

LEVER FOOD CONTROL ACT AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

PROVISIONS EXTENDED TO INCLUDE CLOTHING, FUEL, IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Without amendment and with practically no opposition, the house late today voted to amend the Lever food control act to extend its provisions to include clothing, containers of food, feed or fertilizers, fuel oil and implements used in production of necessities, and to penalize profiteers by a \$5,000 fine or two years' imprisonment.

Proposals to make the act apply to profiteers in house and room rentals, adopted by the house in committee of the whole, were stricken out in the final vote.

Efforts were made by both Republicans and Democrats to have the amendment's provisions cover necessities other than those included in the amendment as reported by the agriculture committee. Inclusion of kerosene and gasoline was proposed by Representative Strong, Republican, Kansas, who said the prices of these products had increased 300 per cent. in the last two years, but his amendment was rejected by a close vote while that of Representative Newton, Republican, Minnesota, to include raw cotton, was eliminated on a point of order by Representative Blanton.

Fail to Include Farmers.
Attempts to bring farmers and farm organizations within the jurisdiction of the amendment also were blocked.

Recommendations of Attorney General Palmer to include retailers doing a business of less than \$100,000 under the profiteering section so that the department of justice might "go after the little ones" were included in the measure as passed.

Five hours of general debate preceded passage of the measure—the first legislative step in carrying out the recommendations of President Wilson in his recent address to Congress on the high cost of living. The Hutchinson cold storage bill, modeled on the New Jersey act recommended to Congress by the President, as worthy of patterning after, will be reported to the house next week.

Debate today consisted largely in attacks and defense of the administration. Republicans asserting that the Democrats "with masterly inactivity" had avoided any discussion or remedies for the high cost of living and Democratic members charging that "Republicans had been busy playing politics and were unmindful of coming elections."

Wilson's Efforts Criticized.

Representative Rodenburg, Republican, Illinois, opening discussion on the measure, criticized President Wilson's "feeble efforts to establish some sort of connection between the present high cost of living and the league of nations" and said that "the President's mind for the last nine months has been completely absorbed by the idea of the league of nations. If there was a famine in China, a flood in the Mississippi valley, an earthquake in Porto Rico, a volcanic eruption in Central America, or an epidemic of spinal meningitis in New York city, the President by a process of reasoning that satisfies himself at least has convinced himself that the sole contributing cause was the failure of the league of nations."

Representative Hefflin, Democrat, Alabama, charged that Republican opposition to the league of nations had become so pronounced that the chairman of the house "was not permitted to pray for acceptance of the league of nations." He said the chairman had offered such a prayer one morning "and since then his lips have been sealed by a high member of the Republican party."

Indication of the close interest with which President Wilson is following every move in the fight on high prices was given today in a lengthy conference which he held with Attorney General Palmer and Director General Hines. The conference was arranged by Mr. Palmer, who declined to discuss what had been under consideration.

A series of revival meetings have been held during the past week at the historic Alamance church. Rev. Dr. James, the Presbyterian evangelist, the most of the preaching.

SENTENCED TO DIE, PARDONED AND LATER KILLED IN BATTLE

Washington, Aug. 21.—One of the two American soldiers sentenced to death for sleeping on outpost duty in France and subsequently pardoned by President Wilson, was killed in the great Aisne offensive in July, 1918, and the other was twice wounded and finally honorably discharged.

This was disclosed today by an exchange of correspondence between Secretary Baker and President Wilson.

Private Forrest D. Sebastin, of Eldorado, Ill., 20 years old, was killed in the Aisne battle. Private Jeff Cook, of Lutie Okla., aged 19, was wounded in the same battle, but recovered to again fight gallantly in the Argonne offensive, where he received his second wound.

In writing the President of the gallant conduct of the boys after the President had pardoned them, Secretary Baker said:

"You will recall that early in 1918 four death sentences were presented to you from France; two for disobedience of orders you remitted to terms of imprisonment and two young boys, Sebastin and Cook, who were convicted of sleeping on outpost duty, you fully pardoned."

"It will interest you to know that upon restoration to duty both made good soldiers. Sebastin died in battle in the Aisne offensive in July, 1918. Cook was wounded in that battle and restored to health in time to fight in the Meuse-Argonne battle, when he again fought gallantly and was the second time wounded. He has been now restored to health through medical attention and has been honorably discharged from the service."

President Wilson in acknowledging the secretary's letter wrote:

"Thank you for your thoughtfulness in telling me about the records made by Sebastin and Cook, the two youngsters who were pardoned for sleeping on outpost duty. It is very delightful to know that they redeemed themselves so thoroughly, and it was very thoughtful of you to give me the pleasure of learning about it."

PEACE TREATY MAY BE REPORTED THIS WEEK.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The peace treaty promises to hold the spotlight in Congress again this week with a possibility that before the week is over the report of the foreign relations committee may bring the question of ratification into the open senate.

Although Chairman Lodge declines to make any prediction as to when the committee will report, Democratic members said today they had an understanding with the Republicans that action would be taken this week if possible. Some of the members thought unlooked for delay might result, however, from the committee's decision yesterday to request additional information from President Wilson.

Tomorrow the committee will resume for a day its open hearings, but most of the week is expected to be devoted to discussion of amendments to the treaty. Debate on a treaty also is to continue in the senate. Senators Nugent, Democrat, Idaho; Kirby, Democrat, Arkansas; and Owen, Democrat, Oklahoma, having given notice they would speak.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 24.—One passenger, Odie S. Waltham, of Washington, D. C., was killed and 17 other persons were injured in a rear-end collision of Washington excursion trains at Elwood, N. J., early today. Eight of the injured were brought to a hospital here and are expected to recover. All are from Washington.

Kaiser Buys Estate in Holland.

Utrecht, Holland, Aug. 22.—Former Emperor William, who has been living at Amerongen since his arrival in Holland, has bought from the Barones de Beaufort an estate and house in the village of Doorn, the Dagblad reports, about five miles north of Amerongen, in the direction of Utrecht.

"A Little Ford Shall Lead Them"—that is, lead the educational forces of Guilford county, as County Superintendent Foust has a new Ford.

AMERICANS MUST STOP ALL THIS EXTRAVAGANCE

SECRETARY CARTER GLASS GIVES THE PEOPLE SOME SOUND ADVICE.

Winston-Salem, Aug. 21.—Before at least 2,000 people of this section, including the delegates to the State Bankers' association, Hon. Carter Glass, secretary of the treasury, tonight urged the importance to the world of the proper exercise of the habit and virtue of thrift by the American people. He declared practices of thrift and economy will furnish the quickest and best solution of the method of meeting the national indebtedness and insure a speedy return to contentment on the part of the people.

Mr. Glass declared that the federal reserve system had saved the nation by properly financing the war and had thereby saved the world, through the assistance given the allied nations in their fight against the Huns. During the war the government did many extraordinary things and came to the rescue of the people, but now, he said, the people should rely more upon themselves and less upon the government.

Speaking of the indebtedness of the nation, Mr. Glass declared that France would discharge her debt long before the United States had paid her cost of the war. The financiers of that country have the backing of the masses of the people, because the people of France have for years practiced thrift. Germany, he said, is deplored and pitied because of her immense war debt, but she will pay her war debt with greater ease and comfort than will the United States, as a result of the economy and thrift practiced for generations. America, he said, is in a delirium of extravagance. Here he appealed to the bankers present to inculcate the spirit of economy and thrift, through education, advertising and other methods; to the end that America may be saved a great national embarrassment through extravagance and waste, and thereby cause old h. c. of I. to beat a quick retreat.

Speaking briefly of the high cost of living, Secretary Glass said the people themselves are largely responsible for this state of affairs. He quoted a letter received, but not opened, just as he was leaving his office. Reading the letter on the train, he discovered it was from a shoe dealer who said there was no excuse for a \$12 pair of shoes, but the extravagance of the people. The letter said from \$5 to \$9 is reasonable for shoes, but a higher price is due to fashionableness of the store at which the purchase is made. The speaker referred to the fact that he was wearing shoes which had been half-soled at a cost of \$1.95, thereby saving the cost of a \$20 pair he was about to buy before he thought it wise to practice what he was preaching about economy and thrift.

Capital and labor should strive together to increase production. There is no need for strikes, because every time production is lessened the problem of lowering prices is increased. Mr. Glass said he had operated a printing office for 40 years and had never had any trouble. He thought capital and labor should cultivate a close relationship between each other and freely discuss their problems, each instilling confidence in the other that a square deal would be forthcoming at all times. The rights of capital and labor should be recognized and all should follow the recent suggestion of President Wilson to display the spirit of true Americans, strive to increase production, that the markets of the world may be filled, and to practice economy and thrift.

Mr. Beall, of the Beall Hardware Company, showed the Patriot two interesting souvenirs that were given to him by one of the returned soldiers. One is a German automatic pistol which shoots eight times, with a good leather case for it; the other was a belt buckle with the German inscription "Gott Mit Uns," which is the German for God with us.

Clerk of the Superior Court M. W. Gant returned Friday from the meeting of the Junior Order at Gastonia.

AMERICAN TROOPS STILL AFTER MEXICAN BANDITS

SEARCH TO CONTINUE, BUT NO MORE TROOPS TO BE SENT OVER BORDER NOW

Marfa, Tex., Aug. 22.—After a day of limited operation the American punitive expedition faced the probability of a forced march tonight to reach a new base from which troops will scout tomorrow for the bandits who held two American army aviators for ransom.

Reports from the Mexican consul at Presidio, Tex., stated that co-operation between Mexican troops and the Americans was continuing satisfactorily and that there was no anxiety over possible friction.

Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, commander of the southern department, reiterated that no more troops would be sent from here into Mexico at this time. He added, however, that efforts were being made to obtain more planes to maintain liaison with troops in Mexico and that he hoped to have the planes soon. More machines become necessary as the distance from the border to the expedition increases, he explained.

Search to Continue.
General Dickman set at rest reports that the troops would soon be withdrawn by stating that the search would continue as long as it is possible to follow the trails.

One airplane in Mexico broke its rudder control yesterday and narrowly escaped serious accident.

The scene of operations at present and for the immediate future is the country over which Villa operated in November, 1917, when he attacked and captured Ojinaga and threatened Presidio, Tex. Villa moved down the Conchos river toward Ojinaga, deployed his forces on the plain before that town and attacked from three sides. Reinforcements for the federal garrison at Ojinaga arrived along the same trail that the aviators followed in their attempt to find their way out.

It was believed today that at least one of the bandits was in the vicinity of the place where the Villa rebels in the Ojinaga district made their headquarters in the mountains.

Villa Leader Seen.

Ildefonso Sanchez, another Villa leader, was seen in the same district in which the Americans are operating, several months ago. He has small bands scattered through the mountains.

American troops are taking every precaution to prevent an ambush that might prove another trap like that at Carrizal, at the time of the Pershing expedition. At night the troops sleep and stand guard in rotation. An advance guard investigates every canyon, house and mountain trail to prevent surprise attacks. Carranza troops under General Prunedo are at Cuchillo Parado and there is another federal command at San Jose, opposite Indio, Tex. They have made no effort to prevent operations by American troops.

The line of communication is being closely guarded and airplanes are watching every body of Mexicans in the zone of operations.

General Dickman and Col. George T. Langhorne left late today on a long ride. General Dickman said that he did not know whether he would go to the river.

NEGRO IS LYNCHED BY A CROWD IN FRANKLIN

Raleigh, Aug. 21.—Solicitor Herbert E. Norris, called to lower Franklin county to investigate the lynching yesterday of Walter Tyler, negro, charged with criminal assault on Mrs. W. L. Medlin, had not returned late tonight and the facts in the crime are unknown.

The mob which lynched the negro killed him about eight miles from the Medlin home. The crime against the white woman was committed when the husband was away. The coroner of Franklin called Solicitor Norris over there and the two will decide whether witnesses will be summoned to investigate the lynching.

Mrs. S. F. Clapp called Friday and renewed the subscription of her daughter, Mrs. J. V. Green, of Washington, D. C.

We welcome Mr. P. N. Smith, of Greensboro, route six, as a member of our family of readers.

PRICES OF SUGAR ARE NOW UNDER CONTROL

Washington, Aug. 21.—Active control of sugar prices was resumed today by the government, through an agreement reached between the department of justice and the food administration that licenses will be revoked by the latter when it is shown dealers have been profiteering.

Sugar should reach the consumer at approximately 11 cents a pound, it was announced, based on the ownership of the entire domestic and Cuban crop by the United States sugar equalization board, which is selling to refiners at 7.23 cents a pound.

Refiners are under contract with the board to sell at nine cents, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Wholesalers and jobbers are allowed a maximum of 63 cents per 100 pounds for handling and retailers are permitted a profit of one and one-half cents per pound, making a fair price of 11 cents, except in cases where dealers have purchased at an "unreasonable" price, due to misunderstanding in the trade. When this is a fact, a reasonable advance over the actual cost will be permitted.

The amendment to the food control act as reported today would extend the act's provisions to include wearing apparel, containers of food, feed or fertilizer and fuel oil. A penalty of \$5,000 and two years' imprisonment for profiteering.

"The absence of evidence of any profiteering by the farmers," the agriculture committee's report adds, "and the provision of the so-called Sherman anti-trust law recognizing collective bargaining by labor makes it wise to not subject the farmer to inconvenience and expenses under the federal law."

Numerous bills and resolutions dealing with living cost questions were presented in both houses of Congress. Representative Hutchinson, Republican, New Jersey, introduced a bill which would enable the senate to "prevent deception with respect to cold storage foods; to regulate the storage and shipment of cold storage foods to interstate commerce and limit such storage to 10 months."

ANDREW CARNEGIE'S ESTATE ESTIMATED AT \$50,000,000

New York, Aug. 22.—Andrew Carnegie, who years ago announced his determination to give away his huge fortune and "die a pauper," left an estate of approximately \$50,000,000, it was learned here tonight. The will, it was stated, will be filed for probate next week.

The document, which is said to contain about 4,500 words, mentions a score of personal friends and retainers of the dead financier who will receive "moderate legacies." Mrs. Roswell Miller, only daughter of the steel king, is not a large legatee, it is said, having been handsomely provided for in her marriage "dot."

The approximation of \$50,000,000 as the estate's value was given out by a member of Mr. Carnegie's family, who said that the figures were based upon the last income tax return filed by Mr. Carnegie.

Many persons who had been lifelong friends of Mr. Carnegie, and in whose welfare the philanthropist was known to have a deep concern, are said not to be mentioned in the instrument. It was in the interest of these friends and proteges, according to relatives of Mr. Carnegie, that the Home Trust Company, of New Jersey, named as executor, was founded in 1901, and these persons will continue to receive their stipulated pensions for life from a fund placed in the company's hands several years ago.

Father of 54 Children.

Gaffney, S. C., Aug. 22.—The case of the state vs. John H. Moore, was heard in a local magistrate's court in Gaffney today, and resulted in the defendant being put under a bond to keep the peace of the state towards John H. Lynch. Mr. Lynch is the 90-year-old citizen who had a warrant issued for Moore, after the defendant had threatened to beat him to death.

Mr. Lynch has been married four times and is the father of 54 children, the youngest having been born when Mr. Lynch was inaugurated President, and is named Woodrow Wilson. The present Mrs. Lynch is a comely matron of 45 and shows a wonderful devotion to her nonagenarian husband.

AMERICAN TROOPS RETURN FROM THEIR BANDIT HUNT

FOUR KILLED BY AMERICANS; NINE CAPTURED BY MEXICAN REGULARS.

Marfa, Aug. 24.—Three hundred American cavalry troops tonight were making their way back to the Rio Grande through a driving rainstorm after an unsuccessful campaign begun last Tuesday to overtake the bandits who captured and held for ransom Lieutenants Harold G. Peterson and Paul H. Davis. They were scheduled to reach Ruidosa at 8.30 o'clock tonight.

Contact with Carranza soldiers also on the trail of the bandits and a heavy rain which wiped out the fresh trails resulted in decision to abandon the chase. The Mexican federals were encountered last night by a scout patrol and after a conference army officers decided to abandon the pursuit until this morning. Meanwhile the rain had wiped out the trails of the bandits, who were only a few hours ahead of the Americans.

The punitive expedition is returning in single column, with three cavalry troops leading, pack trains, machine gun troops and other units following. Two troops are acting as rear guards.

The six days below the border resulted in the killing of four bandits and death of one by machine gun bullets from an airplane. Nine bandits, said to be a part of the Renteria band, were captured at Coyame, in a dance hall, by Carranza soldiers.

Reports that Jesus Renteria, leader of the bandits, had been killed, were brought to the border today, but could not be confirmed.

The order withdrawing the American punitive expedition which crossed the border last Tuesday morning in search of bandits who held two American aviators for ransom, was announced by Col. George T. Langhorne at 4.30 this afternoon.

The troops are marching out of Mexico tonight, Colonel Langhorne stated. The first troops is expected to reach Ruidosa late tonight.

The decision to withdraw the troops resulted from failure to pick up "hot trails" because of rain storms in the mountains.

Lieut. Harold G. Peterson and Lieut. Paul N. Davis, the American aviators whose capture by bandits was the immediate cause for sending American troops across the line arrived at Royce flying field at 4.35 P. M. They crossed to Mexico with the punitive expedition Tuesday.

Jesus Renteria, the bandit leader, was shot and killed by Lieut. R. H. Cooper when bandits fired on Cooper's machine, according to a statement by Lieutenant Peterson on his arrival here tonight.

KITCHIN HOT ON TRAIL OF REPUBLICAN LEADERS

Washington, Aug. 21.—Claude Kitchen attacked Republican house leaders today for passing a high tariff bill on Tungsten that put millions into the pockets of a few manufacturers, while refusing to provide adequate funds for wounded soldiers. He brought cheers from the Democratic side when he went after the Republicans. Mr. Kitchen made a typical tariff speech. He said the Republicans were setting up a monopoly.

A Kitchen trick was played on the Republicans when he offered an amendment to the bill. After they voted it down he took them the language was the same as the Payne tariff and forced them to repudiate the rates of duty imposed on Tungsten by the act.

Shot Man in Gambling Game.

Greenville, S. C., Aug. 22.—Gordon Rabon, a white man about 30 years of age, was shot and seriously injured by Deputy E. H. Claybourne, of the Judson mill village, on Saturday night and is now in a serious condition at the city hospital. The deputy fired on Rabon as he was attempting to make a getaway when a gambling game was raided by the officer. Deputy Claybourne stated that he fired with the idea of frightening the young man and had no intention of hitting him.

Rabon is married and has two children. His condition is such that he has been unable to make a statement relative to the shooting.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL SALE OF CLOTHING IS NOW ON Rhodes Clothing Co.,

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

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Justice & Broadhurst,
LAWYERS.
Offices in Banner Building

Charles A. Hines,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office—Room 407-408 Banner Bldg

Dr. J. E. Wyche,
DENTIST.
OVER GARDNER'S DRUG STORE
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Dr. W. W. Rowe,
DENTIST.
Rooms No. 2 and 3 Greensboro Loan
and Trust Co.'s Building.
Phone 404.

Dr. J. F. Kernodle,
DENTIST.
Rooms 203 and 204 McAdoo Bldg.
Over Elm Street Pharmacy
Phone—Office 1648; Residence 1647

C. Clifford Frazier,
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Phone 629 Residence Phone 1615
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The Woman's Tonic

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lot on Isabel street, \$10 and other considerations.

Brown Real Estate Company to J. A. Dick, lots 72, 73, 74, 75, 76 and 77 in the Anderson subdivision, \$762.

W. F. Cole to J. E. Sharpe, lot on Highland avenue, \$10 and other considerations.

T. F. Hines and wife to Jennie N. Gorrell, lot on Martin street, \$1,750.

Brown Real Estate Company to L. J. Duffy and C. C. Hudson, lots 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50 and 51 in the Anderson subdivision, \$962.

PROMINENT GREENSBORO MAN DIED THURSDAY IN CALIFORNIA

A message received by relatives Thursday afternoon brought the sad news of the death of L. Richardson, which occurred early that morning in San Francisco, Cal., following an illness of six weeks. Mr. Richardson's condition had been serious for the past several days and the news of his passing did not come unexpected to relatives and close friends.

Mr. Richardson was one of the best known and most highly esteemed citizens of Greensboro, and hundreds of friends and acquaintances will feel in his death a personal loss. He was active in all efforts that tended to upbuild the city and community, and was a most energetic business man, having for the past 30 years been closely identified with the business life of the city.

Something like two months ago, Mr. Richardson and son, H. Smith Richardson, left for a tour of the west, combining business and pleasure. Soon after reaching California, Mr. Richardson developed a slight attack of malaria, and Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. H. S. Richardson and Miss Lynn Richardson went to be with him, though his condition was not then considered serious. Later pneumonia and complications developed, the patient gradually growing weaker until the end came.

Lunsford Richardson was born in Johnston county in December, 1854, being the son of Lunsford and Lurinda Richardson. He was a graduate of Davidson college, specializing in chemistry, and won high honors in his class. In 1884 he was married to Miss Mary Lynn Smith, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. Henry Smith, of Greensboro, who survives, together with the following children: H. Smith Richardson, Mrs. C. I. Carlson, Mrs. W. Y. Preyer, Lunsford Richardson, Jr., Miss Lynn Richardson. Surviving also is one sister, Mrs. J. W. Vick, of Rock Hill, S. C.

Mr. Richardson removed to Greensboro about 30 years ago and became associated with the firm of Richardson and Fariss, retail druggists, at the stand where Fariss-Klutz Drug company is now located. While with this firm Mr. Richardson compounded some of his family remedies since made famous.

Later, he organized the L. Richardson Drug Company, wholesale, and until about 10 years ago was actively connected with that concern. He then established a factory for the manufacture of the Vick remedies, for a year or more his factory being located on Davis street. He then built the first unit of the present large plant on Spring Garden street, extended, and the Vick Chemical Company was organized, being at its head. Probably the best known remedy compounded by Mr. Richardson and now manufactured in immense quantities is Vick's VapoRub, this being extensively used all over the country.

Mr. Richardson was a member of the First Presbyterian church, in which he was the ruling elder, and was a consecrated worker. During the past few years he turned over a considerable part of the management of his business to his sons and devoted much time to works of kindness and uplift, both in the sphere of church and without. He believed in the injunction to not let the left hand know what the right doeth, and many of his benefactions were unknown even to members of his family. He was a friend to everyone and was especially interested in those who sought an education, but whose means were not sufficient to properly obtain same.

Real estate trading was again lively Saturday, according to the number of deeds filed for record in the office of the register of deeds. The day's record was:

L. A. Smithdeal to William Jennings, tract in Morehead township, \$10 and other considerations.

Martha Wall and J. C. Wall to A. Schiffman, tract in Gilmer, \$50.

Brown Real Estate Company to T. C. Apple, lots 30, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42, in the Anderson subdivision.

W. W. Newell and wife to J. E. Clayton, lot on Field street, \$600.

D. E. Lishly and wife to J. M. Lashly, lot on Carolina street, \$100.

J. T. Heath and wife to William E. Overly, lots 11 and 12 in the L. J. Duffy subdivision, \$10 and other considerations.

W. P. Hicks and Frank Hicks to W. P. Hicks and E. E. Mills, lot on Bond street, \$10 and other considerations.

Nellie Elwell and May Elwell to Neil Morrison, tract adjoining the lands of C. M. Glass in Gilmer, \$10 and other considerations.

V. E. Barker to J. T. Heath, lots 11 and 12 in the L. J. Duffy subdivision.

George Barts to M. C. Lamb, lot 48 in Pomona Heights, \$150.

J. H. Shepherd to C. B. Williamson, lot in the Fields' land, \$10 and other considerations.

J. L. Griffin to H. W. Clendenin,

CENTRAL CAROLINA FAIR OCTOBER 14TH TO 17TH

The premium list for the Central Carolina Fair, to be held here on October 14, 15, 16, 17 has been issued and shows that premiums will be awarded on exhibits embracing practically every product of the farm and home. It is a big book filled with interesting information regarding what the officials believe will be the biggest fair of the season in this state. While the premiums cover practically everything that can be grown or manufactured, special attention will be given to the canning, poultry, pig and corn club exhibits in the county, and it is expected that the members of each organization will have a most creditable display for inspection by the patrons of the fair.

But while the interest of every person in helping to swell the number of exhibits is desired, the association plans to balance the educational features with recreational features. There will be numerous free attractions, and a number of shows have been booked for the week. Greensboro is always a mecca for horsemen during fair week, and especially attractive is the racing program as outlined for the occasion this year. On the opening and closing days there will be two racing events each day, while on the second and third days there will be three events each afternoon. The purses will aggregate about \$5,000 and it is expected that the number of entries will be unusually large. For the evenings there will be fireworks, of the character which have in the past added to the fair week attractions so materially.

In fact, there will be plenty to inspire and amuse the vast crowds expected to be present each of the four days the gates of the grounds are open and Secretary King and other fair officials are counting on making this the best fair ever held in the county.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of J. D. Cobb, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 21st day of August, 1920, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment.

This August 20, 1919. 87-77.

JNO. D. COBB, Admr.

of J. D. Cobb, Deceased.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administratrix of the estate of Sara J. Dennis, deceased, before M. W. Gant, clerk, Superior court for Guilford county, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of September, 1920, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are expected to make immediate settlement.

VIRGINIA L. BRITTAIN,

Admx. of Sara J. Dennis, Dec'd.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having qualified as administrator of the estate of D. M. Bennett, late of Guilford county, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of August, 1920, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

This July 31, 1919.

H. BENNETT, Admr.

of D. M. Bennett, Deceased.

CHAS. A. HINES, Atty.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

State of North Carolina, Guilford County, in the Superior Court, Before the Clerk.

W. P. Ricks and wife, Martha E. Ricks, A. S. Ricks and wife, Margaret Ricks, Lillie A. Satterfield and husband, J. T. Satterfield, Daisy E. Osborn and husband, P. D. Osborn, and Mattie L. Fulp and husband, G. W. Fulp.

vs. C. B. Ricks and wife, Mabel Ricks, Horace Ricks and Charles Ricks, minor children of said C. B. Ricks, and all other persons interested in the estate of W. M. Ricks, deceased, whose names are unknown.

The defendants above named will take notice that a special proceeding entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county, for the purpose of selling certain real estate situated in said county, of which W. M. Ricks died seized and possessed, and dividing the proceeds thereof between the heirs-at-law of the said W. M. Ricks; and the said defendants will further take notice that they are required to appear at the office of the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, in the city of Greensboro, N. C., on the 22nd day of September, 1919, and answer the petition in said proceedings, or the petitioners will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said petition.

This August 19, 1919. 87-73.

W. W. GANT, C. S. C.

ALFRED S. WYLLIE, Atty.

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PRESCRIPTIONS: CAREFULLY

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TO BUY OR SELL A FARM,

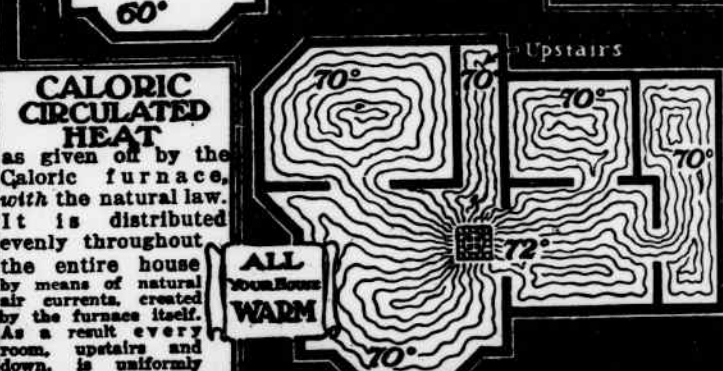
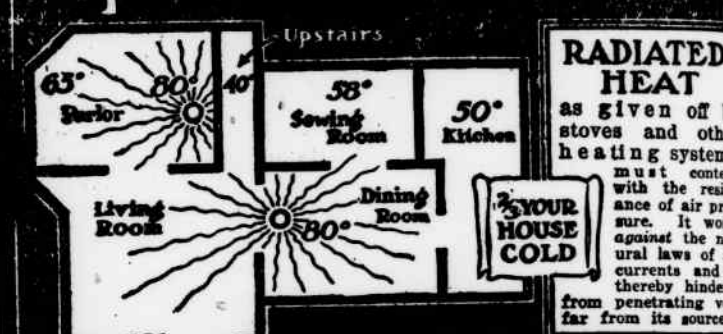
DON'T FAIL TO SEE US.

WE CAN DO YOU GOOD.

BROWN REAL ESTATE CO.

109 West Market Street.

Keep Your Home Warm All Over



Take Your Choice!

Heat your entire home at less cost than heating only a part of it with stoves. You can do it with the Caloric Pipeless Furnace, which has revolutionized furnace heating by doing away with pipes. It requires only one register, on the ground floor of your home, and thru this every room is made warm.

The principle is simple and practical. As the heated air rises from the furnace thru the center of the register it spreads throughout the whole house, forcing the cold air down into the furnace. There it is purified by the intense heat, properly moistened by a special water pan and again rises and circulates into every nook and corner. This produces a delightful, warm and healthful atmosphere, of even temperature, in every room of the house. The

PIPELESS CALORIC FURNACE

The Original Patented Pipeless Furnace has numerous exclusive patented features that make it unequalled for heat capacity, economy and convenience. Easily installed in one day in any house, new or old. Burns any fuel. Takes little room. There is no smoke, coal gas or dirt in the house—no heat-wasting, expensive pipes in walls or cellar. The cellar is always cool enough for storing fruits and vegetables. There is no fire danger—no

bother to keep the furnace in first-class condition. We guarantee its satisfactory operation or we will take it out. We also guarantee a saving of at least one-third of your fuel bill.

Do not confuse the Caloric with other pipeless furnaces. It is not merely a furnace without pipes, but is built on an entirely new principle in furnace heating.

The manufacturers have put into it the experiences of ninety-nine years in business, and stake their reputation on its ability to meet every claim.

Come in and see this wonderful furnace. Ask for our book "Progress," which is a fully illustrated explanation of pipeless heating, and how this method is perfected in the Caloric Furnace. It gives every important fact about home heating and fuel saving. Let us show you this great furnace, and tell you whether it can be used in your house to advantage.



GET IT AT ODELL'S--

WHERE QUALITY TELLS.

Odell Hardware Co.

The Largest Hardware Store in North Carolina.

For the Business Man, For the Farmer and Wage Earner.

One of the features that has built up the success of this Bank is our specialized service.

We furnish special accommodation for the business men of Greensboro as well as the farmers of Guilford county; we provide absolute safety for the saving of the wage earner and pay 4 per cent interest, compounded quarterly.

Let us serve you.

WE PAY 4 PER CENT ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS.

American Exchange National Bank
GREENSBORO, N. C.

CAPITAL, \$400,000.00

BRANCH AT SOUTH GREENSBORO.

“LOST” FOR 12 YEARS SOLDIER FINDS FAMILY.

New York, Aug. 22.—After he had been mourned for three years as dead, Jacob Ginsberg, who was last heard from by his family twelve years ago, has been located, alive and well, in Coblenz, Germany, a member of the American army of occupation. It became known yesterday. The glad tidings were brought to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ginsberg, his parents, of No. 2631 Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, and his brothers and sisters, by the Jewish welfare board, about one month ago.

Since that time, letters have been exchanged. Although Ginsberg, who is now thirty-five, has not mentioned his activities in twelve years, his relatives are satisfied that the time has been spent in the army. When Ginsberg left his home thirteen years ago to enlist in the United States cavalry his father was the head of a dry goods establishment at Broadway and Kosciuszko street, Brooklyn. After a year's service he returned home on furlough, stating that he was stationed at Fort Riley, Kan. At the expiration of his leave of absence he bade his family goodbye, with the dearest to write to him often.

After he had returned to his post, the father moved, and it now appears that the soldier was transferred to another post. The mail that had been sent to his former post was returned to the family. Letters that he had sent home were returned to him.

The war department informed the parents that Ginsberg had been honorably discharged from the army three years ago. It was the opinion of the family that he had since died.

When the army of occupation moved into Coblenz, Ginsberg went to the headquarters of the Jewish welfare board and asked the organization to try to find his family. The organization in Brooklyn sent a manifold letter to all the Ginsbergs in that borough. One of these was received by Samuel Ginsberg, a brother.

Ginsberg, in his last letter, stated that he has one more year to serve in the army, but is anxious to return home.

CENSUS DISTRICTS.

The ninth census district of North Carolina, for which Prof. Joseph McConnell, of Davidson, has been appointed supervisor, is the ninth congressional district, composed of 10 counties. These are: Avery, Burke, Catawba, Cleveland, Gaston, Lincoln, Madison, Mecklenburg, Mitchell and Yancey. The district has the third largest population of any district in the state, the census of 1910 having given it 249,495. The fifth district, of which we might call Greensboro the capital, and with 11 counties, is the largest in the state, with a population of 330,474. The seventh, which includes the larger part of the sandhills, and a section of the mountains, with 13 counties, is the second largest, with 255,130.—Charlotte Observer.

WARNED.

Be the Republican or Democrat, the congressman who plays politics in the cost of living investigation is a traitor to humanity and will merit a traitor's fate. Fair warning!—Baltimore American.

It is perfectly proper for a British newspaper to suggest the dropping of "Hun." Germany has acquired a meaning since 1914 that makes synonymous unnecessary.—New York Evening Telegraph.

WITH A CARVED WOODEN KEY PAIR LEFT PRISON.

J. W. Rogers, being held for store-breaking and robbery, and B. W. Jackson, awaiting trial on the charge of auto robbery, young white men, are at liberty to-day, having unlocked the doors of the county jail and calmly made their escape in broad daylight Saturday. But for the fact that they left their key in the outer door, as a souvenir for their jailer, no one would have suspected their deftness in keymaking, nor would the fact have become known that the locks on the county's prison are a ramshackle affair, easily opened if tinkered with by a person of average ingenuity.

L. L. Lucas, who is serving as jailer during the illness of Mike Caffey, was feeding the prisoners, having gone inside and locked the doors. The two young men in question had been in the habit of assisting in carrying the meals to the remainder of the prisoners. While they were engaged with this task, Mr. Lucas stepped upstairs to feed prisoners confined on the upper story. Right then they used their key and opened the inner door, passing into the outer corridor. As they swung open the heavy outer door it caused a clanging sound, which Mr. Lucas recognized and he rushed down. The alarm was immediately given, but no trace of the fugitives could be found. No one had seen them leaving, or no notice had been taken of anyone answering their description.

The oak post of a discarded chair had been secured and from a strip six inches in length they had carved an exact duplicate of the heavy key which unlocks the outer jail door, also the iron door which forms the entrance to the main portion of the jail. This had been carved with a jackknife and was just about as good as the regular key carried by the jailer. Its condition gave proof that it had been made for some days and it had evidently been fitted into the lock of the inner door, until it worked perfectly. No doubt the key had been tested time and again to see that it would turn the lock and then stored in their pockets until the favorable moment arrived. To use it was but a matter of seconds and, stepping outside the prison walls the men soon became lost in the Saturday crowd. The average person would have paid no attention to a couple of young men emerging from the jail yard in broad daylight, so they were perfectly safe for the moment. Within three minutes after they left, however, the officers were looking for them.

Rogers has a considerable record and has several times before been in trouble. In the last instance, he robbed a store at Stokesdale and was later captured at Emporia, Va. Rogers had broken into a store and stolen goods. He then peddled them out, appearing at the Stokesdale store and informing the keeper he had closed out his store and had a few goods he would be glad to sell. He named a fair price and the lot was purchased, the cost of the goods being figured on a box of "chewing" included in the lot. Receiving his pay he departed, but that night he broke into the store and not only stole the goods he had sold the merchant, but an additional supply. In disposing of the lot, the figures on the tobacco box gave him away and a few days later he was in custody.

Jackson and another young fellow named Miller were awaiting trial on the charge of stealing the automobile of F. A. Brooks some time ago and were caught in Youngstown, O. Miller is still in custody and why Jackson did not endeavor to secure the freedom of his accomplice is somewhat of a mystery.

THE MUNICIPAL GROCERYMAN.

Mayor McNinch, having booked a car load of sugar for the Charlotte market, is off and away for Atlanta, where he proposes to make extensive purchases of government food supplies for shipment to the city and for distribution among Charlotte consumers. The proposition is to convert the auditorium temporarily into a market house, with firemen and policemen as salesmen, the big idea being to throw the element of relief into the local condition of high prices, but unless the strike situation is improved in the meantime, the mayor will find some difficulty in bringing his stock to the city. However that, Charlotte will wish him success in his adventure as municipal groceryman.—Charlotte Observer.

Mr. J. F. Hackett, of Climax, route one, was a visitor at the Patriot office Thursday.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

DEMAND FOR "JOHN T. REES" CIGAR RAPIDLY INCREASING

Mr. John T. Rees, president of the El-Rees-So Cigar Company, returned recently from a business trip in Eastern Carolina, where he visited dealers throughout that section and found unusually fine business in every town visited. He was delighted by the greatly increased orders dealers gave for the new John T. Rees cigar, and equally pleased by the reports of continued increases in El-Rees-So sales. Present orders indicate an increase of several million cigars over the estimated production of 32,000,000 El-Rees-So's for 1919. It now looks like the El-Rees-So will exceed 35,000,000. Mr. Rees stated yesterday. When it is recalled that in 1914 the El-Rees-So output was only 94,000, the tremendous growth of the cigar in public favor is realized.

All through the east Mr. Rees observed good crop conditions and he found business active in all lines. Merchants report fine business and farmers are feeling good over crop prospects.

GRADUATE OF NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN DROWNED

J. W. Brawley Friday evening received a message informing him of the death of his niece, Miss Margaret Brawley, of Mooresville, which occurred in Greenville Friday afternoon. The details of the tragedy were not available, but it seems that Miss Brawley, who was on a visit to Miss Lucy Crisp, of Greenville, was swimming in the Tar River, when she was drowned.

Mr. and Mrs. Brawley left Saturday morning for Mooresville, where the funeral was held.

Miss Brawley was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Brawley, of Mooresville. She graduated from the North Carolina College for Women last commencement and was one of the most popular students at the institution. She was well known in Greensboro, having frequently visited her uncle, in addition to attending college here and was beloved by a wide circle of acquaintances.

GREENSBORO PRODUCE MARKET

(Corrected twice a week by W. T. Sockwell.)

Eggs	.....	.35
Chickens, young, per pound	.....	.25
Chickens, old, per pound	.....	.25
Butter	.....	.50
Turkeys, per pound	.....	.35
Irish potatoes, per bushel	.....	1.25
Sweet potatoes, per bushel	.....	1.50
Wheat, per bushel	.....	2.25
Corn, per bushel	.....	1.75
Onions, per bushel	.....	1.25
Pork	.....	.25
Beef	.....	.17
Meal, per bushel	.....	2.00
Peanuts, per bushel	.....	1.75

LAND SALE.

By virtue of order of re-sale made in the special proceeding pending in the Superior court of Guilford county, entitled Mrs. R. A. Gray, administratrix vs. William T. Elliott et al, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the court house door in Guilford county, N. C., for cash, at 12 o'clock M., on

Monday, September 8, 1919,

the following described real estate: Tract No. 1: In the city of Greensboro, Morehead township, adjoining the lands of Frazier et al, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the C. P. Frazier corner on the east side of Spring street, and running north with said street 55 feet; thence eastward 100 feet to the Greensboro Furniture Manufacturing Company's line; thence south with said company's line 55 feet to Frazier's line; thence with said Frazier's line to the beginning, and on which is situated a four room house. This is a re-sale ordered by the court by reason of an increase bid. Terms of sale cash. This August 23, 1919. MRS. R. A. GRAY, Commissioner.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator, with the will annexed, of James A. Kirkman, deceased, this is to notify all persons having claims against his estate to present them to me, duly certified, on or before the 21st day of August, 1920, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. This August 21, 1919. A. V. KIRKMAN, Adm'r. C. T. A. of James A. Kirkman, Dec'd. CHAS. A. HINES, Atty.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court. Martin Worth vs. Louise Worth.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county by the plaintiff Martin Worth to secure an absolute divorce; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county in Greensboro, N. C., on the 15th day of September, 1919, and answer or demur to the complaint, in said action, for the relief demanded in said complaint. This August 4, 1919. M. W. GANT, C. S. C.



AFTER INVENTORY SALE

AND

Odd Lots

All Small Lots, Broken Assortments, Short Lengths, found in taking inventory,

are on the

BARGAIN TABLES

For Quick Selling, saving a Fourth, Third and Half.

Watch the Bargain Tables This Week.

Meyer's
DEPARTMENT STORE GREENSBORO, N. C.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

THE ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF PASSENGER TRAINS AT GREENSBORO, N. C.

(The following schedule figures are published as information only, and are not guaranteed.)

Southern Railroad Lines.

Arrives From	Departs For
12:25 A. M.	New Orleans-Atlanta
1:00 A. M.	Washington
3:23 A. M.	Birmingham-Atlanta
4:10 A. M.	Washington
6:25 A. M.	Richmond
6:30 A. M.	Goldsboro-Raleigh
6:40 A. M.	Washington
7:00 A. M.	Winston-Salem
7:15 A. M.	Washington
7:30 A. M.	Sanford
7:40 A. M.	Charlotte
7:50 A. M.	Ramseur
8:10 A. M.	Madison
10:10 A. M.	Goldsboro-Raleigh
12:10 P. M.	Mt. Airy
12:20 P. M.	Wilkesboro-Winston-Salem
12:30 P. M.	Danville
12:40 P. M.	Ramseur
1:40 P. M.	Charlotte
2:10 P. M.	New Orleans-Birmingham
2:35 P. M.	Asheville-Winston
4:05 P. M.	Sanford-Wilmington
4:15 P. M.	New York-Washington
5:20 P. M.	Westminster-Charlotte
6:30 P. M.	North Wilkesboro-Winston-Salem
6:50 P. M.	Mt. Airy
7:00 P. M.	Washington
7:10 P. M.	Goldsboro-Raleigh
7:20 P. M.	Winston-Salem
7:50 P. M.	Charlotte-Atlanta
10:00 P. M.	Augusta-Columbia
10:21 P. M.	Atlanta-Charlotte
11:45 P. M.	

*Daily except Sunday.

†Daily to and from Winston-Salem; daily except Sunday to North Wilkesboro.

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION DEPOT TICKET OFFICE—TELEPHONE NO. 188.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

State of North Carolina, Guilford County, in the Superior Court. Paris A. Phillippe vs. Jennie Phillippe.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county, wherein the plaintiff is asking for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony

now existing between him and the defendant, on the ground of abandonment and adultery; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., at the court house in said county, on or before the 1st day of September, 1919, and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint. This August 2, 1919. W. S. S. M. W. GANT, C. S. C.

Would You Name A Friend as Trustee?

Often it is the desire to keep an estate under the supervision of a friend or member of the family, and yet not burden him with its management. If you appoint a friend or relative as co-executor and co-trustee with the Greensboro Loan and Trust Company, your estate will have the desired personal attention and will be relieved of most of the burden of work and responsibility.

Caring for estates and trusts is one of the primary objects of this Trust Company and it has every faculty for managing them safely and advantageously.

Greensboro Loan and Trust Co., Greensboro, North Carolina.

J. W. FRY, President,
J. S. COX, Vice-Prest,

W. E. ALLEN, Treasurer,
W. M. RIDENHOUR, Ass't Treas.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

GREENSBORO.

Isn't it funny, as a young lady would say, how one's mind cannot always be read correctly by another mind? For instance, when an editor changes another's words. In the last issue but one a statement ought to have been made like this:

"McKinley Sutton, two of M. L. Fogleman's children, and some others here have a peculiar throat affection, which is going the rounds." When the paper came out, the statement was this way: "McKinley and Sutton, two of M. L. Fogleman's children, and some others—" Now the truth is that M. L. Fogleman has no children named after McKinley. That would not agree with his politics. He has twin sons named "Woodrow Wilson" and "William Bryan." It makes a difference, you see?

Mrs. Hilary Shepherd died on the 18th inst. She had been ill about two weeks, but not strong for the last eight years. She was buried in the town cemetery on Monday following her death. Services were held in Sharon Lutheran church, of which organization she was a member. Her pastor, Rev. V. Von A. Riser, conducted the services. She was seventy years old, the mother of ten children. Her blind husband and four sons and four daughters survive her. The blindness of Mr. Shepherd is caused by cataract. The children and their addresses are as follows: A. A. C. C., Mrs. John U. Holt and Miss Sallie are of Gibsonville. J. N. and G. J. are in business in Greensboro. Mrs. R. W. Graeber is of Bishopville. S. C. Mrs. D. F. Rader lives at Asheboro. Floral offerings were of beautiful designs and abundant. The attendance of relatives and friends was large.

The City Varner, telegraph agent is a very fine fellow he is, and on a deserved vacation.

Beans are selling here at forty cents the peck. Irish potatoes are scarce and high. Watermelons—well, most folks just look at them and pass on. The finest the writer has seen and tasted this season was one Dr. W. T. Whitsett had bought up about Greensboro. The doctor said he had bought it from a man that had a reputation for raising fine melons, which melons usually sold away above the market price. Well, it was fine. It just could not be beat—but the next day, the doctor got another from the same fine melon raiser, perhaps, and, and it was not ripe! That is the way about the time when you buy melons.

A Gibsonville of enterprising nature, and one that believes in being a good neighbor, keeps a large come-along fly-trap on his back porch. He catches regularly every day from a pint to a quart of flies—his own and some from his neighbors. His chickens eat the flies, but he does not know if they do the chickens any good. It is strange how many different kinds of things he catches in that fly-trap. Mostly flies, of course, but other things that come along, such as bumble bees, yellow jackets, dirt-daubers, honey bees, candle-flies, blue-flies, thousand-legs. Everybody, in town and country, should have at least one big fly-trap on the back porch. It would help the world, and hurt the physicians, very much.

The last soldier-boy to return to Gibsonville from France is Ben Cagle, who was a cook-sergeant in Hospital No. 65. He is one of our best boys, and he spreads gladness and joy all around by his safe re-

turn. He lost thirty pounds avoirdupois since leaving Europe. The trip was hard on him, he says. His father and mother could not sleep the night he came, before he came; and the father got up from his bed and went down to the tobacco barn, to help the light there, went there first, and then on to the house. A smart little nephew did not know him, and would not have anything to do with him for a day or two; but, now, that little fellow is "crazy" about him, as formerly.

GREENSBORO, ROUTE 2

A large crowd attended the reunion at Mr. J. D. Whitt's. Misses Clara and Mary Levens spent last Friday evening at Mr. C. E. Reece's.

Miss Margaret Riggins spent a few days recently at J. D. Whitt's. People around here are getting along pretty well curing tobacco.

Miss Nancy Clark and brother, Charlie, spent Thursday evening with Miss Mary and Joshua Levens. We are glad to have the road workers coming back to our neighborhood.

Several from here attended services at Mount Pleasant and Alamanthe the third Sunday.

Mrs. Jennie Wyrick and sons, Calvin and Frank, spent a few days here with relatives.

PLAY AT PLEASANT UNION.

"Cranberry Corners" Will be Presented Friday, August 29.

CHARACTERS.

Tom Dexter, one of nature's noblemen—Grady Bowman.

Sidney Everett, of the world's worldly—Roscoe Causey.

Ben Latham, a wanderer—Cash Brothers.

Andrew Dexter, Tom's father—Harvey Smith.

Hezekiah Hopkins, fond of argument—Arthur Staley.

Nathan Speck, the hired man—Jim Bowman.

Carlotia Bannister, a child of fate—Bess Bowman.

Anastasia Bannister, her stylish aunt, from New York—Mrs. R. C. Causey.

Amelia Dexter, sister of Andrew—Willie Shaw.

Mrs. Muslin, something of a talker, "as you might say"—Lizzie Bowman.

Bella Ann, help at the farm—Thelma Shaw.

Florine, a maid—Villa Shaffner.

Time of playing, two hours and a quarter. Everybody invited to come.

COSTLY.

It will cost the government \$1,000,000 annually in the senate concurs in the house action taking the tax off ice cream and soda water. Uncle Sam finds it costly to get on a soft-drink basis.—New York World.

Moses doubtless had a hard time convincing the Israelites that the Ten Commandments would work.—Indianapolis Times.

We are pleased to enroll Mrs. O. S. Coble, Climax, R. No. 1, among our new readers.

Mrs. T. J. Robertson, editor of the Madison Messenger, was a welcome caller on Thursday.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S

WITH OUR BUSY ADVERTISERS

—See notice of resale by Mrs. R. A. Gray, as commissioner, in another column.

market will not open until the following day—Tuesday, September 2. Read his notice and govern yourself accordingly.

—President Dixon, of the Winston Tobacco Association, gives notice in another part of today's Patriot that on account of Monday, September 1, being a legal holiday, the Winston

—W. A. Fields has four fifty-acre farms for sale. If you are interested in buying a farm you should communicate with Mr. Fields at once. See his notice in the bargain column.

—When you light a "John T. Rees" cigar you have a cigar that is equal to the best, no matter where or by whom made. Mr. Rees is staking his reputation on this cigar, and he has been in the business long enough to know how to make a good smoke. See his adv. on the fourth page.

—An adjustable reflector and a reliable clock and speedometer are necessary adjuncts to a well equipped car. All these you can find at the McGlamery-Sutton Auto Company's accessory establishment on East Washington street. See President McGlamery's new adv. on the eighth page of today's Patriot.

—"The Old Reliable," the Greensboro National Bank, in its change of ad today says that if you have a savings account it will always keep you pleasantly reminded that your money is safe and ready for investment. What a pleasant feeling that would be for sure, and it is certainly worth striving for. This bank gives you the opportunity.

—The fall session of the Greensboro Commercial School will begin on Monday, September 8, and you can save just \$22.00 by purchasing your scholarship on or before that date. When you complete the courses of bookkeeping and shorthand here, you are then ready for a good position, which is easily secured. President McClung would be pleased to have you write for catalogue as soon as you read his announcement on the sixth page of the Patriot today.

HOW A "SUCKER" WAS SAVED BY AGRICULTURAL DEPT.

A city man got a very glowing circular from a Chicago "development company" offering him 10 acres of land in Florida for the surprisingly small sum of \$2,500—a "peanut unit" the circular called it. He could grow, the circular said, a thousand bushels of peanuts on his 10 acres and could sell the peanuts—allowing for low prices—at \$2 a bushel. The city man was impressed; but he sent the circular to the United States department of agriculture with a query as to whether or not the investment was a good one. Following are some sentences from the letter he got in reply: "The literature is of the kind designed to deceive city people in the North and West who do not know anything about farming." "The average return from 10 acres of peanuts would not exceed \$300 to \$500." "You could buy a 100-acre farm in almost any of the counties of western Florida, including the one mentioned in the circular, for the price these people ask for 10 acres." "The whole 'unit' system, whether it is pecans, peaches, figs, cane, peanuts, hogs, or what not, is simply a means of selling land at three to five times what it is worth to ignorant or unwary small investors." "To pay \$2,500 for this 10 acres of land would stamp you as a 'sucker' of the rankest class." "All this is without reflecting in any way on Florida, for it is a good state and lands are comparatively cheap there."

ABLE TO FOLLOW THERE.

Congressman Heflin may be right in saying that German money is back of the propaganda to defeat the league of nations. The gold in the Reichsbank has been depleted, and perhaps this is due to shipments of gold to this country to be used in creating opposition to the league. Yet we are skeptical, because we see little opposition to the league except in the senate, and of course no one there is susceptible to gold marks. But when Mr. Heflin says "munitions money and gun manufacturers' money is back of the propaganda to defeat the league of nations," we are quite able to follow him. The prevention of war would put an end to the munitions business, which will be a good industry to own stock in if the league can be defeated.—Philadelphia Record.

AUTOCRACY JUDICIAL AND OTHERWISE.

To the Editor:

Not only must we consider autocracy in the phase presented in the Memphis case. It seems to be the business of an ever increasing number of law-makers to make laws of such a nature that they must inevitably be broken, and consequently a fine imposed on the victim. This is a graft that has so many advantages over the ordinary methods of procedure, such as highway robbery, price raising and the throne usurpations of Latin-American countries, that it is a wonder the latter plans are not abandoned in favor of the former. It would be far better to place a definite tax on each individual according to his net profits, than to obtain revenue by imposing unjust fines.

Why is it that when some persons are taken into custody by the department of justice, that they are not given a public trial, and that the facts of the case are not made public? Are not some deported from the country and some sent to prison camps in obscure parts of the country and compelled to do hard labor? Under such a system is it not possible that innocent people who have not the means to defend themselves, are made slaves?

For many years the police powers of several states have made it a practice to apprehend the poor stranger within their gates, and place him in slavery on the technical charge of vagrancy. Said stranger, of course, on being released could not inform on his oppressors without injuring his reputation, so as fortune seldom came his way, the secret remains comparatively unknown.

In many trials of the police courts the amount involved is large enough, according to the constitution, to entitle the prisoner to right of trial by jury, but request for such a trial is often ignored.

The Bible says that "every one that doeth evil hateth the light, neither cometh to the light, lest his deeds should be reproved." The Memphis decision seems to have been made in order to avoid the searchlight of truth, and if it goes unchallenged, it will be but another step toward denying to men their constitutional right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

HENRY ELLSWORTH HAYES.

Helps Sick Women

Cardui, the woman's tonic, helped Mrs. William Eversole, of Hazel Patch, Ky. Read what she writes: "I had a general breaking-down of my health. I was in bed for weeks, unable to get up. I had such a weakness and dizziness, . . . and the pains were very severe. A friend told me I had tried everything else, why not Cardui? . . . I did, and soon saw it was helping me. . . . After 12 bottles, I am strong and well."

TAKE

CARDUI The Woman's Tonic

Do you feel weak, dizzy, worn-out? Is your lack of good health caused from any of the complaints so common to women? Then why not give Cardui a trial? It should surely do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women who suffered—it should help you back to health.

Ask some lady friend who has taken Cardui. She will tell you how it helped her. Try Cardui.

All Druggists



Does Your Engine Miss?

Does your car balk at a hill? Do the brakes slip? Do you use too much gas? Does your oil flow away? Is your steering gear too loose? If you are experiencing trouble bring your car to us. We'll repair it in a short time for a moderate price.

C. R. SUTTON AUTO CO.,

"The Home of Guaranteed Service and Satisfied Customers,"

211 Buchanan Street,

Greensboro, N. C.



WE HAVE IN STOCK

The Old Reliable

Chattanooga Cane Mills, 3 Rolls Horse Power, or larger for Engine Power.

We also have the Evaporators. Engines suitable to operate any size mill.

Call in and let us figure with you.

M. G. NEWELL COMPANY,

South Davie Street,

Greensboro, N. C.

HAVE YOU EVER USED

GAS TAR

FOR DIPPING

Shingles and Fence Posts?

You should try this as a WOOD PRESERVER. Buy a barrel so you will have it handy when you NEED IT.

N. C. Public Service Co.,

Phones 330 and 331.

North Carolina State College of Agriculture and Engineering WEST RALEIGH

A Land Grant College founded under an act of Congress by the State Legislature of North Carolina in March, 1887. Splendidly equipped for the education of the sons of the State in the technical and industrial arts.

Four year courses in Agriculture, in Agricultural Chemistry, and in Civil, Electrical, Mechanical, Chemical and Textile Engineering. New departments in Agricultural Engineering and Highway Engineering.

Numerous short courses.

Unit of Reserve Officers Training Corps. Seniors and Juniors receive pay amounting to \$118 annually. All students receive free uniforms amounting in four years to \$164.

Strong athletic teams.

\$40,000 Y. M. C. A. building. Regular paid secretary.

Two hundred and forty free scholarships.

Requirement for admission: eleven units—practically equivalent to the completion of tenth grade work.

Board \$16.00 per month. Tuition \$45.00 per year. Room rent, heat and light \$30.00 per year.

Enrollment last session 1,020, exclusive of all summer students.

Fall term begins September 3.

For catalogue, illustrated circular or entrance blanks, write

E. B. OWEN, Registrar

APPLICATION FOR PARDON.

Application will be made to the Governor of North Carolina for the pardon of George Cooke, who was convicted at the December term, 1918, of the Superior court of Guilford county, for the crime of larceny, and sentenced to a term of three years in the state penitentiary. All persons who oppose the granting of said pardon are invited to forward their protests to the Governor without delay. This August 15, 1919.

MRS. JAMES A. COOKE.
STERN & SWIFT, Attys.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

State of North Carolina.
Department of State.

To All to Whom These Presents May Come—Greeting:

Whereas, it appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof by the unanimous consent of all the stockholders, deposited in my office, that Miller, Robbins & Weill, Inc., a corporation of this state, whose principal office is situated at No. 108 N. Elm street, in the city of Greensboro, county of Guilford, state of North Carolina (M. Robbins being the agent therein and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served), has complied with the requirements of Chapter 21, Revision of 1905, entitled "Corporations," preliminary to the issuing of this certificate of dissolution:

I, J. Bryan Grimes, Secretary of State,

said corporation did, on the 7th day of August, 1919, file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all the stockholders thereof, which said consent and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

In testimony whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal at Raleigh, this 7th day of August, A. D. 1919.

J. BRYAN GRIMES,
Secretary of State.

NOTICE OF RE-SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

North Carolina, Guilford County. Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county, in the special proceeding entitled Thomas A. Sharpe by his legal guardian ex parte, known as No. — in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county for a full and complete description.

The above mentioned land is being re-sold by virtue of a public auction to the last and highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to-wit:

A certain lot lying and being in the city of Greensboro, Guilford county, N. C., and being a part of the subdivision of the Fisher lands, known and distinguished on the map of survey of said lands as lot No. 9, in block No. 18; reference being had to said map of survey of said lands now filed in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county for a full and complete description.

The above mentioned land is being re-sold by virtue of a public auction to the last and highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to-wit:

DAY and NIGHT SESSION

Fall Term day and night sessions of the GREENSBORO COMMERCIAL SCHOOL begins Sept. 8th. Arrange now to start at the beginning of the session. We offer our \$90 Combination Course for \$72, and our \$60 course in either Bookkeeping or Shorthand for \$48 to all those who purchase their Scholarships on or before date of commencement. In five or six months you can learn both our

BOOKKEEPING and SHORTHAND

Courses and be ready for a good position. Opportunities await young men and women who are trained commercially. Our graduates are holding good positions and there is hardly a day that passes but what we are called on for office help. Graduates of business schools outdistance those of greater general education. The work of the school is continued in the office and leads quickly to promotion. Call on us or write us for Catalogue.

GREENSBORO COMMERCIAL SCHOOL,

101 West Market Street.

Greensboro, N. C.

Phone 1086

BACK TO THE LAND TO REDUCE LIVING EXPENSES

HERE IS THE PLACE TO REDUCE
COST OF LIVING. READ
THIS LETTER

(Editorial Note—The following letter was written to the New York World from Connecticut, but it applies here as well.)

To the Editor:

I wonder how many editors in the country, or rather in the cities, have the will or the courage to print this letter; to print the truth or keep advice like these headlines, "Go on the Farms," printed in big capitals across their front pages.

To all the people who are shouting for "cheap food," let it be said: Buy a farm, large or small, costly or cheap, and raise your own food. Then you will get it exactly at cost—just what you are crying for. All over this land farmers are calling for more help. Hay worth \$30 to \$50 a ton is wasting on the ground. Millions of dollars in oats are going to waste. Millions of acres of fertile ground are lying idle. Thousands of farms in New England, New York and other states can be bought for less than the cost of the buildings and other improvements, leaving the land actually free to the buyer. The Henry George cult cannot say a thing. The land is free.

What is the reason that people flock to cities? It is because factories, offices, etc., offer pay and "easy hours" such as cannot be afforded on the farms. The itching craze for excitement and amusement, luxury that has become a vice, draw the crowds to the cities, and they stay largely because the theatre, the saloon, the other excitements, entertainments and vices—tell the truth!—are "so convenient."

The political economists agree that "all wealth comes from the land." Some kinds come from mines and the sea, but as an axiom all indispensable wealth comes from the land. Other forms of wealth are more or less fictitious. "Cities are vast conspiracies," wrote Ralph Waldo Emerson, one of our clearest thinkers. Just now a few classes in the cities—railroad men and others—are conspiring to damage everybody but themselves in order to benefit themselves. If they succeed, another class will try it. And every class of trade that jacks up its wages by force against the laws of nature, supply and demand, only jacks up the cost of houses, food and clothes for everybody, including, of course, themselves.

Twenty years ago I sent an article to the Outlook stating that a bushel of wheat or corn or rice or potatoes was a far better standard for a dollar than gold. Of course the editors criticised it, but they cannot disprove it today. Food is king and you are today really dictating the value of a dollar by what it will buy in wheat. The government does not really set the value of a bushel of wheat, but the value of a dollar—poor, inflated, no longer almighty dollar.

It is plain writing on the wall. People must forsake the "easy job," the vicious, unhealthy life, and go back in large numbers to the land—the same, healthful, independent life. The factory, the manufacturer—manufacturer largely of useless filigree and trinkets, fool fashions in clothes, shoes, hats, etc.—must give first place to the farm, the laboratory of life's simple, healthful necessities.

What is money? Can you eat it? You who are filled with envy for the

rich say, Does the rich man have any better air or food than is possible on a simple little farm? "New York-itis," a congestomania, super-gregariousness, the love of living (with the hope for living as a drone) in a hot, greasy, sweating, noisy hive, instead of gathering the honey of a quiet, sensible, simple life from life's blossoms on wide country fields as a worker, under the laws of nature—this strange mania of the mob—is the cause of all this problem of the high cost of living, strikes, class envy, and threatened revolutions.

Luxury and vice have killed many other civilizations. Revolution, class hatred, the mob rule of an ignorant minority, have written the lessons in large characters in Russia and elsewhere. What do the people want? "You pay your money and you take your choice." You pay in blood and misery and ruin because you choose luxuries, vicious, unhealthy fashions, supporting needless predatory manufacturers, and hold a simple life in contempt. You think you get "high wages," but it is sawdust. And the rich dollar-chaser is cheated most of all. For he loses the best of life and often his own soul.

CHARLES H. CRANDALL.
Springdale, Conn., Aug. 10.

NISSEN WAGON WORKS DAMAGED BY FIRE

Fire, Thursday morning, completely destroyed the main factory of the Nissen Wagon Works, at Winston-Salem, containing about 300 wagons in process of completion, a great deal of machinery and the original building of the company, which was established in 1834. The fire was discovered by the night watchman. The loss is estimated at about \$150,000.

The insurance carried on the part of the plant burned is believed to be small. No plans have been made yet for the reconstruction of the plant, but Mr. Nissen hopes to go over the situation soon and formulate plans for rebuilding it.

Luckily there was little wind, consequently the most important part of the plant, the dry stock and raw material, were not destroyed, as the out-houses, barns and lumber storage sheds were saved.

The Nissen Wagon Works is one of the oldest industries in the south. It was established by the late J. P. Nissen in 1834. Its capacity at the time it was burned was 50 wagons a day. About 200 workmen were employed there, many of them with their sons and grandsons working besides them. The cause of the fire is unknown.

DAMAGE SUIT BROUGHT AGAINST THE AMALGAMATED.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 22.—A suit asking \$900,000 damages was filed at 4 o'clock this afternoon by the receivers of the Pittsburgh Railway Company against the local division of the Amalgamated Association of the Street and Electric Railway employees, alleging breach of contract by 3,000 striking motormen and conductors who have tied up trolley transportation here since last Thursday midnight, when they rejected the national war labor board's award of a five cent an hour wage increase.

The men demanded a 12-cent raise and suspended their strike last May pending the board's decision, which they agreed to abide by. The suit is brought jointly against the union, its officers and members.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

UNCLE SAM NOT GOING TO GIVE UP BARGAINS.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Many North Carolinians have written to congressmen about reports that Uncle Sam was going to sell some cheap army trucks and automobiles. It was stated by some that new Dodge touring cars would be sold for \$5. That is a dream, Senator Simmons has been informed, and he so states for the Tar Heels, who would buy below the market price, that the war department now has no serviceable motor trucks or passenger cars for sale. In accordance with recent legislation, the entire declared surplus of serviceable motor vehicles in the United States has been assigned for transfer to other government departments. Because of their special design or condition, a very limited number of passenger cars and trucks included in the surplus stocks has already been found to be unserviceable for government use. These, and such others as may later be culled out for similar cause in the course of the inspection which will be made incident to the transfer to the other agencies, will be sold at public auction at the various camps and storage yards at which they have been collected, after the sales have been duly advertised through the press. No sales have as yet been scheduled.

Should serviceable motor equipment become available in the future for sale to the general public, through a further declaration of surplus, such equipment will be sold through the surplus property division of the office of the director of the purchase and storage department.

The department states further that no Dodge cars have been or will be offered to the public for sale. Such cars as this make as are now on hand are required for the use of the departments, and when the cars become unserviceable they will be dismantled and the serviceable parts used to replace worn out parts of other cars in use. Great number of North Carolinians wrote about the rumors of reduction sales.

Pershing Will Visit Old Home.

Paris, Aug. 22.—Before leaving for Italy last night, Gen. Pershing told correspondents that he expects to sail for American about September 1, and shortly after his arrival would visit his old home in Missouri and would also go to Cheyenne, Wyo. The general said he would recommend that a monument be placed at Romagne, where occurred the bitterest fighting encountered by the American armies in the Meuse-Argonne battle.

RE-SALE OF LAND BY COMMISSIONER.

By virtue of an order of the Superior court in the proceeding entitled Anna Boon et al vs. Lee Gerringer, the undersigned commissioner will offer for sale, at the last and highest bidder, upon the premises in the town of Gibsonville, N. C., on Saturday, September 6, 1919, at 2:00 P. M. (new standard time) the following described tract or parcel of land, being the property formerly owned by John P. Boon, to-wit: In the town of Gibsonville, adjoining D. M. Davidson, et al: Beginning at a stone on Joshua Boon's line, thence south 85 degrees east 5 chains and 50 links to a stake; thence south 22 1-2 degrees west 3 chains and 9 links to a hickory tree; thence north 89 degrees west 4 chains and 55 links to a stake; thence north 5 degrees east 2 chains and 84 links to the beginning, containing 14 acres more or less. The above has been sub-divided into three lots, and bidding will start at the following prices: First lot, \$275.00. Second, \$1,485.00. Third lot, \$66.00. This August 19, 1919. R. A. THOMAS, Commissioner. CHARLES A. HINES, Atty.

To All Tobacco Growers

On account of Monday, September 1st being a Legal Holiday, the Winston Market will have its opening sales on
Tuesday, Sept. 2nd.

WINSTON TOBACCO ASSOCIATION,
Winston-Salem, N. C., Aug. 21, '19.

By E. W. Dixon, President.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power contained in a certain mortgage deed made by James Snipes and his wife, Margaret Snipes, to Clara M. White, on the 15th day of November, 1917, and recorded in book 302, page 325, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county, and assigned by the said Clara M. White to Mrs. L. Herbin on the 8th day of August, 1919, default having been made in the payment thereof according to the terms of said mortgage, the undersigned will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash at the court house door in Guilford county, on

Monday, September 22, 1919,

at 12 o'clock, the following described same being in Mecklenburg township, Guilford county, adjoining the lands of Lou. Mebane and others, and bounded as follows: Beginning at Lou. Mebane's corner, thence east 60 feet to a stake; thence south 150 feet to a stake, now Jordan Hunter's line; thence west 60 feet to a stake, Lou. Mebane's corner; thence north 150 feet to the point of beginning, being the same property conveyed to grantor by Josephine Price. See book 279, page 567. This August 20, 1919. CLARA M. WHITE, Mortgagee. Mrs. L. HERBIN, Assignee.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

State of North Carolina, Department of State. To All to Whom These Presents May Come—Greeting: Whereas, it appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof by the unanimous consent of all the stockholders, deposited in my office, that the Ogburn Brothers Realty Company, a corporation of this state, whose principal office is situated at No. — street, in the town of Greensboro, county of Guilford, state of North Carolina (T. B. Ogburn being the agent therein and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served), has complied with the requirements of Chapter 21, Revisal of 1905, entitled "Corporations," preliminary to the issuing of this Certificate of Dissolution; Now, therefore, I, J. Bryan Grimes, secretary of state of the state of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the said corporation did, on the 29th day of July, 1919, file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all the stockholders thereof, which said consent and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law. In testimony whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal at Raleigh, this 29th day of July, A. D. 1919. J. BRYAN GRIMES, Secretary of State.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court. Anna Hill Cotton, Plaintiff, vs. Macon T. Cotton, Defendant. The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county to obtain absolute divorce by the plaintiff from the defendant, and the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county at Greensboro, N. C., at the court house on the 9th day of September, 1919, at the office of the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county at Greensboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint. This August 9, 1919. M. W. GANT, C. S. C.

THE Negro Agricultural and Technical College

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Negro Agricultural and Technical College offers to the Negro youth of the State opportunities that NONE CAN AFFORD TO NEGLECT.

1. The English Department offers practical courses in Literary Training.
2. Mechanical graduates and undergraduates take high rank in Mechanical pursuits such as Carpentry, Bricklaying, Plastering, Blacksmithing, Auto-Mechanics and Broom Making, etc.
3. The Agricultural Department gives students carefully arranged work both in theoretical and practical branches of agriculture, as Dairying, Greenhouse Work, Poultry, Bee Culture, Field Crops, etc.
4. The Teacher Training Department prepares young men to meet the demands for trained industrial teachers. Graduates will find a useful and remunerative field.
5. The Reserve Officers' Training Corps under direct supervision of U. S. Officers, gives physical and military training. Free uniforms in four (4) years worth about \$160.00, and those who successfully and satisfactorily complete the first two years' work cash fees allowed amounting to over \$100.00 annually. Graduates from this division will be eligible for a commission from the President of the United States for position as 2nd Lieutenants in the U. S. Army.
6. Night School for those who cannot attend Day Classes. Fall Term begins September 1, 1919. Lodging capacity limited to 150 students. Those preferring to room on campus should arrange Lodging Reservation at once.

For further information, address

J. B. DUDLEY, President.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

State of North Carolina, Guilford County, In the Superior Court. Ernest Caldwell, Plaintiff, vs. Mary Caldwell, Defendant. The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior court of Guilford county, wherein the plaintiff is asking for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony now existing between him and the defendant on the ground of abandonment and adultery; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear before the clerk of the Superior court of Guilford county, N. C., at the court house in said county, on or before the 25th day of August, 1919, and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint. This July 25, 1919. M. W. GANT, C. S. C.

SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.

By virtue of authority in the undersigned vested by an order of the Superior court of Guilford county in the special proceedings entitled Charles Kirkman et al vs. Ruth Taylor, the highest bidder for cash on Saturday, September 20, 1919, at 12 o'clock m. or as soon thereafter as may be convenient a tract or parcel of land in said county adjoining the lands of W. Charles Kirkman and others and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone on Taylor's line, thence south 16 2-4 degrees west 1 pole to a stone; thence south 57 1-2 degrees east 1 pole to a stone; thence north 16 1-4 degrees east 40 poles to the beginning, containing four acres, more or less. This is valuable land and located in a desirable community. This August 18, 1919. G. S. BRADSHAW, Commissioner.

UNCLE SAM BACK ON THE WARPATH



After finishing his job across the water Uncle Sam is now after the profiteers and others who are responsible for the high cost of living. His sword is keen and he is shielded with a strong device.

WORKING AND SAVING
WILL REDUCE PRICES

Governor of Federal Reserve Board
Tells How Living Expenses May Be
Cut Down.—Why Everything Went
Up.

What is the best way to reduce the high cost of living?

"Work and save" is the answer given by the Federal Reserve Board in a letter written by its governor, W. P. G. Harding, to the Banking Committee of the United States senate. The committee had under consideration the proposal to reduce the volume of money in circulation. Governor Harding opposes this plan, holding that it will not afford the relief expected.

"The Federal Reserve Board believes," says Governor Harding in his letter, "that any currency legislation at this time is unnecessary and undesirable, and would suggest that whether viewed from an economic or financial standpoint, the remedy for the present situation is the same, namely, to work and to save; to work regularly and efficiently in order to produce and distribute the largest possible volume of commodities, and to exercise reasonable economies in order that money, goods and services may be devoted primarily to the liquidation of debt and to the satisfaction to the demand for necessities, rather than to indulgence in extravagances or the gratification of the desire for luxuries."

During the last two years there has undoubtedly taken place a certain amount of credit expansion, Governor Harding shows, and this in the circumstances connected with the financing of the war was inevitable. But it will be corrected as the securities issued by the government for war purposes are gradually absorbed by investors. This expansion of credit is equal to the difference, Governor Harding says, between the total war expenditures of the government and the total amounts raised by the government through the medium of taxation and from the sale of its bonds and other obligations so far as they were paid for out of the savings of the people. He does not believe that any reliable estimate of this difference can be made, but he is positive that, whatever it is, it will be gradually absorbed through future savings for the reason that banks are lending and may always be expected to lend freely on the government bonds deposited as collateral.

The principal cause of price advances just before and during the period of the war was the need of the governments of the allied nations for all kinds of commodities and for immediate delivery in large volume, and the "competition of this buying by governments with purchases by private individuals who failed to contract their expenditures at a rate commensurate with the growing expenditures of these governments."

One of the features of the post-war period, through which the nation is now passing, and which has been hastened by rising prices, is the general relaxation of war-time practice of personal economy. This has resulted in an increased demand for food and clothing and other commodities by many persons who during the war practiced a more or less rigid economy in their personal purchases. Also, it must be borne in mind that they are not only buying at market prices but are buying in competition with the export demand. In addition, largely increased wages and incomes during the last five years have developed a demand for many commodities which are not of real necessity. This naturally has diverted labor and raw and manufactured materials from essential to non-essentials, contributing no small part to the trend of increasing prices.

TELLS HOW OTHER
PEOPLE GET AHEAD

Pamphlet issued by U. S. Treasury
Answers Question "How Can I
Save Money."

As an answer to the question, "How Can I Save Money?" the Savings Division of the Treasury Department has compiled an interesting and helpful pamphlet entitled "How Other People Get Ahead."

For individuals and families whose incomes are less than \$5,000 a year this pamphlet offers a number of enlightening suggestions as to the disbursement of incomes of various amounts from \$15 a week upward. Not only does the material furnish a ready answer to the problem of expenses, but it affords an authentic source of information as to living costs. The figures were compiled from records of official government investigations into the several subjects and may be regarded as up to date and accurate.

This material makes possible a new attack in the movement to make thrift a national characteristic and to foster the habit of "Save First—Spend Afterward." It will interest people in saving more money by showing them how much other people find it possible to save and also by showing them how they can cut down the cost of living comparing their costs with average costs at the same income.

The Savings Division suggests that an excellent way to drive home the truths of the budget system is to have the schedules discussed at school and taken home by the children for consideration by the families. Another method is to organize a house-to-house canvass through committees of women who will bring the budgets to the attention of families and secure their agreement to study their own situation.

Saving and spending budgets have been prepared to meet local conditions at a number of points, and much interest in the application of the budgets to the campaign is being manifested in sections of the country where the National Thrift Campaign is being carried out successfully.

LEPERS SET SPLENDID
EXAMPLE IN SAVINGS

Colony of Unfortunates in Faraway
Hawaii Buys War Savings Stamps
At \$62 Per Capita.

Recent reports from Honolulu contain an interesting and unusual lesson in thrift which may be considered a record for the states to attempt. Sales of War Savings and Thrift Stamps among the inmates of the Penitentiary Leper Colony during July amounted to \$62 per capita. Altogether 32 purchasers of these securities took a total of \$1,984 of stamps.

When it is considered that this amount is far more than the per capita quota for the United States it is apparent that the optimism of these lepers, despite their station in life, is little less than remarkable.

Up to date the total sales of War Savings and Thrift Stamps in Hawaii is more than \$200,000, or more than "\$20,000 in excess of its quota."

The faith that moves mountains is the faith that gets a steam shovel instead of an old hoe. Labor saving is what you want. It means money saving, too, for War Savings Stamps.

Spend a little less than you earn—it's a sure road to success. Put your savings in War Savings Stamps.

Thrift helped to win the war. It will enable us to enjoy the fruits of victory also.

WIPED FROM EARTH

Only Dust Remains of Proud
City of Babylon.

Belshazzar's Glorious Capital Now
Visited Only by the Archeologist
in Search of Mementoes of
a Long-Past Age.

The city of Babylon of today is represented by nothing more than mounds of debris, in which archeologists dig for burnt-clay books and other treasures. There is no stone whatever in that region, where the land is a mere alluvial deposit, and all the great structures of Babylon, erected by the labor of myriads of slaves taken in war, were of sun-dried brick faced with burned brick.

Babylon, a long time ago was captured by the army of Cyrus. The town was "wet" and the population used to stage some high old times. It was provisioned for 20 years, and was by far the most formidably fortified city of antiquity, being surrounded by a wall 55 miles long, 350 feet high and 87 feet thick. Half a dozen four-horse chariots could be driven abreast along the top of the wall for the entire circuit of the metropolis, whose inhabitants numbered 2,000,000.

On a certain memorable night the whole city went on a spree. The guards deserted their posts and in the great palace of King Belshazzar a drunken orgy reigned.

The banks of the Euphrates where it ran directly through the city were defended by walls corresponding in height and thickness to that which encircled Babylon. They were pierced at suitable intervals (where streets ran parallel across the town) for ferry gates, which were massive affairs of bronze. The river bottom, within the city limits, was paved with brick. For if desired, as had happened when huge quays were built, the Euphrates could be turned out of its course, its waters being diverted into an artificial reservoir 160 miles in circumference outside the walls. This engineering expedient, in fact, had made it practicable to pave the bottom.

On the night of the most famous jamboree in history, Cyrus, being helped by spies within the walls, turned the Euphrates out of its course and marched his army over the dry river bed into the city, entering through one or more river gates which had been left open. The royal palace, a vast structure on the west bank, was captured; Belshazzar, sword in hand, was slain, and the city belonged to Cyrus.

He did not destroy it, but, ceasing to be a center of dominion, it shrank. A large part of the population migrated, deserting Babylon, whose huge walls and gigantic buildings (including the tower of Babel and the famous hanging gardens, built by Nebuchadnezzar for the enjoyment of his wife Anytis) soon fell to pieces.

When at Work Keep Busy.
Sometimes an abundance of time spoils a man for the best work.

It has been noted that most men do their best under pressure. Too often men are spoiled by not being kept busy during office hours. It may be there are some who can stand to be busy by spurts. But the average man begins to loaf when occasion offers and can't "get the gait" when the rush comes. Besides, there is danger of developing habits of procrastination when the job is indifferent as to time. As a matter of fact most men allow a job to lie until they have just time enough to produce it any way. So the wise man will keep himself busy. He will see to it that he develops the habit of getting down to business as soon as he reaches his office. He can then afford to leave his business at the office where it belongs and enjoy himself at home and get ready for the next day.

The Lady of the Lamp.

The memory of Florence Nightingale, the world's first woman war nurse, is honored in the design of the insignia of the American Army Nurses' School, just established this year. Florence Nightingale, in the Crimean war, was known as "the Lady of the Lamp," and the new insignia has a lamp superimposed on the caduceus of the medical corps. This, the first military school for nurses ever established, has 1,000 students already accepted, and 5,000 others have been accepted for the three-year course. Each student will wear the uniform and insignia of the school.

What difference, if any, the signing of the armistice and the end of the war may have upon the hospital training plans has not been announced. It is supposed that the work will continue.

Not a Square Deal.
Jack—I've a bill for a frock that you bought some months ago. Which one was that?

Doris—That was the one I wore the night you proposed.

Jack—H'm! Pretty strong when a man has to pay for the bait and hook that helped to catch him—London Tit-Bits.

Their Limit.

Advance Agent (in Hickville)—Do you think the people of this burg would flock to a \$2 show?

Manager (of the Grand opy house)—They might if you make the price 50 cents for the best seats. Anything over that makes them merely straggle.

—Buffalo Express.

Under New Management

The Farmers' Warehouse

Will be Run and Managed the coming season by J. H. WHITT, who has had a number of years experience both running the Warehouse and as Buyer for the big tobacco companies, thus giving him the advantage of both buyer and seller, which means a good deal to the farmer when he is selling his tobacco. If experience counts for anything to the farmer in marketing his tobacco then he will have the advantage of this experience by selling his tobacco at the old Farmers' Warehouse, Greensboro. The proprietor will be glad to see all of his friends and many new customers at the Farmers' the coming season, and will assure them that they shall have the very best service that can be given at any warehouse.

Prices on all good tobacco will be good, and we look for spirited bidding on all desirable grades.

Hoping the Growers will favor us with a portion of their trade, we beg to remain,

Very Truly Yours,

J. H. WHITT,

Proprietor Farmers' Warehouse, Greensboro, N. C.

The Market Opens on Monday, Sept. 1st, 1919.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

State of North Carolina,
Department of State.

To All to Whom These Presents May Come—Greeting:

Whereas, it appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof deposited in my office, that the King-Cola Bottling Company, a corporation of this state, whose principal office is situated at No. 1 street, in the city of Greensboro, county of Guilford, state of North Carolina (R. N. Hadley being the agent therein and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served) has complied with the requirements of chapter 21 of the laws of 1905, entitled "Corporations," and the amendments thereto, preliminary to the issuing of this certificate that such consent has been filed:

Now, therefore, I, J. Bryan Grimes, secretary of state of the state of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the said corporation did, on the 2nd day of July, 1919, file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by more than two-thirds in interest of the stockholders thereof, which said certificate and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed by official seal at Raleigh, this 2nd day of July, A. D. 1919.

J. BRYAN GRIMES,
Secretary of State.
(State of North Carolina, Department of State, Esse Quam Videri.)

LAND SALE.

By virtue of a decree of sale made by the Superior court of Guilford county in the special proceeding there pending, entitled J. H. Boone and wife, et al. vs. Ella Rankin and husband, Turner Rankin, et al, the undersigned commissioner, heretofore appointed by said court to sell said lands pointed by said court to sell said lands will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the court house door in Greensboro, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., on

Saturday, August 30, 1919,

the following described real estate: Lying and being in the county of Guilford and state of North Carolina, adjoining the lands of C. W. Jennings in Morehead township, and beginning at the intersection of Greene and Spring streets, in the city of Greensboro; running thence south 4 degrees west along Spring street a distance of 59 feet to a stake; thence east 143 feet to a stake; Allen's line; thence north 4 degrees east 40 feet to Greene street; thence along Greene street northwardly to the beginning.

On said property is located a dwelling house.

Terms of sale, cash.

J. H. BOONE, Commissioner.

NOTICE.

State of North Carolina,
Guilford County.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Superior court of Guilford county, made in the special proceeding entitled Rhule Lindsay vs. Josephine Winston and others, upon the special proceeding docket of said court, the undersigned commissioners will on

Saturday, September 6, 1919, offer for sale, to the highest bidder for cash, certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in Gilmer township, and more particularly described as follows:

No. 7, block C, of the Cone lands as described in deed recorded in book 124, page 287, in the office of the register of deeds of Guilford county.

This August 3, 1919.

CLIFFORD FRAZIER,
R. W. HARRISON,
Commissioners.

FIVE PAPERS

Each Week 1 Year \$2.25

In order to straighten out our Mailing List and to increase our circulation, we will make the following Special Offer:

THE NEW YORK WORLD, BOTH FOR
Three Times a Week, and
THE PATRIOT, \$2.25
Twice a Week,

THE NEWS of the World in the New York paper, THE NEWS of the State and County in THE PATRIOT—Five Papers each week for one year for \$2.25.

This Special Offer will apply to present subscribers as well as to new ones.
PATRIOT PUBLISHING CO.,
Greensboro, N. C.

CUT THIS COUPON AND MAIL TO THE PATRIOT.

Enclosed find \$2.25, for which send The Patriot twice a week and The New York World three times a week one year to the address of

All Club Papers will be Ordered Every Saturday.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

State of North Carolina,
Department of State.

To All to Whom These Presents May Come—Greeting:

Whereas, it appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof by the unanimous consent of all the stockholders, filed in my office, that A. Y. Bond, Inc., a corporation of this state, in the city of Greensboro, county of Guilford, state of North Carolina (A. Y. Bond, being the agent therein and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served) has complied with the requirements of Chapter 21, Revisal of 1905, entitled "Corporations," preliminary to the issuing of this certificate of dissolution.

Now, therefore, I, J. Bryan Grimes, secretary of state of the state of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the said corporation did, on the 2nd day of June, 1919, file in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all the stockholders thereof, which said consent and the

record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office as provided by law.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at Raleigh, this 2nd day of June, 1919.

J. BRYAN GRIMES,
Secretary of State.
Clerk Superior court, Guilford county, Book E, Page 249. M. W. Gant, C. S. C. 64-70.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Isabelle Black, deceased, late of Guilford county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned on or before the 28th day of July, 1920, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons owing said estate will please make immediate payment.

This July 25, 1919.

I. E. MINOR, Admr.
Isabelle Black, Deceased.

OPPORTUNITY

"Opportunity Knocks Frequently, but she Sometimes Wears MITTENS."—Shields.

You do not need to hear the knock of opportunity if you intrust us with your financial affairs, for a Savings Account will always keep you pleasantly reminded that your MONEY IS SAFE and ready for investment

THE "OLD RELIABLE"

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E. P. Wharton, Pres. Neil Ellington, Vice-Pres. A. H. Alderman, Cashier
Waldo Porter, Asst. Cashier.
Member Federal Reserve Bank, Fifth District
Corner South Elm and East Washington Streets.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE READERS OF THE PATRIOT FAR AND NEAR.

Some Tobacco.

Mr. T. S. Groome has on exhibition at the Chamber of Commerce a stalk of tobacco which measures 7½ feet high and has 25 leaves.

Jailer Caffey Better.

His many friends will be glad to learn that the condition of Mike D. Caffey is somewhat improved. Mr. Caffey, who has been in a local hospital, was able to be removed home yesterday.

Opens Today Week.

The Greensboro tobacco market will be opened for the season next Monday, September 1. Tobacco farmers will bear this in mind and those who are ready to market their weed should bring it to Greensboro on the opening day.

Greensboro Men Purchase Hotel.

J. P. Sanders and W. E. Hockett have purchased the Huffrey hotel, at Hickory, the price paid being approximately \$70,000. The new owners announce their intention of converting it into one of the best hotels in the state.

Riot Guns Here.

Ten new riot guns were received at police headquarters Friday, making 30 riot weapons now on hand for any emergency which may arise. The new guns are Winchester, 12 gauge, with an 18-inch barrel, and of the pump action type. The other guns are automatics.

Ten Suits Stolen.

Thieves forced the rear door of the Liberty Tailoring Company's building, located on South Elm, some time Friday morning, and made away with 10 suits of clothes, according to the report of the tailoring company to police headquarters.

Civil Service Examination.

Examination under civil service for clerk-carrier at the Greensboro postoffice September 6 at 9 o'clock. This is an opportunity to start in with the government where promotion comes to those who make good. It is anticipated that a number of young men will stand this examination.

Wedding Invitations.

Invitations reading as follows were received here Thursday:
Mr. and Mrs. J. Clifton Morris request the pleasure of your presence at the marriage of their daughter, Leita Knight, to Corrie Vernon Holt, on Tuesday, September 2, 1919, at 12 o'clock, noon, Grace Methodist Protestant church, Greensboro.
At home, after September 15, Burlington.

Beautification of Battle Ground.

Commissioner Paul W. Schenck, of the Guilford Battle Ground park, is getting ready to make considerable improvements at the Battle Ground. R. G. Lassiter having the contract to do considerable road grading and building over and around the historic spots. The work was to have been commenced early in the summer, but the veto of the agricultural appropriations bill, which contained an appropriation for this work, delayed the starting of operations. The fund is now available, and Commissioner Schenck hopes to make considerable headway during the fine weather of the next few months.

Funeral of Mrs. Ingold.

Funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at 3.30 for Mrs. W. A. Ingold, whose death occurred at her home on the Battle Ground road, just outside the city, Saturday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. H. M. Blair and Rev. J. E. Woosley at Bethel church,

near the home of the deceased, burial following in Greene Hill cemetery. The pall-bearers were J. C. Anderson, A. C. Melvin, J. W. Smith, J. D. Campbell, Albert Ford and C. D. Archer, while the flower-bearers were Misses Mary Hardin, Kate Hardin, Myrtle Phillips, Nellie McClintock, Ollie Boggs and Lucile Spencer.

One Negro Shoots Another.

Noble Milton, a negro, was shot by Lacy McLean, another negro, late last night, according to reports received by local officers. The shooting occurred, a suburb inhabited by negroes and which is just east of the White Oak village. Milton was hurried to St. Leo's hospital, where an operation is planned in an effort to remove the bullet, which penetrated the intestines. Whether the negro will survive is problematical. At an early hour this morning Sheriff Stafford and his deputies were searching for McLean, who was said to be driving around in an automobile. The cause of the shooting has not been learned. A revolver was used.

Death of Mrs. Hendricks.

Mrs. G. C. Hendricks, a well known Greensboro lady, died at her home, 811 Walker avenue, yesterday morning at 10.30 o'clock. Mrs. Hendricks is survived by her husband and nine children, E. R. Hendricks, of Bridgewater; Mrs. D. M. Sharpe, of Liberty; Fred B. Hendricks, of Charlotte; Mrs. R. L. Elkins, of Liberty; Lieut. George G. Hendricks, who is in France; Misses Edith, Lura and Lillian Hendricks and Joe H. Hendricks, of Greensboro. Born in Randolph county of an old and prominent family, Mrs. Hendricks was well known in the Piedmont section of North Carolina. Before her marriage she was Priscilla Spoon. She was born December 23, 1853, and was, therefore, in her 66th year.

Marriage of Greensboro People.

Miss Mabel Nelson and John Ruffin Holden, both of Greensboro, were married Thursday night at the home of the bride's parents, 1105 Spring Garden street, Rev. R. A. Hunter, pastor of the Spring Garden Street Methodist Protestant church, performed the ceremony.

The room was prettily decorated in a color scheme of green and pink, and an improvised altar was placed just before the entrance. The bride, attired in a becoming coat suit of brown and carrying a bouquet of pink Killarney roses, entered with the groom, while Miss Lucile Hall, of Yadkinville, played Lohengrin's wedding march.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Nelson, while the bridegroom is a son of Mrs. H. C. Holden, of Pomona. They left immediately after the ceremony on train No. 32 for an extended tour in the north, after which they will be at home at No. 1105 Spring Garden street.

Corner Stone New Church Laid.

The corner stone of the new Spring Garden Street Methodist church building was laid Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. This church is just 20 years old and is building its third house of worship.

In addition to special music, the order of services was as follows:
"Dr. Crawford and the Founding of the Church," W. A. Watson, Jr.
"Then and Now," Prof. Walter Thompson.
"Spring Garden's Ideals," Rev. C. S. Kirkpatrick.

"Value of a Church to a Community," Rev. J. H. Barnhardt.
Professor Thompson was a member of the church in 1901, when there were but 68 members, six men and 60 women and children. The present membership is 550.

In the corner stone were deposited a Bible, hymn book, copy of quarterly report, names of stewards, trustees of church property, copies of Greensboro and Nashville Advocates.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON GREENSBORO-HIGH POINT ROAD.

Mrs. Mamie C. Loyal, aged 44, and Mrs. Dave Shelley, aged 70, are dead. Shube Anthony, an elderly farmer, is a prisoner in the county jail, charged with murder and with driving an automobile while intoxicated, while Mrs. Loyal's husband, Jesse A. Loyal, and Anthony's 13 year old son are painfully injured as a result of an automobile accident which occurred on the Greensboro-High Point boulevard yesterday afternoon at 4.15.

The Ford car which Shube Anthony was driving turned over, spilling all of the occupants and causing the instant death of Mrs. Loyal, who, together with the other members of the party except her husband and young Anthony, was "killed underneath the machine." The accident occurred at a point five miles from Greensboro and about 50 yards from the home of W. L. Golden. All of the occupants of the ill-fated auto were residents of Sumner township.

A few minutes before the fatal accident Constable Sam Patterson noted the number of the Anthony car, intending to prefer charges against Shube Anthony for speeding. Proceeding in the direction of High Point, Anthony attempted to pass another automobile, which was traveling in the same direction. He lost control of the machine which catapulted with great force, according to available information, hurling the occupants unceremoniously to the ground.

Persons living in the vicinity heard the screams of members of the automobile party and hastened to their assistance. The car was quickly lifted and the former occupants extricated. Mrs. Loyal had been killed instantly, it was discovered, her face being terribly disfigured, while she was found lying in a pool of blood. One of her shoulders were broken and her head was badly lacerated.

Mrs. Loyal was removed to a local undertaking establishment, while an ambulance was dispatched to the aid of the other members of the party, who were hurried to St. Leo's hospital. Mrs. Shelley, it was found, had suffered several severe scalp wounds, a broken arm, her face was badly bruised and other injuries sustained. She was taken to St. Leo's hospital, where she died about midnight.

Jesse Loyal sustained painful bruises, but his injuries, like those of the Anthony boy, were of a minor nature. At first it was thought that the elder Anthony was seriously injured, but he remained at the hospital but a short while, it being discovered that he was not seriously hurt, after all.

Shube Anthony was arrested near the hospital late yesterday afternoon by Deputy Sheriffs Phipps, Clark and Hobbs. At first he seemed unable to comprehend the seriousness of the charges against him, a fact which the officers attributed to his evident intoxication. Subsequently, however, when the seriousness of the tragedy began to make itself felt, the farmer broke down under the stress of great emotion, officers reported. He is held without bond and will be given a hearing before Squire D. H. Collins within the next few days.

Just before the Anthony car turned over it is said the Anthony boy attempted to shut off the gas, but the attempt was unsuccessful. The automobile was only slightly damaged, it appeared.

The members of the automobile party were going to High Point to visit relatives when the car came to grief.

Funeral services will be held this afternoon for Mrs. Loyal, the exact hour not having been determined last night. The services are to be conducted at Rehobeth church, near the home of the deceased, and interment will be in the church cemetery.

Besides her husband, who is a farmer, Mrs. Loyal is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Mary Fogleman, of Greensboro, and Mrs. Hugh Yarborough, of High Point. A brother, Charles E. Fulp, lives in this city, while James L. Fulp, another brother, resides in Sumner township.

Mrs. Shelley was an aunt of Shube Anthony. The latter has a wife and several children.
Arrangements for the Shelley funeral have not been made.

JUST LIKE 'EM.

Bernhardt, the advocate of brute force, is as dead set against the league of nations as if he were an anti-Wilson member of the United States senate.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Postmaster A. Wayland Cooke attended the annual meeting of the postmasters at Wrightsville.

New Young Guilford Lawyers.

The State Supreme Court has announced the names of 59 applicants for law licenses who were successful in the examinations Monday. Seventy-one undertook the examinations. Of these, three licenses are for women. The lone negro, who applied, failed to measure up to the minimum percentage that would entitle him to be licensed. Those passing from Guilford county were Bryant Smith, Norman A. Boren and Hugh O. Hanner.

We are glad to have Mr. W. A. Fields in our family or new readers.

PEOPLE'S BARGAIN COLUMN

Advertisements inserted under this heading at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Persons and firms who do not have advertising contracts with the paper will be required to pay cash in advance.

FOR SALE.—FOUR FIFTY-ACRE farms. See W. A. Fields, 437 Arlington street. 4t

WHY NOT BUY THE BEST DRILL? It costs no more than the inferior ones and lasts longer. Townsend Buggy Company. 67-78.

FOR RENT.—A FINE TOBACCO farm, located on road leading from Greensboro to Raleigh, nine miles out. Good residence. Apply to Frank A. Brooks, Greensboro, N. C. 67-4t.

FOR SALE.—70 ACRE FARM. 8-room dwelling and other buildings, on macadamized road, mile from depot, quarter mile from stores, postoffice, and high school. Write Box 55, Summerfield, N. C.

OURS IS A DISC AND SHOE DRILL combined. You have to see it to appreciate its merits. Townsend Buggy Company. 67-78.

FOR PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT and increased yield, top dress your land with tobacco stems. A cheap and lasting fertilizer. 20 tons for sale at \$20 per ton. El-Rees-So Cigar Company, 339 South Elm street. 66-1f

FOR SALE.—20 TONS TOBACCO stems, \$20 per ton at factory, put up in bales of 100 pounds each, easy to handle, convenient to store. El-Rees-So Cigar Company, 339 South Elm street. 66-1f

LOST.—YELLOW DOG, WITH white feet, with some white about neck. Noticeable feature is tail and way it curls over to one side, curls like a watch spring. Head looks little like bull dog. Finder will please notify T. C. Bray and receive reward. Phone 1641. 330 South Elm street or police headquarters. 66-3t

SEE OUR PEORIA UNION DRILLS. They do it different. Townsend Buggy Company. 67-78.

FORDSON TRACTORS \$783 DE- livered at your farm. McGlamery-Sutton Auto Company.

WE HAVE A FULL LINE

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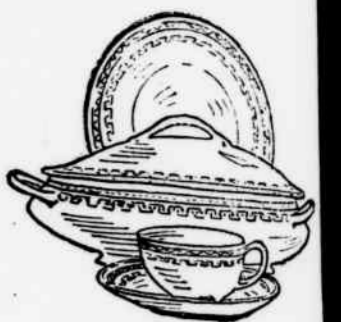
In Sets and Open Stock, High Grade English, Japanese and American Goods of Superior Quality.

Also, have GLASS JARS in pints, quarts and half gallons.

JARS and CROCKS

From one gallon up to thirty gallons, 20c per gallon.

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