

CONGRESS RECEIVES THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

DIVERSIFIED PROGRAM LOOKING TO PEACE TIME BUSINESS OUTLINED.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Diversified program to restore a peace-time business status, revise the tax system, curb unrest, reduce the cost of living and rectify labor and farming conditions was recommended by President Wilson today in his message to the new session of Congress.

The President asked for new tariff laws based on the nation's changed relation to the rest of the world, suggested that the income and excess profits tax schedules be simplified, advocated steps to improve rural conditions and promote production, and declared for a "genuine democratization of industry" to protect both labor and capital.

The railroad problem he reserved for a future message, and he made no statement of his intentions regarding the peace treaty or Mexico. Many of his communications were the same as those submitted to the special session last spring and several of them are embraced in legislation already being formulated in the two houses.

To meet the cost of living the President asked extension of the war-time food control bill federal regulation of cold storage, readjustment of food transportation, and establishment of a system of federal licensing for all corporations engaged in interstate commerce.

Causes of Unrest Temporary.

He declared the causes of unrest to be superficial and temporary, and made his first reference to the senate's failure to ratify the peace treaty in saying that restlessness was due largely to the nation's hesitation in demanding its peace policy. The federal government, he declared, should be armed with full authority to deal in the criminal courts with those who promote violence.

In an extended discussion of labor conditions he declared the workers had just cause for complaint in many matters, and that there should be a "full recognition of the right of those who work, in any rank, to participate in some organic way in every decision that directly affects their welfare." He asserted that the right of individuals to strike must be held inviolate, but added that there must be a firm stand against "the attempt by any class to usurp a power that only government itself has a right to exercise as a protection to all." Finally, he suggested the establishment of a tribunal for peaceful decision of industrial disputes.

Urges Budget System.

He renewed his recommendation for a budget system of national finances, asked for special protection to promote the dyestuffs and chemical industries, and declared the administration bill providing farms for soldiers should be passed without delay.

The message, about 5,000 words in length, was transmitted to the Capitol by messenger, the President expressing regret that his health would not permit his delivery of it in person. It was read separately in senate and house, where it drew mixed expressions of approbation and disappointment. The Democrats generally praised it as setting forth decisively a practical program of reform, while on the Republican side there were many complaints that it lacked definiteness and omitted mention of important problems.

Main Points in Message.

General recommendation on legislation to combat the cost of living, labor unrest, radicalism, and a readjustment of the nation to peace-time basis were the features of President Wilson's annual message to Congress.

The peace treaty, the President told Congress, will be discussed in a separate message later, as will the railroad question.

Items in the message were:

Establishment of a budget system for national finances.

Reorganization of the taxation system; simplification of income and excess profits tax.

Readjustment of the tariff system to conform with the fact that America is now the "greatest capitalist in the world."

Recognition and relief of world

MOTTO OF BOTH SIDES TO BLEED THE PUBLIC

SOME INTERESTING FACTS ARE BROUGHT OUT IN TRIAL OF JUDGE ANDERSON.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 2.—Mine operators and mine workers appear to be "in cahoots to bleed the public," in the opinion of Judge A. B. Anderson, of the United States district federal court. Judge Anderson, who ordered the rescinding of the strike order, expressed himself today in the course of examination of Alonso Newcomb, a miner.

Newcomb was before the court on a charge of illegal sale of liquor. Judge Anderson was trying to obtain information as to the mine operators' attitude toward the United Mine Workers of America.

"Doesn't it seem that you are all in a conspiracy to milk the public?" Judge Anderson asked.

Newcomb said the mine workers are paid only 84 cents a ton for the coal they mine, while they have to pay the operators \$2.20 a ton for that coal on top of the mine and besides have to haul it themselves.

"Ought not all of you come down all around?" Judge Anderson asked, and Newcomb said: "I guess you are right."

"Isn't it true that you say the mine operators get so much that you want part of their profits?" persisted the judge. Newcomb said this also seemed to be the case, whereupon Judge Anderson remarked that it appeared as though both factions in the coal trouble were in cahoots to bleed the public.

Newcomb said he averaged about \$6 a day as a coal digger and had made as much as \$10 a day. He said his last pay check called for \$32.27 for 14 days' work, but that about \$18 had to be taken out of it for powder and other expenses owed the mine owner.

When asked why he did not return to work inasmuch as the mines were open and the government would afford protection, Newcomb said:

"Your honor, it would be all my life would be worth to start back to work. I wouldn't last long, I don't expect."

Joe Trunko, a Hungarian coal miner, also was arraigned before Judge Anderson on a charge of violating the Reed amendment, said he did not know about the injunction forbidding the strike.

"When they cancelled the strike order here they had their fingers crossed, didn't they?" asked Judge Anderson.

"I think so," the defendant replied.

Further questioning brought out the fact that Trunko was married, had five children, owned his own home and an automobile.

"I tell you," said Judge Anderson, after he had been given this information, "working conditions will have to be improved for this man. Why, gentlemen, I can hardly restrain my emotion when I think of the condition of this man. And the whole country is in the fix it is on account of the condition these men are in."

Drawing the Lines Closer.

St. Louis, Dec. 2.—Sweeping coal conservation measures were issued by the southwest regional coal committee today. They include restricting the hours of all retail stores, except drug stores and resident district grocery stores, to between 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. daily.

war veterans, particularly in the way of government farms as proposed by Senator Lane.

Legislation to foster dyestuff and chemical industry.

Enlarged program for rural development, in recognition of the farmers' part in the war.

Measures to "remove the cause of political restlessness," which is due to failure to arrive at peace, the transference of European radical theories, heartless profiteering and the machinations of malevolent agitators.

Legislation "to deal effectively with persons who by violent methods would abrogate our time-tested institutions."

A definite program to bring about "improvement in labor conditions" and "genuine democratization of industry."

VILLA REPORTED TO BE AGAIN HELD BY CAPTORS

REBEL LEADER DECLARED TO BE HELD BY HIS OWN MEN FOR REWARD.

Juarez, Mexico, Dec. 3.—Francisco Villa has been captured by a force of his own men and is being held for a reward from the Mexican government according to advices received here late to-day by Superintendent Caballero, of the Chihuahua division of the National Railways of Mexico.

Two Villa rebels are reported to have presented themselves at the federal headquarters at Parral and notified the commander there that Villa had been captured and was being held for surrender to the Carranza forces. The state of Chihuahua has already offered fifty thousand pesos as reward.

Mexican officials here expressed the opinion that General Monzal Escobar, commander of the Juarez district, would proceed immediately to Chihuahua City for a conference with military officials.

P. W. Caballero, who received the news of the reported capture, is here on an inspection tour in company with Col. Paulino Fontes, director general of the national railways of Mexico. Although the advices received by Caballero gave no details of the incident, it is known that a detachment of federal forces has been sent from Parral to the place indicated by the two Villa rebels. So far as is known, the only offer of reward for the apprehension of Villa has been made by the state government of Chihuahua.

Said to be Chasing Bandit.

Galveston, Tex., Dec. 3.—Five thousand picked Mexican cavalrymen in five divisions are in hot pursuit of Francisco Villa, according to a statement by Mexican Consul Fierro, who said he received this information to-day. The men are under command of General Dieguez and have orders to apprehend him dead or alive. The massacre of a regiment of federal troops by Villistas recently reported from El Paso was declared false by the consul.

RAILWAY MEN REFUSE TO HAUL VOLUNTEERS.

Pittsburg, Kan., Dec. 3.—Union switchmen on the Santa Fe at Frantennac to-day, in sympathy with the striking miners, refused to move a train of volunteer workers and soldiers to two steamshovel mines, according to an announcement to Colonel Lewis, of the regular army.

At a mass meeting Monday locals of the four railroad brotherhoods protested against hauling or handling coal produced under state receivership and wired their national headquarters asking for authorization to put this policy into effect. No answer from national headquarters had been given out tonight.

The crew refused to move a train from Pittsburg to the Patton and Mengheni steamshovel mines near Frontenac.

The men were sent to the Frontenac mines on trucks. The action of the crew in refusing to move the train load of soldiers and volunteers precipitated the crisis in the railroad situation several hours earlier than it was anticipated.

Interest centered largely on the question of whether in the event of the strike not being authorized by the national organization, the men locally would refuse to handle the coal.

There has been no refusal to spot cars for the mines as far as he is advised, Oscar Hubert, general manager of the receivership, said to-day. Cars have been placed wherever requested at the mines, he said.

Mr. Hubert said he was informed that the Santa Fe men who refused to move the troops and volunteer train asserted that they were not striking, but feared the consequences to themselves and families if they assisted in handling such a train.

Quiet Marriage Here Sunday.

Miss Jessie Stack, of Colfax, and D. A. Strader, of Summerville, were quietly married Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the residence of the officiating minister, Rev. W. F. Kennett, on West Washington street.

JUDGE WEBB PRESENTED TO COURT BY JUDGE HOYD

THE LATTER CHARGES THE GRAND JURY IN FORCEFUL LANGUAGE.

The great industrial upheaval in this country is attributable in very large measure to the sinister activities of the I. W. W. leaders and other apostles of destruction, according to the conviction expressed Tuesday morning by Judge James E. Boyd, of this city, in his charge delivered to the grand jury in the United States district court. In many instances industrial unrest is the direct product of unscrupulous foreigners whose chief ambition is to destroy all orderly government.

Judge Boyd's charge was delivered immediately after the organization of the court for the one-week term, beginning Tuesday morning, was effected. Present with him on the bench, for the first time, was Judge E. Yates Webb, of Shelby, who was recently appointed to the additional judgeship in the western district. Judge Webb presided at last week's term of the district at Asheville, but the first appearance of the two jurists on the bench together was made here, as Judge Boyd did not attend the sessions at Asheville.

Judge Boyd's Retirement.

Many people had expected Judge Webb to charge the grand jury. After the charge was presented Judge Boyd presented his associate, the great crowd rising in compliment to the new jurist. Judge Boyd confessed that he had not learned the secret of eternal youth; he had begun to feel the effects of advanced age, whereupon he called upon President Wilson for assistance. He was deeply grateful to "the powers that be," he said, for the prompt answer to his request and he was even more gratified because of the admirable selection. Judge Webb, the elder jurist was certain, would discharge the duties of his highly important office with splendid fidelity and ability.

Long before Judge Boyd began to address the members of the jury the court room was packed. Not only were all seats taken, but every available inch of standing room was utilized, a large number of spectators filling the corridors outside the court room. The charge was attentively received and twice Judge Boyd's remarks were interrupted by applause.

Judge Boyd spoke for an hour, his charge covering a wide range of activity. The first half was devoted to discussion of the legal phases of matters which the jurors may be expected to consider, while the remainder was an exposition of certain prime requisites of American citizenship as the Greensboro jurist sees them.

A DANGEROUS FIRE IN THE HEART OF THE CITY.

Fire which originated at 7 o'clock last night in the basement of Elm Street Pharmacy, McAdoo building, in the very heart of Greensboro's business district, caused a damage to the drug store and building which was estimated at \$50,000. Of that loss about \$25,000 was entailed on the drug store property, while \$25,000 was the estimated damage to the building.

Shortly after 10 o'clock occasional bursts of flame continued to emanate from the basement, the seeming inaccessibility of which seriously hampered efforts of the city firemen. Although the workers of the department battled steadily against the unusually stubborn blaze, extinction was seemingly impossible in the early part of the night. Half a dozen lines of hose were brought in to play and many thousands of gallons of water were used, departmental officials recognizing the fact that patience and long-continued flooding of the basement was essential.

At 11 o'clock the flames had been extinguished. Several thousand people were attracted to the scene, many of them remaining until a very late hour, watching the patient work of the firemen and the stubborn, unyielding fire. The absence of electric display signs in the business district made the scene an unusually dismal one.

TREATY DELAY WILL INVITE VOTERS' WRATH, SAYS BRYAN

EXAGGERATION ON BOTH SIDES HAS BEEN CAUSE OF DISAGREEMENT.

Hot Springs, Ark., Nov. 28.—The breathing spell between the special session and the regular one is giving time for calm deliberation on the peace treaty and the senators have doubtless found upon reflection that there has been exaggeration of both sides and that this exaggeration has been the chief cause of disagreement.

Take two propositions, for instance. The Republicans have strenuously contended for what is known as the preamble, in which it is provided that three of the principal nations must accept the senate reservations before the treaty will become binding. The situation in Europe is such that the reservations would in all probability be accepted, because the United States is necessary to the League; but why insist upon acceptance?

Acquiescence in the reservations is much easier for the other nations and just as effective in protecting our rights. If other governments are required to formally accept the reservations adopted they may arouse in other legislative bodies debates similar to that which has delayed ratification by the senate. And any number of counter reservations may be proposed and if backed by popular sentiment may be adopted and then we would be called upon to forcibly accept or reject.

Surely, the Republicans who really favor ratification will see that acceptance by acquiescence is the line of least resistance. It would make acceptance of our reservations by other nations certain.

"The reservation to section 10 is the other stumbling block. Its importance has been magnified. The language of the covenant really left no doubt as to the right of each nation to decide whether it would follow the advice given by the League, and the requirements of a unanimous vote still further protected us because we can absolutely control the action of our delegates by the law that creates them or by subsequent instructions.

But the reservation provided in Article X. raises no real difficulty. Both sides agree that Congress, and Congress alone, can declare war, so that any promise now made that a future Congress will declare war is without legal effect.

Having admitted that Congress cannot be deprived of the war-making power by treaty, the Democrats are in no position to go before the country on the proposition that this Congress can enter into a moral obligation which will virtually deny a Congress its right to act independently and with the light that it has when the time for action comes. If a promise made now is morally binding, how can Congress refuse to keep the promise without a repudiation of the nation's honor? And how can the promise be binding without robbing Congress of a constitutional right?

Eighty-one senators voted in favor of ratification in some form. All would be a reflection upon their intelligence, their honesty and their patriotism to doubt that they can reach a compromise which will fully meet the situation and give an immediate ratification of the treaty by an overwhelming majority and thus enable us to turn our attention to the pressing demands of domestic issues.

The party which by insisting upon unreasonable demands makes the treaty a vital issue in next year's campaign will invite the wrath of the voters.

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.

Half Billion Increase.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Increase of nearly a half billion dollars in receipts over 1918 was noted in the report today of the treasurer of the United States for the fiscal year 1919. The ordinary receipts were \$4,647,603,852.46, and the ordinary disbursements \$15,365,362,741.76, an increase of \$6,398,830,475.73, as compared with those of the year previous. The disbursements on account of the Panama canal were \$12,265,775.08, while the receipts were \$6,777,046.55.

WORLD PROHIBITION; HOME LAW ENFORCEMENT

A REVIEW OF THE RAPIDLY DEVELOPING AND ENVELOPING MOVEMENT IN STATE.

By Andrew Joyner.

Active organization of all forces in North Carolina in sympathy with the movement to bring about law enforcement of prohibition in all the United States and prohibition in all the world is now in progress.

It is a part of the National organization known as The World League Against Alcoholism, central headquarters being located at Greensboro. The purpose of the nationwide campaign is to celebrate the first anniversary of legalized prohibition in the United States, and the date of operation of the 18th Amendment, January 16th, 1920, by contributing a fund of Twenty-Five Million Dollars for the prosecution of prohibition principle in all other nations and especially for enforcement of the law in this nation. The quota assigned North Carolina is \$700,000 and organization work is being directed, so that the moral forces of the state may be universally informed of the necessity for this fund and moved by concert of action at a specified time to contribute it without feeling any burden at all.

North Carolina headquarters for this Law Enforcement and World Prohibition Movement is now domiciled in accessible quarters in the heart of the business district on South Elm street, the securing of office space here having been possible only through the sympathetic interest of the public spirited men of Greensboro.

The State movement is in charge of Hon. C. H. Mebane as director; Harvey Holleman, organizer; W. R. Cooper, treasurer.

Mr. Mebane is the former Superintendent of Public Instruction of North Carolina, for many subsequent years actively engaged in state educational organization, and is the owner and editor of the Catawba County News and the Greensboro Patriot.

The detailed organization plan is being directed by an experienced and successful man in such work, for it was Harvey Holleman who directed the successful Nation-Wide Salvation Army Campaign last May. He is a North Carolina boy, who left his Wake county home for the Pacific coast in early youth, soon made his way, becoming mayor of San Diego, traveled Europe as representative of the California Exposition. When the great war started he plunged up to the neck in government war work in Europe and America, and has now returned to his native heath to help arouse his folks "down home" as to the necessity of extending a new helping hand to other nations, soberizing them after their bloody ordeal of war and attendant horrible sufferings.

The treasurer, W. B. Cooper, of Wilmington, is the well known publicist and financier, his heart and head devoted to public service.

State Advisory Board.

These active organizers, while subject to direction of the national organization, are also responsive to suggestions from a State Advisory Board. This board embraces representative men from every section of the state, including the following: United States Senators Simmons and Overman; Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy; State Superintendent of Public Instruction E. C. Brooks and former Superintendent J. Y. Joyner; J. Elwood Cox, manufacturer and banker; Dr. W. J. Martin, president Davidson College; Rev. A. D. Wilcox, pastor Trinity College church; W. C. Dowd, editor Charlotte News; H. B. Varner, editor Lexington Dispatch; Clarence Poe, editor Progressive Farmer; Archibald Johnson, editor Charity and Children; C. B. McNairy, superintendent Caswell Training School; Dr. J. I. Foust, president N. C. College for Women; Dr. J. B. Craver, president Davenport College; Dr. F. P. Hobgood, president Oxford College; Dr. A. D. Wolfinger, president Catawba College; Rev. J. A. Campbell, president Buies Creek Academy; R. O. Everett, attorney; C. H. Ireland, president Odell Hardware Co.; Dr. W. B. Turrentine, president

Continued from Page One.

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Three Possibilities

By R. RAY BAKER

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His cigar tilted at an angle of 45 degrees, one leg swinging slightly in indication of contentment, Norman J. Haskell read from the front page with strong personal interest and satisfaction. Presently he folded the paper and laid it on a corner of his desk, while he leaned back in the swivel chair and meditated, and there seemed a fringe of gloating in the luster of his eyes.

His partner entered and interrupted the flow of thought.

"Afternoon, Marvin," saluted Haskell, as the stocky figure with the boyish face drew off his gloves, and, depositing them in the crown of his brown derby, hung the latter on a hook protruding from the wall.

This ceremony concluded, he approached the desk, rubbing his hands as though he had performed some neat business trick and was congratulating himself. Haskell skived a nearby chair to a position at the corner of the desk on which lay the printed doings of the day. Stonewell began to seat himself, still rubbing his hands and smiling. Before he was settled, however, his hands had stopped their



"Your Great Opportunity Has Arrived."

caressing of one another and the smile was superseded by an expression of astonishment. He was gazing at the newspaper.

"What's this, what's this?" he exclaimed with an air of wonderment. "What's this, I say? Here's a picture of the Marquis of Downberry, together with three young women—and one of them is Evelyn, your sister. Let's see. It says 'Marquis coming to America for possibilities.' That means he's looking for an American bride, and Evelyn—can it be he's considering Evelyn?"

Haskell's smile almost seemed descending.

"It means just that," he admitted. "Evelyn has a chance of marrying into the royal family. It's a standoff between her and those two other young ladies whose photos are grouped around the marquis. He's coming on his steam yacht and expects to arrange a series of cruises during which he will make his choice. Won't it be great, Marvin, if Evelyn wins? Just think of it, that'll make me a third hunky-dory-in-law of the king by marriage, or something like that, won't it?"

"Hm," was Marvin's response, as he settled himself in the chair and continued reading.

Mrs. Jerome Rodney Haskell was beaming.

"Your great opportunity has arrived, Evelyn," she said to the slim young woman perched on the window-seat. Evelyn did not beam, but her lips permitted a flashing smile to form. Was it exultation showing in the girl's countenance? Mrs. Haskell never could quite determine the meaning of an expression on her daughter's face.

Mrs. Haskell felt she had a perfect right to beam. That very day she and her daughter, with a few of the other members of their set, would leave New York on the steam yacht of the Marquis of Downberry. It was the third and last "possibility cruise" the marquis intended making. Already he had conducted two such cruises, each of them having as a guest of honor one of his marriage prospects.

Ruth was the last "candidate." After this third trip on the blue the marquis would make his choice, and of course an anxious world would be waiting breathlessly for his decision. It must be understood that the Haskell were one of the foremost families of America, and Evelyn Haskell was a leader of the fashionable younger set and the cause of much heart burning and heart breaking. Her mother had frowned on many of the suits for Evelyn's hand and had tolerated some of them, principally be-

cause her daughter had a propensity for getting her own way, but had always admonished the latter to wait awhile before choosing a husband, because she was confident "something worth while" was coming. Mrs. Haskell and Evelyn had made several trips abroad, ostensibly to study art, although there were some prying persons who claimed there were ulterior motives in which prospective husbands with titles were concerned. Be that as it may, Mrs. Haskell was now basking in the sunshine of "I told you so" satisfaction.

The cruise was not to be an extended one. At no time would the party be more than thirty miles from New York. In fact, the yacht was expected to travel in a circle, spending two and possibly three nights on the voyage. Various forms of entertainment were arranged, including dancing. It was intended that the marquis should have every opportunity to note the charms and likewise the flaws of the candidate for his love and lands.

The marquis was a rather droll-looking young man who, strange to relate, was not equipped with a monocle. He had a very pleasing way about him, which was only natural considering the social education he had received; and he had an appearance that went with his personality. In fact, deprive him of his title and he would still make a very attractive looking husband.

Mrs. Haskell took her beam with her on the cruise, while Evelyn continued to carry that little smile which might denote anything, but which surely must indicate happiness at being chosen one of the candidates from whom the marquis would select a bride. If she came through the "wedding-out" process as fortunately as her friends hoped she would, soon the portals of English nobility would open to receive her.

In the afternoon of the second day of the cruise Mrs. Haskell lost her beam. It was due to an incident that might have been serious had it not been for—but that is getting ahead of the story.

The party had just arisen from tea, when out of the distance came the putty-put-put-put of a gasoline motor. Diversion was welcome even on an occasion of this kind, and the men and women hurried from the dining room, thinking perhaps an airplane was about to pay them a visit.

However, it proved to be nothing more than a gasoline speedboat, which climbed out of the horizon and hurtled toward the yacht. When it was only a few yards off, one of the young men of the yachting party, who was an ardent motor enthusiast, became so interested in endeavoring to identify the strange craft that he fell over the railing and sank from sight in the water.

"Look!" cried Evelyn, seizing the marquis by the arm. "Somebody fell overboard. I'm sure it's Jimmy Reynolds, and he can't swim a stroke."

"My word!" gasped the marquis. "What's to be done? Where's Benjamin? Find Benjamin, somebody, and have him tell the captain to stop the ship!"

The marquis was conscientiously excited. He got red in the face and gurgled, and finally when no Benjamin appeared he started off himself in quest of the servant.

Meanwhile the motorboat had arrived. The young man in control in the bow had sensed trouble of some kind, and the frantic gestures of the excited persons on the yacht directed his attention to an object in the water. It was Jimmy Reynolds, who had come to the surface after the first immersion.

Without hesitation, the young man threw out the clutch, called to some one in the stern to take the wheel, leaped to the gunwale of the boat and propelled himself over the side. A few brisk strokes and he had Jimmy Reynolds by the hair.

The Marquis of Downberry must have located his Benjamin, and Benjamin in turn must have carried his order to the captain—or else the captain acted on his own initiative. Anyhow, the yacht had stopped. The rescuer, with the rescued in tow, at once headed for the yacht and soon was on board.

"Marvin!" cried Evelyn Haskell in a bystander's ear. "It's my brother's partner."

The next day Mrs. Haskell's beam returned, only it was at least doubled in intensity—if a beam may be intense. She rushed to her daughter's room and proceeded to hug her at least five times before she announced breathlessly:

"Evelyn, you win! The marquis has picked you for his bride. Just think! You're going to wed royalty!"

Evelyn did not appear excited. She was seated before a dressing table combing her hair, and she continued with the task, although she did look up and smile. Surely it must be a smile of exultation, thought Mrs. Haskell.

"Do tell," said Evelyn languidly. "That is very interesting, but, mother, will you be so kind as to send the marquis my heartfelt appreciation and inform him that he will have to make another decision in favor of one of the other 'possibilities.' Just tell him this one is an impossibility. I'm going to marry Marvin Stonewell. Royal blood is all right, but I prefer an American—some one who can do things for himself. I thought the little cruise wouldn't do any harm, and I acted as hateful as I could so the marquis wouldn't pick me for his victim."

Pockets for Bosses.

Flatbush—"I see recently patented garters for men include pockets for carrying money." Bensonhurst—"And I suppose friend wife will insist on wearing the well, the pockets."

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WORLD PROHIBITION; HOME LAW ENFORCEMENT

Continued on Page Three.

Greensboro College for Women; Walter N. Johnson, corresponding secretary Baptist State Convention; W. C. Riddick, president N. C. college Agr. and Eng.; Thos. H. Battle, bank president; A. D. Ward, attorney; Dr. W. A. Harper, president Elon College; U. S. Circuit Judge J. C. Pritchard; ex-Governors T. B. Glenn and W. W. Kitchin; Dr. J. W. Chase, president N. C. University; Dr. B. W. Spilman, president N. C. State Baptist Convention; W. T. Shaw, manufacturer; L. S. Massey, editor Christian Advocate; Dr. V. P. Horton; E. J. Cheatham; Herriot Clarkson, attorney; J. W. Nease; M. Bolton; J. R. Hamby; W. A. McGirt; M. L. Shipman, N. C. Labor Commissioner.

Woman's Auxiliary Board.

In addition to this State Advisory Board will be a special auxiliary board with an able woman, Mrs. Al Fairbrother, directing from central headquarters. The board has not yet been completed but is now ready to function, and the following have identified their readiness to serve: Mrs. Marshall Williams, ex-president State U. D. C.; Mrs. Clarence Johnson, ex-president Woman's Federation of Clubs; Mrs. Al Fairbrother, Federation of Clubs leader and editor; Mrs. J. P. Caldwell, associate editor Charlotte Observer; Mrs. E. McK. Goodwin; Miss Beatrice Cobb; Miss Morganton News-Herald; Miss Harriot W. Elliott, Dept. of History N. C. State College for Women; Mrs. C. F. Harvey; Mrs. Governor T. W. Bickett.

The state has been divided into fourteen districts, with a director for each district, and a leader in each county.

Responses to requests for assistance in the campaign came from friends all over the state, expressing willingness to help do the work as well as to help lead in it.

These preliminaries arranged, a conference has been held at headquarters of leaders and friends of the movement, experienced in organizing along religious, political and war work lines. These came from all sections of North Carolina and from many parts of Virginia, each reporting earnest interest in the cause from all normal forces of their communities. At this conference plans were perfected for holding a big central all day and all night meeting for executive conference, public addresses from of state, national and international achievement and reputation, setting forth the objectives of the campaign, and stressing the urgent call from other nations for America's assistance in banishing their liquor evils. "The Key Note" of the whole thing," declared a delegate who was recently returned from an industrial business trip in South America, "should be, we just must remove the deadly temptation of the ever present rum bottle in all Latin-America before we can hope for correct business influences and have a fair show." Others present emphasized the law enforcement feature, asserting that states like North Carolina would find a greater need for alert local effort against the "moonshiner" and "bootlegger" brigades under federal than state prohibition, and his slogan was "Law Enforcement." Cut out the "moonshiner" and you destroy the "bootlegger." But all agreed to heartily in the campaign for prohibition and world wide prohibition.

Prominent at this conference here was Bishop James Cannon, of Texas

and Virginia. He is a high official in the National Prohibition League, having as its legislative chairman succeeded in securing from Congress submission to the people of the Prohibition Amendment to the Federal Constitution, the 18th Amendment, and its adoption by the necessary number of states.

He is also chairman of the Board of Temperance and Education of the M. E. Church, South, and has international fame by his forceful efforts in behalf of temperance and education in foreign fields of the church's work. Bishop Cannon in the course of his views of the great necessity for America's contribution to this fund, stated that he had but recently returned from a trip to Mexico, where good work for prohibition has already been done, but he insisted that from what he saw and heard in Mexico and from what he saw and heard earlier in the year at the Peace Conference at Versailles from representatives there from all countries, these nations were urging the enlistment of America's aid in combatting the strongly entrenched brewery and liquor influences in their borders.

Serious efforts he said were even made by many representatives there, especially by those from the Orient, to have a check put upon the unbridled license of organized drug and liquor influences by the peace covenant.

These influences Bishop Cannon described in detail, showing how, even the highly enlightened European nations Versailles delegates declared their governments were practically at their mercy. It was only through America's continued and continuing financial and splendid organizing ability, he stated, did they feel they could secure the necessary fulcrum from which to make an effective beginning in the work of overturning this blighting weight upon the social, moral and physical conditions of the teeming millions in many of the industrial centers of those nations.

Bishop Cannon's presence here was a great encouragement to the officials and friends of the state movement present. His hearty endorsement of the plan of campaign mapped out for the state and already being rapidly set in motion, and his practical experienced suggestions as to further educational effort in acquainting all the people with the need of their help, really enthused his conferees, giving an added impetus to their purpose to aid in this great world wide effort to cast off a grievous burden.

State Director Mebane has been further encouraged by receipt of an official report of the Board of Temperance and Social Service of the North Carolina M. E. Conference, held at Wilson last week, adopted by the conference and in which the World League Against Alcoholism was unanimously endorsed. "To us it seems necessary," the resolution says, "that the liquor traffic, which antagonizes all the work of the church, will have to be destroyed in the missionary fields before the church can work to the best advantage through hospitals, schools and churches." "We are glad of the part our church has been able to take," continues the resolution, "in this splendid work, and we urge our people to give their united support in every possible way to the league in all its efforts to enforce the law and help establish prohibition in the other nations of the earth."

Another significant and powerful endorsement came Friday, Nov. 28, from the N. C. Annual Convention of the Teachers' Association, when in session at Raleigh it unanimously resolved: "That we most heartily en-

dorse the World Prohibition Movement and wish to assure State Director Mebane that he has our earnest support and co-operation."

North Carolina was never readier to extend prohibition and enforce the law than she is right now, is the common conclusion of those who have been hearing from the plain people from her remotest corners.

CONGRESS GETTING DOWN TO BUSINESS AGAIN.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Congress got into full swing today with receipt of President Wilson's annual message and inauguration of actual legislation in both senate and house.

The message was read separately to each body with floors and galleries crowded. When it was concluded, both senate and house began on the months of work ahead.

The senate took up the Cummins railroad bill, hoping of its passage before the Christmas holidays. House leaders arranged for immediate attack on the annual appropri-

tion bills carrying almost five billions as submitted by the department.

The house adopted during the day the conference report on the Edge bill authorizing foreign trade financing corporations, and the measure now goes to the President for approval.

In the senate no formal move toward final disposition of the German peace treaty was made and the President's message made brief reference to it with a view to a special message later. Congress also will receive a special message on the railroads.

Miners Ordered Back to Work.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Dec. 2.—The 1,500 miners who have been on strike in Wyoming against the 14 per cent increase in wages offered by the operators were ordered by district officers today of the United Mine Workers of America, to return to work immediately. The walkout yesterday was not sanctioned by union officials, according to the announcement.

Mass Meeting of Farmers.

At the recent called meeting of the Guilford County Farmers' Union to arrange for the annual session of the State Convention to be held in Greensboro, December 10th, it was unanimously resolved to oppose the present unjust scheme of increased valuation for taxation of farm property, and individual ownership of real estate. That those who are not members of the Union, but are equally opposed to this proposed increase of taxes on producers in the county and modest home owners in the towns and cities of the state, the undersigned, president of the county Union, was requested to call a meeting for this purpose.

In obedience to this authority a mass meeting of all citizens of Guilford county is hereby called December 10th, at Greensboro at 10 o'clock, in order to give every man an opportunity of being heard on this great question.

C. T. WEATHERLY,
Pres. Guilford County Union.

Refused Three; Got Seven.

Danville, Va., Dec. 2.—Declining to plead guilty and accept three years in the penitentiary for grand larceny, Frank Drummond, a negro, this afternoon preferred trial by jury. He was convicted in the corporation court and got seven years. He was convicted of working the pocketbook trick and was identified by three negroes who said he had fleeced them out of a total of \$800. While the case was being tried word reached the court house that another negro had been victimized by the same ruse and demanded out of \$450. This sharper is at large.

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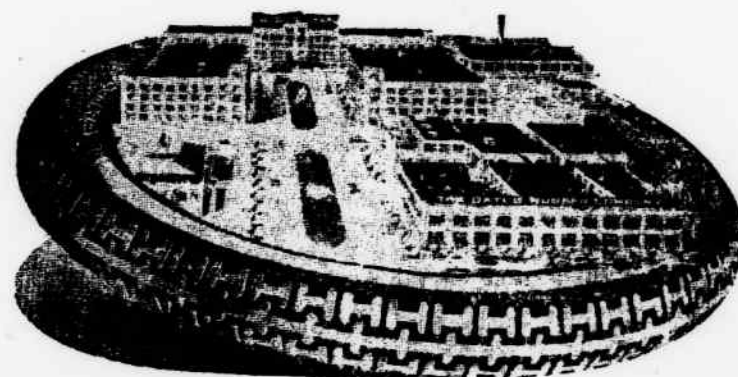
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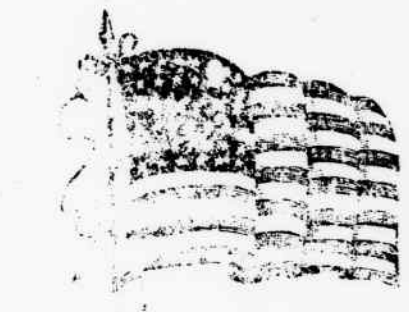
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THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1919.



GLAD TO SEE VANDEFORD GET IN LINE.

This writer has been preaching the doctrine of get the man behind the still for years—but very little of this kind of work has been done by the federal officers or the county officers in many parts of North Carolina.

We are pleased to see that Col. Vandeford, federal prohibition director, has at least waked up upon this subject of getting the men rather than the stills.

For years he has had men running over the state cutting up stills—these stills without men behind them are as harmless as doves—and all that has been accomplished in most of the cases in the past was simply making demand for more stills to be made—the number of men who have made blockade liquor has greatly increased and the number of stills cut up has not diminished the number now used.

Before Col. Vandeford can accomplish much in some sections he will have to put some new blood into the work—that is put some new men in the service—some of the men now in the service are entirely too friendly to the men behind the stills for the blockade business to ever suffer much at their hands.

There will have to be some new sheriffs in some counties before much headway can be made. The connection between officials in some sections—both federal and county—is entirely too close and too intimate for us to expect much of a warfare on the moonshine.

We have heard of deputy sheriffs making a good living by hunting up the stills to get the twenty dollars offered under law for each still captured—in some cases we have heard that decoy stills were used temporarily in place of the real still. Some times tin tubs have been soldered together and a makeshift of a still has been fixed up—this for the deputy to seize and get his twenty dollars while the real still was hid away until the deputy was out of the way.

We have not yet had a real earnest effort to break up the blockade business on the part of the federal or the county officers in the good state of North Carolina. The officers are not entirely to blame for this. They have simply done what the public sentiment of each county compelled them to do—and no more. There may be, of course, some exceptions, but not many.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

President Wilson's message although penned in a sick room rings clear upon many important public questions that Congress should take under serious consideration—but of course some of the congressmen will take pleasure in opposing anything that Wilson has suggested without any regard to the merit of

the matter—small size men in Congress that will do that—but there are some just that size in Congress. The one great purpose set forth in the message is for Congress to legislate upon all the public questions that the result will be to place this country on a peace time basis—and surely this is the one great purpose that all men of all political creeds ought to get together and at a time like this.

The President has pointed out the need of tax reform, the need of a budget system for running the government, and a better system of federal tax gathering—the present one is a war time measure, and was good for war times, but is not good for times of peace.

There are many important other questions considered. The high cost of living, the menace of radicalism, the labor unrest and the strike problem and others that have to do with our economic and political life.

Congress has its hands full, and the public has already to begun to wonder if it is to be a repetition of the past session when only one thing was done—and that was talk.

BUYING THE ELECTION.

It is unfortunate, but it seems to be a fact that the Republicans are laying plans for another fat-trying campaign and another corruption fund to buy the election of a President. It may be possible that this country is to pass through another political orgy like those Quay and Mark Hanna have made disgracefully memorable, but good citizens will hope not. An administration that has to be installed by purchase is not a good American government. Senator Lodge speaks with a curious inflection when he talks about Americanism if it is necessary to buy the Presidency and Congress for that Americanism he speaks of.

It would rather be wise to assume that the day of big business in commercial politics has gone. That the large financial institutions and manufacturing and commercial concerns are to be blackmailed for money in deluges again looks hardly possible. The victims cannot expect to get their money back by any favoring legislation, for they know the people are not in a mood to stand for self-indulgences to those who might profit under more cordial conditions. The high prices climax is too near reached to tolerate any farming out of privilege to tack on any further graft for those who will pay to buy elections.

The temper of the country it at the present against that form of gathering money known as profiteering. That it would stand for an organized and purchased concession to further profiteer under the name of protection or anything else is not to be presumed. It is highly doubtful if the Republican party has the audacity to put special privilege up for sale and offer it to the beneficiaries of special legislation any more. When Senator Quay was frying the fat out of the big interests and paying by the granting of public favors high cost of living had not aroused the people, and they paid then without suspicion or protest. That trick cannot be played twice in one game. It never could be played by a neophyte. Quay and Hanna were big enough to go to the captains of industry and run up the black flag, but if a lightweight undertakes to tell some folks "hands up" the hands go up with a club in them. Mr. Hays may make this thing work again, but it is more than likely that big business will shy, and that an indignant people will not allow the election to be bought next year.—News and Observer.

UNNECESSARILY AROUSED.

Information seems to have been lodged with Fuel Administrator Garfield of an alleged purpose on part of the coal mine owners to take advantage of opportunities developed by present conditions to do the labor union to death—as if the mine owners would be able under any circumstances to perform a feat of that kind. Perhaps the inclination is present with many of them, but they would hesitate in trying to put it into effect. The ramifications of organized labor are such as to bring into play in objection to any such undertaking not only all the political organizations of the country, but of all the constructive business interests and private as well as public corporations. We believe, to revive an old expression, that somebody has been "talking through his hat" to Mr. Garfield. Maybe it is but a scheme to further confuse a situation already complicated by influence of conflicting elements. Strange things are getting into people's ears these days.—Charlotte Observer.

ENFORCING PROHIBITION.

We believe the North Carolina public will be inclined to post itself upon the exact plans set under way by the government for enforcement of the prohibition laws in this state. The desired information is set forth in detail by Mr. Thos. H. Vanderford, whose official entitlement is Federal Prohibition Director. The job upon which he has entered, in plain language, is the "putting to a stop of the manufacture and sale of liquor in North Carolina." To that end he has organized what is unquestionably the most powerful machine for suppression of the liquor traffic that has ever been in operation in the state. Director Vanderford has no idea that the law can succeed through mere activity of federal agents and he places his reliance upon the law-abiding people, rather than upon his bureau. It is the purpose to put his organization at the co-operative call of the people. In case where citizens' organizations may prove unable to handle a situation, the services of Director Vanderford's men may be called for. It is acknowledged by the Director, who is mighty well posted on prohibition conditions in North Carolina, that the evil has grown immensely during the past two years and that it is at this time "bad." Just how he hopes to get the mastery of the situation in the state is set forth in manner which the people may understand and the Observer takes pleasure in handing the director's letter around. It is going to pan out pretty much as we indicated a few days ago, that the degree to which prohibition is enforced will depend largely upon community sentiment in the matter.

As an indication as to how far they are running away with the law, the Observer is told that peddlers are going around with newly-made "corn" in fruit jars.—Charlotte Observer.

THE NINTH.

The Ninth Congressional District is now figuring in a national way, both Democratic and Republican headquarters in Washington being particularly concerned about the present contest between Hoey and Morehead. The Ninth situation is even of discussion by papers which, to all appearances, had not known of its existence previous to formulation of the present situation. The Republicans are paying more attention to the district than their national chairman would perhaps be willing to admit. It is not denied or at least has not been so far, that the national Republican executive committee is financing the district campaign to some extent. It would prove a tremendously interesting circumstance if the exact amount that is going to be spent in the Ninth might be made public. But, of course, even Mr. Hays, himself, does not yet know just what it will be. As the Bard of Iredell would have put it, Lady Astor was "the chief attraction of the day" in London yesterday.—Charlotte Observer.

DOWN WITH IT!

The American Legion of Baltimore is objecting to a terra replica of the German imperial eagle over one of the entrances of a German Lutheran church and the dispatch says the members object to its removal. We'll bet it will be removed, and it ought to be removed even if the church has to go with it. The German imperial eagle will have to get his feathers smoothed down and his claws relaxed before he will be acceptable in this country.

THE REPUBLICAN IDEA.

Some years ago, while a resident of Greensboro, Mr. John M. Morehead, Republican nominee for Congress in the ninth district, was elected to Congress from the fifth district solely because of Democratic disaffection. Republicans affect to believe that Mr. Morehead will again profit by Democratic dissension; they argue that Mecklenburg's failure to win the Democratic nomination means a light vote for Mr. Hoey and a larger vote for Mr. Morehead.

in that county. In other words, the idea seems to be that Mecklenburg Democrats, having lost in the primary, will not be loyal to Mr. Hoey. It is up to Mecklenburg Democrats to show that the suspicion is without warrant. If the result on the 16th of December should tend to confirm that suspicion, the strongest blow possible will have been struck against Mecklenburg claims for recognition.—Charlotte Observer.

SEE GOD'S HAND IN RESCUE

Natives of Rimatara Ascribe Their Escape From Death to Miraculous Interposition.

"Saved by the hand of God," is the way the nine natives composing the crew of the 80-ton schooner Oromana characterize their escape from death, after having drifted helplessly 50 days on one of the loneliest bits of ocean in the seven seas.

When the wreck of the Oromana was towed into Papeete harbor, Tahiti, one of the most remarkable voyages known in these waters was completed. The vessel, a two-masted schooner, owned by natives of Rimatara, an island about 300 miles southwest of Tahiti, left her home port, without cargo, bound for the island of Rurutu, in the same group, where she was to undergo repairs and take cargo of copra for Tahiti.

Two days out, she was struck by a storm, which carried away both her masts and later her rudder, leaving her a helpless derelict.

With never a glimpse of land or sail to give a ray of hope, the Oromana drifted for 50 days. After 15 days the supply of food was gone. The natives managed to catch a shark with hook and line. This lasted them five days. The rest of the time they had no food. An occasional shower prevented death from thirst.

Then the "miracle" happened. The mountains of Tahiti rose slowly over the horizon. The shifting sea current brought them nearer and nearer until they were finally sighted from shore and a powerboat sent to tow them in. They were too weak to rise to their feet, but, after a few days ashore all appeared to be rapidly recovering from their experience.

The natives say the hand of God guided their craft, for the prevailing winds in these latitudes are from the northwest, a direction which would never have brought them to Tahiti.

SHE KNEW THE GREAT STORY

Girl Lacked Gift of Narrative, but Was Able to Tell All About Chateau Thierry.

As we crawled up a railroad track in the vicinity of Chateau Thierry (this was in October)—a railroad track which seemed the only new and complete object in sight—the Y. M. C. A. girl, who had been sitting in the corner of the compartment resisting all advances at conversation, volunteered a remark.

"Our division took it," she said. It turned out that she had gone in with her canteen just behind the division, during that fight wherein America made good. She lacked the narrative talent, that girl, but she came out at intervals with flashes like this: "When our boys came up the stragglers said to them: 'You can't stay in there!' And our boys said: 'We'll not only stay there, but we're going forward.' When the stragglers saw that, they formed, too, and went back with them."

Or this, as we drew into sight of a road bordered by blackened ruins:

"There's where our divisions came into sight, singing, 'The Yanks Are Coming.'"—Will Irwin in the Saturday Evening Post.

Pretty Polly.

"Polly, want a cracker?" "Why, yes," answered Polly as she plumed her plumage and neatly brushed out her cage with her portside wing. "Now that the war is won and the necessity for food conservation has been reduced to a certain degree, I feel that I may indulge in my favorite dish without serious damage to my conscience."

And the wealthy munitions worker who overheard the remark bought her on the spot for \$1,000 cash, saying that she should be surrounded with luxuries for the rest of her days, yes though she lived to be as old as the mother-in-law joke.

Note—Gentle readers who look for a moral to this particular piece of patriotic persiflage will please try to bear up under the disappointment. There ain't none.—Indianapolis Star.

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Dresses, Dresses, Dresses. Tricotine Dresses, \$19.50, \$29.50, and up.
Serge Dresses, \$15.00, \$19.50, \$25.00, and up.
Silk Dresses, \$15.00, \$25.00, and up.
Tricotelette Dresses, \$29.50, \$49.50, and up.

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ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administratrix of the estate of R. G. Gresson, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of November, 1920, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This November 15, 1920.
MARY E. GRESSON, Admin.

NOTICE OF RE-SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., made in the special proceeding entitled H. E. Gresson, administrator of R. G. Gresson, et al., the undersigned will propose for sale at public auction for cash, on the premises in these townships of Guilford county, N. C., at 12 o'clock noon, a tract of land containing about fifty acres, more or less, situated in the townships of Boone, Greensboro and Lowry, Guilford county, N. C., and the proceeds of said sale to be applied to the payment of the taxes on said land for the year 1919, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

COMMUNITY SERVICE

There is much unrest all over the world and the United States is not entirely immune from Bolshevism. What is needed to avert one of the most dreadful of all calamities is the Americanization of all foreign born within our borders and to rescue those fortunate enough to be born in this country from the slough of despond, to improve their surroundings and give them a more hopeful and cheerful view of the future. To impress upon the foreign born the necessity of being good citizens is one of the greatest objects of Community Service.

There is room in every community for earnest work in this direction and there seems no questioning the statement that Community Service is the best equipped organization to accomplish this tremendous task. It has the machinery and the leaders and it already has proved its worth in a number of cities. Neighborhood and community works are not new in this country, but there is a new promise of force through national organization in the nation-wide plans of Community Service.

Roosevelt said that "no man could be part American and part something else" and truer words were never uttered. The citizens of this country must be all American or nothing. The program of Community Service calls for a great movement to make thorough-going Americans of all of our foreign born population. Americanization is the common term but higher and better citizenship are better words. Through various methods Community Service plans to instill into the alien born the ideals that will counteract unrest and place the discipline of unrest in the background.

The Greensboro Patriot and the
Progressive Farmer, 1 year for

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Often it is the desire to keep an estate under the supervision of a friend or member of the family, and yet not burden him with its management. If you appoint a friend or relative as co-executor and co-trustee with the Greensboro Loan and Trust Company, your estate will have the desired personal attention and will be relieved of most of the burden of work and responsibility.

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Greensboro Loan and Trust Co.,

Greensboro, North Carolina.

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J. S. COX, Vice-Prest,

W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer,
W. M. RIDENHOUR, Ass't Treas.

WARS SET UP PRINCIPLES

Momentous Questions Troubling Mankind Have Been Settled by the World's Greatest Conflicts.

Wars are milestones. Victories set up tablets, upon which are inscribed the principles that have been vindicated.

The battle of Marston Moor destroyed feudalism, overthrew the doctrine of the divine right of kings, gave England an elective parliament, Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis said in a sermon reported in the Brooklyn Eagle.

The French revolution destroyed French autocracy, and gave the people the right of self-determination.

The war of 1776 was the last civil war of Great Britain—a war of a good section of the English people against the bad section of Great Britain which had enthroned a crazy German king—George III.

The war of 1861 established on sure foundations the republic, the last best hope of man, and vindicated industrial democracy without regard to color.

The war of 1914 has settled certain things for all time. War shall be no more! Hereafter disputes between races shall be settled by an international supreme court. Militarism shall be no more—never again shall the people's resources be wasted in piling up munitions, nor the man in the furrow carry a soldier upon his back. International treaties hereafter shall be sacred! Alas for the next nation that counts its written pledge a scrap of paper and defies international law! The small races and peoples are free! No big bully nation like Germany can ever again trample upon Belgium, as King Ahab trampled on Naboth and seized his purple vineyard. Terrorism and frightfulness henceforth are outlawed. That clay god called "the state," that Germany made unto herself and has long been worshipping, is an idol that has fallen.

NOTHING LEFT TO CHANCE

Advance of American Divisions at San Mihiel Had Been Planned With Elaborate Care.

In modern warfare a man's head is his chief asset, writes Duke Bolivar in Boys' Life. You all know that the St. Mihiel salient, encompassing 152 square miles of territory and 73 villages, was taken by the Americans. Did you know it was done by head work? Elaborate plans were made in advance and given out wholesale to the troops. One hundred thousand maps, covering minute details of the country, including natural defenses, and how it was manned by the enemy, were distributed, plus 30,000 photographs, scattered among officers of the artillery and infantry. Five thousand miles of telephone wire and 6,000 instruments were employed, and this elaborate system kept up with the advance of the army. By this service flanking troops could telephone their position back to the artillery. The telephone business of a city of 100,000 could have been handled by this equipment in whose operation 10,000 men were engaged. Thousands of carrier pigeons aided the signal corps. Extensive hospital facilities, 4,800 trucks, miles of railroad, were provided for this big military operation, and 10,000 feet of movie film were exposed, so all the soldiers had to do was to fight.

Prepared for the Future.

It was at the door of a store which had advertised exceptional bargains for that day, in the jam, that Mrs. Blank saw Mrs. Brown and rushed to shake hands with her and say: "Oh, Mrs. Brown, are you here?" "Yes, I am here, but I did not expect to meet you."

"Why, you see, I am going to join the new league and I am getting ready for it."

"Is it the Woman's league where we pledge ourselves not to buy a hat or a garment costing more than \$10?" "Yes, that is the one and I am going to join it, too. I am getting ready for it."

And they entered the store together

and each bought a dress marked down from \$80 to \$48, and \$20 hats and coats that cost over \$60 each. They went out feeling that they could stand by their pledge.

"Take One."

"Office Window" of the Daily Chronicle of London was once told a pleasing little anecdote of Dame Agnes Weston, the friend of sailors, concerning jam tarts. Some lady helper at a sailors' rest had been mistaken enough to hand the sailors tarts while they were having a meal. Miss Weston advised that some better method should be adopted. The tarts were then placed in a pile on the buffet counter, with a card inscribed, "Please take one." A sailor with a sense of fun transferred the card to a dish of jam tarts, and, as the rush to the buffet began, the servers were amazed to see sailor after sailor lift a tart and walk away, while the tarts remained in an undiminished pile.—Christian Science Monitor.

Spain Fighting Malaria.

Through reforesting marshes as a preventive measure and cultivating medicinal herbs for curative purposes, Spain is credited with a recent material reduction of malaria, in spite of quinine scarcity and other war disadvantages. The chief malarial area of the country is estimated at 741,330 acres, and the effort is being made to reclaim as much of this as possible. The 233,494 cases of malaria in 1913 caused a loss in work of 3,515,595 days with a money loss estimated at \$28,900,000.

CANDIDATES MUST "DOLL UP"

Will Have to Look Their Prettiest If They Expect to Find Favor With Woman Voters.

It is not necessary to go away from home to find either the latest or best, regardless of what is wanted. Consider eyebrow arching, for instance. A local beauty salon announces to the public that it does eyebrow arching, and explains that this operation "gives the eyes a deep, soulful expression with everlasting charm." Eyebrow arching advice for woman electors is more or less superfluous. It is to the men, and more especially to the men who aspire to public office, that this beauty hint is directed.

Throughout the country women are getting the ballot on equal terms with men. Women cannot vote in Indiana, but they are going to have that privilege before long. So many women have been enfranchised that they now hold the balance of power in this nation. So the woman vote will be more and more a real political problem to the candidate.

Some electors care little for the personal appearance of candidates, but most of them prefer a man of character, one who at least is presentable. Candidates in the future will have to bear this in mind. It will be well, in order to match rival candidates, for each to have a good tailor and an advisory committee on the proper shade of cravats. Immaculate linen will have to be in every candidate's platform. The high arched eyebrow will be even more essential to candidates than to the average woman. Doubtless those who have political aspirations will begin early, because eyebrow training takes time.—Indianapolis News.

Victim of Popular Song.

Lawrence Kellie tells of an amusing experience he had over the song, "Douglas Gordon." He was introduced one evening to a gentleman whose name he did not catch. "I have no desire to meet you, Mr. Kellie," said the stranger. Kellie naturally looked a little astonished, but said nothing. "In fact," the other went on, "I hate the very sound of your name. For months past my mother has been worried by the receipt of telegrams and letters of condolence on my behalf, and the thing is beginning to get monotonous." "I'm sorry," said Kellie, "but what's that got to do with me?" "Well, I'll tell you," said the other. "My name's Douglas Gordon, and everybody imagines that your confounded song refers to me." And with that he turned on his heel and went.

WITH OUR BUSY ADVERTISERS

—Attention is directed to an execution sale of real estate in the case of the Peoples House Furnishing Company vs. Rhet L. Comstock, in another part of today's Patriot.

—Several of those stoves advertised for sale in Monday's Patriot have been sold, but Thacker & Brockmann have two left to sell at bargain prices. See notice in bargain column.

—If interested be sure and read the notice of summons in the case of Forest Benton and Georgianna Harrison vs. Le Roy Pritchett and Jessie Benton Robert Pritchett, in another column.

—There are many good reasons why you should carry a set of tire chains on your car at all times. What is the price of a tire chain to a human life or the value of your car? The man shown in the McGlamery Auto Company's new adv. on the eighth page to-day is getting his.

—The Christmas season is here again. The question most uppermost in your mind at this writing is the selection of suitable and useful gifts for your loved ones and friends. Manager Beall tells us that at the Beall Hardware and Implement Co.'s big store you have almost an endless list of useful articles from which to select, and the price is just the same as always. It has not been raised on account of the holidays. Do your shopping early and do it at Beall's. See announcement on the fifth page today.

—It is just three weeks from today until Christmas, and it is advisable that you do your holiday shopping at once, as stocks are going to be very scarce towards the close of the season and selections will be much more difficult to make. You can spend your own money as you please, but if you take The Patriot's advice you will not throw it away on "foolishness," but buy useful articles for your Christmas gifts. Thacker & Brockmann have a store full of useful gifts for every member of the family. Read their new ad. on the eighth page and give them a call.

—Dear Old Uncle Santa Claus has arrived in the city and will make his headquarters at Odell's—Greensboro's Greatest Christmas Store—until midnight of Dec. 24th, when he will depart in his airplane on a visit to the homes of every good little boy and girl in Guilford county. Uncle Santa loves good little children and it pleases him to leave some nice gifts at their homes for them on Christmas Eve night. He has also assembled at Odell's immense stocks of the best, hand-somest and most useful articles for mother, father, brother, sister and sweetheart, all suitable and appropriate for Christmas Gifts. In another part of The Patriot today will be found a partial list of these articles, which makes shopping easy and inexpensive this year at the Odell Hardware Co.'s mammoth double stores.

—Our hustling young friends, Messrs. F.R. Weaver and C. I. Cutchin, proprietors of the Guilford Tire and Service Company, at 114 North Greene street, can now cut your tire bills in half and give you puncture-proof service. Both Messrs. Weaver and Cutchin are Greensboro boys and are experienced business men. Mr. Cutchin being connected with the local branch of the National Biscuit Company and Mr. Weaver having recently been discharged from the service. Mr. Weaver was formerly a chemical engineer in Illinois. He will for the present have active management of the business. The new firm will be the authorized agents in this territory for the Gates Half-Sole Tires and the Philadelphia Diamond Grid batteries. Both these lines are very popular and the tires and batteries are guaranteed, and the new firm will carry a full and complete stock at all times. Turn to page three and read what they have to say about the "Gates Half-Sole Tires."

GREENSBORO PRODUCE MARKET

(Corrected twice a week by W. T. Sockwell.)

Eggs	.....	.48
Chickens, young, per pound	.....	.30
Chickens, old, per pound	.....	.30
Butter	.....	.50
Turkeys, per pound	.....	.35
Irish potatoes, per bushel	.....	1.25
Sweet potatoes, per bushel	.....	1.50
Wheat, per bushel	.....	2.25
Corn, per bushel	.....	1.75
Onions, per bushel	.....	1.25
Pork	.....	.25
Beef	.....	.17
Meal, per bushel	.....	2.00
Peanuts, per bushel	.....	1.75

Burning Corn For Fuel.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—With nearly zero weather in some of the western states the coal situation is becoming almost unbearable. At Imperial, Neb., not a pound of coal is in the town and the people are burning fence posts for fuel. Belfast and Wayside, Neb., also are out of coal. At some places ear corn is being burned. All schools at Cedar Rapids, Ia., will close tomorrow. At Virginia, Ill., all schools locked their doors to-day.

NOTICE OF SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale vested in the undersigned in a certain chattel mortgage recorded in book 247, at page 8, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, N. C., executed by L. M. Ammen & Co., to C. C. Teague, and duly transferred and assigned to Mrs. DeEtta T. Patterson to secure the sum of \$2,500 and the interest thereon, default having been made in the payment of the principal and interest, the undersigned will, on

Wednesday, December 17, 1919, at the storeroom of Inton & Teague, Incorporated, No. 106 West Market street, in the city of Greensboro, N. C., offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash all the fixtures and other property situated and being in said building, together with all the accounts of the said Inton & Teague, Inc., successors to L. M. Ammen & Co., and all property in said storeroom, including caskets, embalming fixtures, and all other merchantable property. Said business will be sold as a going concern.

This November 25, 1919.

C. C. TEAGUE, Mortgagee.

MRS. DETTE T. PATTERSON, Assignee.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court.

Blackwood Coke and Coal Co.

vs.

Collins Horney.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above is pending in the Superior court of Guilford County, that the plaintiff is seeking to revive a dormant judgment against the defendant, which is docketed with the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, and said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear before the clerk of the Superior court on the 11th day of December, 1919, at the court house in said county, in Greensboro, N. C., and show cause, if any he has, why execution should not issue on said judgment on the amount still unpaid.

This Nov. 10, 1919. 5197.

M. W. GANT, C. S. C.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court.

Lindsay Johnson

vs.

Corra Johnson.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county to secure an absolute divorce of Lindsay Johnson from Corra Johnson; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county on Thursday, December 4, 1919, and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This November 3, 1919. 89-95.

M. W. GANT, C. S. C.

Our Fall Stock

Men's, Women's and Children's

Shoes Arriving Daily!

Because of past connections and with spot cash, we were able to secure—before the advance in prices—the Most Attractive Fall Lines of FOOTWEAR we have ever shown.

Special Prices on Low Cut Shoes

TO CLOSE THEM OUT QUICK.

Better Buy NOW and Save Money.

Coble & Mebane,

THE CASH SHOE STORE

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court.

Forest Benton and Georgianna Harrison

vs.

Le Roy Pritchett and Jessie Benton

Robert Pritchett.

The defendant above named Le Roy Pritchett and Jessie Benton will take notice that a special proceeding entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county for the purpose of selling certain real estate situated in said county of which Cindy Benton died seized and possessed, and dividing the proceeds thereof between the heirs at law of the said Cindy Benton; and the defendants will further take notice that they are required to appear at the office of the clerk of Superior court of Guilford county in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on the 24th day of December, 1919, and answer the petition in said proceedings or the petitioners will apply to the court for relief demanded in said petition.

This Nov. 22, 1919. 97-103.

M. W. GANT, C. S. C.

J. M. SHARPE, Atty., Reidsville.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the estate of D. F. Bennett, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 27th day of October, 1920, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment.

This October 25, 1919. 86-95.

WM. H. BENNETT, Executor

of D. F. Bennett, Deceased.

OLEN AIDNEY PILLS

24-103

NOTICE OF EXECUTION SALE.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court.

Peoples House Furnishing Company

vs.

Rhet L. Comstock and C. W. Comstock.

By virtue of an execution directed to the undersigned from the Superior court of Guilford county, in the above entitled action, I will, on

Monday, January 5, 1920,

at 12 o'clock M., at the court house door of said county, sell to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said execution, all the right, title and interest which the said Rhet L. Comstock and C. W. Comstock the defendants, have in the following described real estate, to-wit:

Beginning at the corner, the north-west corner of the Bellevue hotel

property, corner of High and Willowbrook streets, and running south with Willowbrook street 100 feet to a stake; thence east 100 feet to a stake; thence north 100 feet to a stake, on southside of High Point; thence about west with the said High street to the beginning, containing 10,000 square feet of land, more or less, including hotel and buildings thereon.

This December 1, 1919.

D. B. STAFFORD, Sheriff.

By J. S. PHIPPS, D. S.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator upon the estate of H. T. Curtis, deceased, before M. W. Gant, clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of December, 1920, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons due and owing said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment.

This 28th day of November, 1919. 24-103

P. B. CURTIS, Admr.,

of H. T. Curtis, Deceased.

CHRISTMAS

is almost here and the all-absorbing problem now is the selection of CHRISTMAS GIFTS which will be appreciated and are constant reminders of the GIVER.

Right here in this Hardware Store you have an almost endless list of USEFUL ARTICLES from which to select, and one good thing about them is that the PRICE HAS NOT BEEN RAISED one bit on account of the Holidays---the same prices prevail as heretofore.

You will do well to remember us when making up Your List.

Beall Hardware & Imp. Co.

West Market and Greene Streets, opposite Telephone Exchange.

\$2.15

ODELL'S GREENSBORO'S GREATEST CHRISTMAS STORE

Is now in FULL HOLIDAY ATTIRE and Every Shopper is invited to visit us and Look Leisurely through the Various Departments, inspecting carefully the Magnificent Variety of Handsome, of Useful and of Entertaining Gift Articles.

ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR FILLED WITH TOYS, CHINA and ELECTRICAL GOODS

BUY A FEW GIFTS A WEEK... IT SIMPLIFIES CHRISTMAS SHOPPING

for Mother



- | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Alcohol Stove | Electroliners | Pen Knife |
| Auto Gloves | Electric Iron | Picture Frame (Ivory) |
| Aluminum Ware | Embroidery Scissors | Plain China for Painting |
| Bathroom Fixtures | Electric Percolator | Pottery |
| Phonograph | Electric Chafing Dish | Serving Tray |
| Brass Goods | Electric Heating Pad | Savory Roaster |
| Candlesticks (Brass, Silver and Cut Glass) | Flower Baskets | Sandwich Tray |
| Card Case (Leather or Silver) | Flower Vases | Sweet Grass Baskets |
| Chafing Dish Spoon and Fork | Foot Warmer | Sewing Machine |
| China Dresser Set | Food Choppers | Sheffield Plate |
| Cut Glass Jewelry Case | Garment Hangers in Leather Case | Silver Card Case |
| Cut Glass Perfume Bottle | Hair Receivers (Hand Painted China) | Silver Service |
| Chocolate Sets | Howard Hair Brushes | Scissor Sets |
| Cut Glass Hair Receiver | Hand Mirrors | Sweater Coat |
| Celery Sets | Ivory Toilet Set | Thermos Bottle |
| Combs (Ivory and Horn) | Japanese Bamboo Baskets | Toilet Articles (Ivory) |
| Community Silver | Jardiniere and Pedestal | Vanity Case (Sterling) |
| Dinner Ware | Leather Hand Bag | |
| Desk Clock | Mantel Clock | |
| Electric Vacuum Sweeper | Mesh Bag, Sterling | |
| Electric Flash Lantern | Motor Robes | |
| Electric Toaster | | |

for Father



- | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Ash Tray | Electric Carriage Lamp | Shells |
| Auto Lunch Kit | Electric Shaving Mirror | Shot Gun |
| Auto Pump | Electric Heater | Surveyor's Tape |
| Bill Fold | Flash Lights | Shaving Mirror |
| Brass Adjustable Reading Lights | Folding Auto Chair | Tennis Racket |
| Brass Andirons | Goggles | Thermos Bottle |
| Brunswick Phonograph | Gold Knife | Tourist Set |
| Carving Set | Gun Case | Tool Chest and Tools |
| Carpenter Tools | Gillette Safety Razor | Tire Gauge |
| Card Case (Leather) | Hand Saw | Waste Paper Basket |
| Carving Set, Stag, Ivory, Silver or Pearl Handle | Hunting Suit | Watch Chains |
| Cigar Cutter With Chain (Gold) | Military Brushes | Weed Chain Tire Grip Set |
| Cigar Lighter | Medicine Case | Watches—Elgin |
| Coat Hangers in Leather Case | Mitre Box | Watches—Waltham |
| Cuff Buttons | Motor Robe | |
| Collar Bag (Leather) | Punching Bag | |
| Desk Clock | Pocket Knife | |
| Draw Knife | Pyrene Fire Extinguisher | |
| Drinking Cup | Razor Strop, Set | |
| Water Sets | Reading Lamps | |
| | Sextoblade Safety Razor | |
| | Smoking Stand | |
| | Shaving Outfit | |

for Brother



- | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Ash Tray | First Aid Kit | Electric Carriage Lamp |
| Alcohol Camp Outfit | Flash Lights | Scarf Pin and Cuff Link Box |
| Basket Ball Shoes | Folding Camp Axe | Shaving Outfit |
| Bill Fold | Goggles | Shaving Mirror |
| Bicycle | Gold Knife and Chain | Shells |
| Brass Adjustable Reading Light | Gun Case | Shot Gun |
| Carrying Case for Cameras | Gillette Safety Razor | Sweater Coat |
| Camera (Ansco Vest Jacket) | Handkerchief Case (Leather) | Tennis Racket |
| Card Case (Leather) | Hunting Suit | Thermos Lunch Kit |
| Cigarette Case, Sterling | Jersey | Tourist Set |
| Cigar Cutter With Chain (Gold) | Military Brushes | Waste Paper Basket |
| Cigar Lighter | Motor Robes | Watch Chains, Fobs, Etc. |
| Coat Hangers | Manicure Set | Watches—Elgin, Waltham |
| Combination Knife and Fork | Photo Album | Waterproof Case for Toilet Articles at Camp |
| Comfort Kits | Punching Bag | |
| Cravat Case (Leather) | Pocket Knife | |
| Collar Bag (Leather) | Rifle | |
| Drinking Cup | Racket Case | |
| Electric Shaving Mirror | Racket Press | |
| | Smoking Stand | |
| | Sextoblade Safety Razor | |

for Sweetheart



- | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Alcohol Stove | Drinking Cup in Leather | Plain China for Painting |
| Ansco Camera | Desk Clock | Sterling Silver Thimble |
| Auto Robe | Electric Chafing Dish | Sweet Grass Baskets |
| Bon Bon Dish | Electric Grill | Silver Coin Cases |
| Brass Bed Light | Electric Percolator | Silver Card Cases |
| Brooches, Pins, Etc. | Electric Iron | Scissor Sets |
| Caraffe | Electric Flash Lantern Case | Sweater Coats |
| Camera Carrying Case | Embroidery Scissors | Tennis Racket |
| China Dresser Set | Flower Baskets | Tennis Shoes |
| Card Case (Leather or Silver) | Flower Vases | Tourist Set |
| Chafing Dish (Copper or Nickel) | Garment Hangers in Leather Case | Tourist Clock in Case |
| Chafing Dish Spoon and Fork | Hair Receiver (Hand Painted China) | Thermos Bottle |
| Candlesticks (Brass, Silver and Cut Glass) | Howard Hair Brushes | Vanity Case (Sterling) |
| Cut Glass Jewelry Case | Hand Mirrors | Work Basket |
| Cut Glass Puff Box | Ivory Manicure Sets | |
| Cut Glass Hair Restorer | Ivory Toilet Sets | |
| Cut Glass Perfume Bottle | Ivory Work Basket | |
| Cut Glass Comb and Brush | Leather Hand Bag | |
| Tray | Mesh Bag | |
| Chocolate Sets | Needle Sets | |
| Combs (Ivory and Horn) | Purses | |
| Picture Frame (Ivory) | Photo Album | |

FOR THE CHILDREN

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Armored Tanks | Boy Scout Knife | Friction Toys | Miniature Railway Outfit |
| Automobiles | Building Blocks—Star | Flash Lights | Miniature Cook Stoves |
| Auto Coaster Wagon | Building Blocks—Little | Football | Military Brushes |
| Automobile Toys | Carpenter's Tools | Fishing Tackle | Mirrorscope |
| Baseball | Mind Builder | Fire Engines | Mysto Magic |
| Baseball Bat | China Tea Sets | Ice Wagons | Nurses' Outfits (Miniature) |
| Baseball Glove | Climbing Monkeys | Coal Wagons | Pocket Knife |
| Baseball Mit | Chemistry Sets | Gymnasium Suit | Phono-Sets |
| Basket Ball | Children's Play Suits | Games—Widow | Picture Printing Outfit |
| Basket Ball Shoes | Compass—Pocket | Fig. Peter Coddle, War, Telegraph, Old Maid, Authors. | Puzzle Parties |
| Bathing Suit | Dolls | Jack Straws | Puzzle Boxes |
| Black Boards | Doll Furniture | Hook and Ladders | Photograph Album |
| Bicycles | Electric Motors | Horns | Pastry Set |
| Brownie Camera | Electrical Sets | Ice Skates | Play Suits |
| Boxing Gloves | Express Wagon | Jersey | Punching Bag |
| Boy Scout Axe | Electric Train | Machine Guns | Paper Dolls |
| Bricktor Sets | Football Suit | Majestic Phonograph | Painting Outfits |
| Bowling Alleys | Folding Camp Axe | Mechanical Toys | Paint Boxes |
| Bicycle Lamp (Electric) | | | Quilts |



Get It At

ODELL'S Where Quality Tells!
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA.

ROSE ABOVE HUMBLE STATION

Thomas Britton—A Curious Anomaly
In English Social Life of Time
of Queen Anne.

One of the most curious anomalies of the social life of London during the time of Queen Anne—called the Augustan age because of its great literary men—was a retail dealer in coal, named Thomas Britton, who was buried in Clerkenwell churchyard, London, on October 1, 1714. He exercised a humble craft, and occupied a habitation and wore a garb corresponding in plainness to his trade, and yet this singular man contrived by his various talents, and more especially his musical tastes, to assemble around him the most aristocratic company in London, and to be admitted into their society on equal terms. According to the practice of the time, he sold coal in small quantities, delivering it himself each morning. It is related that having finished his rounds, he joined a distinguished company that met each Saturday at one of the booksellers to discuss literature and exchange opinions respecting the latest books. This company contained such distinguished and powerful persons as the duke of Devonshire and the earls of Oxford, Pembroke, Sunningdale and Winchester. Britton's house in Aylesbury street, Clerkenwell, was the meeting place of leaders in the fashionable society of London. On the ground floor was the warehouse for coal, and above, reached by a narrow staircase from the outside, was a low narrow room, in which the musical companion entertained his grand and elegant guests. A portrait of this remarkable man is in the British museum.

NOTHING UNREAL ABOUT THIS

Only an Idealist Would Have Expected Anything Else From the Modern Gilded Youth.

Editor George Horace Lorimer was talking in a Philadelphia club about realism.

"I've got to time for realists," he said, "because they paint human nature worse than it is. Here's a typical realist story for you:

"A pretty girl was engaged to two young men simultaneously, and one evening the parlor maid came to her and said in a scared voice:

"Oh, Miss Bessie, them two gents what you're engaged to has called together, and somehow they've found out about both engagements."

"The pretty girl threw her cigarette into the fire pettishly.

"What the dickens shall I do?" she exclaimed.

"But the parlor maid smiled joyfully.

"I'll tell you what to do, Miss Bessie," she said. "I'll go downstairs and say you're crying in your room because your pop has lost all his money. Then you can be engaged for keeps to the gent what stays."

"That seems a good plan," said the pretty girl, and she lit another cigarette and waited.

"The maid was gone about three minutes. Then she returned with a frightened look on her white face.

"Miss Bessie, both on 'em has gone," she said."

A Preacher Fisherman.

He couldn't get rich preaching, so he gave it up and went fishing. After a season's work with a salmon fishing crew he had enough money to buy tickets to Norway for his wife, their four children and himself. Now Rev. H. B. Nyoen, former pastor of the Norwegian Baptist church of Tacoma, Wash., is on his way to Norway where he says preaching is more lucrative than in America.

His desire for money was due entirely to his longing to return to Norway. When his earnings as a fisherman were sufficient to buy the tickets he was willing to quit fishing. He will go to Harstad, Norway, where he will receive as pastor about \$1,500 a year, with house and fuel. He received only \$800 from his little church in Tacoma.

Expenses Low in Australia.

It is hard to imagine in this country, but, according to Mark Sheldon, Australian trade representative, his country is in a class by itself, so far as the cost of living is concerned.

Living costs have increased but 30 per cent, and a four-room cottage rents for from \$20 to \$25 a month. There is no I. W. W., and employers and labor unions are forced by law to arbitrate.

There is no new tax to pay the war debt, and the country has three crops of wheat to put on the market, according to Mr. Sheldon. Soldiers are paid \$10 a week by the government until they secure jobs.

Admonishing Them.

"Looky here, now!" sternly said Ebenezer Sam T. Slackpinner, the remarkable scold of Petunia. "This disreputable practice of matching pennies on the sidewalk has got to stop! Why, God-blast it, every few days when I come along waiking my beat, with my head high like an officer of the desert to carry his'n, I fall over a bunch of you infernal young cusses, and get my uniform all dusty!"—Kansas City Star.

Ain't It the Truth?

Mr. Skepp (with newspaper)—Says here that the man who threw the bomb at the premier of Egypt is a divinity student.

Mrs. Skepp—Oh, you're always digging up something like that because I insist on dragging you to church now and then!—Buffalo Express.

CANADA INVADED BY EAGLE

Bird Was Seemingly Tired After Long Trip, and Was Easily Captured; Given Name.

The American eagle recently spread his wings majestically over Canadian soil. The eagle—a real one by the way—soared from somewhere and landed in Sandwich, Ont. Whence he came, nobody knows. But it was from a long way off, as he was manifestly exhausted when he alighted on the roof of a new house at the corner of Lot and Peter streets. It was just about noon, and children coming from school espied him, says the Detroit News.

The bird stayed on his perch for some time, when the mob gathered below. The eagle surveyed the crowd in a bored manner during the minutes when he was not engaged in searching with his beak for something or things under his feathers. The crowd became larger and more threatening. Finally one braver than the rest, evidently a Briton without guile, cast the first stone.

The American eagle spread his wings to their full extent and, waiting not for the year of parley between disputant nations, fluttered to the ground.

Down the streets of Sandwich the proud bird trotted with unhurried but dangerous steps. Through a gauntlet of citizens he ran, Indian like, turning his beak from right to left with each new step to peck at some venturesome bystander or over-ardent pursuer. It looked for a time as if the bird would not be captured. But he finally came to a man whose attitude was not hostile. With scarcely a struggle the eagle gave in.

His captor was Clyde Thornton, 31 Peters street, an American citizen.

During the remainder of the day the Sandwich residents made tentative peace offerings in the form of pieces of meat. The bird accepted them ungraciously.

His name is Roosevelt, Thornton insists.

GODDESS HAS MANY STATUES

Sekhmet, or Mut, Egyptian War Divinity, Seems to Have Been a Favorite With Sculptors.

The arrival at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, in New York, of seven statues of Sekhmet, or Mut, the ancient Egyptian goddess of war, purchased in England in 1914, reminds one of the beginnings of modern interest in archeology, for the seven statues, although their history over the last century seems difficult to trace in all its details, were probably among the earliest results of Egyptian excavation that came to England. Something over thirty centuries ago Egyptian sculptors were carving such statues out of solid blocks of black granite for the decoration of temples; and then in 1700, as the record goes, an Arab sheik, working at the instigation of a Venetian priest, found a statue of Mut in the sand that had accumulated over the ruins of Karnak. Since then a good many statues of Mut have been recovered, and the strange goddess of strife, part animal and part human, as the sculptors imagined her, dwells in many a museum.

Don't Blame Mosquito.

We have lately been taught that the mosquito was the only disseminator of malaria, and that we should be safe if we should get rid of mosquitoes. But Doctor Roux, formerly chief physician of the St. Louis hospital at Jerusalem, asserts as the result of his own experience of 20 years and that of many colonial physicians, that malaria often exists where there are no mosquitoes.

He points out that everywhere in malarial countries the disease breaks out just at the time when the soil is broken for planting. He does not deny that the anopheles mosquito spreads malaria, but he says this is evidently not the only means of infection.

The old theory that malaria was caused by the bad air of swampy districts or by certain emanations from the soil may be correct after all.

Beliefs About World's End.

The Mohammedans believe the time of the end of the world to be a perfect secret to all save God alone; the angel Gabriel himself acknowledged his ignorance on this point when Mohammed asked him about it.

Christianity of all is the least certain about the precise time of the event. Jesus, telling his disciples of the precursory signs of the great catastrophe, said: "Verily, this generation will not pass before my words shall be accomplished." The first Christians, accordingly, looked to immediate fulfillment of the prediction and believed the end of the world near at hand. Although the advent failed to come to pass, they still, centuries followed centuries and the world continued to live.

Royal Grapes at Low Prices.

The vine which belonged to the kings of France still exists at Fontainebleau and bears fruit. One day in September the administration of the demesnes, according to established custom, sold the grapes by award. There were 600 kilos of grapes, and the astonishing thing is that they sold for 225 francs! Yet the little common grapes to be bought on the Paris street barrows fetch from 20 to 25 sous the pound. Royal grapes grow cheap these days in France, it would seem. Those purchasers must have thought themselves fortunate; cheap and good is not a combination of words to be met with in France nowadays.

SAID ICE CREAM "BURNED"

Think of It, French Kiddies Had to Be Coaxed to Partake of Strange Delicacy!

Striking proof of the well-known fact that extreme heat and extreme cold have the same physical properties was recently furnished by "Jugger" Crane, the scientist-philosopher of Company B,—the engineers, when he fed some American ice cream to a group of French children, says the Spiker.

The inhabitants of the French farm-houses near the camp had never seen any ice cream until "Jugger" took them over a mess kit full of the great American delicacy.

The children gathered around expectantly. The first one took a spoonful and at once began to weep and declare that the strange food was hot.

The others who had watched rather horror stricken the fate of the first became convinced that it was some sort of white fire and would have nothing to do with the cream.

The mother had to eat virtually all the cream in order to induce them to believe it was cold rather than hot and that when not taken too fast, was good to eat. Eventually, the children ate the last of the dish.

But they partook of it gingerly, evidently greatly mystified that anything which first seemed hot, then cold, could be good to eat.

Learns of the War.

A woman was discovered in this city yesterday who has lived all through the great war and did not know that it was going on. She is an aged woman of German birth. Her age kept her son from telling her about the horrors of the invasion of Belgium and of the sinking of the Lusitania. He didn't wish her to worry and fret. But the day of the peace demonstration made it impossible to keep silent. The old lady heard the whistles blowing and the crowds cheering and she demanded to know what it was all about. When they told her she raised her hands in a gesture of imprecation and said: "Oh, if only I could get these two hands on the kaiser!" The interesting part of her story is that her husband was a German soldier. The gray uniform was so detested by him that he made his wife, before his death, promise that she would come to America so that none of their sons ever would be compelled to wear the livery of the kaiser.—New York Sun.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

THE BEST MUSIC

RIGHT IN YOUR OWN HOME

BY THE BEST MUSICIANS of THE WORLD



This is what an EDISON has done for thousands of homes.

The Editor of the "Greensboro Patriot" spent his money to have one of these musical instruments in his home. He says it is money well spent, as it is a source of delight and happiness to every member of the family.

Call and hear this wonderful instrument. Mention the fact you saw it advertised in the "Greensboro Patriot."

Huntley-Stockton-Hill Company
Greensboro, North Carolina.

The Greensboro Patriot and The Progressive Farmer,

Both for \$2.15,

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THE PATRIOT, Your County Paper, Regular Price \$1.50, 1 full year. Every Monday and Thursday
THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER—Your Farm Paper. Regular Price \$1.00. Weekly, 52 Big Issues. **BOTH \$2.15** Every Saturday.

This Club is not only a bargain in price but it gives you the two papers you cannot afford to be without.

In these strenuous times you must keep up with the events of the World, of our Country, our State and our local affairs. The Patriot gives you all this news.

The Progressive Farmer, pays its editors and contributors over \$30,000 a year. It is like taking a correspondence course to read The Progressive Farmer regularly. There is a helpful suggestion in every issue, that will save or make you more than the price of our Club.

Don't miss this offer. Send your order today.

THE PATRIOT PUBLISHING CO.,
Greensboro, N. C.

Gentlemen:—Enclosed find \$2.15, for which send me for a full year The Patriot, also The Progressive Farmer. Have both papers start with next week's issue.

Name
Post Office
Route No. State

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a certain mortgage deed made by D. H. Jones and his wife, Bertha Yates Jones, to A. Schiffman on the 24th day of June, 1915, and recorded in book 25, page 484, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, and assigned by the said A. Schiffman to Laurence Yates on the 26th day of August, 1919, and assigned again by Laurence Yates to J. R. Hughes on the 2nd day of September, 1919, and default having been made in payment thereof, according to the terms of said mortgage, the undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on

This 20th day of November, 1919.
A. SCHIFFMAN, Mortgagee.
LAURENCE YATES, Assignee.
J. R. HUGHES, Assignee.

"The 52 Biggest Problems of the Average Southern Farmer"

Every member of The Progressive Farmer staff has had actual farm experience—most of us are running Southern farms now—and from our own experiences, and from the multitude of farmers' letters that come to us every year, we believe we have figured out a pretty nearly perfect list of these "fifty-two biggest problems" of the average Southern farmer, and we are going to treat them in next year's Progressive Farmer.

We are going to treat them, too, in order of timeliness, just as far as possible. For the aim of The Progressive Farmer, always, is to tell the subscriber just what he wants to know, just when he wants to know it, and in as few words as possible.

Here's the list of big problems we shall treat during the fall months, and the date on which each discussion will appear:

- November 1—Financing the Farmer: (Personal and Short-term credit; Long-term Credit and Land Purchase; Avoiding "Time-prices," Utilizing National Farm Loan Associations, etc.)
- November 8—Systems of Farming—Affecting Soil Fertility. Money Profits, Prosperity and Permanence of Rural Life.
- November 15—Arranging and Erecting Fences; Relative Values of Different Systems, Materials, etc.
- November 22—How to Reduce Land-washing to a Minimum. (Terracing, Ditching, Filling Land with Humus, Proper Use of Steep Hill-sides, etc.)
- November 29—What Changes are Needed to Insure Better Health for Men, Women and Children on the Farm?
- December 6—Winter Care and Feeding of Horses, Mules, Cattle and Hogs.
- December 13—Getting Rocks and Stumps off the Land.
- December 20—How Farm Neighbors May Work Together for Greater Profits and Happiness.
- December 27—Business Methods on the Farm: (Inventories; Records; Accounts; Banking; Cost-keeping; Advertising; System in Correspondence and Making Sales, etc.)

The above subjects are of vital importance to you and alone are worth the price we ask, and remember The Progressive Farmer carries many other big features not mentioned above.

TERRIFYING DISCOMFORTS FROM SKIN DISEASES

Itching and Burning Eruptions Torture Victims.

If your skin seems ablaze with the fiery, burning and itching of Eczema, real and lasting relief can only come from treatment that goes below the surface,—that reaches down to the very source of the trouble. Skin-diseases come from a disordered condition of the blood, and search far and near,

you cannot find a blood remedy that approaches S. S. S. for real efficiency. S. S. S. has been on the market for fifty years, during which time it has been giving uniform satisfaction for all disorders for which it is recommended. If you want prompt relief, you can rely upon S. S. S. For expert advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to-day to Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. 44, Atlanta, Ga.

CONDENSED REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Greensboro National Bank

GREENSBORO, N. C.,

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS NOVEMBER 17, 1919.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$1,263,964.93
Overdrafts	2,553.99
Stocks, Bonds and other Securities	339,773.29
Banking House	77,747.58
Customers' Liability Account Acceptance	25,000.00
Interest Earned Not Collected	2,836.65
Cash and Due from Banks	629,050.84
	\$2,340,927.28

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	\$100,000.00
Surplus and Profits	49,448.01
Interest Collected and Not Earned	13,340.20
Reserved for Interest Accrued	2,380.90
National Bank Notes Outstanding	100,000.00
Rediscounts	28,231.97
Acceptances Executed	25,000.00
Deposits, Individual and Banks	2,022,526.20
	\$2,340,927.28

We invite your careful consideration of the above statement. We pay four per cent interest in our Savings Department. Our Banking Rooms are New, Convenient and Equipped with a New Burglar and Fire-Proof Steel Vault, including Safe Deposit Boxes, renting at Three, Five and Ten Dollars Annually.

Also, have Installed the Latest Bookkeeping Machines so that we can handle an Expanding Business Rapidly and Carefully.

We Solicit Your Business and are prepared to Afford You Every Facility which Your Business and Balance Justify. Correspondence Solicited.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"

Greensboro National Bank.

E. P. WHARTON, President,
NEIL ELLINGTON, Vice-President,
A. H. ALDERMAN, Cashier,
WALDO PORTER, Ass't Cashier

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Box Party.

There will be a box party at Cross Roads next Tuesday night. Everybody is invited.

Wilson-Clemmons Wedding.

The home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Wilson, 503 North Edgeworth street, was the scene of a simple yet pretty wedding Tuesday night at 9 o'clock, when Miss Shirley Wilson and Roy Clemmons, of this city, were united in marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Clemmons left immediately for a trip to Washington, Baltimore and other eastern cities. They will reside in Greensboro.

Spivey-Poole Nuptials.

Saturday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Johnson, on Campbell street, Miss Lena Spivey and Lonnie Poole were married. The home was tastefully decorated for the occasion in autumn leaves and flowers. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. H. Lanning. Following the ceremony, the young couple went away for a week's visit to various points in the state, after which they will be at home at White Oak, where Mr. Poole is connected with the White Oak mill.

Court House Bonds to Be Sold.

Before adjournment Tuesday the county commissioners decided to sell \$250,000 worth of 5 per cent serial bonds to help defray the cost of the new Guilford court house. These securities will mature at the rate of \$10,000 a year for 25 years. They are to be sold January 15. This is the second issue of bonds for the court house, the first issue also having been for \$250,000. It is now expected that the county court house will not be ready for occupancy until February. Delay in obtaining materials, particularly millwork, is chiefly responsible for the late date.

Mrs. Mattie Langley Passes.

Mrs. Mattie Langley, aged 51, died Monday morning at 4:30 o'clock at her home, eight miles southwest of the city, following an illness which extended over a period of one year. She was a victim of complications which came in the wake of an extremely virulent attack of influenza. Surviving besides the husband, J. H. Langley, are three daughters and two sons, all of whom resided with their parents, these be-

ing Misses Hazel, Leta and Edna Langley, and Earle and Fletcher Langley. Three brothers, Eli, John and Rufe Suits, and a sister, Mrs. M. Vuncannon, live about eight miles southwest of Greensboro. Mrs. Langley was a member of Rehobeth Methodist church.

Charter is Received.

J. Allen Adams is in receipt of a formal charter for the Greensboro post of the American Legion. The application for that document contained more names than those of any other post in the state, it is learned.

Tomorrow night at 8 o'clock a meeting will be held in the county court house for the purpose of organizing the local post. Judge Yates Webb, who is presiding over the federal court, has been asked to deliver an address at that time. Officers will be elected and other matters disposed of. All former service men are urged to be present.

Elderly Citizen Hurt.

J. F. Welborn, an elderly resident of Greensboro, was knocked down and seriously injured Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock by a retail grocery delivery wagon near the corner of South Davie and East Washington streets. The old gentleman was attempting to cross Davie street and evidently failed to see the wagon, which was driven by a little negro boy. It also appeared that the boy failed to see Mr. Welborn. The wagon's shaft struck Mr. Welborn. W. E. Trulove, of the American Commission Company, took the injured man home by automobile and it was thought he might recover.

Negro Fireman Badly Hurt.

John Fairley, a negro fireman, sustained serious injuries Tuesday afternoon about one o'clock when two switch engines collided in the Southern Railway yards here. Reports as to the extent of his injuries were of conflicting nature, but it appeared that both his legs were very badly mashed. He was sent to a local hospital for surgical attention. Fairley was the only person injured in the collision. Definite reports as to the cause of the accident are not available, but one report has it that the two engines "sideswiped" each other. Fairley was thrown from the cab and his legs crushed, it was stated.

Pretty Home Wedding.

A quiet home wedding, simple, but very beautiful, was solemnized at Pleasant Garden Tuesday when Miss Louise Thornley Rankin became the bride of Albert R. Wilson, Jr., of this city. The ceremony was per-

formed in the reception hall of the bride's home, both it and the living room being tastefully decorated with ferns and chrysanthemums. Chas. F. Myers, D. D., pastor of the groom, who, using the impressive ring ceremony, spoke the vows that made them man and wife. Immediately after the ceremony the bridal party motored to Greensboro. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson leaving on a late train for a tour of northern cities. Following their bridal trip they will be at home temporarily with Mr. Wilson's parents, Dr. and Mrs. A. R. Wilson, at 500 North Elm street.

M. H. Newlin Dies.

M. H. Newlin, aged 68, died suddenly Tuesday morning at 2:15 at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Arthur Pearce, 225 East Markt street. Although Mr. Newlin had been in declining health for six months, the seriousness of his condition was not apparent until a short while before his death. At 11 o'clock Monday night he retired, there being no evidence that he was ill at that time. Shortly afterward he was stricken and the end came swiftly. Death was ascribed to Bright's Disease. Surviving is a wife, also four daughters, Mrs. Ethel Farrell, of Mebane; Mrs. C. H. Durham, of Danville; Mrs. J. W. Ford, of Huntington, W. Va., and Mrs. Arthur Pearce, of Greensboro. Two sons survive, these being James Newlin, of Washington, D. C., and Mike Newlin, Jr., of Greensboro. Funeral services were conducted at the home at one o'clock yesterday afternoon by Rev. J. Vincent Knight, pastor of the First Christian church. The body was then taken to Burlington for burial.

NOT MUCH WORK DONE IN GUILFORD SUPERIOR COURT

After a Superior court jury was selected to pass upon the issues involved in the action of Leon Herring against the Revolution Cotton Mill Monday attorneys for the litigants agreed upon a compromise under which the plaintiff, a negro youth who was badly scalded when he fell into a vat at the mill, recovers damages in the sum of \$1,250. The plaintiff had been suing for \$10,000.

The divorce mill then ground with effective results, divorces being granted in the following cases, in all of which the parties are white people and all of the actions being uncontested:

Minnie Childers vs. Oliver Childers.

Samuel H. Hitchock vs. Flossie Hitchock.

E. G. Broadnax vs. Alma D. Broadnax.

Georgie Moore vs. John C. Moore.

Roger Henry vs. Willie Henry.

Della Crawford vs. Otis Crawford.

Cean Poe vs. R. N. Poe.

Lela Coddell vs. Carey Coddell.

Continuances were agreed upon in the following divorce suits:

Cora McAdoo vs. Jesse M. McAdoo.

Curtis Blake vs. Bertha Blake.

Roger Webb vs. Fred Webb.

Lettie Brooks vs. Sam Brooks.

In the divorce action instituted by Joseph Forbis against Sarah Forbis and in similar action initiated against Jas. W. Stutts by Mary Oliver Stutts a mistrial was ordered.

The jurors having been unable to agree. A juror was withdrawn in each case, mistrial resulting.

Court Adjourns.

Guilford county Superior court, which convened Monday morning for a one-week term for the disposition of civil actions, was adjourned Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock by Judge T. D. Bryson after all of the cases which were ready for trial had been disposed of.

The calendar for the entire week was called, most of the cases being continued. A number of motions were heard during the morning and a divorce was granted in the case of Early Palmer vs. Annie Palmer, negroes. The next term of Superior court will convene here next Monday, sessions being scheduled for two weeks.

REGULAR MEETING OF THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Only one case of influenza in rural Guilford was reported to the county health officer, Dr. W. M. Jones, during the month of November, the monthly report of the officer, submitted Monday to the county commissioners, shows, that case being at Jamestown. General health conditions in the county are quite satisfactory, it developed.

Mayor E. J. Stazord discussed with members of the county board the question of a combined city and county juvenile court, but no definite agreement was reached. It is likely, however, that Clerk of the Superior Court Mason W. Gant, who recently was elected city juvenile judge, will continue to preside over both the city and county juvenile courts, the question of compensation to be determined in the early

future. The major portion of the cost of the juvenile court will be borne by the city, it is expected, as most of the cases of youthful delinquency come from the city. High Point has a city juvenile court.

Jurors were drawn Monday for Superior court of next January. During that month one week will be devoted to the trial of civil actions, while two weeks have been set aside for the disposition of criminal cases. Jurors for all of these sittings were selected.

Several young ladies, representing a history class from the North Carolina College for Women, called at the commissioners' meeting Monday, spending some time in observation of the county officials in action, the visit being in the nature of an assignment.

TRAIN ROBBER CAUGHT, BUT BADLY WOUNDED.

Douglas, Wyo., Dec. 2.—William Carlisle, the awful train robber, who for three weeks had laughingly defied civil, railroad and private detectives, was captured today near Glend, Wyo., after he had been seriously wounded.

The well known bandit, who had secluded himself in the cabin of Frank Williams, about 18 miles from Douglas, fought desperately the posse which had been in pursuit until he fell from his wounds. He was shot through one lung and, while it was thought at first that the wound might cause his death, doctors later declared it their belief that it would not prove fatal.

Suffering from his wound and benumbed by the extreme cold, Carlisle, when brought to the Douglas hospital, said:

"I am glad the chase has ended."

Carlisle attracted nation-wide interest when, after escaping from the penitentiary in this state, he held up and robbed the passengers on a Los Angeles limited on November 18. After that escapade, messages purporting to be from him and taunting officials because of their vain efforts to capture him, were received throughout the country.

It was reported recently that the chase had been abandoned, as it was believed that the prolific bandit had gone the way of others in Wyoming—into the Hole-in-the-Wall, in the "bad lands" of the state.

A force of Union Pacific detectives, headed by Charles Irwin, of Cheyenne, captured the bandit. Irwin also had aided in apprehending Carlisle in 1916, after he had held up a Union Pacific train near Hanna.

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BIG IRON KING HEATER FOR coal, \$2.00; big Wilson heater for coal, \$8.00, for sale.—Thacker & Brockmann.

FOR SALE.—GOOD HORSE, weighs about 1200 pounds. Work anywhere. May be seen Asheboro street, near end of car line. Dr. M. Sullivan. Phone 168. 93-11.

FOR SALE.—SEVERAL GOOD second-hand cream separators—cheap. Hagan's Dairy Supply House.

FORDSON TRACTORS \$783 DELIVERED at your farm. McGlamery-Sutton Auto Company.

Three Weeks From To-day to Christmas

And it's an absolute fact that desirable goods are going to be very scarce this season.

We have Felt Bed Room Slippers for Women and Men, but not near enough to supply the demand, and it's the same with several other lines.

We do not like to disappoint our regular customers so we emphasize the advice "Do Your Christmas Shopping Early."

We have just gotten in new shipments of Elkin and Endicott-Johnson Work Shoes, the last we shall have this year.

Thacker & Brockmann

WE HAVE A FULL LINE

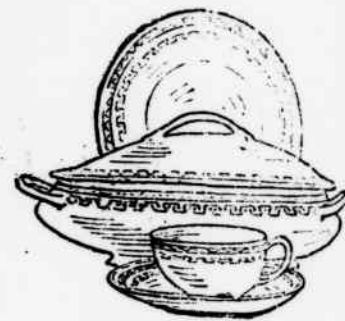
CHINAWARE

In Sets and Open Stock, High Grade English, Japanese and American Goods of Superior Quality. Also, have GLASS JARS in pints, quarts and half gallons.

JARS and CROCKS

From one gallon up to thirty gallons, 20c per gallon.

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Thousands of these little Watches are being worn throughout the country and they are delighting their owners with their accuracy and dependability as well as beautiful appearance.

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Also in white gold, platinum and diamond studded, very small, small and larger in size. We can show you hundreds.

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Bookkeeping, Touch Typewriting, Penmanship and Commercial branches thoroughly taught. Day and night sessions. Write for catalogue. Enroll any time.

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Greensboro, N. C.