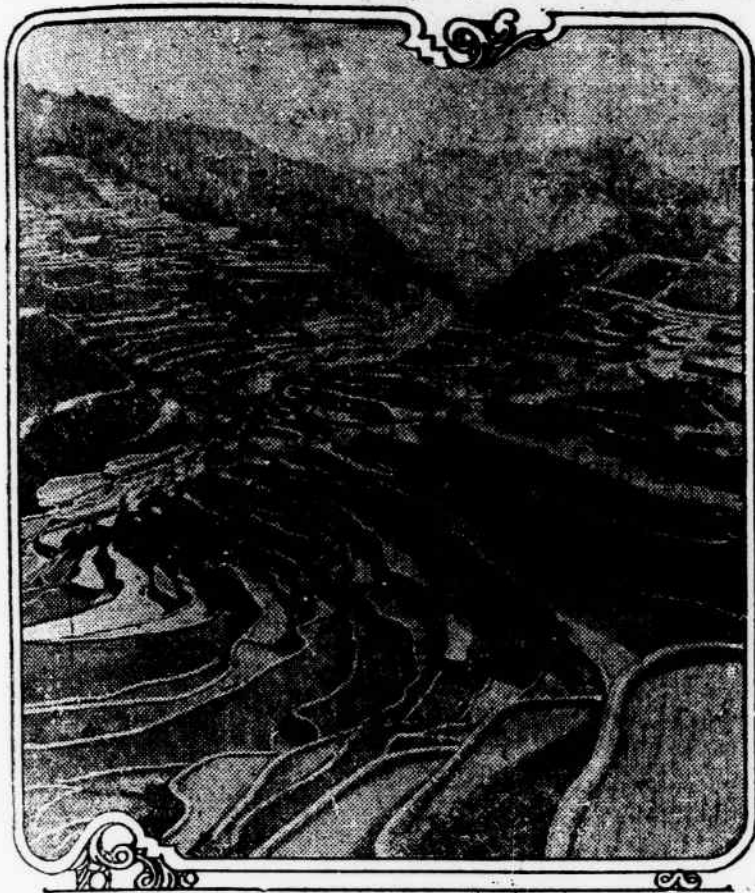
xDaily to and from Winston-Salem; daily except Sunday to North Wilkesboro.

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

Depot Ticket Office

Telephone No. 188

Rice Terraces Are World's Masterpieces

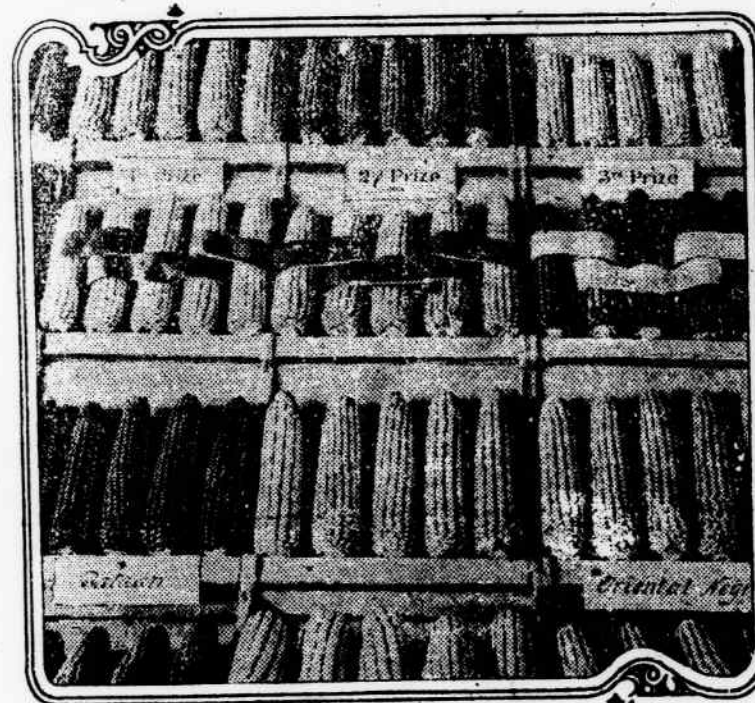


This is a photograph of the Ifugao Igorot rice terraces, which are among the most remarkable of their kind in the world. They are one of the many marvelous sights for the tourist to see in the Philippine Islands and are to be found in the Ifugao district of the Mountain Province, Northern Luzon.

The height of these terraces, which are held up by stone walls, is from 4 to 18 feet, averaging 8 feet high. It is estimated there are 12,121 miles of eight-foot stone walls in the Ifugao terraces, which is approximately half the distance around the world.

These terraces are skillfully irrigated by water brought in troughs along the precipitous mountain sides over long distances.

How Would You Like to Harvest Two Crops of Corn a Year as They Do in the Philippines?



No, reader, this corn was not grown by one of our local farmers! It wasn't grown in the United States, even. It was grown in the far-off Philippine Islands by Filipino schoolboys. Two fine crops of corn a year are produced in the islands.

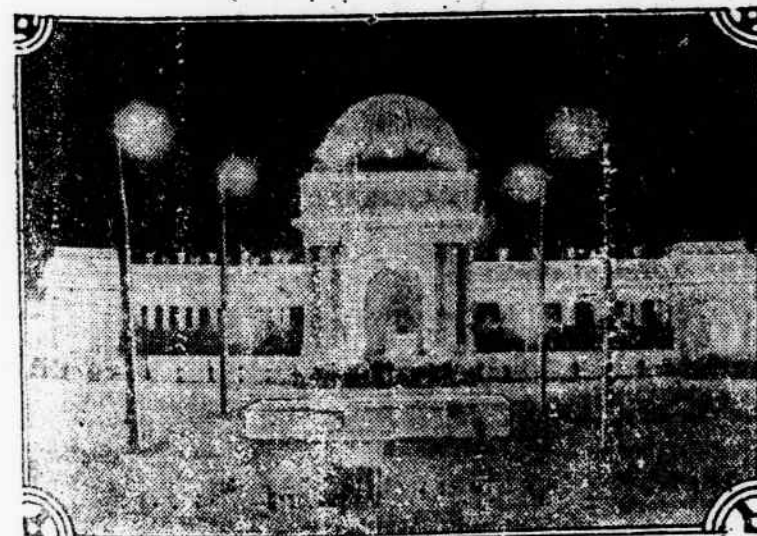
The Philippines are doing some wonderful things in the agricultural line. The Philippine government has fine agricultural schools throughout the islands, and the Philippine legislature, composed entirely of Filipinos, is each year making larger and larger appropriations for this important work.

The staple food of the islands is rice, but corn is coming right along in popular favor. Its use was given great impetus in the last year because of a rice

shortage. Other important Philippine crops are hemp, sugar cane, coconuts, coffee, tobacco and pineapples. Lumber is also an important industry.

There are hundreds of thousands of acres of land lying idle in the Philippines, which have a greater area of fertile land than Japan—this in spite of the fact that the population of the Philippines is 11,000,000 while that of Japan is around 55,000,000. There is every reason to believe that some day the Philippines will have a population as large as that of Japan today. The Filipinos are the only Christian people in the Orient, and their young men are working night and day to prepare themselves for the responsibility of citizenship in the Philippine Republic, which they believe to be near at hand.

MANILA CARNIVAL BIG ATTRACTION OF FAR EAST



Each year of the year when the Philippines become the playground for the entire Orient. It is carnival time in Manila.

In 1908 the first Philippine carnival was held on historic Wallace Field in Manila. In February, when the climate of the islands is at its best, and each succeeding year there has been a larger and more elaborate celebration. The 1929 or Victory Carnival, will be the greatest event of its sort ever held anywhere in the Far East.

There are commercial and governmental exhibits in connection with the carnival, and on no other occasion is it possible to gain at once such a complete idea of the production and

development of resources of the archipelago as that which is offered the visitor at the carnival city.

In the evenings the carnival becomes the center of Philippine and Oriental social activity. A huge open air auditorium serves for the elaborate nightly balls, and on its mammoth floor thousands of couples swing together to the strains of music furnished by the famous Constabulary and other military bands. Probably at no other place in the world will one see an equally impressive cosmopolitan spectacle.

The Manila visitor who can plan his trip to arrive at the Pearl of the Orient for carnival time may well deem himself fortunate.

A WOMAN ATTORNEY GOT PARDON FOR MAN.

Raleigh, Feb. 5.—Fully convinced that Levi Caylor, convicted in the July term of Swain county court, was being punished without sufficient cause, and moved also by the eloquent plea advanced in his behalf by Mrs. Lillian Frye, an attorney of Bryson City, Governor T. W. Bickett yesterday granted the prisoner a full pardon, even offering to hasten matters and allow the man to accompany his attorney back to the mountains.

Having already proved herself the equal to the general run of lawyers that come to the governor on one matter or another, Mrs. Frye then proceeded to prove that after all she is a woman, and gave way somewhat to her emotions. She had pleaded most earnestly on behalf of her prisoner, who was accused of stealing lumber and was beginning a three-year term in the state prison, had put her whole soul into the plea, and when it was over she just had to have recourse to emotional expression that mere men most often flounder through by cussing a little.

Mrs. Frye is the wife of one of the leading attorneys of western North Carolina and a sister of the Rev. Dr. Gilbert T. Rowe, of Winston-Salem. She is well versed in the law, and the governor finds her exceedingly forceful in the presentation of her case. She has returned to Bryson City and with her went the prisoner, freed and pardoned unconditionally.

"The case for the prisoner, was presented with such convincing force," declares the governor, "that if I allowed him to stay in the penitentiary I could not sleep at night. I need a little sleep, and a full pardon is granted."

FATE DECIDES TANGLED CLAIMS TO TWO BABIES.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 6.—Fate took a hand to-day in the tangled claims to blue-eyed Mary Elizabeth and brown-eyed Louise Madeline, eight months old babies, over whom two mothers were going to court tomorrow. Pneumonia claimed Mary Elizabeth, whom neither mother wanted, and the other child fell into an open grate sustaining burns on her face that physicians said might prove fatal or mar her looks for life.

The children were born the same day at the Grady hospital here and Mrs. John C. Garner recently announced that the blue-eyed child given her was not her own. She claimed Louise Madeline as the brown-eyed girl is known. Mrs. Daniel L. Pittman, to whom nurses at the city institution gave the brown-eyed child, maintained it was her very own.

Mrs. Garner first offered to take both children to be sure she had her own and later sought habeas corpus proceedings, which were set for tomorrow. Mary Elizabeth, whom Mrs. Garner had been rearing had been ill for several days and her death, which was not so unexpected, came on the very day that the other tot scarred herself for life.

REVISED CASUALTY LIST OF THE AMERICAN ARMY.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Completion of the record of casualties of the American expeditionary force in the world war was announced to-day by Adjutant General Harris with the issuance of a final revised list of the "old casualties" since the review of the American expeditionary force records practically has been completed, it was said no further additions or corrections were anticipated.

The total casualties to date follows:

Killed in action, including at sea, 34,844.
Died of wounds, 13,960.
Died of disease, 23,738.
Died from accident and other causes, 5,102.
Wounded in action (over 85 per cent returning to duty), 215,423.
Missing in action (not including prisoners released and returned), 3.
Total of 293,070.

Public Debt Shows Decrease.

Washington, Feb. 6.—In the last five months the total public debt has shown a decrease of about \$930,000,000 and the floating debt about \$730,000,000, Secretary Houston announced to-day in comparative statements of the public debt on August 31, 1919, when the debt reached its peak and on last January 31. The decreases were due principally to salvage and taxes.

The New York Herald has been bought by Frank Munsey. After life's fitful fever it sleeps well. All good newspapers when they die go to Frank Munsey.—Chicago Tribune.

DURABLE

EFFICIENT

ECONOMICAL

BUY YOUR FORDSON TRACTOR NOW!

We have FORDSON TRACTORS rolling into this territory NOW—because in the North and West on account of the frozen ground the demand is not so great. We can deliver you a FORDSON at this time on a reasonably short notice, but do not expect to have any by early spring. We can only secure a limited number of Tractors and Implements, so place your order TO-DAY and be positive you will have one for spring work.

The FORDSON will do all of your winter belt work and it costs absolutely nothing when it is not working. BUY NOW. Price, \$750 and Freight.

Be One of the SATISFIED OWNERS Yourself.

McGLAMERY AUTO CO.

Greensboro, North Carolina.

FORD CARS.

FORD TRUCKS.

FORDSON TRACTORS

GENUINE FORD PARTS.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON OF JACK GALLOWAY.

Application will be made to the Governor of North Carolina for the pardon of Jack Galloway, convicted at the December term of the Superior court of Guilford county, 1919, for the crimes of retailing and of having whiskey for sale, and sentenced to the county roads for a term of 12 months in the one case and six months in the other, 18 months in all.

All persons who oppose the granting of said pardon are invited to forward their protests to the governor without delay.

This January 15, 1920.

JACK GALLOWAY.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administratrix of George T. Waynick, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of January, 1921, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased will please make immediate payment.

This December 31, 1919.

SUSAN E. WAYNICK, Adm.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the last will and testament of Eliza C. Apple, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of January, 1921, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons due or owing said estate or hereby notified to make immediate payment.

This Jan. 1, 1921.

R. C. APPLE, Executor of Eliza C. Apple, Deceased.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of George T. Waynick, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to me for payment on or before the 1st day of January, 1921, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

This Jan. 1, 1921.

JOHN S. MICHAUX, Adm.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

The undersigned having duly qualified as executors of the last will and testament of A. S. Voss, deceased, before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., hereby give notice to all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, that they must present the same, duly verified to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of January, 1921, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of any recovery thereon. All persons indebted to the estate of the said testator will make prompt payment to the undersigned, and thereby save costs.

This January 14, 1920.

ROBERTA R. VOSS, MATTIE R. KENNETH, MELVIA JESSUP, Executors of the last will and testament of A. S. Voss, deceased.

NOTICE OF SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority in the undersigned vested by an order of the Superior court of Guilford county in the special proceedings entitled George T. Crutchfield, administrator with will annexed of Jane Rankin, deceased, vs. Lucille Coltrane, he will sell at the court house door of Guilford county, Greensboro, N. C., to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, on

Saturday, February 24, 1920.

at 12 o'clock noon, four (4) several parcels or tracts of land in Summer township, and said county, near Goschen church, and more particularly described as follows:

First Tract: Beginning at a stone northeast corner of Goschen Chapel church lot and R. W. Glenn, running thence west with said Glenn's line 9 1/2 poles to a stone in old road, now vacated; thence south 5 degrees east along said road 10 poles to a stone; thence east 3 poles and 3 links to a stone, said Glenn's line; thence north with Glenn's line 10 poles to the beginning corner, containing one acre or less, the same being a part of the Goschen Chapel church lot conveyed to Joseph Salter by deed duly registered in book 79, page 236, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county.

Second Tract: Beginning at a stone in the old road, northwest corner of Goschen Chapel church lot; thence west 13 poles to a white oak sprout; thence 12 1/2 poles to a white oak sapling; thence east 13 poles to a stone on church lot line; thence with said church lot line 12 1/2 poles to the beginning, containing one acre or more or less. See book 327, page 323 in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county.

Third Tract: Beginning at a stone, W. Brown's northwest corner, running west 12 poles to a stone; thence east 12 poles to a stone, W. Brown's corner; thence north 14 poles to the beginning, containing one acre, more or less, the same being a part of the Goschen Chapel church lot conveyed to Joseph Salter by deed duly registered in book 329, page 22 in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county.

These lots or parcels of land are located about five miles south of Greensboro and valuable.

This 26th day of January, 1920.

G. P. CRUTCHFIELD, Commissioner.

G. P. CRUTCHFIELD, Commissioner.

G. P. CRUTCHFIELD, Commissioner.

G. P. CRUTCHFIELD, Commissioner.

G. P. CRUTCHFIELD, Commissioner.

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SALE OF VALUABLE FARM.

By virtue of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., made and entered in the case entitled L. C. Scoggins, as administrator of C. D. Scoggins, deceased, and in his own right and Ethel Loy and others, heirs-at-law of the said C. D. Scoggins, vs. Page Scoggins, the undersigned, as commissioner, will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the premises, on

Saturday, March 6, 1920.

at 12 o'clock noon, the tract of land situated in Jefferson township, Guilford county, N. C., adjoining the lands of R. L. Fryar, William Denny and others, and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a large post oak on the north side of the public road, Fryar's corner, thence east 23 1/2 poles to a stone in Fryar's line; thence south 88 poles to a stone in Andrew's line; west 78 1/2 poles to a stone; thence north 99 poles to a stone, (north side of public road, Fryar's corner); thence north 23 degrees east with said road 64 poles to a stone (formerly in the north side of the road); thence north 60 degrees east 25 1/2 poles to the beginning, containing 35 acres, more or less, and known as the old home place of C. D. Scoggins.

This is a splendid farm, and well adapted to the growth of fine tobacco. Terms of sale: One-half cash, balance in six months. Title retained until all purchase money is paid, and six per cent interest charged on deferred payment.

This January 31, 1920.
L. C. SCOGGINS, Commissioner.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

State of North Carolina, Guilford County, in the Superior Court.
Mary Hester, Plaintiff.

Walter Hester, Defendant.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county where in the plaintiff is asking for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony now existing between her and the defendant on the grounds of abandonment and adultery; that the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear before the clerk of the said Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., at the court house of the said county in Greensboro, on or before the 20th day of February, 1920, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This January 31, 1920.
M. W. GANT, C. S. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator with the will annexed on the estate of Jane Rankin, deceased, the undersigned hereby gives notice to all persons holding claims against said estate to present the same duly authenticated to him on or before the 20th day of January, 1921, otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. This is further to notify all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment.

This January 19, 1920.
G. P. CRUTCHFIELD, Adm.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as executrix of the last will and testament of B. L. Turner, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 22nd day of January, 1921, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons due or owing said estate or hereby notified to make immediate payment.

This January 18, 1920.

KATIE TURNER, Executrix.

L. HERBIN, Atty.

SOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

-KIDNEY PILLS AND BLADDER

Here's the Secret

There's a secret in a successful savings account. Do you want to know what that secret is?

"SYSTEM." You'd be surprised if we were to tell you how many of our Savings Depositors SYSTEMATICALLY deposit a certain sum each week or each month in their savings accounts.

Their balance is growing and growing fast. So will yours if you follow their example. Four per cent interest paid on Savings.

THE "OLD RELIABLE"

Greensboro National Bank,

E. P. Wharton, Pres. Nell Killington, Vice-Pres. A. H. Alderman, Cashier. Walter Porter, Asst. Cashier. Member Federal Reserve Bank, Fifth District. Corner South Elm and East Washington Streets.

Southern Security-Service Company

Greensboro National Bank Building.

Will sell: Hunter 7 per cent preferred.
Hunter 6 per cent preferred.

We own and offer for Investment Conservative First Mortgage Bonds to yield from 6 to 7 per cent.

E. P. WHARTON, Pres't. C. M. HENDERSON, V. P. and Sec.
R. B. WINDER, V. P. and Treas.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Mr. Booth Up Again.

County Auditor Willis Booth, who has been ill of influenza at his home on Asheboro street extension, was able to come down to his office in the court house Saturday for a short while.

John A. Hodgkin Dies.

John A. Hodgkin, aged 33, son of Mrs. Maggie Hodgkin, died at 12 o'clock yesterday at his home, 12 miles south of Greensboro. Definite arrangements for the funeral have not yet been made.

A Little Boy Dies.

Daniel Kerm, Stout, five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. I. T. Stout, 26 Cherry street, Revolution, died at 12.50 Thursday afternoon at a local hospital as a result of an attack of appendicitis, illness having been of very short duration.

Mr. Boyles Improving.

Commissioner of Public Works Marvin Boyles, who has been ill for the past 10 days, is well on the road to recovery and expects to be out this week. Both Mr. and Mrs. Boyles have been ill with influenza at their home on West Gaston street.

Death of Miss Hattie Webb.

Miss Hattie Webb, of Brown Summit, died at noon yesterday, following an attack of influenza, according to a telephone message received here last night. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at Friendship church, interment following in the church cemetery.

Mr. Boyst's Mother Dead.

C. H. Boyst, of this city, is in receipt of a message announcing the death Friday morning of his mother, Mrs. S. H. Boyst, of Port Jarvis, N. Y. Mr. and Mrs. Boyst and Elizabeth and Oscar Boyst are confined to their home by illness and Mr. Boyst could not attend the funeral.

Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Following an illness of one week, Lonnie T. Brady, aged 22, died at the emergency hospital at Pocomo at 3.45 Saturday morning, pneumonia being responsible for fatality. Ten days ago Mr. Brady had moved to Greensboro from Bennett. He is survived by his wife and his mother, Mrs. Mary E. Brady.

Jettie Marshall Dies of Flu.

Jettie Marshall, aged 32, died at 11.15 yesterday morning at his home on West Market street, death resulting from influenza and pneumonia. Mr. Marshall was employed by the North Carolina Public Service Company as a street car conductor. He is survived by his wife and two children, Maggie and Mary Marshall; also his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Marshall, of Snow Camp, and a sister, Mrs. Zora Teague, of Chatham county. The body was consigned to Liberty at 12.10 yesterday afternoon. Funeral and interment are scheduled to-day at Plainfield church, near Liberty.

Negro Taken to Atlanta.

This morning Deputy Marshall C. T. Roane left for Atlanta, taking in custody a negro named Jasper Brunson, who was convicted in Federal court here last week upon a charge of stealing goods from a freight car at Winston-Salem. The negro goes to Atlanta to serve one year and one day in the federal prison.

Little Boy Passes.

Harry Mastin, one-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Mastin, died at 2 o'clock yesterday morning at the residence, 509 Park avenue, after an illness of a few days. Death was ascribed to influenza and pneumonia. The body was taken to Danville yesterday afternoon, the funeral party leaving at 2.10, burial following in that city.

Miss Bartley Victim of Flu.

Miss Lottie Bartley, aged 77, died at 8 o'clock yesterday morning at her home near Jamestown, fatality being attributed to influenza. She is survived by two nephews, G. Will Armfield and Capt. J. F. Stephens, of this city. The funeral will be held at the home at 1 o'clock this afternoon, interment following in the Walnut Grove cemetery.

Schnurman-Oettinger Nuptials.

Of special interest to Greensboro is the wedding of Eli M. Oettinger, of this city, and Mrs. Hannah Schnurman, of Richmond, Va., which was solemnized Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock in one of the private parlors of the Hotel Jefferson, in Richmond, Rabbi Calisch officiating. After March 1 Mr. and Mrs. Oettinger will be at home at the O. Henry hotel.

Mrs. Mary Chrismon Dead.

Mrs. Mary Chrismon, aged 80, died at 11.20 Thursday night at a local hospital where she was a surgical patient, death following a long illness. Surviving are the following children: Mrs. S. L. Summers, of Brown Summit; John R. Chrismon, of Charlotte; and J. Robert Chrismon, of Greensboro; also a brother, C. M. Thomas, and a sister, Mrs. M. J. Chrismon, both of this city. The funeral services were conducted at the home, 671 Percy street, at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon by Rev. E. L. Bain, D. D., pastor of the West Market Street Methodist church, interment following in Greene Hill cemetery.

John W. Clapp Dies.

John W. Clapp, aged 32, died at 7 o'clock Thursday morning at his home, 416 West Bragg street, following an illness of 10 days of influenza and pneumonia. Surviving are a wife and two children, Henrietta and Hugh T. Clapp; also the parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Clapp, who reside near Mt. Hope; four sisters, Mrs. W. M. Jones and Mrs. George Dick, of Greensboro; Mrs. J. H. Allison, of this county; Mrs. B. K. Clapp, of Whitsett; five brothers, B. M. W. A. and C. H. Clapp, of Burlington; Henry Clapp, of Gibsonville, and Grant Clapp, of Julian. Funeral services were conducted at the home at 11 o'clock Friday morning by Rev. A. C. Clinger, and the remains were interred in Guilford College cemetery.

Death of Little Boy.

John Eugene Fox, 13 months old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Fox, 315 Walker avenue, died at the home at home, two miles east of the city, 4.40 Friday morning, death being ascribed to whooping cough and influenza. Until 24 hours before he expired hope for his recovery was entertained, but then influenza developed and the end came quickly. He was a very bright child. He was a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Sanders and Mrs. W. L. Myers.

Howard S. Kirkman Dies.

Howard S. Kirkman, aged four, died at 7.45 yesterday morning at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Kirkman, 457 East Whittington street, following an illness of one week of influenza and pneumonia. The funeral services will be conducted at the home at 10.30 this morning by Rev. G. W. Milloway. The remains will be interred in the Tabernacle church cemetery, 12 miles southeast of Greensboro.

Morris Denny Passes.

Morris Denny, aged eight, died at 4.30 yesterday afternoon at the home of his mother, Mrs. S. A. Denny, three miles east of McLeansville. He had been ill several weeks, death resulting from diphtheria and complicatory ailments. Funeral services will be conducted at 3 o'clock this afternoon at Bethel Presbyterian church, near McLeansville, by Rev. G. L. Whittley. Interment will be in the church cemetery.

Death of Mrs. Julia Smith.

Mrs. Julia B. Smith, aged 40, died at 1.45 Saturday morning at her home, 25 Peach street, Revolution, following an illness of 13 days of influenza and pneumonia. She is survived by her husband, F. R. Smith, and four children, Leo, Myrtle, Mamie and Pearl Smith; a sister, Mrs. Jane Hill, of Proximity; and three brothers, Wilson Hill, of Proximity; William Hill, of Randleman, and Abram Hill, of Montgomery county.

Mrs. Ludlum Victim Long Illness.

Mrs. Margaret Ludlum, aged 43, died at 3.15 Thursday afternoon at her temporary home in this city, following a short illness, fatality being ascribed to tuberculosis. She is survived by her husband, Charles Ludlum, a traveling salesman, Mr. and Mrs. Ludlum having been residing here a short while. The body was consigned to Berlin, Md., the former home. Funeral and interment were scheduled for Saturday in Berlin.

W. L. Patterson Dies.

W. L. Patterson, whose home is on Battle Ground avenue, this city, died at 3.15 Saturday afternoon at a hospital in Washington, D. C., according to a telegram received here by relatives. He was 35 years of age and had long been in ill health. He was taken to the Washington hospital three weeks ago. It is understood that his death was caused by abscess of the liver. Surviving are a wife and four children, Edna, Drew, Woodrow and Rebecca Patterson; also his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Patterson, of 28 Vine street, Proximity, and other relatives.

Meyer's Generous Act.

Meyer's department store has released several girls who have volunteered to do nursing duty, discharging them from the store with full pay to give all their time to Red Cross work until the flu epidemic is over. Some teachers, released by the closing of the schools, have also volunteered, but more women are needed, and men are all but impossible to secure. There are one or two who have done yeoman service ever since the outbreak of the epidemic, but they are all too few to handle the situation. There are 31 patients now in the emergency hospital, eight of them with pneumonia. This is worse than in the last epidemic, when a hospital with 63 beds never had more than four or five cases of pneumonia at once.

Funeral of Miss Barber.

Funeral services for Miss Maggie Barber, whose death resulted from a collision between a Southern Railway switching engine and an automobile truck in which she was a passenger, were conducted at 2.30 o'clock Thursday afternoon at the home, 900 Oakland avenue, by Rev. F. R. Lefever, pastor of the First Reformed church. The remains were interred in Greene Hill cemetery. Serving as pall-bearers were Roy Westbrook, Henry Farmer, J. T. Vaughn, L. H. East, Mr. Williams and Grady Greeson. The flower-bearers were Mrs. Robert Little, Mrs. Arthur Pleasants, Mrs. A. W. Walters, Misses Maude Lunsford, Ruby Steelman, Corinna Gardner, Pearl Jarman and Irene Boone.

Mrs. Gertrude Hendrix Dies.

Mrs. Gertrude Hendrix, aged 33, died at 6 o'clock last night at her home, two miles east of the city, 4.40 Friday morning, death being ascribed to whooping cough and influenza. Until 24 hours before he expired hope for his recovery was entertained, but then influenza developed and the end came quickly. He was a very bright child. He was a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Sanders and Mrs. W. L. Myers.

PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

FOR SALE—TWO LARGE SOWS in thin order, quick sale \$20.00 each. J. S. Deviney, Julian, N. C.

MADAM OR MISS, WHAT SIZE DO you wear? We have a lot of carried over shoes in small sizes, 2 1-2 to 4, marked down to \$2.50 and \$3.00. Both button and laced shoes, real bargains for ladies with small feet. Thacker & Brockmann.

STOCK POWDERS—25C, 50C AND \$1.00 packages. Hagan's Dairy Supply House. 12-8.

FOR SALE—TWO LARGE SHOATS in good condition, \$15 each. W. E. Lineberry, Greensboro Route 2.

FOR SALE—TWO MULES, ONE seven and one four years old, broke, will sell either one or both. If interested see J. R. Coggins, Guilford College, N. C.

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE, weighs about 1200 pounds. Work anywhere. May be seen Asheboro street, near end of car line. D. M. Sullivan. Phone 168. 93-66.

GINGHAMS

ARE SCARCE

Desirable styles in Gingham and Percales are going to be mighty hard to find a little later on. We advise early buying—they are not going to be cheap any time soon, and in the spring pretty patterns in good quality will be hard to get at any price.

New Oxford and Pumps are coming in, very reasonably priced for this day and time.

Thacker & Brockmann

WE HAVE A FULL LINE

CHINAWARE

In Sets and Open Stock, High Grade English, Japanese and American Goods of Superior Quality.

Also, have GLASS JARS in pints, quarts and half gallons

JARS and CROCKS

From one gallon up to thirty gallons, 20c per gallon.

LET US SHOW YOU.

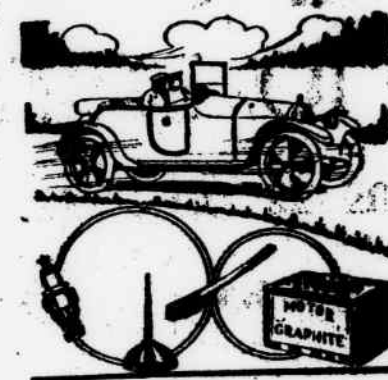


The Algeria Pattern
W. H. Grindley & Co.

Greensboro Hardware Co.

221 S. Elm Street.

Phones 457-458.



THINGS THAT COUNT

Importantly in the running of your car, oils, graphite, greases, etc. You cannot afford any but the best. The other kinds are costly and destructive. You can make sure of the best by obtaining them here as well as all other auto supplies.

McGLAMERY AUTO CO.,

The Home of Ford Service. The Profit Sharing Garage.
Greensboro. W. H. McGLAMERY, Prop'r. Gibsonville.

CURTIS-RAY COMPANY,

FUNERAL DIRECTORS—LICENSED EMBALMERS.

600 South Elm Street.

Modern Equipment; Prompt Service Day or Night.

Office Phone 488.

Residence Phones:

V. H. RAY, 1722.

L. M. AMMEN, 1521.

L & M SEMI-PASTE PAINTS

BEST THAT CAN BE MADE

Cost to you \$3.25 a Gallon when made ready to use

RECOMMENDED BY SATISFIED USERS FOR OVER 40 YEARS

Obtain COLOR CARD from our Agents or

LONGMAN & MARTINEZ, Manufacturers New York

IF IT IS A PLOW YOU WANT BE SURE YOU BUY THE

GENUINE OLIVER CHILLED PLOW

We do not sell the South Bend Chilled Plow. We do not claim to sell the South Bend Chilled Plow. We do sell and are the ONLY AUTHORIZED AGENTS of the OLIVER CHILLED PLOW, made by the original makers of the Original and Genuine Oliver Chilled Plow.

See our Plows and buy Only the Genuine Oliver Chilled Plows and Repairs.

ALL - SEASONBLE - HARDWARE !

Southside Hardware Co.,

523-525 South Elm Street.